











2707

A GENERAL  
PRONOUNCING  
DICTIONARY;

Shewing at one View the  
ORTHOGRAPHY, ACCENTUATION, EXPLANATION  
AND  
**Pronunciation**  
OF ALL  
THE PUREST AND MOST APPROVED TERMS  
In the  
**ENGLISH LANGUAGE,**

According to the present Practice of  
THE MOST EMINENT LEXICOGRAPHERS AND PHILOLOGISTS.

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BY WILLIAM ENFIELD, M. A.

AUTHOR OF THE ELEMENTS OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, &c. &c.

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FIFTH EDITION

*Carefully revised, augmented, and improved.*

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# PREFACE.

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——Sermonum stet honos et gratia vivax

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*Hor. Art. Poet.*

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THE faculty of speech, or the power of expressing thoughts by sounds, and of notifying the conceptions of the mind, by the combinations of appropriate tones addressed to the ear, is at once the ornament and exclusive prerogative of Man: it is a distinction which, originating out of the privilege of reason, raises him much above the brute creation, generates the bonds of society, and produces all those amiable charities of human life, which constitute its principal delight and interest. Therefore, in proportion as man cultivates this high and extensive power, his intercourse with others becomes more dignified, and his means of attaining knowledge for himself, much more extended.

Impressed with a conviction of this truth, men have at all times paid attention to this pre-eminent gift of our species, and have cultivated the Art of Speaking not only as an ornamental, but an useful accomplishment. Grammarians existed coeval with the best writers, and Philology has been the object of the study of the cleverest men in all ages. The Athenians, for instance, were so strenuously bent upon the improvement of the pronunciation of their vernacular tongue, that at the least expression dropped from the lips of any Greek, who was not an Athenian, they would discover him; and the very flower-girls and market-women, of the city of Minerva, smiled at the improper dialect of any man, who did not address them in the purest style of Attic nicety. The Romans paid the same respect to their tongue. and a *Varo*, a *Cicero*, a *Quintillian*, and

several others, whose genius could soar far above the mere calculations of letters, and the irksome comparison of sounds, did not disdain to bestow a great deal of their time and knowledge upon this branch of orthology. In our own country, in particular, so many eminent philologists have gone before us in this path, that little remains for the Editor of a Pronouncing Dictionary of the English Language, but to familiarize the mind with a knowledge already extant, with principles thoroughly established, and to endeavour, by a more lucid arrangement of materials, to smooth the road to the attainable perfection of the science.

Although, at first sight, such a task might be supposed humble, trite, and easy, yet the Editor, by the constant pains he has taken to bring the work to perfection, and the almost interminable difficulties which he met in his way, is well aware that such a performance requires the strictest attention, and the most indefatigable care; and nothing but the success, which his exertions ensured to him, could repay him for the trouble he has taken. As he cannot here boast of originality in his conceptions, he must build his fame upon strictness and exactitude, and sit down content with the conscience of having facilitated the acquisition of a branch of knowledge, worthy of the attention of all classes of society.

The first impression of this work consisted of seven thousand in number—it was sold off in a few months. A second edition was soon prepared, to the number of ten thousand, and has experienced as rapid a sale as the former; and this new one, we feel no hesitation to say, will have the same success: such is the unbounded approbation which the public has given to this useful publication. Besides, the very flattering testimonies, hereunto annexed, of some of our best Critics, have stimulated our exertions to render this new edition still more worthy of public patronage. The singular nature of the accents,

directing to the best approved pronunciation, requiring the most minute attention in every department, has been scrupulously attended to, and its progress through the press has been proportionably regarded.

Every sheet has been critically examined before it was committed to the press, and minutely corrected before its completion. From local circumstances we have been peculiarly enabled to distinguish with precision the southern from the northern expression of the vowels; and the whole has been modelled to the best standard of our language. In this edition we have introduced the apostrophe, where two syllables at the end of words are usually contracted in pronunciation into one, and the pronouncing characters have been equally attended to; but in all those contracted syllables where the common accent, which has been strictly regarded, coincides with the apostrophe, the latter is omitted. Several pages of additional words are introduced in their proper places, precisely defined and marked; a very few anomalous cases excepted, which bid defiance to all general rules, where the nearest approved sounds are specified. With these advantages, we feel confident that our labours will be properly appreciated.

To this edition are annexed some thoughts on the British empire and constitution, with a list of cities, boroughs, and market towns, and their distances from the respective extremities of London, and some other useful matters; and to the whole are prefixed a concise table of words of similar sound, and of the usual abbreviations occurring in printed books of this nature.



## TESTIMONIES

*Of Periodical and Critical Publications.*

" The obscure sound of the five vowels we consider as a very striking improvement. Of this he gives specimens in all the vowels, though it is nearly alike in them all; and it may be understood to constitute a new classification of a general principle, hitherto but little adverted to by writers on the elements of our vernacular tongue. The mode of stating the two sounds of *th* also, though of Saxon origin, is both ingenious and useful. On the whole, this Dictionary may be justly recommended to all persons desirous of acquiring a knowledge of the principles necessary to form a correct and approved pronunciation."

*Gent. Mag, July, 1807.*

" In a very modest preface, Mr. Enfield observes, ' that the editor of such a work as this has little to do, but to familiarize the mind to knowledge already extant, and to endeavour, by a lucid arrangement of the materials of his predecessors, to smooth the path of science.' Humble as such pretensions are, the task is one which requires the exercise both of considerable judgment and of great industry; and it is but common justice to say, that Mr. Enfield has displayed both in the compilation and arrangement of the useful little volume before us."

*Anti-Jacobin Review, Aug. 1807*

" To express by letters the nice distinction between sounds is no easy task; but in the work before us, the author has taken no small pains in compilation. His scheme of the vowels makes them comprehend twenty-two sounds, and that of the consonants represents their powers to be numerous. We were for the most part pleased with his mode of pronunciation."

*Monthly Rev Feb. 1808.*



## RECOMMENDATIONS.

THIS little Dictionary, which is unequalled for its neatness and utility, has been already adopted by the following respectable Masters of Seminaries for the Instruction of Youth: and it is with pleasure we add, that its acknowledged merits have introduced it into various Schools of established reputation throughout the United Kingdoms. We shall just add the Names of some of the many Gentlemen, who, apprised of its real value, will, by this Recommendation, feel happy in promoting its utility amongst the rising generation

The Reverend WILLIAM BURNEY, LD  
Cold Harbour, Gosport.

The Reverend JOHN EVANS, A. M.  
Pullin's Row, Islington

The Reverend Mr. CUMYNS, Gosport.

Mr. T. ESPIN, Louth Lincolnshire.

Mr. LEVETT, Colchester, Essex.

Mr. OVERETT, Romford, Essex.

Mr. STORR, Grantham, Lincolnshire.

# PROSODIAL RULES AND INSTITUTES.



**P**ROSODY consists of two parts: the one teaches the true pronunciation of words, and the other the laws of versification.

## PRONUNCIATION

is just when every letter has its proper sound, and when every syllable has its proper accent.

The principles of pronunciation are letters; and the elements or letters into which the words of any language may be analysed, form the necessary alphabet of that language

In the English alphabet are twenty-six letters.

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z.

Of these letters there are six vowels, which, by themselves, each make, by simply opening the mouth, a perfect sound. The remaining twenty are called consonants, which cannot be sounded without a vowel, and whose pronunciation depends on the particular application and use of every part of the mouth, as the teeth, the lips, the palate, &c.

The several sounds of the English vowels are exhibited in the following scheme:

### SCHEME OF THE VOWELS.

A		
Marked.	Nature of Sound.	Examples.
ă . . . . .	short and acute . . . . .	ăt, hăt
ā . . . . .	long . . . . .	āle, hāte
â . . . . .	broad . . . . .	âil, hâll
á . . . . .	short and obscure . . . . .	liár, sluggárd
E		
ě . . . . .	short and acute . . . . .	mět, bět
ē . . . . .	less acute and short . . . . .	děvout, dēsist
ê . . . . .	longer than ē . . . . .	scêne, mê
é . . . . .	short and obscure . . . . .	hér, glimmér
I		
ý . . . . .	short and acute . . . . .	chýn, gýve
î . . . . .	long . . . . .	chîne, wîne
î . . . . .	slender, equal to ê . . . . .	fîeld, fîef
í . . . . .	short and obscure . . . . .	fîrst, shîrt
O		
ŏ . . . . .	short and acute . . . . .	shŏt, hŏt
ō . . . . .	grave and long . . . . .	vŏte, nŏte
ô . . . . .	equal to ū protracted . . . . .	lŏse, prŏve
ó . . . . .	short and obscure . . . . .	actŏr, majŏr
U		
û . . . . .	short and acute . . . . .	hŭt, bŭt
ū . . . . .	long . . . . .	pŭsh, bŭll
ù . . . . .	equal to yŭ . . . . .	mŭte, cŭbe
ú . . . . .	short and obscure . . . . .	fŭr, pŭrl
Y		
y . . . . .	short . . . . .	trulý, trustý
ÿ . . . . .	long . . . . .	trÿ, rÿe

OI or OY		W	
Marked	Examples.	Marked	Examples
øY . . . . .	bøil, pøint	w . . . . .	wê, wû
øy . . . . .	bøÿ, jøÿ		
OU or OW		WH	
øû . . . . .	øûit, pøûch	hw . . . . .	whârf, whig
øw . . . . .	øwl, bøwl	h . . . . .	whô, whôle

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*Observations on the foregoing Scheme.*

THE reader will notice that the *α* marked short, thus *æ*, has its utterance lengthened by having the accent placed immediately after it—as in *shæ'rp*, *bæ'th*, *æ'ss*, &c. the *æ* is sensibly longer than in *æsh'*, *hæ't*, *glæ'd*, &c. where the accent follows the consonant. The same holds with respect to short *ø*. This distinction should be particularly noted by the consultor of this work.

In sounding *i* open your mouth as wide as if you were going to pronounce the broad, obscure, and guttural *â'*, and meant to sound that vowel; but on the first effort of the voice for that purpose, check its progress by a sudden motion of the under jaw towards the upper, stopping it in that situation in which the slender sound *î* is formed, and then instantly cutting off all sound. Thus as the sound of *â'* is not completed, nor the sound of *î* continued, there results from the union of the two a third sound or diphthong which has no resemblance to either, and yet is a compound of both. *Sheridan*.

To form the diphthong *ø'* or *øÿ'*, it is necessary to pronounce the full sound of *â'*, dwelling some time on that vowel before the sound is intercepted by the motion of the under jaw to the position of forming the slender sound *î*, and then the voice is instantly to cease.—This diphthong *ø'* or *øÿ'*, differs from that of *î* only in this, that the first vowel *â'* is distinctly heard before it unites with the latter vowel *î*. *Sheridan*.

To produce the diphthong *øû'* or *øw'*, it is necessary that there should be the greatest aperture of the mouth, as if it were about to form the sound *â'*; but before that sound is completed, the organs are to change to the position of pronouncing *ô* (or *û*), by a rapid motion of the under jaw towards the upper, and protruding the lips in the form of sounding *ô* (or *û*), at the same time stopping the voice short; and thus, as in the diphthong *øÿ*, by having neither the sound of the former or latter letter completed, there arises, from the coalescence of the two, a third sound different from both, which is the diphthong *ou'* or *ow'*. *Sheridan*. Here again the absence of the accent shortens the sound a little.

*Wh* sounds *hø* or *hû* before *a*, *e*, *i*, *u*, *y*.

*Wh* sounds only like aspirated *h* before *o* and *oo*.

When a letter is to be silent, the same is left out in the representation of the sounds to be given to each syllable; the silent *e* only is often characterised by being an Italic *e* at the end of a syllable, instead of being a Roman *e*. Iest, where that silent *e* serves to prolong the syllable, the absence of this final *e* should deceive the eye.

Oftentimes *y* without any mark over it, because its sound gently slides into that of the next vowel, will be found in this dictionary, as in *Sheridan's quarto*. From this it will be inferred, that this *y* does not form of itself a syllable: for instance in *grammarian*, marked *grām-mā'ryān*, one is given to understand that the sound of the word consists only of three syllables from the *i* being changed into a coalescing *y*.—There are, however, many words in which the *i* actually forms a syllable of its own before another vowel, though that syllable be a very short one; and it will generally form such a syllable when the *i* is preceded by *bl*, *cl*, *dl*, &c. or by *br*, *cr*, *dr*, &c.

In order to render this dictionary more useful to those, who only make occasional reference to works of this nature, as well as to assist the student, the preceding scheme is exhibited at the top of each page, which will save the reader the trouble and inconvenience of turning to this part of the book, and forms a key which may be consulted with facility.

SCHEME OF THE CONSONANTS.

|          | Marked.                     | Examples.         |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| B . . .  | b . . . . .                 | bēt', stāb'       |
| C . . .  | . . . . . k . . . . .       | cā're, cō'rd      |
|          | . . . . . s . . . . .       | cīv'yl            |
|          | . . . . . sh . . . . .      | grā'cious         |
| Ch . .   | . . . . . tsh . . . . .     | chāt', chēss      |
|          | . . . . . sh . . . . .      | chā grī'n         |
|          | . . . . . k . . . . .       | chō'rd            |
| D . . .  | d . . . . .                 | dīd'              |
| F . . .  | . . . . . f . . . . .       | fāt'              |
|          | . . . . . v . . . . .       | ōf'*              |
| G . . .  | . . . . . g . . . . .       | gā'rb, gēt'       |
|          | . . . . . dzh . . . . .     | gēn'tle, gēs-tāre |
| Gh . .   | . . . . . f . . . . .       | lā'ught           |
|          | . . . . . g hard . . . . .  | ghō'st            |
| H . . .  | . . . . . h (an aspiration) | hāt', hēm         |
| J . . .  | . . . . . dzh . . . . .     | jēt', jō'ke       |
| K . . .  | . . . . . k . . . . .       | kīng'             |
| L . . .  | . . . . . l . . . . .       | lēt', fēlt'       |
| M . . .  | . . . . . m . . . . .       | mŷ'               |
| N . . .  | . . . . . n . . . . .       | nōt'              |
| P . . .  | . . . . . p . . . . .       | pāp', pāpā'       |
| Ph . .   | . . . . . f . . . . .       | phīlō'sōphy       |
| Q . . .  | . . . . . k . . . . .       | quār'rēl          |
| R . . .  | . . . . . r . . . . .       | rāt', ōr          |
| S . . .  | . . . . . s . . . . .       | sō', hŷ'          |
|          | . . . . . z . . . . .       | rō'se, ā'thēism   |
|          | . . . . . sh . . . . .      | sū're             |
| Sc . . . | . . . . . zh . . . . .      | fū'sion           |
|          | before e & i, s . . . . .   | scē'ne, scī'ence  |
|          | . . . . . sk . . . . .      | scāt'tér, scūd'   |
| Sch . .  | before i, s . . . . .       | schŷsm'           |
|          | . . . . . e, sh . . . . .   | schē'dulé†        |
| *Sh . .  | . . . . . e, sk . . . . .   | schē'me           |
|          | . . . . . sh . . . . .      | shāll', wŷsh      |

\* Though this will sometimes hold good, it has neither been frequently used in these pages, nor do we think that a general use of this hard sound would suit a modern English ear. At least it should certainly be received with much caution. *Editor.*

† This sound of *f* for *gh* is but sparingly used, and should be well attended to before it is admitted. In the word *dough*, for instance, we have another sound, viz. of *w*, and some other anomalous cases, perhaps, may be met with. *Editor.*

‡ There has been great diversity of opinion on the proper sound of *schism* and *schedule*, some contending that they ought to be pronounced as in this synopsis, whilst others maintain that the third sound only should be admitted. Mr. Walker has enumerated them; and seems to conclude for resolving the second into the first sound, though we have kept them distinct. *Editor.*

|          | Marked.                           | Examples.     |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Ss . . . | { . . . . . s . . . . .           | préss'        |
|          | . . . . . sh . . . . .            | miss'ion      |
| St . . . | before ion sht . . . . .          | quës'tion     |
|          | . . . . . t . . . . .             | tô', ât'      |
| T . . .  | { . . . . . sh . . . . .          | âc'tion       |
|          | . . . . . s . . . . .             | sât'isf'y     |
| Th . . . | { . . . . . th aspirate . . . . . | thîn', bréath |
|          | . . . . . th vocal . . . . .      | thén', thús'  |
| V . . .  | . . . . . v . . . . .             | vá'st, há've  |
|          | . . . . . ks . . . . .            | exercise      |
| X . . .  | { . . . . . gz . . . . .          | exert, exist* |
|          | . initial . z . . . . .           | xenophon      |
| Xt . . . | before ion kssh . . . . .         | mix'tion      |
|          | . . . . . z . . . . .             | râ'zór        |
| Z . . .  | { . . . . . zh . . . . .          | â'zûre        |

B is silent before *t* or after *m*; as in *debt*, *dumb*.

C is silent before the sound of *k*, and in a few other instances; as in *stick*, *sack*, *muscle*.

Ch is sometimes silent, as in *yacht*.

D is sometimes silent, as in *handsome*.

At the end of a syllable in *ff*, one *f* is mute.

G is often silent before *m*, *n*, *h*, as in *phlegm*, *gnat*, *reign*, *sign*, *light*.

Gh is often silent before *t*, and at the end of words or syllables, as in *light*, *high*, &c.

H is often silent when initial, and when between *g* mute and final *t*, as in *honour*, *sight*.

K is silent before *n*, in the same syllable, as in *knave*, *knot*.

L is silent before *k* and *m*, as in *balk*, *balm*.

N is silent after *m* in the same syllable, as in *hymn*, *condemn*.—The letter *n*, after *e* or *o* contracted, is uttered somewhat through the nose, so that its sound becomes obscure, as in *heav'n*, *pers'n*, for *heaven*, *person*.

P is sometimes silent, as in *psalm*.

Ph is sometimes silent, as in *phthisic*.

## On the ORGANIC FORMATION of the ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

*Extracted from Dr. Crombie's Etymology, &c. of the English Language.*

CONSONANTS are generally divided into mutes and semi-vowels. The mutes are those, which entirely, and at once, obstruct the sound of the vowel, and prevent its continuation. These are called perfect mutes. Those, which do not suddenly obstruct it, are called imperfect mutes.

Semi-vowels are those consonants which do not entirely obstruct the voice, but whose sounds may be continued at pleasure, thus partaking of the nature of vowels.

The nature of these consonants I proceed briefly to explain.

A vowel sound may be continued at pleasure, or it may be terminated, either by discontinuing the vocal effort, in which case it is not articulated by any consonant, as in pronouncing the vowel *o*; or by changing the conformation of

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\* Opinions vary about this sound of *x* in several words, some contending for the softer sound of *ks*, whilst others, from a provincial partiality in many cases, at least, espouse the harder sound of *gz*. Some of these have been softened in the present edition, whilst others have been retained; for which we can only assign the general reason in our preface. *Editor*.



the mouth, or relative position of the organs of speech, so that the vowel sound is lost by articulation, as in pronouncing the syllable *or*. It is to be observed also, that a vowel may be articulated, not only by being terminated by a consonant, as in the example now given, but likewise by introducing the sound with that position of the organs, by which it had, in the former case, been terminated, as in pronouncing the syllable *ro*.

In pronouncing the consonants, there are five distinguishable positions of the organs. The first is the application of the lips to each other, so as to close the mouth. Thus are formed the consonants *p*, *b*, and *m*.

In the second position, the under lip is applied to the fore teeth of the upper jaw; and in this manner we pronounce the consonants *f* and *v*.

The third position is, when the tongue is applied to the fore teeth; and thus we pronounce *th*.

In the fourth position we apply the fore part of the tongue to the fore part of the palate; and by this application we pronounce the letters *t*, *d*, *s*, *z*, *r*, *l*, *n*.

The fifth position is, when the middle part of the tongue is applied to the palate, and thus we pronounce *k*, the hard sound of *g*, (as in *ga*) *sh*, *j*, and *ng*.

In the first position we have three letters, of which the most simple, and indeed the only articulator, being absolutely mute, is *p*. In the formation of this letter, nothing is required but the sudden closing of the mouth, and stopping the vowel sound; or the sound may be articulated by the sudden opening of the lips, in order to emit the compressed sound of the vowel.

Now if, instead of simply expressing the vowel sound by opening the lips, in saying, for example, *pa*, we shall begin to form a guttural sound, the position being still preserved; then, on the opening the lips, we shall pronounce the syllable *ba*. The guttural sound is produced by a compression of the larynx, or windpipe, and is that kind of murmur, as Bishop Wilkins expresses it, which is heard in the throat, before the breath is emitted with the vocal sound. *B*, therefore, though justly considered as a mute, is not a perfect mute.

The mouth being kept in the same position, and the breath being emitted through the nostrils, the letter *m* is produced.

In the first position, therefore, we have a perfect mute *p*, having no audible sound; a labial and liquid consonant *m*, capable of a continued sound; and, between these two extremes, we have the letter *b*, somewhat audible, though different from any vocal sound.

Here then are three things to be distinguished. 1st. The perfect mute, having no sound of any kind. 2dly. The perfect consonant, having not only a proper, but continued sound; and 3dly. Between these extremes we find the letter *b*, having a proper sound, but so limited, that, in respect to the perfect consonant, it may be termed a mute, and in relation to the perfect mute, may be properly termed imperfect.

In the second position we have the letters *f* and *v*, neither of which are perfect mutes. The letter *f* is formed by having the aspiration not altogether interrupted, but emitted forcibly between the fore teeth and under lip. This is the simple articulation in this position. If to this we join the guttural sound, we shall have the letter *v*, a letter standing in nearly the same relation to *f*, as *b* and *m*, in the first position, stand to *p*. The only difference between *f* and *v* is, that, in the former, the compression of the teeth and under lip is not so strong as in the latter, and that the former is produced by the breath only, and the latter by the voice and breath combined.

The consonant *f*, therefore, though not a mute like *p*, in having the breath absolutely confined, may notwithstanding be considered as such, consistently with that principle, by which a mute is understood to be an aspiration without guttural sound.

Agreeably to the distinction already made, *v* may be termed a perfect consonant, and *f* an imperfect one, having no proper sound, though audible. Thus we have four distinctions of consonants in our alphabet,

namely, of perfect and imperfect consonants; perfect and imperfect mutes; thus.

*p* is a perfect mute, having no sound.

*b* an imperfect mute, having proper sound, but limited.

*m* a perfect consonant, having sound, and continued.

*f* an imperfect consonant, having no sound, but audible.

In the third position we have *th* as heard in the words *then* and *thin*, formed by placing the tip of the tongue between the teeth, and pressing it against the upper teeth. The only difference between these articulations is, that, like *f* and *v*, the one is formed by the breath only, and the other by the breath and voice together. The sound of *th*, in *thin*, is usually marked with a stroke through the *h*, like the Saxon, to distinguish it from its other sound, as in *thick*.

Here also may be distinguished the perfect and the imperfect consonant; for the *th* in *thin* has no sound, but is audible, whereas the *th* in *this*, *there*, has a sound, and that continued.

In the fourth position there are several consonants formed.

1st. If the breath be stopped, by applying the fore part of the tongue forcibly to that part of the palate which is contiguous to the fore teeth, we produce the perfect mute *t*, having neither aspiration or guttural sound. By accompanying this operation of the tongue and palate with the guttural sound, we shall pronounce the letter *d*, which, like *b* of the first position, may be considered as a mute, though not perfect. For in pronouncing *ed* the tongue at first gently touches the gum, and is gradually pressed closer, till the sound is obstructed; whereas in pronouncing *et*, the tongue is at once pressed so close, that the sound is instantly intercepted.

2dly, If the tip of the tongue be turned up towards the upper gum, so as not to touch it, and thus the breath be cut by the sharp point of the tongue, passing through the narrow chink left between that and the gum, we pronounce the sibilating sound of *s*. If we accompany this operation with a guttural sound, as in *b*, *v*, and *th* in *then*, we shall pronounce the letter *z*; the same difference subsisting between *s* and *z* as between *f* and *v*, *p* and *b*, *th* and *th*.

3dly, If we make the tip of the tongue vibrate rapidly between the upper and lower jaw, so as not to touch the latter, and the former but gently, we shall pronounce the letter *r*. The more closely and forcibly the tongue vibrates against the upper jaw, the stronger will the sound be rendered. It is formed about the same distance from the teeth, as the letter *d*, or rather somewhat behind it.

4thly, If the end of the tongue be gently applied to the fore part of the palate, a little behind the seat of the letter *d*, and somewhat before the place of *r*, and the voice be suffered to glide gently over the sides of the tongue, we shall pronounce the letter *l*. Here the breadth of the tongue is contracted, and a space left for the breath to pass from the upper to the under part of the tongue, in forming this the most vocal of all the consonants.

5thly, If the aspirating passage, in the formation of the preceding consonant, be stopped, by extending the tongue to its natural breadth, so as to intercept the voice, and prevent its exit by the mouth, the breath emitted through the nose will give the letter *n*.

In the fifth position, namely, when we apply the middle or back part of the tongue to the palate, we have the consonants *k*, *g*, *sh*, *j*, and *ng*.

If the middle of the tongue be raised, so as to press closely against the roof of the mouth, and intercept the voice at once, we pronounce the letter *k* (*ek*). If the tongue be not so closely applied at first, and the sound be allowed to continue a little, we have the letter *g* (*eg*). Thus *ek* and *eg* bear the same analogy to each other, as *et* and *ed* of the fourth position. If the tongue be protruded towards the teeth, so as not to touch them, and be kept in a position somewhat flatter than in pronouncing the letter *s*, the voice and



breath passing over it through a wider chink, we shall have the sound of *esh*.

If we apply the tongue to the palate as in pronouncing *sh*, but a little more forcibly, and accompanying it with the guttural sound, we shall have the sound of the French *j*. Thus *j* is in this position analagous to the letter *b*, *v*, *th* in the first, second, and third positions, and is a simple consonant. *J* in English is a double consonant, compounded of *d* and the French *j*, as in *join*.

If we raise the middle of the tongue to the palate gently, so as to permit part of the voice to issue through the mouth, forcing the remainder back, through the noose, keeping at the same time the tongue in the same position as in pronouncing *eg*, we shall have the articulating sound of *ing*, for which we have no simple character.

The only remaining letter *h* is the note of aspiration, formed in various positions, according to the vowel with which it is combined.

What effect the compression of the larynx has in articulation, may be seen by comparing these pairs of consonants.

With compression.

B  
G  
D  
Z  
Th  
V  
J

Without compression.

P  
K  
T  
S  
Th  
F  
Sh

---

## OF ACCENT.

Having thus given what we deem the best authorities as to the *sounds of the letters*, we shall insert the following short rules for the *accent, or quantity of syllables*, by Dr. Johnson; which, though subject to exception, are, perhaps, the best suited to the comprehension of the unformed student of any extant, on a subject so complicated, and where so much, after all the rules that can be given, must depend on the compass and capacity of the voice of the speaker.

Accent is the laying a peculiar stress of the voice on a certain letter or syllable in a word, that it may be better heard than the rest, or distinguished from them; as in the word *presu'me*, the stress of the voice must be on the letter *u*, and second syllable *sune*, which takes the accent.

Every word of our language, of more than one syllable, has one of them distinguished from the rest in this manner; and every monosyllable of two or more letters has one of its letters thus distinguished.

As emphasis is a stronger and fuller sound of voice, by which we distinguish some word or words on which we design to lay particular stress, to shew how they affect the rest of the sentence, so, where other reasons do not forbid, the accent always dwells with greatest force on that part of the word which, from its importance, the hearer has always the greatest occasion to observe.

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## OF DISSYLLABLES.

Of Dissyllables, formed by affixing a termination, the former syllable is commonly accented, as *childish*, *kingdom*, *ac'ced*, *to'isome*, *lo'vers*, *co'ffer*, *fu'irer*, *fo'remost*, *ze'lous*, *fu'lness*, *go'dly*, *me'ekly*, *ar'tist*.

Dissyllables formed by prefixing a syllable to the radical word, have commonly the accent on the latter; as, *to be'get*, *to be'see'm*, *to be'sto'w*..

Of Dissyllables, which are at once nouns and verbs, the verb has commonly the accent on the latter, and the noun on the former syllable; as *to descant*, a *déscant*; *to cement*, a *cément*; *to contract*, a *cónttract*. This rule has many exceptions. Though verbs seldom have their accent on the former, yet nouns often have it on the latter syllable; as *delight*, *persu'me*.

All dissyllables ending in *y*, as *crá'mny*; in *our*, as *la'bóur*, *ja'vóur*; in *ow*, as *willow*; *wa'llow*, except *allow*; in *le*, as *ba'ttle*, *bíble*, in *ish*, as *banish*; in *ck*, as *ca'mbrick*, *ca'ssock*; in *ter*, as *to batter*; in *age*, as *cóurage*; in *en*, as *fu'sten*; in *et*, as *quíet*, accent the former syllable.

Dissyllable nouns in *er*, as *ca'nker*, *bu'tter*, have the accent on the former syllable.

Dissyllable verbs terminating in a consonant and *e* final, as *compré'se*, *esca'pe*; or having a diphthong in the last syllable, as *appea'se*, *rev'e'al*; or ending in two consonants, as *atté'nd*; have the accent on the latter syllable.

Dissyllable nouns having a diphthong in the latter syllable, have commonly their accent on the latter syllable, as *applá'use*; except words in *ain*, as *cértain*, *mo'untain*.

### OF TRISSYLLABLES.

Trissyllables formed by adding a termination, or prefixing a syllable, retain the accent of the radical word; as *lo'veliness*, *té'nderness*, *conté'mner*, *wa'ggoner*, *physic'al*, *bespa'tter*, *commé'nting*, *commé'nding*, *assu'rance*.

Trissyllables ending in *ous*, as *gra'cious*, *a'rduous*; in *al*, as *ca'pital*; in *ion*, as *mentíon*, accent the first.

Trissyllables ending in *ce*, *ent*, and *ate*, accent the first syllable, as *co'untenance*, *co'ntinence*, *a'r'mament*, *im'minent*, *é'legant*, *pro'pagate*, except they be derived from words having the accent on the last, as *commí'tance*, *acquai'tance*; or the middle syllable hath a vowel between two consonants, as *promu'lgate*.

Trissyllables ending in *y*, as *é'ntity*, *spécify*, *liberty*, *víctory*, *su'bsidy*, commonly accent the first syllable.

Trissyllables in *le* or *re* accent the first syllable, as *lé'gible*, *thé'atre*, except *discí'ple*, and words which are long by position, as *exa'mple*, *epístle*.

Trissyllables in *ude*, commonly accent the first syllable, as *plé'mtude*.

Trissyllables ending in *ator*, as *crea'tor*; or having in the middle syllable a diphthong, as *endea'vour*; or a vowel before two consonants, as *domé'stic*, accent the middle syllable.

Trissyllables that have their accent on the last syllable are commonly French, as *acquié'sce*, *reparte'e*, *magazí'ne*; or words formed by prefixing one or two syllables to an acute syllable, as *immatu're*, *overcha'rgé*.

### OF POLYSYLLABLES.

Polysyllables or words of more than three syllables, follow the accent of the words from which they are derived, as *a'rrogating*, *co'ntinency*, *inco'n-tinently*, *commé'ndable*, *commu'nícableness*. We should therefore say *dis-putable*, *indisputable*, rather than *dísputable*, *indísputable*, and *adver-tísement*, rather than *adve'rtisement*.

Words in *ion* have the accent on the antepenult, as *salou'tion*, *pertur-bation*, *conco'ction*, words in *atour*, or *ator*, on the penult, as *dedica'tor*.

Words ending in *le* commonly have the accent on the first syllable as *a'míable*, unless the second syllable has a vowel before two consonants, as *combu'stible*.

Words ending in *ous* have the accents on the antepenult, as *uxo'rious*, *volu'ptuous*.

Words ending in *ty* have their accent on the antepenult, as *pussillaní'mity*, *actí'vity*.

## OF VERSIFICATION.

VERSIFICATION is the arrangement of a certain number of syllables, according to certain laws established in a language by frequent repetition, the harmony of which consists in a pleasing variety of *accented* and *unaccented* syllables, which, connected, form a foot. They are called *feet*, because it is by their aid that the voice, as it were, steps along through the verse, in a measured pace; and it is necessary that the syllables, which mark this regular movement of the voice, should, in some manner, be distinguished from the others. This distinction was made among the Greeks and Romans, by dividing their syllables into long and short, and ascertaining their quantity by an exact proportion of time in sounding them; the long being to the short as two to one, and the long syllables, being thus the more important, marked the movement. In English, syllables are divided into accented and unaccented; and the accented syllables, being as strongly distinguished from the unaccented, by the peculiar stress of the voice upon them, are equally capable of marking the movement, and pointing out the regular paces of the voice, as the long syllables were, by their quantity, among the ancients.

All feet used in poetry consist either of two, or of three syllables, and are reducible to eight kinds; four of two syllables, viz. a *Trochee*, an *Iambus*, a *Spondee*; a *Pyrrhic*; and four of three syllables, viz. a *Dactyl*, an *Amphibrach*, an *Anapæst*, and a *Tribrach*.

A *Trochee* has the first syllable accented, and the last unaccented; as, "Hâteful, pét'ish."

An *Iambus* has the first syllable unaccented, and the last accented; as "Bétrây, cónsist."

A *Spondee* has both the words or syllables accented. No word of two syllables is without accent, or with a double one in English; as, "The pâle mûon."

A *Pyrrhic* has both the words or syllables unaccented; as, "Ûn thê tall tree."

A *Dactyl* has the first syllable accented, and the two latter unaccented; as, "Lâbûrêr, pôssiblê."

An *Amphibrach* has the first and last syllables unaccented; and the middle one accented; as, "Dêlightfûl, domêstic."

An *Anapæst* has the two first syllables unaccented, and the last accented; as, "Côntrâvêne, acquiêscê."

A *Tribrach* has three syllables unaccented; as, "Nûmêrâblê, cónquerable."

Some of these feet may be denominated *principal* feet; as pieces of poetry may be wholly or chiefly formed of any of them. Such are the *Trochee*, *Iambus*, *Dactyl*, and *Anapæst*, which we shall endeavour to explain. The others may be termed *secondary* feet; because their chief use is to diversify the numbers, and to improve the verse.

IAMBIC verses may be divided into several species, according to the number of feet or syllables of which they are composed.

The first form of our Iambic which we shall notice is too short to be continued through any great number of lines. It consists of *two* Iambuses.

Whât place is hêre!

What scênes âppêar!

To me the rose

No longer grows.

The second form consists of *three* Iambuses.

Yn plâcês fâr ðr nêar,

Or famous or obscure,

Where wholesome is the air,

Or where the most impure.

The third form is made up of *four* Iambuses.

Ând mây ât lâst mý wêarý âge,

Find out the peaceful hermitage.

The fourth species of English Iambic consists of *five* Iambuses.

Hôw lôv'd, hôw vâld'ð ônce, âvâils thêe nôt,

To whom related, or by whom begot:

A heap of dust alone remains of thee :  
'Tis all thou art, and all the proud  
shall be.

This is called the *Heroic* measure. In its simplest form it consists of five Iambuses; but by the admission of other feet, as Trochees, Dactyls, Anapaests, &c. it is capable of many varieties. Indeed, most of the English common measures may be varied in the same way; but it's a sort of licence which good authors have very seldom, if ever, availed themselves of in works of a serious nature.

The sixth form of our Iambic is commonly called the *Alexandrine* measure. It consists of *six* Iambuses.  
För thōu ärt büt öf düst; bë hūmblē  
änd bë wise.

In all these measures the accents are to be placed on even syllables; and every line considered by itself is, in general, more melodious, as this rule is more strictly observed.

We must add, that in imitation of the ancients, our best authors have introduced the cæsure in the Heroic and Alexandrine verse; it is a pause or rest which is consistent with the sense of the phrase, and always conducive to its harmony.—In the line of five or ten syllables this rest occurs, generally after the second foot, or fourth syllable, as in the following example:

" Oh! spare my youth] and for the life  
I owe  
Large gifts of price] my father shall be-  
stow;  
When fame shall tell] that not in battle  
slain  
Thy hollow ships] his captive son de-  
tain."

*Pope's Iliad*, B. vi. 57.

But the cæsure changes often its place, and may be found after the third and even the fourth foot, as for instance:  
" He said: compassion touch'd] the  
Hero's heart.

*Loc. cit.*

" Scarce had his faulchion cut the reins ]  
and freed  
The incumber'd chariot from the dying  
steed."

*Pope's Iliad*. B. viii.

However, this liberty should not be taken too often, and only when the harmony of the verse requires it.

Besides this, our versification admits of few licences, among which we may rank the following.

The *synalæpha*, or elision of *e* in *the* before a vowel, as, *th' eternal*; and sometimes but rarely of *o* in *to*, as, *t' accept*.

TROCHAIC verse is of several kinds.

The shortest Trochaic verse in our language, consists of one Trochee and a long syllable.

Trüest löve,  
From above,  
Being pure,  
Wiil endure.

This measure is defective in dignity, and can seldom be used on serious occasions.

The second English form of the Trochaic consists of *two* feet; and is likewise so brief, that it is rarely used for any very serious purpose.

ön the möuntäin,  
By a fountain.

It sometimes contains two feet or trochees, and an additional long syllable; as,

in the däys öf öld  
Fables plainly told.

The third species consists of *three* trochees; as,

Whén öur hëarts äre möurn'ing;  
or of three trochees with an additional long syllable; as,

Rëstlëss mörtäls töil fër nöught;  
Bliss in vain from earth is sought :  
The fourth Trochaic species consists of *four* trochees; as,

Röund üs röars the tēmpëst löudër.

The fifth Trochaic species is uncommon. It is composed of *five* trochees. äll thät wälk ön fööt ör ride yn chäriöts. All that dwell in palaces or garrets.

The sixth form of the English trochaic consists of *six* trochees, as,  
ön ä nöuntäin, strëch'd bëneäth ä  
höärý willöw.

Lay a shepherd swain, and view'd the  
rolling billow.

This seems to be the longest trochaic line that our language admits.

In all these trochaic measures, the accent is to be placed on the odd syllables.

The DACTYLIC measure being very uncommon, we shall give only one example of one species of it;



From the low pleasures of this fallen  
nature

Rise we to higher, &c.

'ANAPÆSTIC verses are divided into several species, the first and simplest of which is made up of *two* anapæsts; as,

But his courage 'gan fail,

For no arts could avail.

The second species consists of *three* anapæsts.

Ûÿ woods, sprẽd yõr brãnchẽs äpãce;

To your deepest recesses I fly;

The preceding are the different kinds of the principal feet, in their more simple forms. They are capable of numerous variations, by the intermixture of those feet with each other, and by the admission of the secondary feet, by which two short vowels coalesce into one syllable, as *question*, *special*; or when a word is contracted by the expulsion of a short vowel before a liquid, as *avrice*, *temprance*.

I would hide with the beasts of the  
chace;

I would vanish from every eye.

This is a very pleasing measure, and much used, both in solemn and cheerful subjects.

The third kind of the English anapæstic, consists of *four* anapæsts.

Mãy I gõvẽrn mý pãssýõns wíth äbsõ-  
lũte swãý,

And grow wiser and better as life  
wears away.

## OF DERIVATION.

IN order that the English Language may be more easily understood, as well as to give a key by which the student may form any derivative, or class of derivatives, that may be omitted in this Dictionary, we think it necessary to enquire how this description of words are deduced from their primitives, and point out the obvious rules by which they not only are formed, but by which their meanings may easily be discovered, and their true pronunciations acquired.

### OF SUBSTANTIVES.

Nouns, or Substantives, are derived from verbs; as, from to love, comes *love*; to fright, a *fright*; to strike, a *stroke*, &c. &c.

Several philologists and grammarians are inclined to think that on the contrary, verbs are derived from substantives, and this seems to be the most plausible opinion—as to *love* is to *do* or *make love*; to *work*, to *do* or *make work*, &c. besides names for *things* must have been invented before names for *acting*; as they first caught the eye, and called on the mind for a definition.

The more usual sorts of derived substantives, or nouns, are *Diminutive* Nouns, *Abstract* Nouns, Verbal Substantives of the *Actor*, Verbal Substantives of the *Action*; Nouns that signify *Office*, Nouns that signify *Dominion* or *Rule*, and Nouns that signify *State* or *Condition*.

Diminutive Nouns express the same as their primitive substantives, with the adjective *little*, and they are formed by adding the terminations *kin*, (*kín*), *ling* (*lín*), *ock*, (*ók*), *en* (*én*), *el* (*él*), &c. as lamb, *lamkin*; goose, *gosling*; duck, *duckling*; hill, *hillock*; chick, *chicken*; cock, *cockerel*, &c.

Abstract Substantives are regularly formed by adding the termination *ness* (*nës*), (which denotes the *quality* or *state* of what the preceding word expresses) to the adjective, as good, *goodness*; kind, *kindness*; and sometimes they end in *th* (*th*), as *length* from long; *strength* from strong; *wealth* from *weal*. Abstract Nouns borrowed from the Latin end variously, as *justice*, *fortitude*, *liberty*, &c.

The Substantives of the *Actor* or *Doer* are derived from verbs, and denote the *use* or *habit* of *doing* what the verb from which they are formed expresses. They are generally formed by adding the termination *er* (*ér*) to the verb, as

teach, *teacher*; play, *player*, &c.; but in words borrowed from the Latin we usually keep the Latin termination *or* (*ór*), as in *doctor*, *governor*, *orator*, &c.

Substantives signifying *action*, as separated from the agent or doer, are regularly formed in English by adding the termination *ing* (*ing*), to the verb, as *preach*, *preaching*; *pray*, *praying*; *sing*, *singing*; *learn*, *learning*; *read*, *reading*, &c. Some end in *ment* (*měnt*), *age* (*ědzh*), *ance* (*ěns*), *ery*, (*ěry*), &c.; as *commandment*, *tillage*, *appearance*, *prudence*, &c.; and many derived from the Latin end in *tion* (*shŭn*), as *instruction*, *correction*, &c.; and many otherwise, as *lecture*, *reason*, *doctrine*, &c.

Nouns that signify *office*, *state*, *condition*, &c. are usually formed by adding *ship* (*shŭp*) to the primitive substantive, as *kingship*, the *office of a king*; *stewardship*, the *office of a steward*; *guardianship*, the *office of a guardian*; or *lordship*, *partnership*, &c. the *state or condition of a lord*. *partners*, &c. Some substantives in *ship* come from adjectives, as *hard*, *hardship*, &c. denoting the *state of what the preceding word signifies*. Nouns that signify *state or condition* are also formed by adding *head* (*hěd*, or *hood* (*hŭd*), to the primitive substantive, as the *godhead*, the *state or majesty of God*; *manhood*, the *state or condition of a man*; *childhood*, the *state or condition of a child*; *widowhood*, the *state or condition of a widow*.

Nouns that signify *dominion*, *rule*, *jurisdiction*, or *state*, are usually formed by adding the terminations *wick* (*wŭk*), *ric* (*rŭk*), and *dom*, (*dóm*), as *bailiwick*, the *jurisdiction of a bailiff*; *bishopric*, the *dominion of a bishop*; *kingdom*, the *dominion of a king*; *freedom*, the *state of being free*, &c.

Nouns that signify *profession*, generally are formed by adding the termination *ian* (*án*), as from *physic*, *music*, are formed *physician*, *musician*, &c.

Nouns denoting *character or habit* are derived from verbs or adjectives, by adding *ard* (*árd*), as *drunk*, *drunkard*; *dote*, *dotard*, &c.

Nouns which express particular *belief*, *opinion*, *doctrine*, *heresy*, *sect*, or something which affects in the manner the preceding word expresses, are formed by the termination *ism* (*izm*), added to the substantive or verb, as *puritanism* from *Puritan*; *gentilism* from *Gentile*; *baptism* from to baptise; *catechism* from to catechise, &c.

Substantives in *ist* (*ŭst*), express the *maker or writer of*, *follower or advocate for*, *a dealer in*, or *one of*, or *curious in*, *a player in*, *one skilled in*, *one affected with*, what the primitive word expresses, as from Latin, *Latinist*; *bigamy*, *bigamist*; *dialogue*, *dialogist*; *panegyric*, *panegyrist*; to baptize, *baptist*; *drug*, *druggist*, &c. &c.

## OF ADJECTIVES.

Adjectives are derived from Substantives in the following manner, viz. Adjectives denoting *plenty* or *abundance*, are formed from Substantives, 1st, by adding *y* (*y*), as from *health*, *healthy*; *wealth*, *wealthy*; *might*, *mighty*, &c. 2dly, By adding *ous* (*ŭs*); as from *malice*, *malicious*; *courage*, *courageous*; *right*, *righteous*; &c. or, 3dly, by adding *ful* (*fŭl*), as from *joy*, *joyful*; *sin*, *sinful*; *health*, *healthful*.

Adjectives denoting *plenty*, but with some kind of diminution, are formed from Substantives by the termination *some* (*sóm*), as from *light*, *lightsome*; *trouble*, *troublesome*; *toil*, *toilsome*, &c.

Diminutive Adjectives, or those which denote a *little* or *somewhat of the nature or quality of what the preceding word expresses*, are formed by adding the termination *ish* (*ysh*), to a substantive or adjective; as *child*, *childish*, or *somewhat of a child*; *black*, *blackish*, or *a little black*, or *somewhat black*, &c.

Adjectives of *likeness*, or those which denotes likeness to what the preceding word expresses, are usually formed by adding the termination *ly* (*ly*); and sometimes the adjective *like* (*lyke*, as *godly*, or *like God*; *manly*, or *like a man*, or *man like*, &c.

Adjectives signifying *capacity*, or denoting a passive quality equal to *that may be*, or *worthy of being*, what the preceding verb or noun expresses, are

formed by adding the final particle *able* (éb'l); as answer, *answerable*: to move, *moveable*; to abolish, *abolishable*; sometimes by changing *ate* into *able*; as in *abominable*, from to *abominate*, &c. &c.

Material Adjectives, or those denoting the matter out of which any thing is made, are usually formed by adding *en* ('n) to the substantive; as from oak, *oaken*; wood, *wooden*; gold, *golden*, &c.

### OF VERBS.

It cannot be doubted that Verbs are sometimes derived from substantives, adjectives, and even from adverbs; as from the substantive salt, comes *to salt*; from the adjective warm, *to warm*; and from the adverb forward, *to forward*. Sometimes they are formed by lengthening the vowel, or softening the consonant; as from grass, *to graze*; glass, *to glaze*; brass, *to braise*, &c. Sometimes by adding the termination *en* ('n) to the substantive or adjective; as from strength, *to strengthen*; length, *to lengthen*; short, *to shorten*; wide, *to widen*, &c.

### OF ADVERBS.

Adverbs of *quality* or *likeness* are usually formed by adding the termination *ly* (ly) to the positive adjective; as wise, *wisely*; foolish, *foolishly*; sinful, *sinfully*; base, *basely*; virtuous, *virtuously*, &c. In which case it seems in import equal to *after the manner of* what the preceding word expresses; or *in the manner or force and value of* the preceding word.

Of the INSEPARABLE PARTICLES *un*, *dis*, *mis*, &c.

These inseparable prefixes in composition all include the negative particle *not*, besides their peculiar signification.

The particle *un* (ŭn) always signifies *privation*, that is, the absence or want of something that either was or ought to be; as *unmerciful*, *unkind*, *unsteady*, &c.

In words derived from the Latin, the particle *in* (ŷn) is the same as *un*, as *ingratitude*, *inactive*, *incomplete*, &c. And sometimes it is an *intensive* particle, and then it signifies *very*, or *very much*, as *intent*, or *very earnest*, &c. Sometimes, also, in words borrowed from the French, instead of *in* we use the French particle *en* (ēn), when it is not privative, but it intimates that the thing is *inherent in* another, is *caused in it*, or *is tending to a junction*. *En* becomes *el* before *l*, and *em* before *b*, *m*, or *p*, and *er* before *r*. The *n* of *in* is likewise changed into *l*, *m*, and *r*, according to the initial consonant of the word to be annexed; hence *il*, *im*, *ir*, instead of *in*; as in *illegal*, *immodest*, *irregular*, &c.

*Note*—The particle *un* is always privative, *en* never; *in* sometimes privative and sometimes not; yet in verbs it is seldom ever privative, but often in participles and other words.

The particle *dis* (dŷs), usually signifies some *contrariety*; as honour, *dishonour*; like, *dislike*; grace, *disgrace*, &c.; in which this prefix reverses the meaning of each word annexed to it; or denotes the contrary of what each word primitively implies.

The particle *mis* (mŷs) usually signifies *wrong*, or *error*; as to *mistake*, or *take wrong*, otherwise *than it is*; to *misuse*, or *use ill*, or *otherwise than we ought*, &c.

## ABBREVIATIONS EXPLAINED.

|                              |                    |                         |                    |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>a</i> . . . . .           | adjective          | <i>prep.</i> . . . . .  | preposition        |
| <i>ad.</i> . . . . .         | adverb             | <i>pret.</i> . . . . .  | preterite          |
| <i>conj.</i> . . . . .       | conjunction        | <i>pron.</i> . . . . .  | pronoun            |
| <i>int.</i> . . . . .        | interjection       | <i>s.</i> . . . . .     | substantive        |
| <i>part.</i> . . . . .       | participle         | <i>s. pl.</i> . . . . . | substantive plural |
| <i>part. a.</i> . . . . .    | participle active  | <i>v. a.</i> . . . . .  | verb active        |
| <i>part. pass.</i> . . . . . | participle passive | <i>v. n.</i> . . . . .  | verb neuter        |



# A COLLECTION OF WORDS,

*Alike in sound, or nearly so,*

**BUT DIFFERENT IN SIGNIFICATION AND SPELLING.**

**A'BEL**, a man's name

**A'ble**, capable

**Ac'cidence**, a book

**Ac'cidents**, casualties

**Acts**, deeds

**Ax**, an instrument

**Ail**, to be disordered

**Ale**, a liquor

**Hale**, healthy

**Air**, an element

**Are**, a verb

**Hair**, of the head

**Heir**, to an estate

**Hare**, an animal

**All**, every one

**Awl**, an instrument

**Hall**, a room

**All'ow'd**, granted

**Al'oud**, noisy

**Al'tar**, for sacrifice

**Al'ter**, to change

**Hal'ter**, a rope

**An**, a particle

**Ann**, a woman's name

**Ant**, an insect

**Aunt**, a relation

**Ar'rant**, notorious

**Err'ant**, wandering

**Err'and**, a message

**Arr'as**, tapestry

**Harr'ass**, to tease

**Asce'nt**, a going up

**Assé'nt**, agreement

**Assistá'nce**, help

**Assistá'nts**, helpers

**Aug'er**, an instrument

**Augur**, a soothsayer

**Bácon**, hog's flesh

**Béacon**, a directing mark

**Beckón**, to make signs

**Bail**, a surety

**Bale**, goods packed

**Bait**, an allurement

**Bate**, to take less

**Baize**, a sort of cloth

**Bays**, a garland

**Base**, mean

**Bass**, a part in music

**Bald**, without hair

**Bawl'd**, cried out

**Ball**, a round thing

**Bawl**, to cry aloud

**Bar'bara**, a woman's name

**Bar'berry**, a shrub

**Bare**, naked

**Bear**, to support

**Bear**, a wild beast

**Be**, the verb to be

**Bee**, an insect

**Bean**, pulse

**Been**, particle of to be

**Bear**, to strike

**Beet**, an herb

**Beau**, a fop

**Bo!** a word of terror

**Bow**, an instrument

**Beer**, malt liquor

**Bier**, for a corpse

**Ber'ry**, a small fruit

**Bur'y**, to hide

**Blew**, did blow

**Blue**, a colour

**Boar**, a bea-st

**Bore**, to make a hole

**Bold**, daring

**Bowl'd**, did bowl

**Boróugh**, a corporate town

**Bur'row**, a rabbit hole

**Bough**, a branch

**Bow**, to bend

**Boy**, a young lad

**Buoy**, to support

**Brake**, a thicket

**Break**, to part forcibly

**Bread**, food

**Bred**, brought up

**Breaches**, broken pieces

**Breeches**, a part of dress

**Brews**, doth brew

**Bruise**, to hurt

**Bruit**, a report

**Brute**, a beast

**Buy**, to purchase

**By**, near

**Caléndar**, an almanack

**Cálender**, to smooth linen

**Call**, to name

**Caul**, a membrane

**Can'non**, a great gun

**Can'on**, a rule

**Cart**, a carriage

**Chart**, a map

**Ceiling**, of a room

**Sealing** of a letter, &c.

**Cell**, a hut

**Sell**, to dispose of

**Cell'ar**, of a house

**Sell'er**, one that sells

Cen'ser, an incense pan  
 Cen'sor, a magistrate  
 Censure, blame  
 Cession, a giving up  
 Session, a sitting  
 Choir, of singers  
 Quire, of paper  
 Choler, rage  
 Collar, for the neck  
 Chronicle a register  
 Chronical, long standing  
 Cite, to summon  
 Sight, to view  
 Site, a situation  
 Clause, an article  
 Claws, of a bird, &c.  
 Close, to shut up  
 Clothes, dress  
 Coarse, homely  
 Course, order  
 Coat, a part of dress  
 Co'e, a fold  
 Com'plement, the remainder  
 Compliment, kind words  
 Cousin, a relation  
 Coz'en, to cheat  
 Creak, to make a noise  
 Creek, a small bay  
 Currant, a small fruit  
 Cur'ent, a stream  
 Cyg'net, a young swan  
 Signet, a seal  
 Cymbol, a drum  
 Symbol a sign  
 Dam, a mother  
 Damn, to condemn  
 Dear, cos ly  
 Deer, an animal  
 Dew, moisture  
 Due, owing  
 Dier, one who stains  
 Dire, dreadful  
 Do, the verb  
 Doe, an animal  
 Dough, unbaked bread  
 Doer, a performer  
 Door, of an house  
 Done, acted  
 Dun, a troublesome creditor  
 Ear, a part of the body  
 Year, a part of time  
 East a point of the compass  
 Yeast, what works beer  
 Ewe, a sheep  
 Yew, a tree  
 You, yourself  
 Exercice, labour  
 Exorcise, to cast out devils

Eye, the organ of sight  
 I, myself  
 Faint, weak  
 Feint, a pretence  
 Fair, beautiful  
 Fare, at an entertainment  
 Flea, an insect  
 Flee, to run away  
 Flew, did fly  
 Flue, soft down  
 Flower, in a garden  
 Flour, to make bread  
 Forth, abroad  
 Fourth, in number  
 Foul, nasty  
 Fowl, a bird  
 Gesture, carriage  
 Jester, one who jests  
 Gilt, with gold  
 Guilt, sin  
 Glair, the white of eggs  
 Glare, great brightness  
 Grate, for burning coals, &c.  
 Great, large  
 Grater, for nutmegs  
 Greater, larger  
 Groan, to sigh deeply  
 Grown, increased  
 Hail, to salute  
 Hale, strong  
 Hal'low, to make holy  
 Hol'low, empty  
 Hart, an animal  
 Heart, a part of the body  
 Art, verb to be  
 Hear, to hearken  
 Here, in this place  
 Heard, did hear  
 Herd, of cattle  
 Hew, to cut  
 Hue, a colour  
 Hie, to make haste  
 High, lofty  
 Highér, more high  
 Hire, wages  
 Him, that man  
 Hymn, a divine song  
 Hoar, white  
 Whore, a lewd woman  
 Hole, a hollow place  
 Whole, perfect  
 Hoop, for a barrel  
 Whoop, to shout  
 Hour, a part of time  
 Our, of us  
 Idle, lazy  
 I'dol, an image  
 I'll, I will

Isle, an island  
 Aile, of a church, &c.  
 In, within  
 Inn, for travellers  
 Ingénious, of quick parts  
 Ingenúous, candid  
 Kill, to murder  
 Kiln, for bricks, &c.  
 Knave, a rascal  
 Nave, part of a wheel  
 Knew, did know  
 New, fresh  
 Knight, a title  
 Night, a part of time  
 Knot, to make knots  
 Not, a negative  
 Know, to understand  
 No, not so  
 Lain, did lie  
 Lane, a narrow road  
 Leak, to let in or out  
 Leek, a pot herb  
 Lease of a house, &c.  
 Leash, three  
 Less'en, to make less  
 Less'on, a task  
 Liar, who tells lies  
 Lier, in wait  
 Lyre, an instrument  
 Limb, a member  
 Limn, to draw  
 Lo! behold!  
 Low, humble  
 Loathe, to dislike  
 Loth, unwilling  
 Loose, to slacken  
 Lose, to suffer loss  
 Made, did make  
 Maid, a virgin  
 Mail, armour  
 Male, the he  
 Main, chief  
 Mane of a horse  
 Mare, a female horse  
 Mayor, of a town  
 Mean, low  
 Mien, aspect  
 Meat, food  
 Meet, fit  
 Mete, to measure  
 Mes'sage, an errand  
 Mes'suage, a house  
 Metal, gold, &c.  
 Mettle, spirit  
 Might, power  
 Mite, an insect  
 More, in number

Moor, a black person  
 Mower, one who mows  
 Naught, bad  
 Nought, nothing  
 Near, nigh  
 Ne'er never  
 Oar, to row with  
 'er, over  
 Ore, of metals  
 Of, concerning  
 Off, from  
 Oh! alas!  
 Owe, to be indebted  
 One, in number  
 Won, did win  
 Order, method  
 Or'dure, dung  
 Pail, a wooden vessel  
 Pale, whitish  
 Pain, torment  
 Pane, a square of glass  
 Pair, a couple  
 Pare, to cut off  
 Pear, a fruit  
 Pal'ate, taste  
 Pal'ate, a little bed  
 Pearl, upon bells  
 Peel, rind  
 Peer, a lord  
 Pier, of a bridge  
 Place, of abode, &c.  
 Place, a fish  
 Plain, even  
 Plane, to make smooth  
 Plai., a fold  
 Plate, wrought silver  
 Pole, a long stick  
 Poll, the head  
 Pore, of the skin  
 Pour, to fall heavily  
 Practice, use  
 Practise, to exercise  
 Pray, to beseech  
 Prey, a booty  
 Prin'cipal, chief  
 Principle, the first cause  
 Profit, gain  
 Prop'het, one who foretells  
 Rain, water  
 Reien, rule  
 Raise, to lift up  
 Rays, of the sun  
 Raze, to destroy  
 Rais'in, a dried grape  
 Reas'on, a cause  
 Read, did read  
 Red, a colour

Rice, a sort of grain  
 Rise, an encrease  
 Rite, a ceremony  
 Right, true  
 Write, with a pen  
 Road, a way  
 Rode, did ride  
 Roe, an animal  
 Row, of trees, &c.  
 Rough, uneven  
 Ruff, an ornament  
 Scene, a sight  
 Seen, beho'd  
 Scent, a smell  
 Sent, did send  
 Sea, the ocean  
 See, to observe  
 Seam, in a coat  
 Seem, to appear  
 Seas, great waters  
 Sees, doth see  
 Seize, to lay hold of  
 Slow, dull  
 Sloe, a fruit  
 Soared, did soar  
 Sword, a weapon  
 Some, a part  
 Sum, the amount  
 Son, a male child  
 Sun, the cause of light  
 Soon, quick ly  
 Swoon to faint  
 Stair, a step  
 Stare, to look stedfastly  
 Stile, for a passage  
 Style, manner of writing  
 Succour, help  
 Sucker, a young twig  
 Tacks, small nails  
 Tax, a duty  
 Tail, the end  
 Tale, a story  
 Tare, weight allowed

Tear, to rend  
 Team, of horses  
 Teem, to abound  
 Their, of them  
 There, in that place  
 Throne, a seat of state  
 Thrown, cast  
 Thyme, an herb  
 Time, an hour, &c.  
 Tide, a flux of the sea  
 Tied, bound  
 To, unto  
 Toe, of the foot  
 Tow, hemp dressed  
 Too, likewise  
 Two, a couple  
 Told, related  
 Tollo'd, as a bell  
 Vain, fruitless  
 Vane, a weathercock  
 Vein, for the blood  
 Vale, a valley  
 Vail, to cover  
 Vial, or Phial, a bottle  
 Viol, an instrument  
 Wail, to lament  
 Wale, a rising part  
 Whale, a fish  
 Wain, a waggon  
 Wane, a decrease  
 Weak, feeble  
 Week, seven days  
 Ware, merchandize  
 Wear, to waste  
 Were, plural of was  
 Where, in what place  
 Whist, a game  
 Wist, knew  
 Wood, timber  
 Wou'd, would  
 Yarn, spun wool  
 Yearn, to moan  
 Earn, to get by labour

## AN ALPHABETICAL LIST

of

## ABBREVIATIONS OF WORDS,

*Used for Dispatch in Writing.*

A. B. or B. A. Bachelor of Arts  
 Abp. Archbishop  
 A. D. in the Year of our Lord  
 A. M. or M. A. Master of Arts  
 A. M. before Noon  
 A. M. in the Year of the World

A. P. G. Professor of Astronomy in  
 Gresham College  
 B. D. Bachelor of Divinity  
 Bp. Bishop  
 B. V. M. Blessed Virgin Mary  
 C. stands for One Hundred

|                                          |                                                |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Cwt. an Hundred Weight, or 112 Pounds    | Jac. Jacob                                     |
| Capt. Captain                            | Jan. January                                   |
| C. C. C. Corpus Christi College          | J. D. Doctor of Law                            |
| Cent. an Hundred                         | J. N. R. J. Jesus of Nazareth King of the Jews |
| Col. Colonel                             | J. U. D. Doctor of Civil and Canon Law         |
| C. P. S. Keeper of the Privy Seal        | Kath. Katharine                                |
| C. S. Keeper of the Seals                | Knt. Knight                                    |
| D. in Number 500                         | L. in Number 50                                |
| D. D. Doctor of Divinity                 | L. or l. a Pound Sterling                      |
| Dec. December                            | lb. a Pound Weight                             |
| Dep. Deputy                              | L. C. J. Lord Chief Justice                    |
| Deut. Deuteronomy                        | Leo. Leonard                                   |
| Ditto, or Do. the same                   | Lieut. Lieutenant                              |
| Du. Duke                                 | L. J. C. Lord Jesus Christ                     |
| Dukm. Dukedom                            | LL. D. Doctor of Laws                          |
| E. East                                  | Lond. London                                   |
| E. Earl                                  | L. S. the Place of the Seal                    |
| E. A. P. Priest of the Church of England | M. in Number 1000                              |
| Edin. Edinburgh                          | M. A. Master of Arts                           |
| Edm. Edmund                              | Mad. Madam                                     |
| Edw. Edward                              | Mat. Matthew                                   |
| e. g. or ex. gr. for example             | Math. Mathematics                              |
| Eliz. Elizabeth                          | M. D. Doctor of Physic                         |
| Eng. England                             | Middx. Middlesex                               |
| Engr. Engineer                           | Mons. Monsieur                                 |
| Ep. Epistle                              | Mr. Master                                     |
| Esq. Esquire                             | Mrs. Mistress                                  |
| Ex. Example                              | M. S. Sacred to the Memory                     |
| Exon. Exeter                             | MS. Manuscript                                 |
| Expl. Explanation                        | MSS. Manuscripts                               |
| Exec. Executor                           | N. B. note, or mark well                       |
| Feb. February                            | N. S. New Stile                                |
| Fred. Frederick                          | Nov. November                                  |
| F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society     | Oct. October                                   |
| F. S. A. Fellow of the Antiq. Society    | O. S. Old Stile                                |
| Gab. Gabriel                             | Oxon. Oxford                                   |
| Gall. Gallon                             | Oz. Ounce                                      |
| Gen. General                             | P. M. Afternoon                                |
| Genmo. Generalissimo                     | P. S. Postscript                               |
| Gent. Gentleman                          | Q. D. as much as to say                        |
| Geo. George                              | Q. E. D. which was to be demonstrated          |
| Gov. Governor                            | Rev. Reverend                                  |
| Gr. Grains or Gross                      | S. Saint                                       |
| Greg. Gregory                            | S. T. P. Professor of Divinity                 |
| Hants. Hampshire                         | V. the Number 5                                |
| Hon. Honourable                          | W West                                         |
| Hond. Honoured                           | Wp. Worship                                    |
| I. in Number 1                           | Wpl. Worshipful                                |
| Ibid. in the same Place                  | X. in Number 10                                |
| Id. the same                             | Xt. Christ                                     |
| i. e. that is                            | Xtmas, Christmas                               |
| J. H. S. Jesus the Saviour of Men        | Yd. Yard                                       |
| Imp. Imperial                            | Yds. Yards                                     |
| Inst. Instant                            | & and                                          |
| Ja. James                                | &c. and so forth                               |



## PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY.

## A

~~~~~  
 Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—  
 ~~~~~

**A**, ā, an article used before a word in the singular, and beginning with a consonant, is a contraction of *an*, as in *a man, a tree*. Sometimes *a* is a contraction of *at*, *on*, or *in*, as in, *he is a hunting, she is abed, I saw him aboard that ship*. Sometimes *a* denotes proportion, as in, *he has 200 a year, that is 3. a yard*

**Aback**, ā-băk', *ad.* back, behind

**Abacus**, āb-ă-kūs, *s.* a counting table

**Abaft**, ā-băft', *ad.* from the forepart of the ship, towards the stern

**Abaisance**, ā-bă-sēns, *s.* a congee

**Abalienate**, āb āl-ī-ēn-ēt, *v. a.* to change property

**Abandon**, ā-băn' dón, *v. a.* to desert

**Abandoned**, ā băn' dónđ, *part.* deserted, wicked [low

**Abase**, ā-bă'se, *v. a.* to depress, to bring

**Abasement**, āb āse-mēnt, *s.* humiliation, depression

**Abash**, ā-băsh', *v. a.* to make ashamed

**Abate**, ā-bāte, *v. a.* to lessen.—*v. n.* to grow less

**Abb**, āb, *s.* yarn on a weaver's warp

**Abbacy**, āb' bă-sŷ, *s.* possessions or privileges of an abbot, an abbot's residence

**Abbess**, ā' bēs, *s.* a superior of a nunnery

**Abbey**, āb' bŷ, *s.* a monastery of religious persons [men

**Abbot**, āb' bót, *s.* chief of a convent of

**Abbreviate**, āb-brē-vyāte, *v. a.* to shorten

**Abbreviation**, āb-brēv-yā-shŷn, *s.* the act of shortening [abridges

**Abbreviator**, āb-brēv-yā-tór, *s.* one who

**Abbreviature**, āb brē-vyā-tŷre, *s.* mark

**Abdicate**, āb-dŷ-kāte, *v. a.* to give up right

**Abdication**, āb-dŷ-kā-shŷn, *s.* the act of abdicating [or implies an abdication

**Abdicative**, āb dŷk' ā tŷv, *a.* that causes

**Abdomen**, āb-dó-mēn, *s.* the lower part of the belly [the abdomen

**Abdominal**, āb-dóm'-ŷ-năl, *a.* relating to

**Abduce**, āb-dŷse, *v. a.* to separate

**Abducent**, āb-dŷ-sēnt, *a.* drawing or pulling back [ing back

**Abduction**, āb dŷk'-shŷn, *s.* act of draw-

**Abductor**, āb-dŷk'-tór, *s.* any muscle that contracts

**Abecedarian**, ā-bē-sē-dā-ryăn, *s.* person that teaches the alphabet

**Abecetary**, ā bē-sēd' ár-y, *a.* relating to the alphabet

**Abed**, ā-béd, *ad.* in bed [the right way

**Aberrant**, āb-ér-rént, *a.* wandering from

**Aberration**, āb-ér-rā shŷn, *s.* act of deviating from the common track

**Abet**, ā-bēt', *v. a.* to help [another

**Abettor**, ā bēt-tór, *s.* the encourager of

**Abeyance**, ā bā'y-ēns, *s.* expectation of a reversion

**Abhor**, āb-hór', *v. a.* to detest, to loathe

**Abhorrent**, āb-hór'-rént, *a.* inconsistent with, detesting

**Abide**, ā-bí'de, *v. n.* to dwell in a place

**Abject**, āb' dzhěkt, *a.* mean, servile

**Abject**, āb-dzhěkt', *v. a.* to throw away

**Abjection**, āb-dzhěk'-shŷn, *s.* servility, baseness

**Ability**, ā bŷl' ŷ tŷ, *s.* power, capacity

**Abintestate**, āb-ín-tēs-tēt, *a.* inheriting from one dying without a will

**Abjuration**, āb-dzhŷ rā-shŷn, *s.* renouncing with an oath [oath

**Abjure**, āb' dzhŷŷre, *v. a.* to retract upon

**Ablactate**, āb lăk'-tāte, *v. a.* to wean

**Ablactation**, āb-lăk tā-shŷn, *s.* the weaning of a child

**Ablaqueation**, āb lă-kwē-ā-shŷn, *s.* the act of laying bare the roots of trees

**Ablation**, āb-lā' shŷn, *s.* act of taking away

**Ablative**, āb lă-tŷv', *a.* that takes away, the sixth case of the Latin nouns

**Able**, ā-bl, *a.* capable to perform

**Able-bodied**, ābl bód' ŷd, *a.* strong of body

**Ablegate**, āb' lē-gāte, *v. a.* to send abroad upon some employment

B

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chŷne, fĭeld, shĭrt—

- Ablegation**, ăb-lē-gă-shŭn, *s.* a sending abroad [or body]
- Ableness**, ă-bl-nēs, *s.* strength of mind
- Ablepsy**, ă-blēp-sŷ, *s.* want of sight
- Ablocate**, ăb-lō kâte, *v. a.* to let out to hire [of cleaning]
- Abluent**, ăb-lŭ-ēnt, *a.* having the power
- Ablution**, ăb-lŭ-shŭn, *s.* act of cleansing
- Abnegate**, ăb-nē-gâte, *v. a.* to deny
- Abnegation**, ăb-nē-gă-shŭn, *s.* denial
- Aboard**, ă-bōrd, *ad.* in a ship
- Abode**, ă-bōde, *pret.* of abide.—*s.* habitation, dwelling [destroy]
- Abolish**, ă-bōl-ŷsh, *v. a.* to annul, to
- Abolition**, ăb-ō-lŷsh-ŭn, *s.* act of abolishing [able, horrible]
- Abominable**, ăb-ōm'-ŷn ăbl. *a.* detest-
- Abominate**, ă-bōm'-ŷn-âte, *v. a.* to abhor, detest, hate utterly [pollution]
- Abomination**, ă-bōm'-ŷn-ă-shŭn, *s.* hatred,
- Aborigines**, ăb-ō-rĭdzh'-ŷn-éz, *s.* original inhabitants of a country
- Abortion**, ăb-ō'r-shŭn, *s.* miscarriage
- Abortive**, ăb-ō'r-tĭv, *a.* unsuccessful, untimely
- Above**, ă-bōv', *prep.* higher in place, power, or excellence.—*ad.* over head, in the regions of Heaven
- Above-board**, ă-bōv'-bōrd, in open sight
- Abound**, ă-bōŭnd, *v. n.* to have in great plenty [circularly, nearly]
- About**, ă-bōŭt', *prep.* round, near to—*ad.*
- Abracadabra**, ăb-ră-kă-dă-bră, *s.* superstitious charm against agues [degrees]
- Abrade**, ăb-răde, *v. a.* to wear away by
- Abrasion**, ăb-ră-zhŭn, *s.* a rubbing off
- Abreast**, ă-brēst', *ad.* side by side
- Abridge**, ă-brĭdzh', *v. a.* to shorten
- Abridgement**, ăb-rĭdzh'-ment, *s.* a work abridged [run out]
- Abroach**, ă-brōtsh, *ad.* in a posture to
- Abroad**, ă-brăd', *ad.* in another country, without [annul]
- Abrogate**, ăb-rō-gâte, *v. a.* to repeal, to
- Abrogation**, ăb-rō-gă-shŭn, *s.* act of repealing
- Abrupt**, ăb-rŭp't, *a.* hasty, sudden
- Abruption**, ăb-rŭp'-shŭn, *s.* violent and sudden separation [body]
- Abscess**, ăb-sēs, *s.* morbid cavity in the
- Abscind**, ăb-sĭnd', *v. a.* to cut off
- Abscissa**, ăb-sĭs'-să, *s.* part of the diameter of a conic section [off]
- Abscission**, ăb-sĭsh-ŷn, *s.* act of cutting
- Abscond**, ăb-skōnd', *v. a.* to hide one's self [inattention]
- Absence**, ăb-sēns *s.* not being present,
- Absent**, ăb-sént, *a.* not present, inattentive
- Absent**, ăb-sĕnt', *v. a.* to withdraw
- Absentee**, ăb-sĕn-té', *s.* one who does not appear [pregnated with wormwood]
- Absinthiated**, ăb-sĭn'-thŷă-tĕd, *part.* im-
- Absist**, ăb-sĭst', *v. n.* to leave off, to desist
- Absolve**, ăb-zōlv', *v. a.* to pardon, forgive
- Absolute**, ăb-sō-lŭte, *a.* arbitrary
- Absolution**, ăb-sō-lŭ-shŭn, *s.* acquittal, forgiveness [solves]
- Absolutory**, ăb-sōl'-ŭ-tór-ŷ, *ad.* that ab-
- Absonant**, ăb-sō-nĕnt, *a.* absurd, contrary to reason
- Absorb**, ăb-sōrb', *v. a.* to suck up [up]
- Absorbent**, ăb-sōr-bĕnt, *s.* that which dries
- Absorpt**, ăb-sōrpt', *part.* swallowed up
- Absorption**, ăb-sōrp'-shŭn, *s.* the act of swallowing up [keep from]
- Abstain**, ăb-stă'ne, *v. n.* to forbear, to
- Abstemious**, ăb-stĕm'-yŭs, *a.* sober, abstinent [ing off]
- Abstention**, ăb-stĕn'-shŭn, *s.* act of holding
- Absterge**, ăb-stér'dzh, *v. a.* to cleanse by wiping [purify]
- Absterse**, ăb-stér's', *v. a.* to cleanse, to
- Absterion**, ăb-stér'-shŭn, *s.* act of cleansing [power of cleansing]
- Absterive**, ăb-stér'-sĭv, *a.* having the
- Abstinent**, ăb's-tĭ-nĕnt, *a.* temperate
- Abstract**, ăb'-străkt', *v. a.* to separate, reduce to an epitome [tome]
- Abstract**, ăb's-trăkt, *s.* abridgement, epitome
- Abstracted**, ăb-străk'-tĕd, *part.* separated, refined [stracting, absence of thought]
- Abstraction**, ăb-străk'-shŭn, *s.* act of abstracting
- Abstractive**, ăb-străk'-tĭv, *a.* having the power of abstracting
- Abstruse**, ăb-s'trŭs, *a.* hidden, difficult
- Abstrusity**, ăb-strŭs'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* abstruseness
- Absume**, ăb-sŭ'mĕ, *v. a.* to waste gradually
- Absurd**, ăb-sŭrd', *a.* contrary to reason
- Absurdity**, ăb-sŭr'-dŷ-tŷ, *s.* inconsistency
- Abundance**, ăb-ŭnd'-ĕns, *s.* great plenty
- Abundant**, ăb-ŭn'-dĕnt, *a.* plentiful, fully stored [with rudeness]
- Abuse**, ăb-bŭ'se, *v. a.* to deceive, to treat
- Abuse**, ăb-bŭ'se, *s.* ill treatment
- Abusive**, ăb-bŭ'-sĭv, *a.* containing abuse, deceitful [terminate]
- Abut**, ă-bŭt', *v. n.* to border upon, to
- Abutment**, ăbŭt mĕnt, *s.* which joins to something
- Abyss**, ă-bĭs', *s.* great depth, gulph
- Acacia**, ă-kă-sh-yă, *s.* an Egyptian drug
- Academician**, ăk-ă-dĕ-myăn, *s.* a scholar of an academy



shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Academic, ʔk-ʔdēm'-ʔk, *a.* relating to an university—*s.* student of an university

Academician, ʔk-ʔ-dē-mísh'-ʔn, *s.* member of an academy

Academy, ʔk-ʔd'-é-mý, *s.* a school wherein the liberal arts and sciences are taught [brech

Acanthus, ʔk-ʔn'-thús, *s.* the herb bear's

Accede, ʔk-sé'de, *v. n.* to be added to, to come to

Accelerate, ʔk-sél'-ér-áte, *v. n.* to hasten

Acceleration, ʔk-sél'-ér-ā-shūn, *s.* act of quickening motion [fire

Accend, ʔk-sēnd', *v. a.* to kindle, set on

Accension, ʔk-sēn'-shūn, *s.* act of kindling

Accent, ʔk'-sēnt, *s.* a mark upon syllables, modification of the voice

Accent, ʔk-sēnt', *v. a.* to note the accent

Accentuate, ʔk-sēn'-tù-áte, *v. a.* to place the accent properly

Accertuation, ʔk-sēn-tù-ā'-shūn, *s.* act of placing the accent

Accept, ʔk-sēpt', *v. a.* to take, to receive

Acceptability, ʔk-sēp-tā-bíl'-ý-tý, *s.* quality of being acceptable [agreeable

Acceptable, ʔk-sēp-tā-b'l, *a.* pleasing,

Acceptance, ʔk-sēp'-tánee, *s.* admission, reception

Acceptation, ʔk-sēp-tā'-shūn, *s.* a reception, the meaning of a word

Access, ʔk'-sēs, *s.* admittance to a person or place

Accessory, ʔk-sēs-sár'-ý, *s.* he who is not the chief agent in a crime but contributes to it.—*a.* additional, helping forward [approached

Accessible, ʔk-sēs-sýbl, *a.* that may be

Accession, ʔk-sēshūn, *s.* the act of arriving at [adding to

Accessory, ʔk'-sēs-sör'-ý, *a.* joining or

Accidence, ʔk'-s-déns, *s.* the first rudiments of grammar

Accident, ʔk'-sý-dēnt, *s.* property of a word, what happens unforeseen

Accidental, ʔk-sý-dēntál, *s.* property nonessential—*a.* nonessential, casual, fortuitous

Accipient, ʔk-sýp-yēnt, *s.* a receiver

Accite, ʔk-sý'te, *v. a.* to call, summons

Acclaim, ʔk-klá'me, *s.* a shout of praise

Acclamation, ʔk-klá-mā'-shūn, *s.* applause

Acclivity, ʔk-klí'-ý-tý, *s.* ascent of a hill

Acclivous, ʔk-klí-vús, *a.* rising with a slope

Accloy, ʔk-klóý', *v. n.* to satiate [hurry

Accoil, ʔk-kóil', *v. n.* to bustle about, to

Accolent, ʔk-kó-lēnt, *s.* a borderer

Accommodate, ʔk-kóm'-mō-dáte, *v. a.* to supply with conveniences of any kind [able, fit

Accommodate, ʔk-kóm'-mō-dét, *a.* suit

Accommodation, ʔk-kóm'-mō-dā-shūn, *s.* provision of convenience, reconciliation, adjustment [musical addition

Accompaniment, ʔk-kúm-pā-ný'-mēat, *s.*

Accompany, ʔk-kúm'-pā-ný, *v. a.* to join, or go with

Accomplice, ʔk-kóm'-plís, *s.* an associate

Accomplish, ʔk-kóm'-plísh, *v. a.* to execute fully [completed, elegant

Accomplished, ʔk-kóm'-plísh-ēd, *part.*

Accomplishment, ʔk-kóm'-plísh-mēnt, *s.* completion [skilled in reckoning

Accomptant, ʔk-kóūn-tént, *s.* a person

Accord, ʔk-kórd, *v. a.* to agree, to adjust—*v. n.* to agree with [pact

Accord, ʔk-kórd, *s.* an agreement, com-

Accordance, ʔk-kórd-déns, *s.* agreement, conformity [good humour

Accordant, ʔk-kórd-dént, *a.* willing, in

According, ʔk-kórd-ding, *part. a.* in a

manner suitable or agreeable to

Accost, ʔk-kóst, *v. a.* to address, salute

Account, ʔk-kó'unt, *s.* a computation of debts, or expences, a narrative.—

*v. a.* to esteem, reckon, compute

Accountable, ʔk-kó'unt-ébl, *a.* liable to give an account

Accountant, *see* Accomptant

Accounting, ʔk-kó'unt-ing, *s.* act of making up accounts [together

Accouple, ʔk-kóp'l, *v. a.* to join, to link

Accoutre, ʔk-kó-tér, *v. a.* to dress, equip

Accoutrement, ʔk-kó-tér-mēnt, *s.* equipage of soldiers [growing to another

Accretion, ʔk-kré'-shūn, *s.* the act of

Accretive, ʔk-kré-tív, *a.* growing, that which by growth is added

Accrue, ʔk-krū, *v. n.* to arise from

Accubation, ʔk-kú-bā'-shūn, *s.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals

Accumb, ʔk-kúmb', *v. a.* to lean at table

Accumulate, ʔk-kú-mû-láte, *v. a.* to heap together [of accumulating

Accumulation, ʔk-kú-mû-lā'-shūn, *s.* act

Accumulative, ʔk-kú-mû-lā-tív, *a.* that which increases [who accumulates

Accumulator, ʔk-kú-mû-lā-tór, *s.* he

Accuracy, ʔk-kúr-ʔ-sý, *s.* exactness, nicety

Accurate, ʔk-kúr-ét, *a.* exact

Accurse, ʔk-kúr's, *v. a.* to doom to misery

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chĭn, chine, field, shĭrt—

Accursed, ăk kúr sĕd, *part.* doomed to misery, execrable, hateful [charge  
Accusation, ăk kú ză' shŭn, *s.* a criminal  
Accusative, ăk kú-ză tĭv, *a.* the fourth case of a noun in Latin  
Accusatory, ăk kú ză-tór-y, *a.* containing an accusation [censure  
Accuse, ăk kú's, *v. a.* impeach, blame,  
Accuser, ăk kú-zer, *s.* one who brings a charge against another [tuatē  
Accustom, ăk-kús-tóm, *v. a.* to habituate  
Accustomary, ăk-kús' tóm-ăr-y, *a.* usual, practised [to custom, frequent, usual  
Accustomed, ăk kús-tóm-d, *a.* according  
Ace, ă'se, *s.* single point on cards, a small quantity [head  
Acephalous, ă-sĕf'-ăl-ús, *a.* without a  
Acerb, ă-ser'b, *a.* bitter, sour, severe  
Acerbity, ă-sĕr'-bĭ tĭy, *s.* rough sour taste, sharpness of temper  
Acervate, ă-ser vâte, *v. a.* to heap up  
Acervation, ă-sĕr-vă-shŭn, *s.* a heaping together [ness  
Acessent, ă sĕs'-sĕnt, *a.* tending to sour  
Acetose, ă-sĕ-tōse, *a.* having a sour quality  
Acetous, ă sĕ-tús, *s.* sour, acid  
Ache, ă'ke, *s.* continued pain.—*v. n.* to be in continued pain  
Achieve, ăt-tshĭve, *v. a.* to perform  
Achievement, ăt tshĭve'-ment, *s.* a performance, an escutcheon  
Achor, ă-kór, *s.* a species of the herpes  
Acid, ăs'ĭd, *a.* sour, sharp, biting  
Acidity, ăs ĭd'ĭ-tĭy, *s.* sharpness, sourness  
Acidule, ăs-ĭd' ŭ-lĕ, *s.* medicinal springs impregnated with sharp particles  
Acidulate, ăs-ĭd' ŭ-lâte, *v. a.* to make sour in a slight degree  
Acknowledge, ăk nŏl' ědzh, *v. a.* to confess, to be grateful  
Acknowledging, ăk-nŏl' ědzh-ĭng, *a.* grateful, confessing [confession  
Acknowledgment, ăk nŏl-ědzh-mĕnt, *s.*  
Acme, ăk' mĕ, *s.* height of any thing, crisis  
Acolythist, ă-kŏl' ŭ-thĭst, *s.* one of the lowest order in the Romish church  
Aconite, ăk' ō nĭte, *s.* herb wolf's-bane, poison in general [the oak  
Acorn, ă' kŏrn, *s.* the seed or fruit of  
Acoustics, ă kŏŭ's-tĭks, *s.* doctrine or theory of sounds, medicines to help the hearing [known, to inform  
Acquaint, ăk-kwă'nt, *v. a.* to make  
Acquaintance, ăk kwă'n tĕns, *s.* familiarity, fellowship, a person with whom we associate

Acquainted, ăk-kwă'n-tĕd, *a.* familiar, well known  
Acquest, ăk kwĕst', *s.* a thing gained  
Acquiesce, ăk kwĭ-ĕs, *v. n.* to yield, comply  
Acquiescence, ăk kwĭ-ĕs-sĕns, *s.* submission, content [labour or power  
Acquire, ăk kwĭ-re, *v. a.* to gain by one's  
Acquisition, ăk kwĭ-zĭsh'-ŭn, *s.* a thing gained  
Acquisitive, ăk kwĭz'-ĭ tĭv, *a.* gained  
Acquit, ăk kwĭt', *v. a.* to set free or discharge, clear from guilt or obligation  
Acquittal, ăk kwĭt' tál, *s.* deliverance from an offence [a receipt for a debt  
Acquittance, ăk-kwĭt' tĕns, *s.* a release  
Acre, ă-kér, *a.* quantity of land forty perches long and four broad, or 4340 square yards  
Acrid, ăk' řĭd, *a.* of a hot biting taste  
Acrimonious, ăk-rĭ mŏ-nyús, *a.* sharp, corrosive [corrosiveness  
Acrimony, ăk-rĭ-mŏn-y, *s.* sharpness  
Acritude, ăk-rĭ-tŭde, *s.* acrid taste  
Acroamatical, ăk-rŏ-ă-măt'-ăk-ăl, *a.* pertaining to deep learning  
Across, ă-křŏ's, *ad.* athwart, crosswise  
Acrostic, ă křŏ's-tĭk, *s.* poem in which the first letter in every line being taken makes up a name  
Act, ăkt', *v. n.* to be in action, not to rest.—*v. a.* to imitate.—*s.* deed, exploit, uninterrupted part of a play, a decree of Parliament  
Action, ăk'-shŭn, *s.* thing done, gesticulation, suit at law, a battle [by law  
Actionable, ăk'-shŭn ábl, *a.* punishable  
Actionary, ăk'-shŭn-ăr-y, *s.* one that holds public stock  
Active, ăk'-tĭv, *a.* busy, nimble, quick  
Activeness, ăk'-tĭv nĕs, *s.* nimbleness, liveliness  
Activity, ăk tĭv'-ĭ-tĭy, *s.* nimbleness  
Actor, ăk'-tŏr, *s.* one that performs  
Actress, ăk'-trĕs, *s.* a female actor  
Actual, ăk' tŭ-ăl, *a.* real, certain  
Actuary, ăk'-tŭ-ăr-y, *s.* a register or clerk of a court  
Actuate, ăk'-tŭ-âte, *v. n.* to put in action  
Acuate, ăk'-ŭ-âte, *v. a.* to sharpen  
Aculeate, ă-kŭ'-lyet, *a.* having a sharp point [*ratively*, quickness of intellects  
Acumen, ă-kŭ'-mĕn, *s.* a sharp point, *figu-*  
Acuminated, ă-kŭ'-mĭn-ă-tĕd, *part.* ending in a point  
Acute, ă-kŭ-te, *a.* sharp, keen  
Acuteness, ăk'-ŭte-nĕs, *s.* sagacity, sharpness

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Adacted, ă-dăk'-tēd, *part.* driven by force

Adage, ăd'-ēdz, *s.* a maxim, a proverb

Adagio, ă-dă'-dzhō, *s.* in music a term for slow time [loadstone

Adamant, ăd'-ă măn't, *s.* the diamond,

Adamantean, ăd-ă măn'-tē'ăn, *s.* hard as adamant (or like adamant

Adamantine, ăd ă măn'-tīn, *a.* made of

Adapt, ă-dăp't, *v. a.* to fit, to suit

Adaptation, ăd-ăp-tă'-shūn, *s.* the act of fitting

Add, ăd', *v. a.* to join to, to increase

Addecimate, ăd-dēs'-īm-āte, *v. a.* to take or ascertain tithes [count

Adder, ăd-dē'me, *v. a.* to esteem, ac-

Adder, ăd'-dēr, *s.* a serpent, a viper

Adder's-grass, ăd'-dēr-z grās, *s.* a plant

Adder's-tongue, ăd'-dēr-z-tōng, *s.* an herb

Adder's-wort, ăd'-dēr-z-würt, *s.* an herb

Addible, ăd'-dībl, *a.* that which may be added [dicate

Addict, ăd-dīkt', *v. a.* to devote, to de-

Additament, ăd'-dī-tă-mēnt', *s.* addition, the thing added

Addition, ăd dīsh'-ūn, *s.* the act of adding one thing to another, thing added

Additional, ăd-dīsh'-ūn-ăl, *a.* that is added

Addle, ăd'l, *a.* barren, empty, originally applied to eggs, and signifying such as produce nothing

Addle-pated, ăd'l pā-tēd, *a.* empty-headed, weak

Address, ăd-drēs', *v. a.* to prepare one's self to enter upon any action, to apply to another by words.—*s.* a verbal application, courtship, manner of addressing another, skill, dexterity

Adduce, ăd-dū's, *v. a.* to bring in, allege

Adducent, ăd-dū'sēnt, *a.* any muscle that contracts

Addulce, ăd-dūl's, *v. a.* to sweeten

Ademption, ă-dēmp'-shūn, *s.* a privation

Adenography, ăd-ē-nōg'-grăf-ŷ, *s.* a treatise of the glands [in his art

Adept, ăd-ēpt', *s.* a person well versed

Adequate, ăd'-ē-kwát, *a.* equal to, proportionate

Adfected, ăd-fēk'-tēd, *a.* compounded

Adhere, ăd-hē're, *v. n.* to stick to, to remain fixed to a party or opinion

Adherence, ăd-hēr'-ēns, *s.* attachment

Adherent, ăd hēr'-rēnt, *a.* sticking to, united with.—*s.* a follower, a partisan

Adhesion, ăd-hē'-shūn, *s.* act or state of sticking to

Adhesive, ăd-hē'-sīv, *s.* sticking to, tenacious [make use of

Adhibit, ăd-hīb'-īt, *v. a.* to apply to, to

Adhibition, ăd-hīb'-īsh'-ūn, *s.* application, use

Adjacent, ăd-dzhā'-sēnt, *a.* laying close to, bordering upon something.—*s.* that which lies next another

Adiaphorous, ă-dī-ăf'-ō-rūs, *a.* neutral

Adiaphory, ă-dī-ăf'-ō-rŷ, *s.* neutrality, indifference [put to

Adject, ăd-dzhēct', *v. a.* to add to, to

Adjection, ăd-dzhēk'-shūn, *s.* the act of adding [ed, thrown in

Adjectitious, ăd'-dzhēk'-tīsh'ūs, *a.* add-

Adjective, ăd'-dzhēk'-tīv, *s.* a word added to a noun to denote its quality, as *good, bad, &c.*

Adieu, ă-dū', *ad.* farewell

Adjoin, ăd-dzhōj'n, *v. a.* to join or unite

Adjourn, ăd-dzhūr'n, *v. a.* to put off, to postpone [ting off

Adjournment, ăd-dzhūr'n-mēnt, *s.* a put-

Adipose, ăd'-ī-pōse, *a.* fat, greasy

Adit, ăd'-īt, *s.* a passage underground

Adjudge, ăd-dzhūdz', *v. a.* to sentence

to a punishment, to judge, to decree

Adjudicate, ăd-dzhū-dīk-āte, *v. a.* to determine by law

Adjugate, ăd'-zhū gāte, *v. a.* to yoke to

Adjunct, ăd'-dzhūngkt, *s.* something adherent to another

Adjunction, ăd-dzhūngk'-shūn, *s.* act of joining, thing joined

Adjuration, ăd-zhū-rā'-shūn, *s.* the tendering or taking of an oath, form of oath proposed

Adjure, ăd-zhū're, *v. a.* to tender an oath and prescribe the form

Adjust, ăd dzhūt', *v. a.* to regulate, put in order, settle [an artificial fountain

Adjutage, ăd'-zdū-tădz, *s.* spout fitted to

Adjutant, ăd'-zhū-tánt, *s.* military officer who assists the major

Adjute, ăd-dzhūt', *v. a.* to help, concur

Adjutor, ăd-dzhū-tór, *s.* a helper [ful

Adjuvant, ăd-dzhū'-vánt, *a.* helpful, use-

Adjuvate, ăd'-zhū-vāte, *v. a.* to help, to further [by generals to their armies

Adlocution, ădlō-kū'-shūn, *s.* speech made

Admeasure, ăd-mēzh'-ūr, *v. a.* to measure by rule

Admeasurement, ăd-mēzh-ūr'-mēnt, *s.* measuring by a standard

Admensuration, ăd-mēn-sūr-ă'-shūn, *s.* the act of measuring to each his par'

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shírt—

- Administer, ăd-mĭn'-is-tér, *v. a.* to act as minister or agent, to officiate
- Administration, ăd-mĭn'-is-tră-shŭn, *s.* the act of administering
- Administrative, ăd-mĭn'-is tră-tĭv, *a.* that which administers
- Administrator, ăd-mĭn'-is-tră-tór, *s.* he that administers in consequence of a will, that officiates in divine rites
- Administratrix, ăd-mĭn'-is-tră-triks, *s.* a female administrator
- Admirable, ăd-mĭr-ăbl, *a.* to be admired
- Admiral, ăd-mĭ-răl, *s.* principal sea officer
- Admiralty, ăd-mĭ-răl tŭ, *s.* the supreme office for the superintendence of naval affairs [admiring, wonder]
- Admiration, ăd mĭ-ră-shŭn, *s.* the act of
- Admire, ăd mĭ're, *v. a.* to regard with wonder, to esteem [may be admitted]
- Admissible, ăd-mĭs-sĭbl, *a.* that which
- Admission, ăd-mĭ-shŭn, *s.* the act of admitting, allowance of an argument
- Admit, ăd mĭt', *v. a.* to let in, to grant, to allow an argument or position
- Admittance, ăd-mĭt'-téns, *s.* a power of entering, act of entering
- Admix, ăd-mĭks', *v. a.* to mingle with
- Admixture, ăd-mĭks'-tŭshŭn, *s.* union of one body with another [mixed]
- Admixture, ăd-raĭks'-tŭre, *s.* the bodies
- Admonish, ăd-mŏn'-ĭsh, *v. a.* to reprove gently, to caution [counsel]
- Admonition, ăd-mŏn'-nĭ-shŭn, *s.* advice,
- Admonitory, ăd mŏn'-ĭ-tŏr-ĭ, *a.* that admonishes
- Adnoun, ăd-nŏŭn, *s.* an adjective
- Ado, ă-dŏ', *s.* trouble, bustle, tumult
- Adolescence, ă-dŏl' ěs-sěns, *s.* the prime of youth
- Adopt, ă-dŏpt', *v. a.* to take a child by choice and make it one's own though not so by birth, to embrace any particular method or manner [of adopting]
- Adoption, ă-dŏp'-shŭn, *s.* the act or state
- Adorable, ăd-ŏ-ră-b'l, *a.* worthy of adoration [mage paid to the divinity]
- Adoration, ăd-ŏ-ră-shŭn, *s.* worship, ho-
- Adore, ă-dŏ're, *v. a.* to worship
- Adorn, ă-dŏrn, *v. a.* to dress, to decorate
- Adorning, ăd-dŏrn'-ĭng, *s.* ornament, embellishment [the ground]
- Adown, ă-dŏw'n, *prep.* down, towards
- Adrift, ă-drĭft', *ad.* floating at random
- Adroit, ă-drŏĭt', *a.* active, skilful
- Adry, ă-drĭ, *ad.* athirst, thirsty
- Adscititious, ăd-sĭ-tĭsh'-us, *a.* borrowed, added
- Adstriction, ăd-strĭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of binding together
- Advance, ăd-văns, *v. a.* to bring forward, prefer.—*v. n.* to come forward, make improvement.—*s.* the act of coming forward, progression, improvement [ment, improvement]
- Advancement, ăd-văns'-měnt, *s.* prefer-
- Advantage, ăd-văn'-tědzh, *s.* superiority, opportunity, gain.—*v. a.* to benefit, to promote, to bring forward
- Advantageous, ăd-văn'-tă-dzhŭs, *a.* profitable, useful [to]
- Advene, ăd-věne, *v. n.* to be superadded
- Advenient, ăd-věn'-yěnt, *a.* superadded
- Advent, ăd-věnt, *s.* the four weeks before Christmas; it means the coming, that is, the coming of our Saviour
- Adventitious, ăd-věn'-tĭsh'-us, *a.* accidental, casual, extrinsically added
- Adventual, ăd-věn'-tŭ-ăl, *a.* relating to the season of Advent
- Adventure, ăd-věn'-tŭre, *s.* accident, chance, hazard.—*v. n.* to try the chance, to dare
- Adventurer, ăd-věn'-tŭr-ér, *s.* one who adventures or hazards
- Adventurous, ăd-věn'-tŭr-ŭs, *a.* daring, courageous, dangerous
- Adventuresome, ăd věn'-tŭr-sŏm, *a.* daring, courageous
- Adverb, ăd-věrb, *s.* a word joined to a verb or adjective to denote the manner, time, &c. of an action
- Adverbial, ăd-věr'b-yăl, *a.* having the quality of an adverb
- Adversable, ăd-věr'-sěbl, *a.* contrary to
- Adversaria, ăd-věr'-să-ryă, *s.* a common place book [antagonist, enemy]
- Adversary, ăd-věr-săr ŷ, *s.* an opponent,
- Adverse, ăd-věrs, *a.* contrary, calamitous
- Adversity, ăd-věr'-sĭ-tĭ, *s.* calamity, misfortune [regard, to heed]
- Advert, ăd-věrt', *v. n.* to attend to, to
- Advertency, ăd-věr-těn-sĭ, *s.* attention, heedfulness [heedful]
- Advertent, ăd-věr'-těnt, *a.* attentive,
- Advertise, ăd-věr-tĭze, *v. a.* to inform, to give public notice
- Advertisement, ăd-věr-tĭz'-měnt, *s.* information, notice [notice]
- Advertising, ăd-věr-tĭ-zĭng, *a.* giving
- Advice, ăd-vĭse, *s.* counsel, instruction, notice [what is best]
- Advisable, ăd-vĭz'-ăbl, *a.* prudent,
- Advise, ăd-vĭze, *v. a.* to counsel, to inform,—*v. n.* to consult, to consider



shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Advised, ăd-vî-zěd, *part.* acting with deliberation, prudent [compliment  
Adulation, ăd-ŭ-lă-shŭn, *s.* flattery, high  
Adulator, ăd-ŭ-lă-tór, *s.* flatterer.

Adulatory, ăd-ŭ-lă-tór-ý, *a.* flattering  
Adult, ă-dŭlt', *a.* grown up, past the age of infancy—*s.* a person above the age of infancy.

Adulterate, ă-dŭl-tér-ăte, *v. a.* to commit adultery, corrupt by foreign admixture  
Adulterate, ă-dŭl-tér-ăt, *a.* tainted with the guilt of adultery, corrupted with foreign admixture

Adulteration, ă-dŭl-tér-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of corrupting by mixture

Adulterer, ă-dŭl-ter-ēr, *s.* a man guilty of adultery [guilty of adultery

Adulteress, ă-dŭl-tér-ēs, *s.* a woman  
Adulterous, ă-dŭl-tér-ús, *a.* guilty of adultery [tainting the marriage bed

Adultery, ă dŭl-tér-ý, *s.* the act of violation  
Adumbrate, ăd ŭm-brăte, *v. a.* to shadow out faintly [sketch

Adumbration, ăd ŭm-bră-shŭn, *s.* a faint  
Adunation, ăd-ŭ-nă-shŭn, *s.* state of being united, union

Advocate, ăd-vō-kăte, *s.* a pleader in a court of judicature, a vindicator

Advocation, ăd-vō-kă-shŭn, *s.* the act of pleading, plea, apology

Advowson, ăd vōw-zōn, *s.* right to present to a benefice

Adure, ă-dŭ're, Adust, ăd-ŭst, *v. n.* to burn up [ed

Adusted, ăd-ŭs'těd, *a.* burnt up, scorched  
Adustible, ăd-ŭst'ible, *a.* that may be burnt up [burning or drying

Adustion, ăd ŭs'-tshŭn, *s.* the act of  
Adz, ădz', *s.* a sort of ax

Æra, ē-ră, *s.* a date of time  
Aerated, ă-ē-ră-těd, *a.* impregnated with air or aerial acid

Aerial, ă-ē-ryăl, *a.* belonging to the air  
Aerology, ă-ēr-ŭl'-ŭ-dzhŭ, *s.* doctrine of the air [divining by the air

Aeromancy, ă-ēr-ŭ măn'sý, *s.* the art of  
Aerometry, ă-ēr-ŭm'-ē-trŭ, *s.* the art of measuring the air [through the air

Aeronaut, ă-ēr ŭ-năt, *s.* one who sails  
Aerосcopy, ă-ēr-ŭs'-kŭpý, *s.* the observation of the air [to aerostation

Aerostatic, ă-ēr-ŭ-stăt'ík, *a.* belonging  
Aerostation, ă-ēr-ŭ-stă-shŭn, *s.* a passing through the air in balloons

Afar, ă-fă'r, *a.* a great distance  
Affability, ăf-fă-bil'itŭ, *s.* easiness of manners

Affable, ăf-fěbl, *a.* civil, complaisant  
Affair, ăf-fă're, *s.* business, thing to be managed or transacted.

Affect, ăf-fěkt', *s.* affection, passion—*v. a.* to influence the passions, to assume [appearance

Affectation, ăf-fěk-tă-shŭn, *s.* artificial  
Affected, ăf-fěk-těd, *part.* moved, affected

Affection, ăf-fěk'-shŭn, *s.* love, kindness  
Affectionate, ăf-fěk'-shŭn-ět, *a.* zealous, fond, tender [ed

Affectioned, ăf-fěk'-shŭn-ěd, *a.* conceited  
Affective, ăf-fěk'-tŭv, *a.* that which affects  
Affiance, ăf-fŭ-ăns, *s.* marriage contract, trust, hope—*v. a.* to confide in

Affianced, ăf-fŭ-ăns'-ěd, *prep.* betrothed  
Athdavit, ăf-fŭ-dă-vŭt, *s.* declaration on oath

Affiliation, ăf-fŭl-yă-shŭn, *s.* adoption  
Affinage, ăf-fŭ-nědzh, *s.* the act of refining metals

Affinity, ăf-fŭ-nŭ-tŭ, *s.* relation by marriage, relation to, connection with

Affirm, ăf-fŭrm', *v. n.* to declare, assert confidently—*v. a.* to ratify or approve

Affirmance, ăf-fŭrm-ěns, *s.* a confirmation  
Affirmation, ăf-fŭrm-ă-shŭn, *s.* confirmation, declaration [or declares

Affirmative, ăf-fŭrm'-ă-tŭv, *a.* that affirms  
Affix, ăf-fiks', *v. a.* to subjoin, fasten to

Affilation, ăf-fŭ-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of beathing upon

Afflict, ăf-fŭkt', *v. a.* to grieve, torment  
Afflicted, ăf-fŭk'těd, *part.* sorrowful, tormented

Affliction, ăf-fŭk'-shŭn, *s.* calamity, grief  
Afflictive, ăf-fŭk'-tŭv, *a.* painful, tormenting

Affluence, ăf-fŭ-ěns, *s.* plenty, wealth  
Affluent, ăf-fŭ-ěnt, *a.* abundant, wealthy

Afflux, ăf-fŭks, Affluxion, ăf-fŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of flowing, what flows to another place

Afford, ăf-fŭrd, *v. a.* to produce, grant, to be able to bear certain expences

Afforest, ăf-fŭr-ŭst, *v. a.* to turn ground into forest [free

Affranchise, ăf-frăn'-tchŭz, *v. a.* to make  
Affray, ăf-fră', *v. a.* to fright, to terrify—*s.* great tumult, quarrel

Affright, ăf-frŭte, *v. a.* to alarm, to terrify—*s.* terror, fear

Affront, ăf-frŭnt', *v. a.* to provoke, to insult, to offend—*s.* an insult, an act of contempt [the quality of affronting

Affronting, ăf-frŭnt'ŭng, *part. a.* that has



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chine, fïeld, shÿrt—

- Affuse**, ă-fû'ze, *v. a.* to pour one thing on another [fusing]  
**Affusion**, ă-fû'-zhÿn, *s.* the act of affusing  
**Afield**, ă-feld, *ad.* to, or in the field, abroad  
**Afloat**, ă-flô'te, *ad.* floating  
**Afoot**, ă-fû't', *ad.* on foot, in action  
**Afore**, ă-fô're, *prep.* before, sooner in time [fitted or prepared]  
**Aforehand**, ă-fô're-hând, *ad.* previously  
**Aforesaid**, ă-fô're-săd, *a.* said before  
**Aforetime**, ă-fô're-time, *ad.* in time past [terrified]  
**Afraid**, ă-frăde, *a.* struck with fear  
**Afresh**, ă-frësh', *ad.* anew, over again  
**Aft**, ăft', or **Abaft**, ă băft, *ad.* the hinder part or stern of a ship  
**After**, ăf-tér, *prep.* behind, *ad.* following another [crop of grass]  
**Aftermath**, ăf-tér-măth, *s.* the second  
**Afternoon**, ăf-tér-nô'n, *s.* the time from noon to evening [birth]  
**Afterpains**, ăf-tér-pănz, *s.* pains after  
**Afterpart**, ăf-tér-părt, *s.* the latter part  
**Afterthought**, ăf-tér-thăt, *s.* a reflection after the act, an expedient formed too late [ing time]  
**Afterward**, ăf-tér-wărd, *ad.* in succeed-  
**Aga**, ăgă, *s.* the title of a Turkish military officer of rank  
**Again**, ăgên', *ad.* a second time, once more, in return, on the other hand  
**Against**, ă-gênst', *prep.* contrary, opposite [ness]  
**Agape**, ă găp', *ad.* staring with eager-  
**Agast**, ăgăst', *a.* struck with terror or amazement [the lowest class]  
**Agate**, ăg-ăt, *s.* a precious stone of  
**Age**, ădzh, *s.* any period of time in which any particular man or race of men lived, space of a hundred years, latter part of life, state of being no longer a minor  
**Aged**, ă-dzh ăd, *a.* old, stricken in years [an agent]  
**Agency**, ădzh-ên-sÿ, *s.* business of  
**Agent**, ă-dzhënt, *a.* acting upon, active—*s.* a substitute, a deputy, a factor [cretion of ice]  
**Aggelation**, ăg-dzhê-lă-shÿn, *s.* a con-  
**Aggeneration**, ăg-dzhên-ér-ă-shÿn, *s.* the act of growing to another body  
**Agglomerate**, ăg-glôm'ér-ăte, *v. a.* to gather up in a ball  
**Agglutinate**, ăg-glû'-tÿn-ăte, *v. n.* to unite together [union, a cohesion]  
**Agglutination**, ăg-glû'-tÿn-ă-shÿn, *s.* an
- Aggrandize**, ăg-grăn-dize, *v. a.* to make great, to enlarge, to exalt  
**Aggravate**, ăg-gră-văte, *v. a.* to make worse, to provoke  
**Aggravation**, ăg-gră-vă-shÿn, *s.* a provocation, an exciting to anger  
**Aggregate**, ăg-grê-gët, *a.* framed by the collection of sundry parts into one mass—*s.* the sum or whole of many particulars [heap together]  
**Aggregate**, ăg-grê-găte, *v. a.* to add or  
**Aggregation**, ăg-grê-gă-shÿn, *s.* the state of being collected  
**Aggress**, ăg-grês', *v. n.* to assault or injure first  
**Aggression**, ăg-grësh'-ÿn, *s.* the commencing a quarrel [assaults]  
**Aggressor**, ăg-grês'-sôr, *s.* one who first  
**Aggrieve**, ăg-grÿ've, *v. a.* to give sorrow, to vex, to harass [one view]  
**Aggroup**, ăg-grôp, *v. a.* to bring into  
**Aghast**, ăg-ăst, *a.* struck with horror  
**Agile**, ădzh'-ÿl, *a.* nimble, active  
**Agility**, ă-dzhÿl'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* nimbleness  
**Agio**, ă-dzh-ÿ-ô, *s.* the difference of exchange [to feed per week or month]  
**Agist**, ă dzhÿst', *v. a.* to take in cattle  
**Agistment**, ă dzhÿst'-mënt, *s.* herbage of cattle, money paid for pasturing  
**Agitate**, ăd'zhÿt-ăte, *v. a.* to put in motion, to move, to discuss  
**Agitation**, ăd-zhÿt-ă-shÿn, *s.* the act of moving, a discussion, a perturbation of mind [the same father]  
**Agnation**, ăg-nă-shÿn, *s.* descent by  
**Agnition**, ăg-nÿsh'-ÿn, *s.* acknowledgment [own]  
**Agnize**, ăg-nÿ'ze, *v. a.* to confess, to  
**Agnus castus**, ăg-nÿs-căs tÿs, *s.* the chaste tree  
**Ago**, ă-gô', *ad.* past, long since  
**Agog**, ă gôg', *ad.* in a state of longing  
**Agoin**, ă-gô'-ÿng, *a.* in action  
**Agonistes**, ăg-ô-nÿs'-tês, *s.* a prize-fighter  
**Agonize**, ăg-ô-nÿze, *v. n.* to be in excessive pain  
**Agony**, ăg-ô-nÿ, *s.* the pangs of death, a violent pain of body or mind  
**Agrarian**, ă-gră-ryăn, *a.* relating to fields or grounds  
**Agree**, ă-grê', *v. n.* to be in concord, to be of the same opinion—*v. a.* to reconcile [pleasing]  
**Agreeable**, ă-grê-ăb'l, *a.* consistent with,  
**Agreed**, ă-grê'd, *part.* settled by mutual consent [mony, bargain]  
**Agreement**, ă-grê'-mënt, *s.* concord, har-

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hat, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Agrestic**, ă-grēs-tîk', *a.* rustic, clownish, unpolished [ing to agriculture]  
**Agricultural**, ăg-rŷ-kûl' tu-răl, *a.* relat-  
**Agriculture**, ăg'-rŷ-cûl'-tûre, *s.* tillage, husbandry  
**Agrimony**, ăg'-rŷ-môn-ŷ, *s.* a plant  
**Aground**, ă-grôûnd, *ad.* stranded  
**Ague**, ă-gû, *s.* an intermitting fever  
**Ah, ă', int.** denoting dislike, compas-  
 sion, or complaint  
**Aha, ă-hă', int.** a word intimating tri-  
 umph and contempt  
**Ahead**, ă-hěd', *ad.* furthest on  
**Aid, ă'de, v. a.** to help, to support, to  
 succour—*s.* help, support, subsidy  
**Aidant**, ă-dent, *a.* helping, assisting  
**Aid de-camp**, ă-dě-kôm, *s.* a military  
 officer  
**Ail, ă'le, v. a.** to pain, to trouble, to  
 affect in any manner—*s.* a disease  
**Ailing**, ă'le-ing, *part. a.* sickly  
**Ailment**, ă'le-měnt, *s.* pain, indisposition  
**Aim, ă'me, v. n.** to strive to hit, to  
 reach or obtain, to guess—*v. a.* to  
 direct missile weapons, &c.—*s.* a  
 direction, an intention, a design  
**Air, ă're, s.** the element in which we  
 breathe, a musical tune, mien—*v. a.*  
 to expose to the air, to warm  
**Airiness**, ă-rŷ-nés, *s.* gaiety, openness  
**Airing**, ă-rŷng, *s.* a short jaunt  
**Airpump**, ă-re pûmp, *s.* a machine to  
 exhaust air out of certain vessels  
**Airy, ă-rŷ, a.** relating to the air, gay  
**Aisle, ă'le, s.** a walk in a church  
**Ake, ă'ke, v. n.** to feel a dull continual  
 pain [sembling, alike]  
**Akin, ă-kŷn', a.** allied by blood, re-  
**Alabaster**, ăl-ă-băs-tér, *s.* a kind of  
 soft white marble  
**Alack, ă-lăk', int.** expression of sorrow  
**Alackaday, ă lăk'-ă-dă', int.** a word de-  
 noting sorrow and melancholy  
**Alacrity, ă-lăk'-rŷ-tŷ, s.** willingness, a  
 sprightliness  
**Alamode, ăl-ă-mô'de, ad.** in the fashion  
**Alarm, ăl-ărm, s.** notice of danger,  
 sudden terror—*v. a.* to call to arms,  
 to surprise, to disturb  
**Alarming, ăl-ărm-ing, part. a.** terrify-  
 ing, giving alarm  
**Alarmpost, ă-lărm-pôst, s.** a post for  
 each body of men to appear at in case  
 of alarm [or pity]  
**Alas, ă-lăs', int.** expressing lamentation  
**Alb, ă'lb, s.** a surplice [standing  
**Albeit, ăl-bě-ýt, ad.** although, notwith-
- Alcaic, ăl-kă-ŷk', a.** a species or kind of  
 verse  
**Alcaid, ăl-kă'de, s.** the government of a  
 castle in Spain, the judge of a city  
**Alchymical, ăl kŷm'-ŷ-kăl, a.** relating to  
 alchymy  
**Alchymy, ăl-kŷm-ŷ, s.** occult chemistry  
**Alcohol, ăl'-kô-hôl, s.** an highly rectified  
 spirit of wine  
**Alcoran, ăl'-kô-ran, s.** the Turkish bible,  
 or book containing the precepts of  
 the Turkish religion [in  
**Alcove, ă-l-kô've, s.** a recess to lie or sit  
**Alder, ăldér, s.** a sort of tree  
**Alderman, ăl-dér-măn, s.** a magistrate  
**Ale, ă'le, s.** a liquor made by infusing  
 malt and hops in hot water  
**Aleconner, ă'le-kôn-nér, s.** an officer  
 who examines measures of public  
 uses  
**Alecost, ă'le-côst, s.** an herb  
**Algar, ăl'-ě-găr, s.** sour ale  
**A'lehoof, ă'le-hôf, s.** ground ivy  
**Alehouse, ă-le-hôûs, s.** a tippling house  
**Alembic, ă-lěn'-bŷc, s.** a vessel used in  
 distilling  
**Aleut, ă-lért', a.** watchful, brisk  
**Alexandrine, ăl-ěks-ăn-drŷn, s.** verse of  
 twelve syllables  
**Alexipharmic, ă-lěk-sŷ-făr'-mŷk, a.** that  
 drives away poison, antidotal  
**Algebra, ăl'-dzhě-brá, s.** a peculiar kind  
 of arithmetic [to algebra  
**Algebraic, ăl dzhě-brăŷk, a.** relating  
**Algid, ăl'-dzhŷd, a.** cold, chill [ness  
**Algidity, ăl'-dzhŷd'-ŷ-tŷ, s.** chillness, cold-  
**Algorithm, ăl'-gô-rŷthm, s.** the science  
 of numbers [or constable in Spain  
**Alguazil, ăl'-gă-zŷl, s.** a sort of bailiff  
**Alias, ă' lŷ-ăs, ad.** otherwise  
**Alibi, ăl'-ŷ-bŷ, s.** the absence of a per-  
 son on a particular occasion proved  
 by his having been elsewhere  
**Alien, ăl'-ŷěn, a.** foreign—*s.* a foreigner,  
 a stranger  
**Alienate, ăl' ŷěn ăte, v. n.** to transfer,  
 to withdraw the heart or affections—  
*a.* withdrawn from  
**Alienation, ăl'-ŷěn-ă'-shŷn, s.** the act of  
 transferring, change of affection, men-  
 tal derangement  
**Alight, ă-lite, v. a.** to come down, to  
 descend, to fall upon [or form  
**Alike, ă-lŷke, ad.** in the same manner  
**Aliment, ăl'-ŷ-měnt, s.** nutriment, food  
**Alimental, ăl'-ŷ-měnt'-ăl, a.** that nou-  
 rishes, nourishing

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, ffeld, shírt—

**Alimentary**, ăl-ŷ-měnt'-ăr-ŷ, *a.* belonging to aliment

**Alimonious**, ăl-ŷ-mōn' yús, *a.* that which nourishes [tenance]

**Alimony**, ăl-ŷ-món-ŷ, *s.* separate main-

**Aliquant**, ăl-ŷ-kánt, *a.* parts of a number, which, however repeated, will never make up the number exactly; as, three is an aliquant of ten, thrice three being nine, four times three makes twelve

**Aliquot**, ăl-ŷ-kwót, *a.* parts of any number or quantity such as will measure it without any remainder: as, three is an aliquot part of twelve

**Alive**, ă-lī've, *a.* not dead, active, cheerful [solvent, a liquor]

**Alkahest**, ăl-kă-hěst, *s.* an universal dis-

**Alkalescent**, ăl-kă-lēs-ént, *a.* tending to an alkaline quality [body]

**Alkali**, ăl-kă-lŷ, *s.* the fixed salt of any

**Alkaline**, ăl-kă-lŷne, *a.* having the quality of alkali

**Alkalize**, ăl-kăl'-ŷ-zâte, *v. a.* to make alkaline, to ferment

**Alkanet**, ăl-kă-nět, *s.* a sort of plant

**Alkermes**, ăl-kér'-měz, *s.* confection whereof the kermes grains are the basis

**All**, ăl, *a.* every one, every part—*s.* the whole, every thing—*ad.* quite, wholly

**Allay**, ăl-lă', *v. a.* to mix one metal with another, to compose, to pacify—*s.* metal of a baser kind mixed in coins to harden them

**Allegation**, ăl-lē-gă'-shŷn, *s.* an affirmation, a declaration, a plea

**Allege**, ăl-lědzh', *v. a.* to affirm, to declare, to plead

**Allegiance**, ăl-lē-dzŷéns, *s.* the duty of subjects to their king or prince

**Allegiant**, ăl-lē'-dzhént, *a.* loyal

**Allegoric**, ăl-lē'-gōr'ŷk, *a.* figurative, not literal

**Allegorize**, ăl-lē-gōr-ŷze, *v. a.* to turn into allegory, to form an allegory

**Allegory**, ăl-lē-gōr-ŷ, *s.* a figurative discourse, where more is meant than is literally expressed [in music]

**Allegro**, ăl-lē'-grō, *s.* sprightly motion

**Allemande**, ăl-lē-mănd, *s.* a grave kind of music, a lively dance [soften]

**Alleviate**, ăl-lē-vyâte, *v. a.* to ease, to

**Alleviation**, ăl-lēv-yă-shŷn, *s.* that by which any pain is eased or fault extenuated

**Alley**, ăl-lē, *s.* any narrow passage

**Alliance**, ăl-li-éns, *s.* friendship, consanguinity by marriage

**Allied**, ăl-lī-éd, *a.* confederate—*p.* related to, united

**Alligation**, ăl-lī-gă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of tying or linking together, a sort of arithmetical rule

**Alligator**, ăl-lī-gă-tór, *s.* the crocodile

**Allision**, ăl-lŷzh'-ón, *s.* the act of striking together

**Alliteration**, ăl-lŷt-ér-ă'-shŷn, *s.* the beginning two or more words with the same letter

**Allocation**, ăl-lō-kă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of putting one thing to another

**Allocution**, ăl-lō-kō'-shŷn, *s.* the act of speaking to another [pendent]

**Allodial**, ăl-lō'-dyăl, *a.* not feudal, inde-

**Allonge**, ăl-lóndzh', *s.* in fencing, a pass or thrust [to grant]

**Allot**, ăl-lót', *v. a.* to distribute by lot,

**Allotment**, ăl-lót'-měnt, *s.* lot, share, division

**Allow**, ăl-lōw', *v. a.* to admit, to grant, to permit, to abate in selling

**Allowable**, ăl-lōw-ă-b'l, *a.* lawful, permitted [portion]

**Allowance**, ăl-lōw'-éns, *s.* licence, share,

**Alloy**, ăl-lōŷ, *v. s.* to mix with something baser—*s.* baser metal mixed in coinage [fer to]

**Allude**, ăl-lū'de, *v. n.* to hint at, to re-

**Allure**, ăl-lū're, *v. a.* to entice

**Allurement**, ăl-lū're-měnt, *s.* enticement

**Allusion**, ăl-lū'-zhón, *s.* hint, implication

**Allusive**, ăl-lū'sŷve, *a.* hinting at something

**Ally**, ăl-lŷ', *v. a.* to unite by kindred or friendship or confederacy—*s.* one who is united to another

**Almanack**, ăl-mă-năk, *s.* a calendar

**Almandine**, ăl-măn-dīne, *s.* a kind of inferior ruby [power, omnipotent]

**Almighty**, ăl-mŷ-tŷ, *a.* of unlimited

**Almond**, ăl-mónd, *s.* the fruit of the almond tree [the throat, the tonsils]

**Almonds**, ăl-móndz, *s.* two glands of

**Almoner**, ăl-món-ér, *s.* a distributor of alms [alms are given]

**Almonry**, ăl-món-rŷ, *s.* a place where

**Almost**, ăl-mōst, *ad.* nearly, well nigh

**Alms**, ăl-mz, *s.* relief to the poor

**Almshouse**, ăl-mz-hōûs, *s.* a house built for the poor

**Alnage**, ăl-năge, *s.* ell measure,

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Aloes, ăl'-ô-éz, *s.* a sort of precious wood used in the East for perfumes, a medicinal juice extracted from the common aloes tree [aloes]  
 Aloetic, ăl'-ô-ét'yk, *a.* consisting of Aloft, ă-l'ôft, *ad.* on high, in the air, above [absurdity]  
 Alogy, ăl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* unreasonableness, Alone, ă-l'ô'ne, *a.* without company, solitary [onward]  
 Along, ă-l'ông', *ad.* at length, forward, Aloof, ă-l'ôf, *ad.* at a distance [noise]  
 Aloud, ă-l'ôú'd, *ad.* loudly, with much Alpha, ăl'-fă, *s.* A or first letter in the Greek alphabet, therefore used to signify the first [any language]  
 Alphabet, ăl'-fă-bét, *s.* the letters of Alphabetic, ăl fă-bét'-yk, *a.* arranged according to the order of the alphabet [Alps]  
 Alpine, ăl'-pîne, *a.* belonging to the Already, ăl-réd'-ý, *ad.* before or at the time present [likewise]  
 Also, ăl'-sô, *ad.* in the same manner, Altar, ăl'-tăr, *s.* the table in Christian churches, where the communion is administered [offerings]  
 Altarage, ăl tér-édg, *s.* the profit from Alter, ăl'-tér, *v. a.* to change, to vary  
 Alterant, ăl'-tér-ănt, *a.* that has the power of producing changes  
 Alteration, ăl-ter ă-shûn, *s.* the act of altering or changing, a change made  
 Alternative, ăl'-tér-ă-tív, *a.* medicines that gradually gain upon and improve the constitution  
 Altercation, ăl-tér-kă-shûn, *s.* a debate, controversy, wrangle  
 Alternate, ăl'-tér-nét, *a.* by turns, reciprocal—*s.* what happens alternately, vicissitude  
 Alternate, ăl tér-năte, *v. a.* to perform alternately, to change one thing for another reciprocally  
 Alternation, ăl-tér-nă-shûn, *s.* reciprocal succession of things  
 Alternative, ăl-tér-ă-tív, *s.* a choice given of two things [ing, however]  
 Although, ăl-th'ô, *conj.* notwithstanding  
 Altimetry, ăl-tím'-ē-trý, *s.* the art of taking or measuring heights  
 Altisonant, ăl-tis'-ô-nănt, *a.* high sounding, pompous  
 Altitude, ăl'-tî-tûde, *s.* the height of a place, the elevation of any of the heavenly bodies above the horizon

Alto, ălt'-ô, *s.* & *a.* counter tenor, high [pletely, entirely]  
 Altogether, ăl-tô-géth'-ér, *ad.* completely  
 Alum, ăl-úm, *s.* a kind of mineral salt of an acid taste [of alum]  
 Aluminous, ă-lû-mî-nús, *a.* consisting  
 Always, ăl'-wăz, *ad.* perpetually, constantly [of the verb To be]  
 Am, ăm, the first person of the present  
 Amability, ă-mă-bil'-i-tý, *s.* loveliness  
 Amain, ă-mă'ne, *ad.* with vehemence  
 Amalgam, ă-măl'-gă'm, *s.* a mixture of metals  
 Amalgamate, ă-măl'-gă-măte, *v. n.* to unite metals with quicksilver  
 Amalgamation, ă-măl'-gă'm-ă-shûn, *s.* the act of amalgamating metals  
 Amandation, ă-măn-dă-shûn, *s.* the act of sending on a message  
 Amanuensis, ă-măn-û-ên-sis, *s.* a person who writes what another dictates  
 Amaranth, ăm'-ă-rănth, *s.* a sort of plant; *in poetry*, an imaginary flower unfading [ing of amaranths]  
 Amaranthine, ă-mă-răn'-thîn, *a.* consist-  
 Amaritude, ă-mă-r'-i-tûde, *s.* bitterness  
 Amass, ă-măs', *v. a.* to heap up, to collect together [the fine arts]  
 Amateur, ăm'-ă-tûre, *s.* a lover of any of  
 Amatory, ăm'-ă-tór-ý, *a.* relating to love  
 Amaze, ă-mă'ze, *v. a.* to confuse, to surprise, to astonish—*s.* astonishment, confusion [ment]  
 Amazement, ă-mă'-ze-mënt, *s.* astonish-  
 Amazing, ă-măz'-ing, *part. a.* wonderful, astonishing  
 Amazon, ăm'-ă-zôn, *s.* a race of warlike women [tion]  
 Ambages, ăm-bă'-dzhêz, *s.* circumlocu-  
 Ambassade, ăm-băs să'de, *s.* embassy  
 Ambassador, ăm-băs'-să-dór, *s.* a person sent in a public manner from one power to another  
 Ambassage, ăm'-băs-sédzh, *s.* an embassy  
 Amber, ăm'-bér, *s.* a yellow transparent gum—a. consisting of amber  
 Ambergris, ăm'-bér-gris, *s.* a fragrant drug, both a perfume and cordial  
 Ambidexter, ăm-bý-děks'-tér, *s.* a person that can use both hands alike, who is equally ready to act on either side  
 Ambidextrous, ăm-bý-děks'-trús, *a.* double dealing, practising on both sides [encompassing]  
 Ambient, ăm'-byént, *a.* surrounding,



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*Sounds*—hăt, hăte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—  
 ~~~~~

Ambiguity, ăm bŭg-û-y-tŷ, *s.* doubtfulness of meaning, uncertainty of signification [mysterious]

Ambiguous, ăm-bŭg-û-ús, *a.* doubtful, Ambit, ăm-bīt, *s.* compass or circuit of any thing

Ambition, ăm-bīsh'ŭn, *s.* an earnest desire of preferment or honour, great pride [proud, vain]

Ambitious, ăm-bīsh'ús, *a.* aspiring,

Amble, ăm-b'l, *v. n.* to pace, to move easily

Ambrosia, ăm-br'ōshyă, *s.* the imaginary food of the gods, a sort of plant

Ambrosial, ăm-brō'shyă, *a.* possessing the qualities of ambrosia, delicious

Ambr, ăm-brē, *s.* a pantry

Ambs-ace, ăm'z-ăse, *s.* a double ace

Ambulation, ăm-bû-lă-shŭn, *s.* the act of walking

Ambulatory, ăm'bû-lă-tôr'y, *a.* that has the power or faculty of walking

Amuscade, ăm-bŭs-kă'de, *s.* a private post in which men lie in order to surprise [wait]

Ambush, ăm'bŭsh, *s.* place to lie in

Amel, ăm'-el, *s.* matter used for enamelling

Amen, ă mēn', *ad.* so be it, verily

Amenable, ăm-mē-nēbl, *a.* responsible, subject to [haviour]

Amenance, ăm-mē-nēns, *s.* conduct, behaviour, ăm-mēnd', *v. a.* to reform, to grow better [for the better]

Amendment, ăm-mēnd'mēnt, *s.* a change

Amends, ăm-mēndz, *s.* recompence, compensation [of situation]

Amenity, ăm-mēn'y-tŷ, *s.* pleasantness

Amerce, ăm-mér's, *v. a.* to punish by fine or penalty

Amethyst, ăm-é-thŷst, *s.* a precious stone of a violet colour [charming]

Amiable, ăm-yēbl, *a.* lovely, pleasing,

Amicable, ăm-yk-ēbl, *a.* friendly, kind

Amidst, ăm-mīdst, *prep.* in the midst, among [inally]

Amiss, ăm-mŷs', *ad.* faultily, wrong, criminal

Amisson, ăm-mŷsh'ŭn, *oss*

Amit, ăm-mŷt', *v. a.* to lose

Amity, ăm'y-tŷ, *s.* friendship

Ammoniac, ăm-mō-nyăk, *s.* a gum, a salt [stores]

Ammunition, ăm-mŭ nŷsh'ŭn, *s.* military

Amnesty, ăm-nēs-tŷ, *s.* an act of general pardon

Among, ăm-mōng', *prep.* mingled with

Amorist, ăm-ō-rīst, *s.* a gallant

Amorous, ăm-ōr-ús, *a.* enamoured, inclined to love

Amort, ăm-mōrt, *ad.* dull, heavy, spiritless [lands to a corporation]

Amortize, ăm-ōr-tize, *v. a.* to transfer

Amotion, ăm-mō-shŭn, *s.* the act of putting away, removal [to alter]

Amove, ăm-mōve, *v. a.* to remove from,

Amount, ăm-mōŭnt, *v. n.* to rise in value, to increase - *s.* sum total

Amour, ăm-mō'r, *s.* an affair of gallantry, intrigue [live in either air or water]

Amphibious, ăm-fŷb'yús, *a.* that can

Amphibology, ăm-fŷbŭl'ō-dzhŷ, *s.* a double speech [about]

Amphibolous, ăm-fŷb'ō-lús, *a.* tossed

Amphiscii, ăm-fŷsh'ŷ-y, *s.* people who inhabit the torrid zone

Amphitheatre, ăm-fŷ thē-ă' tēr, *s.* a building in a circular or oval form, having its area encompassed with rows of seats one above another

Ample, ămpl, *a.* large, wide, liberal, diffusive [extend]

Ampliate, ăm-ply-âte, *v. a.* to enlarge, to

Ampliation, ăm-ply-ă-shŭn, *s.* enlargement [large, to amplify]

Amplificate, ăm-plif'ŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to en-

Amplification, ăm-plif'ŷ-kă' shŭn, *s.* extension, exaggerated representation

Amplify, ăm-plif'ŷ, *v. a.* to enlarge, to exaggerate [greatness, copiousness]

Amplitude, ăm-plŷ-tŭde, *s.* largeness,

Ampl, ăm' ply, *a.* liberally, copiously [a limb, &c.]

Amputate, ăm-pŭ-tâte, *v. a.* to cut off

Amputation, ăm-pŭ-tă-shŭn, *s.* the act of cutting off

Amulet, ăm-û-lēt, *s.* charm, thing hung about the neck for preventing or curing a disease [divert, to deceive]

Amuse, ăm-mŭze, *v. a.* to entertain, to

Amusement, ăm-mŭze'mēnt, *s.* pastime, recreation [power of amusing]

Amusive, ăm-mŭ-sŷv, *a.* that has the

Amygdalate, ăm-mŭg-dă-lēt, *a.* made of almonds

Anə, ăm'ă. *ad.* in equal quantity

Anabaptism, ăm-ă băp'tizm, *s.* adult baptism, doctrine of the anabaptists

Anachorite, ăm-ăk'ō-rīte, *s.* an hermit, recluse [in computing time]

Anachronism, ăm-ăk-rō-nŷzm, *s.* an error

Anacronics, ăm-ăklăt'ŷks, *s.* the doctrine of refracted light, dioptrics

Anacreontic, ăm-năk-rē-ôn'tŷk, *a.* after the manner of Anacreon



shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thīck.

Anadiplosis, ʼān-ā-dī-plō'-sŷs, *s.* reduplication, a figure in rhetoric

Anagogetical, ʼān-ā gō dzhēt'-ŷ-cāl, *a.* contributing or relating to religious raptures, mysterious

Anagram, ʼān-ā-grām, *s.* a conceit arising from the letters of a name transposed so as to form some other word or sentence [lected from authors]

Analects, ʼā-ā-lēkts, *s.* fragments collected

Analemma, ʼā-nā-lēm-mā, *s.* a projection on the meridian [strengthening]

Analeptic, ʼān-ā-lēp'-tik, *a.* restorative, Analogical, ʼā-nā-lōdzh-ŷ-cāl, *a.* referring to something similar

Analogy, ʼā-nāl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* resemblance, proportion, similarity

Analysis, ʼā-nāl'-ŷ-sŷs, *s.* separation of parts, solution of any thing to its first elements [an analysis]

Analytic, ʼān-ā-lŷt'-ŷk, *a.* belonging to Analyze, ʼān-ā-lŷze, *v. a.* to resolve a compound into its first principles

Anamorphosis, ʼān-ā-mōr-fō'-sŷs, *s.* perspective projection, so that at one point of view it shall appear deformed, in another an exact representation

Ananas, ʼā-nā-nās, *s.* the pine apple

Anaphora, ʼān-āf'-ō-rā, *s.* a figure in rhetoric, when several clauses of a sentence are begun with the same word

Anarchy, ʼān-ār-kŷ, *s.* want of government, disorder, confusion

Anasarca, ʼān-ā-sār-kā, *s.* a sort of dropsy

Anastrophe, ʼān-ās'-trō-fē, *s.* a postponing of words [tical curse]

Anathema, ʼān-āth'-ē-mā, *s.* an ecclesiastical

Anathematize, ʼān-āth'-ē-māt-ŷze, *v. a.* to pronounce accursed by ecclesiastical authority [to anatomy]

Anatomical, ʼān-ā-tōm'-ŷ-kāl, *a.* relating

Anatomist, ʼān-āt-ōm'-ŷst, *s.* one who anatomizes

Anatomize, ʼān-āt-ō-mŷze, *v. a.* to dissect

Anatomy, ʼān-āt-ō-mŷ, *s.* the art of dissecting the body [person descends]

Ancestor, ʼān-sēs-tōr, *s.* one from whom a

Ancestry, ʼān-sēs-trŷ, *s.* pedigree, descent

Anchor, ʼāngk'-ōr, *s.* an iron instrument, which being fixed in the ground, by means of a cable, keeps the ship from driving.—*v. n.* to cast anchor, lie at anchor, stop at, rest on.—*v. a.* to place at anchor, fix on

Anchorage, ʼāngk'-ōr-ēdzh, *s.* ground to cast anchor upon, duty paid for anchoring in a port

Anchorite, ʼāngk'-ō-rite, *s.* a recluse, a hermit

Anchovy, ʼān-tshō'-vŷ, *s.* a little sea fish

Ancient, ʼān-shēnt, *a.* old, aged, long past, former.—*s.* flag or streamer of a ship, the bearer, (now ensign) of a flag times

Ancients, ʼānsh'-ēnts, *s.* who lived in old

Ancientry, ʼān-shēnt-rŷ, *s.* dignity of birth, high lineage

And, ʼānd', *conj.* a particle by which sentences or terms are joined

Andante, ʼān-dān'-tē, *ad.* in music, moderately, regular sounds

Andiron, ʼānd'-i-rōn, *s.* irons at the end of a fire-grate in which the spit turns

Androgynal, ʼān-drōg-ŷ-nāl, *a.* partaking of both sexes [incident]

Anecdote, ʼān'-ēk-dōte, *s.* a biographical

Anemometer, ʼān-ē-mōm'-ē-tēr, *s.* an instrument to measure wind

Anemone, ʼān-ēm'-ō-nē, *s.* wind flower

Anemoscope, ʼān-ē-mō'-skōpe, *s.* a machine for change of wind [site]

Anent, ʼān'-ēnt, *prep.* over against, opposite

Aneurism, ʼān'-ū-rŷsm, *s.* a disease whereby the arteries become excessively dilated

Anew, ʼā-nū', *ad.* over again, repeatedly

Angel, ʼān-dzhel, *s.* a messenger, spirit employed by God in human affairs, a beautiful person, a gold coin worth about 10s. [heavenly]

Angelic, ʼān-dzhel'-ŷk, *a.* like angels,

Angelica, ʼān-dzhel'-ŷ-kā, *s.* kind of plant

Anger, ʼāng'-gér, *s.* resentment, rage, smart of a sore.—*v. a.* to provoke, to enrage [the quinsy]

Angina, ʼān-dzhŷ-nā, *s.* a disorder called

Angiography, ʼāng-ōg'-grā-fŷ, *s.* a description of the vessels in the human body

Angle, ʼāng'-g'l, *s.* a point where two lines meet, a fishing rod.—*v. a.* to fish with a rod and hook

Anglicism, ʼāng'-glŷ-sizm, *s.* an English idiom [inflamed]

Angry, ʼāng'-grŷ, *a.* provoked, enraged,

Anguish, ʼāng'-gwŷsh, *s.* excessive pain of mind or body [or corners]

Angular, ʼāng'-gū-lār, *a.* having angles

Anhelation, ʼān-hē-lā-shŷn, *s.* the act of panting [life]

Animable, ʼān-ŷ-mā-b'l, *a.* capable of

Animadversion, ʼān-ŷ-mā-d-vér-shŷn, *s.* reproof, severe censure, observation

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hằl, liár—mết, dēsist, mề, hér—chữn, chine, ffield, shírt—

**Animadvert**, ăn-ĩ-măd vért', *v. n.* to examine into, to observe, to censure  
**Animal**, ăn'-ĩ-măl, *s.* a living creature.—*a.* not spiritual [animal]  
**Animalcule**, ăn'-ĩ-măl'-kûle, *s.* a small  
**Animate**, ăn'-ĩ-mâte, *v. a.* to quicken, make alive, to encourage [life]  
**Animate**, ăn'-ĩ-mêt, *a.* alive, possessing  
**Animated**, ăn'-ĩ-mă-têd, *part.* lively, vigorous  
**Animation**, ăn'-ĩ-mă-shűn, *s.* the act of animating, state of being enlivened  
**Aimative**, ăn'-ĩ-mă-tív, *a.* tending to animate, brisk [sionate malignity]  
**Animosity**, ăn'-ĩ-mỗs'-ĩ-tỹ, *s.* hatred, passion  
**Anise**, ăn'-ĩs, *s.* a species of parsley  
**Anker**, ăngk'-ér, *s.* a vessel containing ten gallons [foot and leg]  
**Ankle**, ăngk'-él, *s.* the joint between the  
**Annalist**, ăn'-nă-lĩst, *s.* a writer of annals [into years]  
**Annals**, ăn'-nălz, *s.* histories digested  
**Annats**, ăn'-năts, *s.* first fruits  
**Anneal**, ăn'-nêl, *a.* to temper glass or other things [—*s.* the thing annexed]  
**Annex**, ăn'-nêks', *v. a.* to unite, to join  
**Annihilate**, ăn'-nĩ-hĩ-lâte, *v. a.* to annul, to destroy [of destroying]  
**Annihilation**, ăn'-nĩ-hĩ-lă-shűn, *s.* the act  
**Anniversary**, ăn'-nỹ-vér-săr-ỹ, *s.* an annual or yearly festival.—*a.* annual  
**Anno Domini**, ăn'-nô-dôm'-ĩ-nĩ, in the year of our Lord [cation, a note]  
**Anotation**, ăn'-nô-tă-shűn, *s.* an explanation  
**Annotator**, ăn'-nô-tă-tór, *s.* a critic, a commentator [to publish]  
**Announce**, ăn'-nôũns, *v. a.* to declare,  
**Annoy**, ăn'-nỗỹ, *v. a.* to injure, to vex —*s.* an injury, molestation  
**Annoyance**, ăn'-nỗỹ'-êns, *s.* which annoys  
**Annual**, ăn'-nũ-ál, *a.* that comes yearly  
**Annuitant**, ăn'-nũ-ĩ-tánt, *s.* one who has an annuity  
**Annuity**, ăn'-nũ-ĩ-tỹ, *s.* yearly allowance  
**Annul**, ăn'-nũl' *v. a.* to make void, to abolish [of a ring]  
**Annular**, ăn'-nũ-lăr, *a.* having the form  
**Annulet**, ăn'-nũ-lêt, *s.* a little ring  
**Annumerate**, ăn'-nũ-mér-âte, *v. a.* to add to, to include  
**Annumeration**, ăn'-nũ-mér-ă-shűn, *s.* an addition to a number  
**Annunciate**, ăn'-nũn-shyâte, *v. a.* to bring tidings, to relate  
**Annunciation-day**, ăn'-nũn-syă'-shűn-dă, *s.* a day solemnized on the 25th of March

**Anodyne**, ăn'-ô-dỹne, *a.* that mitigates pain [to consecrate]  
**Anoint**, ă-nỗỹnt, *v. a.* to rub with oil  
**Anomalistic**, ă-nôm'-ă-lỹs-tĩk, *a.* irregular, out of rule  
**Anomalous**, ă-nôm'-ă-lús, *a.* irregular  
**Anomaly**, ă-nôm'-ă-lỹ, *s.* an irregularity, a deviation from rule  
**Anon**, ă-nôn', *ad.* quickly, soon, shortly  
**Anonymous**, ă-nôn'-ỹ-măs, *a.* without a name [one more]  
**Another**, ăn'-ôth'-ér, *ad.* not the same,  
**Ansated**, ăn-să't-êd, *p.* having handles  
**Answer**, ăn'-sér, *v. n.* to reply to, to be accountable for—*s.* a reply, a solution, a confutation [answer]  
**Answerable**, ăn'-sér-êb'l, *a.* bound to  
**Ant**, ănt', *s.* an emmet, a pismire  
**Antagonize**, ăn-tăg'-ô-nĩze, *v. n.* to contend against another  
**Antarctic**, ăn-tărk-tĩk, *a.* relating to the southern pole [before]  
**Ante**, ăn'-tê, Latin participle signifying  
**Antecede**, ăn-tê-sêde, *v. a.* to precede, to go before  
**Antecedent**, ăn-tê-sê-dênt, *a.* going before, preceding,—*s.* what goes before, the noun to which the relative is subjoined  
**Antechamber**, ăn'-tê-tshâm-bér, *s.* a chamber that leads to the chief apartment [fore the real time]  
**Antedate**, ăn'-tê-dâte, *v. a.* to date before  
**Antediluvian**, ăn-tê-di-lũ-vyán, *a.* before the deluge—*s.* that lived before the flood  
**Antelope**, ăn'-tê-lôpe, *s.* a goat with curled or wreathed horns  
**Antemeridian**, ăn-tê-mé-rĩd'-yăn, *a.* before noon  
**Antemundane**, ăn-tê-mũn' dăne, *a.* that which was before the creation of the world  
**Antepast**, ăn'-tê-păst, *s.* a fore taste  
**Antepenult**, ăn'-tê-pê-nũlt', *s.* the last syllable but two in any word  
**Antepileptic**, ănt-êp-ĩ-lêp'-tỹk, *a.* good against epilepsy  
**Anteriority**, ăn-tê-ryór'-ĩ-tỹ, *s.* a priority in time or situation  
**Anterior**, ăn-tê-ryór, *a.* going before  
**Anthem**, ăn'-thêm, *s.* a holy song  
**Auther**, ăn'-thér, *s.* that part of a flower which contains the fecundating dust  
**Anthology**, ăn-thôl'-ô-dzhỹ, *s.* a collection of flowers, devotions, or poems

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thîck.

- Anthropophagi, ʔn thrô-pôf'â-dzhî, *s.* man eaters, cannibals
- Antic, ʔn tîk', *a.* odd, ridiculously wild—*s.* he that plays antics, a buffoon [christianity]
- Antichrist, ʔn'-tî-krist, *s.* an opposer of Antichristian, ʔn tî-kris'-tŷʔn, *a.* opposite to christianity
- Anticipate, ʔn-tis'-ŷ-pâte, *v. a.* to foretaste, to prevent
- Anticipation, ʔn-tis'-ŷ pā-shŷn, *s.* the act of taking up something before its time, prevention
- Anticlimax, ʔn-tî-klî-măks, *s.* a sentence in which the last part is lower than the first
- Anticonvulsive, ʔn-tî-côn-vŷl'-sŷv, *a.* good against convulsions
- Anticourtier, ʔn-tî-kôrt-yēr, *s.* one that opposes the court
- Antics, ʔn'-tîks, *s.* tricks of a buffoon
- Antidotal, ʔn'-tî-dô-tál, *a.* that which counteracts poison [expel poison]
- Antidote, ʔn'-tî dôte, *s.* medicine to Antimonarchical, ʔn tî-mô-năr'-kî-kál, *a.* against monarchy [antimony]
- Antimonial, ʔn tî-mô'n-yál, *a.* made of Antimony, ʔn'-tî-môn-ŷ, *s.* a mineral substance of a metalline nature
- Antinomian, ʔn tî-nô'm-yân, *s.* one who prefers faith to practice
- Antipathetical, ʔn-tî-pā-thēt'-ŷ-kál, *a.* having a natural contrariety to any thing [sion]
- Antipathy, ʔn-tîp'â-thŷ, *s.* natural aver-
- Antiphonary, ʔn tîf'-ô-nār-ŷ, *s.* a book containing all that was said or sung in the choir except the responses
- Antiphony, ʔn-tîf'-ô-nŷ, *s.* a singing by way of response
- Antiphrasis, ʔn-tîf'-ră-sŷs, *s.* the use of words in a sense opposite to their meaning [the antipodes]
- Antipodal, ʔn-tîp'-ô-dál, *a.* relating to Antipodes, ʔn-tîp'ôdz, *a.* those people who, living on the other side of the globe, have their feet directly opposite ours [the popedom]
- Antipope, ʔn'-tî pōpe, *s.* one that usurps
- Antiquarian, ʔn-tî-kwă'-ryʔn, Antiquary, ʔn-tî-kwār-ŷ, *s.* one who studies antiquity [obsolete]
- Antiquate, ʔn'-tî-kwâte, *v. a.* to make Antique, ʔn-tîk, *a.* antient, old fashioned—*s.* a piece of antiquity, a relic
- Antiquity, ʔn-tîk'-kwî-tŷ, *s.* old times, the antients, old age
- Antiscii, ʔn-tîsh'-ŷ-î, *s.* the inhabitants on opposite sides of the equator
- Antiscorbutic, ʔn-tî-skôr-bû-tîk, *a.* good against the scurvy
- Antiseptic, ʔn-tî-sĕp'-tîk, *a.* preventive of putrefaction [stanza of an ode]
- Antistrophe, ʔn-tîs'-trô fĕ, *s.* the second
- Antithesis, ʔn tîth'-ĕ-sŷs, *s.* opposition, contrast
- Antitype, ʔn'-tî-tŷpĕ, *s.* that which is resembled or shadowed out by the type, a term of theology
- Antitypical, ʔn' tî-tŷp'-ŷ-kál, *a.* that explains the type
- Antler, ʔnt'-lér, *s.* branch of a stag's horn
- Antoeci, ʔn-tô'-ĕ-sî, *s.* those inhabitants who live under the same meridian at equal distances from the equator
- Antonomasia, ʔn-tô-nô-mă-sŷʔ, *s.* the name of some dignity used for a proper name, as a king is called His Majesty
- Antre, ʔn'-tér, *s.* a cavern, a den
- Anvil, ʔn'-vîl, *s.* an iron block which smiths use
- Anxiety, ʔngk-sĭ ĕ-tŷ, *s.* trouble of mind about some future event, solicitude, depression of spirits
- Anxious, ʔngk'-shús, *a.* uneasy, careful
- Any, ʔn'-ŷ, *a.* every, whoever, whatever
- Aorist, ʔ'-ô-rĭst, *a.* indefinite as to time
- Aorta, ʔ'-ô-r'-tă, *s.* the great artery which rises immediately out of the left ventricle of the heart [with haste]
- Apace, ʔ-pă'se, *ad.* quickly, speedily
- Apart, ʔ-părt', *ad.* separately, privately, at a distance [of a house]
- Apartment, ʔ-părt-mĕnt, *s.* a room, part
- Apathy, ʔp'-â-thŷ, *s.* exemption from passion
- Ape, ʔpe, *s.* a kind of monkey, a mimic—*v. a.* to imitate as an ape
- Apeak, ʔp'-ĕke, *ad.* piercing, pointedly, a sea term
- Aperient, ʔp'-ĕ-ryĕnt, *a.* gently purgative
- Aperture, ʔp'-ĕr-tŷre, *s.* an open place
- Apetalous, ʔ-pĕt-ă-l'ús, *a.* without flower-leaves
- Apex, ʔ-pĕks, *s.* the tip or point
- Aphelion, ʔ fĕ'lyŏn, *s.* that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remotest from the sun
- Aphorism, ʔf'-ô-rŷzm, *s.* maxim, precept
- Apiary, ʔ'-pŷ-ăr-ŷ, *s.* a place where bees are kept

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shirt—

Apiece, ă-p'ŷe, *ad.* to each one share, separately

Apish, ă-p'ŷh, *a.* imitative, foppish, silly, trifling [tion, a vision

Apocalypse, ă-pŏk'-ă-lŷps, *s.* a revela-

Apocalyptical, ă-pŏk'-ă-lŷp'-tŷ-căl, *a.* containing revelation

Apocope, ă-pŏk'-ŏ-pē, *s.* the suppressing of the last letter or syllable

Apocryphn, ă-pŏk'-rŷ fă, *s.* books added to the sacred writings (of doubtful authors)

Apocryphal, ă-pŏk'-rŷ-făl, *a.* not canonical, of uncertain authority

Apogee, ăp'-ŏ-dzhē, *s.* that point in the heavens in which the sun or a planet is at the greatest distance possible from the earth in its whole revolution [in defence of any thing

Apologetic, ă-pŏl-ŏ-dzhēt'-ŷk, *a.* said

Apologist, ă-pŏl-ŏ-dzhŷst, *s.* one pleading in excuse or defence

Apologize, ă-pŏl'-ŏ-dzhīze, *v. a.* to plead in favour [tale

Apologue, ăp'-ŏ lŏge, *s.* a fable, a moral

Apology, ă-pŏl'-ŏ-dzhŷ, *s.* a defence, an excuse, a plea [saying

Apophthegm, ăp'-ŏ-thēm, *s.* a remarkable

Apoplectic, ăp'-ŏ plék'-tik, *a.* relating to an apoplexy

Apoplexy, ăp'-ŏ-plék-sŷ, *s.* a sudden deprivation of all sensation by a disease

Apostasy, ă-pŏs'-tă sŷ, *s.* departure from what a man has professed (generally applied to religion)

Apostate, ă-pŏs'-tēt, *s.* one who renounces his religion

Apostatize, ă-pŏs'-tă-tīze, *v. n.* to forsake one's religion

Apostle, ă-pŏ'sl, *s.* a person sent to preach the Gospel (applied particularly to those dispatched by our Saviour) [of an apostle

Apostleship, ă-pŏs'l-shŷp, *s.* the office

Apostolic, ă-pŏs-tŏl'-ŷk, *a.* taught by apostles

Apostrophe, ă-pŏs'-trŏ-fē, *s.* a sudden turn in a discourse, a contraction of a word by (')

Apostrophize, ă-pŏs-trŏ-fīze, *v. a.* to address by apostrophe

Apothecary, ă-pŏth'-ē-kăr'-ŷ, *s.* one who prepares and keeps medicines for sale

Apotheosis, ă-pŏthē'-ŏ-sis, *s.* a deification

Apozem, ăp'-ŏ-zēm, *s.* a decoction

Appal, ăp-pāl, *v. a.* to fright, to daunt

Appanage, ăp'-pă-nédzh, *s.* lands for maintenance of younger children

Apparatus, ăp-pă-ră-tús, *s.* any tools, furniture, or necessary instruments for any trade, &c.

Apparel, ăp-păr-ēl, *s.* dress, cloathing

Apparent, ăp-pă-rēnt, *a.* plain, evident, seeming, discoverable

Apparition, ăp-pă-rish'-ūn, *s.* an appearance, a spectre

Apparitor, ăp-păr-ŷ-tŏr, *s.* a low ecclesiastical officer [censure

Appeach, ăp-pē'tsh, *v. a.* to accuse; to

Appeal, ăp-pē'l, *v. n.* to refer to another as judge—*s.* an application for justice

Appear, ăp-pēr, *v. n.* to be in sight, to become visible, to be evident

Appearance, ăp'-pēr-ēns, *s.* shew, semblance [pacify

Appcase, ăp-pē'z, *v. a.* to quiet, to

Appellant, ăp-pēl'-lēt, *s.* a challenger, he who appeals [a title

Appellation, ăp-pēl'-lā-shŷn, *s.* a name,

Appellative, ăp-pēl'-lā-tŷv, *s.* names for a whole rank of beings, as, a man, horse, &c.

Appellatory, ăp-pēl'-lā-tŏr'-ŷ, *a.* that contains an appeal [to

Append, ăp-pēnd, *v. c.* to hang or join

Appendage, ăp-pēn'-dédzh, *s.* something added

Appendant, ăp-pēn'-dēt, *a.* hanging to or annexed—*s.* an adventitious part

Appendicate, ăp-pēn'-dŷ kăt, *v. a.* to join to, to annex [a supplement

Appendix, ăp-pēn'-dŷks, *s.* an addition,

Appertain, ăp-pēr-tā'ne, *v. n.* to belong to

Appertinent, ăp-pēr-tŷ-nēt, *a.* belonging or relating to

Appetence, ăp'-pē-tēns, *s.* carnal desire

Appetibility, ăp-pē-tŷ-bŷ-lŷ-tŷ, *s.* the state of being desirable

Appetible, ăp-pē-tŷb'l, *a.* desirable

Appetite, ăp'-pē-tŷte, *s.* hunger, violent longing [praise

Applaud, ăp-plă'd, *v. a.* to commend, to

Applause, ăp-plă'z, *s.* approbation, praise [the eye

Apple, ăp'l, *s.* a common fruit, pupil of

Applicable, ăp-plŷ-kēb'l, *a.* suitable, proper, fit

Application, ăp-plŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* the act of applying, close study, great industry [plies

Applicative, ăp-plŷ-kă-tŷv, *a.* that ap-



shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Apply, ăp-plŷ', *v. a.* to put one thing to another, to study—*v. n.* to suit, to agree to
- Appoint, ăp-pôŷ'nt, *v. n.* to determine, to settle, to equip
- Appointment, ăp-pôŷ'nt-měnt, *s.* a stipulation, a salary, a post
- Apportion, ăp-pôr-shŷn, *v. a.* to divide into just proportions
- Apposite, ăp'-pô-zŷt, *a.* suitable, fit
- Apposition, ăp-pô-zŷshŷn, *s.* the addition of new matter
- Appraise, ăp-pră'ze, *v. a.* to set a value upon any thing
- Appraisement, ăp'-prăze-ment, *s.* act of valuing [goods]
- Appraiser, ăp'-prăz-ér, *s.* one who values
- Appreciate, ăp-prě-shŷáte, *v. a.* to value, to reckon, to estimate
- Apprehend, ăp-prě hěnd', *v. a.* to comprehend or understand, to seize or arrest, to fear
- Apprehension, ăp-prě-hěn'-shŷn, *s.* conception, fear, suspicion, seizure
- Apprehensive, ăp-prě-hěn'-sŷv, *a.* to be fearful, to be sensible
- Apprentice, ăp-prěn'-tŷs, *s.* one bound to a trade—*v. a.* to put out to a master as an apprentice
- Apprenticehood, ăp-prěn'-tŷs-hŷd, *s.* the time an apprentice is to serve
- Apprize, ăp-prize, *v. a.* to inform
- Approach, ăp-prôtsh, *v. n.* to draw or bring near—*v. a.* to bring near to—*s.* the act of drawing near to
- Approbation, ăp-prô-bă-shŷn, *s.* the act or approving
- Appropriate, ăp-prô-prŷ-áte, *v. a.* to assign, to annex, to set apart
- Appropriation, ăp-prô-prŷ-ă-shŷn, *s.* the application of something to a particular purpose or use
- Approval, ăp-prô-văł, *s.* approbation
- Approve, ăp-prôve', *v. a.* to like, to commend, to be pleased with
- Approximate, ăp pröks'-ŷ-mět, *a.* near to
- Approximation, ăp-prök-sŷ-mă-shŷn, *s.* approach to any thing [against]
- Appulse, ăp'-pŷls, *s.* the act of striking
- Appurtenance, ăp' pŷr-tě-něns, *s.* what belongs to any thing
- Apricot, ă-prŷ-kôt, *s.* a kind of wall fruit
- April, ă-prŷł, *s.* the fourth month of the year
- Apron, ă-prôn, *s.* part of a woman's dress, that which covers the touch-hole of a great gun
- Apsis, ăp'-sŷs, *pl.* Apsides, ăp'-sŷ-děz, *s.* those points in the orbit in which the planet is at the greatest and least distance from the sun or earth
- Apt, ăpt', *a.* fit, quick, qualified for—*v. a.* to suit, to adapt [disposition]
- Aptitude, ăp'-tŷ-tŷde, *s.* fitness, tendency,
- Aqua, ă'-kwă, *s.* water
- Aqua-fortis, ă'-kwă-fór'-tŷs, *s.* corrosive liquor made of saltpetre and vitriol
- Aquarius, ă-kwă-rŷ-ŷs, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac (water-carrier)
- Aquatic, ă-kwăť-ŷk, *a.* growing or living in the water
- Aqueduct, ă'-kwě-dŷct, *s.* a conveyance made for carrying water
- Aqueous, ă'-kwě-ŷs, *a.* watery, thin
- Aquiline, ăk-wŷ-line, *a.* resembling an eagle, hooked
- Arabic, ăr'-ă-bŷk, *s.* a kind of gum
- Arable, ăr'-ěb'l, *a.* fit for tillage
- Araneous, ă-ră-nŷŷs, *a.* resembling a cobweb [ing]
- Aration, ă-ră-shŷn, *s.* the act of plow
- Arbalist, ăr'-bă-list, *s.* a cross-bow
- Arbiter, ăr'-bŷ-tér, *s.* an umpire to settle a dispute [mination, choice, will]
- Arbitrament, ăr-bŷt-ră'-měnt, *s.* a determination
- Arbitrarius, ăr-bŷ tră-rŷŷs, *a.* arbitrary, depending on the will
- Arbitrary, ăr'-bŷ-trăr-ŷ, *a.* despotic, absolute, unlimited
- Arbitrate, ăr'-bŷ-trâte, *v. a.* to decide, to determine—*v. n.* to give judgment
- Arbitration, ăr-bŷ-tră-shŷn, *s.* the determination of an umpire [a determiner]
- Arbitrator, ăr-bŷ-tră-tór, *s.* an umpire
- Arborist, ăr-bô-rŷst, *s.* a naturalist who makes trees his study [trees]
- Arboreal, ăr-bô-rŷs, *a.* belonging to
- Arbour, ăr'-bôr, *s.* a bower
- Arbuckle, ăr'-bŷs-s'l, *s.* a little shrub
- Arbut, ăr'-bŷte, *s.* the strawberry tree
- Arc, ărk', *s.* an arch, segment of a circle
- Arcade, ăr-kă'de, *s.* a continued arch
- Arcanum, ăr-că-nŷm, *s.* a secret
- Arch, ărtsh, or Arc, ărk, *s.* part of a circle, the vault of heaven—*v. a.* to build, to cover with arches—*a.* waggish, mirthful [phrase]
- Archaism, ăr-kă-ŷzm, *s.* an ancient
- Archangel, ărk-ă-ne-dzhěl, *s.* a chief angel, a plant [bishop]
- Archbishop, ărtsh-bŷshŷp, *s.* a chief
- Archbishopric, ărtsh-bŷshŷp-ŷrk, *s.* jurisdiction of an archbishop



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt—

Archdeacon, ărtsh-dē-kón, *s.* a bishop's deputy

Archdeaconry, ărtsh dē-kón-rŷ, *s.* jurisdiction of an archdeacon

Archduke, ărt h'-dŭke, *s.* grand duke

Archduchess, ărtsh-dŭtsh'-ēs, *s.* grand duchess

Arched, ărtsh'-ēd, *a.* bent like an arch

Archer, ă'r-tshér, *s.* one who shoots with a bow [a bow

Archery, ă'r-tshér-ŷ, *s.* the art of using

Archetypal, ă'r-kē-tŷ-pāl, *a.* original

Archetype, ă'r-kē-tŷ-pe, *s.* the original pattern [longing to an archdeacon

Archidiaconal, ăr kŷ-dŷ-ăk'-ô-nāl, *a.* be-

Archiepiscopal, ăr-kŷ-ē pŷ' kô-pāl, *a.* belonging to an archbishop

Archipelago, ăr-kŷ pēl'-ă-gô, *s.* any sea which abounds with small islands

Architect, ă'r-kŷ tēkt. *s.* a professor of the art of building [of building

Architecture, ăr-kŷ tēkt-tŭrc, *s.* the science

Architrave, ă'r kŷ-trāve, *s.* the upper part of a column lying immediately upon the capital [where records are kept

Archives, ă'r kŷvz, *s.* records, places

Arctic, ă'rk-tŷk, *a.* northern

Arcuate, ă'r kŷ ēt, *a.* bent like an arch

Arcaution, ăr kŷ-ă-shŭn, *s.* an arking, an incurvation, a curvity

Ardency, ăr-dēn' sŷ, *s.* zeal, eagerness

Ardent, ă'r-dēnt, *a.* vehement, zealous

Arduous, ă'r-dŭ-ŭs, *a.* laborious, difficult

Are, ă'r, *plural of the present tense of the verb to be*

Area, ă'-ryă, *s.* the superficial content of any thing, an open space before a building [growing dry

Arefaction, ăr-ē-făk'-shŭn, *s.* the state of

Arenaceous, ă-rē-nă'-shŭs, *a.* sandy

Argal, ă'r-gāl, *s.* impure tartar adhering to the sides of wine vessels

Argent, ă'r-dzhēnt, *a.* silver white, bright like silver [clay

Argil, ă'r-dzhŷl, *s.* pure clay, potter's

Argillaceous, ăr-dzhŷl-lă'-shŭs, *a.* consisting of clay

Argol, ărgöl, *s.* tartar from lees of wine

Argue, ă'r-gŭ, *v. n.* to reason, to dispute—*v. a.* to prove by argument, to debate [ledged, a subject in debate

Argument, ă'r-gŭ-mēnt, *s.* a reason

Argumental, ăr-gŭ-mēn'-tāl, *a.* belonging to argument [the act of reasoning

Argumentation, ăr-gŭ-mēn-tă'-shŭn, *s.*

Argumentative, ăr-gŭ-mēn-tă'-tŷv, *a.* disputatious, replete with argument

Argute, ăr-gŭ-te, *a.* subtle, witty, sharp, shril

Arian, ă'rŷ-ăn, *s.* a follower of Arianism

Arid, ă'rĭd, *a.* dry, parched up

Aridity, ă-rĭd' ŷ-tŷ, *s.* dryness, insensibility in devotion [zodiac

Aries, ă' rŷ-ez, *s.* the ram, a sign of the

Aright, ă rĭ'te, *ad.* rightly, without mistake [rise up

Arise, ă rĭ'ze, *v. n.* to mount up, to

Aristocracy, ă rĭs tŏk'-ră sŷ, *s.* a government by nobles [to aristocracy

Aristocratic, ă-rĭs-tŏ-krăt'-ĭk, *a.* relating

Arithmetic, ă-rĭth'-mē tĭk, *s.* the science of computation [rules of arithmetic

Arithmetical, ă rĭth-mē't-ŷ-kāl, *a.* by the

Arithmetician, ă-rĭth' mē-tĭsh'-ăn, *s.* one who professes the knowledge of arithmetic

Ark, ă'rk, *s.* the name generally applied to that vessel in which Noah was preserved from the deluge

Arm, ă'rm, *s.* the limb reaching from the hand to the shoulder, a bough of a tree, an inlet of the sea—*v. a.* to furnish with weapons—*v. n.* to take arms [ships

Armada, ăr-mă'-dă, *s.* a large fleet of

Armado, ăr-mă-dŷl' lô, *s.* a small animal like a hog [force

Armament, ă'r-mă-mēnt, *s.* a naval

Armed, ă'r mēd, *a.* furnished with arms

Armigerous, ăr-mĭdzh'-ēr-ŭs, *a.* bearing arms [bracelet

Armillary, ă'r-mŷl-lăr-ŷ, *a.* resembling a

Arminian, ăr-mĭn-yăn, *s.* a professor of Arminianism [war

Armipotent, ăr-mĭp'-ô tēnt, *a.* mighty in

Armistice, ă'r-mŷ-stĭs, *s.* a short cessation of arms

Armoniac, ăr-mŏ'-nŷ-ăk, *s.* a sort of salt

Armorer, ă'r-mŏr'-ēr, *s.* one who makes or sells arms

Armorial, ăr-mŏ'-rŷ-ăl, *a.* belonging to the arms or escutcheon of a family

Armory, ă'r-mŏr-ŷ, *s.* a place in which arms are deposited for use, ensigns

armorial

Armour, ă'r mŏr, *s.* defensive arms

Armour-bearer, ă'r-mŏr-băr'-ēr, *s.* one who carries the arms of another

Arms, ă'rmz, *s.* warlike weapons, a state of hostility [men

Army, ă'r-mŷ, *s.* a large body of armed

Aromatic, ă-rŏ-măt'-ĭk, *a.* spicy, fragrant

shôt, nôte. lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Aromatize, ă'-ô-mă-tize, *v. a.* to scent, to perfume

Arose, ă'-rôze, *v. n.* from Arise

Around, ă-rôun'd, *ad.* in a circle, on every side—*prep.* about

Arouse, ă-rôuse, *v. a.* to awake from sleep, to excite

Arow, ă-rô', *ad.* in a row

Arquebuse, ă-r-kwē-bûs, *s.* a hand gun

Arrack, ă-răk', *s.* a sort of spirituous liquor [to trial, to accuse

Arraign, ă-r-ră'ne, *v. a.* to indict, to bring

Arrange, ă-r-răndzh, *v. a.* to set in order or place [ing in order

Arrangement, ă-r-răndzh'mënt, *s.* plac-

Arrant, ă-r-rănt, *a.* bad in a high degree

Arras, ă-r-răs, *s.* rich tapestry or hangings [v. a. to put in order, to deck

Array, ă-r-ră, *s.* dress, order of battle—

Arrear, ă-r-rēr, *s.* what remains unpaid

Arrest, ă-r-rĕst', *s.* a legal caption or seizure of the person—*v. a.* to seize, to stop, to hinder [rior court

Arret, ă-r-rĕt', *s.* the decision of a supe-

Arriere, ă-r-rĭr, *s.* the rear of an army

Arrival, ă-r-rĭ-văl, *s.* the act of coming to a place [to reach a place or point

Arrive, ă-r-rĭve, *v. a.* to come to a place,

Arrogance, ă-r-rô-gĕns, *s.* pride, haughty demeanor

Arrogant, ă-r-rô-gent, *a.* haughty, proud

Arrogate, ă-r-rô-găte, *v. a.* to claim vainly, to exhibit unjust claims

Arrow, ă-r-rô', *s.* a pointed weapon which is shot from a bow

Arsenal, ă-rs-năl, *s.* a repository or magazine for military stores

Arsenic, ă-rs-nĭk, *s.* a poisonous mineral

Art, ărt, *s.* science, skill, cunning

Artery, ă-r-tĕr-y, *s.* a canal or tube which conveys the blood from the heart to all parts of the body

Artful, ărt-fŭl, *a.* crafty, cunning

Arthritic, ă-r-tĭrĭt'-ĭk, *a.* gouty, relating to the gout or joints [plant

Artichoke, ă-r-tĭ-tshôke, *s.* an escalent

Article, ă-r-tĭkl, *s.* one of the parts of speech, a condition of a covenant, a stipulation—*v. n.* to stipulate, make terms—*v. a.* to draw up in particular

articles, bind by written agreement

Articulate, ă-r-tĭk'-û-lĕt, *a.* distinct, plain

Articulate, ă-r-tĭk'-û-lăte, *v. a.* to utter words distinctly—*v. n.* to speak distinctly

Articulation, ă-r-tĭk'-û-lă-shŭn, *s.* a joint or knot, the act of forming words

Artifice, ă-r-tĭ-fĭs, *s.* trick, fraud, art, trade

Artificer, ă-r-tĭf-l-sér, *s.* an artist, a manufacturer [not natural

Artificial, ă-r-tĭ-fĭsh'-ăl, *a.* made by art,

Artillery, ă-r-tĭl-lér-y, *s.* weapons of war, cannon [workman

Artizan, ă-r-tĭ-zăn', *s.* an artificer, a

Artist, ă-r-tĭst, *s.* one skilled in an art

Artless, ărt-les, *a.* without art or fraud

Artuose, ă-r-tŭ ôse, *a.* strong, nervous

Arundinous, ă-rŭn-dĭn'-ús, *a.* full of reeds [cause

As, ăz', *conj.* in the same manner, be-

Asafœtida, ăs-ă-fĕ-tĭ-dă, *s.* a gum of an offensive smell [of a plant

Asarabacca, ăs-ă-ră-băk'-kă, *s.* the name

Asbestos, ăz-bĕs'-tôs, *s.* a sort of fossile which may be split into threads and filaments, and which remains uncon-

sumed in the fire [in the rectum

Ascarides, ăs-kăr-y'-dĕz, *s.* small worms

Ascend, ăs-sĕnd', *v. n.* to mount, to rise, advance, stand higher in genea-

logy—*v. a.* to climb up any thing

Ascendant, ăs-sĕn'-dĕnt, *s.* height, influence—*a.* superior, predominate

Ascendency, ăs sĕn'-dĕn-sŷ, *s.* an influence, superiority [cending or rising

Ascension, ăs-sĕn'-shŭn, *s.* the act of as-

Ascension-day, ăs-sĕn'-shŭn dă, *s.* Holy Thursday on which the ascension of

our Saviour is commemorated

Ascent, ăs-sĕnt', *s.* the rising of a hill, an eminence [certain, to fix

Ascertain, ăs sĕr-tă'ne, *v. a.* to make

Ascetic, ăs-sĕt'-ĭk, *a.* employed in exercises of devotion—*s.* a hermit

Ascititious, ăs-sĭ-tĭsh'-ús, *a.* supplemental, additional [impute

Ascribe, ăs-kri'be, *v. a.* to attribute, to

Ash, ăsh', *s.* a sort of tree [shame

Ashamed, ă-shă'md, *a.* touched with

Ashes, ăsh'-éz, *s.* remains of any thing burnt, remains of the body

Ashlar, ăsh-lér, *s.* stones out of the quarry unhewn [land

Ashore, ă-shô're, *ad.* on shore, on the

Ash-Wednesday, ăsh-wĕdnz'-dă, *s.* the first day of Lent

Ashy, ăshĭ'-ŷ, *a.* ash coloured, pale

Aside, ă-side, *ad.* to one side, apart from the rest [a. belonging to an ass

Asinary, ăs'-ŷ-nărĭ', or Asinine, ăs'-ŷ-nĭne,

Ask, ăsk, *v. a.* to petition, to claim, to require [liquely, awry

Askance, ă-skă'ns, *ad.* sideways, ob-

Askew, ă-skŭ', *ad.* aside, contemptuously

*Sounds.*—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, dēsist, mé, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Aslant, ă-slă'nt, *ad.* obliquely, on one side  
 Asleep, ă-slē'pe, *ad.* sleeping, at rest  
 Alope, ă-slō'pe, *ad.* with declivity, obliquely [tree  
 Asp, ă'sp, *s.* a very venomous serpent, a  
 Asparagus, ă-spar'ă-gūs, *s.* an esculent plant [sition  
 Aspect, ă-s'pēkt, *s.* appearance, view, po-  
 Aspen, ă-s'pén, *s.* a kind of popular tree, the leaves of which always tremble  
 Asperate, ă-s'pér-ate, *v. a.* to make rough  
 Asperity, ă-s'pér'-tŷt, *s.* roughness, harshness [censure  
 Asperse, ă-s'pér's, *v. a.* to slander, to  
 Aspersions, ă-s'pér'-shŷn, *s.* a sprinkling, calumny, censure [minous  
 Asphaltic, ă-săl'tŷk, *a.* gummy, bitu-  
 Asphodel, ă-s'fō-dēl, *a.* a day-lily  
 Aspick, ă-s'pĭk, *s.* a sort of serpent  
 Aspirate, ă-s'pĭr-ate, *v. a.* to pronounce fully or strong  
 Aspiration, ă-s'pĭr-ă-shŷn, *s.* an ardent wish or desire, the act of pronouncing with full breath [to aim at  
 Aspire, ă-s'pĭre, *v. a.* to desire eagerly,  
 Asquint, ă-skwĭnt', *ad.* obliquely [fellow  
 Ass, ă's, *s.* an animal of burden, a stupid  
 Assail, ă-s-să'le, *v. a.* to attack, to assault  
 Assailable, ă-s-săl'-ăb'l, *a.* that is liable to be attacked  
 Assailant, ă-s-să'-lént, *s.* he that attacks  
 Assassin, ă-s-săs'-sĭn, *s.* a secret murderer [der, to way-lay  
 Assassinate, ă-s-săs'-sĭ-nate, *v. a.* to murder  
 Assault, ă-s-săl't, *s.* invasion, attack, violent injury—*v. a.* to attack, to invade  
 Assay, ă-s-să', *s.* examination, proof, trial—*v. a.* to make trial of [tion of things  
 Assemblage, ă-s-sēm'-blēdz, *s.* a collection  
 Assemble, ă-s-sēm'-b'l, *v. a.* to bring together—*v. n.* to meet together  
 Assembly, ă-s-sēm'-blŷ, *s.* a company assembled  
 Assent, ă-s-sēnt', *s.* consent—*v. n.* to concede, to yield to [firm, to claim  
 Assert, ă-s-sért', *v. a.* to maintain, to affirm  
 Assertion, ă-s-sér'-shŷn, *s.* the act of asserting [certain sum  
 Assess, ă-s-sēs', *v. a.* to charge with any  
 Assessment, ă-s-sēs'-mēnt, *s.* a parish or other rate of taxation  
 Assessor, ă-s-sēs'-ór, *s.* the person making an assessment  
 Assets, ă-s-sēs'ts, *s.* effects left by one dead, with which his executor is to pay his debts [lemnly, or make oath  
 Assever, ă-s-sév'-ér, *v. a.* to affirm so-

Asseveration, ă-s-sév'-ér-ă-shŷn, *s.* a solemn affirmation  
 Assiduity, ă-s-sĭ-dŷ-tŷ, *s.* diligence  
 Assiduous, ă-s-sĭd'-ŷ-us, *a.* constant in application [slave contract  
 Assiento, ă-s-sĭ-ēn'tō, *s.* the Spanish  
 Assign, ă-s-sĭ-ne, *v. a.* to appoint, to give a reason for, to make over a right to another [pointment, a making over  
 Assignment, ă-s-sĭg-nă-shŷn, *s.* an appointment  
 Assignee, ă-s-sĭ-nē', *s.* one appointed to do any thing on behalf of others  
 Assignment, ă-s-sĭnē'-mēnt, *s.* an appointment, conveyance of right  
 Assimilate, ă-s-sĭm'-lâte, *v. a.* to convert to the same nature or use with another  
 Assist, ă-s-sĭst', *v. a.* to help, to aid  
 Assistance, ă-s-sĭst'-ēns, *s.* help, aid, relief [—*s.* one who assists  
 Assistant, ă-s-sĭs'-tēnt, *a.* helping, aiding  
 Assize, ă-s-sĭ-ze, *s.* a court of justice in counties, a statute to determine weights and measures [join with  
 Associate, ă-s-sō'-shŷâte, *v. a.* to unite, to  
 Associate, ă-s-sō'-shĕt, *a.* confederate—*s.* partner, confederate, companion  
 Association, ă-s-sō-shŷă-shŷn, *s.* union, confederacy, partnership, connection  
 Assort, ă-s-sört, *v. a.* to range in order, to class [parcel or variety  
 Assortment, ă-s-sört'-mēnt, *s.* a select  
 Assuage, ă-s-swă'dzh, *v. a.* to mitigate, appease, ease [tigating  
 Assuasive, ă-s-swă'-shŷv, *a.* softening, mitigating  
 Assubjugate, ă-s-sŷb'-dzhŷ-gâte, *v. a.* to subject to  
 Assuetude, ă-s-swē-tŷde, *s.* custom  
 Assume, ă-s-sŷ-me, *v. a.* to take, to claim, to arrogate [gant, haughty  
 Assuming, ă-s-sŷ-mĭng, *part. a.* arrogant  
 Assumption, ă-s-sŷmp'-shŷn, *s.* the act of taking any thing to one's self, the thing supposed, a postulate  
 Assumptive, ă-s-sŷmp'-tĭv, *a.* that which is assumed  
 Assurance, ă-s-shŷ-rēns, *s.* confidence, certainty, intrepidity, want of modesty  
 Assure, ă-s-shŷ-re, *v. a.* to assert positively, to secure  
 Asterisk, ă-s'tér'-ĭsk, *s.* the mark \*  
 Astern, ă-stérn', *ad.* in the hinder part of or behind the ship [lungs  
 Asthma, ă-s'tmă, *s.* a disease of the  
 Asthmatic, ă-s'tmăt'-ĭk, *a.* troubled with an asthma [confound  
 Astonish, ă-s-tŷn'-ĭsh, *v. a.* to amaze, to

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, lûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Astonishment, ʔs-tôn-ʔshí-měnt, *s.* surprise, amazement [*architecture*  
 Astragal, ʔs-t-ʔ gál, *a.* an ornament in  
 Astral, ʔs-trál, *a.* jerry, relating to the stars  
 Astray, ʔs-strá, *ad.* out of the right way  
 Astriction, ʔs-trík-shûn, *s.* the act of contracting parts [*open*  
 Astride, ʔs-strí'd, *ad.* across with legs  
 Astringe, ʔs-trín'dzh, *v. a.* to draw together, to bind [*contracting*  
 Astringent, ʔs-trín' dzhěnt, *a.* binding,  
 Ast ogra hy, ʔs trög'ráf-ý, *s.* the art of describing the stars  
 Astrolabe, ʔs-trô-láb, *s.* an instrument to take the altitude of the sun or stars at sea [*foretells by stars*  
 Astrologer, ʔs-trôl-ô dzhér, *s.* one who  
 Astrological, ʔs-trô-lôdzh-ý-cál, *a.* relating to astrology  
 Astrology, ʔs-trôl-ôdzhý, *s.* the practice of foretelling events by the stars  
 Astronomer, ʔs-trôn-ô mér, *s.* one who studies the stars [*to astronomy*  
 Astronomic, ʔs-trô-nôm'ýk, *a.* belonging  
 Astronomy, ʔs-trôn-ô-mý, *s.* a science that teaches the knowledge of the heavenly bodies, magnitudes, motions, distances, periods, eclipses, &c.  
 Astro-theology, ʔs' tro-thé-ôl'ô-dzhý, *s.* divinity founded on the observation of the celestial bodies [*not together*  
 Asunder, ʔs sùn' dér, *ad.* apart, separately,  
 Asylum, ʔs s' lûm, *s.* a sanctuary, a refuge  
 At, ʔt, *prep.* near or not quite in, in, in a state of, employed about, ready for  
 Atheism, ʔt-thé-ism, *s.* disbelief of a God  
 Atheist, ʔt-thé-íst, *s.* one who denies a God [*ism, impious*  
 Atheistic, ʔt-thé-ýs-ýk, *a.* given to athe-  
 Athirst, ʔt-thír'st, *ad.* thirsty, in want of drink [*orous*  
 Athletic, ʔt-thé-ýk, *a.* strong, lusty, vi-  
 Athwart, ʔt-thá't, *prep.* across, transverse to any thing, through  
 Atlantic, ʔt-lán tik, *s.* the western sea or ocean  
 Atlas, ʔt-lás, *s.* a collection of maps  
 Atmosphere, ʔt-mô sfi-re, *s.* the air that en compasses the earth on all sides  
 Atom, ʔt'ôm, *s.* an extremely small particle [*atoms, minute*  
 Atomical, ʔt-tôm'ý-kál, *a.* consisting of  
 Atone, ʔt tône, *v. n.* to agree, stand as an equivalent for, answer for—*v. a.* to expiate  
 Atonement, ʔt tône'-měnt, *s.* satisfaction

Atrabilarian, ʔt' trá-bý-lá'-ryán, or Atrabilarious, ʔt' trá-bý-lá'-ryús, *a.* melancholy  
 Atramental, ʔt-trá-měn'-tál, or Atramentous, ʔt-trá-měn'-tús, *a.* inky, black  
 Atrocious, ʔt-trô-shyús, *a.* wicked in a high degree, enormous [*edness*  
 Atrocity, ʔt-trôs-ý tý, *s.* horrible wickedness  
 Atrophy, ʔt' trô-fý, *s.* a disease in which what is taken for food cannot act as nourishment  
 Attach, ʔt-tásh', *v. a.* to lay hold on, to win or gain over, to fix to one's interest [*law, adherence*  
 Attachment, ʔt-ʔtsh-měnt, *s.* a writ in  
 Attack, ʔt-ták', *v. a.* to assault, to begin—*s.* an assault  
 Attain, ʔt-tāne, *v. a.* to gain, to overtake—*v. n.* to come to a certain state, to arrive at [*be gained*  
 Attainable, ʔt-tāne-ʔ b'l, *a.* which may  
 Attainder, ʔt-tāne-dér, *s.* the act of attainting in law, taint  
 Attaint, ʔt-tānt, *v. a.* to taint, to dishonour, to corrupt  
 Attenuate, ʔt-tém'-pér, *v. a.* to qualify or temper, to abate, to regulate, to mix in just proportions [*proportion*  
 Attenuate, ʔt-tém'-pér-āte, *v. a.* to  
 Attempt, ʔt-těmpt', *v. a.* to venture upon, to try—*s.* an attack, an essay, an endeavour  
 Attend, ʔt-těnd', *v. a.* to fix the mind upon, to wait on, to accompany—*v. n.* to yield attention, to stay  
 Attendance, ʔt-těn-děns, *s.* the act of waiting on another  
 Attendant, ʔt-těn , *a.* accompanying as subordinate—*s.* one who attends another [*tending or heeding*  
 Attention, ʔt-těn'-shûn, *s.* the act of attending  
 Attentive, ʔt-těn'-tív, *a.* heedful, regardful [*or slender*  
 Attenuate, ʔt-těn'-ū-ěnt, *a.* making thin  
 Attenuate, ʔt-těn'-ū-ét, *a.* made thin or slender  
 Attenuate, ʔt-těn'-ū-āte, *v. a.* to make slender, to dilute [*to invoke*  
 Attest, ʔt-těst', *v. a.* to bear witness of,  
 Attestation, ʔt-těs-tá-shûn, *s.* evidence  
 Attic, ʔt-tík, *a.* poignant, refined, elevated  
 Attire, ʔt-tír', *v. a.* to dress, to habit, to array—*s.* apparel, horns of a stag  
 Attitude, ʔt-tí-túde, *s.* posture, gesture  
 Attorney, ʔt-tór-ný, *s.* one who acts for another, a lawyer  
 Attournment, ʔt-tôrn'-měnt, *s.* a tenant's submission to a new lord



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hằl, liár—mết, dēsist, mề, hér—chỷn, chũne, field, shirt—

- Attract**, ăt-trắk't, *v. a.* to draw to, to allure, to entice [drawing]  
**Attraction**, ăt-trắk'-shũn, *s.* the power of  
**Attractive**, ăt-trắk'-tỷv, *a.* alluring, enticing [to impute]  
**Attribute**, ăt-trỷb'-ủte, *v. a.* to ascribe,  
**Attribute**, ăt'-trỷb'ủte, *s.* a thing attributed to another, a quality inherent in a person or thing  
**Attrition**, ăt-trỷsh'-ủn, *s.* the act of wearing things by rubbing, imperfect, sorrow for sin [to tune]  
**Attune**, ăt-tủne, *v. a.* to make musical,  
**Avail**, ă-vẻle, *v. a.* to turn to profit, to promote, to assist—*v. n.* to be of use—*s.* advantage, benefit [fitable]  
**Available**, ă-vẻl'-ủb'l, *a.* of service, pro-  
**Avant-guard**, ă-vẻnt'-gẻrd, *s.* the van  
**Avarice**, ăv'-ẻrẻs, *s.* covetousness, niggardliness [greedy]  
**Avaricious**, ăv'-ẻrẻsh'-ủs, *a.* covetous,  
**Avast**, ă-vẻst, *ad.* hold, stop, cease  
**Avant**, ă-vẻnt, *interj.* begone, away  
**Auburn**, ă-bủrn, *a.* brown, of a tan colour [bidder]  
**Auction**, ăk'-shỏn, *s.* a sale to the best  
**Auctioneer**, ăk'-shỏn'-ẻr, *s.* he that manages an auction [bird-catching]  
**Aucupation**, ăkủ-pẻshũn, *s.* fowling,  
**Audacious**, ă-dẻshủs, *s.* bold, impudent  
**Audacity**, ă-dẻs'-ỷ-tỷ, *s.* spirit, boldness  
**Audible**, ă-dủb'l, *a.* that may be heard, loud  
**Audience**, ăd'-ẻnẻs, *s.* the act of hearing, liberty of speaking granted, an assemblage of persons to hear any thing  
**Audit**, ă-dủt, *s.* a final account—*v. a.* to take an account finally  
**Auditor**, ă-dủ-tỏr, *s.* a hearer, an examiner of accounts  
**Auditory**, ă-dủ-tỏr'-ỷ, *s.* a collection of persons assembled to hear, a place where lectures are to be heard  
**Avenge**, ă-vẻndẻh', *v. a.* to revenge, to punish  
**Avenue**, ăv'-ẻnủ, *s.* an entrance to a place, an alley, or walk  
**Aver**, ă-vẻr', *v. a.* to declare positively  
**Average**, ăv'-ẻrẻdẻh, *s.* the mean or medium of any given quantities  
**Averment**, ă-vẻr'-mẻnt, *s.* an affirmation  
**Averse**, ă'-ẻvers, *a.* contrary, not favourable to  
**Aversion**, ă-vẻr'-shũn, *s.* hatred, dislike  
**Avert**, ă-vẻrt', *v. a.* to turn aside or off  
**Auger**, ă-gẻr, *s.* tool to bore holes with  
**Aught**, ă't, *prep.* any thing  
**Augment**, ăg'-mẻnt', *v. a.* to increase, to make bigger [act of increasing]  
**Augmentation**, ăg'-mẻn-tẻ-shũn, *s.* the  
**Augur**, ă-gủr, *s.* one who predicts by the flight of birds, &c.—*v. n.* to guess, to conjecture by signs  
**Augury**, ă-gủ-rỷ, *s.* the act of prognosticating by the flight, feeding, &c. of birds, &c.  
**August**, ă-gủst', *a.* grand, magnificent  
**August**, ă'-gủst, *s.* the eighth month  
**Aviary**, ăv'-ẻrẻ-ỷ, *s.* a place for keeping birds in [ness]  
**Avidity**, ă-vỷd'-ỷ-tỷ, *s.* greediness, eager-  
**Aulick**, ă-lỷk, *a.* belonging to a court  
**Auln**, ă'n, *s.* an ell  
**Aunt**, ănt, *s.* a father or mother's sister  
**Avocate**, ăv'-ỏ-kẻte, *v. a.* to call away  
**Avocation**, ăv'-ỏ-kẻ-shũn, *s.* the act of calling aside [—*v. n.* to retire]  
**Avoid**, ă-vỏỷd, *v. a.* to shun, to escape  
**Avoidance**, ă-vỏỷd'-ẻns, *s.* the act of avoiding [ounces weight]  
**Avoirdupois**, ă-vẻr'-dủ'-pỏỷz, *a.* sixteen  
**Avolation**, ă-vỏ-lẻ-shũn, *s.* the act of flying away  
**Avouch**, ă-vỏủtsh, *v. a.* to affirm, to vindicate, to justify—*s.* a declaration, evidence [openly]  
**Avow**, ă-vỏw', *v. a.* to justify, to declare  
**Avowal**, ă-vỏw'-ẻl, *s.* a positive or open declaration [distress]  
**Avowry**, ă-vỏw'-rỷ, *s.* reason of taking  
**Aurelia**, ă-rẻl'-ỷẻ, *s.* the first apparent change of a maggot before it becomes a fly [appendages of the heart]  
**Auricle**, ă'-rỏk'l, *s.* the external ear, two  
**Auricula**, ă-rỏk'-ủ-lẻ, *s.* a flower  
**Auricular**, ă-rỏk'-ủ-lẻr, *a.* within hearing, told in secret [duces gold]  
**Auriferous**, ă-rỏf'-ẻr'-ủs, *a.* that produces  
**Aurora**, ă-rỏ-rẻẻ, *s.* a sort of crowfoot, the goddess that opens the gates of day, *poetically* the morning  
**Aurora-borealis**, ă-rỏ-rẻẻ-bỏ-rẻẻ-ă'-lẻs, *s.* a light streaming in the night from the north [tending to]  
**Auscultation**, ăs-kủl-tẻ-shũn, *s.* a listening  
**Auspice**, ăs-pẻs, *s.* an omen, favour, influence [favourable, happy]  
**Auspicious**, ăs-pẻsh'-ủs, *a.* prosperous,  
**Austere**, ăs-tẻẻ, *a.* severe, harsh, rigid, sour [stified life, cruelty]  
**Austeriety**, ăs-tẻẻ'-ỷ-tỷ, *s.* severity, mor-  
**Austral**, ăs-trẻẻl, *a.* southern  
**Authentic**, ă-thẻn'-tỷk, *a.* genuine, original



shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

**Authenticity**, â-thên tÿs'-Y-tÿ, *s.* authenticity, genuineness

**Author**, â'-thôr, *s.* the first beginner or mover of any thing, the writer of any thing [or writer

**Authoress**, â'-thôr-ës, *s.* a female author

**Authoritative**, â-thôr'-Y-tâ-tiv, *a.* having authority [influence, rule

**Authority**, â-thôr'-Y-tÿ, *s.* legal power, **Authorize**, â'-thô-rize, *v. a.* to empower, to make legal, to justify [ing

**Autograph**, â'-tô-gráf, *s.* one's own writ-

**Autography**, â-tôg'-ráf-y, *s.* an original writing [the power of moving itself

**Automatic**, â-tô-mât'-Y-kál, *a.* having

**Automaton**, â-tôm'-â-tôn, *s.* a machine that hath the power of motion with-

in itself [itself the power of motion

**Automatous**, â-tôm'-â-tús, *a.* having in

**Autumn**, â'-tûm, *s.* the season between summer and winter [autumn

**Autumnal**, â-tûm'-nál, *a.* belonging to

**Avulsion**, â-vûl'-shûn, *s.* the act of pulling one thing from another

**Auxiliar**, âg-zil'-Yár, *or* **Auxiliary**, âg-

zil'-Yar-y, *s.* a helper, an assistant—

*a.* helping, assisting [for, to attend

**Await**, â-wâ'te, *v. a.* to expect, to wait

**Awake**, â-wâ'ke, *v. a.* to rouse out of sleep or drowsiness—*v. n.* to break

from sleep, to cease to sleep—*a.*

without sleep, not sleeping

**Award**, â-wâ'rd, *v. a.* to adjudge—*v. n.*

to determine—*s.* judgment, determination

**Aware**, â-wâ're, *a.* vigilant, attentive

**Away**, â-wâ', *ad.* out of the way, not present—*interj.* let us go, begone

**Awe**, â', *s.* dread, fear, reverence—*v. a.*

to strike with reverence or fear

**Awful**, â'-fûl, *a.* striking with awe or reverence, terrible

**Awfulness**, â'-fûl-nës, *s.* solemnity

**Awhile**, â-hwî'le, *ad.* a time

**Awkward**, â'k-wâ'rd, *a.* inelegant, un-

handy, clumsy [holes

**Awl**, â'l, *s.* a pointed instrument to bore

**Awme**, â'm, *s.* a Dutch measure equal to our tierce

**Awn**, â'n, *s.* a pike or beard of corn

**Awning**, â'-ning, *s.* any covering spread over a boat or vessel to keep off the

weather

**Awoke**, â-wô'ke, *irregular pret. of*

**Awake**

**Awry**, â-wrÿ', *ad.* obliquely, askint, unevenly

**Axe**, â'ks', *s.* an instrument to cut wood

**Axiom**, â'k'-shóm, *s.* a self-evident proposition

**Axis**, â'k'-sÿs, *s.* a real or imaginary line on which any thing may revolve

**Axle**, â'x'l, *or* **Axletree**, â'x'l-trê, *s.* a

piece of timber on which the wheels of a carriage turn

**Ay**, â'y, *ad.* yes

**Aye**, â', *ad.* always, for ever

**Azimuth**, âz'-ÿ-mûth, *s.* an arch between the meridian of the place and a ver-

ticle circle passing through the sun or star, an astronomical instrument.

**Azure**, â'dzh-úr, *a.* blue, faint blue

## B

**BAA**, bâ', *s.* the cry of sheep—*v. n.* to bleat or cry like a sheep

**Babble**, bab'l, *v. n.* to prattle, to talk idly, to tell secrets—*s.* idle talk, senseless prattle

**Babe**, bâ'be, *s.* an infant

**Babler**, bâb'-l-ér, *s.* an idle talker

**Baboon**, bâ-bô'nc, *s.* a monkey of the largest kind

**Baby**, bâ-bÿ, *s.* an infant, a doll

**Baccated**, bâk-kâ-téd, *a.* beset with pearls, having berries [ard

**Bacchanalian**, bâk'-kâ-nâ'l-yân, *s.* a drunk-

**Bacchanals**, bâk'-kâ-nâlz, *s.* drunken feasts

**Bacciferous**, bâk-sif-ér-ús, *a.* bearing berries

**Bachelor**, bâtsh'-êlór, *s.* an unmarried man, one who has taken his first degree, a knight of the lowest order

**Back**, bâk', *s.* the hinder part—*v. a.* to mount a horse, to maintain, to justify

to support, to second [absent person

**Backbite**, bâk'-bite, *v. a.* to censure an

**Backed**, bâkt', *a.* having a back

**Backgammon**, bâk-gâm'món, *s.* a play or game with dice and tables

**Backslide**, bâk'-slide, *v. n.* to fall off

**Backstays**, bâk'-stâze, *s.* ropes which keep the mast from pitching forward

*Sounds*—hăt, bâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hêr—chÿn, chine, fiêld, shîrt—

**Backsword**, bák' sôrd, *s.* a sword with one sharp edge (*sluggish*)

**Backward**, bák' wârd, *a.* unwilling, dull,

**Bacon**, bák'n, *s.* hog's flesh salted and dried [*hurtful, sick*]

**Bad**, bád', *a.* not good, vicious, unhappy,

**Bad**, bád', **Bade**, bád', *pret. of Bid*

**Badge**, bádzh', *s.* a mark of distinction, a token—*v. a.* to mark [*sort of pedlar*]

**Badger**, bád' zhér, *s.* a sort of animal, a

**Badness**, bád'-nês, *s.* want of good qualities [*to deceive*]

**Baffle**, báf'l, *v. a.* to elude, to confound,

**Bag**, bág', *s.* a sack or pouch

**Baggabelle**, bág' á-tél', *s.* a trifle

**Baggage**, bág'-gêdzh, *s.* the furniture of an army, a worthless woman

**Bagnio**, bân'yô, *s.* a house for bathing or sweating, a brothel [*instrument*]

**Bagpipe**, bág'-pîp, *s.* a sort of musical

**Bagpiper**, bág'-pî-pér', *s.* a player on the bagpipes

**Bail**, bá'le, *s.* a surety given for a person's appearance—*v. a.* to give bail, to admit to bail

**Bailiff**, bá'lyf, *s.* an officer who executes or arrests, an under steward of a manor [*of a bailiff*]

**Bailiwick**, bá'ly-wýk, *s.* the jurisdiction

**Bait**, bâte, *v. a.* to put meat to tempt animals, to set dogs upon—*v. n.* to stop for refreshment—*s.* meat set to allure, temptation, refreshment

**Baze**, baze, *s.* a kind of coarse nappy cloth

**Bake**, báke, *v. a.* to dress victuals in an oven, to harden in the fire—*v. n.* to do the work of baking

**Balance**, bál'éns, *s.* a pair of scales, difference of accounts, beating part of a watch, the sign Libra—*v. a.* to weigh, to counterpoize, to regulate an account—*v. n.* to hesitate

**Balcony**, bál-kô'ný, *s.* a frame of wood or stone before the window of a room

**Bald**, bâld, *a.* without hair, unadorned, inelegant

**Balderdash**, bál'dér-dâsh, *s.* a rude mixture, illiterate discourse [*diack*]

**Baldrick**, bál'drîk, *s.* a girdle, the zo-

**Bale**, bále, *s.* a bundle of goods, misery, calamity

**Baleful**, bá'le-fûl, *a.* pernicious

**Balk**, bák, *s.* a great beam, a ridge of land unploughed, a disappointment when least expected—*v. a.* to disappoint, to frustrate, to miss

**Ball**, bál', *s.* any thing round, entertainment of dancing

**Ballad**, bál' lăd, *s.* a sort of song

**Ballast**, bál'-lăst, *s.* something put at the bottom of a ship to keep it steady—*v. n.* to put ballast in a ship

**Ballet**, bál'-lét, *s.* a sort of dance

**Balloon**, bál'-lôon, *s.* a round short-necked chemical vessel, a globe filled with light air to carry a weight into the atmosphere

**Ballot**, bál'-lôt, *s.* a little ballot or ticket used in giving votes—*v. n.* to choose by ballot

**Balm**, bâm, *s.* a sort of sweet plant—*v. a.* to anoint with balm, to sooth, to assuage

**Balmy**, bál'-mý, *a.* having the qualities of balm, odoriferous, soothing, soft

**Balneary**, bál'-nê-ăr-y, *s.* a bathing room

**Balsam**, bál'-sám, *s.* a shrub, an ointment [*tigating*]

**Balsamic**, bál'-sám'-îk, *a.* unctuous, medicinal

**Baluster**, bál'-ús-têr, *s.* a small column or pillar [*small pillars*]

**Balustrade**, bál'-ús-tră'de, *s.* a row of

**Bam**, bâm, *s.* a cheat, a fraud

**Bamboo**, bâm'-bô, *s.* an Indian plant of the reed kind [*to trick*]

**Bamboozle**, bâm'-boz'l, *v. a.* to deceive,

**Ban**, bân', *s.* a public notice, a curse, an interdiction—*v. a.* to curse, execrate

**Banana-tree**, bā-nā-nā-trê, *s.* a species of the plantain

**Band**, bând', *s.* a tie, a bandage, an ornament for the neck, a company

**Bandage**, bân' dèdzh, *s.* something bound over another, a fillet or roller

**Bandbox**, bând'-bôks, *s.* a thin, slight box

**Bandelet**, bân'-dêl-ét, *s.* a flat moulding or fillet [*plunderers*]

**Banditti**, bân-dýt-tý, *s.* outlaws, robbers,

**Bandoleers**, bân-dô-lêr'z, *s.* cases for charges of powder

**Bandy**, bân'-dy, *s.* a crooked stick—*a.* crooked—*v. a.* to toss to and fro, to agitate or discuss—*v. n.* to contend

**Bandylegged**, bân'-dy-lêgd, *a.* having crooked legs

**Bane**, bâne, *s.* poison, mischief, ruin

**Baneful**, bâne-fûl, *a.* poisonous, destructive

**Bang**, bâng', *v. a.* to thump, to handle roughly—*s.* a blow, a thump

**Banish**, bân'-ish, *v. a.* to send or drive away, to condemn to leave his own

country

shót, nôte, lôse, âctór—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

Banishment, bǎn' ysh, mënt, *s.* exiled state  
Bank, bǎngk', *s.* earth rising on each side of a river, a shoal of sand, a place where money is kept

Bank-bill, bǎngk' bil, *s.* a note for money in a bank

Banker, bǎngk'-ér, *s.* one that keeps a bank

Bankrupt, bǎngk'-rûpt, *s.* one incapable of paying his debts, or against whom a commission of bankruptcy is awarded [of a bankrupt

Bankruptcy, bǎngk'-rûpt-sÿ, *s.* the state

Banner, bǎn'-nér, *s.* a military flag or standard [in the field

Banneret, bǎn'-nér-ët, *s.* a knight made

Bannian, bǎn'-yǎn, *s.* a sort of light undress [meal cake

Bannock, bǎn'-nôk, *s.* an oaten or pease

Banns, bǎnz, *s.* public notice before marriage

Banquet, bǎng'-kwët, *s.* a feast

Banstick, bǎn'-stîkl, *s.* a very small prickly fish

Banter, bǎn'-tér, *v. a.* to play upon, to rally—*s.* ridicule, raillery [another

Banterer, bǎn'-tér-ér', *s.* one who rallies

Bantling, bǎnt'-lîng, *s.* a little child

Baptismal, bǎp-tîz'-mál, *a.* relating to baptism [baptizing at

Baptistery, bǎp'tîs- tér-ÿ, *s.* a place for

Baptize, bǎp tîze, *v. a.* to christen

Bar, bǎr, *s.* a long piece of wood or iron, a shallow bank at the entrance of a harbour, where causes of law are tried, a small room in a tavern, a perpendicular stroke through the lines (in music)—*v. a.* to fasten with a bolt, to hinder or obstruct

Barb, bǎrb, *s.* a beard, the points that stand backward in an arrow, a Barbary horse—*v. a.* to shave the beard, to furnish a horse with armour, to point an arrow

Barbarian, bǎr-bǎ'-ryǎn, *s.* a rude uncivilized person, a man without pity

Barbarism, bǎr-bǎ'-yzm, *s.* an uncouth manner of speaking or writing, ignorance, brutality, cruelty

Barbarity, bǎr-bǎr-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* inhumanity

Barbarous, bǎr-bǎ-rûs, *a.* savage, uncivilized, ignorant, inhuman

Barbecue, bǎr-bê-kù, *v. a.* to dress a whole hog—*s.* a hog dressed whole

Barbed, bǎr-bêd or bǎrb'd, *part.* furnished with armour, bearded, jagged with hooks

Barbel, bǎr-b'l, *s.* a kind of river fish

Barber, bǎr-bér, *s.* one whose trade is to shave

Barberry, bǎr-bér rÿ, *s.* a sort of bush

Barbican, bǎr-bÿ-kán, *s.* an outward fortification, an opening in the wall for guns

Bard, bǎrd, *s.* a poet

Bare, bǎ'-re, *a.* naked, uncovered, undressed, poor

Barefaced, bǎ'-re-faste, *a.* shameless, impudent

Barefoot, bǎ'-re fût, *a.* without shoes

Bareheaded, bǎ'-re-hêd-êd, *a.* uncovered, without a hat, &c. [very

Bareness, bǎ'-re-nês, *s.* nakedness, poverty

Bargain, bǎr-gín, *s.* an agreement for any thing, a thing bought or sold—*v. n.* to make an agreement

Barge, bǎrdzh, *s.* a large boat for pleasure or burden

Bargeman, bǎrdzh-mǎn, *s.* the owner or manager of a barge

Barilla, bǎr-ÿ'-lǎ, *s.* potashes used in making glass

Bark, bǎrk, *s.* the rind of a tree, a small ship—*v. a.* to strip off bark—*v. n.* to make a noise like a dog, to clamour at

Barley, bǎrlÿ, *s.* the grain of which malt is made

Barleycorn, bǎr-lÿ-körn, *s.* the grain of barley, the third part of an inch

Barm, qǎrm, *s.* yeast for making drink, ferment

Barn, bǎrn, *s.* a storehouse for corn, &c.

Barnacle, bǎr-nǎk'l, *s.* a bird like a goose, a species of shell fish [glass

Barometer, bǎ-rôm'-ê-tér, *s.* a weather

Barometrical, bǎ-rô-mêt-rîk-âr, *a.* relating to the barometer

Baron, bǎr'ôn, *s.* a nobleman next below a viscount, two surloins of beef

Baronage, bǎr'-ôn-êdzh, *s.* dignity of a baron

Baronet, bǎr'-ôn-ët, *s.* the lowest degree of honour that is hereditary, next in rank to a baron

Barony, bǎr'-ôn-ÿ, *s.* the lordship that gives title to a baron

Baroscope, bǎr'-ôs-kôpe, *s.* an instrument to shew the weight of the atmosphere [kind of camblet

Barracan, bǎr'-rǎ kan, *s.* a strong thick

Barrack, bǎr'-rǎk, *s.* a building to lodge soldiers [encourager of law-suits

Barrator, bǎr'-rǎ-tór, *s.* a wrangler and

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, field, shîrt—

- Barratry**, băr'-ră-trŷ, *s.* a foul practice in law
- Barrel**, băr'-rél, *s.* a round wooden vessel, the hollow tube of a gun
- Barrel**, băr'-rél, *v. a.* to put any thing in barrels [tive, unmeaning, dull]
- Barren**, băr'-rén, *a.* sterile, not productive
- Barrenness**, băr'-rén-nēs, *s.* sterility
- Barricade**, băr'-rŷ-kă'de, *s.* a fortification, an obstruction—*v. a.* to stop up and fortify
- Barficado**, băr'-rŷ-kă'dō, *s.* a fortification, a bar—*v. a.* to fortify, to bar
- Barrier**, băr'-rŷér, *s.* a boundary, a defence, a mark for the limits of a place
- Barrister**, băr'-rŷs-tér, *s.* an advocate, a pleader
- Barrow**, băr'-rō, *s.* a small hand carriage, a mound of earth in honour of those who died in battle
- Barter**, băr'-tér, *v. n.* to traffic by exchange—*v. a.* to give any thing in exchange—*s.* an exchange
- Base**, bāse, *a.* worthless, of low station, in music deep or grave—*s.* foundation of any thing, pedestal of a statue
- Baseness**, bāse-nēs, *s.* meanness, vileness
- Bashaw**, bāsh-â, *s.* a viceroy of a Turkish province [faced]
- Bashful**, bāsh-fŷl, *a.* modest, shame-
- Bashfulness**, bāsh-fŷl-nēs, *s.* rustic shame
- Basil**, bāz'-ŷl, *s.* a plant, the edge of a joiner's tool, skin of a sheep tanned—*v. a.* to slope to an edge
- Basilicon**, bā-sŷl-ŷk-ón, *s.* an ointment
- Basilisk**, bās'-ŷl-ŷsk, *s.* a kind of serpent, a species of cannon
- Basin**, bās'-n, *s.* a small vessel to hold water, a pond, a dock for repairing and building ships
- Basis**, bā-sŷs, *s.* foundation of any thing, lowest of the three principal parts of a column, the foot or pedestal
- Bask**, bā'sk, *v. a.* to warm by laying in the heat—*v. n.* to lie in the heat of the sun or fire [twigs or rushes]
- Basket**, bās'-kět, *s.* a vessel made of
- Bason**, *see* Basin
- Bass**, bāse, *a.* grave or deep in music
- Bass**, bās, *s.* a mat used in churches
- Basset**, bās'-sět, *s.* a game at cards
- Bassoon**, bās-sōne, *s.* a musical wind instrument
- Bass relief**, bās-rē-lŷt, *s.* raised work
- Bastard**, bās'-tárd, *s.* a person born out of wedlock, any thing spurious—*a.* begotten out of wedlock, spurious
- Bastardize**, bās'-tăr-dize, *v. a.* to declare a child illegitimate, to beget a bastard
- Baste**, bā'ste, *v. a.* to beat with a stick, to pour butter upon meat, to sew slightly
- Bastinade**, bās-tŷ-nă'de, *v. a.* to beat with a cudgel
- Bastion**, bās-tyón, *s.* a bulwark, fortress
- Bat**, băt', *s.* a club to strike a ball with, a small winged animal like a mouse
- Batch**, bătsh', *s.* a quantity of bread baked, or made at once
- Bate**, bâte, *s.* strife, contention—*v. a.* to lessen, to abate in price, to remit
- Bat-fowling**, băt-fōw-lŷng, *s.* birdcatching in the night-time
- Bath**, băt'h, *s.* a place to bathe in, a measure [to soften]
- Bathe**, băt'he, *v. a.* to wash in a bath,
- Batoon**, băt-tōne, *s.* a staff or club, a truncheon or marshal's staff
- Battalion**, băt-tăl-ŷón, *s.* a division of an army, a body of foot soldiers, in number from 500 to 600 men
- Batten**, băt'n, *v. a.* to fatten, to fertilize—*v. n.* to grow fast—*s.* a narrow piece of board
- Batter**, băt'-tér, *v. a.* to beat, to beat down—*s.* a mixture of flour, eggs, milk, and salt
- Battery**, băt'-tér-ŷ, *s.* a raised work on which cannons are mounted, in law a violent assault
- Battle**, băt'l, *s.* a fight, an encounter
- Battle-array**, băt'l-ăr-rā, *s.* order of battle
- Battle-axe**, băt'l-ăks, *s.* a sort of weapon
- Battle-door**, băt'l-dōre, *s.* an instrument for striking a ball or shuttlecock
- Battlement**, băt'l-měnt, *s.* a wall with open places to look through to annoy an enemy [penny]
- Baabee**, bā-bē, *s.* in Scotland a half-
- Bavin**, bāv'n, *s.* a small bundle of wood, a faggot
- Bawble**, bā'bl, *s.* a gew-gaw, a trinket
- Bawd**, bād, *s.* a procurer or procurress
- Bawl**, bāl, *v. n.* to cry out, to talk loud—*v. a.* to proclaim (as a crier)
- Bay**, bā, *a.* of a colour inclining to chesnut—*s.* a road for ships, a species of laurel tree—*v. n.* to bark as a dog—*v. a.* to bark at [crown]
- Bays**, bāze, *s.* a garland, an honorary



shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

- Bay salt, bā-sâ'lt, *s.* a salt of a brown colour made from sea water
- Bayonet, bā'ôn-ët, *s.* a weapon fixed at the end of a musket
- Bdellium, dêl-lÿûm, *s.* an aromatic gum
- Be, bē, *v. n.* to exist, to have existence
- Beach, bêch, *s.* the shore, the strand
- Beacon, bē'k'n, *s.* a mark erected to direct navigators
- Bead, bē'de, *s.* a globular body, a small round ball of which necklaces and rosaries are made
- Beadle, bē'd'l, *s.* a petty officer in parishes, or trading companies
- Beagle, bēg'l, *s.* a small hound to hunt hares
- Beak, bē'ke, *s.* the bill of a bird, a promontory
- Beaker, bē'-kér, *s.* a cup with a spout in the form of a bird's beak
- Beam, bē'me, *s.* a large piece of timber, a part of a balance, a ray of light—*v. n.* to emit rays
- Bean, bēne, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse
- Bear, bā're, *v. a.* to carry a load, to carry in remembrance, to convey, to support, to endure, to produce—*v. n.* to suffer pain, to be patient, to be fruitful—*s.* a rough savage animal, the name of two constellations called the greater and lesser bear
- Beard, bērd, *s.* hair on the chin, the barb of an arrow, &c.
- Bear-garden, bā're-gārd'n, *s.* a place in which bears are kept for sport, any place of tumult
- Bearing, bā'-rîng, *s.* the situation of any place, both as to distance and direction, gesture, mien, behaviour
- Beast, bēste, *s.* an irrational animal, a brutish man
- Beat, bē'te, *v. a.* to strike, knock, to conquer—*v. n.* to throb, to fluctuate
- Beatific, bē-ā-tÿf'ÿk, *a.* blissful (used only of heavenly fruition after death)
- Beatification, bē-āt'ÿ-fÿ-kā'-shûn, *s.* an acknowledgment made by the pope that the person is in heaven and may be revered as blessed
- Beatify, bē-āt'ÿ-fÿ, *v. a.* to bless with celestial enjoyment
- Beating, bē'-tîng, *s.* correction by blows
- Beatitude, bē-āt'ÿ-tûde, *s.* blessedness, happiness
- Beau, bô', *s.* a man of dress, a coxcomb
- Beaver, bē'vér, *s.* an amphibious animal, remarkable for his art in building his habitation, a hat made of its fur, the part of a helmet that covers the face
- Beauteous, bû'-tyús, *a.* fair, elegant
- Beautiful, bû'-tÿ-fûl, *a.* fair, handsome
- Beautify, bû'-tÿ-fÿ, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish
- Beauty, bû'-tÿ, *s.* gracefulness, a fine appearance, a beautiful person
- Becalm, bē-kā'm, *v. a.* to still, to quiet the wind
- Became, bē-kā'me, *pret. of* become
- Because, bē-kā'z, *conj.* for this reason, on this account
- Beck, bēk', *v. n.* to make a sign with the head—*v. a.* to call or guide as by a motion of the head—*s.* a nod
- Beckon, bēk'n, *v. n.* to make a sign—*v. a.* to make a sign to
- Become, bē-kóm', *v. n.* to enter into some state or condition—*v. a.* to suit, to besit, to grace
- Becoming, bē kóm'-îng, *part. a.* pleasing, graceful
- Bed, bēd', *s.* a place to lie on, a lodging, a bank of earth raised in a garden, the channel of a river, a layer, a stratum [besprinkle]
- Bedabble, bē-dāb'l, *v. a.* to wet, to
- Bedaggle, bē dāg'l, *v. a.* to bemire
- Bedawb, bē-dāb, *v. a.* to besmear
- Bedazzle, bē-dāz'l, *v. a.* to make the sight dim [to sleep in]
- Bedchamber, bēd-tshāme-bér, *s.* a room
- Bedcloaths, bēd-clôz, *s.* covering of a bed
- Bedding, bēd'-dîng, *s.* the materials of a bed [adorn]
- Bedeck, bē-dēk', *v. a.* to deck, to
- Bedew, bē-dû', *v. a.* to moisten as with dew [the same bed]
- Bedfellow, bēd-fél-lô, *s.* one who lies in
- Bedlam, bēd'-lām, *s.* a madhouse
- Eedlamite, bēd'-lā-mite, *s.* a madman
- Bedrid, bēd'-rîd, *a.* confined to bed by age or sickness
- Bedstead, bēd'-stēd, *s.* the frame on which the bed is placed
- Bee, bē', *s.* an insect that makes honey, an industrious and careful person
- Beech, bētsh, *s.* a tree
- Beechen, bētsh'n, *a.* consisting of the wood of the beech
- Beef, bēfe, *s.* the flesh of ox or cow



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēi—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt—

Beef-eater, bēf-ē-tér, *s.* a yeoman of the guard

Beehive, bē-hĭve, *s.* a cover for bees

Beer, bē're, *s.* a liquor made of malt and hops

Beet, bē'te, *s.* a sort of plant [mallet

Beetle, bē't'l, *s.* a sort of insect, a heavy

Beeves, bē'vz, *s.* black cattle, oxen

Befal, bē-fāl, *v. n.* to come to pass, to happen to [able to

Befit, bē-fit', *v. a.* to suit, to be suit-

Befool, bē-fōl, *v. a.* to delude

Before, bē-fōre, *prep.* farther onward, not behind in the presence of, prior to, sooner

Beforehand, bē-fō're-hănd, *ad.* in a state of anticipation, previously [soil

Befoul, bē-fōul, *v. a.* to make foul, to

Befriend, bē-frĕnd, *v. a.* to favour, to be kind to [to ask, to implore

Beg, bēg', *v. n.* to live upon alms—*v. a.*

Began, bē găn, *pret. of* begin

Beget, bē-gĕt', *v. a.* to generate, to produce [begging

Beggar, bēg-găr, *s.* one who lives by

Beggarly, bēg-găr-lŷ, *a.* mean, stingy, indigent—*ad.* meanly, stingily

Beggary, bēg-găr-ŷ, *s.* great want, indigence

Begin, ē gĭn', *v. n.* to enter upon, to commence—*v. a.* to do the first act of any thing, to begin with, to enter upon [any thing

Beginner, bē-gĭn nér, *s.* one who begins

Beginning, bē-gĭn' nĭng, *s.* the original cause, the rudiments or first grounds, the first part

Begird, bē-gĭrd', or Begirt, bē gĭrt', *v. a.* to bind with a girdle, to surround

Begone, bē gŏn', *inter.* get away! go hence!

Begot, bē-gŏt', *pret. of* Beget

Begotten, bē-gŏt'n, *part. of* Beget

Begrime, bē-grĭme, *v. a.* to soil, to dirty with soot [ceive

Beguile, bē-gĭ'le, *v. a.* to delude, to de-

Begun, bē gŭn', *part. of* Begin [support

Behalf, bē-hă'f, *s.* favour, vindication

Behave, bē hă've, *v. a.* to conduct—

*v. n.* to act, to conduct one's self

Behaviour, bē-hă've-yŏr, *s.* manner of

action, conduct, course of life

Behead, bē-hĕd', *v. a.* to kill by cutting

off the head [Behold

Beheld, bē hĕld, *pret. and part. of*

Behemoth, bē hĕ-mŏth, *s.* the hippo-

tamus or river horse

Behest, bē-hĕst', *s.* a command or pre-

cept  
Behind, bē-hĭnd, *prep.* at the back of, following another, remaining after, inferior to

Behindhand, bē-hĭnd hănd, *ad.* late in time, in arrears [—*inter.* see, lo

Behold, bē hŏld, *v. a.* to view, to see

Beholden, bē hŏld'n, *part.* obliged in gratitude

Behoof, bē hŏ'fe, *s.* profit, advantage

Behoove, bē-hŏ've, *v. n.* to befit

Being, bē-ĭng, *s.* existence, a particular state or condition, the person exist-

ing [thump

Belabour, bē-lă-bŏr, *v. a.* to beat, to

Belated, bē-lă' tĕd, *a.* too late, benighted

Belay, bē-lă', *v. a.* to lay wait for, to

fasten a rope [the stomach

Belch, bĕlsh', *v. n.* to eject wind from

Beldam, bĕl' dă'm, *s.* a scolding woman,

a hag [to block up

Beleaguer, bē-lĕ-gŭr, *v. n.* to besiege,

Belfry, bĕl' frŷ, *s.* a place where the

bells hang [guilt

Belial, bē-lŷ-al, *s.* the Devil, wickedness,

Belie, bē-liĕ', *v. a.* to slander, to cal-

umniate [an opinion

Belief, bē-lĭ'f, *s.* persuasion, a creed,

Believe, bē-lĭ'v, *v. a.* to give credit, to

put confidence in—*v. n.* to have faith

or a firm persuasion of any thing

Believer, bē-lĭv-ĕr, *s.* one who believes

Belike, bē-li'ke, *ad.* probably, perhaps,

likely

Bell, bĕl', *s.* a hollow sounding vessel

Belle, bĕl', *s.* a gay young lady [ture

Belles Lettres, bĕl' lĕtr, *s.* polite litera-

Beligerent, bĕl-lĭdzh-ĕr-ĕnt, *a.* engaged

in war

Bellow, bĕl-lŏ, *v. n.* to roar like a bull,

to vociferate, to roar as the sea, &c.

Bellows, bĕl lŏs, *s.* an instrument for

blowing the fire [body

Belly, bĕl' lŷ, *s.* the lower part of the

Belman, bĕl-m'ăn, *s.* a public crier

Belmetal, bĕl-mĕt'l, *s.* a mixture of

copper and pewter [victuals

Belly-timber, bĕl-lŷ-tĭm-bér, *s.* food,

Belong, bē-lŏng', *v. n.* to be the pro-

perty of, to have relation to

Beloved, bē-lŏv'd, *a.* dear to

Below, bē-lŏ', *ad.* lower in place, in-

ferior

Belt, bĕlt', *s.* a girdle, a cincture

Bel ether, bĕl-wĕth-ĕr, *s.* a sheep which

1 ds the flock with a bell on his neck

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Bemire, bē-mī're, *v. a.* to soil, to daub with mire [bewail]

Bemoan, bē-mōne, *v. a.* to lament, to Bench, bēnsh', *s.* a seat, a seat of justice, the persons sitting upon a bench

Bencher, bēn-shér, *s.* a senior in the inns of court

Bend, bēnd', *v. a.* to make crooked, to subdue—*v. n.* to bow, to crook

Beneath, bēnē'th, *prep.* under, lower in place, unworthy of

Benediction, bēn-ē-dīk'-shūn, *s.* a blessing, an acknowledgment for blessings received [table gift, a benefit]

Benefaction, bēn-ē-fāk'-shūn, *s.* a charity. Benefactor, bēn-ē-fāk'-tôr, *s.* he that confers a benefit [confers a benefit]

Benefactress, bēn-ē-fāk'-trēs, *s.* she who

Benefice, bēn-ē-fīs, *s.* a benefit, a church living [goodness]

Beneficence, bē-nēf-ī-sēns, *s.* active

Beneficent, bē-nēf-ī-sēnt, *a.* kind, doing good [ous, useful]

Beneficial, bēn-ē-fīsh-ál, *a.* advantage-

Beneficiary, bēn-ē-fīsh'-ár-ŷ, *s.* one who holds a benefice [tage]

Benefit, bēn-ē-fīt, *s.* kindness, advancement. Benevolence, bē-nēv-ō-lēns, *s.* kindness, goodwill

Benevolent, bē-nēv-ō-lēnt, *a.* kind, good, affectionate [ton]

Bengal, bēn-gál, *s.* a slight indian cot

Benign, bē-nī'ne, *a.* kind, generous, wholesome [kindness]

Benignity, bē-nīg'-nī-tŷ, *s.* graciousness,

Benison, bēn'ŷ-són, *s.* a blessing, a benediction

Bennet, bēn-nēt, *s.* a sort of herb

Bent, bēnt', *s.* a curve, tendency, inclination, declivity, determination

Benumb, bē-nūm', *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify

Benzoin, bēn-zōin, *s.* a medical kind of resin, vulgarly called Benjamin

Bequeath, bē-kwē'th, *v. a.* to leave by will [will]

Bequest, bē-kwēst, *s.* something left by

Bereave, bē-rē've, *v. a.* to deprive of, to take away

Bergamot, bér'-gā-môt, *s.* a sort of pear, an essence or perfume

Bergamote, bér'-gā-môte, *s.* a court for deciding controversies among miners

Berlin, bér-līn, *s.* a coach of a particular form first used at Berlin

Bernardine, bér'-nár-dīn, *s.* a monk of the order of St. Bernard

Berry, bér'-rŷ, *s.* the fruit of several shrubs and trees

Beryl, bér'-ŷl, *s.* a precious stone

Beseach, bē-sē'tch, *v. a.* to intreat, to beg, to implore [befi']

Beseem, bē-sēme, *v. n.* to become, to Beset, bē-sēt', *v. a.* to waylay, to harass

Beshrew, bē-shrū', *v. a.* to curse, to happen ill to

Beside, bē-sī'de, or Besides, bē-sī'dz, *prep.* near, over and above

Besiege, bē-sŷdzh, *v. a.* to lay siege to, to beset with armed forces

Besmead, bē-smē're, *v. a.* to bedaub, to soil, to foul [smoke]

Besmoke, bē-smôke, *v. a.* to foul with

Besmut, bē-smūt', *v. a.* to blacken with smut

Besom, bē'z-óm, *s.* an instrument to sweep with [pify with liquor]

Besot, bē-sôt, *v. a.* to infatuate, to stupefy

Besought, bē-sât, *part. of* Beseach

Bespangle, bē-späng'l, *v. a.* to adorn with spangles [with dirt]

Bespatter, bē-spăt'-tér, *v. a.* to splash

Bespeak, bē-spē'ke, *v. a.* to order, to speak to, to betoken

Bespread, bē-sprēd', *v. a.* to spread over

Besprinkle, bē-sprīnk'l, *v. a.* to sprinkle over

Best, bēst', *a.* most good, fittest

Aestial, bēst' tyál, *a.* like a beast, brutal, carnal [to hasten]

Bestir, bē-tír', *v. a.* to move quickly,

Bestow, bēst-ō, *v. a.* to confer upon, to apply [scatter about]

Bestrew, bē-strō', *v. a.* to strew or

Bestride, bē-strī'de, *v. a.* to stride over, to step over

Bet, bēt', *s.* a wager—*v. a.* to wager

Betake, bē-tā'ke, *v. a.* to seize, to have recourse to [reflect]

Bethink, bē-thīnk', *v. a.* to recollect, to

Betide, bē-tī'de, *v. n.* to happen to, to come to pass [ad. seasonably, early]

Betime, bē-tī'me, or Betimes, bē-tī'mz,

Betle, bē'tl, *s.* an Indian plant called water pepper [oreshow]

Betoken, bē-tō'k'n, *v. a.* to signify, to

Betony, bēt'-ō-nŷ, *s.* a sort of plant

Betray, bē-trā', *v. a.* to deliver up treacherously, to divulge, to discover

Betroth, bē trōth, *v. a.* to give or receive a promise of marriage, to affiancé [or, more good]

Better, bēt'-tér, *v. a.* improved, superior

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chĭn, chĭne, fiēld, shĭrt—

Between, bē-twēne, *prep.* in the middle  
 Betwixt, bē-twĭkst, *prep.* between  
 Bevel, bēv'-él, *s.* a kind of square rule  
 Beverage, bēv'-ér-ēdz, *s.* drink, liquor  
 to be drunk

Bevy, bēv'-y, *s.* a flock of birds, a company [ment

Bewail, bē-wā'le, *v. a.* to bemoan, to lament  
 Beware, bē-wā're, *v. n.* to be cautious, to take care of

Bewilder, bē-wĭl'-dér, *v. a.* to mislead, to puzzle

Bewitch, bē-wĭtsh', *v. a.* to injure by witchcraft, to charm, to please

Bewray, bē-rā', *v. a.* to betray, to discover

Bey, bā, *s.* a Turkish governor

Beyond, bē-yōnd, *prep.* on the farther side of, above, farther onward than

Bezel or Basil, bēz'él, *s.* that part of a ring in which the stone is fixed

Bezoar, bē-zō're, *s.* a medicinal stone

Bianguled, bĭ-āng' ŭ-lā-tēd, or Bianguulous, bĭ-āng' ŭ-lós, *a.* having two corners or angles

Bias, bi-ās', *s.* a weight lodged on one side of a bowl, bent, inclination—*v. a.* to incline to some side

Bib, bĭb', *s.* small piece of linen to pin before a child [to drinking

Bibacious, bi-bā' shūs, *a.* much addicted

Bibber, bi-bér, *s.* a tippler

Bible, bi'b'l, *s.* the sacred volume containing the revelations of God [bible

Biblical, bi'b'-lĭ-kāl, *a.* relating to the Bibulous, bi'b'-ŭ-lūs, *a.* spongy, that drinks moisture [painting

Bice, bi'se, *s.* a blue colour used in

Bicker, bi-kér, *v. n.* to skirmish, to wrangle [a price

Bid, bi'd', *v. a.* to command, to offer

Bidden, bi'd'n, *part. of Bid*, invited, commanded [offer of a price

Bidding, bi'd'-ding, *s.* a command, order,

Bide, bi'de, *v. a.* to endure, to suffer—*v. n.* to dwell, to live, to stay

Bidental, bi-dén'-tál, *a.* having two teeth [tation

Biding, bi'-ding, *s.* a residence, a habitation

Biennial, bi-én'-nyāl, *a.* continuing for two years [upon

Bier, bére, *s.* a frame, to carry the dead

Biestings, bi's-tĭngz, *s.* the first milk after calving

Bifarious, bi-fā'-ryūs, *a.* twofold [a year

Biferous, bi'f-ér-ús, *a.* bearing fruit twice

Big, bi'g, *a.* great, pregnant, swollen

Bigamy, bi'g-ā-my, *s.* having two wives at once [largest

Biggest, bi'g-ēst, *a.* greatest, tallest,

Biggin, bi'g-gĭn, *s.* a child's cap

Bigot, bi'g-ót, *s.* one devoted to a party, a zealot [zeal

Bigotry, bi'g-ót-rĭy, *s.* prejudice, blind

Bilander, bi'l-ān dēr, *s.* small vessel for the carriage of goods

Bilberry, bi'l-bēr-rĭy, *s.* a whortleberry

Bilbo, bi'l-bō, *s.* a rapier, a sword

Bilboes, bi'l-bōz, *s.* a sort of stocks on board of ship

Bile, bi'le, *s.* thick bitter liquor in the gall-bladder, a sore angry swelling

Bilge, bi'ldzh, *v. n.* to spring a leak—the breadth of a ship's bottom

Biliary, bi'l'-yār-y, *n.* belonging to the bile [foul language

Billingsgate, bi'l'-yngz-gāte, *s.* a scold,

Bilious, bi'l'-yūs, *a.* consisting of bile

Bilk, bi'lk, *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud, to over-reach

Bill, bi'l', *s.* the beak of a fowl, a hatchet, with a hooked point, a charge,

an account of money, an act of parliament, an advertisement—*v. n.* to caress as doves—*v. a.* to publish

Billet, bi'l-lét, *s.* a small paper, a note, a small log of wood—*v. a.* to quarter soldiers [letter

Billet-deux, bi'l-lē-dō, *s.* a short love

Billiards, bi'l'yārdz, *s.* a game

Billions, bi'l-yóns, *s.* millions of millions

Billow, bi'l-lō, *s.* a swollen wave [etc.

Bin, bi'n', *s.* a repository for corn, wine

Binary, bi-nar-y, *a.* double, two & two

Bind, bi'nd, *v. a.* to confine with bonds, to gird, to fasten, to restrain, to make

costive—*v. n.* to contract, to grow, stiff, to be obligatory—*s.* a species of hops, a quantity

Binder, bi'nd ér, *s.* one who binds books, a fillet [ing

Binding, bi'n-dĭng, *s.* a bandage, a fasten-

Binocle, bi'n-ōkl, *s.* a telescope with two tubes, so that an object may be

seen with both eyes [eyes

Binocular, bi'n-ōk'-ŭ-lār, *a.* having two

Binomial, bi nō-my-āl, *a.* having two parts

Biographer, bi-ōg'-rāf-ér, *s.* a writer of lives [writing of lives

Biography, bi-ōg'-rāf-y, *s.* a history or

Biparous, bi'p-ār-ús, *a.* bringing forth two at a birth [in two parts

Bipartite, bi-pār-tĭte, *a.* divided or cleft

shöt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Bipartition, bī pār-tīsh'-ân, *s.* the act of dividing in two
- Biped, bī-pēd, *s.* an animal with two feet
- Bipedal, bī-pē-dāl, *a.* two feet in length
- Bipennated, bī-pēn'-nā-tēd, *a.* having two wings [two flower leaves]
- Bipetalous, bī-pēt'-ā-lūs, *a.* consisting of
- Biquadrate, bī-kwā-drāte, *s.* the fourth power of numbers
- Birch, bīrtsh', *s.* a sort of tree, a rod
- Bird, bīrd', *s.* a name applied to all fowls
- Bird-cage, bīrd'-kādzh, *s.* a receptacle for birds [of birds]
- Bird-catcher, bīrd'-kātch-ér, *s.* a catcher
- Birdlime, bīrd'-lime, *s.* a glutinous substance used to entangle the feet of small birds
- Birt, bīrt', *s.* a fish of the turbot kind
- Birth, bīrth', *s.* the act of coming into life, extraction, rank inherited by descent [a person's birth]
- Birth-day, bīrth'-dā, *s.* anniversary of
- Birth-place, bīrth'-plās, *s.* the city or place of a person's birth
- Birthright, bīrth'-rite, *s.* the rights and privileges to which a person is born
- Birthwort, bīrth'-wort, *s.* the name of a plant [bread]
- Biscuit, bīs'-kīt, *s.* a kind of hard flat
- Bisect, bīs-ēkt, *v. a.* to divide into two equal parts [of the clergy]
- Bishop, bīsh'-ôp, *s.* one of the head order
- Bishopric, bīsh'-ôp-rīk, *s.* the diocese of a bishop [brittle mineral]
- Bismuth, bīz'-mūth, *s.* a hard white
- Bissextile, bīs-sēks' tīl, *s.* leap year
- Bisulcous, bī-sūl'-kūs, *a.* cloven-footed
- Bit, bīt', *s.* the iron mouth-piece of a bridle, a morsel, a silver coin of 7½d.
- Bitch, bītsh', *s.* the female of canine animals
- Bite, bīte, *v. a.* to crush or pierce with the teeth, to hurt or pain, to cheat—*s.* the seizure of any thing by the teeth or mouth, a trick, a sharper
- Biter, bīt'-ér, *s.* a sharper, one who tricks another
- Bittacle, bīt'-tākl, *s.* a frame of timber in the steerage where the compass is placed
- Bitter, bīt'-tér, *a.* of an acrid and sharp taste, cruel, severe, satirical
- Bittern, bīt'-térn, *s.* a bird of the heron kind [mēn, *s.* fat unctuous matter]
- Bitume, bī-tū-me, or Bitumen, bī-tū-
- Bituminous, bī-tū-mē-nūs, *a.* compounded of bitumen
- Bivalve, bī-vālv, *a.* having two valves or shutters as oysters
- Bizantine, bīz'-ān-tīne, *s.* a piece of gold valued fifteen pounds
- Blab, blā', *v. a.* to divulge—*v. n.* to tattle, to tell tales
- Black, blāk', *a.* dark, cloudy, sullen, dismal, wicked—*s.* a black colour, mourning, a blackamoor—*v. a.* to make black, blacken [bird]
- Blackbird, blāk'-bīrd, *s.* a well-known
- Blacken, blāk'n, *v. a.* to make black, to defame—*v. n.* to grow black
- Blackguard, blāk'-gārd, *s.* a dirty fellow
- Black-rod, blāk'-rōd', *s.* the usher belonging to the order of the garter
- Blacksmith, blāk'-smīth, *s.* a smith who works in iron
- Bladder, blād'-dér, *s.* the vessel which contains the urine, a blister
- Blade, blā'de, *s.* the spire of grass, the shoot of corn, the cutting part of a weapon, a brisk man
- Blain, blā'ne, *s.* a blister, a pustule
- Blame, blā'ne, *v. a.* to censure, to reproach—*s.* the imputation of a fault, the offence [ble, blameable]
- Blameworthy, blā'm'-wor-thy, *a.* culpable
- Blanch, blā'nsh, *v. a.* to whiten, to skin or peel almonds, to obliterate—*v. n.* to evade, to shift
- Bland, blānd', *a.* soft, mild, gentle
- Blandish, blān'-dish, *v. a.* to smooth, to wheedle [and pleasing actions]
- Blandishment, blān'-dish-mēt, *s.* soft
- Blank, blāngk', *a.* white, unwritten, confused—*s.* a void space, a disappointment
- Blanket, blāngk'-ēt, *s.* a woollen cover for a bed, a kind of pear
- Blare, blā're, *v. a.* to bellow, to roar
- Blaspheme, blās-fēm'e, *v. a.* to speak blasphemy—*v. n.* to speak wickedly
- Blasphemous, blās-fē-mus, *a.* very prophane, very wicked
- Blasphemy, blās-fē-mŷ, *s.* indignity offered to God
- Blast, blā'st, *s.* a gust of wind, the sound made by a wind instrument of music, a blight—*v. a.* to wither, to injure, to blight
- Blatant, blā-tēnt, *a.* bellowing as a calf
- Blaze, blā'ze, *s.* a flame, the light of a flame, a publication, a white mark on a horse—*v. a.* to flame—*v. a.* to publish, to blazon



*Sounds*—hät, hâte, häll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt

- Blazon**, blā'z'n, *v. a.* to explain figures on ensigns armorial, to deck, to embellish, to celebrate—*s.* blazonry
- Blazonry**, blā'z'n-rŷ, *s.* art of blazoning
- Bleach**, blē'tsh, *v. a.* to whiten
- Bleaching**, blētsh'ŷng, *s.* the art of making white [river fish]
- Bleak**, blē'ke, *a.* pale, cold, chill—*s.* a
- Blear**, blē're, *a.* dim, watery, obscure
- Bleareyed**, blē'r-ide, *a.* having sore eyes
- Bleat**, blē'te, *v. n.* to cry like a sheep
- Bleed**, blē'de, *v. n.* to lose blood—*v. a.* to let blood
- Blemish**, blēm'ŷsh, *v. a.* to defame, to tarnish—*s.* a spot or stain, a deformity
- Blend**, blēnd', *v. a.* to mix, to confound
- Bless**, blēs', *v. a.* to wish or cause happiness to another
- Blessed**, blēs'-sēd, *part.* happy
- Blessing**, blēs'-ŷng, *s.* a benediction, divine favour
- Blew**, blū', *pret. of* Blow
- Blight**, blī'te, *s.* mildew—*v. a.* to blast, to hinder from fertility
- Blind**, blī'nd, *v. a.* to deprive of sight—*a.* dark—*s.* something to hinder the sight, something to mislead
- Blindfold**, blī'nd-fōld, *a.* having the eyes covered [ignorance]
- Blindness**, blī'nd-nēs, *s.* want of sight,
- Blindworm**, blī'nd-wōrm, *s.* a small viper not venomous
- Blink**, blī'nk', *v. n.* to wink, to see obscurely [weak eyes]
- Blinkard**, blī'nk'-árd, *s.* one that has
- Bliss**, blis, *s.* complete happiness, felicity
- Blister**, blīs'-tér, *s.* a raising in the skin—*v. n.* to rise in blisters—*v. a.* to raise blisters
- Blithe**, blī'-the, *a.* gay, airy, merry
- Bloat**, blō'te, *v. a.* to swell—*v. n.* to grow turgid
- Block**, blōk, *s.* a short heavy piece of wood, a rough piece of marble, a blockhead—*v. a.* to shut up, enclose
- Blockade**, blōk-ade, *s.* a siege carried on by shutting up the place
- Blockhead**, blōk'hēd, *s.* a stupid fellow
- Block-tin**, blōk'-tīn', *s.* tin pure or unmixed
- Blood**, blō'd, *s.* the fluid that circulates through the body of animals, kindred, lineage
- Bloodhound**, blōd'-hō'nd, *s.* a hound that follows by the scent of blood
- Bloodshed**, blōd'-shéd, *s.* murder, slaughter
- Bloodshot**, blōd'-shōt, *a.* red, filled with blood
- Bloodsucker**, blōd'-sūk ér, *s.* a leech, a hanger on for support
- Bloody**, blōd'-ŷ, *a.* stained with blood, sanguinary
- Bloom**, blōme, *s.* a blossom, the prime of life—*v. n.* to produce blossoms
- Bloomy**, blō'-mŷ, *a.* youthful, flowery
- Blossom**, blōs'-sóm, *s.* the flower of trees or plants—*v. n.* to put forth blossoms
- Blot**, blōt, *v. a.* to efface, to blur, to stain—*s.* a blur, a spot or stain
- Blotch**, blōtsh', *s.* a spot or pustule on the skin
- Blow**, blō', *s.* a stroke, a sudden event, a fly's eggs in meat—*v. n.* to pant or breathe hard, to play musically by wind, to blossom—*v. a.* to drive by the force of the wind
- Blowz**, blōw'z, *s.* a ruddy, fat-faced wench, a female whose hair is in disorder [faced]
- Blowzy**, blōw'-zy, *a.* sun burnt, ruddy
- Blubber**, blüb'-bér, *s.* the fat of a whale, &c.—*v. n.* to swell the cheeks with weeping [stick]
- Bludgeon**, blüd'-zhón, *s.* a short thick
- Blue**, blū', *a.* sky coloured—*s.* a sky colour
- Bluff**, blūf', *a.* stern, surly, blustering
- Blunder**, blün'-dér, *v. n.* to mistake grossly, to flounder—*s.* a gross mistake [gun with a wide bore]
- Blunderbuss**, blün'-dér-bus, *s.* a short
- Blunderer**, blün'-dér-ér, *s.* one who is prone to mistakes [stupid person]
- Blunderhead**, blün'-dér-hēd, *s.* a dolt, a
- Blunt**, blünt', *a.* dull on the edge or point, not sharp, unpolite, abrupt—*v. a.* to dull the edge or point of any thing
- Blur**, blúr, *s.* a blot, a stain [tently]
- Blurt**, blúrt', *v. a.* to speak inadvertently
- Blush**, blúsh', *v. n.* to betray shame or confusion by a red colour in the cheeks, to colour—*s.* a red colour in the cheeks, sudden appearance
- Bluster**, blūs'-tér, *v. n.* to roar, to hector
- Blusterer**, blūs'-tér-ér, *s.* a bully, a swaggerer [noisy]
- Blustrous**, blūs-trús, *a.* tumultuous,
- Bo**, bō, *inter.* a word to frighten children
- Boar**, bō're, *s.* a male swine



shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

**Board**, bō'rd, *s.* a flat piece of wood, a court of jurisdiction—*v. a.* to enter a ship by force, to lay with boards—*v. n.* to live or diet with another

**Boarder**, bō'r-dér, *s.* one who eats at another person's table

**Board-wages**, bō'rd-wā'dzhéz, *s.* wages allowed to servants for victuals

**Boarish**, bō're-ísh, *a.* rude, brutal, cruel

**Boast**, bō'st, *v. a.* to display one's own worth or actions—*v. n.* to brag of, to glory in, to exult—*s.* a proud speech, a brag, a bounce

**Boaster**, bō'st-ér, *s.* one who brags

**Boat**, bō'te, *s.* a vessel used in rivers and seas

**Boatman**, bō'te-mán, *s.* a manager of a boat [the care of a ship's riggings, &c.]

**Boatswain**, bō'ts'n, *s.* an officer who has

**Bob**, bōb', *v. a.* to dodge, to cheat—*v. n.* to play backward and forward

**Bobbin**, bōb'-býn, *s.* a small wooden instrument with which lace is made

**Bobtailed**, bōb-tā'ld, *a.* having the tail cut

**Bob-wig**, bōb'-wýg, *s.* a short wig

**Bode**, bō'de, *v. a.* to portend—*v. n.* to be an omen

**Bodice**, bōd'-ýs, *s.* a sort of women's stays

**Bodkin**, bōd'-kín, *s.* an instrument to bore holes or draw something through a loop

**Body**, bōd'ý, *s.* the material substance of an animal, matter, person, a collective mass, a corporation

**Body-clothes**, bōd ý-clōz, *s.* clothing for horses

**Bog**, bōg', *s.* a marsh, a fen, a morass

**Boggle**, bōg'gl, *v. n.* to start, to hesitate, to waver

**Boghous**, bōg-hōús, *s.* a house of office

**Bohea**, bō'hé', *s.* a species of tea

**Boil**, bōýl, *v. n.* to be agitated by heat—*v. a.* to heat or dress in boiling water

**Boiler**, bōýl-ér, *s.* a vessel for boiling

**Boisterous**, bōýs-ér-ús, *a.* furious, loud, stormy

**Bold**, bōld, *a.* daring, impudent

**Boldness**, bōld-nés, *s.* courage, assurance

**Bole**, bō'le, *s.* a kind of earth

**Boll**, bō'le, *s.* a round stalk or stem, a corn measure of four bushels—*v. n.* to rise in a stalk

**Bolster**, bōl-stér, *s.* a large pillow, a pad—*v. a.* to pad, to support

**Bolt**, bōlt, *s.* a bar of a door, an arrow—*v. a.* to fasten with a bolt—*v. n.* to spring out suddenly

**Bolter**, bōl'tér, *s.* a sieve to separate meal from bran [mattress]

**Bolthead**, bōlt'héd, *s.* a receiver, a

**Bolus**, bō'lús, *s.* a large pill

**Bomb**, bóm', *s.* a kind of ordnance or large shell [with bombs]

**Bombard**, bóm bā'rd, *v. a.* to attack

**Bom ardier**, bóm bā'r-dír, *s.* a bomb engineer [silken stuff]

**Bombasin**, bóm-bā zý'n, *s.* a slight black

**Bombast**, bóm-bā'st, *s.* fustain, big words—*a.* high sounding

**Bombulation**, bóm-bū-lā'shún, *s.* a great sound [captivity—*a.* captive]

**Bond**, bōnd', *s.* any written obligation,

**Boudage**, bōn'-dédzh, *s.* captivity, imprisonment [slave]

**Bondmaid**, bōnd'-māde, *s.* a woman

**Bondman**, bōnd'mán, *s.* one bound for another, a manslave [the body]

**Bone**, bō'ne, *s.* the most solid part of

**Bonelace**, bō'ne-lāse, *s.* a flaxen lace

**Bonfire**, bōn'-fíre, *s.* a fire made for triumph

**Bonnet**, bōn' nèt, *s.* a hat, a cap

**Bonny**, bón'-ny, *a.* handsome, beautiful, gay [a great plum]

**Bonum-magnum**, bō'nūm-māg-nūm, *s.*

**Bony**, bō'-ny, *a.* strong, stout, full of bones

**Booby**, bō'-bý, *s.* a dull stupid fellow

**Book**, būk', *s.* a volume in which we read or write [binds books]

**Bookbinder**, būk'-bín dér, *s.* one who

**Bookish**, būk'-ish, *a.* much given to books

**Book-keeper**, būk'-kēp-er, *s.* one who keeps accounts [keeping accounts]

**Book-keeping**, būk'-kēp-íng, *s.* the art of

**Bookmate**, būk'-māte, *s.* a school-fellow

**Boo seller**, būk'-sél lér, *s.* a vender of books by profession

**Bookworm**, būk' wórm, *s.* a mite that eats holes in books, a close student

**Boom**, bō'm, *s.* a long pole used to spread out the clue of a sail, a bar

laid across a harbour to keep out the enemy [merry]

**Boon**, bō'ne, *s.* a gift, a grant—*a.* gay,

**Boor**, bō're, *s.* a lout, a clown

**Boorish**, bō'r-ísh, *a.* clownish, rustic

**Boose**, bō'ze, *s.* a stall for an horse or a cow—*v. n.* to drink, to guzzle

**Boosy**, bō'zý, *a.* somewhat intoxicated, stupid

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chîn, chine, field, shirt—

Boot, bô'te, *v. a.* to superadd, to supply, to substitute—*s.* superaddition, compensation, &c. a covering for the leg, the place under the coach box  
 Booth, bô'th, *s.* a stall or tent erected in a fair [vain  
 Bootless, bô'-tlës, *a.* useless, unavailing,  
 Booty, bô'-tý, *s.* plunder, pillage, spoil  
 Borachio, bô rá-shô, *s.* a drunkard  
 Borax, bô-răks, *s.* a native neutral salt like alum, used to solder metals  
 Border, bô'r-dér, *s.* an edging, a hem, a side, a boundary [on the borders  
 Borderer, bô'r-dér-ér, *s.* one who dwells  
 Bore, bô're, *v. a.* to pierce—*v. n.* to make a hole—*s.* a hole made by boring, the size of any hole  
 Boreal, bô'-ryăl, *a.* northern  
 Boreas, bô'-ryăs, *s.* the north wind  
 Born, bô'rn, come into life, *part. of* to Bear, *in the sense of* bringing forth  
 Born, bô'rn, *part. of* to Bear, *in the sense of* carrying, sustaining, &c.  
 Borough, bô'r-ô, *s.* a town with a corporation [loan, to ask as a loan  
 Borrow, bô'r-rô, *v. n.* to take upon  
 Boscage, bôs'-këdzh, *s.* a wood, woodlands  
 Bosky, bôs'-ký, *a.* woody, rough, swelled  
 Bosom, bôz'-ôm, *s.* the breast, the heart, an enclosure—*v. a.* to conceal, to enclose in the bosom [knob  
 Boss, bôs, *s.* a stud, a raised work, a  
 Botanic, bô-tăn'ík, *a.* relating to herbs  
 Botanist, bôt-ăn'-íst, *s.* one skilled in plants [course upon plants  
 Botanology, bôt-ăn-ôl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* a discipline  
 Botany, bôt-ă-ný, *s.* the science of plants, that part of natural history which relates to vegetables  
 Botch, bôtsh', *s.* a swelling, a part ill finished or clumsily added—*v. a.* to mend clumsily, to patch  
 Botcher, bôtsh'-ér, *s.* a cobbler, a mender of old cloaths  
 Both, bô'th, *a.* two—*conj.* as well  
 Bottle, bôt't'l, *s.* a glass or earthen vessel to contain liquids  
 Bottom, bôt'-tóm, *s.* the lowest or deepest part, the foundation, a valley [a bottom  
 Bottomless, bôt-tóm'-lés, *a.* without bottomry, bôt-tóm-rý, *s.* money borrowed on a ship's bottom.  
 Bough, bôw', *s.* an arm, a branch of a tree [buy  
 Bought, băt, *pret. and part. of* to

Bounce, bôû'ns, *v. n.* to leap suddenly to boast, to bully  
 Bound, bôû'nd, *s.* a limit, a leap, a rebound—*v. a.* to limit, to restrain—*v. n.* to jump, to spring, to fly back—*a.* destined for, going to  
 Boundary, bôû'nd'-á-rý, *s.* limit, bound  
 Boundstone, bôû'nd-stône, *s.* a stone to play with [rous  
 Bounteous, bôû'n-tyús, *a.* liberal, generous  
 Bounty, bôû'n-tý, *s.* generosity, munificence  
 Bourn, bô'rn, *s.* a bound, a limit, a brook  
 Bousé, bô'ze, *v. n.* to drink to excess  
 Bousy, bô'-sý, *a.* drunken [tempt  
 Bout, bôût, *s.* a trial, an essay, an attack  
 Bow, bôw', *v. a.* to bow, to stoop, to crush—*v. n.* to suffer flexure, to make a reverence, to stoop—*s.* the act of reverence or submission  
 Bow, bô', *s.* an instrument of war, the rainbow, the instrument with which string-instruments are played upon, the doubling of a string in a slip knot  
 Bowels, bôw'élz, *s.* the intestines, compassion, tenderness  
 Bower, bôw'-ér, *s.* an harbour, an archer  
 Bowery, bôw'-ér-ý, *a.* shady, retired  
 Bowl, bôw'l, *s.* a vessel to hold liquids, the hollow part of any thing, a wooden ball—*v. a.* to play at bowls, to roll any thing as a bowl  
 Bow-legged, bô'-lëgd, *a.* having crooked legs  
 Bowler, bôwl'-ér, *s.* one who bowls  
 Bowline, bôw'-lín, *s.* the name of a ship's rope  
 Bowling-green, bôw'-lîng-grëne, *s.* a level piece of ground for bowlers  
 Bowman, bô'-mán, *s.* an archer  
 Bowsprit, bô'-sprît, *s.* the mast projecting out at the head of a ship  
 Bowstring, bô'-strîng, *s.* a string used for a bow [of bows  
 Bowyer, bô'-yér, *s.* an archer, a maker  
 Box, bôks', *s.* species of tree, a case of wood, a blow—*v. a.* to enclose in a box, to strike—*v. n.* to fight with the fist.  
 Boy, bôý, *s.* a male child, a youth  
 Boyish, bôý'-ish, *a.* childish, trifling  
 Brabble, brăbl', *a.* a clamorous contest—*v. n.* to contest noisily  
 Brace, bră'se, *v. a.* to bind, to strain up—*s.* a bandage, tightness, a pair or couple [bandage  
 Bracer, brăs'-ér, *s.* that which braces, a

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Bracelet, brá'se-lét, *s.* an ornament for the wrist [arm]  
 Brachial, brák'-yál, *a.* belonging to the  
 Brachygraphy, brá-ks'-gráf-ý, *s.* the art or practice of short-hand writing  
 Brack, brák', *s.* a breach  
 Bracket, brák'-ket, *s.* a piece of wood for a support  
 Brackish, brák'-ish, *a.* saltish [head]  
 Brad, brád', *s.* a sort of nail without a  
 Brag, brág', *v. n.* to boast, to display ostentatiously—*s.* a boast, a swaggerer, a game at cards  
 Braggadocio, brág-gá-dô'-shyô, *s.* a boasting fellow  
 Braggart, brág'-gárt, *a.* vainly ostentatious—*s.* a vain puffing fellow  
 Braid, brá'de, *v. a.* to weave together—*s.* a sort of lace, a knot, false hair  
 Brails, brá'lz, *s.* ropes used to draw up a ship's sails  
 Brain, brá'ne, *s.* a soft substance within the skull, the understanding—*v. n.* to kill by beating out the brains  
 Brainpan, brá'ne-pán, *s.* the skull containing the brains [giddy]  
 Brainsick, brá'ne-sík, *a.* addle-headed  
 Brake, brá'ke, *part. of* Break—*s.* a thicket of brambles, an instrument for dressing flax, a kneading trough  
 Bramble, brám'-bl, *s.* a prickly or thorny bush  
 Bramin, brám'-ín, *s.* a Gentoo priest  
 Bran, brán', *s.* husks or skin of ground corn  
 Branch, brá'nsh, *s.* a shoot from a main bough or from a stag's horn, offspring  
*v. n.* to spread in branches—*v. a.* to divide as into branches  
 Brand, bránd', *s.* a lighted stick, a mark of infamy—*v. a.* to mark with a brand [shake, to flourish]  
 Brandish, brán'-dîsh, *v. a.* to wave, to brandish  
 Brandling, bránd'-ling, *s.* a small worm  
 Brandy, brán'-dý, *s.* a strong liquor distilled  
 Brangle, bräng'-g'l, *s.* a squabble, wrangle  
 Brank, brängk', *s.* buckwheat  
 Branny, brán'-ný, *a.* like bran, dry, foul [brass]  
 Brasier, brá'-zhyér, *s.* a manufacturer in  
 Brasil, brá-zíl, *s.* an American wood  
 Brass, brás', *s.* yellow metal, impudence [brass, impudent]  
 Brassy, brás'-sý, *a.* of brass, hard as  
 Brat, brát', *s.* child by way of contempt  
 Bravado, brá'-vá-dô, *s.* a boast, a brag

Brave, brā'vé, *a.* courageous, gallant, noble—*v. a.* to defy, to challenge, to hector  
 Bravery, brā'-vér-ý, *s.* courage, magnanimity, shew  
 Bravo, brā'-vô, *s.* one who murders for hire  
 Brawl, brāl', *v. n.* to quarrel, to speak loudly—*s.* a quarrel, a noise  
 Brawler, brāl'-ér, *s.* a wrangler, a noisy turbulent fellow  
 Brawn, brā'n, *s.* the flesh of a boar  
 Brawny, brā'-ný, *a.* muscular, fleshy, bulky  
 Bray, brā, *v. a.* to pound or grind small—*v. n.* to cry like an ass—*s.* the noise of an ass, harsh noise  
 Braise, brā'ze, *v. a.* to solder with brass  
 Brazen, brā'z'n, *a.* made of brass, impudent—*v. n.* to bully, to be impudent  
 Brazenface, brā'z'n-fase, *s.* a bold impudent person [a quarrel]  
 Breach, brēt'sh, *s.* an opening, a gap  
 Bread, bréd', *s.* food made of ground corn, support  
 Bread-corn, bréd kōrn, *s.* the corn of which bread is made  
 Breadth, bréd'th, *s.* the measure from side to side  
 Break, brē'ke, *v. a.* to open or part by force, to subdue, to crush, to make bankrupt—*v. n.* to part by force, to become bankrupt—*s.* an opening, a failure  
 Breaker, brē'-kér, *s.* he that breaks any thing, a wave broken by rocks or sand-banks  
 Breakfast, brék'-fást, *v. n.* to eat the first meal in the day—*s.* the first meal  
 Bream, brē'me, *s.* a sort of fish  
 Breast, brést', *s.* that part of the body which contains the heart and lungs, the heart, the conscience  
 Breasthigh, brést'-hî, *a.* up to the breast  
 Breastknot, brést'-knôt, *s.* ribbands worn on the breast [the breast]  
 Breastplate, brést'-plâte, *s.* armour for  
 Breastwork, brést'-wōrk, *s.* a guard raised breast high  
 Breath, brēth', *s.* air drawn in and thrown out by the lungs, a breeze  
 Breathe, brē'th, *v. n.* to draw breath, to live, to take breath—*v. a.* to inject by breathing  
 Breathing, brē'-thîng, *s.* an aspiration, a secret prayer, a vent

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chŷn, chine, ffield, shîrt—  
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- Breech, brŷtsh', *s.* the lower part of the body, the hinder part of a gun  
 Breches, brŷt'-tshéz, *s.* a garment for the lower part of the body  
 Breed, bré'de, *v. a.* to procreate, to give birth to, to produce, to contrive—*v. n.* to bring young, to raise a breed—*s.* a cast, kind, offspring, a hatch [ners, nurture]  
 Breeding, bré'd-ŷng, *s.* education, man-  
 Breeze, bré'ze, *s.* a stinging fly, a gentle gale [gales]  
 Breezy, bré'-zŷ, *a.* fanned with gentle  
 Brent, brén't, *a.* burnt  
 Bret, brét', *s.* a fish of the turbot kind  
 Brethren, bréth'-rén, *s.* the plural of Brother  
 Breve, bré've, *s.* a note in music  
 Breviary, bré'v-yár-ŷ, *s.* a book containing the daily service of the church of Rome  
 Breviat, bré'v-yát, *s.* short compendium  
 Brevier, bré'-vère, *s.* small letter or type for printing [ness]  
 Brevity, bré'v-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* conciseness, short-  
 Brew, brú', *v. a.* to make liquors, to contrive—*v. n.* to perform the office of a brewer [brewing in]  
 Brewhouse, brú'-hóús, *s.* a house for  
 Brewis, brú'-ŷs, *s.* a piece of bread soaked in boiling fat pottage  
 Bribe, brŷbe, *s.* a present made to pervert the judgment—*v. a.* to give bribes [bribing]  
 Bribery, brŷ-bér-ŷ, *s.* the act or crime of  
 Brick, brŷk', *s.* a mass of burnt clay, a loaf  
 Brickbat, brŷk'-băt, *s.* a piece of brick  
 Brickdust, brŷk'-dŷst, *s.* dust made by pounding bricks [bricks in]  
 Brick-kiln, brŷk'-kŷl, *s.* a place to burn  
 Bricklayer, brŷk'-lă-ér, *s.* a brick-mason  
 Bridal, brŷ-dăl, *a.* relating to marriage, nuptial  
 Bride, brŷ'de, *s.* a woman new married  
 Bridecake, brŷ'de-kăke, *s.* cake distributed at a wedding [ried man]  
 Bridegroom, brŷ'de-grôm, *s.* a new mar-  
 Bridemaids, brŷ'de-mădz, and Bride-  
 men, brŷ'de-mén, *s.* attendants on the bride and bridegroom  
 Bridewell, brŷ'de-wél, *s.* a house of correction  
 Bridge, brŷdzh', *s.* a building over water for the convenience of passing, the upper part of the nose, supporter of the strings in a violin
- Bridle, brŷd'l, *s.* the head and reins of a horse, a check—*v. a.* to guide, to restrain, to govern—*v. n.* to hold up the head [which holds the bridle]  
 Bridlehand, brŷd'l-hănd, *s.* the hand  
 Brief, brŷf, *a.* short—*s.* a short extract, an epitome, letters patent for charitable collections  
 Brier, brŷér, *s.* a sort of prickly plant  
 Briery, brŷ-ér ŷ, *a.* rough, full of briars  
 Brig, brŷg', *s.* a ship with two masts  
 Brigade, brŷ-gă'de, *s.* a division of soldiers  
 Brigadier-General, brŷg-ă-dir'-dzhén-ér-ăl, *s.* an officer next in order below a major general  
 Brigand, brŷg-ă'nd, *s.* a robber  
 Brigantine, brŷg-ă'n-tŷne, *s.* a small vessel, a coat of mail [famous]  
 Bright, brŷ'te, *a.* shining, clear, witty,  
 Brighten, brŷ't'n, *v. a.* to make bright, to polish—*v. n.* to grow bright, to clear up [ness]  
 Brightness, brŷte-nês, *s.* lustre, acute-  
 Brilliancy, brŷl-lŷ-ăn-sŷ, *s.* lustre  
 Brilliant, brŷl-lŷ-ănt, *a.* sparkling—*s.* a fine diamond [bank of a fountain]  
 Brim, brŷm', *s.* the edge, the lip, the  
 Brimmer, brŷm'-mér, *s.* a bowl full to the top  
 Brimstone, brŷm'-stône, *s.* sulphur  
 Brinded, brŷn'déd, *a.* streaked, tabby  
 Brindled, brŷn'-léd, *a.* streaked  
 Brine, brŷ'ne, *s.* water impregnated with salt, the sea, tears  
 Bring, brŷng', *v. a.* to fetch, to cause to come, to conduct, to prevail upon  
 Brinish, brŷ'nŷsh, *a.* of a briny taste, salt  
 Brink, brŷngk', *s.* the edge of a place, a precipice [bright]  
 Brisk, brŷsk', *a.* lively, vivacious, gay,  
 Brisket, brŷs'-két, *s.* the breast of an animal  
 Bristle, brŷs'l, *s.* the stiff hair of swine—*v. n.* to stand erect as bristles  
 Bristly, brŷs't-lŷ, *a.* set with bristles  
 Bristol stone, brŷs'tôl stône, *s.* a kind of soft diamond  
 Brittle, brŷt'l, *a.* fragile, apt to break  
 Broach, brô'tsh, *s.* a spit—*v. a.* to tap a vessel, to give out [fulsome]  
 Broad, bră'd, *a.* wide, extended, coarse,  
 Broad-cloth, bră'd-clôth, *s.* fine kind of woollen cloth  
 Broadside, bră'd-sîde, *s.* the side of a ship, a volley of shot fired at once from the side of a ship, a sheet of paper printed on one side only



shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thîck.

Broadsword, brâ'd-swôrd, *s.* a sword with a broad blade [flowered silk  
Brocade, brô-kâ'de, *s.* a kind of fine  
Brocoli, brôk'-kô ly, *s.* a species of cabbage  
Brock, brôk', *s.* a badger [years old  
Brocket, brôk'-kêt, *s.* a red deer two  
Brogue, brô'ge, *s.* a kind of shoe, corrupt dialect  
Broil, brô'yl, *s.* a tumult, a quarrel—*v. a.* to roast on the fire—*v. n.* to be hot  
Broken, brô'k'n, *part.* destroyed, shivered, reduced  
Broker, brô'-kér, *s.* a factor, one who does business for another, or who deals in old household goods  
Brokerage, brô'-kér-ædz, *s.* the pay or reward of a broker [the throat  
Bronchial, brông'-kyâl, *a.* belonging to  
Bronchocele, brong'-kô-sêle, *s.* tumour in the fore part of the neck  
Bronze, brô'nze, *s.* brass, a sort of medal  
Brooch, brôtsh, *s.* a jewel, an ornament of jewels  
Brood, brô'de, *v. n.* to sit on eggs, to hatch, to watch anxiously—*v. a.* to cherish by care, to hatch—*s.* offspring, a hatch, the number hatched at once  
brook, brô'k, *s.* a little river, a rivulet—*v. a.* to bear, to endure—*v. n.* to endure, to be content  
Brooklime, brôk'-lime, *s.* an herb, a sort of water speedwell [sweep with  
Broom, brô'me, *s.* a shrub, a besom to broom  
Broomy, brô'-mÿ, *a.* full of broom  
Broth, brô'th, *s.* the liquor in which flesh is boiled  
Brothel, brôth'-él, or Brothelhouse, brôth'-él-hôûs, *s.* a bawdy-house  
Brother, brôth'-ér, *s.* a male born of the same parents [society  
Brotherhood, brôth'-ér-hûd, *s.* union,  
Brought, brât', *part.* from Bring  
Brow, brôw', *s.* the forehead, the edge of any high place [with stern looks  
Browbeat, brôw'-bête, *v. a.* to depress  
Brown, brôw'n, *a.* the name of a colour  
Brownish, brôw'n-ÿsh, *a.* somewhat brown [meditations  
Brownstudy, brôw'n-stûd-ÿ, *s.* gloomy  
Browse, brôw'z, *v. a.* to eat branches or shrubs—*v. n.* to feed—*s.* branches or shrubs fit for the food of animals  
Bruise, brûze, *v. a.* to crush or mangle with a blow—*s.* a hurt from a blow, a spot [report—*v. a.* to noise about  
Bruit, brûte, *s.* a rumour, a noise, a

Brumal, brû'-mäl, *a.* cold, belonging to winter [ed woman  
Brunett, brû'-nêt, *s.* a brown complexion  
Brunt, brünt', *s.* a shock, a violence, a blow  
Brush, brûsh', *s.* an instrument for sweeping, a rude assault—*v. a.* to rub with a brush—*v. n.* to skim lightly  
Brushwood, brûsh'-wûd, *s.* rough shrubby thickets [man  
Brutal, brû'-täl, *a.* savage, cruel, inhuman  
Brutality, brû'-täl'-i-tÿ, *s.* savageness, inhumanity  
Brutalize, brû'täl lîze, *v. n.* to grow brutal or savage—*v. a.* to make brutal  
Brute, brû'te, *a.* senseless, savage, fierce—*s.* a creature without reason  
Brutish, brû'-tîsh, *a.* resembling a beast, unpolite  
Bryony, brÿ'-ô-nÿ, *s.* the name of a plant  
Bub, bûb', *s.* strong malt liquor  
Bubble, bûbl', *s.* a water bladder, a person cheated [the groin  
Bubo, bû'-bô, *s.* a swelling or tumour in  
Bucaniers, bûk'-â-nî'rz, *s.* pirates in America  
Buck, bûk', *s.* the leys in which clothes are washed, the male of the deer, rabbits, and other animals [trefoil  
Buckbean, bûk'-bêne, *s.* a plant, marsh  
Bucket, bûk'-kêt, *s.* a vessel to draw or carry water in  
Buckle, bûk'l, *s.* a fastening—*v. a.* to fasten with a buckle—*v. n.* to bend, to bow [defend, to protect  
Buckler, bûk'-lér, *s.* a shield—*v. a.* to  
Buckram, bûk'-râm, *s.* cloth stiffened with gum  
Buckskin, bûk'-skÿn, *s.* leather made of a buck's skin  
Buckthorn, bûk'-thôrn, *s.* a tree  
Bucolic, bû kôl'-ÿk, *a.* pastoral  
Bud, bûd', *s.* the first shoot of a plant, a germ—*v. n.* to put forth buds, to be in the bloom—*v. a.* to inoculate  
Budge, bûdzh', *v. n.* to stir—*a.* stiff, formal  
Budget, bûd'-zhét, *s.* a bag such as may be easily carried, store or stock  
Buff, bûf', *s.* leather made of a buffalo's skin, colour resembling yellow—*v. a.* to strike  
Buffalo, bûf'-fä-lô, *s.* a kind of wild bul  
Buffet, bûf'-fét, *s.* a blow with the fist—*v. a.* to box, to beat—*v. n.* to play a boxing match



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dësist, mê, hër—chÿn, chÿne, fïeld, shÿrt—

Buffet, bŭf-fët', *s.* a kind of cupboard  
 Buffoon, bŭf-fô'ne, *s.* a jackpudding, a man who practises scurrilous raillery  
 Buffoonery, bŭf-fô'n-ér ŷ, *s.* low jests, mimicry  
 Bug, bŭg', *s.* a sort of stinking insect  
 Bugbear, bŭg'-bære, *s.* a frightful object, a false terror  
 Bugle, bŭg'l, *s.* a shining bead of glass, a sort of plant, a bull, a hunting horn  
 Buglehorn, bŭg'l-hôr'n, *s.* a hunting horn [*v. n.* to depend on  
 Build, bïld', *v. a.* to raise a building—  
 Builder, bïld'-ér, *s.* an architect  
 Building, bïl'-dÿng, *s.* a fabric, an edifice  
 Bulb, bulb', *s.* a round root, such as that of tulips, &c.  
 Bulbous, bŭl'-bús, *a.* containing bulbs  
 Bulfinch, bŭl'-fÿnsh, *s.* a song bird  
 Bulge, bŭl'dzh, *v. n.* to take in water, to founder, to jut out [a bench  
 Bulk, bŭlk', *s.* magnitude, size, the mass,  
 Bulkhead, bŭlk'-héd, *s.* a partition made in a ship [size or stature  
 Bulky, bŭl'-kŷ, *a.* lusty, heavy, of great  
 Bull, bŭl', *s.* the male of black catile, one of the signs of the zodiac, a mandate published by the pope, a blunder  
 Bullbaiting, bŭl'-bä-tÿng, *s.* the sport of baiting bulls with dogs  
 Bull-dog, bŭl'-dög, *s.* a kind of dog remarkable for his courage [or iron  
 Bullet, bŭl'-lët, *s.* a round ball of lead  
 Bullion, bŭl'-yón, *s.* gold or silver in the mass [of boiling  
 Bullition, bŭl lÿsh'-ÿn, *s.* the act or state  
 Bullock, bŭl'-lók, *s.* a young bull or steer, very fat ox, cow, &c.  
 Bully, bŭl'-lŷ, *s.* a noisy quarrelsome fellow—*v. a.* to overbear with noise and threats—*v. n.* to be noisy and quarrelsome [ing by rivers  
 Bulrush, bŭl'-rŭsh, *s.* a large rush grow-  
 Bulwark, bŭl'-wark, *s.* a fortification, a defence [meanest kind  
 Bumbailiff, bŭm-bä'-lÿf, *s.* a bailiff of the  
 Bumboat, bŭm-bôte, *s.* a small boat that carries things for sale to ships  
 Bump, bŭmp', *s.* a swelling, a protuberance, a blow [the brim  
 Bumper, bŭm'-pér, *s.* a cup filled to  
 Bumpkin, bŭmp'-kÿn, *s.* a clown, a lowt, a rustic  
 Bun, bŭn, *s.* a kind of sweet bread  
 Bunch, bŭnsh, *s.* a hard lump, cluster  
 Bunchy, bŭn'-shŷ, *a.* growing in or full of bunches

Bundle, bŭn'd'l, *s.* a parcel of things bound together—*v. a.* to tie in a bundle  
 Bung, bŭng', *s.* a stopple for a barrel  
 Bungle, bŭng'l, *v. n.* to perform clumsily—*v. a.* to botch, manage clumsily—*s.* a botch, awkwardness  
 Bungler, bŭng'-ler, *s.* a bad workman  
 Bunt, bŭnt', *v. a.* to swell out  
 Bunter, bŭn'-tér, *s.* a mean, low, vulgar woman [of stuff  
 Bunting, bŭn'-tÿng, *s.* a bird, a thin sort  
 Buoy, böŷ', *s.* a piece of cork or wood floating and tied to an anchor—*v. a.* to kee, afloat—*v. n.* to float  
 Buoyant, böŷ'-ént, *a.* that which will not sink [dock  
 Bur, bŭr', *s.* prickly head of the bur-  
 Burbot, bŭr'-bót, *s.* a fish full of prickles  
 Burden, bŭr'd'n, *s.* a load, something grievous, birth—*v. a.* to load, to encumber [troublesome  
 Burdensome, bŭr'd'n-sóm, *a.* grievous,  
 Burdock, bŭr'-dök, *s.* a broad-leaved plant with prickly balls  
 Bureau, bŭ-rô', *s.* a chest of drawers with a desk [cities and towns  
 Burgage, bŭr'-gëdzh, *s.* tenure proper to  
 Burgeois, bŭr'-dzhöis, *s.* a species of small letter for printing  
 Burgess, bŭr'-dzhës, *s.* a citizen, a free man of a city, a representative  
 Burgh, bŭr', *s.* a corporate town or borough  
 Burgher, bŭr'-gér, *s.* one who has a right to certain privileges (as, to vote, &c.)  
 Burglary, bŭr'-glár-ŷ, *s.* house-breaking by night  
 Burgomaster, bŭr'-gō-mäs-tér, *s.* a sort of magistrate in Holland  
 Burgrave, bŭr'-gräve, *s.* a chief governor of a borough or town [the dead  
 Burial, bër'-ryäl, *s.* the act of interring  
 Burl, bŭrl, *v. a.* to dress cloth  
 Burlesque, bŭr'-lësk', *a.* jocular, merry, droll—*s.* ludicrous language—*v. a.* to turn to ridicule [sical farce  
 Burletta, bŭr'-lët-tä, *a.* a ludicrous mu-  
 Burly, bŭr'-lŷ, *a.* blustering, swollen, falsely great  
 Burn, bŭrn', *v. a.* to consume with fire—*v. n.* to be on fire, to be inflamed—*s.* a hurt caused by fire  
 Burner, bŭrn'-ér, *s.* one who destroys things by fire  
 Burnet, bŭr'-nët, *s.* a sort of plant

shöt, nöte, löse, actör—hüt, pūsh, mäte, fūr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Burning, bŭr'-nĭng, *s.* state of inflammation
- Burnish, bŭr'-nĭsh, *v. a.* to polish, to make bright—*v. n.* to grow bright or glossy
- Burnt, bŭrn't, *part.* from Burn
- Burr, bŭr', *s.* the lobe or lap of the ear
- Burrel, bŭr'-rel, *s.* a sort of pear, an insect [to mine or make holes]
- Burrow, bŭr'-rō, *s.* a rabbit hole—*v. n.*
- Bursar, bŭr-sār, *s.* the treasurer of a college [merchants meet]
- Burse, burs', *s.* an exchange where
- Burst, bŭrst'-v. *n.* to break or fly open to fly asunder,—*v. a.* to break suddenly—*s.* a sudden breaking, an eruption [against ruptures]
- Burstawort, bŭrst'-wört, *s.* an herb good
- Burt, hŭrt', *s.* a flat fish of the turbot kind
- Burthen, bŭr'd'n, *s.* see Burden
- Bury, bŭr'-rý, *v. a.* to put into a grave, to hide—*s.* a dwelling place
- Bush, bush', *s.* a thick shrub, a bough
- Bushel, bush'-él, *s.* a measure containing 8 gallons or 4 pecks [branches]
- Bushy, bŭsh'-ý, *a.* thick or full of small
- Busily, bĭz' ý-lý, *ad.* actively, hastily
- Business, bĭz'-nĕs, *s.* an employment or occupation, affair, trade
- Busk, bŭsk, *s.* a piece of steel or whalebone to strengthen women's stays
- Buskin, bŭs'-kĭn, *s.* a kind of half boot
- Buss, bus', *s.* a kiss, a boat for fishing
- Bust, bŭst', *s.* a statue representing a man to his breast
- Bustard, bŭ'-tárd, *s.* the largest of the British land fowls
- Bustle, bŭs'l, *v. n.* to stir, to be busy—*s.* a tumult, a hurry [diligent]
- Busy, bĭz'-ý, *a.* employed, active, meddling
- Busybody, bĭz'-ý-bōd-ý, *s.* a meddling officious person
- But, bŭt', *conj.* except, nevertheless, however—*s.* a boundary
- Butcher, bŭt-tsher, *s.* one who kills animals to sell—*v. a.* to kill, to murder [knee holly, a plant]
- Butcher's-broom bŭt'-tshers-brōm, *s.*
- Butchery, bŭt'-tsher-ý, *s.* cruelty, murder, a place where blood is shed
- Butler, bŭt'-lér, *s.* a servant employed in furnishing the table [arch]
- B tment, bŭt'-mĕnt, *s.* the support of an
- Butt, bŭt', *s.* a point or mark, object of ridicule, a barrel containing 126 gallons—*v. a.* to strike with the head
- Butter, bŭt'-tér, *s.* an unctuous substance made from cream—*v. a.* to cover with butter
- Butterflower, bŭt'-tér-flōw ér, *s.* a sort of yellow flower of May
- Butterfly, bŭt'-ter-flý, *s.* a beautiful winged insect
- Butterprint, bŭt' tér-prĭnt, *s.* a piece of wood to mark butter [foretooth]
- Buttertooth, bŭt' tér-tōth, *s.* a large broad
- Buttery, bŭt' ter-ý, *a.* having the appearance or qualities of butter—*s.* a place where provision is laid up
- Buttock, bŭt'-ók, *s.* the thick part of the thigh
- Button, bŭt'n, *s.* any knob or ball, bud of a plant—*v. a.* to fasten with buttons [fasten a button]
- Buttonhole, bŭt'n-hōle, *s.* a hole to
- Buttress, bŭt'-trĕs, *s.* a prop, a support—*v. a.* to prop [jolly]
- Buxom, bŭk'-sóm, *a.* gay, lively, brisk,
- Buy, bý, *v. a.* to purchase, to pay a price for—*v. n.* to treat about a purchase
- Buyer, bý-ēr, *s.* the person who purchases
- Buzz, bŭz', *v. n.* to hum like bees, to whisper—*v. a.* to whisper, to spread secretly—*s.* a hum, a whisper, low talk
- Buzzard, bŭz'-árd, *s.* a hawk, a blockhead, a dunce
- By, bý, *prep.* denoting the agent, way, means
- By-law, bý-lā, *s.* private rules or orders in a society
- By-name, bý-nāme, *a.* a nick-name
- By-stander, bý-stándér, *s.* a looker-on, one unconcerned
- By-word, bý-wórd, *s.* a cant word, a taunt

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

## C

- CAB**, kăb', *s.* a Hebrew measure of three pints
- Cabal**, kă-băl', *s.* a private junto, an intrigue—*v. n.* to form close intrigues
- Cabalistic**, kăb-ă-lis'-tĭk, *a.* mysterious, secret
- Cabbage**, kăb-bědzh, *s.* a well-known plant—*v. a.* to steal in cutting clothes
- Cabin**, kăb'-ŷn, *s.* a chamber in a ship, a cottage [a place for counsel]
- Cabinet**, kăb'-ŷnět, *s.* a set of drawers,
- Cable**, kă'-b'l, *s.* a rope to hold a ship at anchor [chocolate is made]
- Cacao**, kô'-ô, *s.* the nut from which
- Cachetic**, kă-kěk'-tĭk, *a.* having a bad habit of body [state letter]
- Cachet**, kăt'sh ět, *s.* a seal, a private
- Cachexy**, kă'-kěk-sŷ, *s.* a disordered habit of body
- Cackle**, kăk'l, *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose or hen, to giggle
- Cacochymy**, kă-kök'-ŷ-mŷ, *s.* diseased state of the blood
- Cadaverous**, kă-dăv'-ér-ús, *a.* relating to dead bodies, stinking
- Caddis**, kăd'-dis, *s.* a kind of tape, a sort of worm or grub
- Cade**, kă'-de, *a.* tame, soft
- Cadence**, kă-déns, *s.* a fall of the voice, a tone or sound
- Cadent**, kă-děnt, *a.* falling down
- Cadet**, kă-dět', *s.* a younger brother, a volunteer
- Cadi**, kă'-dŷ, *s.* a Turkish magistrate
- Caftan**, kăf-tăn, *s.* a Persian garment, a kind of kabit
- Cag**, kăg', *s.* a small barrel or cask
- Cage**, kădzh, *s.* a place of confinement
- Cajole**, kă-dzhô'le, *v. a.* to flatter, to deceive
- Cajolery**, kă-dzhô' lér-ŷ, *s.* flattery
- Caisson**, kă-sôn, *s.* chest of bombs or powder, a hollow fabric of timber
- Caitiff**, kă'-tĭf, *s.* a mean villain, a despicable knave [—*v. n.* to harden]
- Cake**, kă'ke, *s.* a kind of delicate bread
- Calabash**, kă'l-ă-băsh, *s.* an Indian tree for cups
- Calamanco**, kă'l-ă-mănk'-ô, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff
- Calamine**, kă'l-ă-mine, *s.* ore of zink
- Calamitous**, kă-lăm'-ŷ-tús, *a.* miserable, unfortunate [misery]
- Calamity**, kă-lăm'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* misfortune,
- Calamus**, kă'l-ă-mús, *s.* a kind of sweet-scented wood [pleasure, a head dress]
- Calash**, kă-lăsh', *s.* small carriage of
- Calcareous**, kăl-kă'-rŷús, *a.* partaking of the nature of calx or lime
- Calcination**, kăl-sŷ-nă'-shŷn, *s.* pulverization by fire or acid [powder]
- Calcine**, kăl-sĭn'e, *v. a.* to burn to a
- Calculate**, kăl'-kú-lăte, *v. a.* to compute, to reckon
- Calculation**, kăl-kú lă'-shŷn, *s.* a computation, a reckoning
- Calculator**, kăl'-kú-lă-tórs, *s.* a computer
- Calculous**, kăl'-kú-lús, *a.* stony, gritty
- Caldron**, kăldrón, *s.* a boiler, a very large kettle [of Scotland]
- Caledonian**, kăl-ě-dô-nŷăn, *s.* a native
- Calefactory**, kăl-ě-făk'-tór-ŷ, *a.* tending to warm, heating
- Calefy**, kăl'-ě-fŷ, *v. n.* to grow hot, to be heated—*v. a.* to make hot
- Calendar**, kăl-ěn-dăr, *s.* a yearly register, an almanack
- Calendar**, kăl'-ěn-dér, *v. a.* to dress cloth—*s.* a hot press, an engine to calender [calenders-]
- Calendrér**, kăl'ěn-drér, *s.* the person who
- Calends**, kăl'ěndz, *s.* the first day of every month among the Romans
- Calenture**, kăl'-ěn-tŷre, *s.* a sun fever frequent at sea
- Calf**, kăf, *s.* the young of a cow, the thick part of the leg
- Caliber**, kăl'-ŷ-bér, *s.* the bore of fire arms
- Calico**, kăl'-ŷ-kô, *s.* an Indian stuff made of cotton
- Calid**, kăl'-ŷd, *a.* hot, burning [heat]
- Calidity**, kă-lĭd'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* intense or great
- Caligation**, kăl'-ŷ-gă'-shŷn, *s.* darkness, cloudiness, obscurity [dim]
- Caliginous**, kă-lĭdzh'-ŷ-nús, *a.* obscure,
- Caligraphy**, kă-lŷg'-ră-fŷ, *s.* beautiful writing
- Caliph**, kăl'-ŷf, *s.* a Mahometan title
- Caliver**, kăl'-ŷ-vér, *s.* a hand-gun, an arquebuse
- Calix**, kăl'-ŷks, *s.* a cup [a ship]
- Calk**, kăk, *v. a.* to fill up the seams of

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Calker, kâl'k-ér, *s.* one who calks ships  
 Call, kâl', *v. a.* to name, to invite, to summon—*v. n.* to make a short visit  
 —*s.* a requisition, a demand, an instrument to call birds  
 Calling, kâl'ling, *s.* vocation, profession, short visit, station or employment  
 Callipers, kâl'ly-pérz, *s.* compasses with bowed shanks  
 Callosity, kâl-lôs'-tŷ, *s.* a hard swelling without pain  
 Callous, kâl'lús, *a.* hardened, insensible [wanting feathers  
 Callow, kâl'lō, *a.* unfledged, naked  
 Calm, kâ'm, *a.* quiet, serene, undisturbed, unruffled—*s.* serenity, stillness, quiet, repose—*v. a.* to still, quiet, pacify, appease [mildness  
 Calmness, kâl'me-nēs, *s.* tranquillity  
 Calomel, kâl'ō-mēl, *s.* mercury six times sublimed [ducing heat  
 Calorific, kâl'ōr-ŷr-ŷk, *a.* heating, pro  
 Caltrop, kâl'trōp, *s.* an instrument made with three spikes, a sort of plant  
 Calvary, kâl'vā-rŷ, *s.* a place of skulls  
 Calve, kâ'v, *v. n.* to bring forth a calf  
 Calvinism, kâl'vŷn-izim, *s.* the doctrines held by Calvin [to Calvinism  
 Calvinistic, kâl'vŷn-ŷs'-tŷk, *a.* relating  
 Calumniate, kâl-lüm'-nŷ-āte, *v. a.* to accuse falsely—*v. n.* to slander  
 Calumniator, kâl-lüm'-nyā-tōr, *s.* a false accuser, a slanderer  
 Calumnious, kâl-lüm'-nyūs, *a.* slanderous  
 Calumny, kâl'üm-nŷ, *s.* slander, false charge  
 Calx, kâ'k's, *s.* chalk, lime, any thing reduced to powder by burning  
 Calycle, kâl'ŷk'l, *s.* a small bud of a plant  
 Cambering, kâm'hér-ŷng, *a.* arched  
 Cambric, kâm-brŷk, *s.* fine linen from Cambray  
 Camel, kâm'él, *s.* a beast of burden  
 Cameo, kâm'yō, *s.* a picture of one colour  
 Camera Obscura, kâm'ē-rā-ōb-skū'rā, *s.* an optical machine used in a darkened chamber, through which the rays of light passing, reflect outward objects inverted  
 Camlet, kâm'lēt, *s.* a kind of stuff made with woollen and silk  
 Camomile, kâm'ō-mŷle, *s.* a fine physical plant  
 Camp, kâmp', *s.* the order of tents for soldiers

Campaign, kâm'-pāne, *s.* a large open country, the time an army keeps the field in one year [flower  
 Campanula, kâm'-pân-ū-lā, *s.* a garden  
 Campestral, kâm-pēs'-trāl, *a.* growing in fields [resin or gum  
 Camphire, kâm'-fir, *s.* a kind of white  
 Camphorate, kâm'-fō-rāte, *v. a.* to impregnate with camphire—*a.* impregnated with camphire  
 Campion, kâm'pŷ-ōn, *s.* a garden plant  
 Can, kân', *s.* a cup—*v. n.* to be able, to have power  
 Canaille, kâ-nāl', *s.* the lowest of the people [water, a duct  
 Canal, kâ-nāl', *s.* a bason or course of  
 Canal-coal, kân-āl kōle, *s.* fine kind of coal [made like a pipe or gutter  
 Canaliculated, kân-āl-hk'-ū-lā-tēd, *a.*  
 Canary, kâ-nā' rŷ, *s.* wine brought from the Canaries—*v. n.* to dance, to frolic [lent singing bird  
 Canary-bird, kâ-nā'-rŷ-bīrd, *s.* an excellent  
 Cancel, kân'sēl, *v. a.* to blot out, to efface, to obliterate [barred  
 Cancellated, kân'sēl-lā-tēd, *a.* cross-  
 Cancellation, kân-sēl-lā-shŷn, *s.* an expunging or wiping out of an instrument  
 Cancer, kân'sér, *s.* a crabfish, sign of the summer solstice, a virulent sore  
 Cancerate, kân'sér-āte, *v. n.* to grow cancerous [rulence of a cancer  
 Cancerous, kân'sér-ūs, *a.* having the virulent  
 Canine, kân'-krine, *a.* having the qualities of a crab  
 Candent, kân'-dént, *a.* hot, burning, fiery  
 Candid, kân'-dīd, *a.* white, fair, open, ingenuous [for a place  
 Candidate, kân'-dŷ-dāte, *s.* one that sues  
 Candidly, kân'-dŷd-lŷ, *ad.* fairly, uprightly  
 Candify, kân'-dŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to make white  
 Candle, kând'l, *s.* light made of wax or tallow [candle  
 Candlelight, kând'l-lŷte, *s.* light of a  
 Candlemas, kând'lmás, *s.* the feast of the purification of the Virgin Mary  
 Candlestick, kând'l-stŷck, *s.* an instrument to hold candles  
 Candor, kân'-dōr, *s.* sweetness of temper, integrity, ingenuousness  
 Candy, kân'-dŷ, *v. a.* to conserve with sugar, to congeal—*v. n.* to grow congealed



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mê, hēr—chŭn, chine, fiêld, shîrt—

- Cane**, kă'ne, *s.* a reed from which sugar is extracted, a stick to walk with—*v. a.* to beat with a cane
- Canescent**, kă-nēs'sént, *a.* growing white or old, hoary [the dog star]
- Canicular**, kă-nŭk'-û-lăr, *a.* belonging to
- Canine**, kă-nŭ'ne, *a.* having the properties of a dog [box to hold tea]
- Canister**, kă'n-ŭs-tér, *s.* a small basket, a
- Canker**, kăng'-kér, *s.* a worm, what corrupts or consumes, corrosion—*v. n.* to grow corrupt—*v. a.* to corrupt, to corrode, to pollute
- Cannibal**, kă'n-nŭ-băl, *s.* a man-eater
- Cannon**, kă'n-nón, *s.* a great gun for cannonading
- Cannonade**, kă'n-nón-ă'de, *v. n.* to attack or batter with cannon—*v. a.* to fire upon with cannon
- Cannonier**, kă'n-nō-nér, *s.* one who manages the cannon
- Canoe**, kă'n-ô, *s.* a sort of Indian boat
- Canon**, kă'n-ón, *s.* a rule, a law, a sort of dignity in cathedrals, the book of holy scriptures
- Canonical**, kă'n-nōn-ŭ-kăl, *a.* regular, spiritual, ecclesiastical
- Canonicals**, kă'n-nōn-ŭ-kălz, *s.* the dress of the established clergy
- Canonization**, kă'n-nōn-ŭ-ză-shŭn, *s.* the act of making a saint
- Canonize**, kă'n-ón-ize, *v. a.* to declare any one a saint [cannon]
- Canonry**, kă'n-ón-rŭ, *s.* benefice of a
- Canopy**, kă'n-ô-pŭ, *s.* a covering spread over the head—*v. a.* to cover with a canopy
- Canorous**, kă'n-ô-rús, *a.* musical, tuneful
- Cant**, kănt', *s.* corrupt dialect, wheedling—*v. n.* to wheedle, to flatter—*v. a.* to toss or fling away
- Cantata**, kă'n-tă-tă, *s.* an air, a grave piece of music [singing]
- Cantation**, kă'n-tă-shŭn, *s.* the act of
- Canter**, kă'n-tér, *s.* an hypocrite, a short gallop [flies for blisters]
- Cantharides**, kă'n-tăr'-ŭ-déz, *s.* Spanish
- Canthus**, kă'n-thús, *s.* the corner of the eye [pious song]
- Canticle**, kă'n-tŭk'l, *s.* song of Solomon,
- Cantle**, kănt'l, *s.* a piece with corners—*v. a.* to cut in pieces
- Canto**, kă'n-tô, *s.* a book or section of a poem
- Canton**, kă'n-tón, *s.* the division of a country, a small community or clan—*v. a.* to divide land
- Cantred**, kă'n-tréd, *s.* a division or an hundred in Wales
- Canvas**, kă'n-văs, *s.* a coarse thick cloth, a soliciting—*v. a.* to examine, to debate—*v. n.* to solicit [air]
- Canzonet**, kă'n-zô'-nêt, *s.* a short song, an
- Cap**, kăp', *s.* a covering for the head, a reverence—*v. a.* to cover the top, to puzzle
- Cap-a-pie**, kă-ă-pé, *a.* from head to foot
- Capability**, kă-pă-bŭl'-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* capacity
- Capable**, kă-péb'l, *a.* intelligent, equal to, qualified for [extended]
- Capacious**, kă-pă-shús, *a.* wide, vast,
- Capacitate**, kă-păs'-ŭ-tăte, *v. a.* to enable, to qualify [space, state]
- Capacity**, kă-păs'-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* ability, sense,
- Caparison**, kă-păr'-ŭ-són, *s.* a superb dress for a horse—*v. a.* to dress pompously [piece of a coat]
- Cape**, kă'pe, *s.* a head-land, the neck-
- Caper**, kă-pér, *s.* a leap, a jump, a sort of acid pickle—*v. n.* to skip or dance frolicsomenly
- Caper-bush**, kă-pér-bŭsh, *s.* a sort of plant, the buds of which are pickled for eating
- Capias**, kă-pŭ-ăs, *s.* a writ of execution
- Capillary**, kă-pŭl'-lăr-ŭ, *a.* resembling hairs, small, minute
- Capital**, kăp'-ŭ-tăl, *a.* criminal in the highest degree, that affects life, chief, principal—*s.* the upper part of a pillar, the chief city of a nation
- Capitation**, kăp'-ŭ-tă-shŭn, *s.* numeration of heads [temple]
- Capitol**, kăp'-ŭ-töl, *s.* a splendid Roman
- Capitular**, kă-pŭt'-û-lăr, *s.* a body of statutes, a member of a chapter
- Capitulate**, kă-pŭt'-û-lăte, *v. n.* to yield on certain stipulations
- Capitulation**, kă-pŭt'-û-lă-shŭn, *s.* the surrendering the town upon certain terms, stipulations, conditions
- Capon**, kăp'n, *s.* a castrated cock
- Capot**, kă-pôt, *s.* a term at piquet
- Caprice**, kă-prŭ's, *s.* fancy, whim, humour [fanciful, odd]
- Capricious**, kă-prŭsh'-ús, *a.* whimsical,
- Capricorn**, kăp'-rŭ-körn, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac, the winter solstice
- Capstan**, kăp'-stăn, *s.* an engine to draw up great weights, as anchors, &c.
- Capsular**, kăp'-sû-lăr, or **Capsulary**, kăp'-sû-lăr-ŭ, *a.* hollow like a chest
- Capsulate**, kăp'-sû-lăte, or **Capsulated**, kăp'-sû-lă-téd, *a.* enclosed in a box.



shöt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Captain, kâp'-tÿn, *s.* the chief commander, the commander of a company or of a ship

Captation, kâp'-tâ-shûn, *s.* the practice of catching favour

Caption, kâp'-shûn, *s.* the act of taking

Captious, kâp'-shûs, *a.* peevish, insidious [to subdue

Captivate, kâp'-tÿ-vâte, *v. a.* to charm

Captive, kâp'-tÿv, *s.* one taken in war, one charmed by beauty

Captivity kâp'-tÿv'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* bondage, slavery, servitude [soner or a prize

Captor, kâp'-tôr, *s.* one who takes a prize

Capture, kâp'-tûre, *s.* the act or practice of taking any thing, a prize

Capuchin, kâp'-û'-shîn, *s.* a friar, a woman's cloak and hood

Car, kâr, *s.* a cart, a chariot of war

Carac, kâr'-âk, *s.* a large ship, a galleon

Carat, kâr'-ât, *s.* a weight of four grains

Caravan, kâr'-â-vân, *s.* a troop or body of merchants or pilgrims, a large carriage

Caravansary, kâr'-â-vân'-sâr'-ÿ, *s.* a house for the reception of eastern travellers

Caravel, kâr'-â-vêl, *s.* a light old-fashioned ship

Caraway, kâr'-â-wâ, *s.* a kind of plant

Carbine, kâr'-bine, *s.* a small gun

Carbinier, kâr'-bÿ-nÿr, *s.* a light horseman

Carbuncle, kâr'-bûngk'l, *s.* a precious stone, a red spot or pimple

Carass, kâr'-kâs, *s.* a dead body, a kind of bomb

Card, kârd, *s.* paper painted to play with, the paper on which the several points of the wind are marked in the mariner's compass, an instrument for combing wool—*v. a.* to comb wool—*v. n.* to game [dicinal seed

Cardamom, kâr'-dâ-móm, *s.* a sort of medicinal seed

Carder, kârd'-ér, *s.* one who works wool upon cards [ening

Cardiac, kâr'-dÿ-âk, *a.* cordial, strength

Cardinal, kâr'-dÿ-nâl, *a.* principal, chief —*s.* a dignitary of the Romish church, a woman's cloak

Care, kâre, *s.* solicitude, anxiety, caution, charge—*v. n.* to be anxious, to be affected with [leaks

Careen, kâr'-rêne, *v. a.* to calk, to stop

Career, kâr'-rêre, *s.* a course, race, swift motion, course of action

Careful, kâre'-fûl, *a.* cautious, diligent

Carefully, kâre'-fûl-lÿ, *ad.* diligently

Carefulness, kâre'-fûl-nês, *s.* heedfulness

Careless, kâ'-re-lês, *a.* negligent, heedless

Carelessness, kâ'-re-lês-nês, *s.* inattention

Caress, kâ'-rês, *v. a.* to endear, to fondle—*s.* an act of endearment

Caret, kâr'-rêt, *s.* a note denoting that something is wanting [freight

Cargo, kâr'-gô, *s.* the lading of a ship,

Caricature, kâr'-ÿ-kâ-tûre, *s.* exaggerated resemblance, a droll likeness

Caries kâr'-rÿéz, Cariosity, kâ'-rÿ-ôs'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* rottenness of the bones

Cariou, kâ'-rÿús, *a.* rotten, decayed

Cark, kâr'k, *s.* care, anxiety—*v. n.* to be anxious

Carle, kâr'l, *s.* a mean rude man, a churl

Carlinethistle, kâr'-lin-thÿ's'l, *s.* a plant

Carlings, kâr'-lîngz, *s.* timbers lying fore and aft in a ship [carts

Carman, kâr'-mán, *s.* one who drives

Carmelite, kâr'-mêl-îte, *s.* a pear, a begging friar [dispels wind

Carminative, kâr'-mÿn'-â-tÿv, *s.* that which

Carmine, kâr'-mîne, *s.* a bright red or crimson colour [devastation

Carnage, kâr'-nêdzh, *s.* slaughter, havock,

Carnal, kâr'-nâl, *a.* fleshly, lustful, sensual [grossness of mind

Carnality, kâr'-nâl'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* fleshly lust,

Carnation, kâr'-nâ-shûn, *s.* a flesh colour, a fine flower [cious stone

Carnelion, kâr'-nê-lÿón, *s.* a sort of precious stone

Carneous, kâr'-nÿús, *a.* fleshy, plump

Carnival kâr'-nÿ-vâl, *s.* the time of mirth before Lent [ing

Carnivorous, kâr'-nÿv'-ô-rús, *a.* flesh-eating

Carnosity, kâr'-nôs'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* a fleshy excrescence

Carnous, kâr'-n-ús, *a.* fleshy

Caroch, kâr'-ôtsh, *s.* a coach

Carol, kâr'-ól, *s.* a song of praise and exultation—*v. n.* to sing, to warble —*v. a.* to praise, to celebrate

Carousal, kâr'-rôü'-zâl, *s.* a feast, a festival

Carouse, kâr'-rôü'z, *s.* a drinking match —*v. n.* to drink hard, to quaff—*v. a.* to drink [to cavil

Carp, kâr'p, *s.* a fish—*v. n.* to censure,

Carpenter, kâr'-pên-tér, *s.* an artificer in wood [or table

Carpet, kâr'-pêt, *s.* a covering for a floor

Carping, kâr'p-îng, *a.* censorious, captious [viour, conduct

Carriage, kâr'-rÿdzh, *s.* a vehicle, beha-

Carrier, kâr'-rÿér, *s.* one who carries goods, &c. a messenger, a species of pigeon

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Carrion, kăr'-rŷón, *s.* bad meat  
 Carrot, kăr'rót, *s.* an esculent root  
 Carroty, kăr'-rót-ŷ. *a.* red haired, very red  
 Carry, kăr'-rŷ. *v. a.* to convey, to bear, to gain, to behave  
 Cart, kăr't, *s.* a carriage for luggage, &c. —*v. a.* to expose in a cart—*v. n.* to use carts for carriage  
 Cart-blanche, kăr't-blán'sh, *s.* a blank paper to be filled up with such conditions as the person to whom it is sent thinks proper  
 Cartel, kăr-tél, *s.* an agreement between nations at war relative to exchange of prisoners  
 Carter, kăr-tér, *s.* one who drives a cart  
 Cart-horse, kăr't-hŷrs, *s.* strong, clumsy horse  
 Cartilage, kăr-tŷ-lédzh, *s.* a smooth substance softer than a bone and harder than a ligament  
 Cartilaginous, kăr-tŷ-lédzh-ŷ-nús, *a.* consisting of cartilages or gristles  
 Cartoon, kăr-tŷn, *s.* a painting upon large paper  
 Cartouch, kăr-tŷsh, *s.* a case to hold balls [to hold powder  
 Cartridge, kăr trŷdzh, *s.* a case of powder  
 Cartwright, kăr't-rŷte, *s.* a maker of carts  
 Carve, kăr'v, *v. a.* to cut wood, stone, or meat—*v. n.* to exercise the trade of a sculptor, to perform at table the office of supplying the company  
 Carver, kăr'v-ér, *s.* a person who carves  
 Carving, kăr-vŷng, *s.* sculpture, figures carved [fall  
 Cascade, kăs-kāde, *s.* a cataract, a water-  
 Case, kăs'e, *s.* a covering, a sheath, the outer part of a house, condition (with regard to outward circumstances of leanness or health,) variation in nouns—*v. a.* to put in a case or cover, to strip off the covering [the outside  
 Caseharden, kăs'e-hărd'n, *v. a.* to harden  
 Case-knife, kăs'e-knŷfe, *s.* a large kitchen or table knife  
 Casemate, kăs'e-māte, *s.* kind of vault or arch of stone [ing upon hinges  
 Casement, kăs'e-měnt, *s.* a window open-  
 Cases, kăs-és, *s.* variation of nouns  
 Case-shot, kăs'e-shŷt, *s.* bullets enclosed in a case  
 Caseworm, kăs'e-wŷrm, *s.* a grub that makes itself a case.  
 Cash, kăs'h, *s.* money, ready money  
 Cashier, kăs-shŷr, *s.* a cash-keeper—*v. a.* to discard  
 Cash-keeper, kăs'h-kěp-ér, *s.* one who has the charge of money  
 Cask, kăs'k, *s.* a sort of barrel  
 Casket, kăs'-kět, *s.* a small box for jewels  
 Casque, kăs'k, *s.* an helmet, armour for the head [tree  
 Cashew-nut, kăs'h-ă-nŷt, *s.* fruit of a  
 Cassia, kăs'-shŷă, *s.* a fragrant sweet spice and tree [garment of a priest  
 Cassock, kăs'-sók, *s.* the long under  
 Cast, kăs't, *v. a.* to throw, to fling away, to drive by violence of weather—*v. n.* to contrive, to turn the thoughts, to, to warp—*s.* a throw, a mould, a form, a shade or tendency to any colour  
 Castanet, kăs'-tă-nět, *s.* small shell of ivory or hard wood rattled by dancers  
 Castaway, kăs't-ă-wă, *s.* an abandoned or lost person [castle  
 Castellain, kăs'tél-lăn, *s.* governor of a  
 Castellany, kăs-tél-lăn ŷ, *s.* the lordship of a castle [to punish, to beat  
 Castigate, kăs'-tŷ-gāte, *v. a.* to chastise,  
 Castigation, kăs-tŷ-gă-shŷn, *s.* punishment, correction  
 Casting-net, kăs'-tŷng-nět, *s.* a net thrown by the hand  
 Castle, kăs'l, *s.* a house fortified, a project [the name of a star  
 Castor, kăs'-tŷr, *s.* a beaver, a fine hat,  
 Castrametation, kăs tră-mě-tă'-shŷn, *s.* the practice of encamping  
 Castrate, kăs'-trăte, *v. a.* to geld, to make imperfect [ing  
 Castration, kăs-tră-shŷn, *s.* act of geld-  
 Casual, kăs'h-ă-l, *a.* accidental, arising from chance  
 Casualty, kăs'h-ă-l tŷ, *s.* accident, a thing happening by chance  
 Casuist, kăs'-ă-ŷst, *s.* one that studies and settles cases of conscience  
 Casuistry, kăs'-ă-ŷs-trŷ, *s.* the science of a casuist [of ship  
 Cat, kăt', *s.* a domestic animal, a sort  
 Catachrestical, kăt-ă-krēs'-tŷ-kál, *a.* forced, far-fetched  
 Catacombs, kăt-ă-kŷmz, *s.* subterraneous cavities for the burial of the dead  
 Catacoustic, kăt-ă-kŷs'-tŷk, *a.* relating to reflected sounds  
 Catacoustics, kăt-ă-kŷs'-tŷks, *s.* the doctrine of reflected sounds  
 Catalan, kăt-ă-lăn, *s.* a mean person  
 Cataplepis, kăt-ă-lěp-sŷs, *s.* a disease  
 Catalogue, kăt-ă-lŷg, *s.* enumeration of particulars, a list

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Cataplasm, kăt'-ă-plăzm, *s.* a poultice, a soft plaister

Catapult, kăt'-ă-pūlt, *s.* an engine used anciently to throw stones

Cataract, kăt'-ă-răkt, *s.* a water-fall, a cascade, an inspissation of the crystalline humour of the eye

Catarrh, kă-tă'r, *s.* defluxion of a sharp serum from the glands about the head and throat

Catarrhal, kă-tă'r-răl, *a.* relating to the catarrh

Catastrophe, kă-tăs'-trō-fē, *s.* the change or revolution which produces the conclusion or event of a dramatic piece, final event (generally unhappy)

Catcal, kăt'-kăl, *s.* a squeaking instrument

Catch, kătsh', *v. a.* to lay hold, to stop, to seize, to ensnare—*s.* seizure, the act of taking quickly, a song in succession, slight contagion, any thing that catches

Catchfly, kătsh'-flŷ, *s.* a flower

Catching, kătsh'-ŷng, *a.* infectious

Catchpoll, kăt'sh-pōwl, *s.* a bumbailiff

Catechetical, kăt-é-kět'-ŷ-căl, *a.* consisting of questions and answers

Catechise, kăt'-é-kize, *v. a.* to instruct by asking questions [instruction]

Catechism, kăt'-é-kizm, *s.* a form of

Catechist, kăt'-é-kist, *s.* one who teaches the catechism

Catechumen, kăt-é-kă'-mēn, *s.* one who is yet in the first rudiments of Christianity

Categorical, kăt-é-gör'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* absolute, positive, express [of ideas]

Category, kăt'-é-gör'-ŷ, *s.* a class, an order

Catenarian, kăt-é-nă-ryăn, *a.* belonging to a chain

Catenation, kăt'-é-nă-shŷn, *s.* a link, a regular connexion

Cater, kă-tér, *v. n.* to provide food, to lay in victuals [favourite]

Catercousin, kă-tér-khŷ'n, *s.* a petty

Caterer, kă-tér-ér, *s.* a purveyor

Caterpillar, kăt'-ér-pŷl-lăr, *s.* an insect, a grub, a plant

Caterwaul, kăt'-ér-wăl, *v. n.* to make a noise like a cat [dainties]

Cates, kă'ts, *s.* cakes, viands, nice food,

Catgut, kăt'-gŷt, *s.* fiddle strings, a sort of canvas [cleansing]

Cathartic, kă-thă'r-tŷk, *a.* purgative,

Cathead, kăt'-hēd, *s.* the bows of a ship, a fish

Cathedral, kă-thē'-drăl, *a.* episcopal, venerable, antique—*s.* the head church of a diocese

Catheter, kăth-ē'-tér, *s.* a hollow probe

Catholic, kăth'-ō-lŷk, *a.* universal or general—*s.* a papist

Catholicon, kă-thōl-ŷ-kōn, *s.* an universal medicine

Catoptrical, kăt-ōp'-trŷ-kăl, *a.* relating to reflected vision

Catoptrics, kăt-ōp'-trŷks, *s.* that part of optics which treats of vision by reflection [mushrooms]

Catsup, kăt'sh-ŷp, *s.* a kind of pickle of

Cattle, kăt'l, *s.* beasts of pasture

Cavalcade, kăv-ăl-kăde, *s.* a procession on horseback

Cavalier, kăv-ăl-lŷr, *s.* a horseman, a knight, a gay sprightly military man, a royalist—*a.* gay, generous, brave, disdainful, proud

Cavalry, kăv-ăl-rŷ, *s.* horse troops

Caudle, kă'd'l, *s.* a sort of beverage for women in childbed

Cave, kă've, *s.* a cavern, a den, a hollow

Caveat, kă'-vyăt, *s.* a caution, an admonition [a cave]

Cavern, kăv'-érn, *s.* a hollow place, a den,

Caverned, kăv'-érnd, or Cavernous, kăv'-ér-nús, *a.* full of caverns

Caviare, kă'-vyăr, *s.* the spawn of a sturgeon salted

Cavil, kăv'-ŷl, *v. a.* to raise objections, to wrangle [tant]

Caviller, kăv'-ŷl-lér, *s.* a captious disputant

Cavillous, kăv'-ŷl-lús, *a.* full of objections

Cavity, kăv'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* hollowness, hollow

Cauk, kă'k, *s.* a course kind of mineral

Caul, kă'l, *s.* a kind of small net for caps or wigs, &c. the integument inclosing the guts [cabbage]

Cauliflower, kōl'-ŷ-flōw-ér, *s.* a species of

Causal, kă'-zăl, *a.* relating to causes

Cause, kă'z, *s.* that which produces or effects any thing, reason, motive—*v. a.* to effect, to occasion

Causeless, kă'z-lēs, *a.* without just motives [raised and paved way]

Causey, or Causeway, kă's-wă, *s.* a

Caustic, kă's-tŷk, *s.* a burning application [wily]

Cautelous, kă'-tē-lús, *a.* cautious, wary,

Cauterize, kă'-tér-ize, *v. a.* to burn with irons, to sear

Cautery, kă'-tér-ŷ, *s.* the burning by a hot iron or with caustic medicines

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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mé, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shīrt—  
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- Caution, kâ'-shŷn, *s.* prudence, foresight, wariness, warning—*v. a.* to warn, to give notice, to tell  
 Cautionary, kâ'-shôn-ăr-ŷ, *a.* given as a pledge or security  
 Cautious, kâ'-shús, *a.* wary, watchful  
 Caw, kâ', *v. n.* to cry as a rook or crow  
 Cearment, *see* Cerement  
 Cease, cê'se, *v. n.* to leave off, to stop, to give over, to be at an end—*v. a.* to put a stop to [tree]  
 Cedar, sê'dâr, *s.* a sort of evergreen  
 Cede, sê'de, *v. a.* to yield up, to give up to another  
 Ceil, sê'le, *v. a.* to overlay or cover the inner roof of a building  
 Ceiling, sê'-lŷng, *s.* the inner roof  
 Celandine, sê'-lân'-dine, *s.* a plant  
 Celebrate, sêl'-ê-brâte, *v. a.* to praise, commend, distinguish by solemn rites  
 Celebration, sêl'-ê-bră'-shŷn, *s.* solemn remembrance, praise [fame, renown]  
 Celebrity, sêl'-êb'-rŷ-tŷ, *s.* celebration  
 Celerity, sêl'-êr'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* swiftness, speed, velocity  
 Celery, sêl'-êr-ŷ, *s.* a species of parsley  
 Celestial, sêl'-ê's'-tŷăl, *a.* heavenly—*s.* an inhabitant of heaven  
 Celibacy, sêl'-ŷ bă sŷ, or Celibate, sêl'-ŷ-băt, *s.* a single life  
 Cell, sêl', *s.* a small cavity or hollow place, a small close apartment in a prison [for stores or liquors]  
 Cellar, sêl'-lăr, *s.* a room under ground  
 Cellular, sêl'-lŷ-lăr, *a.* consisting of cells or cavities  
 Cement, sê'-mënt, *s.* that which unites mortar—*v. a.* to join together, to solder [a church-yard]  
 Cemetery, sêm'-ê-tér-ŷ, *s.* a burial place  
 Cenotaph, sên'-ô-tăf, *s.* a monument for one buried elsewhere  
 Cense, sên's, *s.* a tax, public rate  
 Censer, sên'-sér, *s.* a perfuming or incense pan  
 Censor, sên'-sór, *s.* an officer of Rome who had the power of correcting manners, one who is given to censure  
 Censorian, sên-sô'-ryăn, *a.* belonging to the censor [censure, severe]  
 Censorious, sên-sô'-ryús, *a.* addicted to  
 Censurable, sên'-shŷr-ăb'l, *a.* culpable  
 Censure, sên'-shŷr, *s.* blame, reproach, reprimand—*v. a.* to blame, to condemn, to revile  
 Cent. sênt', *s.* an abbreviation of the Latin word *centum*, an hundred  
 Centaur, sên'-târ, *s.* a poetical being supposed to be compounded of a man and a horse, the archer in the zodiac [plant]  
 Centaury, sên'-târ-ŷ, *s.* a medicinal  
 Centenary, sên'-tê-năr-ŷ, *s.* the number of a hundred  
 Centesimal, sên-tês' ŷ-măl, *s.* hundredth  
 Centifolious, sên-tŷ fô'-lŷús, *a.* having a hundred leaves  
 Cento, sên'tô, *s.* a composition formed by joining scraps from different authors [centre]  
 Central, sên'trăl, *a.* relating to the  
 Centre, sên-tér, *s.* the middle—*v. a.* to place on a centre, to fix on a centre—*v. n.* to rest on, to be placed in the midst or centre  
 Centric, sên'-trŷk, *a.* placed in the centre  
 Centrifugal, sên-trŷf-ŷ-găl, *a.* flying from the centre [the centre]  
 Centripetal, sên-trŷp'-ê-tăl, *a.* tending to  
 Centry, sên-trŷ, *s.* *see* Centinel  
 Centuple, sên' tŷp l. *a.* a hundred fold  
 Centurion, sên-tŷ-ryă'-tór, *s.* an historian who distinguishes times by centuries  
 Centurion, sên-tŷ-ryón, *s.* a Roman officer who commanded 100 men  
 Century, sên-tu-ry, *s.* a hundred years  
 Cephalic, sêf-ăl'-ŷk, *a.* any thing medicinal for the head [horns]  
 Cerastes, sê-răs'-têz, *s.* a serpent with  
 Cerate, sê-rét, *s.* salve made of wax  
 Cere, sê'r, *v. a.* to cover with wax  
 Cerecloth, sê'-re-clô h, *s.* a cloth smeared over with glutinous matter  
 Cerement, sê'-re-mënt, *s.* cloth dipped in melted wax to enfold dead bodies with  
 Ceremonial, sêrê mō'n-ŷăl, or Ceremonious, sêr-ê-mō'n-yús, *a.* formal  
 Ceremony, cêr'-ê-môn-ŷ, *s.* outward rite, external form [some]  
 Certain, sêr'-tén, *a.* sure, determined  
 Certainty, sêr'-tén-tŷ, *s.* fullness of assurance  
 Certificate, sêr-tŷf'-ŷ-kêt, *s.* a testimony in writing [of]  
 Certify, sêr'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to give assurance  
 Certiorari, sêr-shŷvô rărŷ, *s.* a writ from Chancery to call up the records of a cause therein depending  
 Certitude, sêrt'-ŷ tŷde, *s.* certainty, freedom from doubt  
 Cerulean, sê-rŷ-lŷăn, or Ceruleous, sê-rŷ-lŷús, *a.* blue, sky-coloured



shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Cerumen, sé-rū-měn', *s.* the wax of the ear [to calx

Ceruse, sér-lis, *s.* white lead reduced

Cesarian, sē-zā-rŷān, *a.* the *Cesarian* section is cutting a child out of the womb

Cess, sēs', *s.* a tax or rate—*v. a.* to tax

Cessation, sēs-sā-shūn, *s.* a stop, a rest, a respite, pause of hostilities

Cessible, sēs-sīb'l, *a.* liable to give way

Cession, sēs-shūn, *s.* retreat, act of giving way

Cestus, sēs-tús, *s.* the girdle of Venus

Cetaceous, sē-tā-shús, *a.* of the whale kind

Chad, shād', *s.* a sort of fish

Chafe, tshā'fē, *v. a.* to warm with rubbing, to make angry—*v. n.* to rage, fret, fume—*s.* heat, violence, rage, fury

Chaff, tshā'f, *s.* the husks of corn, a worthless thing [bargain

Chaffer, tshā'f-fer, *v. n.* to haggle, to

Chaffinch, tshā'f-fīnsh, *s.* a small common bird [chaff

Chaffy, tshā'f-fŷ, *a.* like chaff, full of Chafingdish, tshā'f-ing-dīsh, *s.* a portable grate for coals

Chagrin, shā-grīn, *s.* ill humour, vexation—*v. a.* to vex, to hurt, to put out of temper

Chain, tshā'ne, *s.* a line of links, a series, a fester—*v. a.* to fasten with a chain, enslave

Chainshot, tshā'ne-shōt, *s.* bullets fastened together by a chain

Chair, tshā're, *s.* a moveable seat, a sedan

Chairman, tshā're-mán, *s.* the president of any public meeting, one who carries a sedan

Chaise, shā'ze, *s.* a kind of light carriage

Chalcography, kál-kō-gráf-y, *s.* engraving on brass

Chaldron, tshā'l-drón, *s.* a measure of coals consisting of thirty six bushels

Chalice, tshāl'is, *s.* a cup, a bowl

Chalk, tshāk', *s.* a sort of white fossil—*v. a.* to rub with chalk, to mark with chalk [digs chalk

Chalk-cutter, tshāk'-kūt-tér, *s.* one who

Chalky, tshāk'-kŷ, *a.* consisting of chalk

Challenge, tshāl' lëndzh, *v. a.* to call to fight, to accuse, to object to the impartiality of any one, to claim as due—*s.* a summons to combat, a demand

Chalybeate, ká-lŷb'yēt, *a.* impregnated with iron or steel

Chamade, shā-mād, *s.* the beat of the drum which declares a parley

Chamber, tshā'm-bér, *s.* an apartment in a house [bauchery

Chambering, tshā'm-bér-ŷng, *s.* riot, de-

Chamberlain, tshām'-bér-lén, *s.* the sixth officer of the crown, one who takes care of chambers

Chambermaid, tshā'm-bér-māde, *s.* a maid whose business is to take care of rooms

Chameleon, ká-mél'ŷón, *s.* a kind of lizard said to live on air

Chamfer, tshām'-fēr, *s.* the fluting in a column [goat kind

Chamois, shām'ŷ, *s.* an animal of the

Champ, tshāmp', *v. a.* to bite frequently, to gnaw, to devour

Champaign, shām-pā'ne, *s.* a kind of wine, a flat open country

Champignon, shām-pīn'óng, *s.* a small kind of mushroom [batant, a hero

Champion, shā'm-pŷón, *s.* a single com-

Chance, tshā'ns, *s.* fortune, accident, a fortuitous event [church

Chancel, tshān-sēl, *s.* the east end of a

Chancellor, tshā'n-sēl-lór, *s.* an officer of the highest power and dignity in the court where he presides

Chancery, tshā'n-sér-ŷ, *s.* a court of equity and conscience [sore

Chancre, shāngk'-ér, *s.* an ulcer, a bad

Chandelier, shān-dé-lŷr, *s.* a branch for candles [candles, a huckster

Chandler, tshā'nd-lér, *s.* one who makes

Change, tshā'ndzh, *v. a.* to alter, to amend, to exchange—*v. n.* to undergo change, to suffer alteration—*s.* alteration, novelty, small money

Changeable, tshā'ndzh-āb'l, *a.* subject to change, fickle, unsteady

Changeling, tshā'ndzh-lŷng, *s.* a child left or taken in the place of another, an idiot, one apt to change

Channel, tshān-nél, *s.* a course for waters, a strait, a narrow sea, a gut or furrow of a pillar

Chant, tshā'nt, *v. a.* to sing, to celebrate by song—*v. n.* to sing—*s.* song, melody

Chanter, tshānt'-ér, *s.* a singer

Chanticleer, shā'n tŷ klère, *s.* the cock

Chantry, tshā'n-tŷ, *s.* church or chapel for priests to sing mass in [confusion

Chaos, ká-ós, *s.* an indigested heap



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Chaotic, kă-ôt'-ŷk, *a.* resembling chaos, confused

Chap, tshăp', *some* tshöp', *v. a.* to divide, to open, to crack—*s.* a cleft, a gap, a chink, the jaw

Chape, tshă'pe, *s.* a catch of any thing by which it is held in its place, the metal tip of a scabbard

Chapel, tshăp'-êl, *s.* a place of worship

Chapelry, tshăp'-êl-rŷ, *s.* the bounds of a chapel

Chapfallen, *or* Chapfaln, tshăp' fâl'n, *a.* having the mouth shrunk, dispirited

Chapiter, tshăp'-ŷ-tér, *s.* capital of a column or pillar

Chaplain, tshăp'-lén, *s.* a clergyman who attends the king or other great persons and performs divine service (a chaplain may also belong to a ship or a regiment) [about the mouth]

Chapless, tshăp'-lēs, *a.* without any flesh

Chaplet, tshăp'-lêt, *s.* a garland or wreath for the head [goods]

Chapman, tshăp' măn, *s.* a dealer in

Chaps, tshăp's, *s.* the mouth of a beast of prey, entrance into a channel

Chapter, tshăp'-tér, *s.* a division of a book, an assembly of the clergy

Char, tshăr', *s.* a small fish, work done by the day—*v. a.* to burn wood to a black cinder—*v. n.* to work by the day at people's houses

Character, kăr'-ăk-tér, *s.* a mark, a letter, reputation

Characteristic, kăr'-ăk-tér-ŷs'-tŷk, *a.* peculiar to, distinguishing

Characterize, kăr'-ăk-tér-ize, *v. a.* to give a character of a person, to imprint, to mark with a stamp

Charcoal, tshăr'-kôl, *s.* coal made by burning wood under turf

Charge, tshărdzh, *v. a.* to intrust, to impute as a debt, to accuse, to command, to load a gun—*s.* trust, command [putable]

Chargeable, tshărdzh-ăb'l, *a.* costly, im-

Charger, tshăr'dzhér, *s.* a large dish, a war horse [sure, of state]

Chariot, tshăr'-ŷôt, *s.* a carriage of plea-

Charioteer, shăr'-ŷôt-ér, *s.* a chariot driver [volent]

Charitable tshăr'-ŷ-tăb'l, *a.* kind, bene-

Charity, tshar'-i tŷ, *s.* tenderness, kindness, benevolence, good-will, alms

Chark, tshărk, *v. a.* to burn to a black cinder [mountebank]

Charlatan, shăr'-ă-tăn, *s.* a quack, a

Charles's-wain, tshăr'rlz-éz-wă'ne, *s.* the northern constellation called the

Great Bear [corn with a yellow flower]

Charlock, tshăr'-lôk, *s.* a weed among

Charm, tshăr'm, *s.* a philtre, a spell or enchantment—*v. a.* to bewitch, to captivate, to delight

Charmer, tshăr-mér, *s.* one who charms

Charming, tshăr'-ning, *a.* very pleasing

Charnel-house, tshăr'-nél-hôûs, *s.* a receptacle for the bones of the dead, a vault for dead bodies [&c. a map]

Chart, tshăr't, *s.* delineation of coasts,

Charter, tshăr'-tér, *s.* a privilege, immunity, or exemption by royal grant in writing

Chartered, tshăr'-téréd, *a.* privileged

Charter-party, tshăr'-tér-păr'tŷ, *s.* a paper relating to a contract of which each party has a copy

Char woman, tshăr'-wû-mán, *s.* a woman hired for odd work

Chary, tshă-rŷ, *a.* careful, cautious

Chase, tshă'se, *v. a.* to hunt, to pursue, to drive—*s.* hunting, game hunted, a piece of ground larger than a park, the bore of a gun

Chasm, kăz'm, *s.* a cleft, an opening, a vacuity [honest]

Chaste, tshă'ste, *a.* pure, uncorrupt,

Chasten, tshă'st'n, *or* Chastise, tshăs-tŷze, *v. a.* to correct, to punish

Chastisement, tshăs-tŷze-mënt, *s.* correction [body]

Chastity, tshăs'-tŷ-tŷ, *s.* purity of the

Chat, tshăt', *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly, to prattle—*s.* idle talk, prate

Chatellany, shăt'-êl-lă-nŷ, *s.* a district under the dominion of a castle

Chattel, tshăt'l, *s.* moveable property

Chatter, tshăt'-tér, *v. n.* to make a noise like birds or with the teeth, to talk idly or carelessly

Cheap, tshê'pe, *a.* to be had at a low rate—*s.* a bargain

Cheapen, tshê'p'n, *v. a.* to ask the price of, to lessen the value [mirth]

Chearful, tshê're-fŷl, *a.* gay, full of

Chearfulness, tshê're-fŷl-nēs, *s.* alacrity

Cheat, tshê'te, *v. a.* to defraud, to impose upon, to trick—*s.* fraud, trick, imposture, a deceiver

Check, tsnek', *v. a.* to repress, to chide, to controul—*v. a.* to make a stop, to interfere—*s.* reproof, stop, curb, restraint, a draught on a bank

s hôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fúr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Check er, tshĕk'-ér, *v. a.* to variegate or diversify
- Cheek, tshĕke, *s.* the side of the face below the eye, a name among mechanics for those parts of their machines that are double
- Cheek-tooth, tshĕke-tôth, *s.* a hinder tooth or tusk
- Cheer, tshĕre, *s.* entertainment, jollity, gaiety—*v. a.* to incite, to encourage, to comfort—*v. a.* to grow gay
- Cheese, tshĕze, *s.* food made from milk curds [of curds, sugar, &c.]
- Cheesecake, tshĕze-kā'ke, *s.* a cake made of cheese
- Cheesemonger, tshĕze-móng-ér, *s.* one who deals in cheese
- Cheesvat, tshĕze-vát, *s.* a wooden case for pressing the curds into cheese
- Cherish, tshĕr-ĭsh, *v. a.* to support, to nurse up [blooming]
- Cherry, tshĕr-rĭ, *s.* a fruit—*a.* ruddy,
- Cherrycheeked, tshĕr-rĭ-tshĕkt, *a.* having ruddy cheeks
- Cherub, tshĕr-úb, *s.* a celestial spirit
- Cherubic, tshĕ-rú-bĭk, *a.* angelic
- Cherubim, tshĕr-ú-bĭm, *s.* plural of Cherub
- Cherup, tshĕr-ŭp, *v. n.* to chirp, to use a cheerful voice
- Chesnut, tshĕs'-nŭt, *s.* the fruit of the chesnut tree, name of a brown colour
- Chess, tshĕs', *s.* a kind of game
- Chess-board, tshĕs'-bôrd, *s.* a board to play at chess
- Chest, tshĕst', *s.* a box or coffer
- Chevalier, shĕv-ă-lĭr, *s.* a knight, a gallant man
- Chevaux de frise, shĕv'-ô-dĕ-frĭz, *s.* a military fence, timber traversed with wooden spikes pointed with iron for defending a passage or tourniquet
- Cheven, tshĕv'n, *s.* a river fish
- Chew, tshô', *v. a.* to grind with the teeth or masticate, to ruminate in the thoughts—*v. n.* to champ upon, to ruminate
- Chicane, shĭ-kā'ne, *s.* artifice in general—*v. n.* to prolong a contest by tricks
- Chicanery, shĭ-kā-nér-ŷ, *s.* sophistry, wrangling [young of hens]
- Chick', tshĭk, or Chicken, tshĭk'-én, *s.* the chicken-hearted, tshĭk'-én-hă'r-tĕd, *a.* cowardly, fearful [creeping plant]
- Chickweed, tshĭk'-wĕde, *s.* a small chide, tshĭde, *v. a.* to reprove, to blame, to reproach [leader]
- Chief, tshĭf', *a.* principal, eminent—*s. a*
- Chieftain, tshĭf'-tén, *s.* a leader, a commander [frost]
- Chilblain, tshĭl'-blāne, *s.* a sore made by
- Child, tshĭl'd, *s.* an infant
- Childbearing, tshĭl'd-bă'r-ing, *part.* the act of bearing children
- Childbed, tshĭl'd-bĕd, *s.* state of a woman bringing a child
- Childbirth, tshĭl'd-bĭrth, *s.* labour of a woman bringing forth
- Childermas day, tshĭl-dér-más-dă', *s.* the day on which the feast of the Holy Innocents is solemnized
- Childhood, tshĭl'd-hŭd, *s.* infancy, the state of a child [trivial]
- Childish, tshĭl'-dĭsh, *a.* like a child,
- Chiliad, kĭl'-yăd, *s.* a thousand
- Chiliarch, kĭl'-ŷ-ărk, *s.* a commander of a thousand men
- Chill, tshĭl', *a.* cold, depressed, discouraged—*s.* chillness, cold—*v. a.* to make cold, to depress, to blast with cold
- Chime, tshĭme, *a.* sound of bells, concord of sound—*v. n.* to sound in harmony, to agree [fancy]
- Chimera, kĭ-mĕ-ră, *s.* a vain and wild
- Chimerical, kĭ-mĕr'-ĭ-kăl, *s.* imaginary, fantastic [smoke]
- Chimney, tshĭm'-nĭ, *s.* a passage for
- Chimneypiece, tshĭm'-nĭ-pĭs, *s.* an ornamental piece round the fireplace
- Chin, tshĭn', *s.* the lowest part of the human face [lain, a country]
- China, tshĭ-nă, *s.* China ware or porce-
- Chincough, tshĭn'-kôf, *s.* a violent and convulsive cough
- Chine, tshĭne, *s.* the backbone—*v. a.* to cut into chines
- Chink, tshĭngk', *s.* a small aperture longwise—*v. a.* to jingle like money
- Chinky, tshĭngk'-ŷ, *a.* full of holes, gaping
- Chints, tshĭnt's, *s.* Indian printed calico
- Chip, tshĭp', *v. a.* to cut into small pieces—*s.* a fragment cut off
- Chiographer, kĭ-rôg'-răf-ér, *s.* an officer who engrosses fines in the Common Pleas [writing]
- Chiography, kĭ-rôg'-răf-ŷ, *s.* the act of
- Chiromancy, kĭ-rô-măn-sŷ, *s.* divination by the hand
- Chirp, tshĭrp, *v. n.* to make a cheerful noise as birds—*s.* the noise of birds or insects
- Chirurgeon, tshĭ-rŭr'-dzhón, *s.* a surgeon

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, sh ĭrt—

- Chisel, tshŷz'l, *s.* a tool with which wood or stone is pared away [of corn  
Chit, tshŷt', *s.* a child, a baby, a sprout  
Chitchat, tshŷt'-tshăt, *s.* prattle  
Chitterlings, tshŷt'-tér-língz, *s.* the guts, the bowels [knighthood  
Chivalry, shŷv'-ăl rŷ, *s.* military dignity  
Chives, shŷvz, *s.* the threads or filaments rising in flowers with seeds at the ends, a species of small onions  
Chlorosis, klō-rō-sŷs, *s.* the greensickness  
Chocolate, tshōk'-ól-ět, *s.* the nut of a cacao-tree, the liquor made with it  
Choice, tshōŷ's, *s.* election, power of choosing, thing chosen, best part of any thing, variety, plenty—*a.* select, of great value, careful [exact choice  
Choicely, tshōŷ's-lŷ, *ad.* curiously, with  
Choir, kōŷr, *s.* a band of singers, part of the church where the singers are placed  
Choke, tshō'ke, *v. a.* to suffocate, to stop or block up, to suppress—*s.* internal part of an artichoke  
Choke-pear, tshō'ke-pā're, *s.* a rough and unpalatable pear, any sarcasm that stops the mouth  
Choler, kōl'-ér, *s.* the bile, rage, anger  
Choleric, kōl'-ér-ŷk, *a.* angry, full of choler [out, to elect  
Choose, tshōze, *v. a.* to select, to pick  
Chop, tshōp', *v. a.* to cut with a blow, to devour eagerly, to mince, to change—*v. n.* to do any thing with a quick motion—*s.* a small piece of meat, a crack, a cleft  
Chop-house, tshōp'-hōūs, *s.* a house where dressed chops are sold  
Chopin, tshōp'-ĭn, *s.* a Scotch quart in wine measure [jolly  
Chopping, tshōp'-pĭng, *a.* large, healthy,  
Choppy, tshōp'-pŷ, *a.* full of holes or cracks  
Chops, tshōp's, *s.* mouth of a beast  
Choral, kō-răl, *a.* sung by a choir, singing in a choir  
Chord, kō'rd, *s.* the string of a musical instrument—*v. a.* to furnish with strings [thedrals  
Chorister, kōr'-ŷs-tér, *s.* a singer in ca-  
Chorography, kō-rōg'-răfŷ, *s.* art of describing particular regions, teaching geography [a concert  
Chorus, kō-rús, *s.* a number of singers,  
Chosen, tshō'z(n, *part.* made choice of, selected.
- Chough, tshōf', *s.* a kind of bird which frequents the rocks by the sea  
Chouse, tshōūs, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick—*s.* a bubble, a trick [unition  
Chirms, krŷ'm, *s.* an holy unguent or  
Christen, krŷ'n, *v. a.* to baptize, to name  
Christendom, krŷ'n-dóm, *s.* the regions in which the Christian religion is professed  
Christening, krŷ'n-ńng, *s.* ceremony of baptizing infants  
Christian, krŷ' tyán, *s.* a disciple of Christ—*a.* professing the religion of Christ [given at baptism  
Christian-name, krŷ'-tyán-năme, *s.* name  
Christianity, krŷ'-tyán-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* the religion of Christians  
Christmas, krŷ'-măs, *s.* the day on which the nativity of our Saviour is celebrated, the 25th of December  
Chromatic, krō măt'-ŷk, *a.* relating to colour or music  
Chronic, krōn'-ŷk, *a.* of long duration  
Chronicle, krōn'-ik'l, *s.* a register of events, history—*v. a.* to record in history  
Chronogram, krōn'-ō-grăm, *s.* inscription including the date of any action  
Chronologer, krō-nōl'-ō-dzhér, *s.* an explainer of past time  
Chronological, krōn'-ō-lōdzh'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* relating to chronology  
Chronology, krōn'-ōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* science of computing time  
Chronometer, krō-nōm'-ē-tér, *s.* an instrument for the mensuration of time  
Chrysalis, krŷ's'-ăl-lŷs, *s.* first apparent change of any species of insect  
Chrysolite, krŷ's'-ō-lĭte, *s.* a precious stone, of a dusky green with a cast of yellow  
Chub, tshüb', *s.* a sort of river fish  
Chubbed, tshüb'-béd, or tshüb'd, *a.* big-headed, like a chub, stupid  
Chuck, tshūk, *s.* the voice of the hen, a word of endearment  
Chuckle, tshūk'l, *v. n.* to laugh much—*v. a.* to call as a hen, to fondle  
Chuff, tshuf', *s.* a blunt clownish person  
Chum, tshŷm', *s.* a chamber fellow  
Chump, tshŷmp', *s.* a thick heavy piece of wood  
Church, tshŷrt'sh, *s.* a collective body of Christians, adhering to one particular form of worship, a place of worship *v. a.* solemnly to return thanks after childbirth, &c.

s' hüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Churchman, tshúr'tsh-mán, *s.* a clergyman, an adherent to the church of England

Church-warden, tshúr'sh-wá'rdén, *s.* an officer chosen by the minister and parishioners

Churchyard, tshúr'tsh-yá'rd, *s.* the ground adjoining the church in which the dead are buried

Churl, tshúrl, *s.* a rustic, a surly ill-bre'd man, a niggard

Churlish, tshúrl'-lîsh, *a.* rude, harsh, selfish, avaricious

Churn, tshúr'n, *s.* the vessel in which butter is made—*v. a.* to agitate, to make butter [chyle]

Chylaceous, ký-lá'-shús, *a.* belonging to Chyle, ký'le, *s.* white juice formed in the stomach by digestion of the aliment

Chymic, kým'-yk, *or* Chemical, kým'-ik, *a.* relating to chymistry [mistry]

Chymist, kým'-ist, *s.* a professor of chymistry

Chymistry, kým'-is-trý, *s.* art of separating natural bodies by fire

Cicatrize, sík'-á-trize, *v. a.* to heal a wound—*v. n.* to skin over

Cicilian, sís-ér-ón-yán, *a.* eloquent, pure, elegant

Cicisbeo, tshí-shýz-bé'-ô, *s.* a gallant, an attendant on a married lady

Cider, sí-dér, *s.* the juice of apples expressed and fermented [cider]

Ciderkin, sí-dér-kín, *s.* inferior kind of Ciliary, síl'-yár ý, *a.* belonging to the eyelids [hairy]

Cilicious, sí-lîsh'-ús, *a.* made of hair, Cameter, sím'-ê-tér, *s.* a kind of short and recurvated sword

Cincture, síngk'-túre, *s.* a belt, sash, girdle, rîza

Cinder, sín'-dér, *s.* a mass of any thing burnt but not reduced to ashes

Cineration, sín-ér á shûn, *s.* a reduction of any thing by fire to ashes

Cingle, síng'l, *s.* a girth used for a horse

Cinnabar, sín-ná-bár, *s.* vermillion, red mineral [bark of a tree]

Cinnamon, sín-ná-món, *s.* the fragment

Cinque, síngk', *s.* the number five

Cinque foil, síngk'-fóil, *s.* a kind of five-leaved clover

Cinque-ace, síngk'-páse, *s.* a kind of grave-dace

Cinque-ports, síngk'-pôrts, *s.* five particular English havens so called

Cion, sí-ón, *s.* a sprout, the shoot of a plant

Cipher, sí-fér, *s.* the mark 0, intertexture of letters, secret manner of writing—*v. n.* to practice arithmetic, to write in secret characters

Circle, sírk'l, *s.* a round body, an orb, a company—*v. a.* to move round, to enclose, to keep together—*v. n.* to move circularly

Circlet, sírk'-lét, *s.* a little circle, orb

Circuit, sír'-kýt, *s.* the act of moving round, space, ring, visitation of the judges for holding assizes—*v. n.* to move circularly

Circuitous, sír-kû-ý-tús, *a.* tedious, in a round about way [circle]

Circular, sír-kû-lár, *a.* round like a

Circularity, sír-kû-lár'-ý-tý, *s.* a circular form [a circle—*v. a.* to put about]

Circulate, sír-kû-lâte, *v. n.* to move in

Circulation, sír-kû-lá'-shûn, *s.* a motion in a circle, a return

Circumambient, sír-kûm-ám-byént, *a.* encompassing

Circumambulate, sír-kûm-ám'-bû-lâte, *v. n.* to pass round about

Circumcise, sír-kûm-sîze, *v. a.* to cut off the foreskin

Circumcision, sír-kûm-sîzh'-ûn, *s.* the act of cutting off the foreskin

Circumduct, sír-kûm-dû-á't, *v. a.* to contravene, to nullify

Circumference, sír-kûm-fér-éns, *s.* a circuit, a circle, space enclosed in a circle

Circumferentor, sír-kûm-fér-én'-tór, *s.* an instrument for measuring angles

Circumflex, sír-kûm-flek's, *s.* an accent (A) used over a vowel to make it sound long [ing round any thing]

Circumfluent, sír-kûm-fû-ént, *a.* flowing

Circumfluous, sír-kûm-fû-ús, *a.* environed with waters

Circumfuse, sír-kûm-fû-ze, *v. a.* to pour round, to diffuse [of pouring round]

Circumfusion, sír-kûm-fû'-shûn, *s.* the act

Circumgirate, sír-kûm'-gý-râte, *v. n.* to roll round [ing round any thing]

Circumjacent, sír-kûm-dzhá'-sént, *a. ly.*

Circumlocution, sír-kûm lô-kû'-shûn, *s.* indirect expressions, circuit of words

Circumnured, sír-kûm-mû'rd, *a.* walled round

Circumnavigation, sír-kûm-náv'-ýg-á'-shûn, *s.* the act of sailing round

Circumnavigator, sír-kûm-náv'-ýg-á-tór, *s.* one who sails round



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, sh irt—

- Circumrotation, sŷr-kŷm-rō-tă-shŷn, *s.* the act of whirling round
- Circumscribe, sŷr-kŷm-skri'be, *v. a.* to enclose, to bound, to limit
- Circumscription, sŷr-kŷm-skŷp'-shŷn, *s.* limitation, confinement
- Circumspect, sŷr-kŷm-spĕkt, *a.* cautious, attentive, wary
- Circumspection, sŷr'-kŷm-spĕk'-shŷn, *s.* caution, watchfulness
- Circumspective, sŷr-kŷm-spĕk'-tŷv, *a.* attentive, cautious [cautiously]
- Circumspectly, sŷr-kŷm-spĕkt'-lŷ, *ad.*
- Circumstance, sŷr'-kŷm-stăns, *s.* an incident, an event
- Circumstantial, sŷr'-kŷm-stăn-shăl, *a.* accidental, minute, particular
- Circumstantiate, sŷr-kŷm-stăn-shyâte, *v. a.* to describe exactly
- Circumvallation, sŷr-kŷm-văl-lă-shŷn, *s.* a fortification round a place
- Circumvection, sŷr-kŷm-vĕk'-shŷn, *s.* the act of carrying round
- Circumvent, sŷr-kŷm-vĕnt', *v. a.* to deceive, cheat
- Circumvention, sŷr-kŷm-vĕn'-shŷn, *s.* fraud, cheat, prevention
- Circumvest, sŷr-kŷm-vĕst', *v. a.* to put or garnish round [round]
- Circumvolve, sŷr-kŷm-vōlv', *v. a.* to roll
- Circumvolution, sŷr-cŷm-vō-lă-shŷn, *s.* the act of rolling round
- Circus, sŷr-kŷs, *or* Cirque, sŷrk', *s.* an area for sports with circular seats
- Cistern, sŷs'tĕrn, *s.* a vessel to hold water, &c. a reservoir
- Cit, sŷt', *s.* a pert low citizen
- Citadel, sŷt'-ă-dĕl, *s.* a sort of fortress
- Cital, sŷ-tăl, *s.* a reproof, impeachment, summons, a quotation
- Citation, sŷ-tă-shŷn, *s.* the calling a person before the judge, quotation from an author, words quoted, enumeration [to quote]
- Cite, sŷ'te, *v. a.* to summon, to enjoin,
- Cithern, sŷth'-ĕrn, *s.* a kind of harp
- Citizen, sŷt'-i-zĕn, *s.* a freeman of a city, an inhabitant of a city
- Citrine, sŷt'-rŷn, *a.* lemon-coloured—*s.* a species of crystal
- Citron, sŷt-rŷn, *s.* a fruit resembling a lemon
- City, sŷt'-ŷ, *s.* a town corporate that hath a bishop
- Civet, sŷv'-ĕt, *s.* an animal, the perfume produced by the animal
- Civic, sŷv'-ik, *a.* relating to civil honours
- Civil, sŷv'ŷl, *a.* political, civilized, com-  
plaisant, kind [the civil law]
- Civilian, sŷv'ŷl'ŷăn, *s.* one that professes
- Civility, sŷv'ŷl'ŷ-tŷ, *s.* freedom, politeness, kindness [polish]
- Civilize, sŷv'ŷl-ize, *v. a.* to reclaim, to
- Clack, klăk', *s.* a continued noise, part of a mill—*v. n.* to talk fast, to let the tongue run
- Clad, klăd', *pret. and part. of* clothe
- Claim, klă'mĕ, *v. a.* to demand of right.—*s.* demand of any thing due, a title
- Claimant, klă'-mĕnt, *s.* he that demands
- Clamber, klăm'-bĕr, *v. n.* to climb with difficulty
- Clamm, klăm', *v. n.* to clog with glutinous matter
- Clammy, klăm'-mŷ, *a.* viscous, glutinous, ropy
- Clamorous, klăm'-ōr-ŷs, *a.* noisy, loud
- Clamour, klăm'-ōr, *v.* outcry, noise, vociferation
- Clamp, klămp', *s.* a piece of wood joined to another
- Clan, klăn', *s.* a family, a race, a sect
- Clandular, klăng'-kŷ-lăr, *a.* clandestine
- Clandestine, klăn-dĕs'tŷn, *a.* secret, hidden, sly
- Clang, klăng', *s.* a sharp shrill noise—*v. n.* to clatter, to make a loud shrill noise—*v. a.* to strike with a noise
- Clanguor, klăng'-gŷr, *s.* a loud sharp sound
- Clank, klăngk', *s.* a loud sharp noise
- Clap, klăp', *v. a.* to strike together, to applaud—*v. n.* to strike the hands together in applause—*s.* a loud noise, an explosion, an act of applause
- Clapper, klăp'-pĕr, *s.* one that claps, the tongue of a bell
- Clapperclaw, klăp-pĕr-klă', *v. a.* to scold
- Clarenceux, klăr'-ĕn-sŷ, *s.* the second king at arms, so named from the duchy of Clarence
- Claret, klăr'-ĕt, *s.* a sort of French wine
- Clarification, klăr'-ŷ-fŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* the art of making clear
- Clarify, klăr'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to purify or clear
- Clarion, klăr'-ŷŷn, *s.* a sort of trumpet
- Clarity, klăr'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* brightness, clearness
- Clary, klă-rŷ, *s.* an herb
- Clash, klăsh', *v. n.* to contradict, to oppose—*v. a.* to strike one thing against another—*s.* a noisy collision of two bodies
- Clasp, klăsp', *s.* a holdfast, a hook—*v. a.* to embrace, to hug, to hold fast

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Clasper, klás'-pér, *s.* the thread of creeping plants

Class, klás', *s.* rank, order, a set of beings or things—*v. a.* to range into classes

Classic, klás'-sýk, *a.* relating to antique authors of the first order or rank—*s.* an author of the first rank

Clatter, klăt'-tér, *v. n.* to make a confused noise—*v. a.* to dispute, jar, clamour—*s.* a rattling or confused noise

Clause, kláz', *s.* a sentence, a particular stipulation [cloister

Claustral, klás-trál, *a.* relating to a

Closure, klá-zúre, *s.* confinement

Claw, klá', *s.* a foot of a beast, or bird  
*v. a.* to tear with nails, to scold

Clay, klá', *s.* an unctuous earth

Clay-cold, klá-köwld, *a.* cold as earth, lifeless

Clean, klé'ne, *a.* free from dirt, neat, innocent—*v. a.* to free from dirt

Cleanliness, klén'-lý-nés, *s.* neatness, purity [ness

Cleanness, kléne-nés', *s.* elegance, neat-

Cleanse, klénz', *v. a.* to free from filth or dirt, to purify

Clear, klé're, *a.* bright, serene, evident, manifest, guiltless, unentangled—*ad.* quite, completely—*v. a.* to make bright or plain, justify, cleanse, discharge—*v. n.* to grow bright

Clearance, klé'rens, *s.* the act of clearing, acquittal

Clearly, klé'relý, *ad.* brightly, plainly

Clearness, klé're-nés, *s.* perspicuity, lustre [judicious

Clearsighted, klé're sí-téd, *a.* discerning,

Clearstarch, klé're-stártsh, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch

Cleave, klé've, *v. n.* to adhere, to part asunder—*v. a.* to divide with violence, to split [ment

Cleaver, klé-vér, *s.* a butcher's instru-

Clef, kléf', *s.* a mark to shew the key in music

Cleft, kléft, *part. of* cleave—*s.* a crack

Clemency, klém'-én-cý, *s.* mercy, gentleness

Clement, klém'-ént, *a.* mild, gentle, merciful [down

Clench, klénsh', *v. a.* to fasten, to pin

Clepe, klé'pe, *v. a.* to call, to name

Clepsydra, klép-sý-drá, *s.* a machine to measure time by the running of water

Clergy, klér'-dzhý, *s.* the whole order or body of divines

Clergyman, klér'-dzhý-mán, *s.* a man in holy orders [clergy

Clerical, klér'-ýk-ál, *a.* relating to the

Clerk, klá'rk, *s.* a clergyman, a man of letters, a man employed as a writer

Clerkship, klá'rk-shíp, *s.* office of a clerk

Clever, klév'r, *a.* skilful, dexterous

Clew, klú', *s.* thread wound upon a bottom, guide—*v. a.* to raise sails in order to be furled

Click, klýk', *v. n.* to make a sharp noise

Client, klí'-ánt, *s.* an employer of an attorney, &c. [or hill

Cliff, klýf', or Clift, klýft', *s.* a steep rock

Climacter, klí mák'-tér, *s.* every seventh or ninth month

Climactic, klí mák'-tér-ýk, *a.* containing a number of years, at the end of which some great change is supposed to befall the body [land

Climate, klí-mét, *s.* a region or tract of  
Climax, klí-máks, *s.* gradation, ascent, a rhetorical figure by which the sentence rises gradually

Climb, klí'me, *v. n.* to ascend up any place—*v. a.* to ascend

Clime, klí'me, *s.* climate, region

Clinch, klýnsh', *v. a.* to hold fast, to contract the fingers—*s.* a pun, ambiguity, part of a cable, a witty saying  
Clincher, klýnsh'-ér, *s.* a cramp or hold-fast

Cling, klýng'. *v. n.* to hang upon by twining round, to dry up [the bedside

Clinic, klýn'-ýk, *a.* keeping the bed, at

Clink, klýngk', *v. a.* to sound or jingle like metal—*v. n.* to utter a small interrupted noise [cinders

Clinker, klýngk'-ér, *s.* a paving brick, bad

Clinquant, klýngk'-ánt, *a.* shining, glittering

Clip, klýp', *v. a.* to embrace, to cut short

Clipping, klýp'-pýng, *s.* the part cut or clipped off

Cloak, kló'ke, *s.* an outer garment, concealment—*v. a.* to cover with a cloak

Clock, klók', *s.* an instrument which tells the hour, a sort of beetle

Clockwork, klók'-wórk, *s.* movements by weights or springs

Clod, klód', *s.* a lump of earth or clay, a dull fellow

Clodpate, klód'-páte, *s.* a stupid fellow

Clodpole, klód'-póul, *s.* a thick skull

Cloff, klóf', *s.* allowance among merchants

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâl, liâr—mêt, dësist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, shŷrt—

Clóg, klóg', *v. a.* to obstruct—*v. n.* to coalesce, adhere—*s.* hindrance, a sort of wooden shoe

Cloister, klóŷ's-tér, *s.* a place of religious retirement, piazza—*v. a.* to shut up in a cloister

Close, kló'se, *a.* to shut, to conclude, to join—*v. n.* to coalesce, agree upon—*s.* a small field enclosed, a pause, conclusion [concise

Close, kló'se, *a.* shut fast, confined, Close-bodied, kló'se-bód-id, *a.* sitting close to the body [crecy

Closeness, kló'se-nēs, *s.* narrowness, se-Close-stool, kló'se-stól, *s.* a chamber utensil

Closet, klóz'-ět, *s.* a small private room—*v. a.* to take or put into a closet

Closure, kló'-zhŷre, *s.* an enclosure, conclusion

Clot, klót', *s.* a hard lump, a concretion—*v. n.* to form clots, to concrete

Cloth, klóth, *s.* any thing woven for dress or covering [ments, to dress

Clothe, kló'the, *v. a.* to cover with gar-Clothes, kló'ze, *s.* apparel, covering

Clothier, kló'-thŷér, *s.* a maker of wool-len, cloth

Clothing, kló'-thŷng, *s.* dress, garments Clotty, klót-tŷ', *a.* full of lumps or clots

Cloud, klóú'd, *s.* a body of vapours in the air—*v. a.* to darken with clouds *v. n.* to grow cloudy [clouds

Cloudcapt, klóú'd-kápt, *a.* topped with Cloudiness, klóú'-dŷ-nēs, *s.* darkness, dullness

Cloudy, klóú'-dŷ, *a.* obscured with clouds, gloomy, dark

Clove, kló've, *s.* a sort of spice

Clover, kló'-vér, *s.* species of trefoil

Clovered, kló'-vérd, *a.* covered with clover

Clout, klóú't, *s.* a cloth for any mean use Clouted, klóú'-téd, *part.* congealed, coagulated [bred man

Clown, klów'n, *s.* a churl, a coarse ill-Clownish, klów'-nŷh, *a.* uncivil, awkward, ill-bred

Cloy, klóŷ', *v. a.* to satiate, to surfeit

Club, klúb', *s.* a heavy stick, the name of a particular card, society—*v. n.* to contribute to common expence—*v. a.* to pay a common reckoning

Clublaw, klúb'-lá, *s.* the law of arms

Clubroom, klúb'-rêm, *s.* a room for a club [hen

Cluck, klúk', *v. n.* to call chickens as a

Clump, klúmp', *s.* a shapeless piece of wood [numbscull

Clumps, klúmp's, *s.* a stupid fellow, a Clumsy, klúm-zŷ', *a.* awkward, heavy

Clung, klúng', *pret.* and *part. of* cling

Cluster, klús'-tér, *s.* a bunch, herd, or body of people or animals, &c.

Clutch, klútsh', *s.* a grasp, hand, paw—*v. a.* to hold fast, to gripe, to clinch

Clutter, klút'-tér, *s.* noise, bustle hurry

Clyster, clís'-tér, *s.* an injection into the body [together

Coacervate, kō-ă-sér'-vâte, *v. a.* to heap

Coach, kó'tsh, *s.* a carriage of pleasure or state

Coachman, kó'tsh-mán, *a.* coach driver

Coaction, kō-ăk'-shŷn, *s.* compulsion

Coadjutant, kō-ăd'-zhŷ-tént, *a.* helping, co-operating

Coadjutor, kō-ăd'-zhŷ-tór, *s.* a helper, an assistant

Coagulate, kō-ăg'-û-lâte, *v. a.* to curdle, to run into clots [cretion

Coagulation, kō-ăg'-û-lâ-shŷn, *s.* a con-Coal, kó'le, *s.* a fossil used for firing

Coalesce, kō-ă-lés', *v. n.* to unite, to grow together, to join

Coalise, kō-ă-liz'e, *v. n.* to join, unite, form a coalition

Coalition, kō-ă-lŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* an union in one mass or body [ging coals

Coalmine, kó'le-mine, *s.* a mine for dig-Coaly, kó'-lŷ, *a.* containing coal, like coal

Coaptation, kō-ăp-tâ'-shŷn, *s.* the adjustment of parts to each other

Coarse, kór'se, *a.* gross, not refined, rude, vile

Coast, kó'st, *s.* the shore, the edge or margin of the land next the sea—*v. a.* by or near [the shore

Coaster, kó'st-ir, *s.* vessel sailing near

Coasting, kó'st-ŷng, *a.* trading along a coast

Coat, kó'te, *s.* a man's upper garment, a petticoat, a tegument

Coax, kó'ks, *v. a.* to wheedle, to flatter

Cobalt, kób'-ălt, *s.* a mineral for making glass

Cobble, kób'l, *v. a.* to mend coarsely or clumsily

Cobler, kób'-lér, *s.* mender of shoes, a botcher [ing swan

Cobswan, kób'-swán, *s.* the head or lead-Cobweb, kób'-wéb, *s.* a spider's web

Cochineal, kóts'h'-dŷ-ăle, *s.* an insect used to die scarlet

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Cock, kōk', *s.* the male of birds, a spout to let out liquids, part of a gun, form of a hat, small heap of hay, needle of a balance—*v. a.* to set erect, to mould the form of the hat, fix the cock of a gun for a discharge

Cockade, kōk-kā'de, *s.* a bow of ribband worn on a hat

Cock-a-hoop, kōk'-ā-hōpe, *a.* triumphant, exulting

Cockatrice, kōk'-ā-trīs, *s.* a serpent supposed to rise from a cock's egg

Cocker, kōk'-kér, *s.* one who handles or fights cocks—*v. a.* to fondle, indulge

Cockerel, kōk'-kér-él, *s.* a young cock

Cocket, kōk'-kēt, *s.* a ticket from the custom-house [triumphant

Cockhorse, kōk'-hōrs, *a.* on horseback,

Cockle, kōk'l, *s.* a shell fish, or weed that grows in corn—*v. n.* to contract into wrinkles [spiral stairs

Cocklestairs, kōk'l-stā'rz, *s.* winding or

Cockloft, kōk'-lōft, *s.* the room over the garret [money

Cockmatch, kōk'-mātsh, *s.* a cockfight for

Cockney, kōk'-nŷ, *s.* a native of London, an effeminate, low citizen

Cockpit, kōk'-pīt, *s.* a place where cocks fight, place in a ship of war

Cockscumb, kōk'-s-kōm, *s.* a plant

Cocksure, kōk'-shūre, *a.* confidently certain, quite sure

Cockswain, kōk'-sēn, *s.* one who has charge of steering a captain's barge, &c. [made from it

Cocoa, kō'-kō, *s.* a kind of nut, liquor

Coction, kōk'-shūn, *s.* act of boiling

Cod, kōd', *s.* a sea fish, case or husk of seeds [civil law

Code, kō'de, *s.* a book, volume of the Codicil, kōd'-y-sīl, *s.* an appendage to a will

Codille, kō-dīl', *s.* a term at ombre

Codle, kōd'l, *v. a.* to parboil

Codling, kōd'-līng, *s.* a sort of apple

Coefficacy, kō-ēf'-fŷ-kā-sŷ, *s.* co-operation, power of acting together

Coemption, kō-ēmp'-shūn, *s.* the act of buying up the whole

Coequal, kō-ē-kwāl, *a.* equal with

Coerce, kō-ērs, *v. a.* to restrain by force

Coercion, kō-ēr'-shūn, *s.* penal restraint, check

Coercive, kō-ēr'-sŷv, *a.* that has the power of restraining, forcible

Coessential, kō-ēs-sēn'-shāl, *a.* participating of the same essence

Coetaneous, kō-ē-tā'-nyās, *a.* coeval, of the same age [eternal

Coeternal, kō-ē-tér'-nāl, *a.* equally

Coeval, kō-ē'-vāl, *a.* of the same age—*s.* a contemporary [same time

Coexist, kō-ēg-zīst', *v. n.* to exist at the Coexistent, kōēg-zīs-tēnt, *a.* having existence at the same time

Coffee, kōf'-fŷ, *s.* berry of an Arabian tree, drink made by the infusion

Coffeehouse, kōf'-fŷ-hōūs, *s.* a house where coffee is made and drunk

Coffer, kōf'-fér, *s.* a money chest

Cofferer, kōf'-fér-ér, *s.* a principal court officer

Coffin, kōf'-fŷn, *s.* chest for dead bodies

Cog, kōg', *s.* the tooth of a wheel, a kind of boat—*v. n.* to fix cogs in, to wheedle—*v. n.* to lie

Cogency, kō-dzhēn'-cŷ, *s.* strength, force

Cogent, kō'-dahēnt, *a.* forcible, resistless, convincing

Cogitation, kōdzh-ŷ-tā'-shūn, *s.* thought, meditation, care [allied

Cognate, kōg'-nāte, *a.* born together, alike

Cognition, kōg'-nā'-shūn, *s.* kindred, relationship

Cognisee, kōn-ŷ-zé', *s.* he to whom a fine in lands or tenements is acknowledged [a fine to another

Cognisor, kōn-ŷ-zōr, *s.* he that passeth

Cognition, kōg'-nŷsh'-ūn, *s.* knowledge, conviction [tried or examined

Cognizable, kōn-ŷ-zéb'l, *a.* proper to be

Cognizance, kōn-ŷ-zéns, *s.* judicial notice, a rest [as husband and wife

Cohabit, kō-hāb'-ŷt, *v. n.* to live together

Cohabitant, kō-hāb'-ŷ-tēnt, *s.* inhabitant of the same place

Coheir, kō-āre, *s.* joint heir

Coheiress, kō-ā'r-ŷs, *s.* a joint heiress

Conere, kō-hé're, *v. n.* to stick together, agree

Coherence, kō-hēr'-ēns, *s.* consistency

Coherent, kō-hé'-rēnt, *a.* sticking together, consistent union, connexion

Cohesion, kō-hē'-zhūn, *s.* a state of

Cohesive, kō-hē'-sŷv, *a.* having the power of sticking together

Cohobate, kō'-hō-bāte, *v. n.* to distil a second time [peated distillation

Cohobation, kō-hō-bā'-shūn, *s.* a re-

Cohort, kō'-hōrt, *s.* a troop of soldiers in number 500

Coif, kō'ŷf, *s.* head-dress, cap



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, fteid, shŷrt—

Coigne, kōŷ'n, *s.* a corner

Coil, kōŷ'l, *s.* tumult, bustle, rope wound into a ring—*v. a.* to gather into a narrow compass, to roll up a rope

Coin, kōŷ'n, *s.* money legally stamped—*v. a.* to make money, to forge

Coinage, kōŷ-nēdzh, *s.* the practice of coining [agree with

Coincide, kō-ŷn-sī'de, *v. n.* to concur, to Coincidence, kō-ŷn-sī'déns, *s.* concurrence [rent, agreeing with

Coincident, kō-ŷn-sī'dēnt, *a.* concur-Coiner, kōŷ-nér, *s.* one who makes money [at a mark

Coit, kōŷ't, *s.* a round flat iron to throw Coition, kō-ŷsh'ūn, *s.* the act by which two bodies come together

Coke, kō'ke, *s.* a cinder made by burning pit-coal

Colation, kō-lā'-shūn, *s.* the act of filtering or straining

Colbertine, kōl-bér-tŷn, *s.* a kind of lace worn by women

Cold, kōw'ld, *a.* not hot, not hasty, coy, chaste—*s.* want of heat, chiliness, a disorder

Colewort, kōle-wórt, *s.* a sort of cabbage Colic, kōl'ŷk, *s.* a disorder affecting the bowels [gether

Collapse, kōl-lăp's, *v. n.* to fall close to-Collar, kōl'-lăr, *s.* something put round the neck, a band—*v. a.* to seize by the collar

Collate, kōl-lă'te, *v. a.* to compare, to examine, to raise to an ecclesiastical benefice [rallel, not direct

Collateral, kōl-lăt'-ér-ăl, *a.* running parallel, not direct

Collation, kōl-lă'-shūn, *s.* a gift, comparison, repeat [presents, &c.

Collator, kōl-lă'-tór, *s.* one that compares, Colleague, kōl'-lēg, *s.* a partner in office or employment—*v. n.* to unite with

Collect, kōl-lēk't, *v. a.* to gather together, to infer [sivē prayer

Collect, kōl'-lēkt, *s.* a short comprehensive

Collectaneous, kōl-lēc-tă-nŷús, *a.* gathered up together

Collection, kōl-lēk'-shūn, *s.* things collected, a conclusion [accumulative

Collective, kōl-lēk'-tŷv, *a.* apt to gather, Collector, kōl-lēk'-tór, *s.* a gatherer, a tax-gatherer [of learning

College, kōl-lēdz, *s.* a society, a house Collegian, kōl-lē'-dzhăn, *s.* a member of of a college [college

Collegiate, kōl-lē'-dzhét, *a.* having a

Collet, kōl-lēt, *s.* something about the neck, the part of a ring in which the stone is set [coal ship

Collier, kōl-yér, *s.* a digger of coals, a Colliery, kōl-yér-ŷ, *s.* a place where coals are dug, coal trade [cabbage

Colliflower, kōl-lŷ-flō-ér, *s.* a species of Colligation, kōl-lŷ-gă'-shūn, *s.* the act of binding together

Colligate, kōl-lŷ-kwâte, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve—*v. n.* to melt, to be dissolved [dissolvent

Colliquative, kōl-lŷ-kwăt-ŷv, *a.* melting, Collision, kōl-lŷzh'-ūn, *s.* act of striking together, a clash [station

Collocate, kōl-lō-kâte, *v. a.* to place, to Collocation, kōl-lō-kă'-shūn, *s.* the act or state of being placed

Collocution, kōl-lō-kŷ'-shūn, *s.* discourse, conversation

Collop, kōl'-lóp, *s.* a small cut or slice of meat [conversation

Colloquial, kōl-lō-kwŷ-ăl, *a.* relating to Colloquy, kōl-lō-kwŷ, *s.* a conference

Collusion, kōl-lŷzh'-ūn, *s.* a deceitful agreement [deceitful

Collusive, kōl-lŷ-sŷv, *a.* fraudulent, Colon, kō'-lōn, *s.* the great gut, this point [:] [lars

Colonade, kōl-ōn-ă'de, *s.* range of pillars Colonel, kōr'-nél, *s.* the commander of a regiment

Colonial, kōl-ō'-nyăl, *a.* belonging to a colony [with inhabitants

Colonise, kōl-ō-nŷze, *v. a.* to supply Colony, kōl-ōn-ŷ, *s.* a body of people drawn from the mother country, the country planted

Colophony, kōl-ō-fō-nŷ, *s.* black resin Colorate, kōl-ōr-ăte, *a.* coloured, died, tinged [to produce colour

Colorific, kōl-ōr-ŷf'ŷk, *a.* that is able Colosse, kō-lōs', or Colossus, kō-lōs'-zús, *s.* statue of enormous size

Colour, kōl-ōr, *s.* a green, red, blue, &c. a pretence—*v. a.* to die, to excuse, to make plausible [specious

Colourable, kōl-ōr-ăb'l, *a.* plausible, Colouring, kōl-ōr-ŷng, *s.* an art in painting an excuse [foolish fellow

Colt, kōlt, *s.* a young horse, a young Coltsfoot, kōlts'-fŷt, *s.* a plant

Columbar, kōl-ŷm'-băr-ŷ, *s.* a dovecot, a pigeon house [colour

Columbine, kōl-ŷm'-bŷne, *s.* a plant, Column, kōl-ŷm, *s.* a round pillar, part of a page

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hŭt, pŭsh, mŭte, fŭr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Comate, kō'-māte, *s.* a companion, an associate
- Comb, kō'mē, *s.* an instrument for the hair, the crest of a cock, the cavities in which bees lodge their honey—*v. a.* to divide, clean or adjust the hair
- Combat, kōm-bāt, *v. n.* to fight—*v. a.* to oppose—*s.* a contest, a battle, a duel
- Combatant, kōm'-bā-tēnt, *s.* he that fights with another, a champion
- Comber, kōm-ér, *s.* one who smooths wool [promised]
- Combinate, kōm'-bī-nēt, *a.* betrothed,
- Combination, kōm-bī-nā-shŭn, *s.* a conspiracy, an association
- Combine, kōm-bī'ne, *v. a.* to join, to unite, to accord—*v. n.* to coalesce
- Combustible, kōm-bŭs'-tībl, *a.* that which easily takes fire
- Combustion, kōm-bŭs-tshŭn, *s.* a conflagration, a burning, a confusion
- Come, kōm', *v. n.* to draw near, to move towards [comic parts, an actor]
- Comedian, kōm-ē-dyān, *s.* a player of
- Comedy, kōm-ē-dŷ, *s.* a dramatic representation of the lighter faults of mankind
- Comeliness, kōm-lŷ-nēs, *s.* grace, beauty
- Comely, kōm-lŷ, *a.* graceful, decent—*ad.* handsomely, gracefully
- Comet, kōm'-ēt, *s.* a heavenly body which moves round the sun in a very eccentric orbit [meat]
- Comfit, kōm'-fīt, *s.* a kind of dry sweet
- Comfort, kōm'-fōrt', *v. a.* to enliven, to invigorate, to console—*s.* support, countenance, consolation
- Comfortable, kōm'-fŭrt-āb'l, *a.* affording relief [consoles another]
- Comforter, kōm'-fŭrt-ér, *s.* one who
- Comic, kōm'-īk, *a.* relating to comedy, merry, raising mirth [morous]
- Comical, kōm'-ī-cāl, *a.* diverting, humorous
- Coming, kōm'-īng, *s.* an arrival, a drawing near—*part.* ready to come, forward, future [thus,]
- Comma, kōm'-mā, *s.* a point marked
- Command, kōm-mā'nd, *v. a.* to govern, order, overlook—*v. n.* to have the supreme authority—*s.* act of commanding, order
- Commander, kōm-mānd-ér, *s.* a chief
- Commandment, kōm'-mānd-mēnt, *s.* a precept [to preserve the memory of]
- Commemorate, kōm-mēm'-ōr-āte, *v. a.*
- Commemoration, kōm-mēm'-ōr-ā-shŭn, *act of public celebration*
- Commence, kōm-mēn's, *v. n.* to begin, to assume—*v. a.* make a beginning of
- Commencement, kōm-mēns'mēnt, *s.* beginning, date
- Commend, kōm-mēnd', *v. a.* to represent as worthy of notice, praise
- Commendam, kōm-mēn'-dām, *s.* a void benefice commended to some person till a pastor is provided
- Commendation, kōm-mēn-dā-shŭn, *s.* recommendation, praise
- Commendatory, kōm-mēn'-dā-tōr-ŷ, *a.* containing praise
- Commensurability, kōm-mēn-sŭ-rā'-bīl-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* the capacity of being compared as to measure
- Commensurate, kōm-mēn'-sŭ-rāte, *v. a.* to reduce to some common measure
- Commensurate, kōm-mēn'-sŭ-rēt, *a.* proportionable, equal
- Commensuration, kōm'-mēn'-sŭ-rā-shŭn, *s.* a reduction to some common measure [tion]
- Comment, kōm'-mēnt, *s.* notes, explanation
- Comment, kōm'-mēnt', *v. n.* to write notes, expound [planation, notes]
- Commentary, kōm'-mēn-tār ŷ, *s.* an explanation
- Commentator, kōm-mēn-tā-tér, *s.* one who explains [vented, imaginary]
- Commentitious, kōm-mēn-tīsh-ús, *a.* in
- Commerce, kōm-mērs, *s.* trade, traffic—*v. a.* to hold intercourse
- Commercial, kōm mēr'-shyāl, *a.* relating to commerce, trading
- Commination, kōm'-mŷ-nā-shŭn, *s.* a denunciation of punishment
- Commingle, kōm-mŷng'l, *v. a.* to mix or blend together—*v. n.* to unite
- Comminution, kōm-mŷ-nŭ-shŭn, *s.* act of grinding into small parts
- Commiserate, kōm-mŷz'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to pity, to compassionate
- Commiseration, kōm-mŷz-ér-ā-shŭn, *s.* compassion, sympathy
- Commissary, kōm'-mŷs-sār-ŷ, *s.* a delegate, a deputy
- Commission, kōm-mŷsh-ŭn, *s.* a trust, warrant office, charge—*v. a.* to empower, to appoint
- Commissioner, kōm-mŷsh-ón-ér, *s.* one empowered to act
- Commit, kōm'-mīt, *v. a.* to instruct, to send to prison, to perpetrate
- Commitment, kōm'-mīt-mēnt, *s.* order for committing
- Committee, kōm-mīt-ŷ, *s.* select number appointed to manage any matter

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mê, hér—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt

Commix, kôm-mŷk's, *v. a.* to mingle, to blend [pound  
Commixion, kôm mŷk'-shŭn, *s.* a com-  
Commode, kôm-mô'de, *s.* a woman's head dress  
Commodious, kôm-mô'd-yŭs, *a.* convenient, suitable, useful  
Commidity, kôm-môd-y-tŷ, *s.* profit, convenience, merchandise  
Commodore, kôm mô-dô're, *s.* a captain of a squadron of ships  
Common, kôm'môn, *a.* equal, vulgar, usual, public—*s.* an open country, public ground  
Commonalty, kôm'môn-ál-tŷ, *s.* the common people, the bulk of mankind  
Commoner, kôm'môn-ér, *s.* a member of the House of Commons, a student of the second rank at the university  
Commonplace, kôm-môn-plăse, *v. a.* to reduce to general heads  
Commonplace-book, kôm-môn-plă'se-bôk *s.* book of general heads  
Commons, kôm'mônz, *s.* the common people, the lower house of parliament, fare  
Commonwealth, kôm-môn-wêlth, *s.* a republic, the public [agitation  
Commotion, kôm-mô'-shŭn, *s.* a tumult,  
Commune, kôm'mûne, *v. n.* to converse, to impart  
Communicant, kôm-mû'-nŷ-kênt, *s.* one who receives the sacrament of the Lord's supper  
Communicate, kôm-mû'-nŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to impart, to reveal—*v. n.* to partake of the blessed sacrament  
Communication, kôm-mû-nŷ-kă'-shŭn, *s.* the act of imparting or exchanging, a common inlet, a conversation, a conference  
Communicative, kôm-mû-nŷ-kă'-tŷv, *a.* liberal of knowledge, free, not selfish  
Communion, kôm-mû'-nyôn, *s.* intercourse, fellowship, taking the Lord's supper  
Community, kôm-mû'-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* the body politic, the commonwealth, a common possession  
Commutability, kôm-mû'-tă-bŷl-y-ty, *s.* a being capable of exchange  
Commutation, kôm-mû'-tă'-shŭn, *s.* exchange, ransom  
Commute, kôm-mûte, *v. a.* to exchange, to buy off—*v. n.* to atone  
Compact, kôm-păkt, *s.* a contract, a mutual agreement

Compact, kôm-păkt', *a.* firm, solid, close, brief  
Companion, kôm-păn-yôn, *s.* a comrade a partner, an associate  
Company, kôm-pă-nŷ, *s.* an assembly, a fellowship, a body corporate, a small body of armed men  
Comparative, kôm-păr'-ă-tŷv, *a.* estimated by comparison  
Compare, kôm-pă're, *v. a.* to examine or measure one thing by another—*s.* comparison, similitude  
Comparison, kôm-păr'-ŷs-ôn, *s.* comparative estimate, the act of comparing, likeness, simile  
Compartment, kôm-păr't-mênt, *s.* a division of a picture, &c.  
Compass, kôm-păs, *v. a.* to surround, grasp, obtain—*s.* circle, enclosure, space, power of the voice, instrument for drawing circles, an instrument whereby mariners steer  
Compasses, kôm-păs-sŷz, *s.* a mathematical instrument  
Compassion, kôm-păsh'-ŭn, *s.* pity, commiseration, feeling  
Compassionate, kôm-păsh'-ôn-êt, *a.* merciful, tender [to pity  
Compassionate, kôm-păsh'-ôn-âte, *v. a.*  
Compatibility, kôm-păt'-y-bŷl-y-tŷ, *s.* consistency, suitableness  
Compatible, kôm-păt'-y-b'l, *a.* consistent with, agreeable to [same country  
Compatriot, kôm-pă-trŷ-ôt, *s.* one of the  
Compeer, kôm-pê're, *s.* an equal, a companion, a colleague—*v. n.* to be equal with [strain  
Compel, kôm-pêl', *v. a.* to oblige, to compel  
Compellation, kôm-pêl-lă'-shŭn, *s.* the style of address [brief summary  
Compendious, kôm-pên'-dyŭs, *a.* short,  
Compendium, kôm-pên'-dyŭm, *s.* an abridgment, a breviat  
Compensate, kôm-pên'-săte, *v. a.* to recompence, to counterbalance  
Compensation, kôm-pên-să-shŭn, *s.* an equivalent, a recompence  
Competence, kôm-pê-têns, *s.* sufficiency, power  
Competent, kôm-pê-tênt, *a.* suitable, adequate, qualified  
Competible, kôm-pêt'-y-b'l, *a.* suitable to  
Competition, kôm-pê-tŷsh'-ŭn, *s.* a contest, rivalry [opponent  
Competitor, kôm-pêt'-y-tôr, *s.* a rival, an  
Compilation, kôm-pi-lă'-shŭn, *s.* a collection, an assemblage

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Compile, kōm-pī'le, *v. a.* to collect from various authors [civility]  
 Complacency, kōm-plā' zēn-cŷ, *s.* joy,  
 Complacent, kōm-plā'-zēnt, *a.* civil, affable, mild  
 Complain, kōm-plā'ne, *v. n.* to murmur, to lament, to inform against  
 Complainant, kōm-plā'-nēnt, *s.* one who urges a suit against another  
 Complaint, kōm-plā'nte, *s.* an accusation or impeachment, a lamentation, a disease [politeness]  
 Complaisance, kōm-plē'-zāns, *s.* civility,  
 Complaisant, kōm-plē'-zānt, *a.* civil, obliging [number, &c.]  
 Complement, kōm'-plē-mēnt, *s.* the full  
 Complementary, kōm-plē-mēn'-tāl, *a.* filling up, completing  
 Complete, kōm-plē'te, *a.* full, perfect, finished—*v. a.* to perfect, finish  
 Completion, kōm-plē'-shūn, *s.* act of fulfilling, accomplishment  
 Complex, kōm'-plēks, *a.* composed of many parts [of the face, &c.]  
 Complexion, kōm-plēk'-shūn, *s.* colour  
 Compliance, kōm-plŷ'-ēns, *s.* submission  
 Compliant, kōm-pli'-ēnt, *a.* yielding, civil [tangle, to join]  
 Complicate, kōm'-pli-kāte, *v. a.* to entangle  
 Complicate, kōm'-pli-kēt, *a.* compounded of many parts  
 Complicated, kōm'-pli-kāt-ēd, *part.* intricate, difficult  
 Complication, kōm-pli-kā'-shūn, *s.* a mixture of many things  
 Compliment, kōm'-pli-mēnt, *s.* an act of civility—*v. a.* to flatter—*v. n.* to use compliments [pressive of respect]  
 Complimental, kōm-pli-mēn'-tāl, *a.* ex-  
 Complot, kōm-plōt', *v. a.* to conspire, to unite in [submit, to agree]  
 Comply, kōm-plŷ', *v. n.* to yield or  
 Component, kōm-pō'-nēnt, *a.* constituting, forming  
 Comport, kōm-pō'rt, *v. n.* to agree, to suit—*v. a.* to bear, to endure—*s.* behaviour [sistent]  
 Comportable, kōm-pō'r-téb'l, *a.* con-  
 Compose, kōm-pō'ze, *v. a.* to form, write, imagine, calm, settle [rious, sedate]  
 Composed, kōm-pō'zd, *part.* calm, se-  
 Composite, kōm-pōz'-it, *a.* compounded; in architecture, the last of the five orders of columns  
 Composition, kōm-pō-zish'-ūn, *s.* a mixture, congruity, a written book, an agreement or accommodation

Compositor, kōm-pōz'-it-ōr, *s.* one who ranges and adjusts printing types  
 Compost, kōm'-pōst, *s.* manure  
 Composure, kōm-pō'-zhūre, *s.* order, form, calmness [drinking match]  
 Computation, kōm-pō-tā'-shūn, *s.* a  
 Compound, kōm-pōūd, *v. a.* to mix—*v. n.* to come to terms by abating something  
 Compound, kōm'-pōūd, *a.* formed out of many ingredients—*s.* a mass of ingredients [comprise, to conceive]  
 Comprehend, kōm-prē-hēnd', *v. a.* to  
 Comprehensible, kōm-prē-hēn'-sib'l, *a.* intelligible, conceivable  
 Comprehension, kōm-prē-hēn'-shūn, *s.* knowledge, capacity  
 Comprehensive, kōm-prē-hēn'-siv, *a.* having the power to understand, capacious [embrace]  
 Compress, kōm-prēs', *v. a.* to squeeze, to  
 Compress, kōm'-prēs, *s.* a bolster of linen rags [ing to pressure]  
 Compressible, kōm-prēs'-sib'l, *a.* yield-  
 Compression, kōm-prēsh'-ūn, *s.* the act of bringing parts near to each other  
 Compressure, kōm-prēsh'-ūre, *s.* the act of pressing against [to include]  
 Comprise, kōm-prī'ze, *v. a.* to contain,  
 Compromise, kōm'-prō mīze, *s.* a compact or bargain—*v. a.* to adjust by mutual concessions  
 Comptrol, *see* Control  
 Comptroller, *see* Controller  
 Compulsatively, kōm-pūl'-sā-tiv-lŷ, *ad.* by constraint [pelling, forcing]  
 Compulsatory, kōm-pūl'-sā-tōr-ŷ, *a.* com-  
 Compulsion, kōm-pūl'-shūn, *s.* the act of compelling, force  
 Compulsive, kōm-pūl'-siv, *a.* forcing  
 Compulsory, kōm-pūl'-sōr-ŷ, *a.* compelling, forcing [trition, repentance]  
 Compunction, kōm-pūngk'-shūn, *s.* con-  
 Compurgation, kōm-pūr gā'-shūn, *s.* a vouching for another  
 Computation, kōm-pū-tā'-shūn, *s.* a calculation, an estimate [calculate]  
 Compute, kōm-pū'te, *v. a.* to reckon, to  
 Comrade, kōm'-rāde, *s.* an associate, a companion  
 Con, kōn', *v. a.* to study, to think  
 Concamerate, kōn-kām'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to arch over, to vault  
 Concatenate, kōn-kāt'-ē-nāte, *v. a.* to link or join together  
 Concatenation, kōn-kāt'-ē-nā'-shūn, *s.* a series of links



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shŷrt—

- Concave, kŏn'-kăve, *a.* hollow in the inside as a bowl or cup
- Concavity, kŏn-kăv'-i-tŷ, *s.* hollowness
- Conceal, kŏn-sē'le, *v. a.* to hide, to keep secret [retreat
- Concealment, kŏn-sē'le-měnt, *s.* secrecy
- Concede, kŏn-sēde, *v. a.* to admit, grant
- Conceit, kŏn-sē'te, *s. a.* a conception, an idea, fancy, pride—*v. a.* to imagine, to believe [opinionated
- Conceited, kŏn-sē'těd, *part. a.* proud
- Conceive, kŏn-sē've, *v. a.* to form in the mind, to understand, to think—*v. n.* to think, to become pregnant
- Concent, kŏn-sěnt', *s.* harmony, consistency
- Concentrate, kŏ-sěn'-trâte, *v. a.* to drive into a narrow compass, or towards the centre [to one point
- Concentre, kŏ-sěn'-tér, *v. n.* to bring to
- Concentric, kŏ-sěn'-trŷk, *a.* having one common centre [gible
- Conceivable, kŏn-sěp'-tŷb'l, *a.* intelligible
- Conception, kŏn-sěp'-shŷn, *s.* the act of conceiving, a notion, apprehension, idea
- Concern, kŏn-sěrn', *v. a.* to belong to, to affect, to interest—*s.* an affair, a business, interest [lating to
- Concerning, kŏn-sér'-nŷng, *part. a.* relating to
- Concert, kŏn-sěrt', *v. a.* to settle privately, to contrive
- Concert, kŏn-sért', *s.* music in several parts, a symphony [yielded, a grant
- Concession, kŏn-sēs'-shŷn, *s.* a thing
- Conch, kŏngk', *s.* the name of a shell
- Conciliate, kŏn-sŷl'-ŷâte, *v. a.* to gain, to reconcile
- Reconciliation, kŏn-sŷl'-ŷă-shŷn, *s.* the act of reconciling [maker, a friend
- Conciliator, kŏn-sŷl'-ŷă-tŏr, *s.* a peace-maker
- Conciliatory, kŏn-sŷl'-ŷă-tŏr-ŷ, *a.* relating to reconciliation
- Concinnity, kŏn-sŷn'-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* decency, fitness
- Concise, kŏn-sŷ'se, *a.* brief, short
- Conciseness, kŏn-sŷ'se-nēs, *s.* brevity, shortness
- Concision, kŏn-sŷzh'-ŷn, *s.* a cutting off
- Concitation, kŏn-sŷ tă'-shŷn, *s.* a stirring up, a disturbance [cardinals, &c.
- Conclave, kŏn'-klăve, *s.* an assembly of
- Conclude, kŏn-klŷ'de, *v. a.* to determine, to finish
- Concludent, kŏn-klŷ'-děnt, *a.* decisive
- Conclusion, kŏn-klŷ'-zhŷn, *s.* determination, consequence, end
- Conclusive, kŏn-klŷ'-sŷv, *a.* decisive, convincing, strong
- Concoct, kŏn-kŏkt', *v. a.* to digest by the stomach
- Concoction, kŏn-kŏk'-shŷn, *s.* digestion in the stomach
- Concomitant, kŏn-kŏm'-ŷ-těnt, *a.* accompanying, joined to—*s.* a companion, an attendant [harmony
- Concord, kŏn'-kŏrd, *s.* agreement, union
- Concordance, kŏn-kŏrd'-ěns, *s.* index to the Scriptures, agreement
- Concordant, kŏn-kŏr'-dět, *a.* agreeing, suitable, fit [a convention
- Concordate, kŏn-kŏr'-dět, *s.* a compact
- Concourse, kŏn'-kŏrse, *s.* a great number of persons assembled together, a meeting
- Concrete, kŏn-krē'te, *v. n.* to coalesce into one mass—*v. a.* to form by concretion
- Concrete, kŏn-krē'te, *a.* composed of different matters, or dissimilar principles [union of parts
- Concretion, kŏn-krē'-shŷn, *s.* a mass, an
- Concubine, kŏn'-kŷ bŷne, *s.* a harlot
- Concubinate, kŏn-kŷl'-kět, *v. a.* to trample under foot
- Concupiscence, kŏn-kŷ-pŷs'-ěns, *s.* lust
- Concupiscent, kŏn-kŷ-pŷs'-sěnt, *a.* libidinous, sensual [opinion
- Concur, kŏn-kŷr, *v. n.* to agree in one
- Concurrence, kŏn-kŷr-rěns, *s.* union, help
- Concurrent, kŏn-kŷr'-rěnt, *a.* acting in conjunction—*s.* that which concurs
- Concussion, kŏn kŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* the act of shaking, agitation
- Condemn, kŏn-děm', *v. a.* to doom to punishment, to blame
- Condemnation, kŏn-děm-nă'-shŷn, *s.* a sentence of punishment
- Condemnatory, kŏn-děm-nă'-tŏr-ŷ, *a.* passing a condemnation
- Condensate, kŏn-děn'-sâte, *v. a.* to make thicker—*v. n.* to grow thicker
- Condensation, kŏn-děn-să'-shŷn, *s.* the act of thickening
- Condense, kŏn-děns', *v. a.* to make thick or close—*v. n.* to grow close—*a.* thick
- Condenser, kŏn-děn'-sér, *s.* a vessel used in distillation and pneumatics
- Condensity, kŏn-děn'-sŷ-tŷ, *s.* the state of being condensed
- Condescend, kŏn-dě-sěnd', *v. n.* to stoop, to yield, to bend

shöt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Condescension, kôn-dě-sěn-shûn, *s.* sub-  
mission, courtesy [able, deserved

Condign, kôn-dî'ne, *a.* merited, suit-

Condiment, kôn'dî-měnt, *s.* seasoning,  
sauce [preserve by salts

Condite, kôn'dî-te, *v. a.* to season, to

Condition, kôn-dîsh'-ûn, *s.* quality, tem-  
per, state, rank, stipulation

Conditional, kôn-dîsh-ôn-âl, *a.* by way  
of stipulation, &c. [pulated

Conditionary, kôn-dîsh'-ôn-âr-ý, *a.* sti-

Condole, kôn-dô'le, *v. n.* to lament  
jointly—*v. a.* to bewail jointly

Condolence, kôn-dôl-ěns, *s.* sympathiz-  
ing grief [doning, a forgiving

Condonation, kôn-dô-nâ-shûn, *s.* a par-

Conduce, kôn-dû'se, *v. n.* to help, to  
promote, to contribute to

Conducible, kôu-dû'sîb'l, *a.* having the  
power of conducing [helping, &c.

Conducive, kôn-dû-sîv, *a.* promoting,

Conduct, kôn-dûkt, *s.* economy, beha-  
viour [manage

Conduct, kôn-dûkt', *v. a.* to lead, to

Conductor, kôn-dûk'-tôr, *s.* a leader, a  
director, a chief [pipe, a cock

Conduit, kôn-dît, *s.* a canal, a water-

Cone, kône, *s.* a solid body in the form  
of a sugar-loaf [converse, to chat

Confabulate, kôn-fâb'-û-lâ-te, *v. n.* to

Confabulation, kôn-fâb'-û-lâ-shûn, *s.*  
easy conversation

Confection, kôn-fěk'-shûn, *s.* a sweet-  
meat, a mixture

Confectionary, kôn-fěk'-shôn-âr-ý, *s.* a  
place where sweetmeats are made

Confectioner, kôn-fěk'-shûn-ér, *s.* the  
person who makes or sells sweet-  
meats [league

Confederacy, kôn-fěd'-ér-â-sý, *s.* union,

Confederate, kôn-fěd'-ér-â-te, *v. a.* to  
join, unite, combine—*v. n.* to unite  
in a league

Confederate, kôn-fěd'-ér-ēt, *a.* united  
in a league—*s.* an ally, a companion

Confederation, kôn-fěd'-ér-â-shûn, *s.*  
close alliance, union

Confer, kôn-fér', *v. n.* to discourse with  
—*v. a.* to give, to bestow

Conference, kôn-fér'-ěns, *s.* conversation

Confess, kôn-fěs', *v. a.* to acknowledge,  
to grant, to own—*v. n.* to make con-  
fession [ment, disclosure

Confession, kôn-fěsh'-ûn, *s.* acknowlęd-

Confessor, kôn'-fěs-sôr, *s.* one who hears  
confessions

Confest, kôn-fěst', *a.* open, known, plain

Confidant, kôn-fî-dănt, *a.* a person  
trusted with a secret, a bosom friend

Confide, kôn-fî'de, *v. n.* to trust in

Confidence, kôn-fý-děns, *s.* assurance,  
trust

Confident, kôn-fî-děnt, *a.* positive,  
daring, bold—*s.* one trusted with se-  
crets [worthy of confidence

Confidential, kôn-fî-děn'-shâl, *a.* trusty,

Configuration, kôn-fîg'-û-râ-shûn, *s.*  
form of parts adapted to each other

Confine, kôn'-fîne, *s.* limit, boundary,  
border

Confine, kôn-fî'ne, *v. n.* to border upon

—*v. a.* to limit, to imprison, to re-  
strain [sonment; want of liberty

Confinement, kôn-fîne-měnt, *s.* impri-

Confines, kôn-fînz', *s.* bounds, limits,  
or borders of a country

Confirm, kôn-fîrn', *v. a.* to make cer-  
tain, to establish, to fix, to adminis-  
ter the rite of confirmation

Confirmation, kôn-fîr-mâ-shûn, *s.* a  
proof, conviucing testimony, ecclesi-  
astical rite [on private property

Confiscate, kôn-fîs'-kâ-te, *v. a.* to seize

Confiscation, kôn-fîs-kâ-shûn, *s.* the act  
of transferring the forfeited goods of  
criminals [neral fire

Conflagration, kôn-flâ-grâ-shûn, *s.* a ge-

Conflation, kôn-flâ-shûn, *s.* the act of  
blowing many instruments together,  
a melting of metal

Conflict, kôn-flîkt, *v. a.* to fight, to  
contest, to struggle—*s.* a contest, a  
struggle, agony

Confluence, kôn-flû-ěns, *s.* conflux,  
union of two or more rivers, &c.

Confluent, kôn-flû-ěnt, *a.* running into  
one channel [rents, a crowd

Conflux, kôn-flûks, *s.* an union of cur-

Conform, kôn-fôr'm, *a.* assuming the  
same form—*v. a.* to reduce to the  
like appearance—*v. n.* to comply with

Conformable, kôn-fôr-mâ'b'l, *a.* agree-  
able

Conformation, kôn-fôr-mâ-shûn, *s.* a  
proper disposition of parts as relating  
to each other [complies

Conformist, kôn-fôr'm'-îst, *s.* one who

Conformity, kôn-fôr-mý-tý, *s.* simili-  
tude, a compliance

Confound, kôn-fôû'nd, *v. a.* to mingle,  
perplex, disturb

Confounded, kôn-fôû'n-děd, *part.* hate-  
ful, detestable

G

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 Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chïne, fîeld, shîrt—  
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Confraternity, kôn-fră-tér'-nî-tÿ, *s.* a religious brotherhood

Confront, kôn-frôn't', *v. a.* to face, to oppose, to compare

Confronted, kôn frôn'-têd, *part.* opposed, brought face to face

Confuse, kôn-fû'ze, *v. a.* to disorder, perplex, obscure [astonishment]

Confusion, kôu fû'zhûn, *s.* tumult, hurry

Confutation, kôn-fû tā'-shûn, *s.* act of confuting, disproof

Confute, kôn-fû'te, *v. a.* to convict of error, to disprove [a bow]

Conge, kôn'-dzhê, *s.* act of reverence,

Conge-d'elire, kôn'-dzhê-dê-lîr, *s.* the king's permission to choose a bishop

Congel, kôn'-dzhêle, *v. a.* to freeze—*v. n.* to harden, to grow stiff

Congelation, kôn dzhê-lă'-shûn, *s.* state of being congealed or made solid

Congenial, kô-dzhê'-ayál, *a.* partaking of the same nature

Conger, kông'-ér, *s.* the sea-eel

Congeries, kôn-dzhê'-ryês, *s.* a mass of small bodies [to amass]

Congest, kôn-dzhêst', *v. a.* to heap up,

Congestion, kôn-dzhês'-tshûn, *s.* a collection of humours [to ice]

Conglaciare, kôn glă'-shÿâte, *v. n.* to turn

Conglobate, kôn'-glô-bâte, *v. a.* to gather into a hard ball

Conglobation, kôn-glô-bă'-shûn, *s.* a round hard body

Conglomerate, kôn-glôm'-ér-âte, *a.* to gather into a ball, to make round

Conglutination, kôn-glû-tÿ'-n'-shûn, *s.* the act of uniting wounds

Congou, kôn'-gô, *s.* a finer sort of Bohea tea

Congratulate, kôn-grăt'-û-lâte, *v. a.* to compliment upon any happy event—*v. n.* to rejoice in participation

Congratulation, kôn-grăt'-û-lă'-shûn, *s.* a giving joy [expressing joy]

Congratulatory, kôn-grăt'-û-lă tór'-v, *a.*

Congregate, kôn'-grê-gêt, *a.* collected, compact [lection, an assembly]

Congregation, kôn-grê-gă'-shûn, *s.* a col-

Congress, kôn-grês, *s.* a meeting, an assembly, a conflict [encountering]

Congressive, kôn-grês-sÿv, *a.* meeting,

Congruent, kôn'-grü-ënt, *a.* agreeing, suitable [fitness]

Congruity, kôn-grü'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* suitability, consistent, suitable [cone]

Conic, kôn'-ÿk, *a.* having the form of a

Conics, kôn'-ÿks, *s.* the doctrine of conic sections

Conical, kôn'-ÿ-kăl, *a.* like a cone

Conjectural, kôn-dzhêk'-tû-răl, *a.* depending on conjecture

Conjecture, kôn-dzhêk'-tûre, *s.* a guess, supposition—*v. a.* to guess, to suppose [nect—*v. n.* to league, unite]

Conjoin, kôu dzhôÿ'n, *v. a.* to unite, con-

Conjoint, kôn-dzhôÿnt, *a.* united, connected [belonging to marriage]

Conjugal, kôn'-dzhû-găl, *a.* matrimonial,

Conjugate, kôn'-dzhû-gâte, *v. a.* to join, to unite, to inflect verbs

Conjugation, kôn-dzhû-gă'-shûn, *s.* form of inflecting verbs, union, assemblage

Conjunct, kôn-dzhûngkt', *a.* conjoined, united

Conjunction, kôn-dzhûngk'-shûn, *s.* an union, a league, the sixth part of speech

Conjunctive, kôn-dzhûngk'-tÿv, *a.* closely joined, united together

Conjunctly, kôn-dzhûngkt' lÿ, *ad.* jointly, together

Conjuncture, kôn-dzhûngk'-tûre, *s.* a critical or peculiar time

Conjuration, kôn-dzhû-ră'-shûn, *s.* an enchantment, a plot

Conjure, kôn-dzhû're, *v. a.* to enjoin solemnly, to conspire

Conjure, kôn'-dzhur, *v. n.* to practise charms or enchantments [teller]

Conjurer, kôn-dzhûr-ér, *s.* fortune-

Connate, kôn-nă'te, *a.* born with a other

Connatural, kôn-năt'-û-răl, *a.* suitable to or connected by nature

Connect, kôn-nêkt', *v. a.* to join, to link, to unite—*v. n.* to cohere

Connected, kôn'-nêk-têd, *part.* united together, joined [together]

Connex, kôn-nêks', *v. a.* to join or link

Connexion, kôn-nêk'-shûn, *s.* an union, a relation [ness]

Connivance, kôn'-nÿv-éns, *s.* wilful blind-

Connive, kôn'-nÿve, *v. n.* to wink at a fault [critic]

Connoisseur, kôn'-ÿs-sûr, *s.* a judge, a

Connubial, kôn-nû'-byăl, *a.* relating to marriage [of a cone]

Conoid, kô'-nôid, *s.* a figure partaking

Conquer, kôn'-kér, *v. a.* to gain by conquest, to win, to subdue—*v. n.* to get the victory

Conqueror, kôn'-kér-ór, *s.* one who overcomes, a victor [a victory]

Conquest, kôn'-kwêst, *s.* a thing gained

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Consanguineous, kôn-sâng-gwîn'-yûs, *s.* near of kin, related  
 Consanguinity, kôn-sâng gwîn'-y-tŷ, *s.* a relationship by blood  
 Conscience, kôn-shéns, *s.* the judgment of the soul on our moral actions, justice, reasonableness  
 Conscientious, kôn-shyên'-shús, *a.* scrupulous, exactly just [able, proper  
 Conscionable, kôn-shôn'-éb'l, *a.* reason-  
 Conscious, kôn'-shús, *a.* privy to, inwardly persuaded [enrolled  
 Conscript, kôn'-skrípt, *a.* registered,  
 Conscription, kôn-skrip'-hûn, *s.* an enrolling [sacred, &c.  
 Consecrate, kôn'-sê-krâte, *v. a.* to make  
 Consecrate, kôn'-sê-krêt, *a.* consecrated, sacred [act of making sacred  
 Consecration, kôn-sê-krâ'-shûn, *s.* the  
 Consecratory, kôn'-sêk-târ'-ŷ, *a.* consequent, consequential—*s.* an inference, a corollary  
 Consension, kôn-sên'-shûn, *s.* concord  
 Consent, kôn-sent', *s.* agreement, correspondence—*v. n.* to agree, to be of one mind  
 Consentaneous, kôn-sên-tâ'-nyûs, *a.* agreeable to, consistent with  
 Consentient, kôn-sên'-shent, *a.* agreeing, united in opinion [importance  
 Consequence, kôn'-sê-kwéns, *s.* an effect,  
 Consequent, kôn'-sê-kwënt, *a.* following naturally  
 Consequential, kôn-sê-kwên'-shâl, *a.* conclusive, important  
 Conservancy, kôn-sér'-vén-sŷ, *s.* court held for the preservation of the fishery in the river Thames  
 Conservation, kôn-sér'-vâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of preserving  
 Conservative, kôn-sér'-vâ'-tŷv, *a.* having power to preserve  
 Conservatory, kôn-sér'-vâ'-tór'-ŷ, *s.* a place where any thing is kept, a green house [or candy fruit  
 Conserve, kôn-sérv', *v. a.* to preserve  
 Conserve, kôn'-sérv, *s.* a sweetmeat, preserved fruit  
 Consider, kôn-síd'-ér, *v. a.* to think upon, to examine, to regard—*v. n.* to think maturely, deliberate  
 Considerable, kôn-síd'-ér-áb'l, *a.* important [thoughtful  
 Considerate, kôn-síd'-ér-ét, *a.* prudent,  
 Consideration, kôn-síd'-ér-â'-shûn, *s.* mature thought, meditation, compensation, reason, notice

Consign, kôn-sí'ne, *v. a.* to make over to another  
 Consignation, kôn-sŷg-nâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of consigning  
 Consignment, kôn-sí'ne-mënt, *s.* transfer of goods to a factor or merchant  
 Consimiar, kô-sím'-i-lâr, *a.* having a common resemblance [of, to agree  
 Consist, kôn-síst', *v. n.* to be composed  
 Consistence, kôn-síst'-éns, *s.* substance, density [able, firm  
 Consistent, kôn-sís'-tënt, *a.* conform-  
 Consistorial, kôn-sís-tô'-ryâl, *a.* relating to the spiritual court [court  
 Consistory, kôn-sím'-tór'-ŷ, *s.* a spiritual  
 Consociate, kôn-sô-shët, *s.* an accomplice, an ally [to join  
 Consociate, kôn-sô'-shâte, *v. a.* to unite,  
 Consociation, kôn-sô-shyâ'-shûn, *s.* alliance, union [tion of misery  
 Consolation, kôn-sô-lâ'-shûn, *s.* allevia-  
 Consolatory, kôn-sô-lâ'-tór'-ŷ, *a.* tending to give comfort [cheer  
 Console, kôn-sô'le, *v. a.* to comfort, to  
 Consolidate, kôn-sôl'-y-dâte, *v. a.* to form into a solid body, harden—*v. n.* to grow hard or solid  
 Consolidation, kôn-sôl'-y-dâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of uniting into one solid mass  
 Consonance, kôn-sô-néns, *s.* harmony, agreement  
 Consonant, kôn'-sô-nént, *a.* agreeable, suitable, consistent—*s.* a letter which cannot be sounded by itself  
 Consort, kôn'-sôrt, *s.* a wife or husband, a companion  
 Consort, kôn-sôrt, *v. n.* to associate with—*v. a.* to marry, to accompany  
 Conspicuity, kôn-spŷ-kû'-y-tŷ, *s.* brightness, clearness  
 Conspicuous, kôn-spŷk'-û-ús, *a.* obvious to the sight, eminent  
 Conspiracy, kôn-spŷr'-â-sŷ, *s.* a plot, a lawless combination  
 Conspirator, kôn-spŷr'-â-tór, *s.* a plotter  
 Conspire, kôn-spŷre, *v. n.* to concert a crime, to plot, to conduce  
 Constable, kôn'-stéb'l, *s.* a common peace officer [steadiness  
 Constancy, kôn'-stán-sŷ, *s.* firmness,  
 Constant, kôn'-stánt, *a.* firm, unchangeable  
 Constellation, kôn-stél-lâ'-shûn, *s.* a cluster of fixed stars  
 Consternation, kôn-stéx-nâ'-shûn, *s.* astonishment, terror



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Constipate, kôn-s'ŷ-pâte, *v. a.* to crowd, to thicken, to stop  
 Constipation, kôn-s'ŷ-pā-shŷn, *s.* the act of crowding together, costiveness  
 Constituent, kôn-s'ŷt'-û-ent, *a.* essential, composing—*s.* he that deposes another, an elector  
 Constitute, kôn-s'ŷ-tûte, *v. a.* to make, to establish, to depute  
 Constitution, kôn-s'ŷ-tû-shŷn, *s.* the frame of body or mind, law of a country, form of government  
 Constitutional, 'kôn-s'ŷ-tû-shŷn-âl, *a.* bred in the constitution, radical, consistent with the constitution, legal  
 Constrain, kôn-strā'ne, *v. a.* to compel, to force, to press [confinement]  
 Constraint, kôn-strā'nt, *s.* compulsion  
 Constriction, kôn-strŷk'-shŷn, *s.* contraction, compression, force  
 Constringent, kôn-strŷn'-dzhent, *a.* of a binding quality, or compressing  
 Construct, kôn-strŷkt', *v. a.* to build or form  
 Construction, kôn-strŷk'-shŷn, *s.* the act of building, meaning, syntax  
 Constructive, kôn-strŷk'-tŷv, *a.* capable of construction  
 Constructure, kôn-strŷk'-tûre, *s.* a pile, an edifice, a fabric [to explain]  
 Construe, kôn's-tér, *v. a.* to interrupt  
 Constuprate, kôn-stû-prâte, *v. a.* to violate, to debauch  
 Consubstantial, kôn-sŷb-stăn-shăl, *a.* of the same substance  
 Consubstantiality, kôn-sŷb-stăn-shyăl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* existence of more than one in the same substance  
 Consubstantiate, kôn-sŷb-stăn-shyâte, *v. a.* to unite in one common substance or nature  
 Consubstantiation, kôn-sŷb-stăn-shyā-shŷn, *s.* the union of more than one in one substance  
 Consul, kôn-sŷl, *s.* the chief magistrate in the Roman republic, a chief manager of trade for his nation in foreign parts [a consul]  
 Consular, kôn's-ŷ-lār, *a.* belonging to  
 Consulate, kôn's-ŷ-lēt, *s.* office of consul [office]  
 Consulship, kôn-sŷl'-shŷp, *s.* consul's  
 Consult, kôn-sŷlt', *v. n.* to take counsel together—*v. a.* to ask advice, to debate, to plan  
 Consultation, kôn-sŷl-tā-shŷn, *s.* the act of consulting, deliberation

Consume, kôn-sŷ'me, *v. a.* to waste, to destroy—*v. n.* to waste away  
 Consummate, kôn-sŷm'-mâte, *v. a.* to complete, to perfect  
 Consummate, kôn-sŷm'-mêt, *a.* complete, perfect  
 Consummation, kôn-sŷm-mā-shŷn, *s.* completion, perfection, end  
 Consumption, kôn-sŷmp'-shŷn, *s.* the act of consuming, waste, a disease  
 Consumptive, kôn-sŷmp'-tŷv, *a.* destructive, wasting [union]  
 Contact, kôn-tăkt, *s.* a touch, close  
 Contagion, kôn-tā-dzhŷn, *s.* an infection, pestilence [catching]  
 Contagious, kôn-tā-dzhŷs, *a.* infectious  
 Contain, kôn-tā'ne, *v. a.* to hold, comprise, restrain  
 Contaminate, kôn-tām'-ŷ-nâte, *v. a.* to defile, to corrupt [luted, defiled]  
 Contaminate, kôn-tām'-ŷ-nêt, *a.* polluted  
 Contamination, kôn-tām'-ŷ-nā-shŷn, *s.* pollution, defilement  
 Contemn, kôn-tēm', *v. a.* to despise, to scorn, to neglect [derate]  
 Contemper, kō-tēm'-pér, *v. a.* to moderate  
 Contemperation, kō-tēm-pér-ā-shŷn, *s.* the act of tempering, a proportionate mixture of parts  
 Contemplate, kôn-tēm'-plâte, *v. a.* to study, meditate—*v. n.* to muse  
 Contemplation, kôn-tēm-plā-shŷn, *s.* meditation, thought  
 Contemplative, kôn-tēm-p'lā-tŷv, *a.* thoughtful, studious  
 Contemplator, kôn-tēm-plā-tór, *s.* one employed in study  
 Contemporary, kō-tēm'-pō-rār-ŷ, *a.* living at the same time—*s.* one living in the same age  
 Contemporise, kō-tēm'-pō-rŷze, *v. a.* to make contemporary  
 Contempt, kôn-tēmp't', *s.* scorn, disdain, hate, vileness  
 Contemptible, kôn-tēmp-tŷb'l, *a.* worthy of scorn, vile, mean  
 Contemptuous, kôn-tēmp'-tŷ-ŷs, *a.* scornful, proud  
 Contend, kôn-tënd', *v. n.* to strive with, to struggle—*v. a.* to dispute, contest  
 Content, kôn-tent', *a.* satisfied, easy—*v. a.* to satisfy, please, gratify—*s.* moderate happiness, satisfaction, extent [ed, not repining]  
 Contented, kôn-tén'-têd, *part.* satisfied  
 Contention, kôn-tên'-shŷn, *s.* strife, debate, contest, zeal

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Contentious, kōn-těn-shūs, *a.* quarrelsome, perverse
- Conterminous, kō-tér-mŷ-nūs, *a.* bordering upon
- Contest, kōn-těst', *v. a.* to dispute, to wrangle—*v. n.* to strive, contend
- Contest, kōn-těst, *s.* a dispute, a debate, a quarrel [contesting, debate]
- Contestation, kōn-těs-tā-shūn, *s.* act of
- Context, kōn-těkst, *s.* general series of a discourse
- Context, kōn-těkst', *a.* united, firm
- Contexture, kōn-těk's-tūre, *s.* an interweaving or joining together, system, disposition
- Contiguity, kōn-tŷ-gŷ-tŷ, *s.* actual contact [so as to touch]
- Contiguous, kōn-tŷ-gŷ-ús, *a.* meeting
- Continence, kōn-tŷ-něns, *s.* restraint, chastity
- Continent, kōn-tŷ-něnt, *a.* chaste, temperate, abstemious—*s.* land not separated by the sea
- Contingence, kōn-tŷn'dzh-éns, *s.* casualty
- Contingent, kōn-tŷn'dzhěnt, *a.* accidental, casual—*s.* chance, proportion
- Continual, kōn-tŷn'-ū-ál, *a.* incessant
- Continuance, kōn-tŷn'-ū-áns, *s.* duration [rupted, unbroken]
- Continue, kōn-tŷn'-ū-ēt, *a.* uninterrupted
- Continuation, kōn-tŷn'-ū-ā-shūn, *s.* a constant succession
- Continue, kōn-tŷn'-ū, *v. n.* to remain in the same state, to dwell to persevere—*v. a.* to protract
- Continuity, kōn-tŷn'-ū-tŷ, *s.* connexion uninterrupted [writhe]
- Contort, kōn-tōrt, *v. a.* to twist,
- Contortion, kōn-tōr-shūn, *s.* a twist, a strain, a flexure [figure]
- Contour, kōn-tōr, *s.* the outline of a
- Contra, kōn-trā, *ad.* on the other side or part. The Latin *prep.* contra used in composition signifies *against* or *opposite* [illegal]
- Contraband, kōn-trā-bānd, *a.* prohibited,
- Contract, kōn-trākt', *v. a.* to shorten, to betroth, to get a habit of—*v. n.* to shrink up, to grow short, to bargain—*part.* affianced, contracted
- Contract, kōn-trākt, *s.* a bargain, an agreement [of contraction]
- Contractable, kōn-trākt'-tŷb'l, *a.* capable
- Contraction, kōn-trākt-shūn, *s.* the act of shortening or abridging, an abbreviation [makes bargain]
- Contractor, kōn-trākt-tór, *s.* one who
- Contradict, kōn-trā-dŷkt', *v. a.* to oppose verbally, to deny
- Contradiction, kōn-trā-dŷk'-shūn, *s.* opposition, inconsistency
- Contradictory, kōn-trā-dŷk'-tór-ŷ, *a.* inconsistent with
- Contradistinction, kōn-trā-dŷs-tŷngk'-shūn, *s.* distinction by opposite qualities
- Contradistinguish, kōn-trā-dŷs-tŷng'-wŷsh, *v. a.* to distinguish by opposites [sistent, across]
- Contrariant, kōn-trā-rŷěnt, *s.* incon-
- Contraries, kōn-trā-rŷz, *s.* propositions that oppose
- Contrariety, kōn-trā-rŷ-ē-tŷ, *s.* opposition, inconsistency [the contrary]
- Contrariwise, kōn-trā-rŷ-wize, *ad.* on
- Contrary, kōn-trā-rŷ, *a.* opposite, disagreeing, adverse
- Contrast, kōn-trāst, *s.* opposition
- Contrast, kōn-trāst', *v. a.* to place in opposition
- Contravallation, kōn-trā-vāl-lā-shūn, *s.* a fortification thrown up to prevent sallies from a garrison
- Contravene, kōn-trā-věne, *v. a.* to obstruct, to oppose [position]
- Contravention, kōn-trā-věn'-shūn, *s.* op-
- Contributory, kōn-trŷb'-ū-tár-ŷ, *a.* paying tribute to the same sovereign
- Contribute, kōn-trŷb'-ūte, *v. a.* to give—*v. n.* to bear a part
- Contribution, kōn-trŷ-bŷ-shūn, *s.* the act of contributing, a military exaction, a levy [den]
- Contristate, kōn-trŷs'-tāte, *v. a.* to sadder
- Contrite, kōn-trŷte, *a.* very sorrowful, truly penitent
- Contrition, kōn-trŷsh'-ūn, *s.* repentance
- Contrivance, kōn-trŷv-éns, *s.* scheme, artifice
- Contrive, kōn-trŷve, *v. a.* to plan, to invent—*v. n.* to plan, form, or design
- Control, kōn-trō'le, *s.* power, restraint, authority—*v. a.* to govern, to restrain, to confute
- Controller, kōn-trō'le-ér, *s.* he who has power to control [lating to disputes]
- Controversial, kōn-trō-vér-shāl, *a.* re-
- Controversy, kōn-trō-vér-sŷ, *s.* a dispute, quarrel, enmity
- Controvert, kōn-trō-vért, *v. a.* to debate, dispute, quarrel [putable]
- Controvertible, kōn-trō-vért'-sh'l, *a.* dis-

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shírt—

- Contumacious, kôn-tù-mā-shŭs, *a.* obstinate, perverse, stubborn  
 Contumacy, kôn-tù-mā-sŭ, *s.* obstinacy, stubbornness, inflexibility  
 Contumelious, kôn-tù-mē-lŭs, *a.* reproachful, abusive, rude  
 Contumely, kôn-tù-mē-lŭ, *s.* contemptuousness, rudeness  
 Contuse, kôn-tŭ-ze, *v. a.* to beat together, to bruise [bruise  
 Contusion, kôn-tŭ-zhŭn, *s.* a bruising  
 Convalescence, kôn-vā-lēs-ēns, *s.* recovery of health  
 Convalescent, kôn-vā-lēs-sēnt, *a.* recovering from illness  
 Convene, kôn-vēne, *v. n.* to come together, to assemble—*v. a.* to call together [ness  
 Convenience, kôn-vē-nŭēns, *s.* suitable  
 Convenient, kôn-vē-nyēnt, *a.* fit, suitable, well adapted  
 Convert, kôn-vēnt, *s.* a religious house, a nunnery  
 Conventicle, kôn-vēn'-tŭk'l, *s.* a meeting-house, a secret assembly  
 Convention, kôn-vēn'-shŭn, *s.* an assembly, a contract  
 Conventional, kôn-vēn-shŭn-āl, *a.* stipulated, done by contract  
 Conventual, kôn-vēn'-tŭ-āl, *a.* belonging to a convent [one point  
 Converge, kôn-vēr'dzh, *v. n.* to tend to  
 Conversable, kôn-vēr'-sēb'l, *a.* fit for conversation, sociable  
 Conversant, kôn'-ver-sēnt, *a.* acquainted with, skilled in  
 Conversation, kôn-vēr-sā-shŭn, *s.* familiar discourse, chat  
 Conversative, kôn-vēr'-sā-tŭv, *a.* relating to public life  
 Converse, kôn-vēr's, *v. n.* to discourse  
 Converse, kôn-vēr's, *s.* conversation, acquaintance, cohabitation—*a.* contrary  
 Conversion, kôn-vēr'-shŭn, *s.* change from one state to another  
 Convert, kôn-vért', *v. a.* to change, turn, appropriate—*v. n.* to undergo a change [his opinion or religion  
 Convert, kôn'-vért, *s.* one who changes  
 Convertible, kôn-vēr'-tŭb'l, *a.* susceptible of change  
 Convex, kôn'-vĕks, *a.* rising like the outside of a globe—*s.* a convex or spherical body  
 Convexity, kôn-vĕks'-i-tŭ, *s.* a circular form, rotundity [transfer  
 Convey, kôn-vā, *v. a.* to carry, send, Conveyance, kôn-vā-ēns, *s.* act or means of conveying  
 Conveyancer, kôn'-vā-ēn-sér, *s.* person used to form deeds, leases, &c.  
 Convict, kôn'-vĭkt, *s.* one convicted  
 Convict, kôn'-vĭkt, *a.* convicted, detected in guilt—*v. a.* to prove guilty  
 Conviction, kôn'-vĭk'-shŭn, *s.* a detection of guilt, full proof [convince  
 Convictive, kôn'-vĭk'-tŭv, *a.* tending to convince, kôn'-vĭk', *v. a.* to prove, to make a person sensible of a thing by full proofs [proving, &c.  
 Convincing, kôn'-vĭn'-sĭng, *part. a.*  
 Convivial, kôn'-vĭv'-yāl, *a.* festive, social, jovial [quibble  
 Conundrum, kôn'-ŭn'-drŭm, *s.* a low jest  
 Convocate, kôn'-vō-kāte, *v. a.* to call together [clesiastical assembly  
 Convocation, kôn'-vō-kā'-shŭn, *s.* an ec-  
 Convoke, kôn'-vō'ke, *v. a.* to call or summon together  
 Convolve, kôn'-vōlv', *v. a.* to roll together, to wind, to turn  
 Convoluted, kôn'-vō-lŭ'-tĕd, *part.* twisted, rolled upon itself  
 Convoy, kôn'-vōŭ, *s.* an attendance for defence [for defence  
 Convoy, kôn'-vōŭ, *v. a.* to accompany  
 Conusance, kôn'-ŭ-sēns, *s.* cognisance, notice [lent motion  
 Convulse, kôn'-vŭl's, *v. a.* to give a violent  
 Convulsion, kôn'-vŭl'-shŭn, *s.* an involuntary contraction of the fibres and muscles, &c.  
 Cony, kôn'-ŷ, *s.* a rabbit  
 Coo, kô', *v. n.* to cry as a dove or pigeon  
 Cook, kôk', *s.* one who dresses victuals—*v. a.* to prepare victuals for the table  
 Cookery, kôk'-ér-ŷ, *s.* the art of dressing victuals  
 Cool, kô'le, *a.* somewhat cold, indifferent—*v. a.* to make cool, to quiet—*v. n.* to grow cool, to become quiet  
 Cooler, kô'l-ér, *s.* any thing which lays heat, vessel to cool wort in brewing [the cold  
 Coolness, kô'le-nĕs, *s.* indifference, gentleness  
 Coom, kô'mē, *s.* soot, dust, grease for wheels [bushels  
 Coomb, kô'mē, *s.* a corn measure of four  
 Coop, kô'pe, *s.* a wooden cage for poultry, a barrel—*v. a.* to shut up, to cage  
 Coopee, kô-pē', *s.* a motion in dancing  
 Cooper, kôp'-ér, *s.* one who makes casks

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mûte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Cooperage, kō'pér-ědzh, *s.* a cooper's workshop, price for his work  
 Co-operate, kō-ōp'ér-āte, *v. n.* to labour for the same end  
 Co-operation, kō-ōp'ér-ā-shūn, *s.* concurring to the same end  
 Co-ordinate, kō-ō'r-dī-nět, *a.* holding the same rank  
 Coot, kō'te, *s.* a small black water fowl  
 Cop, kōp', *s.* the head or top of any thing  
 Copal, kō'pāl, *s.* a gum so named  
 Coparcenary, kō-pār-sē-nār-ý, *s.* an equal share in a patrimonial inheritance  
 Copartner, kō-pā'rt-nér, *s.* a joint partner  
 Cope, kō'pe, *s.* a priest's cloak, a concave arch—*v. a.* to contend with, oppose—*v. n.* to contend, to strive  
 Coping, kō'pīng, *s.* the covering of a wall [dant  
 Copious, kō'pyús, *a.* plentiful, abundant  
 Copped, kōpt', *a.* rising to a top or head  
 Coppel, kōp'pél, *s.* an instrument used in chymistry to purify gold and silver [boiler  
 Copper, kōp'pér, *s.* a metal, a large  
 Copperas, kōp'pér-ās, *s.* vitriol vulgarly so called [per  
 Coppery, kōp'pér-ý, *a.* containing copper  
 Copper-plate, kōp'pér-plā'te, *s.* the plate on which pictures are engraven, an impression from such a plate  
 Coppersmith, kōp'pér-smýth, *s.* one that works in copper  
 Coppice, kōp'pýs, *s.* a wood of small low trees  
 Copse, kōps', *s.* short wood—*v. a.* to preserve underwoods  
 Copulate, kōp'-ū-lāte, *v. a.* to unite, conjoin  
 Copulation, kōp'-ū-lā-shūn, *s.* an union  
 Copulative, kōp'-ū-lā-tív, *a.* joining to or mixing together  
 Copy, kōp'ý, *s.* transcript or picture from the original, an imitation, an original, a pattern to write after—*v. a.* to transcribe, to write from or out of, to imitate  
 Copy-book, kēp'ý-bōk, *s.* a book in which copies are written  
 Copy hold, kōp'ý-hōwld, *s.* a tenure under the lord of a manor  
 Copyholder, kōp'ý-hōwld-ér, *s.* possessor of copyhold lands, &c.
- Copyist, kōp'ý-ýst, *s.* an imitator, one who copies or transcribes  
 Copy-right, kōp'ý-ríte, *s.* the sole right to print a book  
 Coquet, kō-kět', *v. a.* to deceive in love, to jilt—*v. n.* to act the lover  
 Coquetry, kō-kět'-rý, *s.* deceit in love affectation [a vain woman  
 Coquette, kō-kět', *s.* a jilting airy girl  
 Coracle, kōr'-āk'l, *s.* a boat used in Wales by fishermen  
 Coral, kōr'-āl, *s.* a child's ornament, testaceous habitation of a marine animal  
 Coralline, kōr'-āl-line, *a.* consisting of coral [ries  
 Corb, kōrb, *s.* a basket used in coale  
 Corban, kōr'-bān, *s.* an alms-basket, a gift, an alms  
 Cord, kōrd, *s.* a sinew, a rope, a measure of wood—*v. a.* to bind with ropes  
 Cordage, kōr-dědzh, *s.* a parcel of cords  
 Cordelier, kōr-dé-lí'r, *s.* a Franciscan friar  
 Cordial, kōrd-yāl, *s.* a cherishing comforting draught—*a.* reviving, sincere, hearty [affection, esteem  
 Cordiality, kōrd-yāl-ý-tý, *s.* sincerity  
 Cordon, kōr'd-ōn, *s.* a row of stones, a chain of forces [maker  
 Cordwainer, kōrd-wā'n-ér, *s.* a shoemaker  
 Cord-wood, kōrd-wūd, *s.* wood tied up for firing  
 Core, kō're, *s.* the heart or inner part of a thing [or like leather  
 Coriaceous, kō-ryā'-shús, *a.* consisting of  
 Coriander, kō-rý-ān-dér, *s.* a plant, a hot seed [ly called currant  
 Corinth, kōr'-ýnth, *s.* the fruit common  
 Corinthian, kō-rýn'-thyán, *a.* the fourth order in architecture  
 Cork, kōrk, *s.* a sort of tree, its bark, a bottle stopple—*v. a.* to put corks into bottles [prey, a glutton  
 Cormorant, kōr'-mō-rént, *s.* a bird of  
 Corn, kōrn, *s.* a grain, a hard lump like horn in the flesh—*v. a.* to salt, to sprinkle with salt  
 Cornchandler, kōrn tshānd-lér, *s.* one that retails corn  
 Cornel, kōr'-nėl, *s.* a sort of tree bearing the cornelian cherry  
 Corneous, kōr'-nyús, *a.* horny, like horn  
 Corner, kōr'-nér, *s.* an angle, a secret or remote place, the extremity, the end



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

**Cornet**, kŏr'-nēt, *s.* a musical instrument, the officer that bears the standard

**Cornice**, kŏr'-nīs, *s.* the highest projection of a wall or column

**Cornigerous**, kŏr'-nīdzh'-ér-ús, *a.* horned, having horns [of plenty]

**Cornucopia**, kŏr' nū-kŏ"-pyā, *s.* the horn

**Cornuted**, kŏr'-nūtéd, *a.* grafted with horns, cuckolded

**Cornuto**, kŏr'-nūt-ŏ, *s.* a cuckold

**Corollary**, kŏr'-ŏl-ár-y, *s.* an inference, deduction, surplus

**Coronal**, kŏr'-ŏ-nál, *s.* a chaplet, a garland—*a.* belonging to the top of the head [crown]

**Coronary**, kŏr'-ŏ-nár-y, *a.* relating to a

**Coronation**, kŏr'-ŏ-nā'-shŷn, *s.* the act or solemnity of crowning

**Coroner**, kŏr'-ŏ-nér, *s.* a civil officer, who, with a jury, enquires into casual or violent deaths

**Coronet**, kŏr'-ŏ-nēt, *s.* a crown worn by the nobility

**Corporal**, kŏr'-pŏ-rál, *s.* a kind of low officer—*a.* belonging to the body, material [body]

**Corporate**, kŏr'-pŏ-rét, *a.* united in a

**Corporation**, kŏr'-pŏ-rā'-shŷn, *s.* a body politic

**Corporeal**, kŏr'-pŏ-rýál, *a.* having a body, not immaterial

**Corps**, kŏ're, (*pl.* kŏ'rz,) *s.* a body of soldiers, a regiment

**Corpse**, kŏ'rps, *s.* a carcase, a dead body

**Corpulency**, kŏr'-pŭ-lén-sý, *s.* bulkiness of body

**Corpulent**, kŏr'-pŭ-lént, *a.* fleshy, bulky

**Corpuscle**, kŏr'-pŷsk'l, *s.* a small body, an atom [scrape together]

**Corrade**, kŏr'-rá'de, *v. a.* to rub off, to

**Correct**, kŏr'-rēkt', *v. a.* to punish, chastise, amend—*a.* finished with exactness [amendmen]

**Correction**, kŏr'-rēk'-shŷn, *s.* punishment,

**Corrective**, kŏr'-rēk'-tív, *a.* having the power of correcting—*s.* what has the power of correcting

**Correctness**, kŏr'-rēkt'-nēs, *s.* accuracy

**Corregidor**, kŏr'-rēdzh'-i-dŏre, *s.* a chief magistrate in Spain

**Correlate**, kŏr'-rē-lăt, *s.* one that stands in the opposite relation

**Correlative**, kŏr'-rēl'-ā-tív, *a.* having a reciprocal relation

**Correption**, kŏr'-rēp'-shŷn, *s.* chiding, rebuke, reproof

**Correspond**, kŏr'-rē-spŏnd', *v. n.* to suit, to answer, to fit, to keep up a reciprocal intelligence

**Correspondence**, kŏr'-rē-spŏnd'-éns, *s.* exchange of letters, relation

**Correspondent**, kŏr'-rē-spŏn'-dēt, *a.* suitable, answerable—*s.* one with whom intelligence is kept up by letters [amended, punishable]

**Corrigible**, kŏr'-rī-dzhīb'l, *a.* that may be

**Corroborant**, kŏr'-rŏb'-ŏ-rēt, *a.* strengthening, confirming

**Corroborate**, kŏr'-rŏb'-ŏ-rāte, *v. a.* to confirm, to establish

**Corroboration**, kŏr'-rŏb'-ŏ-rā'-shŷn, *s.* the act of strengthening [by degrees]

**Corrode**, kŏr'-rŏ'de, *v. a.* to eat away

**Corrosible**, kŏr'-rŏ-sīb'l, *a.* that which may be consumed by a menstruum

**Corrosion**, kŏr'-rŏ'-zhŷn, *s.* the act of eating away

**Corrosive**, kŏr'-rŏ-sív, *a.* able to corrode or eat away—*s.* what wastes any thing away

**Corrugate**, kŏr'-rŭ-gāte, *v. a.* to wrinkle or purse up

**Corrupt**, kŏr'-rŭpt', *v. a.* to infect, to defile, to bribe—*v. n.* to become putrid, vicious, tainted with wickedness

**Corruptible**, kŏr'-rŭp'-tīb'l, *a.* that which may be corrupted

**Corruption**, kŏr'-rŭp'-shŷn, *s.* wickedness, matter in a sore

**Corsair**, kŏ'sāre, *s.* a pirate

**Corse**, kŏ'rse, *s.* a dead body, a carcase

**Corselet**, kŏ'rs-let, *s.* a light armour for the fore part of the body

**Cortical**, kŏr'-tī-kál, *a.* barky, belonging to the rind [oling bark]

**Corticated**, kŏr'-tī-kā-téd, *a.* resembling

**Coruscant**, kŏ-rŭs'-ként, *a.* glittering, flashing [vibration of light]

**Coruscation**, kŏr'-ŭs-kŏ'-shŷn, *s.* a quick

**Cosmetic**, kŏz'-mēt'-ik, *a.* beautifying—*s.* a wash to improve the skin

**Cosmical**, kŏz'-mī-kál, *a.* relating to the world, rising or setting with the sun

**Cosmographer**, kŏz'-mŏg'-rāf-ér, *s.* one who writes a description of the world

**Cosmography**, kŏz'-mŏg'-rāf-y, *s.* the science of the general system of the world or of the universe

**Cosmology**, kŏz'-mŏl'-ŏ-dzhŷ, *s.* discourse concerning the world

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Cosmopolite, kôz-môp'-ô-lite, *s.* a citizen of the world [by the hand

Cosset, kôs'-sêt, *s.* a lamb brought up

Cost, kô'st, *s.* price, charge, expence, loss—*v. n.* to be bought for or to be had at a price

Costal, kôs'-tâl, *a.* relating to the ribs

Costard, kôs'-târd, *s.* a head, an apple round and bulky like the head

Costive, kôs'-tîv, *a.* bound in the body

Costly, kô'st-lŷ, *a.* sumptuous, expensive, dear

Cot, kôt', or Cottage, kôt'-têdzh, *s.* a hut, a mean habitation

Cotemporary, kô-têm'-pô-râr-ŷ, *a.* living at the same time

Cotilion, kô-tîl'-jôn, *s.* a French dance

Cottage, kôt'-têdzh, *s.* a small house

Cottager, kôt'-têdzh-ér, *s.* one who lives in a cottage

Cotton, kôt'n, *s.* down of the cotton tree, cloth or stuff made of cotton

Couch, kôûtsh, *v. n.* to lie down, to stoop or bend down—*v. a.* to lay down, to hide, to fix—*s.* a seat of repose, a layer

Couchant, kôû'-shént, *a.* lying down, squatting

Cove, kô've, *s.* a small creek or bay, a shelter

Covenant, kôv'-ê-nént, *s.* a bargain, a deed, an agreement—*v. n.* to bargain, to agree

Covenous, kôv'-ê-nús, *a.* fraudulent, treacherous

Cover, kôv'-ér, *v. a.* to overspread, conceal, hide—*s.* concealment, screen, pretence [thing that covers

Covering, kôv'-ér-ŷng, *s.* dress, any

Coverlet, kôv'-ér-lèt, *s.* the outermost of the bedclothes

Covert, kôv'-ért, *s.* a shelter, a thicket, a hiding-place—a sheltered, secret

Coverture, kôv'-ér-tûre, *s.* shelter, state of a married woman

Covet, kôv'-èt, *v. a.* to desire earnestly—*v. n.* to have a strong desire

Covetous, kôv'-ê-tús, *a.* avaricious, greedy

Covetousness, kôv'-ê-tûs-nês, *s.* avarice

Covey, kôv'-ŷ, *s.* a hatch, an old bird with her young ones, a number of birds together

Cough, kôf, *s.* a convulsion of the lungs

Covin, or Covine, kô-v'în, *s.* a deceitful agreement, a collusion

Coulter, kôl'-tér, *s.* a ploughshare

Council, kôû'n-sîl, *s.* an assembly met for consultation

Counsel, kôû'n-sél, *s.* advice, direction, a pleader—*v. a.* to give advice, to direct

Counsellor, kôû'n-sél-lór, *s.* one that gives advice

Count, kôû'nt, *v. a.* to number, to tell, to reckon—*s.* number, reckoning, a title of nobility, an earl

Countenance, kôû'n-tê-néns, *s.* form of the face, look, patronage—*v. a.* to support, patronise

Counter, kôû'n-tér, *s.* base money, a shop table—*ad.* contrary to, in a wrong way

Counteract, kôûn-tér-âk't, *v. a.* to hinder, to act contrary to, to act against

Counterbalance, kôûn-tér-bâl'-éns, *v. a.* to make amends with an opposite interest [opposite weight

Counterbalance, kôû'n-tér-bâl'-éns, *s.* an

Counterchange, kôû'n-tér-tshândzh, *s.* a mutual exchange

Countercharm, kôûn-tér-tshâ'rm, *s.* that which dissolves a charm

Countercharm, kôûn-tér-tshâ'rm, *v. a.* to destroy an enchantment

Countercheck, kôû'n-tér-tshêk, *s.* a stop, a rebuke [opposite evidence

Countervidence, kôûn-tér-év'-î-déns, *s.*

Counterfeit, kôû'n-tér-fît, *v. a.* to forge, to imitate [deceitful

Counterfeit, kôû'n-tér-fît, *a.* forged,

Countermand, kôûn-tér-mâ'nd, *v. a.* to contradict an order

Counter march, kôû'n-tér-mâ'rtsh, *s.* a march backward

Counter mine, kôû'n-tér-mîne, *s.* a well or hole made in the ground to seek out the enemy's mine

Counter mine, kôûn-tér-mî'ne, *v. a.* to defeat secretly [a contrary motion

Counter motion, kôûn-tér mō'-shûn, *s.*

Counterpane, kôû'n-tér-pâ'ne, *s.* the upper covering of a bed

Counterpart, kôû'n-tér-pâ'rt, *s.* a correspondent part [tion in law

Counterplea, kôûn-tér-plé', *s.* a replica-

Counterplead, kôûn-tér-plê'de, *v. a.* to contradict, to deny

Counterplot, kôû'n-tér-plôt', *v. a.* to oppose one plot by another

Counterplot, kôû'n-tér-plôt, *s.* an artifice opposed to an artifice

Counterpoint, kôû'n-tér-pô'înt, *s.* a coverlet woven in squares

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chÿn, chine, fiêld, shîrt—

Counterpoise, kôûn-ter-pô'z, *v. a.* to counterbalance [weight or power]

Counterpoise, kôû'n-tér-pô'z, *s.* equal

Counterproject, kôûn-tér-prôdzh'êkt, *s.* an opposite scheme

Counterscarp, kôû'n-tér-skârp, *s.* a ditch next a camp [undersign, to confirm]

Countersign, kôûn-tér-sî'ne, *v. a.* to

Countertenor, kôûn-tér-tên'-ôr, *s.* a mild-dle part in music [tide]

Countertide, kôû'n-tér-tide, *s.* contrary

Countervail, kôû'n-tér-vâ'le, *v. a.* to have equal force or value, to be equivalent to [weight or value]

Countervail, kôû'n-tér-vâ'le, *s.* equal

Counterview, kôû'n-tér-vû, *s.* an opposition, a contrast

Counterwork, kôû'n-tér-wûrk, *v. a.* to counteract, to endeavour to defeat

Countess, kôû'n-tês, *s.* the wife of a count or earl

Counting-house, kôû'n-tîng-hôûs, *s.* a room where accounts are kept

Countless, kôû'nt-lês, *a.* innumerable

Country, kûn'-trÿ, *s.* a tract of land, a region, rural parts, the native place —*a.* rustic, rural, unpolite

Countryman, kûn'-trÿ-mân, *s.* one of the same country, husbandman, rustic

County, kôû'ntÿ, *s.* a shire, an earldom

Coupee, kô-pê', *s.* a motion in dancing

Couple, kûp'l, *s.* a man and wife, a pair, a brace—*v. a.* to join together, marry

Couplet, kûp'-lèt, *s.* two verses, a pair

Courage, kûr'-êdzh, *s.* bravery, active fortitude [daring, bold]

Courageous, kûr-â-dzhûs, *a.* brave,

Courant, kû-râ'nt, *s.* a sprightly dance, &c. [haste]

Courier, kô'-ryér, *s.* a messenger sent in

Course, kô'rse, *s.* a race, a career, a race-ground, a track in which a ship

sails, order of succession, method of life, natural bent, number of dishes

set at once upon the table—*v. a.* to hunt, to pursue, to force, to run—

*v. n.* to run, to rove about

Courser, kô'r-sér, *s.* a swift horse, a horse-racer

Court, kô'rt, *s.* the residence of a prince, a hall where justice is administered,

a small opening enclosed with houses, persons assembled for the adminis-

tration of justice—*v. a.* to make love to, to solicit

Courtelage, kô'rt'-ÿ-lêdzh, *s.* a yard or piece of ground belonging to a house

Courteous, kô'r-tyûs, *a.* elegant, of man-ners, well-bred

Courtesan or Courtezan, kô'r-tê-zân', *s.* a prostitute

Courtesy, kûr-tê'-sÿ, *s.* elegance of man-ners, civility

Courtesy, kûrt'-sÿ, *s.* the reverence made by women—*v. n.* to make a

reverence

Courtezan, kô'r-tê-zân, *see* Courtezan

Courtier, kô'rt-yér, *s.* one that attends the courts of princes, a lover

Courtleet, kô'rt-lê'te, *s.* lord of a ma-nor's court

Courtlike, kô'rt-lîke, *a.* well-bred, polite

Courtly, kô'rt-lÿ, *a.* relating or apper-taining to the court, elegant, soft,

flattering [a woman]

Courtship, kô'rt-shÿp, *s.* making love to

Cousin, kû'z'n, *s.* any one collaterally related more remotely than a brother

or sister [v. a. to depress]

Cow, kôw', *s.* the female of the bull—

Coward, kôw'-ârd, *s.* a poltroon

Cowardice, kôw'-ârd-îs, *s.* fear, want of courage

Cowardly, kôw'-ârd-lÿ, *a.* like a cow-ard—pusillanimous, fearful

Cower, kôw'r, *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees [cows]

Cow-herd, kôw'-hérd, *s.* one who tends

Cowl, kôw'l, *s.* a monk's hood, a vessel for carrying water [rose]

Cowslip, kôw'-slÿp, *s.* a piece of prim-

Coxcomb, kôks'-kôme, *s.* a cock's top-ping, a beau, a fop

Coxcomical, kôks-kôm'-ÿk-âl, *a.* pert, foppish, conceited [the cockboat]

Coxswain, kôks'-ôn, *s.* commander of

Coy, kôy', *a.* modest, decent, reserved

Cozen, kôz'n, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud [cheat]

Cozenage, kôz'n-êdzh, *s.* fraud, deceit,

Crab, krâb', *s.* a fish, a wild apple, a peevish person [difficult]

Crabbed, krâb'-bêd, *a.* morose, peevish,

Crack, krâk', *s.* a sudden noise, a chink, a boaster—*v. a.* to break into chinks

Crack-brained, krâk'-brând, *a.* crazy

Crackle, krâk'l, *v. n.* to make slight cracks, &c. [cake]

Cracknel, krâk'-nél, *s.* a hard brittle

Cradle, krâ'd'l, *s.* a bed for an infant, a case for a broken bone, a frame of timber for launching a ship

Craft, krâ'ft, *s.* trade, cunning, small vessel

slōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, māte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Craftiness, krāf'-tŷ-nēs, *s.* cunning, stratagem [mechanic]  
 Craftsman, krāfts-māu, *s.* an artificer, a  
 Crafty, krāf'-tŷ, *a.* cunning, artful  
 Crag, krāg', *s.* a rough steep rock, the  
 nape of the neck [rocks]  
 Craggy, krāg'-gŷ, *a.* rugged, rough with  
 Cram, krām', *v. a.* to stuff, to eat  
 greedily—*v. n.* to eat beyond satiety  
 Crambo, krām'-bō, *s.* a play in which  
 one gives a word and another finds  
 a rhyme [led beyond satiety]  
 Crammed, krām'-mēd, *part.* stuffed, fil-  
 Cramp, krāmp', *s.* a contraction of the  
 limbs, restriction, a bent piece of  
 iron—*a.* difficult, hard, knotty—*v. a.*  
 to restrain, to confine, to bind  
 Crampiron, krāmp'-ī-rōn, *s.* an iron to  
 fasten together  
 Craunch, or Craunch, krānsh', *v. a.* to  
 crash between the teeth  
 Crane, krāne, *s.* a bird, a machine, a  
 crooked pipe  
 Cranium, krā'-nyūm, *s.* the skull  
 Crank, krāngk', *s.* end of an iron axis,  
 a conceit—*a.* healthy, lusty, easy to  
 be overset  
 Crankle, krāngk'l, *v. n.* to run in and  
 out—*v. a.* to break into unequal  
 surfaces  
 Crannied, krān'-nŷd, *a.* full of chinks  
 Cranny, krān'-nŷ, *s.* a chink, a fissure,  
 a crevice [ing]  
 Crape, krā'pe, *s.* a thin stuff for mourn-  
 Crash, krāsh', *s.* a loud mixed sound—  
*v. n.* to make a loud complicated  
 noise—*v. a.* to break or bruise  
 Crasis, krā'-sis, *s.* constitution, tempe-  
 rament [coarseness]  
 Crassitude, krās'-sŷ-tūde, *s.* grossness,  
 Cratch, krāтч', *s.* a frame in which  
 hay is put for cattle  
 Crater, krā'-tēr, *s.* a cup, a bowl, the  
 mouth of a volcano  
 Cravat, krā'-vāt', *s.* a neckcloth  
 Crave, krā'Ve, *v. a.* to ask earnestly, to  
 long for [coward]  
 Craven, krāv'n, *s.* a conquered cock, a  
 Crow, krā', *s.* the crop or stomach of  
 birds  
 Crawfish, krā'-fŷsh, *s.* the river lobster  
 Crawl, krāl', *v. n.* to creep, to move  
 slowly or as a worm  
 Crayon, krā'-ōn, *s.* a pencil, a roll of  
 paste to draw lines with, a picture  
 Craze, krā'ze, *v. a.* to break or crack  
 the brain

Crazy, krā'-zŷ, *a.* decrepit, feeble,  
 broken witted  
 Creak, krē'ke, *v. n.* to make a harsh noise  
 Cream, krē'me, *s.* the oily part of milk  
 Cream faced, krēm'-fāst, *a.* pale, wan  
 Crease, krē'se, *s.* a mark made by doub-  
 ling any thing—*v. a.* to mark by fold-  
 ing [duce, to cause]  
 Create, krē-ā'te, *v. a.* to form, to pro-  
 Creation, krē-ā'-shūn, *s.* act of creating,  
 the universe [to create]  
 Creative, krē-ā'-tŷv, *a.* having the power  
 Creator, krē-ā'-tōr, *s.* the Being that  
 bestows existence  
 Creature, krē'tūre, *s.* a being created,  
 a word of contempt or tenderness, a  
 dependant [reputation]  
 Credence, krē'-dēns, *s.* belief, credit,  
 Credenda, krē-dēn' dā, *s.* articles of faith  
 Credential, krē-dēn'-shāl, *s.* title to cre-  
 dit [credit, probability]  
 Credibility, krēd'-y-bil'-i tŷ, *s.* a claim to  
 Credible, krēd'-ib'l, *a.* worthy of credit,  
 likely  
 Credit, krēd'-ŷt, *s.* belief, reputation,  
 trust reposed—*v. a.* to believe, trust,  
 confide in [estimable]  
 Creditable, krēd'-ŷt-ēb'l, *a.* reputable,  
 Creditor, krēd'-ŷt-ōr, *s.* one who trusts  
 or gives credit [belief]  
 Credulity, krē-dū'-lŷ-tŷ, *s.* easiness of  
 Credulous, krēd'-ū-lūs, *a.* apt to believe,  
 unsuspecting  
 Creed, krē'de, *s.* a confession of faith  
 Creek, krē'ke, *s.* a small bay, a nook  
 Creep, krē'pe, *v. n.* to move slowly, to  
 fawn, to bend [on the ground]  
 Creeping, krēp'-ŷng, *a.* moving slowly  
 Crenated, krē-nā-tēd, *a.* notched, jag-  
 ged, rough  
 Crenelle, krē-nēl, *a.* embattled  
 Crepitate, krēp'-ŷ-tāte, *v. n.* to make a  
 low crackling noise  
 Crepuscule, krē-pūs'-kūle, *s.* twilight  
 Crepusculous, krē-pūs'-kū-lūs, *a.* glim-  
 mering, dim  
 Crescent, krēs'-sēnt, *a.* increasing, grow-  
 ing—*s.* an increasing moon  
 Cress, krēs', *s.* a sort of water-herb  
 Cresset, krēs'-sēt, *s.* a light on a beacon  
 Crest, krēst', *s.* a plume of feathers, a  
 tuft or ornament on the head, pride,  
 spirit, fire [plume or crest]  
 Crested, krēs'-tēd, *a.* adorned with a  
 Crest-fallen, krēst-fāl'n, *a.* dejected,  
 low, spiritless [chalky]  
 Cretaceous, krē-tā'-shūs, *a.* having chalk,



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liár—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chŷn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

Crevice, krév'-ys, *s.* a crack, a cleft  
 Crew, krû', *s.* a mean set of people, a ship's company [yarn, &c.  
 Crewel, krû'-él, *s.* a ball of worsted  
 Crewet, krû'-ët, *s.* a phial for oil or vinegar  
 Crib, krîb', *s.* a manger, a stall, a cottage—*v. a.* to shut up, to steal privately [game at cards  
 Cribbage, krîb'-bêdzh, *s.* the name of a game  
 Cribble, krîb'l, *s.* a sieve for clearing corn [stiffness in the neck  
 Crick, krîk', *s.* the noise of a hinge, a Cricket, krîk'-kêt, *s.* a chirping insect, a sort of sport, a low stool [for sale  
 Crier, krî'-ér, *s.* one who cries goods  
 Crime, krî'-me, *s.* an offence, wickedness  
 Criminal, krîm'-în-âl, *s.* a person accused, a felon—*a.* faulty, guilty  
 Crimination, krîm'-în-â'-shûn, *s.* an accusation, a charge [ing to accuse  
 Criminatory, krîm'-în-â'-tôr'-y, *a.* tending to crime  
 Criminous, krîm'-în-ûs, *a.* wicked, iniquitous, guilty  
 Crimp, krîmp', *a.* crisp, brittle—*s.* one who kidnaps or inveigles men to enlist  
 Crimple, krîmp'l, *v. a.* to contract, to corrugate [colour  
 Crimson, krîm'-zôn, *s.* a very deep red  
 Crinum, krîngk'-ûm, *s.* a cramp, a whimsy  
 Cringe, krîndzh', *s.* servile civility, mean reverence—*v. a.* to contract, to flatter—*v. n.* to bow, to fawn  
 Crinkle, krîngk'l, *v. n.* to run in wrinkles, &c.—*v. a.* to mould into inequalities—*s.* a wrinkle  
 Crinose, krî'-nôse, *a.* hairy, rough  
 Cripple, krîp'l, *s.* a lame person—*v. a.* to lame  
 Crisis, krî'-sîs, *s.* a critical time or turn  
 Crisp, krîsp', *a.* curled, indented, brittle—*v. a.* to curl, to twist, to indent  
 Crispation, krîs-pâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of curling  
 Crispy, krîs'-pý, *a.* curled  
 Criterion, krî'-tê-ryôn, *s.* a standard whereby any thing is judged of  
 Critic, krît'-yk, *s.* a person skilled in judging of literature, a censorer, a criticism [accurate  
 Critical, krît'-y-kâl, *a.* nice, judicious  
 Criticise, krît'-y-sîze, *v. n.* to judge, to animadvert upon as faulty—*v. a.* to pass judgment upon  
 Criticism, krît'-y-sîzm, *s.* animadversion, critical remark

Critique, krît'-îke, *s.* a criticism  
 Croak, krô'ke, *s.* the cry of a frog or a raven [saffron  
 Croceous, krô'-syús, *a.* yellow, like Crock, krôk', *s.* an earthen pot or vessel  
 Crockery, krôk'-ér'-y, *s.* earthen ware  
 Crocodile, krôk'-ô-dýl, *s.* an amphibious voracious animal in shape resembling a lizard  
 Crocus, krô'-kús, *s.* an early flower  
 Croft, krô'ft, *s.* a small close near a house [ance  
 Crony, krô'ný, *s.* an intimate acquaintance  
 Crook, krôk', *s.* a crooked or bent stick—*v. a.* to bend, to pervert  
 Crooked, krôk'-êd, *a.* bent, curved, perverse  
 Crop, krôp', *s.* the claw of a bird, the harvest produce—*v. a.* to lop, to cut short [of a bishop  
 Crosier, krô'-zhyér, *s.* the pastoral staff  
 Croslet, krô's lét, *s.* a small cross  
 Cross, krô's, *s.* a straight body laid at right angles over another, misfortune, vexation—*a.* transverse, perverse, peevish, fretful, contradictory—*v. a.* to lay one body athwart another, to sign with the cross, to mark out or cancel, to pass over, to thwart or vex [v. a. to cheat  
 Crossbite, krô's-bîte, *s.* a deception—  
 Cross-bow, krô's-bô, *s.* a weapon for shooting  
 Crossgrained, krô's-grând, *a.* having the fibres transverse, troublesome, ill-natured [tree  
 Crotch, krôtsh', *s.* a hook, the fork of a Crotchet, krôtsh'-ët, *s.* a musical note equal to half a minim, a mark in printing formed thus [ ], a fancy, whim, conceit [stoop low, to fawn  
 Crouch, krôûtsh', *v. n.* to cringe, to Crow, krô', *s.* a bird, an iron lever—*v. n.* to make a noise like a cock, to boast, to vapour  
 Crowd, krôw'd, *s.* a multitude, a mob—*v. a.* to press close together—*v. n.* to swarm  
 Crowing, krô'-ýng, *s.* a cock's voice in triumph or defiance—*a.* boasting, challenging  
 Crown, krôw'n, *s.* a diadem, a garland, the top of the head, a silver coin—*v. a.* to invest with a crown, to adorn, to complete, to terminate  
 Crown-glass, krôw'n-glâ's, *s.* the finest sort of window glass

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thīck.

Cruciate, krū'-shyāte, *v. a.* to torture, to torment [pot  
Crucible, krū'-sýb'l, *s.* an earthen melting  
Crucifix, krū'-sý-fík's, *s.* the figure of Christ upon the cross  
Crucifixion, krū'-sý-fík'-shún, *s.* the act of nailing to a cross  
Crucify, krū'-sý-fý, *v. a.* to nail or fasten to a cross [undigested  
Crude, krū'de, *a.* raw, harsh, unripe,  
Crudity, krū'-dý-tý, *s.* indigestion  
Cradle, krūd'l, *v. a.* to coagulate, to curdle [fierce  
Cruel, krū'-él, *a.* inhuman, hardhearted,  
Cruelty, krū'-él-tý, *s.* inhumanity, barbarity [or oil  
Cruet, krū'-ét, *s.* a small vial for vinegar  
Cruise, krū'se, *s.* a small cup, a voyage in search of plunder—*v. n.* to sail in search of an enemy  
Cruiser, krū'-zér, *s.* a ship that cruises  
Crum or Crumb, krūm', *s.* the soft part of bread, a small piece or fragment of bread  
Crumble, krūm'b'l, *v. a.* to break into pieces—*v. n.* to fall into pieces  
Crummy, krūm'-mý, *a.* soft, full of crumbs  
Crumple, krūmp'l, *v. a.* to wrinkle  
Crumpling, krūmp'-lýng, *s.* a small green codling [a saddle tight  
Crupper, krūp'-pér, *s.* a leather to keep  
Crural, krū'-rál, *a.* belonging to the leg  
Crusade, krū-sā'de, or Crusado, krū-sā-dō, *s.* an expedition against infidels, a Portuguese coin [pot  
Cruset, krū-sét, *s.* a goldsmith's melting  
Crush, krūsh', *v. a.* to squeeze, to subdue, to bruise—*s.* a collision  
Crust, krúst', *s.* any shell or external coat, the case of a pye, outward part of bread [with joints  
Crustaceous, krús-tā'-shús, *a.* shelly,  
Crusty, krús'-tý, *a.* covered with a crust, morose, snappish [ples  
Crutch, krūtsh', *s.* support used by cripple  
Cry, krý, *v. n.* to call, to proclaim, to exclaim, to weep—*v. a.* to proclaim—*s.* a shrieking, a weeping, &c.  
Cryptic, krýp'-tik, *a.* hidden, secret  
Cryptography, krýp-tóg'-rá-fý, *s.* the act of writing secret characters, cyphers  
Crystal, krýs'-tál, *s.* a sort of transparent stone [transparent, clear  
Crystalline, krýs'-tál-line, *a.* bright,  
Crystallize, krýs'-tál-lize, *v. a.* to congeal or concrete into crystals

Cub, kúb', *s.* the young of a beast, generally of a bear or fox—*v. a.* to bring forth [down  
Cubation, kú-bā'-shún, *s.* act of lying  
Cubatory, kú-bā'-tór-ý, *a.* recumbent  
Cubature, kú'-bā-tūre, *s.* the solid contents of a body [body  
Cube, kú'be, *s.* a square, a die, a solid  
Cubic, kú'-býk, *a.* formed like a cube  
Cubit, kú'-být, *s.* a measure of eighteen inches  
Cucking-stool, kúk'-ýng-stó'le, *s.* an engine for ducking scolds  
Cuckold, kúk'-hóld, *s.* the husband of an adultress—*v. a.* to commit adultery [being a cuckold  
Cuckoldom, kúk'-ól-dóm, *s.* state of Cuckow, kúk'-kō, *s.* a bird, a word of contempt [its fruit  
Cucumber, kú'-kūm-bér, *s.* a plant and  
Cucurbite, kú'-kúr-být, *s.* a chymical vessel  
Cud, kúd', *s.* food repositied in the first stomach of an animal in order to be chewed again  
Cuddle, kúd'l, *v. a.* to lie close, to hug  
Cudgel, kúdzh'-él, *s.* a fighting stick—*v. a.* to beat with a stick  
Cue, kú', *s.* the end of any thing, a hint  
Cuff, kúf', *s.* a blow, a box, part of a sleeve—*v. n.* to fight, to scuffle—*v. a.* to strike with the fist  
Cuirass, ký'-rás, *s.* a breastplate  
Cuirassier, ký'-rás-sír, *s.* a soldier in armour [kitchen  
Culinary, kú'-lý-nár-ý, *a.* relating to the  
Cull, kúl', *v. a.* to select from others  
Cullender, kúl'-ýn-dér, *s.* kitchen sieve, a strainer  
Cully, kúl'-lý, *s.* a man deceived  
Culm, kúl'm', *s.* small coal  
Culminate, kúl'-mýn-āte, *v. n.* to be in the meridian [able  
Culpable, kúl'-péb'l, *a.* criminal, blame-  
Culprit, kúl'-prýt, *s.* a man arraigned before a judge [nure, improve  
Cultivate, kúl'-tý-vāte, *v. a.* to till, ma-  
Cultivation, kúl'-tý-vā'-shún, *s.* the act of improving soils, &c.  
Culture, kúl'-tūre, *s.* the act of cultivation—*v. a.* to cultivate, to till  
Culver, kúl'-vér, *s.* a pigeon  
Culverin, kúl'-vér-ýn, *s.* a species of ordnance  
Cumber, kúm'-dér, *v. a.* to embarrass, to entangle

*Soundſ.*—hăt, hâte, háll, liár—mět, dēsist, mé, hér—chŷn, chŷne, fiēld, shŷrt—

- Cumbersome, kŷm'-bér-sóm, *a.* burdensome, troublesome, unmanageable
- Cumbrous, kŷm'-brús, *s.* burthensome, troublesome [together]
- Cumulate, kŷ-mŷ-lâte, *v. a.* to heap
- Cuneated, kŷ-nyá-tēd, *a.* formed like a wedge
- Cunning, kŷn'-nŷng, *a.* skilful, subtle, crafty—*s.* artifice, slyness
- Cup, kŷp, *s.* a drinking vessel, part of a flower—*v. a.* to draw blood by applying cupping-glasses
- Cupbearer, kŷp-bá-rér, *s.* an officer of the household [victuals]
- Cupboard, kŷp-bórd, *s.* a repository for
- Cupel, kŷ-pél, *s.* a refining vessel
- Cupidity, kŷ-pŷd'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* unlawful desire
- Cupola, kŷ-pŷ-lá, *s.* a dome, an arched roof [scarification]
- Cupping, kŷp'-ŷng, *s.* drawing blood by
- Cur, kŷr, *s.* a dog, a snappish person
- Curacy, kŷ-rá-sŷ, *s.* office of a curate
- Curate, kŷ-rēt, *s.* a clergyman who officiates for another, a parish priest
- Curb, kŷrb', *s.* a part of a bridle, restraint—*v. a.* to restrain, to check, to bridle
- Curd, kŷrd', *s.* the coagulation of milk—*v. a.* to turn to curds
- Curdle, kŷrd'l, *v. n.* to turn into curds
- Cure, kŷ're, *s.* a remedy, act of healing, employment of a clergyman—*v. a.* to heal, to restore to health, to salt
- Curfew, kŷr-fŷ, *s.* the eight o'clock bell, a fire plate [ness, rarity]
- Curiosity, kŷ-ryŷs'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* inquisitive
- Curious, kŷ-ryús, *s.* inquisitive, rare, nice
- Curl, kŷrl', *s.* a ringlet of hair, a gentle ruffling wave—*v. a.* to turn into ringlets, to twist—*v. n.* to twist itself
- Curlew, kŷr-lŷ, *s.* a kind of water-fowl
- Curmudgeon, kŷr-mud'-zhón, *s.* an avaricious fellow, a churl, a miser, a niggard [and its fruit]
- Currant, kŷr-ránt, *s.* the name of a tree
- Currency, kŷr-rén-sŷ, *s.* circulation of cash or paper, general esteem
- Current, kŷr-rént, *a.* circulatory, general, popular—*s.* a running stream
- Curricie, kŷr-rŷk'l, *s.* a two wheel chaise drawn by two horses
- Curier, kŷr-ryér, *s.* a dresser of leather
- Currish, kŷr-rŷsh, *a.* like a cur, quarrelsome [beat]
- Curry, kŷr-rŷ, *v. a.* to dress leather, to
- Currycomb, kŷr-rŷ-kŷme, *s.* an iron comb for horses
- Curse, kŷr's, *s.* a bad wish, torment, vexation—*v. a.* to wish evil to, to afflict [detestable]
- Cursed, kŷr'-sēd, *part.* under a curse,
- Cursitor, kŷr-sŷ-tŷr, *s.* a clerk in chancery [less]
- Cursory, kŷr'-sŷr-ŷ, *a.* hasty, quick, careless
- Curtail, kŷr-tá'le, *v. a.* to cut off, to shorten
- Curtain, kŷr'-tŷn, *s.* furniture of a bed or window, fortification—*v. a.* to enclose with curtains
- Curvation, kŷr-tá'-shŷn, *s.* a term in astronomy, the distance of a star from the ecliptic [bend]
- Curvature, kŷr'-vá-tŷre, *s.* crookedness,
- Curve, kŷrv', *a.* crooked, bent—*s.* any thing bent—*v. a.* to bend, to crook
- Curvet, kŷr-vēt, *v. a.* to leap, bound, prance—*s.* a leap, a frolic, a prank
- Curvilinear, kŷr-vŷ-lŷn-yár, *a.* having crooked lines [or soft seat]
- Cushion, kŷsh-ŷn, *s.* a kind of pillow
- Cusp, kŷsp, *s.* the horn of the moon or other luminary, a point [point]
- Cusped, kŷs'-pá-tēd, *a.* ending in a
- Custard, kŷs-tárd, *s.* a sweet food made by boiling eggs with milk and sugar
- Custody, kŷs-tŷd-ŷ, *s.* imprisonment, care, security
- Custom, kŷs-tóm, *s.* habit, fashion, usage, duty or tax on imports or exports [common]
- Customary, kŷs-tóm-ŷr-ŷ, *a.* habitual,
- Customer, kŷs-tóm-ér, *s.* one who buys
- Customhouse, kŷs-tóm-hŷŷs, *s.* a house where duties on imports or exports are collected
- Cut, kŷt', *v. a.* to divide, hew, carve—*s.* a cleft or wound made with an edged tool, a printed picture, fashion, form, shape [the skin]
- Cutaneous, kŷ-tá'-nyús, *a.* relating to
- Cuticle, kŷ-tŷk'l, *s.* the outermost skin, the scarf skin [the skin]
- Cuticular, kŷ-tŷk'-ŷ-lár, *a.* belonging to
- Cutlass, kŷt-lás, *s.* a broad cutting sword, [knives, &c.]
- Cutler, kŷt-lér, *s.* one who makes
- Cutter, kŷt-tér, *s.* one who cuts, a swift sailing vessel [an assassin]
- Cut-throat, kŷt-thrŷte, *s.* a murderer,
- Cutting, kŷt-tŷng, *s.* a piece cut off, a branch
- Cuttle, kŷt'l, *s.* a fish, a foul-mouthed fellow
- Cycle, sŷ'k'l, *s.* a circle, a round of time

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe —thus, thick.

Cycloid, sŷ'-klō'id, *s.* a figure of the circular kind

Cyclopædia, sŷ'-klō-pē'-dyǎ, *s.* a circle of knowledge, a course of the sciences

Cygnēt, sŷg'-nēt, *s.* a young swan

Cylinder, sŷl'-in-dēr, *s.* a long round body, a roller, &c.

Cylindric, sŷ-lŷn'-drĭk, *a.* like a cylinder

Cymbal, sŷm'-bāl, *s.* a musical instrument

Cynic, sŷn'-ĭk, *a.* churlish, snarling, satirical—*s.* a follower of Diogenes, a snarler

Cynosure, sŷ-nō-sûre, *s.* the north polar star

Cyon, sŷ'-ōn, *s.* a young shoot of a tree

Cypress, sŷ'-prēs, *s.* a tree, an emblem of mourning

Cyprus, sŷ'-prūs, *s.* a thin silk gauze, a rush

Cyst, sŷst', *s.* a bag containing morbid matter

Czar, zŷ'r, *s.* the title of the emperor of Russia

Czarina, zŷ-rĭ-nǎ, *s.* the title of the empress of Russia

## D.

DAB, dáb, *v. a.* to strike gently—*s.* a small lump, a gentle blow, an artist, a flat fish

Dabble, dǎb'l, *v. a.* to daub, to wet—*v. n.* to play in water or mud, to tamper

Dacapo, dǎ-kǎ'-pō, *ad.* over again

Dace, dāse, *s.* a small fish resembling a roach

Dactyle, dǎk'-tŷl, *s.* a poetical foot of one long syllable and two short

Dad, dǎd', ordǎd'-dŷ, *s.* children's names of father

Dæmon, dē'-món, *s.* an evil spirit

Dæmoniac, dē-mō'-nyǎk, *s.* one possessed with a devil

Daffodil, dǎf'-fō-dŷl, *or* Daffodilly, dǎf-tō-dŷl'-lŷ, *s.* a kind of lilly

Daft, dǎft, *v. a.* to toss aside

Dagger, dǎg'-gér, *s.* a short sword, a poniard [mire or water

Daggle, dǎg'l, *v. a.* to dip negligently in

Daggletail, dǎg'l-tāle, *a.* bemired—*s.* a slattern

Daily, dā'-lŷ, *a.* happening every day

Dainty, dā'n-tŷ, *a.* delicate, nice—*s.* a delicacy

Dairy, dā'-rŷ, *s.* a milk farm or house

Dairymaid, dā'-rŷ-māde, *s.* the woman servant who attends the dairy

Daisy, dā'-zŷ, *s.* a common spring flower

Dale, dā'le, *s.* a vale, a valley

Dalliance, dāl'-lŷǎns, *s.* fondness, caresses

Dally, dāl'-lŷ, *v. n.* to trifle, to fondle—to put off, to delay

Dam, dām', *s.* the mother of brutes, a mole or bank—*v. a.* to confine, to shut up by moles or dams

Damage, dām'-ēdz, *s.* mischief, loss hurt—*v. a.* to injure, to impair

Damask, dām'-ǎsk, *s.* linen or silk woven in flowers—*v. a.* to weave in flowers

Dame, dā'me, *s.* an old title of honour for women, a mistress of a family, women in general

Damn, dām, *v. a.* to doom to torments in a future state, to curse, to condemn

Damnable, dām'-néb'l, *a.* deserving damnation, odious, detestable

Damnation, dām-nǎ'-shŷn, *s.* condemnation to eternal punishment

Damned, dām'd, *part.* cursed, detestable

Damnify, dām'-nŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to injure, to hurt, to impair

Damp, dāmp, *a.* moist, dejected—*s.* fog, moisture, dejection—*v. a.* to wet, to moisten, to depress

Damsel, dām'-zél, *s.* a young maiden, a country lass

Damson, dām'-z'n, *s.* a small black plum

Dance, dāns, *v. n.* to move in measure—*v. a.* to make to dance—*s.* motion of one or more in concert

Dancing, dāns'-ŷng, *s.* act or art of moving to music [a plant

Dandelion, dār-dē-li'-ón, *s.* the name of Dandle, dānd'l, *v. a.* to fondle, to play

Dandriff, dān'-drĭf, *s.* scurf, &c. on the head [Danes

Danegelt, dāne-gēlt', *s.* tax paid to the elder [v. a. to endanger

Danger, dā'n-dzhér, *s.* risk, hazard—

Dangerous, dā'n-dzhér-ús, *a.* unsafe, hazardous, perilous



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár,—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr,—chŷn, chīne, ffield, shŷrt—

- Dangle, dăng-g'l, *v. n.* to hang loose, to follow  
 Dank, dănk', *a.* damp, moist  
 Dapper, dăp'-pēr, *a.* little and active, neat, tight  
 Dapple, dăp'l, *a.* of various colours, streaked—*v. a.* to streak, vary  
 Dare, dă're, *v. a.* to challenge, to defy  
 Daring, dă-rŷng, *a.* bold, fearless  
 Dark, dărk, *a.* without light, obscure, blind—*s.* darkness, obscurity  
 Darken, dărk'n, *v. a.* to make dark, to cloud, to perplex *v. n.* to grow dark  
 Darkish, dărk'-ish, *a.* inclining to darkness [of light  
 Darkness, dărk'-nēs, *s.* obscurity, absence  
 Darksome, dărk-sóm, *a.* gloomy, obscure [a favourite  
 Darling, dă'r-lŷng, *a.* dear, beloved—*s.*  
 Darn, dărn, *v. a.* to mend holes  
 Darnel, dă'r-něl, *s.* a sort of weed  
 Dart, dărt, *s.* a weapon thrown by the hand  
 Dash, dăsh', *v. a.* to throw suddenly against, to bespatter, to sketch in haste, to blot out, to make ashamed—*s.* a blow, a mark as—  
 Dastard, dăs-tárd, *s.* a coward, a poltroon [date, to terrify  
 Dastardise, dăs-tár-dize, *v. a.* to intimidate  
 Dastardly, dăs-tárd-lŷ, *ad.* cowardly, meanly  
 Date, dă'te, *s.* the precise time at which a letter is written or any thing done, the fruit of the Palm tree—*v. a.* to note the precise time [in Latin  
 Dative, dă-tív, *a.* third of the six cases  
 Daub, dăb, *v. a.* to smear, to paint coarsely, to flatter [a woman  
 Daughter, dă-tér, *s.* a female offspring,  
 Daunt, dănt, *v. a.* to discourage, to intimidate  
 Daw, dă, *s.* a sort of bird  
 Dawn, dă'n, *v. n.* to grow light, to glimmer, to open—*s.* the break of day, beginning  
 Day, dă, *s.* the time from the rising to the setting of the sun, light, sunshine  
 Daybook, dă-bôk, *s.* a tradesman's journal [pearance of light  
 Daybreak, dă-brêke, *s.* dawn, first ap-  
 Daylight, dă-lite, *s.* the light of the day  
 Daystar, dă-stă'r, *s.* the morning star  
 Dazzel, dăz'l, *v. a.* to overpower with light—*v. n.* to be overpowered with light [the clergy  
 Deacon, dēk'n, *s.* one of the lowest of  
 Dead, dēd, *a.* deprived of life, dull, spiritless [vapid or spiritless  
 Deaden, dēd'n, *v. a.* to weaken, to make  
 Deadly, dēd'-ly, *a.* mortal, destructive  
 Deaf, dēf', *a.* wanting the sense of hearing  
 Deafen, dēf'n, *v. a.* to make deaf  
 Deafness, dēf'-nēs, *s.* dullness of hearing  
 Deaforest, dē-af-fō-rēst, *v. n.* to break up a forest  
 Deal, dēle, *s.* a quantity, fir wood—*v. a.* to distribute, to give each his due—*v. n.* to traffic, to trade [bleaching  
 Dealbation, dē-ăl-bă-shŷn, *s.* the act of  
 Dealer, dē'-lēr, *s.* one who traffics  
 Dealing, dē'-lŷng, *s.* practice, intercourse, traffic [a diocese  
 Dean, dē'ne, *s.* the second dignitary of  
 Deanery, dē'n-ēr-ŷ, *s.* the office or house of a dean  
 Dear, dē're, *a.* beloved, costly  
 Dearness, dē're-nēs, *s.* scarcity, high price [ness  
 Dearth, dērh', *s.* scarcity, want, barren-  
 Dearticulate, dē-ăr-tŷk-ŷ-lāte, *v. a.* to disjoint, to dismember [mortality  
 Death, dēth', *s.* the extinction of life,  
 Deathlike, dēth'-like, *a.* resembling death, still  
 Death-watch, dēth-wătsh, *s.* a small insect that makes a tinkling noise, superstitiously imagined to prognosticate death [gilding  
 Deauration, dē-â-ră-shŷn, *s.* the act of  
 Debar, dē-băr, *v. a.* to exclude, to preclude  
 Debar, dē-băr, *v. a.* to disembark  
 Debase, dē-bă'se, *v. a.* to lessen, to adulterate, to degrade  
 Debate, dē-bă'te, *s.* a controversy, a contest, a quarrel—*v. a.* to dispute, to contest—*v. n.* to deliberate, to argue [vitiate, to ruin  
 Debauch, dē-bă'tsh, *v. a.* to corrupt, to  
 Debauchee, dēb-â-shē', *s.* a rake, a drunkard [intemperance  
 Debauchery, dē-bă'tsh-ēr-ŷ, *s.* lewdness,  
 Debel, dē-běl', or Debellate, dē-běl'-lāte, *v. a.* to conquer in war  
 Debenture, dē-bēn-tŷre, *s.* a writ or note by which a debt is claimed  
 Debile, dēb'-yl, *a.* weak, feeble, languid  
 Debilitate, dē-bil'-y-tāte, *v. a.* to weaken  
 Debility, dē-bil'-y-tŷ, *s.* weakness, feebleness  
 Debonair, dēb-ō-nă're, *a.* elegant, civil, well bred, *absol.*

shōt, nōte, lôse, actór—hūt, pūsh, mûte, fúr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Debt, dĕt', *s.* that which one man owes to another [ney, &c.  
Debtor, dĕt'-ór, *s.* one that owes  
Decade, dĕ'-kād, *s.* the sum or number of ten [equal sides  
Decagon, dĕk'-ă-gón, *s.* a figure of ten  
Decalogue, dĕk'-ă-lŏg, *s.* the ten commandments [camp, to move off  
Decamp, dĕ-kămp', *v. a.* to shift the  
Decant, dĕ-kănt', *v. a.* to pour off gently  
Decanter, kĕ-kăn-tér, *s.* a glass vessel for liquor  
Decapitate, dĕ-kăp'-ĭ-tâte, *v. a.* to behead  
Decay, dĕ-kă', *v. n.* to decline, to rot—*v. a.* to impair, to bring to decay—*s.* a decline, a falling away  
Decease, dĕ-sĕ'se, *s.* death, departure from life—*v. n.* to die  
Deceit, dĕ-sĕ'te, *s.* fraud, cheat, artifice  
Deceive, dĕ-sĕ've, *v. a.* to mislead, to delude [of the year  
December, dĕ-sĕm'-bér, *s.* the last month  
Decemvirate, dĕ-sĕm-vír-ĕt, *s.* a government by ten rulers  
Decency, dĕ'-sén-sŷ, *s.* modesty, propriety of behaviour [years  
Decennial, dĕ-sĕn'-nyal, *a.* space of ten  
Decent, dĕ'-sĕnt, *a.* becoming, suitable, modest  
Deceivable, dĕ-sĕp'-tĭb'l, *a.* liable to be deceived [fraud, a beguiling  
Deception, dĕ-sĕp'-shŭn, *s.* a cheat, a Deceptive, dĕ-sĕp'-tĭv, *a.* able to deceive  
Decession, dĕ-sĕs'-syón, *s.* a departure, going away [settle  
Decide, dĕ-sĭ'dĕ, *v. a.* to determine, to Deciduous, dĕ-sĭzh'-ú's, *a.* falling off, not perennial  
Decimal, dĕs'-ĭ-măl, *a.* numbered by tens  
Decimation, dĕs'-ĭ-mă'-shŭn, *s.* a selection of every tenth [ravel, unfold  
Decipher, dĕ-sĭ'-fĕr, *v. a.* to explain, un- Decision, dĕ-sĭzh'-ón, *s.* the termination of a difference  
Decisive, dĕ-sĭ'-sĭv, *a.* conclusive  
Deck, dĕk', *v. a.* to dress, to adorn, to cover—*s.* the floor of a ship. a pile of cards [to inveigh  
Declaim, dĕ-klă'mĕ, *v. n.* to harangue  
Declamation, dĕk-lă-mă'-shŭn, *s.* an harangue [ing to the passions  
Declamatory, dĕ-klăm'-ă-tór-ŷ, *a.* appeal- Declaration, dĕk-lă-ră'-shŭn, *s.* a publi- cation, an affirmation  
Declarative, dĕ-klăr'-ă-tĭv, *a.* explana- tory, proclaiming [tive, expressive  
Declaratory, dĕ-klăr'-ă-tór-ŷ, *a.* affirma-

Declare, dĕ-klă're, *v. a.* to make known, to proclaim [descent, inflexion  
Declension, dĕ-klĕn'-shŭn, *s.* declination, Declination, dĕk-lŷ-nă'-shŭn, *s.* descent, distance from [ment in dialling  
Declinator, dĕ-klŷ-nă'-tór, *s.* an instru-  
Decline, dĕ-klĭ'ne, *v. n.* to lean, to de- viate, to refuse, to decay—*v. a.* to bend downward, to refuse, to modify by various terminations—*s.* a decay  
Declivity, dĕ-klĭv'-ĭ-tŷ, *a.* gradual descent  
Decoct, dĕ-kŏk't, *v. a.* to boil, to digest  
Decoction, dĕ-kŏk'-shŭn, *s.* a preparation by boiling [of beheading  
Decollation, dĕ-kŏl-lă'-shŭn, *s.* the act  
Decompose, dĕ-kŏm-pŏ'ze, *v. a.* to re- solve into its component parts  
Decomposition, dĕ'-kŏm-pŏ-zĭsh' ŭn, *s.* a chymical resolution of a compound into its component parts  
Decomound, dĕ'-kŏm-pŏŭ'nd, *v. a.* to separate compounds [embellish  
Decorate, dĕk'-ŏ-ră'te, *v. d.* to adorn, to Decoration, dĕk'-ŏ-ră'-shŭn, *s.* an orna- ment, added beauty [becoming  
Decorous, dĕk'-ŏ-rŭs, *a.* decent, suitable, Decorum, dĕ-kŏ'-rŭm, *s.* decency, seem- liness  
Decoy, dĕ-kŏŷ', *v. a.* to allure, to en- snare—*s.* a place to catch wild fowls  
Decoyduck, dĕ-kŏŷ'-dŭk, *s.* a duck that lures others  
Decrease, dĕ-krĕ'se, *v. n.* to grow less —*v. a.* to diminish—*s.* diminution, decay  
Decree, dĕ-krĕ', *v. n.* to make an edict —*v. a.* to doom by a decree—*s.* an edict, law, determination  
Decrement, dĕk'-rĕ-mĕnt, *s.* decrease, state of growing less [by age  
Decrepit, dĕ-krĕp'-ĭt, *a.* wasted and worn  
Decrepitation, dĕ-krĕp'-ĭ-tă'-shŭn, *s.* a cracking noise [stage of old age  
Decrepitude, dĕ-krĕp'-ĭ-tŭde, *s.* the last  
Decrescent, dĕ-krĕs'-sĕnt, *a.* growing less  
Decretal, dĕ-krĕ'-tăl, *a.* appertaining to a decree—*s.* a book of decrees or edicts [critical  
Decratory, dĕ-krĕ'-tór ŷ, *a.* judicial, final,  
Decry, dĕ-krŷ', *v. a.* to censure, blame  
Decumbence, dĕ-kŭm'-bens, *s.* the act of lying down  
Decuple, dĕk'-ŭp'l, *a.* tenfold [of ten  
Decurion, dĕ-kŭ'-ryón, *s.* a commander  
Decursion, dĕ-kŭr'-shŭn, *s.* the act of running down

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, field, shírt—

Decussate, dē-kŷs'-sáte, *v. a.* to intersect at acute angles [grace

Dedecorate, dē-dēk'-ō-ráte, *v. a.* to dis-

Dedicate, dēd'-y-káte, *v. a.* to devote or inscribe to

Dedication, dēd'-y-kā-shŷn, *s.* consecration, address to a patron [from

Deduce, dē-dŷ'se, *v. a.* to gather or infer

Deducible, dē-dŷ'-sŷb'l, *a.* that which may be inferred [take away

Deduct, dē-dŷkt', *v. a.* to subtract, to

Deduction, dē-dŷk'-shŷn, *s.* an abatement, an inference

Deductive, dē-dŷk'-tŷv, *a.* deducible

Deed, dé'de, *s.* an action, an exploit, a fact [clude, to think

Deem, dé'me, *v. n.* to judge, to con-

Deep, dé'pe, *a.* far to the bottom, sagacious—*s.* the sea, the most still part

Deepen, dép'-én, *v. a.* to make deeper

Deer, dé're, *s.* a forest animal hunted for venison [to disfigure

Deface, dē-fá'se, *v. a.* to destroy, to raze,

Defalcate, dē-fál'-káte, *v. a.* to cut or lop off [tion

Defalcation, dē-fál'-kā-shŷn, *s.* diminu-

Defamation, dēf-ám-ā'-shŷn, *s.* the act of defaming, slander [ous

Defamatory, dē fám'-ā-tór-y, *a.* slander-

Defame, dē-fáme, *v. a.* to censure falsely [defect

Default, dē-fā'lt, *s.* an omission, failure,

Defeasance, dē-fé'-zéns, *s.* act of annulling [may be annulled

Defeasible, dē-fé'-zŷb'l, *a.* that which

Defeat, dē-fēt', *s.* an overthrow, a deprivation—*v. a.* to overthrow, to frustrate [cleanse

Defecate, dēf'-ē-káte, *v. a.* to purify, to

Defecation, dēf'-ē-kā-shŷn, *s.* purification

Defect, dē-fēk't, *s.* a fault, a blemish

Defectible, dē-fēk'-tŷb'l, *a.* imperfect, deficient [tacy, revolt

Defection, dē-fēk'-shŷn, *a.* failure, apos-

Defective, dē-fēk'-tŷv, *a.* full of defects, imperfect [ling

Defeissance, dē-fé'-zéns, *s.* act of annull-

Defence, dē-fén's, *s.* a guard, vindication, resistance [dicate, forbid

Defend, dē-fēnd', *v. a.* to protect, vin-

Defendant, dē-fén'-dént, *s.* the person prosecuted

Defender, dē fén'-dér, *s.* one who defends another, a champion

Defensible, dē-fén'-sŷb'l, *a.* that may be defended, justifiable

Defensive, dē-fén'-sŷv, *a.* proper for defence—*s.* safeguard, state of defence

Defer, dē-fér', *v. n.* to put off, to delay —*v. a.* to leave to another's judgment

Deference, dēf'-ér-éns, *s.* respect, submission [ries or conveys

Deferent, dēf'-ér-ént, *s.* that which car-

Defiance, dē-fŷ'-éns, *s.* a challenge, expression of contempt

Deficient, dē-fŷsh'-ént, *a.* failing, wanting, defective

Defile, dē-file, *v. a.* to make foul, pollute, vitiate—*s.* a narrow passage

Defilement, dē-file-mént, *s.* pollution, impurity

Define, dē-fŷne, *v. a.* to explain, circumscribe—*v. n.* to determine

Definite, dēf'-ŷn-ŷt, *a.* certain, limited, precise—*s.* a thing explained

Definition, dēfŷn-ŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* a description of any thing by its properties

Definitive, dēfŷn'-ŷt-ŷv, *a.* determinate, express, positive

Deflagration, dē-flá-grā-shŷn, *s.* the act of consuming by fire

Deflect, dē-flēk't, *v. n.* to turn aside

Deflection, dē-flēk'-shŷn, *s.* deviation, act of turning aside

Deflexure, dē flēk'-shŷre, *s.* a bending down, a deflection

Defloration, dē flō-rā-shŷn, *s.* the act of deflouring, selection of what is best

Deflour, dē-flōŷr, *v. a.* to ravish, to take away the beauty of a thing

Defluous, dēf'-flŷ-ús, *a.* that flows down or falls off [humours downwards

Defluxion, dē-flŷk'-shŷn, *s.* the flow of

Deforcement, dē-fōr'se-mént, *s.* a withholding property by force

Deform, dē-fōrm, *v. a.* to disfigure, to dishonour [crooked

Deformed, dē-fōrm'-éd, *part.* disfigured,

Deformity, dē-fōr-mŷ-tŷ, *s.* ugliness, crookedness

Defraud, dē-frā'd, *v. a.* to rob by a trick

Defray, dē-frā', *v. a.* to bear charges or expences

Deft, déft, *a.* neat, proper, dexterous

Defunct, dē-fŷngk't, *a.* dead, extinct—*s.* a dead person

Defy, dē-fŷ' *v. a.* to challenge, to slight

Degeneracy, dē-gén'-ér-ā sŷ, *s.* inferior to ancestors, apostacy

Degenerate, dē dzhén'-ér-áte, *v. n.* to decay in virtue or kind

Degenerate, dē-dzhén'-ér-ét, *a.* unlike his ancestors, unworthy, base

shöt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Degenerous, dē-zhēn'-ér-ús, *a.* degenerated, vile, base [swallowing]  
 Deglutition, dē-glū-týsh'-lún, *s.* the act of  
 Degradation, dē-grā-dā'-shūn, *s.* deprivation of office or dignity, degeneracy  
 Degrade, dē-grā'de, *v. a.* to place lower, to lessen  
 Degree, dē-gr'é, *s.* quality, station, class, the 360th part of a circle, 60 geographical miles  
 Dehort, dē-hō'rt, *v. a.* to dissuade  
 Dehortation, dē-hōr-tā'-shūn, *s.* dissuasion [afflict, grieve]  
 Deject, dē-dzhěk't, *v. a.* to cast down,  
 Dejection, dē-dzhěk'-shūn, *s.* melancholy, weakness  
 Dejecture, dē-dzhěk'-tûre, *s.* excrement  
 Deification, dē-y-fī-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of making a god [to adore]  
 Deify, dē-y-fý, *v. a.* to make a god of,  
 Deign, dā'ne, *v. n.* to vouchsafe, to think worthy—*v. a.* to grant  
 Deism, dē-izm, *s.* the opinion of those who acknowledge one God, but deny revealed religion  
 Deist, dē-íst, *s.* a professor of deism  
 Deistical, dē-ís'-tí-kál, *a.* belonging to deism  
 Deity, dē-y-tý, *s.* Divine Being, God  
 Delapsed, dē-lāp'st, *a.* bearing or falling down  
 Delate, dē-lā'te, *v. a.* to carry, convey  
 Delation, dē-lā'-shūn, *s.* a conveyance, an accusation  
 Delay, dē-lā', *v. a.* to defer, to frustrate—*v. n.* to stop—*s.* procrastination, stay, stop [lightful]  
 Delectable, dē-lěk'-téb'l, *a.* pleasing, delectation, dē-lěk-tā'-shūn, *s.* pleasure, delight [to intrust]  
 Delegate, dēl'-ē-gāte, *v. a.* to send away,  
 Delegate, dēl'-ē-gět, *s.* a deputy, a commissioner [tive, deadly]  
 Deleterious, dēl-ē-tě'-ryús, *a.* destructive  
 Deletion, dē-lé'-shūn, *s.* the act of blotting out, destruction [earthen ware]  
 Delf, or Delfe, dēlf', *s.* a mine, a quarry,  
 Deliberate, dē-lýb'-ér-āte, *v. n.* to think, to hesitate, to muse [wary, slow]  
 Deliberate, dē-lýb'-ér-ět, *a.* circumspect,  
 Deliberation, dē-lýb-ér-ā'-shūn, *s.* circumspection, thought  
 Delicacy, dēl'-y-kā-sý, *s.* daintiness, nicety, politeness [lite]  
 Delicate, dēl'-y-kět, *a.* nice, dainty, delicious, dē-lýsh'-ús, *a.* sweet, grateful, pleasant

Deligation, dēl'-i-gā'-shūn, *s.* the act of binding up  
 Delight, dē-lí'te, *s.* joy, satisfaction, pleasure—*v. a.* to please, to satisfy—*v. n.* to have delight or pleasure  
 Delineate, dē-lín'-yāte, *v. a.* to design, sketch, paint  
 Delineation, dē-lín-yā'-shūn, *s.* outlines of a picture, a sketch  
 Delinquency, dēl'-ín-kwěn-sý, *s.* a fault, failure in duty [fender]  
 Delinquent, dē-líng'-kwént, *s.* an offender  
 Delirious, dē-lír-yús, *a.* light-headed, raving, doting [mind, dotage]  
 Delirium, dē-lír-yúm, *s.* alienation of  
 Deliver, dē-lýv'-ér, *v. a.* to give up, to release, to rescue [childbirth]  
 Delivery, dē-lýv'-ér-ý, *s.* a release, rescue,  
 Dell, dēl', *s.* a pit, a valley  
 Delude, dē-lú'de, *v. a.* to cheat, to deceive, to debauch  
 Delve, dēlv', *s.* a ditch, a pitfall, a den  
*v. a.* to dig, to fathom, to sift  
 Deluge, dēl'-údz, *s.* a general inundation—*v. a.* to drown, to overwhelm  
 Delusion, dē-lú'-zhūn, *s.* a cheat, a deception [sór-ý, *a.* apt to deceive]  
 Delusive, dē-lú'-sýv, or Delusory, dē-lú'-  
 Demagogue, dēm'-á-gög, *s.* the ring-leader of a faction  
 Demand, dē-mā'nd, *s.* a claim, a question, a call—*v. a.* to claim with authority [tiff in an action]  
 Demandant, dē-mā'n-děnt, *s.* the plain-  
 Deme, dēme, *v. a.* to determine, to judge [lessen, to debase]  
 Demean, dē-mé'ne, *v. a.* to behave, to  
 Demeanour, dē-mé'-nór, *s.* carriage, behaviour [ness, a delirious state]  
 Dementation, dē-měn-tā'-shūn, *s.* mad-  
 Demerit, dē mēr'-ýt, *s.* one ill deserving—*v. a.* to deserve punishment  
 Demesne, dē mā'ne, *s.* a patrimonial estate  
 Demi, dēm'-y, *a.* half  
 Demi devil, dēm'-y-děv'l, *s.* half a devil  
 Demi-god, dēm'-y-göd, *s.* partaking of divine nature, half a god  
 Demise, dē-mí'ze, *s.* death, decease—*v. a.* to bequeath at one's death  
 Demission, dē-mýsh'-lún, *s.* degradation, depression [grade]  
 Demit, dē-mýt, *v. a.* to depress, to de-  
 Democracy, dē-mök'-rá-sý, *s.* popular government  
 Democratical, dēm-ō-krát'-y-kál, *a.* relating to democracy



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.

- Demolish, dē-mōl'ŷsh, *v. a.* to destroy, to overthrow  
 Demolition, dēm'ō-līsh'ŷn, *s.* the act of demolishing buildings  
 Demon, dē-mōn, *s.* an evil spirit, a devil  
 Demoniac, dē-mō'nyăk, *s.* one possessed with a demon  
 Demonology, dē-mō-nōl'ō-dzhŷ, *s.* discourse on the nature of devils  
 Demonstrate, dēmōns'trâte, *v. a.* to prove with certainty  
 Demonstration, dēm ōn-strā-shŷn, *s.* an indubitable proof  
 Demonstrative, dēmōns'trā tīv, *a.* invincibly conclusive  
 Demulcent, dē-mŷl'sént, *a.* softening  
 Demur, dē-mŷr', *v. n.* to delay, to suspend—*v. a.* to doubt of—*s.* doubt, hesitation [affectedly modest  
 Demure, dē-mŷ're, *a.* decent, grave,  
 Demurrage, dē-mŷr-rédzh, *s.* allowance for ships kept in a port  
 Demurrer, dē-mŷr-rér, *s.* pause on a difficult point of law  
 Demy, dē-mŷ', *a.* a species of printing paper  
 Den, dēn', *s.* a cavern, a cave  
 Denial, dē nī'ăl, *s.* a refusal, negation  
 Denizen, dēn'ī-zēn, *s.* a citizen, a freeman [give a name to  
 Denominate, dē-nōm'ŷn-âte, *v. a.* to  
 Denomination, dē-nōm'ŷn-ă-shŷn, *s.* a name given to a thing  
 Denominator, dē-nōm'ŷn-ă-tór, *s.* parts into which an integer is divided  
 Denotation, dē-nō-tă-shŷn, *s.* the act of denoting [token  
 Denote, dē-nō'te, *v. a.* to mark, to be-  
 Denounce, dē-nōŷns, *v. a.* to threaten, to accuse [solid  
 Dense, dēn's, *a.* close, compact, almost  
 Density, dēn'sī-tŷ, *s.* closeness, compactness  
 Dent, dēnt', *s.* a notch, a crease  
 Dental, dēn'tăl, *a.* relating to the teeth  
 Dented, dēnt'éd, *a.* edged like teeth  
 Dentelli, dēn-tél'li, *s.* modillions in architecture [with small teeth  
 Denticulated, dēn-tīk-ŷlă-téd, *a.* set  
 Dentifrice, dēn'tī-frīs, *s.* a powder for the teeth [breeding the teeth  
 Dentition, dēn-tīsh'ŷn, *s.* the act of  
 Denudate, dē-nŷ-dâte, *v. a.* to divest, to strip [public menace  
 Denunciation, dē-nŷn-shŷă-shŷn, *s.* a  
 Deny, dē-nŷ', *v. a.* to disown, to refuse, to contradict  
 Deobstruent, dé-ôb'-strŷ-ént, *s.* removing obstructions  
 Deodand, dé-ô dănd, *s.* thing forfeited to God [describe  
 Depaint, dē-pănt, *v. a.* to picture, to  
 Depart, dē-părt, *v. n.* to go away, to desert, to die—*s.* the act of going away, death [office or duty  
 Department, dē-părt-mént, *s.* a separate  
 Departure, dē-părt-tŷre, *s.* a going away, death  
 Depasture, dē-păs'-tŷre, *v. n.* to consume by feeding on [inake poor  
 Depauperate, dē-pă-pér-âte, *v. a.* to  
 Depend, dē-pënd', *v. a.* to hang from, to rely on [reliance  
 Dependance, dē-pënd'-éns, *s.* connections  
 Dependand, dē-pënd'-dént, *a.* in the power of another—*s.* one who lives in subjection to another  
 Dephlegm, dē-flém', *v. a.* to clear from phlegm [scribe  
 Depict, dē-pŷk't, *v. a.* to paint, to de-  
 Depilous, dē-pī-lŷs, *a.* without hair  
 Depletion, dē-plé-shŷn, *s.* the act of emptying [dismal  
 Deplorable, dē-plōr'ăb'l, *a.* lamentable,  
 Deplore, dē-plō're, *v. a.* to lament, bewail [the feathers  
 Deplume, dē-plŷme, *v. a.* to strip off  
 Deponent, dē-pō-nént, *s.* a witness upon oath; verbs which have no active voice [people, to lay waste  
 Depopulate, dē-pōp-ŷlâte, *v. a.* to un-  
 Depopulation, dē-pōp-ŷlă-shŷn, *s.* havoc, destruction  
 Deport, dē-pōrt, *v. a.* to carry, to demean—*s.* demeanour, behaviour  
 Deportment, dē-pōrt-mént, *s.* carriage, behaviour, management  
 Depose, dē-pō'ze, *v. a.* to degrade, to divest, to attest—*v. n.* to bear witness  
 Deposit, dē-pōz'ŷt, *v. a.* to lay up as a pledge—*s.* a pledge, a pawn  
 Déposition, dēp-ô-zīsh'ŷn, *s.* evidence upon oath, depriving a prince of sovereignty  
 Depository, dē-pōz'ŷ-tór'ŷ, *s.* the place where any thing is lodged  
 Depravation, dēp-ră-vă-shŷn, *s.* degeneracy, depravity [to corrupt  
 Deprave, dē-pră've, *v. a.* to vitiate,  
 Depravity, dē-prăv'ŷ-ty, *s.* a vitiated state  
 Deprecate, dēp'-ră-kâte, *v. a.* to pray deliverance from, to implore mercy

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe — thus, thick.

Deprecation, dēp-rē-kā-shūn, *s.* a prayer against evil [value]

Depreciate, dē-prē-shyāte, *v. a.* to under-

Depredate, dēp-rē-dāte, *v. a.* to rob, to pillage, to spoil [bing or spoiling]

Depredation, dēp-rē dā-shūn, *s.* a rob-

Depredator, dēp-rē-dā-tōr, *s.* a robber, a plunderer [humble, to deject]

Depress, dē-prēs, *v. a.* to cast down, to

Depression, dē-prēsh-ūn, *s.* the act of pressing or humbling, abasement

Depressor, dē-prēs-sōr, *s.* he that keeps or presses down [of depriving]

Deprivation, dēp-rī-vā-shūn, *s.* the act

Deprive, dē-prīve, *v. a.* to bereave, to take from [abstruseness]

Depth, dēp'th, *s.* deepness, the abyss,

Depurate, dēp-ū-rēt, *a.* cleansed, pure

Depuration, dēp-ū-rā-shūn, *s.* making pure or clear [deputing, vicegerency]

Deputation, dēp-ū-tā-shūn, *s.* act of

Depute, dē-pū'te, *v. a.* to appoint, to empower to act

Deputy, dēp-ū-tŷ, *s.* a viceroy, any one that transacts business for another [of order]

Derange, dē-rā'ndzh, *v. a.* to put out

Dereliction, dē-rē-līk-shūn, *s.* an utter forsaking [mock]

Deride, dē-rī'de, *v. a.* to laugh at, to

Derision, dē-rīzh-ūn, *s.* scorn, contempt

Derivation, dēr-ŷ-vā-shūn, *s.* the tracing any thing from its source

Derivative, dē-rīv'-ā-tīv, *a.* derived from another

Derive, dē-rī've, *v. a.* to trace from its original, to deduce—*v. n.* to descend from

Dernier, dēr'n-ŷér, *a.* the last

Derogate, dēr-ō-gāte, *v. a.* to disparage, to lessen—*v. n.* to detract

Derogate, dēr-ō-gēt, *a.* lessened in value [tion, detraction]

Derogation, dēr-ō-gā-shūn, *s.* defama-

Derogative, dē-rōg'-ā-tīv, *a.* detractory

Derogatory, dē-rōg'-ā-tōr-ŷ, *a.* that lessens the value

Dervis, dēr'-vīs, *s.* a Turkish priest

Descant, dēs'-kānt, *s.* a song, a discourse [large]

Descant, dē-skānt', *v. n.* to discourse at

Descend, dē-sēnd', *v. n.* to come down, to sink [of an ancestor]

Descendant, dē-sēn'-dānt, *s.* the offspring

Descendent, dē-sēn'-dēnt, *a.* proceeding from [gradation]

Descension, de-sēn'-shūn, *s.* descent, de-

Descent, dē-sēnt', *s.* a declivity, invasion. lineage [words, &c.]

Describe, dē-skrī'be, *v. a.* to represent by

Description, dē-skrīp'-shūn, *s.* the act of describing, representation

Descry, dē-skrŷ', *v. a.* to spy out, to discover

Desecration, dēs-ē-krā'-shūn, *s.* pollution of things sacred

Desert, dēz'-ért, *s.* a wilderness, a waste country—*a.* wild, waste

Desert, dē-zért, *v. a.* to forsake, to quit—*v. n.* to run off or away—*s.* merit, worth, claim to reward

Deserter, dē zért'-ér, *s.* who forsakes a post or regiment

Desertion, dē-zér'-shūn, *s.* the act of deserting [of good or ill]

Deserve, dē-zérv', *v. n.* to be worthy

Deserved, dē-zér'-vēd, *part.* merited

Desiccant, dē-sīk'-kēnt, *a.* drying—*s.* an application to dry sores

Desiccate, dē-sīk'-kāte, *v. a.* to dry up

Desiderate, dē-sīd'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to want, to miss

Desideratum, dē-sīd'-ér-ā' tūm, *s.* something not yet discovered or settled

Design, dē-zī'ne, *v. a.* to purpose, to project, to plan—*s.* an intention, a scheme, a plan

Designation, dēs-ŷg-nā'-shūn, *s.* appointment, intention

Designing, dē-zī'-nīng, *part. a.* cunning, deceitful

Desire, dē-zī're, *s.* a wish, eagerness to enjoy—*v. a.* to wish, to long for, to entreat

Desirous, dē-zī'-rūs, *a.* full of desire, eager [stop]

Desist, dē-sīst', *v. n.* to leave off, to

Desk, dēsk', *s.* an inclining table to write on [waste, solitary]

Desolate, dēs-ō-lēt, *a.* uninhabited, laid

Desolae, dēs-ō-lāte, *v. a.* to lay waste

Desolation, dēs-ō-lā'-shūn, *s.* destruction, gloominess, sadness

Despair, dē-spā're, *s.* hopelessness, despondence—*v. n.* to despond

Despatch, dēs-pātsh', *v. a.* to send away hastily, to kill—*s.* haste, speed, an express [villain]

Desperado, dēs-pér-ā'-dō, *s.* an atrocious

Desperate, dēs-pé-rēt, *a.* without hope, rash, furious [rashness]

Desperation, dēs-pé-rā'-shūn, *s.* despair,

Despicable, dēs-pŷ-kéb'l, *a.* contemptible, worthless

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fiēld, shîrt—

- Despise, dē-spīze, *v. a.* to scorn, to  
contemn  
Despite or Despight, dē-spīte, *s.* ma-  
lice, defiance—*v. a.* to vex, to af-  
front  
Dispitefully, dē-spīte'fŭl-lŷ, *ad.* ma-  
liciously, malignantly  
Despoil, dē-spō'ŷl, *v. a.* to rob, to strip  
Despond, dē-spōnd', *v. n.* to despair, to  
lose hope [desperation  
Despondence, dē-spōn'-dēns, *s.* despair,  
Despondent, dē-spōn'-dēnt, *a.* despair-  
ing, hopeless  
Despot, dēs'-pōt, *s.* an absolute prince  
Despotic, dē-spōt'ŷk, *a.* absolute, arbi-  
trary [power  
Despotism, dēs'-pō-tŷsm, *s.* absolute  
Despumption, dē-spŭ-mă'-shŭn, *s.* scum,  
frothiness  
Dessert, dē-zért', *s.* the last course of  
an entertainment  
Destinate, dēs'-tŷ-nâte, *v. a.* to design  
Destination, dēs'-tŷ-nă'-shŭn, *s.* the pur-  
pose intended  
Destine, dēs'-tŷn, *v. n.* to doom, to ap-  
point, to devote  
Destiny, dēs'-tŷ-nŷ, *s.* fate, doom  
Destitute, dēs'-tŷ-tâte, *a.* forsaken,  
abandoned, in want of  
Destroy, dē-strōŷ', *v. a.* to put an end  
to, to lay waste, to kill  
Destructible, dē-strŭk'tŷb'l, *a.* liable to  
destruction  
Destruction, dē-strŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act  
of destroying, ruin, massacre  
Destructive, dē-strŭk'-tŷv, *a.* that which  
destroys, wasteful [custom  
Desuetude, dē-sŭ'-ē-tŭde, *s.* disuse of a  
Desultory, dē-sŭl-tór-ŷ, *a.* unconnect-  
ed, unsettled [any thing  
Desume, dē-sŭ-me, *v. a.* to take from  
Detach, dē-tăt'sh, *v. a.* to separate, to  
send off a party  
Detail, dē-tă'le, *v. a.* to relate particu-  
larly—*s.* a minute and particular ac-  
count [today, to withhold  
Detain, dē-tă'ne, *v. a.* to keep in cus-  
todianer, dē-tă'ne-ér, *s.* a writ to detain  
in custody [find out  
Detect, dē-tĕk't, *v. a.* to discover, to  
Detection, dē-tĕk'-shŭn, *s.* discovery of  
guilt or fraud  
Detention, dē-tĕn'-shŭn, *s.* the act of  
detaining, restraint  
Deter, dē-tér', *v. a.* to discourage from  
Deterge, dē-tér'dzh, *v. a.* to cleanse a  
wound  
Detergent, dē-tér-dzhĕnt, *a.* that  
cleanses [may be decided  
Determinable, dē-tér'-mŷ-nĕb'l, *a.* that  
Determinate, dē-tér'-mŷ-nĕt, *a.* limited,  
conclusive, resolute  
Determination, dē-tér-mŷ-nă'-shŭn, *s.* a  
decision, a resolution  
Determine, dē-tér-mŷn, *v. a.* to fix, to  
resolve, to decide—*v. n.* to come to  
a decision [power to cleanse  
Detersive, dē-tér'-sŷv, *a.* having the  
Detest, dē-tĕst, *v. a.* to hate, to ab-  
hor [abominable  
Detestable, dē-tĕs'-tĕb'l, *a.* odious,  
Detestation, dē-tĕs-tă'-shŭn, *s.* hatred,  
abhorrence [royalty  
Dethrone, dē-thrō'ne, *v. a.* to divest of  
Detonation, dē-tō nă'-shŭn, *s.* that noise  
which happens on mixing fluids that  
ferment with violence  
Detract, dē-trăk't, *v. a.* to derogate, to  
defame [tion, calumny  
Detraction, dē-trăk'-shŭn, *s.* defama-  
Detractory, dē-trăk'-tór-ŷ, *a.* defama-  
tory [mage, mischief  
Detriment, dĕt'-rŷ-mĕnt, *s.* loss, da-  
Detrimental, dĕt'-rŷ-mĕn'tăl, *a.* hurt-  
ful [down  
Detrude, dē-trŭ'de, *v. a.* to thrust  
Detrusion, dē-trŭ'-zhŭn, *s.* the act of  
thrusting down [disturbing  
Deturbation, dē-tŭr-bă'-shŭn, *s.* act of  
Devastation, dē-văs-tă-shŭn, *s.* waste,  
havoc [dice  
Deuce, dŭ'se, *s.* the two in cards or  
Develope, dē-vĕl'-óp, *v. a.* to unfold, to  
detect  
Deviate, dĕ'-vŷâte, *v. n.* to go astray, to  
err [right way, offence  
Deviation, dē-vŷă'-shŭn, *s.* quitting the  
Devise, dē-vŷ'e, *s.* a contrivance, an  
emblem [person  
Devil, dĕv'l, *s.* a fallen angel, a wicked  
Devilish, dĕv'l'-ŷsh, *a.* like a devil, dia-  
bolical [track, erring  
Devious, dĕ'-vŷŭs, *a.* out of the common  
Devise, dē-vŷ'e, *v. a.* to contrive, to  
invent—*v. n.* to consider  
Devisee, dē-vŷ-sĕ, *s.* he to whom a  
thing is devised [stitute of  
Devoid, dē-vōŷ'd, *a.* empty, vacant, de-  
Devoir, dē-vōŷ'r, *s.* service, an act of  
obsequiousness  
Devolve, dē-vōlv', *v. a.* to roll down—  
*v. n.* to fall by succession  
Devote, dē-vō'te, *v. a.* to consecrate, to  
resign—*a.* devoted

shòt, nòte, lôse, actór—hüt, pūsh, mâte, fúr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thîck.

Devotee, dĕv.-ô-tĕ', s. a superstitious person, a bigot  
 Devotion, dĕ-vô-shŭn, s. piety, worship, strong affection, power  
 Devour, dĕ-vôŭr, v. a. to eat ravenously, to consume  
 Devout, dĕ-vôŭt, a. pious, religious  
 Dew, dû', s. a thin cold vapour—v. a. to moisten [species of bramble]  
 Dewberry, dû-bĕr-rŷ, s. the fruit of a  
 Dewdrop, dû-drôp, s. a drop of dew  
 Dewlap, dû-lăp, s. the flesh hanging from the throats of oxen  
 Dewy, dû-y, a. moist with dew  
 Dexter, dĕks'-tér, a. belonging to the right side [pertness, readiness]  
 Dexterity, dĕks'-tér'-i-tŷ, s. activity, excellence  
 Dexterous, dĕks'-tér-ŭs, a. expert, active, cunning [side]  
 Dextral, dĕks'-trăl, a. on the right hand  
 Dey, dâ', s. the governor of Algiers  
 Diabetes, dĭ-ă-bĕ-téz, s. an involuntary discharge of urine  
 Diabolic, di-ă-bŭl'-ik, a. of or like a devil [of poppies]  
 Diacodium, di-ă-kô-dyŭm, s. the syrup  
 Diacoustics, di-ă-kôŭs'-tiks, s. doctrine of unreflected sounds  
 Diadem, di-ă-dĕm, s. a crown, a mark of royalty [syllables]  
 Diæresis, di-é-ré-sŷs, s. the division of  
 Diagnostic, di-ăg-nôst'-tik, s. the symptom distinguishing a disease  
 Diagonal, di-ăg'-ôn-ăl, s. a line drawn from angle to angle [scheme]  
 Diagram, di-ă-gră-m, s. a mathematical  
 Dial, di-ăl, s. a plate where a hand or shadow shews the hour  
 Dialect, di-ă-lĕkt, s. subdivision of a language, style, manner of expression [mentative]  
 Dialectic, di-ă-lĕk'-tik, a. logical, argumentative  
 Dialling, di-ăl-lŷng, s. the art of constructing dials  
 Dialogue, di-ă-lŏg, s. a conference, a conversation between two or more  
 Diameter, di-ă-m'-ĕ-tér, s. a line which, passing through the centre, divides a circle into equal parts [ing a diameter]  
 Diametrical, di-ă-mĕt'-rĭk-ăl, a. describing  
 Diamond, di-mônd, s. the most valuable of all gems [music]  
 Diapason, di-ă-pă-zôn, s. an octave in  
 Daper, di-ă-pér, s. flowered linen  
 Diaphanous, di-ăf'-ă nŭs, a. transparent, clear [perspiration]  
 Diaphoretic, di-ă-fô-rĕt'-ik, a. promoting

Diaphragm, di-ă-frăme, s. the midriff  
 Diarrhœa, di-ăr-hĕ-ă, s. a flux of the belly [journal]  
 Diary, di-ăr-y, s. a daily account, a  
 Diastole, di-ăs'-tô-lĕ, s. making a short syllable long, dilatation of the heart  
 Diatonic, di-ă-tôn'-ik a. gradual tones or gamut of music  
 Dibble, dib'l, s. a planting tool  
 Dice, dise, s. pl. of Die—v. n. to game with dice  
 Dictate, dik'-tâte, v. a. to tell what to write, to instruct  
 Dictate, dik-tĕt, s. a rule or maxim, a precept  
 Dictator, dik-tă'-tôr, s. an absolute magistrate, a ruler [tive]  
 Dictatorial, dik-tă'-tôr-ryăl, a. authoritative  
 Diction, dik'-shŭn, s. style, language, expression  
 Dictionary, dik'-sôn-ăr-y, s. a book of words explained, a lexicon  
 Didactic, di-dăk'-tik, a. preceptive, giving precepts [cold, to quake]  
 Didder, did'-dér, v. n. to shiver with  
 Die, dŷ, v. a. to tinge, to colour—v. n. to lose life, to perish—s. colour, hue  
 Die, a stamp used in coinage, a small cube to play  
 Diet, di-ĕt, s. food, an assembly of princes—v. a. to supply with food—v. n. to eat by rules  
 Dict-drink, di-ĕt-drĭngk, s. medicated liquors [vary, to disagree]  
 Differ, dif'-fér, v. n. to be unlike, to  
 Difference, dif'-fér-ĕns, s. disagreement, dissimilitude [like]  
 Different, dif'-fér-ĕnt, a. distinct, undifficult, dif-fi-kŭlt, a. not easy, troublesome, hard to please  
 Difficulty, dif'-fŷ-kŭl-tŷ, s. trouble, perplexity, objection [ity]  
 Diffidence, dif'-fŷ-dĕns, s. distrust, timidity  
 Diffident, dif'-fŷ-dĕnt, a. not confident  
 Diffuent, dif'-fŷ-ĕnt, a. flowing every way [to spread, to scatter]  
 Diffuse, dif-fŷ-ŷe, v. a. to pour out, diffuse, dif-fŷ-ŷe, a. scattered, copious, not concise  
 Diffusion, dif-fŷ-zhŭn, s. dispersion  
 Diffusive, dif-fŷ-sŷv, a. dispersed, scattered [land]  
 Dig, dŷg', v. a. to turn up and cultivate  
 Digest, di-dzhĕst, s. a collection of civil laws  
 Digest, dŷ-zdhĕst', v. a. to range methodically, to concoct in the stomach



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, fiēd, shŭt—

- Digestible**, dŭ-dzhēs'-tŭb'l, *a.* capable of being digested
- Digestion**, dŭ-dzhēs'h'-tŭn, *s.* concocting of food in the stomach, preparation by heat, reduction to a plan
- Dight**, dŭ'te, *v. a.* to deck, to adorn
- Digit**, dŭdzh'ŭt, *s.* three fourths of an inch, twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon, a number under ten
- Dignify**, dŭg'-nŭ-fŭ, *v. a.* to advance, to exalt, to honour
- Dignitary**, dŭg'-nŭ-tăr'ŭ, *s.* a clergyman advanced to some dignity
- Dignity**, dŭg'-nŭ-tŭ, *s.* rank, grandeur, honour
- Digress**, dŭ-grēs', *v. n.* to wander from the subject, to expatiate
- Digression**, dŭ-grēs'h'-ŭn, *s.* a deviation from the subject
- Dike**, dŭke, *s.* a ditch, a mound, a bank [to force in two]
- Dilacerate**, dŭ-lās-ér-âte, *v. a.* to tear
- Dilapidate**, dŭ-lăp'-ŭ-dâte, *v. n.* to go to ruin
- Dilapidation**, dŭ-lăp'-ŭ-dă-shŭn, *s.* suffering edifices to go to ruin or decay
- Dilatation**, dŭ-lă-tă'-shŭn, *s.* act or state of extension
- Dilate**, dŭ-lă'te, *v. a.* to extend, to enlarge—*v. n.* to grow wide, to speak largely
- Dilatory**, dŭl'-ă-tór'ŭ, *a.* tardy, slow
- Dilemma**, dŭ-lēm'-mă, *s.* vexatious alternative, intricacy
- Diligence**, dŭl'-ŭ-dzhēs, *s.* industry, assiduity
- Diligent**, dŭl'-ŭ-dzhěnt, *a.* assiduous, persevering, not idle
- Dilucid**, dŭ-lŭ-sŭd, *a.* clear, not opaque
- Dilucidate**, dŭ-lŭ-sŭ-dâte, *v. a.* to explain, to make clear
- Diluent**, dŭl'-ŭ-ěnt, *a.* making thin, attenuating [weaken]
- Dilute**, dŭ-lŭ'te, *v. a.* to make thin, to dilution, dŭ-lŭ-shŭn, *s.* the act of diluting [deluge]
- Diluvian**, dŭ-lŭ-vŭăn, *a.* relating to the Dim, dŭm', *a.* not quick in sight or apprehension
- Dimension**, dŭ-měn'-shŭn, *s.* bulk, extent, capacity
- Diminish**, dŭm'-ŭn'-ŭsh, *v. a.* to lessen, to impair, to degrade—*v. n.* to grow less [of making less, discredit]
- Diminution**, dŭm'-ŭn'-ŭ-shŭn, *s.* the act
- Diminutive**, dŭm'-ŭn'-ŭ-tŭv, *a.* small, little
- Dimissory**, dŭ-mŭs-sór'ŭ, *a.* a letter from one bishop to another about conferring holy orders
- Dimity**, dŭm'-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* a fine kind of fus-tain or cotton cloth
- Dimness**, dŭm'-nēs, *s.* dullness of sight
- Dimple**, dŭmp'l, *s.* a hollow in the cheek or chin [sound]
- Din**, dŭn', *s.* a loud noise, a continued
- Dine**, dŭ'ne, *v. n.* to eat a dinner—*v. a.* to give a dinner
- Ding**, dŭng', *v. a.* to dash with violence—*v. n.* to bluster [hills]
- Dingle**, dŭng'-g'l, *s.* a hollow between
- Dingy**, dŭn'-dzhŭ, *a.* dark, foul, sullied
- Dining-room**, dŭn'-ŭng-rôm, *s.* room to dine in, or entertain company
- Dinner**, dŭn'-nér, *s.* the chief meal of the day
- Dint**, dŭnt', *s.* a blow, mark made by a blow—*v. a.* to mark by a blow
- Dinumeration**, dŭ-nŭ-mér-ă'-shŭn, *s.* act of numbering one by one
- Diocesan**, dŭ-ös-ě-săn, *s.* a bishop or head of a diocese
- Diocess**, dŭ-ō-sēs, *s.* the jurisdiction of a bishop
- Dioptrics**, dŭ-öp'-trŭks, *s.* a part of optics treating of the different refractions of light
- Dip**, dŭp', *v. a.* to immerge, to moisten
- Diphthong**, dŭf'-thông, *s.* two vowels joined together [vilege of degree]
- Diploma**, dŭp-lŭ-mă, *s.* a deed or pri-
- Diptote**, dŭp-tŭte, *s.* a noun of two cases only [ble]
- Dire**, dŭ're, *a.* dreadful, dismal, horri-
- Direct**, dŭ-rěkt', *a.* straight, open, plain, express—*v. a.* to aim, to regulate
- Direction**, dŭ-rěk-shŭn, *s.* an aim, super-scription
- Director**, dŭ-rěk'-tór, *s.* a superintendant, an instructor
- Directory**, dŭ-rěk'-tór'ŭ, *s.* a rule, body or office of directors
- Direful**, dŭ-rě-fŭl, *a.* dismal, dreadful
- Direption**, dŭ-rěp'-shŭn, *s.* the act of plundering
- Dirge**, dŭrdzh, *s.* a mournful ditty
- Dirk**, dŭrk', *s.* a kind of dagger
- Dirt**, dŭrt', *s.* mud, mire, meanness
- Dirty**, dŭrt'-ŭ, *a.* foul, mean, sordid—*v. a.* to foul, to soil, to disgrace
- Disable**, dŭs-ă'b'l, *v. a.* to render incapable, to impair
- Disabuse**, dŭs-ă-bŭ'ze, *v. a.* to set right, to undeceive

shöt, nôte, lôse, actör—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Disadvantage, dÿs-äd-vánt'-ädzh, *s.* loss injury, state of being unprepared  
 Disaffect, dÿs-äf-fék't, *v. a.* to fill with discontent  
 Disaffected, dÿs-äf-fék'-téd, *part.* not wishing well to  
 Disaffection, dÿs-äf-fék'-shün, *s.* want of loyalty or zeal  
 Disagreeable, dÿs-ä-gré-éb'l, *a.* unpleasant, offensive [ference of opinion]  
 Disagreement, dÿs-ä-gré-mént, *s.* difference  
 Disallow, dÿs-äl-löü', *v. n.* to deny any thing [void, to annul]  
 Disannul, dÿs-än-nül', *v. a.* to make disappear, dÿs-äp-pé're, *v. n.* to be lost to view, to vanish  
 Disappoint, dÿs-äp-pöynt, *v. a.* to defeat expectation  
 Disappointment, dÿs-äp-pöynt'-mént, *s.* act of being disappointed  
 Disapprove, dÿs-äp-pröve, *v. a.* to dislike, to censure  
 Disarm, dÿs-är'm, *v. a.* to deprive of arms  
 Disarray, dÿs-är-rä', *v. a.* to divest of clothes—*s.* disorder, confusion, undress [grief]  
 Disaster, dÿs-äs'-té'r, *s.* mishap, calamity  
 Disastrous, dÿs-äs'-trús, *a.* unlucky, calamitous  
 Disavow, dÿs-ä-vöw', *v. a.* to deny  
 Disband, dÿs-bänd', *v. a.* to dismiss from military service—*v. n.* to retire from military service, to separate [of belief]  
 Disbelief, dÿs-bé-lif', *s.* discredit, refusal  
 Disburse, dÿs-bür's, *v. a.* to spend or lay out money [laid out]  
 Disbursement, dÿs-bürs'-mént, *s.* money  
 Discard, dÿs-kärd', *v. a.* to dismiss from employment [to judge, to descry]  
 Discern, dÿz-zér'n', *v. a.* to distinguish  
 Discernible, dÿz-zér'n-ib'l, *a.* perceptible, distinguishable  
 Discerning, dÿz-zér-níng, *part. a.* judicious, knowing  
 Discernment, dÿz-zér'n'-mént, *s.* judgment, faculty of discerning  
 Discharge, dis-tshär'dzh, *v. a.* to release, to dismiss, to pay—*s.* a dismissal, an acquittance  
 Discind, dÿs-sínd', *v. a.* to divide, to cut in pieces [lower]  
 Disciple, dÿs-síp'l, *s.* a scholar, a follower  
 Disciplinarian, dÿs-síp-li-nä'-rýán, *s.* strict observer of rules  
 Discipline, dÿs-sí plín, *s.* order, regulation—*v. a.* to regulate, to instruct, to reform, to chastise

Disclaim, dÿs-klá'mé, *v. a.* to disown, to deny, to renounce  
 Disclose, dÿs-klö'ze, *v. a.* to reveal, to tell, to discover [act of revealing]  
 Disclosure, dÿs-klö'-zhüre, *s.* discovery  
 Discolour, dÿs-kól'-ör, *v. a.* to stain, to change colour [quish, to defeat]  
 Discomfit, dÿs-kóm'-fýt, *v. a.* to vanquish  
 Discomfiture, dÿs-kóm'-fýt-üre, *s.* rout, overthrow  
 Discomfort, dÿs-kóm'-fört, *s.* uneasiness—*v. a.* to grieve, sadden, deject  
 Recommend, dÿs-kóm-ménd', *v. a.* to blame, to censure  
 Discomode, dÿs-kóm-mö'de, *v. a.* to put to inconvenience  
 Discompose, dÿs-kóm-pö'ze, *v. a.* to disorder, to ruffle, to vex  
 Disconcert, dÿs-kön-sért', *v. a.* to unsettle, to discompose  
 Disconsolate, dÿs-kön-sö-lét, *a.* sad, hopeless, sorrowful  
 Discontent, dÿs-kön-tént', *s.* a want of content, sorrow  
 Discontented, dÿs-kön-tén'-téd, *part.* uneasy, dissatisfied  
 Discontinuation, dÿs-kön-tín-ü-ä'-shün, *s.* a cessation, separation [off]  
 Discontinue, dÿs-kön-tín'-ü, *v. a.* to leave  
 Discord, dÿs-körd, *s.* disagreement, opposition  
 Discordant, dÿs-kör-dént, *a.* inconsistent, disagreeing  
 Discover, dÿs-köv'-ér, *v. a.* to disclose, to find out, to spy  
 Discovery, dÿs-köv'-ér-ý, *s.* the act of finding, invention  
 Discount, dÿs-köünt, *s.* a drawback, an allowance [pay back]  
 Discount, dÿs-köünt, *v. a.* to draw or draw out  
 Discountenance, dÿs-köün-tē-néns, *v. a.* to discourage, to abash—*s.* cold treatment [press, to deter]  
 Discourage, dÿs-kür'-édzh, *v. a.* to discourage  
 Discouragement, dÿs-kür'-édzh-mént, *s.* cause or act of discouraging  
 Discourse, dÿs-kör'se, *s.* conversation, a treatise  
 Discredit, dÿs-kréd'-ýt, *s.* ignominy, reproach, disgrace—*v. a.* not to believe  
 Discreet, dÿs-kré'te, *a.* prudent  
 Discrepant, dÿs-krē-pént, *a.* different  
 Discretion, dÿs-krēsh'-ün, *s.* prudence, liberty of acting  
 Discriminate, dÿs-krím'-ín-äte, *v. a.* to distinguish, to select, to separate

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Discrimination, dŷs-křim'-ŷn-ā-shŷn, *s.* distinction, separation, mark
- Discriminous, dŷs-křim'-ŷn-ús, *a.* dangerous, hazardous
- Discumbency, dŷs-kŷm'-bĕn-sŷ, *a.* act of leaning at meat
- Discursive, dŷs-kŷr'-siv, *a.* argumentative, progressive
- Discursory, dŷs-kŷs'-sŷr ŷ, *a.* argumental
- Discuss, dŷs-kŷs', *v. a.* to examine, to argue, to disperse
- Discussion, dŷs-kŷs'-shŷn, *s.* examination of a question
- Discutient, dŷs-kŷ-shĕnt, *s.* a repelling medicine
- Disdain, dŷs'dān'e, *v. a.* to scorn, to reject—*s.* scorn, contempt
- Disease, dŷs-éze, *s.* distemper, malady, sickness—*v. a.* to pain, to torment
- Diseased, dŷs-é'-zĕd, *part.* afflicted with a distemper
- Disembark, dŷs-ĕm-bărk, *v. a.* to put on shore—*v. n.* to go on shore
- Disem bitter, dŷs-ĕm-bŷt-tér, *v. a.* to free from bitterness
- Disembodied, dŷs-ĕm-bŷd'-ŷd, *a.* divested of the body, corps dismissed
- Disembogue, dŷs-ĕm-bŷ'ge, *v. a.* to discharge into the sea—*v. n.* to flow
- Disembroil, dŷs-ĕm-brŷl, *v. a.* to disentangle, to clear up
- Disengage, dŷs-ĕn-gă'dzh, *v. a.* to separate, to disentangle, to free from—*v. n.* to set ones self free
- Disengaged, dŷs-ĕn gă'dzhd, *part.* at leisure, clear from
- Disesteem, dŷs-ĕs-tĕme, *s.* slight dislike
- Disfavour dŷs-fă'-vŷr, *s.* discountenance
- Disfiguration, dŷs-fŷg-ă-ră-shŷn, *s.* the act of disfiguring, deformity
- Disfigure, dŷs-fŷg-ă're, *v. a.* to deform, deface, mangle
- Disforest, dŷs-fŷr'-ĕst, *v. a.* to turn into common land
- Disfranchise, dŷs-frăn'tsh-ize, *v. a.* to take away privileges
- Disgorge, dŷs-gŷrdzh, *v. a.* to vomit, to pour out with force
- Disgrace, dŷs-gră'se, *s.* loss of favour, dishonour—*v. a.* to dishonour, to dismiss
- Disguise, dŷs-gŷze, *v. a.* to conceal, disfigure, deform—*s.* a dress to deceive, a pretence
- Disgust, dŷs-gŷst', *s.* an aversion, dislike—*v. a.* to offend, to provoke
- Dish, dŷsh', *s.* a vessel to serve food in—*v. a.* to serve in a dish
- Dishabille, dŷs-ă-lŷl, *s.* an undress, a loose dress
- Dishearten, dŷs-hărt'n, *v. a.* to discourage, to terrify
- Disherit, dŷs-hér'-ŷt, *v. a.* to cut off from inheritance
- Dishevel, dŷs-ĕv'l, *v. a.* to spread the hair disorderly
- Dishonest, dŷs-hŷn' ĕst, *a.* wicked, fraudulent, void of probity
- Dishonour, dŷs-ŷn'-ŷr, *s.* reproach, disgrace, censure—*v. a.* to disgrace, to deflour
- Disinclination, dŷs-ŷn-klŷ-nă-shŷn, *s.* want of affection, dislike
- Disincline, dŷs-ŷn-klŷ'ne, *v. a.* to produce dislike to
- Disingenuity, dŷs-ŷn-dzhĕ-nŷ-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* insincerity, unfairness
- Disingenuous, dŷs-ŷn-dzhĕn'-ă-ús, *a.* unfair, meanly artful, illiberal
- Disinherit, dŷs-ŷn-hér'-ŷt, *v. a.* to cut off from hereditary right
- Disinter, dŷs-ŷn-tér', *v. a.* to take out of the grave
- Disinterested, dŷs-ŷn'tér'-ĕs-tĕd, *a.* void of private advantage
- Disjoin, dŷs-dzhŷŷn, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite
- Disjoint, dŷs-dzhŷŷnt, *v. a.* to put out of joint, disunite, to make incoherent—*v. n.* to fall in pieces
- Disjunct, dŷs-dzhŷŷng'ĕt, *a.* disjointed, separate
- Disjunction, dŷs-dzhŷŷngk'-shŷn, *s.* disunion, separation
- Disk, dŷsk', *s.* the face of the sun or of a planet
- Dislike, dŷs-lŷ'ke, *s.* aversion, disapprobation—*v. a.* to disapprove, to hate
- Dislocate, dŷs-lŷ-kăte, *v. n.* to disjoint, to displace
- Dislocation, dŷs-lŷ-kă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of displacing, a luxation
- Dislodge, dŷs-lŷdzh', *v. a.* to drive out—*v. n.* to move away
- Disloyal, dŷs-lŷŷ'-ăl, *a.* disaffected to government [dark
- Dismal, dŷz'-măl, *a.* sorrowful, unhappy,
- Dismantle, dŷs-mănt'l, *v. a.* to disarm, strip, overthrow, destroy
- Dismask, dŷs-mă'sk, *v. a.* to divest of a mask
- Dismast, dŷs-mă'st, *v. a.* to deprive of masts

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Dismay, dýs-mā', *v. a.* to discourage, afflict—*s.* fear, terror
- Disme, dî m, *s.* the tenth part, a tithe
- Dismember, dýs-mém'-bér, *v. a.* to cut off a limb, &c.
- Dismiss, dýs-mýs', *v. a.* to send away
- Dismission, dýs-mýsh'-ûn, *s.* deprivation
- Dismortgage, dýs-môr'-gédzh, *v. a.* to redeem from mortgage
- Dismount, dýs mō'unt, *v. a.* to throw from on horseback—*v. a.* to alight from a horse
- Disobedience, dýs-ô bé'-dýéns, *s.* breach of duty [duty]
- Disobey, dýs-ô-bā', *v. a.* to transgress a
- Disoblige, dýs-ô-blîdzh, *v. a.* to offend, to disgust
- Disobliging, dýs-ô-blî'-dzhýng, *part. a.* disgusting, unpleasing
- Disorder, dýs-ôf'-dér, *s.* irregularity, confusion, sickness—*v. a.* to throw into confusion, to make sick
- Disordinate, dýs-ôf'-dýn-ét, *a.* vicious, living irregularly
- Disown, dýs-ô'ne, *v. a.* to deny, to renounce [spread abroad]
- Dispand, dýs-pánd', *v. a.* to display, to
- Disparage, dýs-pār'-édzh, *v. a.* to treat with contempt
- Disparity, dýs-pār'-ý-tý, *s.* inequality, dissimilitude [a park]
- Dispark, dýs-pār'k, *v. a.* to throw open
- Dispersion, dýs-pā'h'-ûn, *s.* coolness of temper
- Dispatch, dýs-pātsh'. *see* Despatch
- Dispel, dýs-pél, *v. a.* to drive away, to dissipate
- Dispend, dýs-pénd', *v. a.* to spend, to consume
- Dispensary, dýs-pén'-sār-ý, *s.* a place where medicines are dispensed
- Dispensation, dýs-pén-sā'-shûn, *s.* a distribution, an exemption, permission to hold two livings
- Dispensatory, dýs-pén-sā'-tór-ý, *s.* a directory for making medicines
- Dispense, dýs-pén's, *v. a.* to distribute—*v. n.* to excuse
- Dispeople, dýs-pép'l, *v. a.* to depopulate
- Disperge, dýs-pérdzh', *v. a.* to sprinkle
- Disperse, dýs-pér's, *v. a.* to scatter, to drive away
- Dispersion, dýs-pér-shûn, *s.* the act of scattering or spreading abroad
- Dispirit, dýs-pír'-ýt, *v. a.* to discourage, damp, oppress
- Displace, dýs-plā'se, *v. a.* to put out of place [disgust]
- Displacency, dýs-plā'-sén-sý, *s.* incivility,
- Displant, dýs-plānt', *v. a.* to remove a plant, to drive from a settlement
- Display, dýs-plā', *v. a.* to spread wide, to exhibit—*s.* exhibition
- Displeasant, dýs-pléz'-ént, *a.* unpleasant, offensive
- Displease, dýs-plé'ze, *v. a.* to offend, provoke—*v. n.* to raise aversion
- Displeasure, dýs-plézh'-úr, *s.* offence, anger, disgrace
- Displode, dýs-pló'de, *v. a.* to vent with violence
- Displotion, dýs-plō'-zhûn, *s.* a bursting with noise
- Disposal, dýs-pō' zāl, *s.* management, regulation
- Dispose, dýs-pō'ze, *v. a.* to bestow, to incline, to prepare, to regulate—*v. n.* to dispose of
- Disposition, dýs-pō zýsh-ûn, *s.* order, method, quality, tendency, temper of mind, predominant inclination
- Dispossess, dýs-pōz-zes' *v. a.* to put out of possession, to deprive, to dis seize
- Dispossession, dýs-pōz-zesh'-ûn, *s.* the act of putting out of possession
- Disposure, dýs-pō-zhûr, *s.* power, state, posture
- Dispraise, dýs-prā'ze, *s.* blame, censure—*v. a.* to blame, to censure
- Disproof, dýs-prō'f, *s.* a refutation, a confutation
- Disprofit, dýs-prōf'-ýt, *s.* loss, damage
- Disproportion, dýs-prō-pōr-shûn, *s.* unsuitableness, want of symmetry—*v. a.* to mismatch
- Disproportionate, dýs-prō-pōr-shón-ét, *a.* unsuitable, unequal
- Disprove, dýs-prō've, *v. a.* to confute, to refute
- Dispunishable, dýs-pûn'-ýsh-éb'l, *a.* without penal restraint
- Disputant, dýs-pû-tént, *s.* a controversialist, a reasoner
- Disputation, dýs-pû-tā'-shûn, *s.* argumental contest, controversy
- Dispute, dýs-pû'te, *v. n.* to contend, debate—*v. a.* to contend for, to oppose—*s.* a contest, a controversy
- Disqualification, dýs-kwāl'-ý-fý-kā'-shûn, *s.* that which disqualifies
- Disqualify, dýs-kwāl'-ý-fý, *v. a.* to make unfit, to disable



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.

- Disquiet, dŷs-kwī-ēt, *s.* uneasiness, anxiety—*v. a.* to disturb, to harass
- Disquietude, dŷs-kwī-ē-tûde, *s.* uneasiness [tative inquiry]
- Disquisition, dŷs-kwī-zŷsh-ŷn, *s.* a dispute
- Disregard, dŷs-rē-gărd, *s.* slight notice, neglect—*v. a.* to slight, to contemn
- Disrelish, dŷs-rēl-ŷsh, *s.* nauseaousness, dislike—*v. a.* to makē nauseous, &c.
- Disreputable, dŷs-rēp'-û-téb'l, *a.* disgraceful, unbecoming
- Disrepute, dŷs-rē-pûte, *s.* ill character, want of reputation
- Disrespect, dŷs-rē-spēkt', *s.* want of reverence, rudeness
- Disrobe, dŷs-rōb'e, *v. a.* to undress, to strip [asunder, a rent]
- Disruption, dŷs-rŷp'-shŷn, *s.* a breaking
- Dissatisfaction, dŷs-săt-ŷs-făk'-shŷn, *s.* discontent
- Dissatisfy, dŷs săt'-ŷs-fŷ, *v. a.* to disoblige, to displease
- Dissect, dŷs-sēkt', *v. a.* to cut in pieces, to anatomize
- Dissection, dŷs-sēk'-shŷn, *s.* nice examination, anatomy
- Disseise, dŷs-sēz, *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive [possession]
- Dissésin, dŷs-sēz-ŷn, *s.* unlawful disseisor
- Disseisor, dŷs-sē-zór, *s.* he that dispossesses another
- Dissemble, dŷs-sēm'b'l, *v. a.* to hide under false appearance—*v. n.* to play the hypocrite
- Disseminate, dŷs'-sēm-ŷn-âte, *v. a.* to scatter as seed, to spread
- Dissemination, dŷs'-sēm-ŷn-ă"-shŷn, *s.* the act of scattering
- Dissention, dŷs-sēn'-shŷn, *s.* disagreement, strife, discord
- Dissent, dŷs-sēnt', *v. n.* to disagree in opinion, to differ
- Dissenter, dŷs-sēnt'-ér, *s.* a separatist from a national church
- Dissertation, dŷs-sér-tă-shŷn, *s.* a discourse
- Disserve, dŷs-sérv', *v. a.* to injure
- Disservice, dŷs-sér-vŷs, *s.* injury, mischief [rious, mischievous]
- Disserviceable, dŷs-sér-vŷs-éb'l, *a.* injudicious
- Dissever, dŷs-sév'-ér, *v. a.* to cut in two, to break, to divide
- Dissimilar, dŷs-sŷm'-ŷ-lăr, *a.* unlike, heterogeneous
- Dissimulation, dŷs-sŷm-û-lă-shŷn, *s.* the act of dissembling, hypocrisy
- Dissipate, dŷs'-sŷ-pâte, *v. a.* to disperse, to spend extravagantly
- Dissipation, dŷs-sŷ-pă-shŷn, *s.* extravagant spending, waste
- Dissociate, dŷs-sō'-shyâte, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite
- Dissoluble, dŷs-sō-lûb'l, *a.* capable of separation
- Dissolve, dŷz-ōlv', *v. a.* to disunite, to break up—*v. n.* to fall to nothing, to be melted
- Dissolvent, dŷz-ōl'-vēnt, *a.* having the power of melting
- Dissolute, dŷs-sō-lûte, *a.* loose, wanton
- Dissolution, dŷs-sō-lŷ-shŷn, *s.* a dissolving, destruction, death, act of breaking up an assembly
- Dissonant, dŷs-sō-nēnt, *a.* unharmonious, harsh [the contrary]
- Dissuade, dŷs-swă'de, *v. a.* to advise to
- Dissuasive, dŷs-swă'-sŷv, *a.* tending to persuade against [two syllables]
- Dissyllable, dŷs-sŷl-lăb'l, *s.* a word of
- Distaff, dŷs-tăf, *s.* a staff used in spinning
- Distance, dŷs-tēns, *s.* remoteness in place or time, disrespect, distant behaviour—*v. a.* to leave behind in a race [time, reserved]
- Distant, dŷs'-tēnt, *a.* remote in place or
- Distaste, dŷs-tă'ste, *s.* disgust, dislike
- Distemper, dŷs-tēm'-pér, *s.* disease, disorder, uneasiness
- Distemperature, dŷs-tēm'-pér-ă-tûre, *s.* noise, intemperateness
- Distend, dŷs-tēnd', *v. a.* to stretch out in breadth [stretching, breadth]
- Distention, dŷs-tēn'-shŷn, *s.* the act of
- Distich, dŷs'-tŷk, *s.* a couplet, a couple of verses
- Distil, dŷs tŷl', *v. n.* to drop, flow gently and silently—*v. a.* to draw by distillation [of distilling]
- Distillation, dŷs-tŷl-lă-shŷn, *s.* the act
- Distillery, dŷs tŷl'-ér-ŷ, *s.* a place where a distiller carries on his business
- Distinct, dŷs-tŷngkt', *a.* different, apart, clear
- Distinction, dŷs-tŷngk'-shŷn, *s.* note of difference, quality, separation
- Distinctive, dŷs-tŷngk'-tŷv, *a.* judicious, able to distinguish
- Distinguish, dŷs-tŷng'-gwŷsh, *v. a.* to discern, to note, to honour—*v. n.* to make distinction
- Distinguished, dŷs-tŷng'-gwhŷst, *part.* eminent, transcendent

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Distort, dŷs-tōrt, *v. a.* to writhe, to twist, to misrepresent  
 Distortion, dŷs-tōr-shūn, *s.* grimace, misrepresentation  
 Distract, dŷs-trākt', *v. a.* to divide, to perplex, to make mad [wild  
 Distracted, dŷs-trāk'-tēd, *part.* perplexed,  
 Distraction, dŷs-trāk'-shūn, *s.* confusion, madness, discord  
 Distrain, dŷs-trāne, *v. a.* to seize goods or chattels [ &c.  
 Distraint, dŷs-trānt, *s.* a seizure of goods,  
 Distress, dŷs-trēs', *s.* a distraining, calamity, misery—*v. a.* to harass, to make miserable  
 Distribute, dŷs-trīb'-âte, *v. a.* to divide among many  
 Distribution, dŷs-trī-bū'-shūn, *s.* the act of distributing [vince, a region  
 District, dŷs-trīkt, *s.* a circuit, a province  
 Distrust, dŷs-trūst', *v. a.* not to trust, to disbelieve—*s.* loss of confidence, suspicion [to interrupt  
 Disturb, dŷs-trūb', *v. a.* to perplex,  
 Disturbance, dŷs-tūrb'-ēns, *s.* confusion, tumult [disagreement  
 Disunion, dŷs-ū'-nyón, *s.* a separation,  
 Disunite, dŷs-ū'-nīte, *v. a.* to separate friends, to divide  
 Disunity, dŷs-ū'-nī-tŷ, *s.* the state of actual separation  
 Disvouch, dŷs-vōu'tsh, *v. a.* to destroy the credit of, to contradict  
 Ditch, dŷtsh', *s.* a trench, a moat  
 Ditto, dŷt'-tō, *s.* the aforesaid  
 Ditty, dŷt'-tŷ, *s.* a musical poem, a song [toman grand council  
 Divan, dŷ'-vān, *some* dŷv'-ān, *s.* the Ottoman  
 Divarication, dŷ-vār'-ī-kā'-shūn, *s.* a division of opinions  
 Dive, dŷve, *v. n.* to sink involuntarily under water, to go deep into any question or science  
 Diverge, dŷ-vér'dzh, *v. n.* to tend various ways from one point  
 Divergent, dŷ-vér'-dzhēnt, *a.* going farther asunder  
 Divers, dŷ-vérz, *a.* several, sundry  
 Diverse, dŷ-vérs, *a.* different, unlike, opposite [variation, change  
 Diversification, dŷ-vér'-sī-fī-kā'-shūn, *s.*  
 Diversify, dŷ-vér'-sī-fŷ, *v. a.* to distinguish, to variegate  
 Diversion, dŷ-vér'-shūn, *s.* the act of turning any thing from its course, sport, game [variety  
 Diversity, dŷ-vér'-sī-tŷ, *s.* difference,
- Divert, dŷ-vért', *v. a.* to turn aside, to entertain [possess  
 Divest, dŷ-vést', *v. a.* to strip, to dis-  
 Divesture, dŷ-vēs'-tūre, *s.* the act of putting off  
 Divide, dŷ-vīde, *v. a.* to part, separate, distribute—*v. n.* to break friendship  
 Dividend, dŷv'-y-dēnd, *s.* share, part allotted in division  
 Dividual, dŷ-vīd'-ū-āl, *a.* divided, shared  
 Divination, dŷv'-y-nā'-shūn, *s.* a foretelling of future things  
 Divine, dŷv'-īne, *a.* godlike, heavenly, not human—*s.* a minister of the gospel, a clergyman—*v. a.* to foretel, to foreknow  
 Diviner, dŷ-vīn'-ér, *s.* a professor of divination  
 Divinity, dŷv'-īn'-ī-tŷ, *s.* the Deity, the Supreme Being, science of divine things, theology [divided  
 Divisible, dŷv'-īz'-īb'l, *a.* that may be  
 Division, dŷv'-īzh'-ūn, *s.* the act of dividing, a partition, part of a discourse, just time in music [divides  
 Divisor, dŷv'-ī-zór, *s.* the number that  
 Divorce, dŷv'-órse, *s.* separation in marriage—*v. a.* to force asunder  
 Diuretic, dŷ-ū-rēt'-īk, *a.* provoking urine  
 Diurnal, dŷ-ūr'-nāl, *a.* performed in a day, daily—*s.* a journal, a day-book  
 Diuturnity, dŷ-ū-tūr'-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* length of duration [lic, to proclaim  
 Divulge, dŷv'-ūl'dzh, *v. a.* to make public  
 Dizen, dŷ'z'n, *v. a.* to dress, to deck gaudily  
 Dizzy, dŷz'-zŷ, *a.* giddy, thoughtless  
 Do, dō, *v. a.* to act any thing either good or bad—*v. n.* to act in any manner either ill or well  
 Docible, dōs'-īb'l, *or* Docile, dōs'-īl, *a.* easily taught, tractable  
 Docility, dō-sīl'-ī-tŷ, *s.* aptness to be taught  
 Dock, dōk', *s.* an herb, a place where ships are built or laid up—*v. a.* to cut short, to lay in a dock  
 Docket, dōk'-ēt, *s.* a direction tied upon goods [val stores, &c  
 Dockyard, dōk'-yārd, *s.* a yard for na-  
 Doctor, dōk'-tór, *s.* a title in divinity, law, physic, &c.  
 Doctrinal, dōk'-trī-nāl, *a.* containing doctrine [act of teaching  
 Doctrine, dōk'-trīn, *s.* precept maxim,

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mè, hér—chŷn, chŷne, fiêld, shîrt—  
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- Document, dŏk'-û-měnt, *s.* a precept, instruction, direction [plant  
 Dodder, dŏd'-dér, *s.* a winding weed or  
 Dodecagon, dŏ-dĕk'-ă-gŏn, *s.* a figure of twelve sides  
 Dodge, dŏd'zh, *v. n.* to use craft, to follow artfully, to quibble  
 Doe, dŏ', *s.* the female of a buck  
 Doff, dŏf', *v. a.* to put off dress, to strip, to delay  
 Dog, dŏg', *s.* a domestic animal—*v. a.* to follow, to watch with an insidious design  
 Dogdays, dŏg'-dāze, *s.* the days in which the dogstar rises and sets with the sun [of Venice  
 Doge, dŏd'zh, *s.* the chief magistrate  
 Dogged, dŏg'-gĕd, *a.* sullen, sour, morose [one mast  
 Dogger, dŏg'-gér, *s.* a small ship with  
 Doggerel, dŏg'-grél, *a.* vile, mean—*s.* despicable verses  
 Doggish, dŏg'-gĭsh, *a.* currish, brutal  
 Dogma, dŏg'-mă, *s.* an established principle, a tenet  
 Dogmatic, dŏg-măt'-ĭk, *a.* authoritative  
 Dogmatize, dŏg'-mă-tĭze, *v. n.* to assert positively, to teach magisterially  
 Dogs, dŏ'gz, *s.* handirons  
 Dogstar, dŏg'-stăr, *s.* the star which gives name to the dogdays  
 Doily, dŏr'-lŷ, *s.* a small coarse napkin used after dinner [bustle  
 Doings, dŏ'ingz, *s.* feats, actions, stir,  
 Doit, dŏt', *s.* a small piece of money  
 Dole, dŏle, *s.* a share, a part, grief, misery—*v. a.* to deal, to distribute  
 Doleful, dŏl'e-fŭl, *a.* sorrowful, melancholy, afflicted [gloomy  
 Dolesome, dŏle-sóm, *a.* melancholy,  
 Doll, dŏl', *s.* a little girl's baby  
 Dollar, dŏl-lăr, *s.* a foreign coin  
 Dolorific, dŏl-ŏ-rĭf'-ĭk, *a.* that causes grief or pain  
 Dolorous, dŏl'-ŏ-rŭs, *a.* sorrowful, dismal, painful  
 Dolphin, dŏl' fĭn, *s.* a sea fish  
 Dolt, dŏw'l't, *s.* a heavy stupid fellow, a thickskull [blockish  
 Doltish, dŏw'l't-ish, *a.* stupid, mean,  
 Domain, dŏ-mă'ne, *s.* a dominion, empire, estate  
 Dome, dŏme, *s.* an arched roof, a cupola  
 Domestic, dŏ-mĕs'-tĭk, *a.* belonging to the house, not foreign, private—*s.* a servant, a dependent

- Domesticate, dŏ-mĕs'-tĭ-kāte, *v. a.* to make domestic  
 Dominate, dŏm'-ĭ nāte, *v. a.* to predominate, to prevail over  
 Domination, dŏm'-ĭ nă-shŭn, *s.* dominion, tyranny  
 Domineer, dŏm'-ĭ-nĕre, *v. n.* to hector, to rule with insolence, to act without control  
 Diminical, dŏ-mĭn'-ĭ-kăl, *a.* that notes the Lord's day  
 Dominion, dŏ mĭn'-yŏn, *s.* sovereign authority, territory, power  
 Domino, dŏm'-ĭ nŏ, *s.* a sort of masquerade dress, a game  
 Don, dŏn', *s.* a Spanish title for a gentleman  
 Donation, dŏ-nă' shŭn, *s.* a gift, a present, a bounty, a thing given  
 Donative, dŏn'-ă-tĭv, *s.* a gift, a present, a benefice  
 Done, dŏn', *part. of the verb Do—inter.* a word used to confirm a wager  
 Donor, dŏ-nŏr, *s.* a giver, a bestower  
 Doom, dŏme, *v. a.* to sentence, to destine—*s.* a judicial sentence, judgment, condemnation, destiny  
 Doomsday, dŏ'mz-dă, *s.* day of judgment  
 Doomsday-book, dŏ'mz dă-bŏk', *s.* a book for registering estates  
 Door, dŏ're, *s.* the gate of a house, a passage [warrant  
 Doquet, dŏk'-ét, *s.* a paper containing a  
 Doree, dŏrĕ, *s.* a delicate fish  
 Doric, dŏr'-ĭk, *s.* the second order in architecture  
 Dormant, dŏr'-mĕnt, *a.* sleeping, private, concealed  
 Dormitory, dŏr-mĭ-tŏr-ŷ, *s.* a room with many beds, a burial place  
 Dormouse, dŏr-mŏûs, *s.* a small animal which passes the winter in sleep  
 Dose, dŏ'se, *s.* so much of any medicine as is taken at one time  
 Dot, dŏt', *s.* a small point or spot in writing, &c.  
 Dotage, dŏ' tĕdzh, *s.* imbecility of mind, excessive fondness [dowry  
 Dotal, dŏ'-tăl, *a.* relating to portion or  
 Dotard, dŏt'-ărd, *s.* one whose intellects are impaired, a silly lover  
 Dote, dŏ'te, *v. n.* to love extremely  
 Doting, dŏt'-ing, *pr.* from dote  
 Dotterel, dŏt'-trĭl, *s.* a bird that mimics gestures

shòt, nòte, lôse, actór—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Double, dŭb'l, *a.* twice as much, two-fold—*v. a.* to enlarge by like quantity, to fold, to pass round a headland—*v. n.* to increase to twice the quantity—*s.* a plait or fold, trick, artifice [deceit, dissimulation]

Double dealing, dŭb'l-dē'ŷng, *s.* cunning, Double-minded, dŭb'l-mī'n-dēd, *a.* deceitful [or a pair]

Doublet, dŭb'-lēt, *s.* a waistcoat, two Double-tongued, dŭb'l-tóng'd, *a.* deceitful, false, hollow

Doublon, dŭb-lō'ne, *s.* a Spanish coin of two pistoles

Doubt, dŭt', *v. a.* to question, to suspect—*s.* suspicion, difficulty

Dove, dōv', *s.* a sort of wild pigeon

Dovecot, dōv'-kōte, *s.* a pigeon-house

Dovetail, dōv'-tāle, *s.* a term used by joiners

Dough, dō, *s.* unbaked paste

Doughty, dŏt'-tŷ, *a.* brave, illustrious, eminent [pale]

Doughy, dŏ-ŷ, *a.* soft, not quite baked,

Douse, dŏs', *v. a.* to plunge suddenly in water [a jointure]

Dowager, dŏw'-ŷ-dzhér, *s.* a widow with

Dowdy, dŏw'-dŷ, *a.* awkward—*s.* an awkward inelegant woman

Dower, dŏw'-ér, *s.* a wife's portion, a widow's jointure, endowment

Dowls, dŏw'-lās, *s.* coarse strong linen

Down, dŏw'n, *s.* soft feathers or wool, tender hair, a large open plain—*prep.* along a descent—*ad.* on the ground, into disgrace

Downcast, dŏw'n-kāst, *a.* bent down, dejected

Downfall, dŏw'n-fāl, *s.* ruin, calamity

Downhill, dŏw'n-hŷl, *s.* a descent—*a.* descending [dejected]

Downlooking, dŏw'n-lŏk'-ŷng, *a.* sullen,

Downlying, dŏw'n-lŷ-ŷng, *a.* near childbirth

Downright, dŏw'n-rŷte, *ad.* honestly, plainly—*a.* open, undisguised

Downward, dŏw'n-wārd, *a.* bending down, dejected

Downwards, dŏw'n-wārdz, *ad.* towards the centre, from a higher to a lower situation [or nap, soft]

Downy, dŏw'nŷ, *a.* covered with down

Dowry, dŏw'-rŷ, *s.* portion, a dower

Doxology, dŏks-ŏl'-ŏ-dzhŷ, *s.* a form of giving glory to God

Doxy, dŏk'-sŷ, *s.* a loose wench, a prostitute

Doze, dō'ze, *v. n.* to slumber—*v. a.* to stupify, to dull

Dozen, dōz'n, *s.* the number of twelve

Dozy, dō-zŷ, *a.* sleepy, drowsy

Drab, drāb', *s.* a slattern, sort of wool-len cloth

Drachm, drām', *s.* a Roman coin, the eighth part of an ounce [away]

Draft, drāf', *s.* refuse, any thing thrown

Draft, drāf't, *s.* a bill drawn on another for money

Drag, drāg', *v. a.* to draw by force, to trail—*s.* a sort of net or hook

Draggle, drāg'l, *v. a.* to trail in the dirt

Dragon, drāg'-ŏn, *s.* a winged serpent

Dragonlike, drāg'-ŏn-like, *a.* furious, fiery

Dragoon, drā-gō'ne, *s.* a horse soldier—*v. a.* to force one against his will

Drain, drā'ne, *v. a.* to draw off gradually, to make quite dry—*s.* a channel to carry off water

Drake, drā'ke, *s.* the male of the duck

Dram, drām', *s.* the eighth part of an ounce, a glass of spirits [a play]

Drama, drā'-mā, *s.* a poem, the action of

Dramatic, drā-māt'-ik, *a.* represented by action

Dramatist, drām-ā'-tŷst, *s.* author of dramatic compositions

Draper, drā'-pér, *s.* one who sells cloth

Drapery, drā'-pér-ŷ, *s.* cloth-work, the dress of a picture

Draught, drāft, *s.* the act of drinking, quantity drunk or drawn at once, a delineation, a picture, a check or bill of exchange, a detachment

Draw, drā', *v. a.* to pull forcibly, to attract, to describe, to allure—*v. n.* to unsheathe, to write a bill of exchange, to delineate

Drawback, drā'-bāk, *s.* money paid back on exports [lift up]

Drawbridge, drā'-brŷdzh, *s.* bridge to

Drawer, drā'-ér, *s.* one who draws, a sliding box in a case [breeches]

Drawers, drā'-érz, *s.* a pair of under

Drawing, drā'-ŷng, *s.* a delineation

Drawing-room, drā'-ŷng-rōme, *s.* a room for company [clownishly]

Drawl, drāl', *v. n.* to speak slowly or

Drawell, drā'-wēl, *s.* a deep well

Dray, drā, or Draycart, drā-kārt, *s.* a car for beer

Dread, drēd', *s.* great fear, terror, awe—*a.* terrible, awful—*v. a.* to fear excessively—*v. n.* to be in fear



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Dreadful drēd'-fŷl, *a.* terrible, formidable

Dream, drē'me, *s.* thoughts in sleep, an idle fancy—*v. a.* to have thoughts in sleep, to be sluggish

Dreary, drē'-rŷ, *a.* sorrowful, dismal

Dredge, drēdzh', *s.* a kind of net—*v. a.* to gather or fish with a dredge

Dreggy, drēg'-gŷ, *a.* having dregs, not clear

Dregs, drēg'z, *s.* sediment of liquors, &c.

Drench, drēn'sh, *v. a.* to soak, to fill with drink—*s.* physic for a brute

Dress, drēs', *v. a.* to clothe, to deck, to cover a wound, to cook, to curry a horse—*s.* clothes, ornament

Dresser, drēs'-sér, *s.* one who dresses, a kitchen table

Dressing-room, drēs'-sīng-rōme, *s.* a room to dress in

Drib, drīb', *v. a.* to crop, to cut off

Dribble, drīb'l, *v. n.* to drop slowly

Dribblet, drīb'-lēt, *s.* a small sum

Drift, drīft', *s.* course, tendency, a heap thrown together by the wind—*v. a.* to drive, to throw on heaps

Drill, drīl', *v. a.* to perforate, to make a hole, to teach recruits—*s.* an instrument for boring, a small furrow

Drink, drīngk', *v. n.* to swallow liquors, to be an habitual drunkard—*v. a.* to swallow, suck up, absorb—*s.* liquor to be swallowed

Drip, drīp', *v. n.* to fall in drops—*v. a.* to let fall in drops—*s.* what falls in drops

Dripping, drīp'-pīng, *s.* the fat dropped from roast meat

Drive, drī've, *v. a.* to force along, to urge, to guide—*v. n.* to go as impelled

Drivel, drīv'l, *v. n.* to slaver, to dote

Driven, drīv'n, *part. of* Drive

Drizzle, drīz'l, *v. n.* to fall in slow drops

Drizly, drīz'-lŷ, *a.* small rain

Droll, drō'le, *s.* an arch fellow, a jester, a farce—*a.* merry, ludicrous—*v. n.* to jest, to play the buffoon

Drollery, drōl'-ér-ŷ, *s.* idle jokes, buffoonery [camel]

Dromedary, drōm'-ē-dār-ŷ, *s.* a kind of

Drone, drō'ne, *s.* a dry bee, a sluggard, a slow humming music—*v. n.* to live in idleness

Dronish, drō'-nŷsh, *a.* idle, sluggish

Droop, drō'pe, *v. n.* to languish with sorrow, to faint, to pine away

Drop, drōp, *s.* a globule of moisture, a diamond hanging in the ear—*v. n.* to pour in drops, to let fall, to cease, to quit—*v. a.* to sink into silence

Dropping, drōp'-pīng, *s.* what falls in drops

Dropsical, drōp'-sī-kal, *a.* diseased with a dropsy [in the body]

Dropsy, drōp'-sŷ, *s.* a collection of water

Dross, drōs', *s.* scum of metals

Drossy, drōs'-sŷ, *a.* full of dross, foul

Drove, drō've, *s.* a herd of cattle, a tumult, a crowd [tle]

Drover, drō'vér, *s.* one that drives cat-

Drought, drōūt', *s.* dry weather, thirst

Droughty, drōū'-tŷ, *a.* wanting rain, thirsty

Drown, drōwn', *v. a.* to suffocate in water, to overflow, to immerge

Drowsy, drōw'-zŷ, *a.* sleepy, dull, stupid

Drub, drüb', *v. a.* to thresh, to beat, to bang—*s.* a thump, a knock, a blow

Drudge, drüdzh', *v. n.* to labour in mean offices—*s.* one employed in mean labour [labour]

Drudgery, drüdzh'-ér-ŷ, *s.* hard mean

Drudgingbox, drüdzh'-īng-bōks, *s.* a box out of which flour is sprinkled

Drug, drüg', *s.* a medicinal simple, any thing without worth or value

Drugget, drüg'-gēt, *s.* a slight kind of woollen stuff [the ancient Britons]

Druid, drū'id', *s.* a priest and bard of

Drum, drūm', *s.* an instrument of military music, the tympanum of the ear

*v. n.* to beat or sound a drum

Drum-major, drūm-mā'-dzhór, *s.* the chief drummer of a regiment

Drunk, drūngk', *a.* intoxicated with liquor [excessive drinking]

Drunkard, drūngk'-árd, *s.* one given to

Dry, drŷ, *a.* arid, without rain, thirsty, barren—*v. a.* to free from moisture, to drain—*v. n.* to grow dry

Drynurse, drŷ'-núrs, *s.* a woman who brings up children without the breast

Dual, dū'-ál, *a.* expressing the number two [a person]

Dub, dúb', *v. a.* to confer knighthood on

Dubious, dū'-byús, *a.* doubtful, uncertain

Ducal, dū'-kal, *a.* appertaining to a duke

Ducat, dūk'-át, *s.* a foreign coin

Duchess, dūtsh'-ēs, *s.* wife of a duke

Duchy, dūtsh-ŷ, *s.* a dukedom

Duck, dūk', *s.* a water fowl, female of the drake—*v. n.* to dive under water—*v. a.* to put under water

Ducking-stool, dūk'-īng-stōle, *s.* a chair in which scolds are ducked

shöt, nōte, löse, actör—hüt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Ducklegged, dŭk'-lĕg'd, *a.* short legged  
 Duckling, dŭk'-lĭng, *s.* a young duck  
 Duct, dŭkt', *s.* a guidance, a passage  
 Ductile, dŭk'-tĭl, *a.* flexible, pliable  
 Ductility, dŭk'-tĭl'-i-tŷ, *s.* flexibility, compliance  
 Dudgeon, dŭd'-dzhón, *s.* ill-will  
 Due, du' *a.* owed, proper, exact—*s.* a debt, right, just, title, tribute  
 Duel, dŭ'-el, *s.* a fight between two  
 Duenna, dŭ'-ĕn' nă, *s.* an old governess  
 Duet, dŭ ĕt', *s.* an air in two parts  
 Dug, dŭg', *s.* the pap or teat  
 Duke, dŭ'ke, *s.* one of the highest order of nobility in England  
 Dukedom, dŭ'ke-dóm, *s.* the possession or quality of a duke [monious  
 Dulcet, dŭl'-sĕt, *a.* sweet, luscious, har  
 Dulcify, dŭl'-sĭ-fĭŷ, *v. a.* to sweeten  
 Dulcimer, dŭl'-sĭ-mĕr, *s.* a kind of musical instrument  
 Dull, dŭl', *a.* stupid, sluggish, dejected—*v. a.* to stupify, to blunt  
 Dulness, dŭl'-nĕs, *s.* stupidity, heaviness  
 Dumb, dŭm', *a.* mute, silent [sadness  
 Dump, dŭmp', *s.* sorrow, melancholy  
 Dumpish, dŭmp'-ĭsh, *a.* sad, melancholy  
 Dumpling, dŭmp'-lĭng, *s.* a small boiled pudding  
 Dumps, dŭmps, *s.* a melancholy fit  
 Dun, dŭn', *s.* colour between brown and black, gloomy—*v. a.* to press for a debt—*s.* a troublesome creditor  
 Dunce, dŭn's, *s.* a dolt, a thickskull  
 Dunch, dŭnsh', *a.* deaf  
 Dung, dŭng', *s.* excrement, soil—*v. a.* to fatten land with dung  
 Dungeon, dŭn'-dzhón, *s.* a close prison  
 Dunghill, dŭng'-hĭl, *s.* a mean person, a heap of dung  
 Duodecimo, dŭ-ō-dĕs'-ĭ-mō, *s.* a book having twelve leaves to a sheet  
 Dupe, dŭ'pe, *s.* a credulous person—*v. a.* to trick, to cheat

Duple, dŭ'-p'l, *a.* double  
 Duplicate, dŭ-plĭ'-kătĕ, *v. a.* to double, to fold together  
 Duplicate, dŭ'-plĭ'-kĕt, *s.* an exact copy of any thing, of the same kind  
 Duplication, dŭ-plĭ'-kă-shŭn, *s.* the act of doubling or folding [ing  
 Duplicity, dŭ-plĭs'-ĭ-tŷ, *s.* double dealing  
 Durability, dŭ-ră-bĭl'-ĭ-tŷ, *s.* the power of lasting [tinuance  
 Durance, dŭ' rĕns, *s.* imprisonment, confinement  
 Duration, dŭ-ră'-shŭn, *s.* continuance, length of time  
 Dure, dŭ're, *v. n.* to last, to continue  
 Duress, dŭ'-rĕs, *s.* constraint, imprisonment [continuance  
 During, dŭ'-rĭng, *prep.* for the time of  
 Durst, durst', *pret. of* Dare  
 Dusk, dŭsk', *s.* a tendency to darkness  
 Dusky, dŭsk'-ŷ, *a.* tending to darkness  
 Dust, dŭst', *s.* earth dried to powder—*v. a.* to free from dust, to sprinkle with dust  
 Dusty, dŭs'-tŷ, *a.* clouded with dust  
 Dutchy, dŭtsh'-ŷ, *s.* territory which gives title to a duke [sive, respectful  
 Dutious, dŭ'-tyŭs, *a.* obedient, submissive  
 Duty, dŭ'-tŷ, *s.* natural or legal obligation, respect, reverence, a tax [size  
 Dwarf, dwă'rf, *s.* a man below the usual  
 Dwarfish, dwă'rf-ĭsh, *a.* low, little  
 Dwell, dwĕl', *v. n.* to inhabit, to continue long [place of residence  
 Dwelling, dwĕl'-lĭng, *s.* habitation, a  
 Dwindle, dwĭnd'l, *v. n.* to shrink, to grow feeble, to wear away [lour to  
 Dye, dŷ', *v. a.* to lose life, to give a colour  
 Dying, dŷ'-ĭng, *part.* expiring, giving colour to [vereignty  
 Dynasty, dŷ'-nă-s-tŷ, *s.* government, sovereignty  
 Dysentery, dŷ'-ĕn-tĕr-ŷ, *s.* a looseness  
 Dyspepsy, dŷ'-pĕp-sŷ, *s.* indigestion  
 Dysury, dŷ'-ŭ-rŷ, *s.* a difficulty in making urine

## E.

EACH, ĕ'ts, *pron.* either of two, every one  
 Eager, ĕ'-gĕr, *a.* ardent, zealous  
 Eagerness, ĕ'-gĕr-nĕs, *s.* keen desire, vehemence  
 Eagle, ĕ'g'l, *s.* a bird of prey, the Roman standard

Eagle eyed, ĕ'g'l-ĭde, *a.* sharp sighted  
 Eagle speed, ĕ'g'l-spĕde, *s.* swiftness like an eagle  
 Eaglet, ĕ'-glĕt, *s.* a young eagle  
 Ear, ĕ're, *s.* the organ of hearing. power of judging of harmony, spike of corn

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Earl, ér'l, *s.* the title of nobility next to a marquis [an earl]  
 Earldom, ér'l-dóm, the seignior of  
 Earl-marshal, ér'l-mă'r-shăl, *s.* the officer that has the chief care of military solemnities  
 Early, ér'-lŷ, *a.* soon—*ad.* betimes  
 Earn, érn', *v. a.* to gain by labour  
 Earnest, ér'-něst, *a.* ardent, zealous, intent, eager—*s.* seriousness, money advanced [at the ears]  
 Ear-ring, é're-rĭng, *s.* an ornament worn  
 Ear-shot, é're-shôt, *s.* within hearing  
 Earth, érth', *s.* land, mould, the terraqueous globe [clay]  
 Earthen, érth'n, *a.* made of earth or  
 Earthquake, érth'-kwăke, *s.* a tremor of the earth [mea sordid wretch]  
 Earthworm, érth'-wórm, *s.* a worm, a  
 Earthy, érth'-ŷ, *a.* consisting of earth, gross, soul  
 Ease, é'ze, *s.* quiet, rest after labour, facility—*v. a.* to relieve, assuage  
 Easel, é'z'l, *s.* a painter's frame for canvases  
 Easement, éze'-mēt, *s.* relief, assistance  
 East, é'ste, *s.* the quarter where the sun rises  
 Easter, é's-tér, *s.* the day on which Christians commemorate our Saviour's resurrection  
 Easterly, é's-tér-lŷ, *a.* coming from the east, towards the east  
 Eastern, é's-térn, *a.* belonging to the east, oriental [east]  
 Eastward, é'st-wărd, *a.* towards the  
 Easy, é'-zŷ, *a.* not difficult, quiet, credulous [—*v. n.* to take food]  
 Eat, é'te, *v. a.* to feed upon, to consume  
 Eaten, é't'n, *part.* devoured, consumed  
 Eaves, é'v'z, *s.* the edges of the roof which overhang the house  
 Eavesdrop, é'v'z-drôp, *v. a.* to catch what comes from eaves  
 Ebb, éb', *s.* to flow back to the sea  
 Ebony, éb'-ón, or Ebony, éb'-ón-ŷ, *s.* a hard valuable black wood  
 Ebriety, ē-brī-ē-tŷ, *s.* drunkenness  
 Ebullition, ē-bŭl-lŷsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of boiling up [the centre, irregular]  
 Eccentric, ēk-sén'-trĭk, *a.* deviating from  
 Eccentricity, ēk-sén'-trĭs'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* deviation from the centre  
 Ecclesiastic, ēk-klē-zŷ-ăs'-tĭk, *a.* relating to the church—*s.* a clergyman  
 Echo, ēk'-kō, *s.* the repercussion of a sound  
 Ecclaireissement, ēk-klāre-sŷs'-mēt, *s.* an explanation  
 Eclat, ē-klá', *s.* splendour, show, lustre  
 Eclectic, ēk-lēk'-tēk, *a.* selecting, choosing at will  
 Eclipse, ē-klĭp's, *s.* obscuration of the sun, moon, &c.—*v. a.* to disgrace  
 Ecliptic, ē-klĭp'-tĭk, *s.* the apparent orbit of the earth [poem]  
 Eclogue, ēk'-lŭg, *s.* a pastoral or rural position of things [saving]  
 Economy, ē-kōn'-ō-mŷ, *s.* frugality, disposition of things [saving]  
 Economic, ē-kō-nōm'-ĭk, *a.* frugal, thrifty  
 Ecstasy, ēk's-tă-sŷ, *s.* excessive joy, rapture, enthusiasm [porting]  
 Extatic, ēks-tăt'-ĭk, *a.* enrapturing, trans-  
 Edder, éd'-dér, *s.* top of fences  
 Eddish, éd'-ŷsh, *s.* latter grass  
 Eddy, éd'-dŷ, *s.* turn of the water or wind, a whirlpool  
 Edge, édzh', *s.* the sharp part of an instrument, keenness [border]  
 Edging, édzh'-ĭng, *s.* a narrow lace, a  
 Edge-tool, édzh'-tôle, *s.* a tool made sharp to cut  
 Edible, éd'-ĭb'l, *a.* fit to be eaten  
 Edict, ē-dĭkt, *s.* a proclamation, a decree [ment, instruction]  
 Edification, ēf-ĭf-ĭ-kă-shŭn, *s.* improve  
 Edifice, éd'-ĭ-fĭs, *s.* a fabric, a building  
 Edify, éd'-ĭ-fŷ, *v. a.* to instruct, to improve [magistrate]  
 Edile, é'-dĭle, *s.* the title of a Roman  
 Edition, ē-dĭsh'-ŭn, *s.* the impression of a book  
 Editor, éd'-ĭ-tŭr, *s.* one who revises or prepares a work for publication  
 Educate, éd'-ŭ-kăte, *v. a.* to bring up, to instruct  
 Education, éd'-ŭ-kă shŭn, *s.* the instruction of youth  
 Educe, ē-dŭ'se, *v. a.* to bring out, to extract [act of sweetening]  
 Edulcoration, ē-dŭl-kō-ră-shŭn, *s.* the  
 Eel, é'le, *s.* a serpentine slimy fish  
 Effable, ēf'-éb'l, *a.* expressive, utterable  
 Efface, ēf-fă'se, *v. a.* to blot out to destroy  
 Effect, ēf-fēkt', *s.* event produced, issue, reality—*v. a.* to bring to pass, to produce [serviceable]  
 Effective, ēf-fēk'-tĭv, *a.* operative, active  
 Effectual, ēf-fēk'-tŭ-ăl, *a.* powerful, efficacious [to pass, to fulfil]  
 Effectuate, ēf-fēk'-tŭ-ăte, *v. a.* to bring  
 Effeminacy, ēf-fēm'-ĭ nă-sŷ, *s.* unmanly delicacy, mean submission

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, māte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

**Effeminate**, ēf-fēm'-y-nēt, *a.* womanish, voluptuous, tender  
**Effervesce**, ēf-fēr-vēs', *v. n.* to have an intestine motion excited  
**Effervescence**, ēf-fēr-vēs-ēns, *s.* act of becoming hot by fermentation  
**Efficacious**, ēf-fy-kā-shūs, *a.* powerful to produce the consequences intended  
**Efficacy**, ēf-fy-kā-sŷ, *s.* ability or power to effect  
**Efficient**, ēf-fysh'-ént, *s.* the cause which makes effects—*a.* causing effects  
**Effigies**, ēf-fydzh'-ēz, *s.* an effigy  
**Effigy**, ēf-fy-dzhŷ, *s.* a resemblance, an image in painting or sculpture  
**Efflorescent**, ēf-flō-rēs'-sēnt, *a.* shooting out in the form of flowers  
**Effluent**, ēf-flū-ént, *a.* flowing from, issuing out of  
**Effluvia**, ēf-flū-vyā, *s.* small particles continually flying off from bodies  
**Efflux**, ēf-fluks, *s.* the act of flowing out  
**Effort**, ēf-fōrt, *s.* a struggle, laborious endeavour [boldness  
**Effrontery**, ēf-frón'-tér-ŷ, *s.* impudence,  
**Effulgent**, ēf-fūl'-dzhēnt, *a.* shining, bright, luminous [ing out, waste  
**Effusion**, ēf-fū-shūn, *s.* the act of pouring  
**Eft**, ēft', *s.* a newt, an evet  
**Egg**, ēg', *s.* that which is laid by feathered animals, spawn or sperm—*v. a.* to incite, to instigate  
**Eglantine**, ēg'-lān-tīne, *s.* a species of rose, sweet brier  
**Egotism**, ē-gō-tizm, *s.* talk of one's self  
**Egotize**, ē-gō-tize, *v. n.* to talk much of one's self [bad, extraordinary  
**Egregious**, ē-grē'-dzhūs, *a.* eminently  
**Egress**, ē-grēs, *s.* departure [out  
**Egression**, ē-grēsh'-ūn, *s.* act of going  
**Ejaculate**, ē-dzhāk'-ū-lāte, *v. a.* to throw out, to shoot out  
**Ejaculation**, ē-dzhāk'-ū-lā'-shūn, *s.* a short fervent prayer  
**Ejaculatory**, ē-dzhāk'-ū-lā'-tó-rŷ, *a.* suddenly darted out, fervent, hasty  
**Eject**, ē-dzhēkt', *v. a.* to throw out, to cast forth  
**Ejection**, ē-dzhēkt'-shūn, *s.* expulsion  
**Ejectment**, ē-jēkt'-mēnt, *s.* writ of ordering a person from a house, &c.  
**Eight**, ēyht, *a.* twice four [united  
**Eighteen**, ēy'-tēne, *a.* ten and eight  
**Eightfold**, ēyte' fōld, *a.* eight times the number, &c. [twenty  
**Eightscore**, ēyte-skōre, *a.* eight times  
**Eighty**, ēy-tŷ, *a.* eight times ten

**Either**, é-ther', *pron.* one or the other  
**Eke**, é'ke. *ad.* also, besides—*v. a.* to increase, to fill up deficiencies  
**Elaborate**, ē-lāb'-ō-rēt, *a.* finished with great labour [away  
**Elapse**, ē-lāp's, *v. n.* to pass or glide  
**Elastic**, ē-lās'-tik', *a.* springing back  
**Elasticity**, ē-lās-tis'-y-tŷ, *s.* force in bodies by which they endeavour to restore themselves  
**Elate**, ē-lāte, *a.* flushed with success—*v. a.* to puff up, to exalt  
**Elation**, ē-lā'-shūn, *s.* haughtiness  
**Elbow**, ēl'-bō, *s.* the bending of the arm below the shoulder, an angle  
**Elbowchair**, ēl'-bō-tshāre, *s.* a chair with arms  
**Elder**, ēl'-dér, *a.* exceeding another in years—*s.* name of a well known tree  
**Elders**, ēl-dérz, *s.* ancient rulers  
**Eldest**, ēl'-dēst, *a.* the oldest, the first born [plant  
**Elecampane**, ēl-ē-kām-pā'ne, *s.* a sort of  
**Elect**, ē-lēkt', *v. a.* to choose, to select —*a.* chosen [of choosing  
**Election**, ē-lēk'-shūn, *s.* the act or power  
**Elective**, ē-lēk'-tīv, *a.* exerting the power of choice [in an election  
**Elector**, ē-lēk'-tór, *s.* he that has a vote  
**Electoral**, ē-lēk'-tō-rāl, *a.* of or belonging to an elector [of an elector  
**Electorate**, ē-lēk'-tō-rēt, *s.* the territory  
**Electric**, ē-lēk-trik, *a.* belonging to electricity  
**Electricity**, ē-lēk-tris'-y-tŷ, *s.* property in bodies which draws substances, and emits fire by friction  
**Electuary**, ē-lēk'-tū ár-ŷ, *s.* a medicine made of conserves and powers  
**Eleemosynary**, ēl-ē-mōz'-ŷ-nár-ŷ, *a.* living on charity [ing, neat  
**Elegant**, ēl'-ē-gant, *a.* beautiful, pleasant  
**Elegiac**, ēl'-ē-dzhŷ'-āk, *a.* used in elegies, mournful [poem  
**Elegy**, ēl'-ē-dzhŷ, *a.* a mournful pathetic  
**Element**, ēl'-ē-mēnt, *s.* first principle, earth, fire, air, or water, proper habitation, &c. of any thing, rudiments of literature or science [elements  
**Elemental**, ēl'-ē-mēn'-tāl, *a.* produced by  
**Elementary**, ēl'-ē-mēn'-tár-ŷ, *a.* not compounded, simple [quadrupeds, ivory  
**Elephant**, ēl-ē-fānt, *s.* the largest of  
**Elephantine**, ēl-ē-fān'-tīn, *a.* pertaining to the elephant  
**Elevate**, ēl'-ē-vāte, *v. a.* to raise up, to exalt, to make glad



~~~~~  
 Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—  
 ~~~~~

Elevate, ɛl'-ɛ-vět, *part. a.* exalted, elated  
 Elevation, ɛl'-ɛ-vā'-shŷn, *s.* the act of  
 raising aloft, exaltation, height

Eleven, ɛ-lév'n, *a.* ten and one

Elf, ɛlf', *s.* a fairy, a devil

Elicit, ɛ-lis'-yt, *v. a.* to strike out, to fetch  
 out by labour—*a.* brought into act

Eligible, ɛl'-y-dzŷb'l, *a.* fit to be chosen

Elision, ɛ-lizh'-ŷn, *s.* act of cutting off

Elixir, ɛ-lŷk'-sŷr, *s.* quintessence of any  
 thing, any cordial

Elk, ɛlk', *s.* animal of the stag kind

Ell, ɛl', *s.* a measure of a yard and a  
 quarter

Ellipsis, ɛl-lŷp'-sŷs, *s.* something left to  
 be understood, an oval figure

Elliptic, ɛl-lŷp'-tŷk, *a.* formed like an  
 ellipsis

Elm, *s.* a tall timber tree

Elocution, ɛl-ɔ-kŷ-shŷn, *s.* fluency of  
 speech or diction, eloquence

Elogy, ɛl'-ɔ-dzhŷ, *s.* praise, panegyric

Elongate, ɛ-lɔng'-âte, *v. a.* to lengthen,  
 to draw out [lengthening]

Elongation, ɛ-lɔng'-â-shŷn, *s.* the act of  
 Elope, ɛ-lɔp'e, *v. n.* to run away, to  
 break lose [restraint]

Elopement, ɛ-lɔp'e-měnt, *s.* escape from

Eloquent, ɛl'-ɔ-kwěnt, *a.* having the  
 power of oratory [*ad.* otherwise]

Else, ɛl's, *pron.* other, one besides—  
 Elsewhere, ɛl's-hwā're, *ad.* in another  
 place [to clear up]

Elucidate, ɛ-lŷ-sŷ-dâte, *v. a.* to explain,

Elude, ɛ-lŷ'd'e, *v. a.* to escape by arti-  
 fice, to shun [in the loins]

Elumbated, ɛ-lŷm'-bâ-těd, *a.* weakened

Elusion, ɛ-lŷ-zhŷn, *s.* escape from in-  
 quiry, artifice

Elusive, ɛ-lŷ-sŷv, *a.* tending to elude

Elysian, ɛ-lŷzh'-yŷn, *a.* pleasant, ex-  
 ceedingly delightful

Elysium, ɛ-lŷzh'-yŷm, *s.* any place ex-  
 quisitely pleasant [flesh, to waste]

Emaciate, ɛ-mâ-shyâte, *v. n.* to lose

Emaculation, ɛ-mâk-â-lâ'-shŷn, *s.* the  
 act of freeing from spots or foulness

Emanation, ɛm'-â-nâ'-shŷn, *s.* the act of  
 issuing or flowing from another sub-  
 stance, that which flows

Emanative, ɛm'-â-nâ'-tŷv, *a.* issuing from  
 another

Emancipate, ɛ-măn'-sŷ-pâte, *v. a.* to set  
 free

Emancipation, ɛ-măn'-sŷ-pâ-shŷn, *s.* a  
 setting free, a deliverance from  
 slavery or servitude

Embalm, ɛm-bă'm, *v. a.* to impregnate  
 with aromatics

Embarcation, ɛm-băr-kâ'-shŷn, *s.* a put-  
 ting or going on shipboard [sail]

Embargo, ɛm-băr'-gō, *s.* a prohibition to

Embark, ɛm-băr'k, *v. a.* to put on ship-  
 board, to engage—*v. n.* to go on ship-  
 board [to distress]

Embarrass, ɛm-băr'-rās, *v. a.* to perplex,

Embase, ɛm-bā'se, *v. a.* to degrade, to  
 vilify

Embassy, ɛm' bās-sŷ, *s.* a public message

Embattle, ɛm-băt'l, *v. a.* to range in  
 order of battle

Embay, ɛm bā', *v. a.* to enclose in a bay

Embellish, ɛm běl'-lŷsh, *v. a.* to adorn

Ember-day, ɛm'-bér-dā, *s.* a day of fast-  
 ing and abstinence [ed, hot cinders]

Embers, ɛm'-bér's, *s.* ashes unextinguish-

Ember-week, ɛm-bér'-wēke, *s.* a week in  
 which an ember day falls

Embezzle, ɛm-béz'l, *v. a.* to steal pri-  
 vately, to waste

Emblaze, ɛm-blā'ze, *v. a.* to blazon, to  
 paint with ensigns armorial

Emblazon, ɛm-blā'z'n, *v. a.* to adorn  
 with figures of heraldry, to set off  
 pompously, to deck

Emblem, ɛm-blém, *s.* enamel, a repre-  
 sentation, an illusive picture

Emblematic, ɛm-blé-măt'-ŷk, *a.* allusive,  
 using emblems [bold]

Embolden, ɛm-böld'n, *v. a.* to make

Emboss, ɛm-bôs', *v. a.* to engrave with  
 relief or rising work, to enclose, to  
 hunt hard [the entrails]

Embowel, ɛm-bŏw'-él, *v. a.* to take out

Embrace, ɛm-brā'se, *v. a.* to hold fondly  
 in the arms, to encircle, to comprise  
 —*v. n.* to join in an embrace—*s.* a  
 clasp, a fond pressure

Embrasure, ɛm-brā-zhŷ're, *s.* an aper-  
 ture in fortifications for cannon, a  
 battlement [a part diseased]

Embrocate, ɛm'-brō-kâte, *v. a.* to foment

Embrocation, ɛm brō-kâ'-shŷn, *s.* a fo-  
 mentation, a lotion

Embroider, ɛm-brŏi'-dér, *v. a.* to deco-  
 rate with figure work

Embroidery, ɛm-brŏi'-dér-ŷ, *s.* variega-  
 ted needle work [confuse]

Embroil, ɛm-brŏi'l, *v. a.* to disturb, to

Embryo, ɛm-brŷ-ō, *s.* the child in the  
 womb before it has perfect shape, any  
 thing unfinished

Emendation, ɛ-měn-dâ'-shŷn, *s.* correc-  
 tion, alteration

shöt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

**Emerald**, ém'-ě-răld, *s.* a green precious stone

**Emerge**, ē-mérđzh', *v. n.* to rise out

**Emergent**, ē-mér'-dzhěnt, *a.* rising out or into view or notice, sudden

**Emerods**, ém'-ér-ôdz, *s.* painful swellings of the hæmorrhoidal veins, piles

**Emersion**, ē-mér'-shûn, *s.* act of rising into view again

**Emery**, ém'-ér-ý, *s.* an iron ore

**Emetic**, ē-mět'-ýk, *a.* provoking vomits

**Emigrant**, ém'-ý-gránt, *a.* departing from a place, wandering.—*s.* one who emigrates

**Emigrate**, ém'-ý-grâte, *v. n.* to remove from one place to another

**Eminent**, ém'-ý-něnt, *a.* high, exalted, dignified [agent

**Emissary**, ém'-ýs sár-ý, *s.* a spy, a secret

**Emission**, ē-mýsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of throwing or shooting out [charge

**Emit**, ē-mýt', *v. a.* to send forth, to dis-

**Emmet**, ém'-mět, *s.* an ant, a pismire

**Emmollient**, ē-môl'-lyěnt, *a.* softening, supplying—*s.* what softens or relaxes and supplies the solids

**Emotion**, ē-mô'-shûn, *s.* disturbance of the mind, vehemence of passion

**Empale**, ém-păle, *v. a.* to fence with pales, to enclose, to put to death by fixing on a stake

**Empannel**, ém-păn'-nél, *v. a.* to swear, &c. a jury

**Emperor**, ém-p'-ér-ór, *s.* a monarch superior to a king

**Emphasis**, ém'-fă-sýs, *s.* a remarkable stress laid upon a word or sentence

**Emphatic**, ém-făt'-ýk, *a.* forcible

**Empire**, ém'-pîre, *s.* imperial power, command [sician, a quack

**Empiric**, ém-pýr-ýk, *s.* a pretended phy-

**Empiricism**, ém-pýr' ý-sýzm, *s.* quackery

**Emplead**, ém-plé'de, *v. a.* to indict, to prefer a charge against

**Employ**, ém-plôý', *v. a.* to keep at work, to use—*s.* business, office or post of business

**Emporium**, ém pō'-ryûm, *s.* a place of merchandize, a mart, a commercial city [make poof

**Empoverish**, ém-pōv'-ér-ýsh, *v. a.* to

**Empower**, ém-pōw-ér, *v. a.* to authorise

**Empress**, ém'-prěs, *s.* the wife of an emperor, a female with imperial dignity

**Empty**, ém-p'tý, *a.* unfurnished, not full, ignorant [heavenly

**Empyrean**, ém-pýr'-yăl, *a.* refined, aerial,

**Empyrean**, ém-pýr'-ě'-ăn, *s.* the highest heaven where the pure element of fire is supposed to subsist

**Empyreum**, ém-pý'-rûm, *or* **Empyreuma**, ém-pý-rû'-mă, *s.* the burning of any matter in boiling or distillation

**Emulate**, ém'-û-lâte, *v. a.* to rival, to imitate [sire of superiority

**Emulation**, ém û-lă-shûn, *s.* rivalry, de-

**Emulative**, ém'-û-lă-tív, *a.* inclined to emulation [petitor

**Emulator**, ém'-û lâ-tór, *s.* a rival, a com-

**Emulge**, ē-mûldzhl', *v. a.* to milk out

**Emulgent**, ē-mûl'-dzhěnt, *a.* milking or draining out [ous to excel

**Emulous**, ém'-û-lús, *a.* rivalling, desir-

**Emulsion**, ē-mûl'-shûn, *s.* an oily, lubricating medicine

**Enzble**, ěn ă'b'l, *v. a.* to make able

**Enact**, ěn-ăkt', *v. a.* to establish, to decree, to represent by action

**Enamel**, ěn-ăm'-él, *v. n.* to inlay, to variegate with colours—*s.* a substance used in enamelling [love

**Enamour**, ěn-ăm'-úr, *v. a.* to inspire with

**Encamp**, ěn-kămp', *v. n.* to pitch tents

—*v. a.* to form into a camp

**Encampment**, ěn-kămp'-měnt, *s.* an army in camp [a chain, to bind

**Enchain**, ěn-tshă'ne, *v. a.* to fasten with

**Enchant**, ěn-tshă'nt, *v. a.* to bewitch, to delight [an ornament

**Enchase**, ěn-tshă'se, *v. n.* to adorn by

**Encircle**, ěn-sîrk'l, *v. a.* to environ, to enclose in a circle

**Enclitics**, ěn-klýt'-ýks, *s.* particles which throw back the accent upon the foregoing syllable [surround

**Enclose**, ěn-klō'se, *v. a.* to fense in, to

**Enclosure**, ěn-klō'-zhûre, *s.* the act of enclosing, separation into distinct

possessions [praise

**Encomium**, ěn-kō'-myûm, *s.* a panegyric,

**Encompas**, ěn-kôm'-păs, *v. a.* to en-

close, to encircle, to go round any place

**Encore**, ăng-kō're, *ad.* again, once more

**Encounter**, ěn-kōûn'-ter, *s.* a duel, a

battle, sudden meeting, casual incident—*v. a.* to meet in a hostile man-

ner, to attack, to meet by accident

**Encourage**, ěn-kûr'-ědzhl, *v. a.* to ani-

mate, to embolden

**Encroach**, ěn-krō'tsh, *v. a.* to advance by

stealth, to invade [impede

**Encumber**, ěn-kûm'-bér, *s. a* to clog, to

K

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chŭne, fiēld, shŭrt.—

Encumbrance, ɛn-kŭr'-brɛns, *s.* a clog, an impediment

Encyclopædia, ɛn-sj'-klɔ'-pɛ-djə, *s.* a complete circle of sciences

End, ɛnd', *s.* extremity, conclusion, design, death [to prejudice]

Endamage, ɛn-dəm'-ɛdʒ, *v. a.* to hurt,

Endanger, ɛn dā'n-dʒɛr, *v. a.* to bring into peril, to hazard [or beloved]

Endear, ɛn-dɛ're, *v. a.* to render dear

Endeavour, ɛn dɛv'-ur, *s.* an effort. *a.* labour—*v. n.* to strive for some end —*v. a.* to attempt, to try

Endemic, ɛn-dɛ'-myəl, *or* Endemic, ɛn-dɛm'-ik, *a.* peculiar to a country as applied to diseases

Endict, *or* Endite, ɛn-dɪ'te, *v. a.* to charge by a written accusation, to draw up, to compose—*v. n.* to compose [herb, succory]

Endive, ɛn'-dɪv, *s.* a common sallad

Endorse, ɛn-dɔ's, *v. a.* to superscribe, to accept a bill

Endorsement, ɛn-dɔ's-mɛnt, *s.* confirmation, writing on the back

Endow, ɛn-dɔw', *v. a.* to enrich with portion or excellence

Endowment, ɛn-dɔw'-mɛnt, *s.* grant of a vicarage, gift of nature

Endue, ɛn dū', *v. a.* to supply with mental excellencies

Endure, ɛn-dū're, *v. a.* to bear, sustain, support—*v. n.* to last, to continue, to brook [an adversary]

Enemy, ɛn'-ɛ-mj, *s.* a foe, an opponent,

Energetic, ɛn-ɛr-dʒɛt'-ik, *a.* forcible, vigorous [vigour]

Energy, ɛn'-ɛr-dʒj, *s.* power, force,

Enervate, ɛn-ɛr'vate, *v. a.* to deprive of force, to crush [enervate]

Enfeeble, ɛn-fɛ'-b'l, *v. a.* to weaken, to

Enfeoff, ɛn-fɛf', *v. a.* to invest with possessions [ters, to confine]

Enfetter, ɛn-fɛt'-tɛr, *v. a.* to bind in fet-

Enfilade, ɛn-fɪ-lādɛ, *s.* a straight passage—*v. a.* to pierce in a right line

Enforce, ɛn-fɔ'se, *v. a.* to strengthen, to urge —*v. n.* to prove

Enfranchise, ɛn-frān'-tʃɪzɛ, *v. a.* to make free, to liberate

Engage, ɛn-gā'dʒ, *v. a.* to embark in an affair, to bind, to gain attention, to employ, to encounter, to fight

Engagement, ɛn-gā'dʒ mɛnt', *s.* employment, a battle, a motive, an obligation [to produce, to excite]

Engender, ɛn-dʒɛn'-ɛr, *v. a.* to beget,

Engine, ɛn'-dʒɪn, *s.* a machine, an agent

Engineer, ɛn-dʒɪ nɛ're, *s.* one who manages engines, or directs artillery

English, ɪŋ'-lɪʃ, *a.* belonging to England [bruise as with hail]

Engrail, ɛn-grā'le, *v. n.* to batter or

Engrave, ɛn-grā've, *v. a.* to cut characters or figures on copper, &c.

Engraving, ɛn-grā-vɪŋ, *s.* a picture engraved

Engross, ɛn-grō'se, *v. a.* to monopolize, to engage deeply, to copy in a large hand [or esteem, to aggravate]

Enhance, ɛn-hāns, *v. a.* to raise in price

Enigma, ɛ-nɪg-mə, *s.* a riddle, an obscure question

Enigmatical, ɛ-nɪg-mət'-ɪ-kəl, *a.* obscure

Enjoin, ɛn-dʒɔɪn, *v. a.* to order, to prescribe

Enjoy, ɛn-zhɔj', *v. a.* to feel or perceive with pleasure, to possess, to gladden —*v. n.* to live in happiness

Enkindle, ɛn-kɪn'd'l, *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame [expatiate]

Enlarge, ɛn-lā'rdʒ, *v. a.* to expand, to

Enlargement, ɛn-lā'rdʒ-mɛnt, *s.* augmentation, copious discourse

Enlighten, ɛn-lɪ't'n, *v. a.* to illuminate, to instruct [make lively]

Enliven, ɛn-lɪv'n, *v. a.* to animate, to

Enmity, ɛn-mɪ-tj, *s.* malevolence, malice [elevate]

Ennoble, ɛn-nō'b'l, *v. a.* to dignify, to

Enormity, ɛn-nɔr'-mɪ-tj, *s.* great wickedness, villainy

Enormous, ɛn-nɔr'-mʌs, *a.* irregular, very wicked, very large, out of rule

Enough, ɛ-nūf', *a.* sufficient—*s.* a sufficiency—*ad.* sufficiently

Enow, ɛ-nōw', *plural of* Enough, sufficient number

Enquire, ɛn-kwɪ're, *v. n.* to inquire

Enrage, ɛn-rā'dʒ, *v. a.* to irritate, to provoke [port with pleasure]

Enrapture, ɛn rāp'-tū're, *v. a.* to trans-

Enrich, ɛn-rɪtʃ, *v. a.* to make rich, to fertilize

Enripen, ɛn-rɪp'n, *v. a.* to make ripe, to mature

Enrobe, ɛn-rō'be, *v. a.* to dress, to clothe

Enrol, ɛn-rō'le, *v. a.* to register, to record, to involve [ter, a record]

Enrolment, ɛn-rōwl'-mɛnt, *s.* a regis-

Ensample, ɛn-sāmp'l, *s.* an example, a pattern, a subject of imitation

Enshrine, ɛn-shrɪnɛ, *v. a.* to preserve as a holy relic

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Ensign, ěn'-sine, *s.* a flag or standard, the officer who carries it [liberty  
 Enslave, ěn-slā've, *v. a.* to deprive of  
 Ensue, ěn-sû', *v. a.* to follow, to pursue—*v. n.* to follow as a consequence  
 Ensure, ěn shû're, *v. a.* to engage, to indemnify  
 Entablature, ěn-tāb'-lā-tûre, or Entablement, ěn-tāb'l-měnt, *s.* the architrave, frieze, and cornice of a pillar  
 Entail, ěn-tā'le, *s.* an estate settled with regard to its descent, the rule of descent settled for any estate—*v. a.* to fix an estate unalienably  
 Entangle, ěn-tāng'l, *v. a.* to ensnare, to twist, to perplex  
 Enter, ěn-ter, *v. a.* to go or come into, to imitate, to set down in writing  
 Entering, ěn'-tér-ýng, *s.* a passage into a place [undertaking  
 Enterprize, ěu'-tér-prize, *s.* a hazardous  
 Entertain, ěn-tér-tā'ne, *v. a.* to converse with, to treat at table, to amuse or divert, to foster in the mind  
 Entertainment, ěn tér-tā'ne-měnt, *s.* hospitable treatment, amusement  
 Enthal, ěn-thrāl', *v. a.* to enslave  
 Enthroned, ěn thrō'ne, *v. a.* to place on a throne, to exalt [imagination  
 Enthusiasm, ěn-thū-zyāzm, *s.* heat of  
 Enthusiast, ěn-thū-zyāst, *s.* one of a hot imagination or exalted ideas, a person mad with wild notions  
 Enthusiastic, ěn-thū-zyās'-tik, *a.* overzealous in any thing, superstitious  
 Entice, ěn-tise, *v. a.* to allure, to attract  
 Entire, ěn tî're, *a.* whole, undivided  
 Entitle, ěn-tî'l', *v. a.* to give a title or right to [real being  
 Entity, ěn'-tî-tý, *s.* a real existence, a  
 Entoil, ěn-tō'il, *v. a.* to ensnare, to perplex [tomb, to bury  
 Entomb, ěn-tō'me, *v. a.* to put into a  
 Entrails, ěn-tréls, *s.* the bowels, the intestines [ing, an avenue  
 Entrance, ěn-trěns, *s.* the act of entering—*rance*, ěn-trā'ns, *v. a.* to put into a trance [take advantage of  
 Entrap, ěn trāp', *v. a.* to ensnare, to  
 Entreat, ěn-tré'te, *v. n.* to beg earnestly  
 Entreaty, ěn-tré-tý, *s.* a petition, solicitation [taking possession  
 Entry, ěn'-trý, *s.* a passage, the act of  
 Entwine, ěn-twî'ne, *v. a.* to wreath together, to twist  
 Envelop, ěn-věl'-ôp, *v. a.* to inwardly, to hide, to surround

Envenom, ěn-vě'n'-ôrn, *v. a.* to poison, to enrage  
 Envious, ěn'-vyús, *a.* full of envy  
 Environ, ěn-vî' rôn, *v. a.* to surround  
 Environs, ěn-vî' rôn'z, *s.* neighbouring places [over distinctly  
 Enumerate, ě nû'-mér-āte, *v. a.* to count  
 Enumeration, ě'-nû-mér-ā'-shûn, *s.* the act of counting over [to proclaim  
 Enunciate, ě-nûn'-shyāte, *v. a.* to declare,  
 Enunciation, ě'-nûn-shyā'-shûn, *s.* declaration [rative, expressive  
 Enunciative, ě nûn'-shyā-tív, *a.* declarative  
 Envoy, ěn'-vôý, *s.* a public messenger below an ambassador  
 Enure, ěn-û're, *v. a.* to accustom, to bring into use  
 Envy, ěn'-vý, *v. a.* to repine at the happiness of others, to hate because of superiority of success—*s.* vexation at another's good  
 Epact, ě'-pākt, *s.* eleven days of the solar above the lunar year, a Hebrew measure [fortification  
 Epaulment, ě-pā'l-měnt, *s.* a sidework in  
 Ephemera, ě-fěm'-é tš, *s.* a fever that terminates in one day, an insect that lives only one day [in a day  
 Ephemeral, ě-fěm'-é-rāl, *a.* diurnal, done  
 Ephemeris, ě-fěm'-é-ris, *s.* account of the daily motions of the planets  
 Ephemerist, ě-fěm'-é-ris't, *s.* one who studies astronomy [Jewish priests  
 Ephod, ěf'-ôd, *s.* an ornament worn by  
 Epic, ěp'-ík, *a.* containing narrative, heroic [sexes  
 Epicene, ěp'-ý-sěne, *a.* common to both  
 Epicure, ěp'-ý-kû're, *s.* a person given wholly to luxury  
 Epicurean, ěp'-ý-kû-ré'-ān, *s.* a follower of Epicurus—*a.* luxurious, contributing to luxury [vailling  
 Epidemic, ěp'-ý-děm'-ík, *a.* generally pre-  
 Epigram, ěp'-ý-grām, *s.* a short pointed poem [lating to epigrams  
 Epigrammatic, ěp'-ý-grām-māt'-ík, *a.* re-  
 Epilepsy, ěp'-ý-lěp sý, *s.* a convulsion with loss of sense [an epilepsy  
 Epileptic, ěp'-ý-lěp'-tík, *a.* affected with  
 Epilogue, ěp'-ý-lôg, *s.* a speech at the end of a play  
 Epiphany, ě-píf'-ā-ný, *s.* the twelfth day after Christmas  
 Episcopacy, ě-pís'-kô-pá-sý, *s.* government of bishops [bishop  
 Episcopal, ě-pís'-kô vāl, *a.* relating to a



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.—

- Episcopalian, ē-pŷs-kō-pā-lyăn, *a.* having bishops—*s.* an advocate for episcopacy
- Episode, ēp'ŷ-sōde, *s.* a digression or incidental narrative [episode]
- Episodic, ēp'ŷ-sōd'ŷk, *a.* contained in an
- Epistle, ē-pŷs'l, *s.* a letter
- Epistolary, ē-pŷs-tō-lār-ŷ, *a.* relating to or transacted by letters [scription]
- Epitaph, ēp'ŷ-tăf, *s.* a monumental in-
- Epithalamium, ēp'ŷ-thă-lă-myŷm, *s.* a nuptial song [noting a quality]
- Epithet, ēp'ŷ-thēt, *s.* an adjective de-
- Epitome, ē-pŷt'ō-mē, *s.* an abridgment
- Epitomise, ē-pŷt'ō-mize, *v. a.* to abstract, to abridge
- Epoch, ēp'ōk, *or* Epocha, ēp'ō-ká, *s.* the time from which dates are numbered
- Epode, ēp'ōde, *s.* the stanza following the strophe and antistrophe in an ode
- Epopee, ēp'ō-pē', *s.* an epic or heroic poem [feast]
- Epulation, ēp'ū-lă-shŷn, *s.* a banquet, a
- Equability, ē-kwá-bŷl'ŷ-tŷ, *s.* evenness, uniformity
- Equable, ē-kwéb'l, *a.* equal to itself, even, uniform
- Equal, ē-kwál, *a.* adequate, alike, even, uniform—*s.* one of the same age or rank—*v. a.* to make or be equal to
- Equalise, ē-kwál-ize, *v. a.* to make equal
- Equality, ē-kwál'ŷt-ŷ, *s.* likeness, uniformity
- Equanimity, ē'kwă-nŷm'ŷ-tŷ, *s.* evenness of mind
- Equation, ē-kwá-shŷn, *s.* the bringing of things to an equality
- Equator, ē-kwá-tór, *s.* a great circle which divides the globe into two equal parts, north and south
- Equatorial, ē'kwă-tō'-ryăl, *a.* pertaining to the equator [horse]
- Equerry, ē-kwér'ŷ, *s.* master of the
- Equestrian, ē-kwēs-trŷ-ăn, *a.* pertaining to a horseman or knight, belonging to the second rank in Rome
- Equidistant, ē-kwŷ-dŷs'-tănt, *a.* being at the same distance [form equality]
- Equiformity, ē'kwŷ-fō'r-mŷ tŷ, *s.* uniformity
- Equilateral, ē'kwŷ-lăt'-ér-ăl, *a.* having all sides equal
- Equilibrium, ē-kwŷ-ŷb'-rŷ-ŷm, *s.* equality of weight, equipoise
- Equinoctial, ē'kwŷ-nōk'-shŷăl, *s.* an imaginary line in the heavens, which answers to the equator—*a.* pertaining to the equinox
- Equinox, ē-kwŷ-nōks, *s.* the time when the day and night are equal
- Equip, ē-kwŷp', *v. a.* to accoutre, to fit, to furnish
- Equipage, ēk'-wŷ-pēdz, *s.* horses and carriages, retinue, accoutrements
- Equipment, ē-kwŷp'-mēt, *s.* the act of accoutring or equipping
- Equipoise, ē'kwŷ-pōŷz, *s.* an equality of weight or force
- Equipollent, ē'kwŷ-pōl'-lēt, *a.* having equal power or force
- Equiponderant, ē'kwŷ-pōn'-dér-ēt, *a.* of equal weight
- Equiponderate, ē'kwŷ-pōn'-dér-âte, *v. n.* to weigh equally
- Equitable, ēk'-wŷ-téb'l, *a.* just, candid
- Equity, ēk'-wŷ-tŷ, *s.* justice, right, honesty
- Equivalent, ē-kwŷv'-ăl-ēt, *a.* equal in value or force—*s.* a thing of the same value [uncertain]
- Equivocal, ē-kwŷv'-ō-kăl, *a.* ambiguous,
- Equivocate, ē-kwŷv'-ō-kâte, *v. n.* to use doubtful expressions
- Equivocation, ē-kwŷv'-ō-kă-shŷn, *s.* ambiguity of speech [equivocates]
- Equivocator, ē-kwŷv'-ō-kă-tór, *s.* one who
- Era, ē-ră, *s.* an epoch, a point of time
- Eradication, ē'ră-dŷ-ă-shŷn, *s.* a sending forth brightness
- Eradicate, ē-răd'ŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to pull up by the root, to destroy
- Eradication, ē'răd'ŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* the act of rooting up [punge]
- Erase, ē-răse, *v. a.* to destroy, to exterminate
- Ere, ē're, *ad.* and *a.* before, sooner
- Erect, ē-rēkt, *v. a.* to place perpendicularly, to raise, to build—*v. n.* to rise upright—*a.* upright, bold
- Erection, ē-rēk'-shŷn, *s.* a raising up or building
- Eremit, ēr'-ē-mŷte, *s.* an hermit
- Eremitical, ēr'-ē-mŷt'ŷ kăl, *a.* religiously solitary, retired [holly]
- Eringo, ē-rŷng'-ō, *s.* a plant called sea-
- Ermine, ēr'-mŷn, *s.* a sort of animal, or its fur [mine]
- Ermined, ēr'-mŷn'd, *a.* clothed with ermine
- Erod, ēr'ōde, *v. a.* to canker, to eat away [bestowing]
- Erogation, ēr'ō-gă-shŷn, *s.* a giving of
- Erozion, ē-rō-zhŷn, *s.* the act of eating away
- Err, ēr', *v. n.* to stray, to mistake
- Errand, ēr'-rănd, *s.* a message
- Errant, ēr'-rēt, *a.* wandering, vile

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Errantry, ěr-rěnt-rý, *s.* an errant state, employment of a knight errant

Errata, ěr-râ-tâ, *s.* a notice of faults in printing, &c. [lar

Erratic, ěr-rât'-yk, *a.* wandering, irregu-

Erratum, ěr-râ-tûm, *s.* error of the press

Erroneous, ěr-rô-nyús, *a.* subject to or full of errors [irregular course

Error, ěr-rór, *s.* a mistake, a blunder, an

Erst, ěrst', *ad.* at first, when time was

Erubescerit, ěr-û-běs'-sěnt, *a.* reddish

Eruclation, ě-rûk-tâ' shûn, *s.* a belch, a sudden burst of wind [knowledge

Erudition, ěr-û-dîsh'-ûn, *s.* learning

Eruginous, ě-rû-dzhý-nús, *a.* coppery, rusty [hostile excursions, pustules

Eruption, ě-rûp'-shûn, *s.* a bursting forth,

Eruptive, ě-rûp'-tív, *a.* bursting forth

Erysipelas, ěr-ý-síp-ě-láz, *s.* a hot and sharp eruptive humour

Escalade, ěs-kâ-lâ'de, *s.* the act of scaling walls [fish

Escallop, ěs-kâl-óp, *s.* a sort of shell

Escape, ěs kâ'pe, *v. a.* to avoid—*v. n.* to get out of danger or confinement

—*s.* a flight, a getting out of danger, a mistake [healed

Eschar, ěs'-kâr, *s.* a mark upon a wound

Escharotic, ěs-kâ-rôt'-yk, *a.* caustic, burning

Escheat, ěs-tshě'te, *s.* what falls to a lord within his manor by forfeiture, or the death of a person dying without heir [to shun

Eschew, ěs-tshû', *v. a.* to flee, to avoid,

Escort, ěs'-kört', *s.* a convoy, a guard

Escort, ěs-kört', *v. a.* to convoy, to guard from place to place

Ecritoir, ěs-krû-tô're, *s.* a kind of desk upon drawers

Escuage, ěg-kû' âdzh, *s.* service of the shield, a sort of knight's service

Esculent, ěs-kû-lěnt, *a.* good for food

Escutcheon, ěs-kûtsh'-ûn, *s.* a shield with arms [planted in rails

Espalier, ěs-pâl'-yér, *s.* dwarf trees

Especial, ěs-pěsh'-âl, *a.* principal, chief

Esp' anade, ěs-plâ-nâ'de, *s.* void place in front of buildings [pousals

Espousal, ěs-pôû-zâ', *a.* relating to es-

Espousals, ěs-pôû-zâ's, *s.* the act of affiancing a man and a woman to each other [to defend

Espouse, ěs-pôû'z, *v. a.* to marry, to wed,

Espy, ěs-pý', *v. a.* to see at a distance, to watch [a knight

Esquire, ěs-kwí're, *s.* a title next below

Essay, ěs sâ', *v. a.* to attempt, to endeavour, to try—*s.* an attempt, an endeavour, experiment

Essence, ěs-sěns, *s.* the existence, nature, or substance of any thing, chief properties or virtues, a perfume, a scent—*v. a.* to perfume, to scent

Essential, ěs-sěn-shâl, *a.* necessary, very important—*s.* existence, a chief point

Essoign, ěs-sô'ín, *s.* an excuse for non-appearance [firmly, to found

Establish, ěs-tâb' lîsh, *v. a.* to settle

Estate, ěs-tâ'te, *s.* a fortune, rank, condition of life

Esteem, ěs-těme, *v. a.* to value, to prize, to regard—*s.* high value in opinion, regard [esteem

Estimable, ěs-tý-méb'l, *a.* worthy of

Estimate, ěs-tý-mâ'te, *v. a.* to set a value on, to compute [valuation

Estimate, ěs-tý-mět, *s.* a computation, a

Estimation, ěs-tý-mâ-shûn, *s.* value, computation, opinion, regard

Estival, ěs-tý-vâl, *a.* of or for the summer

Estrange, ěs-trâ'ndzh, *v. a.* to keep at a distance, to alienate from affection

Estray, ěs-trâ', *s.* a stray tame beast in a manor

Estuary, ěs-tû-âr-ý, *s.* a frith, an arm of the sea [by means of aquafortis

Etch, ětsh', *v. a.* to engrave on copper

Eternal, ět-ěr-nâl, *a.* perpetual, unchangeable—*s.* the Almighty

Eternalize, ět-ěr-nâ-lize, *v. a.* to make eternal [out end

Eternity, ět-ěr-ný-tý, *s.* duration with-

Ether, ět-ěr, *s.* air refined or sublimed, a pure element [heavenly

Ethereal, ět-ěě-ryâl, *a.* formed of ether,

Ethic, ěth'-yk, *a.* moral, relating to morals

Ethics, ěth'-yks, *s.* doctrine of morality

Ethnic, ěth'-nýk, *a.* heathen, pagan

Etymological, ět-ý-mô-lôdzh'-ý-kâl, *a.* relating to etymology

Etymology, ět-ý-môl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* the derivation of words [mitive word

Etymon, ět-ý-món, *s.* the origin, a pri-

Evacuate, ě-vâk'-û-âte, *v. a.* to empty, to make void, to quit [charge

Evacuation, ě-vâk'-û-â-shûn, *s.* a dis-

Evade, ě-vâ'de, *v. a.* to elude, to avoid, to equivocate—*v. n.* to practise evasions

Evanescent, ě-vâ-něs'-sěnt, *a.* vanishing, imperceptible

K 3

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mắ, hér—chŷn, chine, fiêld, shírt.—

Evangelic, ě-văn-dzhěl'-ŷk, *a.* agreeable to the gospel [of gospel history]  
 Evangelist, ě-văn dzhě-lŷst, *s.* a writer  
 Evangelize, ě-văn-dzhě-lize, *v. a.* to preach the gospel  
 Evaporate, ě-văp'-ô-râte, *v. n.* to fly away in fumes or vapours—*v. a.* to drive away in fumes  
 Evaporation, ě-văp'-ô-ră-shŷn, *s.* a flying away in fumes [excuse  
 Evasion, ě-vă-zhŷn, *s.* a subterfuge, an  
 Evasive, ě-vă-sŷv, *a.* elusive, equivocating [thanks, the Lord's Supper  
 Eucharist, ŭ'-kă-rŷst, *s.* the act of giving  
 Eucharistical, ŭ'-kă-rŷs' tŷ-kăł, *a.* relating to the Lord's Supper  
 Eve, ěv, *s.* close of the day, the day before a festival  
 Even, ěv'n, *a.* level, uniform, calm—*s.* the close of the day [tial, equitable  
 Evenhanded, ěv'n-hănd-ěd, *a.* impartial  
 Evening, ěv-nŷng, *s.* the close of the day [worship used in the evening  
 Evensong, ěv'n-sŷng, *s.* the form of  
 Event, ě-věnt', *s.* an end, incident, consequence, issue [evening  
 Eventide, ěv'n-tĭde, *s.* the time of the  
 Eventilate, ě-vén'-tŷ-lâte, *v. a.* to winnow, to sift out, to discuss  
 Eventual, ě-vén'-tŷ-ăl, *a.* consequential, accidental [always  
 Ever, ěv'-ér, *ad.* at any time, for ever  
 Evergreen, ěv'-ér-grĕne, *s.* a shrub or plant having verdure all the year  
 Everlasting, ěv'-ér-lăst'-ŷng, *s.* eternity, duration—*a.* eternal [eternally  
 Evermore, ěv'-ér-mŷre, *ad.* always  
 Eversion, ě-vér'-shŷn, *s.* the act of overthrowing  
 Evert, ě-vért', *v. a.* to destroy  
 Every, ěv'-ér'-ŷ, *a.* each, one of all  
 Everywhere, ěv'-ér'-ŷ-hwă're, *ad.* in all places [sentence of law  
 Evict, ě-vŷk't, *v. a.* to take away by a  
 Eviction, ě-vŷk'-shŷn, *s.* dispossession by law, proof, conviction  
 Evidence, ěv'-ŷ-dĕns', *s.* state of being clear, testimony, proof [notorious  
 Evident, ěv'-ŷ-dĕnt, *a.* plain, apparent  
 Evil, ěv'-l, *a.* wicked, bad, mischievous—*s.* wickedness, mischief, calamity  
 Evince, ě-vŷn's, *v. a.* to prove, to make plain  
 Evincible, ě-vŷn'-sŷb'l, *a.* capable of proof  
 Eviscerate, ě-vŷs'-sér-âte, *v. a.* to embowel, to search  
 Evitate, ěv'-ŷ-tâte, *v. a.* to avoid, to shun

Eulogy, ŭ'-lŷ dzhy, *s.* praise, encomium  
 Eunuch, ŭ'-núk, *s.* one that is emascu-  
 lated [or from  
 Evocation, ěv-ô kă-shŷn, *s.* a calling out  
 Evoke, ě-vŷke, *v. a.* to call out, to summon  
 Evolve, ě-vŷlv', *v. a.* to unfold, to disentangle  
 Evolution, ěv-ô-lŭ'-shŷn, *s.* an unfolding, a motion made by a body of men in changing their posture  
 Euphony, ŭ-f-ô-nŷ', *s.* an agreeable sound  
 Euroclydon, ŭ-rŷk'-lŷ-dŷn, *s.* a tempestuous north-east wind [Europe  
 European, ŭ-rŷ-pĕ'-ăn, *a.* belonging to  
 Eurus, ŭ'-rŷs, *s.* the east wind  
 Evulsion, ě-vŷl'-shŷn, *s.* the act of plucking out  
 Ewe, ŭ', *s.* a female sheep  
 Ewer, ŭ'-ér, *s.* a vessel in which water is brought for washing the hands  
 Exact, ěks-ăkt', *a.* nice, methodical, accurate—*v. a.* to force, to extort—*v. n.* to practice extortion  
 Exaction, ěks-ăk'-shŷn, *s.* extortion, a severe tribute  
 Exaggerate, ěks-ădzh'-ér-âte, *v. a.* to heighten, to aggravate, to enlarge  
 Exaggeration, ěks-ădzh'-ér-ă-shŷn, *s.* the act of exaggerating  
 Exagitate, ěks-ădz'-ŷ-tâte, *v. a.* to shake, to put in motion  
 Exalt, ěks-ălt, *v. a.* to raise on high, to lift up, to elevate, to extol  
 Exaltation, ěks-ăl-tă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of exalting  
 Examination, ěks-ăm'-ŷ-nă-shŷn, *s.* critical disquisition, a questioning, a trial or proof [aminer, an inquirer  
 Examiner, ěks-ăm'-ŷ-nă-tŷr, *s.* an examiner  
 Examine, ěks-ăm'-ŷn, *v. a.* to ask questions, to consider [del, a precedent  
 Example, ěks-ămp'l, *s.* a pattern or model  
 Exanimate, ěks-ăn'-ŷ-mĕt, *a.* dead, spiritless [voke, to enrage, to vex  
 Exasperate, ěks-ăs'-pér-âte, *v. a.* to provoke  
 Exasperation, ěks-ăs'-pér-ă-shŷn, *s.* a strong provocation [from flesh  
 Excarnate, ěks-kă'r-nâte, *v. a.* to clear  
 Excavate, ěks-kă'-vâte, *v. a.* to hollow  
 Exceed, ěk-sĕde, *v. a.* to go beyond, to excel—*v. n.* to go too far  
 Exceeding, ěk-sĕ-dĭng, *part. a.* great in quantity, &c. [be eminent  
 Excel, ěk-sĕl', *v. a.* to surpass—*v. n.* to  
 Excellence, ěks-ĕl-lĕn's, *s.* state of excelling, goodness, rank

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Excellent, êk-sêl-lënt, *a.* of great virtue or worth, eminent
- Except, êk-sêpt', *v. a.* to leave out—*v. n.* to make objections [an objection
- Exception, êk-sêp'-shûn, *s.* an exclusion,
- Exceptionable, êk-sêp'-shûn-éb'l, *a.* liable to objection
- Exceptor, êk-sêp'-tôr, *s.* one who objects
- Excerpt, êk-sêrpt', *a.* gleaned, picked
- Excess, êk-sês', *s.* more than enough, intemperance [bounds
- Excessive, êk-sês'-sŷv, *a.* beyond due
- Exchange, êks-tshâ'ndzh, *v. a.* to give and take reciprocally, to barter—*s.* act of bartering, balance of money of different nations, where merchants meet
- Exchequer, êks-tshêk'-ér, *s.* the court to which are brought all the revenues belonging to the crown
- Excise, êk-sîze, *s.* a tax levied upon commodities
- Exciseman, êk-sîze-mán, *s.* an officer who inspects exciseable commodities
- Excision, êk-sîzh'-ûn, *s.* extirpation
- Excitation, êk-sî-tâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of exciting or stirring up [courage
- Excite, êk-sîte, *v. a.* to rouse, to en-
- Exclaim, êks-klâ'me, *v. n.* to cry out
- Exclamation, êks-klâ-mâ'-shûn, *s.* an outcry, a clamour, a mark after a pathetic sentence, thus!
- Exclamatory, êks-klâm'-â-tôr-ŷ, *a.* pertaining to exclamation
- Exclude, êks-klû'de, *v. a.* to shut out, to debar, to except
- Exclusion, êks-klû'-zhûn, *s.* the act of shutting out, a rejection [cepting
- Exclusive, êks-klû'-sŷv, *a.* debarring, ex-
- Excogitate, êks-kôdzh'-î-tâte, *v. a.* to invent [*v. a.* to censure, to exclude
- Excommunicate, êks-kôm-mû-nŷ-kâte,
- Excommunication, êks-kôm-mû-nŷ-kâ'-shûn, *s.* an ecclesiastical interdict
- Excoriate, êks-kô-ryâte, *v. a.* to strip off the skin [skin, plunder
- Excoriation, êks-kô-ryâ'-shûn, *s.* loss of
- Excrement, êks'-krê-mënt, *s.* human soil, dung, &c. [out irregularly
- Excrecent, êks-krês'-sënt, *a.* growing
- Excretion, êks-krê'-shûn, *s.* ejection of animal substance [ture, to torment
- Excruciate, êks-krû'-shyâte, *v. a.* to torture
- Excubation, êks-kû-bâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of watching all night
- Exculpate, êks-kûl'-pâte, *v. a.* to clear from imputation
- Excursion, êks-kûr'-shûn, *s.* a digression, a ramble
- Excuse, êks-kû'ze, *v. a.* to extenuate by apology, to remit, to pardon
- Excuse, êks-kû'se, *s.* a plea, an apology, a cause for which one is excused
- Excuss, êks-kûs', *v. a.* to seize and detain by law [wish ill to
- Execrate, êk-sê-krâte, *v. a.* to curse, to
- Exeration, êk-sê-krâ'-shûn, *s.* a curse
- Execute, êk'-sê-kûte, *v. a.* to perform, to put to death
- Execution, êk-sê-kû'-shûn, *s.* a performance, a seizure, a death inflicted by forms of law [to act
- Executive, êks-êk'-û-tŷv, *a.* having power
- Executor, êks-êk'-û-tôr, *s.* he that is intrusted to perform the will of the testator [copy
- Exemplar, êks-êm'-plâr, *s.* a pattern, a
- Exemplary, êks-êm'-plâr-ŷ, *a.* serving for example, worthy of imitation
- Exemplification, êks-êm'-plŷf-ŷ-kâ'-shûn, *s.* a copy, a transcript
- Exemplify, êks-êm'-plŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to illustrate by example, to copy
- Exempt, êks-empt', *v. a.* to privilege, to free from [immunity
- Exemption, êks-êmp'-shûn, *s.* privilege,
- Exequies, êks'-ê-kwŷz, *s.* funeral rites
- Exercent, êks-ér'-sënt, *a.* practising, following a calling
- Exercise, êks'-ér-size, *s.* labour, practice, performance—*v. a.* to employ, to train by use [cise, practice, use
- Exercitation, êks-ér-sî-tâ'-shûn, *s.* exert
- Exert, êks-ért', *v. a.* to use with effort, to enforce, to perform
- Exertion, êks-ér'-shûn, *s.* the act of exerting, an effort [through
- Exesion, êks-ér'-zhûn, *s.* the act of eating
- Exfoliate, êks-fô'-lyâte, *v. n.* to shell off, to pull off [pour
- Exhalation, êks-hâ-lâ'-shûn, *s.* fume, vapour
- Exhale, êks-hâ'le, *v. a.* to send or draw out vapours [tally, to waste
- Exhaust, êks-hâ'st, *v. a.* to draw out to
- Exhibit, êks-hŷb'-it, *v. a.* to produce, to show, to display
- Exhibition, êks-hŷb'-ish'-ûn, *s.* the act of exhibiting, display, salary
- Exhilarate, êks-hŷl'-â-râte, *v. a.* to make cheerful [action
- Exhort, êks-hô'rt, *v. a.* to incite to any
- Exhortation, êks-hôr-tâ'-shûn, *s.* an incitement [to exhort
- Exhortatory, êks-hô'r-tâ-tôr-ŷ, *a.* serving



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chīne, fiēld, shŭrt—

Exigence, ək-sŭ-gĕns, *s.* pressing necessity, sudden occasion [ness, a writ

Exigent, ək-sŭ-dzhĕnt, *s.* pressing business  
Exiguous, ək-sŭ-gŭ-ŭs, *s.* small, diminutive

Exile, ək-sŭ-ile, *s.* banishment

Exile, ək-sŭ-ile, *v. a.* to banish, to transport

Exist, ək-sŭ-ist, *v. n.* to be, to have a being

Existence, ək-sŭ-istĕns, *s.* state of being

Existent, ək-sŭ-istĕnt, *a.* in being, in possession of being

Exit, ək-sŭ-it, *s.* a departure, death

Exodus, ək-sŭ-ŭ-dŭs, *s.* the second of the books of Moses

Exonerate, ək-sŭ-nĕr-ĕr-ĕte, *v. a.* to unload, to disburden

Exoneration, ək-sŭ-nĕr-ĕr-shŭn, *s.* the act of disburdening

Exoptable, ək-sŭ-ŭp-tĕb'l, *a.* desirable

Exorable, ək-sŭ-ŭrĕb'l, *a.* to be moved by intreaty [extravagant

Exorbitant, ək-sŭ-ŭr-bŭ-tĕnt, *a.* excessive,  
Exorcise, ək-sŭ-ŭr-sŭze, *v. a.* to abjure, to cast out evil spirits

Exorcist, ək-sŭ-ŭr-sŭst, *s.* an enchanter, a dispeller of evil spirits

Exordium, ək-sŭ-ŭr-dŭm, *s.* an introduction to a discourse

Exotic, ək-sŭ-ŭt-ik, *a.* foreign—*s.* a foreign plant [lay open

Expand, ək-sŭ-pĕnd', *v. a.* to spread, to

Expanse, ək-sŭ-pĕns, *s.* an even body widely expanded

Expansion, ək-sŭ-pĕn-shŭn, *s.* the act of spreading out, extent [spreading

Expansive, ək-sŭ-pĕn-sŭv, *a.* extensive,

Expatriate, ək-sŭ-pĕ-shŭte, *v. n.* to range at large, to enlarge on

Expatriate, ək-sŭ-pĕ-trŭ-te, *v. a.* to banish

Expect, ək-sŭ-pĕkt, *v. a.* to wait or look for

Expectant, ək-sŭ-pĕktĕnt, *a.* waiting in expectation—*s.* one who waits or expects [of expecting

Expectation, ək-sŭ-pĕkt-tĕ-shŭn, *s.* the act

Expectorate, ək-sŭ-pĕkt-tŭ-rĕte, *v. a.* to eject from the breast

Expectoration, ək-sŭ-pĕkt-tŭ-rĕ-shŭn, *s.* a discharge by coughing

Expedient, ək-sŭ-pĕ-ĕyĕnt, *a.* fit, proper, quick—*s.* means, a way, a device

Expedite ək-sŭ-pĕ-dite, *v. a.* to facilitate, to dispatch—*a.* quick, ready, active [warlike enterprise

Expedition, ək-sŭ-pĕ-dŭsh-ŭn, *s.* speed,

Expeditious, ək-sŭ-pĕ-dŭsh-ŭs, *a.* quick, swift, alert

Expel, ək-sŭ-pĕl', *v. a.* to drive out, to eject, to banish

Expend, ək-sŭ-pĕnd', *v. a.* to lay out, to spend, to consume [ney expended

Expense, ək-sŭ-pĕns', *s.* cost, charges, money

Expensive, ək-sŭ-pĕn-sŭv, *a.* given to expense, costly

Experience, ək-sŭ-pĕ-ryĕns, *s.* practical knowledge—*v. a.* to try, to know by practice [ful by practice

Experienced, ək-sŭ-pĕ-ryĕnst, *part.* skilful

Experiment, ək-sŭ-pĕr-ŭ-mĕnt, *s.* trial, essay

Experimental, ək-sŭ-pĕr-ŭ-mĕn-tĕl, *a.* known by or founded on experiment

Expert, ək-sŭ-pĕrt, *a.* skilful, ready, dexterous [crime

Expiate, ək-sŭ-pŭ-ĕte, *v. a.* to atone for a

Expiation, ək-sŭ-pŭ-ĕ-shŭn, *s.* the act of expiating, atonement

Expiatory, ək-sŭ-pŭ-ĕ-tŭr-ŭ, *a.* having the power of expiation [an end, death

Expiration, ək-sŭ-pŭ-rĕ-shŭn, *s.* breathing,

Expire, ək-sŭ-pŭ-re, *v. a.* to breathe out, to exhale—*v. n.* to die

Explain, ək-sŭ-plĕne, *v. a.* to illustrate, to clear up

Explanation, ək-sŭ-plĕ-nĕ-shŭn, *s.* the act of making plain, a note

Explanatory, ək-sŭ-plĕ-nĕ-tŭr-ŭ, *a.* containing explanation

Expletive, ək-sŭ-plĕ-tŭv, *s.* something used only to take up room

Explicate, ək-sŭ-plĕ-kĕte, *v. a.* to unfold, to explain

Explication, ək-sŭ-plĕ-kĕ-shŭn, *s.* act of unfolding or explaining

Explicit, ək-sŭ-plĕ-sŭ-it, *a.* unfolded, clear, plain [scorn and disdain

Explode, ək-sŭ-plŭ-de, *v. a.* to treat with

Exploit, ək-sŭ-plŭ-ĭt, *s.* an achievement, a great action [to examine

Explore, ək-sŭ-plŭ-re, *v. a.* to search into,

Explosion, ək-sŭ-plŭ-zhŭn, *s.* a loud report

Explosive, ək-sŭ-plŭ-sŭv, *a.* driving out with noise, &c. [a country

Export, ək-sŭ-pŭrt, *v. a.* to carry out or

Export, ək-sŭ-pŭrt, *s.* a commodity sent to a foreign market

Exportation, ək-sŭ-pŭr-tĕ-shŭn, *s.* the act of carrying out commodities

Expose ək-sŭ-pŭ-ze, *v. a.* to lay open, to make liable, to put in danger, to censure

Exposition, ək-sŭ-pŭ-zŭsh-ŭn, *s.* situation, an explanation

Expositor, ək-sŭ-pŭ-z-ŭ-tŭr, *s.* an explainer

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Expostulate, ěks-pōs-tū-lāte, *v. n.* to debate, to argue  
 Expostulation, ěks-pōs-tū-lā-shŭn, *s. a* debate without anger  
 Exposure, ěks-pō-zhūre, *s.* the act of exposing, situation as to sun and air  
 Expound, ěks-pōūnd, *v. a.* to explain  
 Express, ěks-prēs', *v. a.* to represent, to pronounce, to denote, to squeeze out—*a.* plain, clear, in direct terms—*s. a* messenger, message sent [be uttered  
 Expressible, ěks-prēs-sŷb'l, *a.* that may  
 Expression, ěks-prēsh'ŭn, *s. a* representation, a word or phrase, a mode of speech, the act of squeezing out  
 Expressive, ěks-prēs-sŷv, *a.* proper to express, strong  
 Exprobration, ěks-prō-brā-shŭn, *s.* reproachful accusation  
 Expropriate, ěks-prō-pŷ'āte, *v. a.* to part with, to give [assault  
 Expugne, ěks-pūne, *v. a.* to take by  
 Expulse, ěks-pūl's, *v. a.* to expel, to drive out [ling or driving out  
 Expulsion, ěks-pūl'-shŭn, *s. act* of expel-  
 Expulsive, ěks-pūl'-sŷv, *a.* having power to expel  
 Expunge, ěks-pūn'dzh, *v. a.* to blot out  
 Expurgatory, ěks-pūr-gā-tōr-ŷ, *a.* employed in purging or purifying  
 Exquisite, ěks-kwŷz-ŷt, *a.* excellent, choice, consummate  
 Exsiccate, ěks-sŷk'-āte, *v. a.* to dry  
 Exsudation, ěks-sū-dā-shŭn, *s. a* sweating, an extillation  
 Extant, ěk-stānt, *a.* standing above the rest, now in being  
 Extatic, ěk-stāt'-ŷk, *a.* rapturous  
 Extemporary, ěks-tēm'-pō-rār-ŷ, *a.* not premeditated [premeditation  
 Extempore, ěks-tēm'-pō-rē, *a.* without  
 Extemporize, ěks tēm'-pō-rīze, *v. a.* to speak extempore  
 Extend, ěks-tēnd', *v. a.* to stretch out, to enlarge, to diffuse [extended  
 Extensible, ěks-tēn'-sŷb'l, *a.* that may be  
 Extension, ěks-tēn'-shŭn, *s.* the act of extending [diffusive  
 Extensive, ěks-tēn'-sŷv, *a.* wide, large,  
 Extent, ěks-tēnt', *s.* the circumference of any thing, a seizure [to palliate  
 Extenuate, ěks-tēn-ū-āte, *v. a.* to lessen,  
 Extenuation, ěks-tēn-ū ā-shŭn, *s.* palliation, mitigation [ternal  
 Exterior, ěks-tē-ryōr, *a.* outward, ex-  
 Exterminate, ěks-tér-mŷn-āte, *v. a.* to root out, to drive away

Extermination, ěks-tér-mŷ-nā-shŭn, *s.* destruction, excision [ble  
 External, ěks-tér'-nāl, *a.* outward, visi-  
 Extinct, ěk-stŷngkt', *a.* extinguished, dead  
 Extinction, ěk-stŷngk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of quenching or extinguishing, destruction, suppression  
 Extinguish, ěk-stŷng'-gwŷsh, *v. a.* to quench, suppress, destroy  
 Extirpate, ěk-stŷr-pāte, *v. a.* to root out, to destroy  
 Extirpation, ěks-tŷr-pā-shŭn, *s.* the act of rooting out, excision  
 Extol, ěks-tōl', *v. a.* to praise, to magnify, to celebrate  
 Extort, ěks-tōrt', *v. a.* to draw or gain by force—*v. n.* to practise oppression or usury  
 Extortion, ěks-tōr'-shŭn, *s.* an unlawful exaction of more than is due, oppression  
 Extortioner, ěks-tōr'-shōn-ér, *s.* one who exacts more than his due  
 Extra, ěks'-trá, *ad.* without, foreign  
 Extract, ěks-trákt', *v. a.* to draw out of, to select—*s.* the substance extracted, the chief heads drawn from a book  
 Extraction, ěks-trák'-shŭn, *s. a* drawing out, lineage  
 Extrajudicial, ěks trā-dzhū-dŷsh-yāl, *a.* out of the course of law  
 Extramundane, ěks-trā-mŷn'-dāne, *a.* beyond the limits of the material world [substance, foreign  
 Extraneous, ěks-trā-nŷús, *a.* of different  
 Extraordinary, ěks-trār-dŷ-nār-ŷ, *a.* eminent, not common  
 Extraparochial, ěks trā-pār-ō-kyāl, *a.* out of the parish bounds  
 Extraregular, ěks-trā-ĕg-ū-lār, *a.* not subject to rule  
 Extravagance, ěks-trāv'-ā-gens, *s.* waste, idle expence, outrage  
 Extravagant, ěks trāv'-ā-gént, *a.* wild, irregular, wasteful  
 Extravasated, ěks-trāv'-ā-sā-tēd, *a.* forced out of its proper vessels  
 Extreme, ěks-tréme, *a.* of the highest degree, utmost, last, very much—*s.* the utmost point, highest degree, extremity, end  
 Extremity, ěks-trēm'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* utmost point, highest degree, remotest parts, distress  
 Extricate, ěks-tŷ-kāte, *v. a.* to disembarass, to set free

Sounds.—hát, hâte, háll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mé, hér—chîn, chîne, fiêld, shirt—

Extrication, êks-trî-ká-shûn, *s.* the act of disentangling

Extrinsic, êks-trîn'-sîk, *a.* outward, external

Extrude, êks-trû'de, *v. a.* to thrust off

Extrusion, êks-trû-zhûn, *s.* the act of thrusting out or from

Exuberance, êks-û'-bér-êns, *s.* overgrowth, luxuriance

Exuberant, êks-û'-bér-ênt, *a.* overabundant, luxuriant

Exudation, êk-sû-dá'-shûn, *s.* a sweating, perspiration

Exude, êk-sû'date, or Exude, êk-sû'de—*v. a.* to sweat out—*v. n.* to issue by sweat

Exulcerate, êks-ûl'-sér-âte, *v. a.* to make sore with an ulcer, to corrode

Exult, êks-ûlt', *v. a.* to rejoice, triumph

Exultation, êks-ûl-tá'-shûn, *s.* joy, transport [able, vincible]

Exuperable, êk-sû'-pér-éb'l, *a.* conquer-

Exuscitate, êk-sûs'-sî-tâte, *v. a.* to rouse from sleep

Exustion, êks-ûs'-tshûn, *s.* consumption by fire

Exuviae, êks-û-vyê, *s.* whatever is shed by animals, as skin or shells

Eyas, î'-ás, *s.* a young hawk taken from the nest

Eye, î', *s.* the organ of sight, aspect, regard—*v. a.* to watch, to keep in view

Eyeball, î'-bàl, *s.* the pupil or apple of the eye

Eyebrow, î'-brôw, *s.* the hairy arch over the eye

Eyelash, î'-lâsh, *s.* a line of hair that edges the eyelid

Eyelet, î'-lêt, *s.* a hole for the light, &c.

Eyelid, î'-lîd, *s.* the membrane that shuts over the eye

Eyeshot, î'-shôt, *s.* sight, glance, view

Eyesight, î'-sîte, *s.* the sight of the eye

Eyesore, î'-sôre, *s.* something offensive to the sight [grinders]

Eyetooth, î'-tôth, *s.* the tooth next the

Eyewitness, î'-wît-nês, *s.* an ocular evidence

Eyre, á're, *s.* a court of justices itinerant

Eyry, á'-rý, *s.* a place where birds or prev build their nests

## F

**FABACEOUS**, fá-bá'-shyûs, *a.* having the nature of beans

Fable, fá'b'l, *s.* an instructive fiction, a falsehood—*v. n.* to feign, to tell falsehoods

Fabled, fá'bl'd, *a.* told in fables

Fabric, fá'b'-rik, *s.* a building, an edifice, a system [construct, to forge]

Fabricate, fá'b'-rý-kâte, *v. a.* to build, to

Fabulist, fá'b'-û-lîst, *s.* a writer of fables [fables]

Fabulous, fá'b-û-lús, *a.* feigned, full of

Facade, fá's-ád'e, *s.* front of a large building

Face, fá'se, *s.* the visage, countenance, front, appearance, surface, confidence—*v. a.* to meet in front, to oppose boldly, to stand opposite to, to cover with an additional superficies

Facetious, fá'sé-shûs, *a.* gay, lively, cheerful, witty

Facile, fá's-îl, *a.* easy to be done, pliant

Facilitate, fá'sîl'-î-tâte, *v. a.* to make clear or easy

Facility, fá'sîl'-î-tý, *s.* easiness, readiness, affability [vering]

Facing, fá'-sîng, *s.* an ornamental co-

Facinorous, fá'sîn-ô-rús, *a.* wicked, atrocious

Fact, fákt', *s.* thing done, reality, deed

Faction, fákt'-shûn, *s.* a party or cabal, a tumult

Faction, fákt'-shús, *a.* given to faction, dissensious

Factitious, fákt'-tsh-ûs, *a.* made by art

Factor, fákt'-tór, *s.* an agent for another

Factorage, fákt'-tór-édzh, *s.* allowance to a factor

Factory, fákt'-tór-ý, *s.* a house or district inhabited by traders in a distant country, traders embodied in one place

Factotum, fákt'-tô-tûm, *s.* a servant employed alike in all kinds of business

Faculty, fákt'-ûl-tý, *s.* ability, power of the mind, dexterity

Facundity, fá-kûn'-dýt-ý, *s.* eloquence, readiness of speech

shōt, nōte, lōse, aetór—hüt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Faddle, fäd'l, *v. n.* to trifle, to toy  
 Fade, fäde, *v. n.* to grow weak, to wither, to die away—*v. a.* to wear away [agree, succeed]  
 Fadge, fädzh', *v. n.* to suit, to fit, to  
 Fæces, fê-sêz, *s.* excrements, dregs  
 Fag, fäg', *v. a.* to grow weary, to labour [thing]  
 Fagend, fäg-ënd, *s.* the worst end of a  
 Fagot, fäg-ót, *s.* a bundle of wood for the fire  
 Fail, fäle, *v. n.* to be deficient, to become bankrupt, to be extinct, to perish, to decay—*v. a.* to neglect  
 Failing, fä'-ling, *s.* a deficiency, imperfection, lapse  
 Failure, fä'-lür, *s.* a deficiency, bankruptcy, omission, slip  
 Fain, fä'ne, *a.* glad, merry, compelled—*ad.* gladly  
 Faint, fä'nt, *v. n.* to sink motionless, to grow feeble—*a.* languid, feeble, timorous  
 Fainthearted, fä'nt-härt-éd, *a.* timorous, cowardly  
 Fainting, fä'nt-ýng, *s.* temporary loss of animal motion [low  
 Faintish, fä'nt-ýsh, *a.* rather faint or  
 Fair, fä're, *a.* beautiful, clear, favourable, just—*ad.* gently, civilly, successfully—*s.* the female sex, a free market [a fair  
 Fairing, fä're-ýng, *s.* a present given at  
 Fairy, fä'-rý, *s.* an elf, an enchantress—*a.* given by or belonging to fairies  
 Faith, fä'th, *s.* belief, trust in God, fidelity, veracity  
 Faithful, fäth'-fúl, *a.* true, sincere  
 Faithless, fäth'-lës, *a.* perfidious, wanting faith [like a scythe  
 Falcated, fäl'-kâ-têd, *a.* hooked, bent  
 Falchion, fä'-shün, *s.* a short crooked sword [for sport  
 Falcon, fä'-kón, *s.* a small hawk trained  
 Falconer, fä'k'n-ér, *s.* one who trains hawks [cons  
 Falconry, fä'k'n-rý, *s.* fowling with fal-  
 Fall, fäl, *v. n.* to drop down, to decrease in value, to happen—*s.* the act of falling, overthrow, ruin  
 Fallacious, fäl-lä-shüs, *a.* deceitful, uncertain [argument  
 Fallacy, fäl'-lä-sý, *s.* sophism, deceitful  
 Fallen, fäl'n, *pr.* sunk, tumbled down  
 Liability, fäl-lý-bíl'-ý-tý, *s.* liability to be deceived  
 Fallible, fäl'-ýbl', *a.* liable to error, frail

Falling, fäl'-ýng, *s.* a sinking, error  
 Fallingsickness, fäl'-ýng-sýk'-nës, *s.* the epilepsy  
 Fallow, fäl'-lō, *a.* unsowed, uncultivated, neglected—*s.* ground lying at rest [terfeit  
 False, fō'ls, *a.* not true, not real, coun-  
 Falsehearted, fō'ls-härt-éd, *a.* treacherous  
 Falsehood, fō'ls-hüd, *s.* a lie, an untruth  
 Falsify, fō'ls-ý-fý, *v. a.* to counterfeit, to forge—*v. n.* to tell lies  
 Falsity, fō'ls-ý-tý, *s.* an unfair representation, a lie [hesitate in speech  
 Falter, fäl'-tér, *v. n.* to stumble, to  
 Fame, fä'me, *s.* celebrity, renown, rumour  
 Famed, fä'md, *a.* renowned, celebrated  
 Familiar, fä-míl'-ýár, *a.* domestic, affable, free—*s.* an intimate, a demon  
 Familiarity, fä-míl'-ýár-ý-tý, *s.* acquaintance, easy intercourse  
 Familiarize, fä-míl'-ýár-íze, *v. a.* to make easy by habit  
 Family, fäm'-ýl-ý, *s.* a household, race, generation  
 Famine, fäm'-ýn, *s.* dearth  
 Famish, fäm'-ýsh, *v. a.* to kill with hunger—*v. n.* to die of hunger  
 Famous, fä'-mús, *a.* renowned  
 Fan, fän, *s.* an instrument to move the air, an utensil to winnow corn—*v. a.* to cool with a fan, to winnow corn  
 Fanatic, fä-nät'-ýk, *a.* enthusiastic—*s.* an enthusiast  
 Fanaticism, fä-nät'-ý-sýzm, *s.* enthusiasm  
 Fancy, fän'-sý, *s.* a visionary imagination, inclination, whim, frolic—*v. n.* to imagine—*v. a.* to portray in the mind, to like, to be pleased with  
 Fane, fä'ne, *s.* a temple, a weathercock  
 Fang, fäng', *v. a.* to seize, clutch—*s.* a long tusk or nail, a talon  
 Fanged, fäng'd, *a.* furnished with fangs  
 Fangled, fäng'gl'd, *a.* vainly fond of novelty  
 Fantastic, fän-täs'-ýk, *a.* bred only in the fancy, imaginary, whimsical  
 Fantasy, fän'-tä-sý, *s.* fancy, imagination, humour  
 Fantom, fän'-töm, *s.* see Phantom  
 Far, fä'r, *ad.* to a great extent—*a.* distant, remote  
 Farce, fä'rs, *s.* a mock comedy [farce  
 Farical, fä'r-sý-käl, *a.* belonging to a



Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Farcy, făr'sŷ, *s.* the leprosy of horses  
 Fărdel, făr-dēl, *s.* a bundle, a little pack  
 Fărdingale, făr-ding'l, *s.* fourth part of an acre  
 Fare, fă're, *v. n.* to pass, to travel, to be in a state good or bad, to be entertained—*s.* hire of carriage by land or water, provisions  
 Farewell, făre-wēl', *ad.* adieu—*s.* leave, the parting compliment  
 Farina, fă-rī-nă, *s.* meal, fine dust in the small flower of plants  
 Farinaceous, făr-ŷ-nă-shyús, *a.* mealy, tasting like meal  
 Farm, fă'rm, *s.* land let to a tenant  
 Farmer, fă'rm-ér, *s.* a cultivator of ground, a renter of land  
 Farrago, făr-ră-gō, *s.* a medley  
 Farrier, făr-ŷ-ér, *s.* shoer of horses, a horse doctor  
 Farrow, făr-rō, *s.* litter of pigs—*v. a.* to pig  
 Farther, făr-thér, *ad.* more remotely—*a.* more remote—*v. a.* to promote, advance  
 Farthermore, făr-thér-mō're, *ad.* besides  
 Farthest, făr-thěst, *ad.* most remotely—*a.* most distant, remotest  
 Farthing, făr-thing, *s.* the fourth part of a penny  
 Farthingale, făr-thing-găl, *s.* a hoop for petticoats  
 Fasces, făs'sēz, *s.* a bundle of rods anciently carried before the consuls  
 Făscia, făsh'-ŷă, *s.* a fillet, a plain moulding  
 Fascinate, făs'-sī-năte, *v. a.* to bewitch  
 Fascination, făs-sī-nă-shun, *s.* witchcraft, enchantment  
 Fascine, făs-sŷn, *s.* a faggot  
 Fashion, făsh'-ŷn, *s.* form, manner, custom, mode—*v. a.* to form, to mould, to fit  
 Fashionable, făsh'-ón áb'l, *a.* modish, approved by custom  
 Fast, fă'st, *v. a.* to abstain from food—*s.* an abstinence from food—*a.* firm, strong, immovable, swift—*ad.* firmly, immoveably, closely, nimbly  
 Fasten, făs'n, *v. a.* to make fast, to cement [handed, niggardly]  
 Fasthanded, fă'st-hănd-éd, *a.* close  
 Fastidious, făs-tīd'-ŷús, *a.* disdainful, squeamish [food]  
 Fasting, fă'st-ing, *pr.* abstaining from  
 Fastuous, făs'-tū-ús, *a.* proud, haughty  
 Fat, făt', *a.* plump, fleshy—*s.* the untuous part of animal flesh or oily part of a fish, a vessel in which any thing is put to ferment—*v. a.* to make fat, to fatten—*v. n.* to grow fat  
 Fatal, fă-tăl, *a.* deadly, mortal, inevitable [a decree of fate]  
 Fatality, fă-tăl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* predestination,  
 Fate, fă'te, *s.* destiny, destruction, cause of death  
 Fated, fă-tēd, *a.* decreed by fate  
 Father, fă'ther, *s.* he by whom a child is begotten—*v. a.* to adopt a child, to ascribe to any one as his offspring  
 Fatherhood, fă'ther-hūd, *s.* the character of a father  
 Father-in-law, fă'ther-ŷn-lă', *s.* the father of one's husband or wife  
 Fatherless, fă'ther-lés, *s.* children that have no father  
 Fathom, făth-óm, *s.* a measure of six feet—*v. a.* to sound, to penetrate into  
 Fatidical, fă-tīd'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* prophetic  
 Fatigue, fă-tīg, *s.* weariness, labour, toil—*v. a.* to tire, to weary  
 Fatling, făt-ling, *s.* a young animal fed for slaughter  
 Fatness, făt-nēs, *s.* plumpness, what causes fertility [grow fat]  
 Fatten, făt'n, *v. a.* to make fat—*v. n.* to  
 Fatuity, fă-tū'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* foolishness  
 Faucet, fă'-sŷt, *s.* tube to draw liquor from a vessel  
 Fault, fălt, *s.* an offence, a slight crime  
 Faulter, *see* Falter  
 Faulty, făl-tŷ, *a.* guilty of a fault, blameable, erroneous  
 Faunist, fă'n-ŷst, *s.* naturalist whose inquiries relate to woods  
 Favour, fă'-vór, *v. a.* to support, to assist, to conduce to—*s.* countenance, kindness, lenity, good will, any thing worn openly as a token  
 Favoured, fă'-vórd, *part.* regarded with kindness, featured well or ill  
 Favourite, fă'-vór-ŷt, *s.* person or thing beloved  
 Fawn, fă'n, *s.* a young deer—*v. n.* to flatter, to cringe  
 Fealty, fē-ăl-tŷ, *s.* homage, loyalty  
 Fear, fē're, *s.* dread, terror, anxiety—*v. a.* to terrify—*v. n.* to be afraid, to be anxious  
 Fearful, fē're-fúl, *a.* timorous, afraid  
 Feasibility, fē-zī-bīl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* the practicability of a thing

shōt, nōte, lôse, actór—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Feasible, fě'zib'l, *a.* practicable  
 Feast, fě'st, *s.* a sumptuous treat, an anniversary day of rejoicing—*v. a.* to entertain sumptuously, to pamper  
 Feat, fě'te, *s.* an act, a deed, a trick or slight—*a.* skilful, ingenious, nice  
 Feather, fěth'-ér, *s.* the plume of birds, an ornament—*v. a.* to dress in or fit with feathers  
 Featherbed, fěth'-ér-běd, *s.* a bed stuffed with feathers  
 Feathered, fěth'-érd, *a.* clothed with feathers  
 Feature, fě'túr, *s.* the cast or make of the face, any lineament or single part of the face  
 Febrifuge, fěb'-rý-fűdzh, *s.* a medicine to cure a fever [ing to a fever  
 Febrile, fě-brýl, *a.* constituting or relating to  
 February, fěb'-rű-ár-ý, *s.* the second month of the year  
 Feculent, fěk'-ű-lěnt, *a.* foul, dreggy  
 Fecund, fě-kűnd', *a.* fruitful, prolific  
 Fecundation, fě'-kűn-dű-shűn, *s.* the act of making fruitful  
 Fecundity, fě-kűn-dű-tý, *s.* fruitfulness  
 Fed, fěd', *pret. and part. of* Feed  
 Federal, fěd'-ér-űl, *a.* relating to a league  
 Federary, fěd'-ér-űr-ý, *s.* a confederate, an accomplice  
 Fee, fě', *s.* perpetual right, reward, perquisite, *v. a.* to reward, to pay, to bribe, to keep in hire  
 Feeble, fě'b'l, *a.* weak, infirm, sickly  
 Feed, fě'de, *v. a.* to supply with food, to graze, to nourish—*s.* food, pasture  
 Feel, fě'le, *v. n.* to touch—*v. a.* to perceive by the touch, to try, to sound, to know, to be affected by—*s.* the sense of feeling, the touch  
 Feeling, fě'l-ýng, *s.* sense of touch, sensibility, perception  
 Feet, fě'te, *s. plural of* Foot  
 Feign, fě'ne, *v. a.* to invent, disseminate—*v. n.* to relate falsely  
 Feint, fě'nt, *s.* a false appearance, a mock assault  
 Felicitate, fě-lýs-ý-tűte, *v. a.* to make happy, to congratulate  
 Felicitation, fě-lýs-ý-tű-shűn, *s.* congratulation  
 Felicity, fě-lýs-ýt-ý, *s.* happiness  
 Feline, fě'-line, *a.* like or pertaining to a cat

Fell, fě'l', *a.* cruel, fierce, barbarous—*v. a.* to knock down, to hew or cut down [hides or skins  
 Fellmonger, fě'l'-móng-ér, *s.* a dealer in  
 Felloe, fě'l'-lő, *s.* the circumference of a wheel  
 Fellow, fě'l'-lő, *s.* an associate, an equal, a mean person—*v. a.* to suit with, to pair with  
 Felo-de-se, fě'-lő dě-sě", *s.* a self-murderer, a suicide  
 Felon, fě'l'-ón, *s.* one guilty of felony  
 Felonious, fě-lő'-nyús, *a.* wicked, traitorous, villainous [crime  
 Felony, fě'l'-ón-ý, *s.* a capital offence or  
 Felt, fělt', *s.* stuff for making hats, a hide or skin—*v. a.* to unite without weaving [like felt  
 Feltre, fě'l'-tér, *v. a.* to clot together  
 Felucca, fě-lűk-kű, *s.* a small open boat with six oars  
 Female, fě'-műle, *s.* one of the sex which brings forth young—*a.* not masculine  
 Feminine, fěm'-ýn-ýn, *a.* of the sex that brings young, female, soft, tender, effeminate  
 Femoral, fěm'-ő-rűl, *a.* belonging to the thigh [marsh  
 Fen, fě'n', *s.* flat moist land, a moor, a  
 Fence, fě'n's, *s.* a guard, an enclosure, a mound, a hedge—*v. a.* to secure by a fence—*v. n.* to practise manual defence  
 Fencible, fěn'-sýb'l, *a.* capable of defence [by weapons  
 Fencing, fěn'-sýng, *s.* the art of defence  
 Fend, fěnd', *v. a.* to keep off, to shut out—*v. n.* to dispute [the cinders  
 Fender, fěn'-dér, *s.* a fence to keep in  
 Fenestral, fě-něs'-trűl, *a.* belonging to a window  
 Fennel, fěn'-něl, *s.* a garden herb  
 Fenny, fěn'-ny, *a.* marshy, boggy  
 Feodal, fě-ő-dűl, *a.* held from another  
 Feodary, fě-ő-dűr-ý, *s.* one who holds an estate under tenure of service, &c. to a superior  
 Feoff, fěf', *v. a.* to put in possession  
 Feoffee, fěf'-ě, *s.* one put in possession  
 Feoffment, fěf'-měnt, *s.* act of granting possession [tility  
 Feracity, fě-rűs-ý-tý, *s.* fruitfulness, ferociousness  
 Ferial, fě'-rűl, *a.* funereal, mournful  
 Ferial, fě'ryűl, *a.* belonging to week days, the sabbath excepted

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fĭeld, shĭrt—

- Ferine**, fê'-rine, *a.* wild, savage  
**Ferment**, fér-měnt', *v. a.* to exalt or rarify by intestine motion of its parts  
**Ferment**, fér-měnt, *s.* intestine motion, tumult  
**Fermentation**, fér-měn-tă'-shŷn, *s.* internal heat, commotion  
**Fermentative**, fér-měn-tă'-tĭv, *a.* causing fermentation  
**Fern**, fěrn', *s.* a sort of plant growing on heaths, &c.  
**Ferny**, fěrn' ŷ, *a.* overgrown with fern  
**Ferocious**, fê-rô'-shyús, *a.* savage, fierce, rapacious  
**Ferocity**, fê-rôs'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* savageness, fierceness, wildness  
**Ferret**, fér-rět', *s.* a small animal of the weasel kind, a kind of tape—*v. a.* to drive out of lurking places  
**Ferruginous**, fér-rŭ'-dzhŷn-ús, *a.* partaking of iron  
**Ferry**, fér-rŷ, *v. a.* to carry over in a boat—*s.* a boat for passage, the passage over which the ferryboat passes  
**Ferryman**, fér-rŷ-mán, *s.* one who keeps or rows a ferry  
**Fertile**, fér-tĭl, *a.* fruitful, abundant  
**Fertility**, fér-tĭl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness [tile]  
**Fertilize**, fér-tĭl-ize, *v. a.* to make fertile  
**Fervent**, fér-věnt, *a.* hot, vehement, ardent, zealous  
**Fervid**, fér-vŷd, *a.* burning, vehement, zealous [on the hand]  
**Ferula**, fér-ŭ-lă, *s.* an instrument to beat  
**Ferule**, fér-ŭ-le, *v. a.* to chastise with the ferula [zeal]  
**Fervour**, fér'-vôr, *s.* heat of mind, warmth  
**Festal**, fês-tăl, *a.* belonging to a feast, joyous [grow virulent]  
**Fester**, fês-tér, *v. n.* to rankle, corrupt  
**Festival**, fês-tĭ-văl, *s.* a day of civil or religious joy  
**Festive**, fês-tĭv, *a.* joyous, gay  
**Festivity**, fês-tĭv-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* a festival, a time of rejoicing  
**Festoon**, fês-tô-ne, *s.* an ornament of twisted flowers  
**Fetch**, fětsh', *v. a.* to go and bring, to produce—*s.* a stratagem  
**Fetid**, fět'-ŷd, *a.* stinking, rancid  
**Fetlock**, fět'-lôk, *s.* a tuft of hair behind a horse's pastern joint  
**Fetter**, fět'-tér, *v. a.* to bind, to chain  
**Fetters**, fět'-térz, *s.* chains for the feet  
**Fetus**, fê-tús, *s.* any animal in embryo  
**Feud**, fŭ-de, *s.* a quarrel, contention  
**Feudal**, fŭ-dăl, *a.* held of a superior, dependant  
**Feudatory**, fŭ-dă-tór-ŷ, *s.* one who holds of a lord or chief  
**Fever**, fê'-vér, *s.* a disease in which the pulse is quickened, and heat and cold prevail by turns  
**Feverish**, fê'-vér-ish, *a.* troubled with a fever, tending to a fever  
**Few**, fŭ', *a.* not many, a small number  
**Fib**, fĭb', *s.* a falsehood—*v. n.* to tell lies  
**Fibre**, fĭ-bér, *s.* a small thread or string  
**Fibrous**, fĭ-brŷs, *a.* composed of fibres  
**Fickle**, fĭk'l, *a.* changeable, unsteady. not fixed [a falsehood]  
**Fiction**, fĭk'-shŷn, *s.* a story invented  
**Fictitious**, fĭk'-shús, *a.* fictitious, imaginary [feigned, false]  
**Fictitious**, fĭk'-tĭsh'-ús, *a.* not genuine  
**Fiddle**, fĭd'l, *s.* a stringed instrument of music, a violin—*v. n.* to play upon the fiddle, to trifle [trifler]  
**Fiddlefaddle**, fĭd'l-făd'l, *s.* a trifle, a  
**Fiddler**, fĭd-lér, *s.* a player on the violin  
**Fidelity**, fĭ-dĕl-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* honesty, faithfulness, veracity  
**Fidge**, fĭdzh', or **Fidget**, fĭdzh'-ět, *v. n.* to move nimbly and irregularly  
**Fidgety**, fĭdzh'-ŷ-tŷ, *a.* restless, moving from place to place [doubting]  
**Fiducial**, fĭ-dŭ'-shăl, *a.* confident, un-  
**Fiduciary**, fĭ-dŭ'-shér-ŷ, *s.* one who holds in trust  
**Fief**, fĭ-éf, *s.* a fee, a manor  
**Field**, fĭld, *s.* ground not inhabited, a cultivated tract of ground, the ground of battle, a wide expanse  
**Fieldfare**, fĕl'-fă-re, *s.* a bird, kind of thrush [used in battle]  
**Fieldpiece**, fĭld-pĭs, *s.* a small cannon  
**Fiend**, fĭ'nd, *s.* an enemy, an infernal being [ous, forcible]  
**Fierce**, fĭ'rs, *a.* ravenous, savage, furious  
**Fiery**, fĭ'-ér-ŷ, *a.* hot like fire, ardent, active, passionate  
**Fife**, fĭ-fe, *s.* a small pipe blown to the drum  
**Fifteen**, fĭf'-tĕn, *a.* five and ten  
**Fifth**, fĭfth, *a.* next to the fourth in order of number  
**Fifty**, fĭf'-tŷ, *a.* five tens  
**Fig**, fĭg, *s.* a tree that bears figs, its fruit  
**Figary**, fĭg-ă'-rŷ, *s.* a random volatile act

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Fight, fī'te, *v. n.* to contend in battle  
—*v. a.* to combat—*s.* a battle, a  
combat, a duel [fiction]

Figment, fīg'mēnt, *s.* an invention, a  
figurate, fīg'ū-lēt, *a.* made of potters'  
clay

Figurability, fīg'ū-rū-bīl'ī-tŷ, *s.* qua-  
lity of being capable of a form

Figural, fīg'ū-rāl, *a.* of a certain form

Figurate, fīg'ū-rēt, *a.* reduced to form

Figurative, fīg'ū-rā-tīv, *a.* not literal,  
metaphorical

Figure, fīg'ūre, *s.* shape, form, a sta-  
tue, an image, a character denoting  
a number—*v. a.* to form into any  
shape [threads]

Filaceous, fī-lā'-shūs, *a.* consisting of

Filament, fīl'ā-mēnt, *s.* a slender thread,  
a fibre [a thin shell]

Filbert, fīl'-bért, *s.* a fine hazel nut with

Filch, fīl'ŷh, *v. n.* to steal, to pilfer

File, fīle, *s.* a steel tool to polish iron,  
&c. a wire for papers, a line of sol-  
diers—*v. a.* to string upon a thread  
or wire, to cut with a file

Filial, fīl'ī-yāl, *a.* pertaining to or befit-  
ting a son

Filigree, fīl'ī-giê, *s.* curious work in  
gold or silver, in manner of threads  
or grains [by the file]

Filings, fīl'īngz, *s.* particles rubbed off

Fill, fīl, *v. a.* to make full, to satisfy,  
to surfeit—*v. n.* to grow full—*s.* ful-  
ness, satiety, a place between the  
shafts of a carriage

Fillet, fīl'-lēt, *s.* a band tied round the  
head, &c. a joint of veal

Fillip, fīl'ī-līp, *v. a.* to strike with the  
nail of the finger by a sudden spring  
—*s.* a sudden jerk of the finger

Filly, fīl'ī-lŷ, *s.* a young mare

Film, fīlm, *s.* a thin skin

Filmy, fīl'mŷ, *a.* composed of thin  
membranes

Filter, fīl'-tér, *v. a.* to strain, to per-  
colate

Filth, fīlth, *s.* dirt, nastiness, pollution

Filthy, fīlthī-ŷ, *a.* nasty, foul, gross,  
obscene

Filtrate, fīl'-trāte, *v. a.* to strain, to filter

Filtre, fīl'-tér, *v. a.* to cleanse by strain-  
ing, to filter [fringed, edged]

Fimbriated, fīm-brī-āt'-éd, *a.* bordered

Fin, fīn, *s.* the wing of a fish

Final, fī-nāl, *a.* last, conclusive, mortal

Finale, fī-nā'-lē, *s.* close of a concert of  
music

Finally, fī-nāl-īŷ, *ad.* ultimately, lastly,  
completely

Finance, fīn-āns', *s.* revenue, income,  
profit

Finances, fīn-ān's-ēs, *s.* public revenues

Financier, fīn-ān-sīr, *s.* one who schemes  
or collects the public revenue

Find, fīnd, *v. a.* to discover, to de-  
tect, to furnish

Fine, fīne, *a.* refined, pure, clear,  
showy, not coarse—*s.* a mulct, a pe-  
nalty, a forfeit—*v. a.* to refine, puri-  
fy, inflict a penalty [appearance]

Finery, fīne-ērŷ, *s.* show, splendor of

Finesse, fī-nēs', *s.* an artifice, a strata-  
gem

Finger, fīng'ér, *s.* part of the hand—  
*v. a.* to handle, to touch lightly, to  
pilfer

Finical, fīn'ī-kāl, *a.* nice, foppish

Finish, fīn-īsh, *v. a.* to end, to perfect,  
to complete

Finite, fī-nīte, *a.* limited, bounded,  
terminated

Finny, fīn'-nŷ, *a.* furnished with fins

Fir, fīr', *s.* the tree of which deal boards  
are made

Fire, fīre, *s.* the element that burns,  
what burns, conflagration, heat, pas-  
sion, eruption—*v. a.* to kindle, to in-  
flame—*v. n.* to discharge fire-arms

Firearms, fīre-ārmz, *s.* guns, muskets

Firebrand, fīre-brānd, *s.* a piece of wood  
kindled, an incendiary

Firelock, fīre-lōk, *s.* a soldier's gun

Fireman, fīre-mān, *s.* one employed to  
extinguish fires

Firepan, fīre-pān', *s.* a pan for holding  
fire [combustibles]

Fireship, fīre-shīp, *s.* a ship filled with

Firework, fīre-wōrk, *s.* a beautiful dis-  
play of fire

Firing, fī-rīng, *s.* fuel [lons]

Firkin, fīr'-kīn, *s.* a vessel of nine gal-

Firm, fīrm, *a.* fast, strong, hard, con-  
stant, steady—*s.* name or names un-  
der which the business of any trad-  
ing house is carried on

Firmament, fīr'-mā-mēnt, *s.* the sky,  
the heavens

Firmamental, fīr-mā-mēn'-tāl, *a.* of the  
upper regions, celestial

Firman, fīr'-mān, *s.* passport to trade  
to certain parts or places

Firmness, fīrm'-nēs, *s.* steadiness, hard-  
ness, resolution



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—inăt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

First, fīrst', *a.* earliest in time, highest in dignity, chief [of any thing]

First-fruits, fīrst'-frŭts, *s.* first produce

Firstling, fīrst'-līng, *s.* the first produce

Fiscal, fīs-cāl, *s.* the exchequer, the revenue

Fish, fīsh', *s.* a water animal—*v. n.* to catch fish, to catch by art, to sift

Fisherman, fīsh'-er-mán, *s.* one who catches fish [ment of fishing]

Fishery, fīsh'-ér-ŷ, *s.* trade or employ-

Fish-hook, fīsh'-hók, *s.* a hook for catching fish [fish]

Fishmeal, fīsh' mēle, *s.* a meal made of

Fishmonger, fīsh-móng-ér, *s.* a dealer in fish

Fissure, fīs'-ŭre, *s.* a cleft, a small chasm

Fist, fīst', *s.* the hand clenched or closed

Fisticuffs, fīs' tī-kŭfs, *s.* a battle with the fists [lous within]

Fistula, fīs'-tŭ-lă, *s.* a sinuous ulcer cal-

Pistulous, fīs'-tŭ-lŭs, *a.* pertaining to a fistula

Fit, fīt, *s.* an hysterical disorder, a convulsion, a touch of a disorder—*a.* qualified, proper, convenient—*v. a.* to suit, to adapt, to accommodate

Fitch, fītsh', *s.* a small kind of wild pea

Fitness, fīt'nēs, *s.* propriety, convenience

Five, fī've, *a.* four and one

Fives, fīvz, *s.* game at ball, a disease of horses

Fix, fīks', *v. a.* to make fast, to settle—*v. n.* to determine, to rest

Fixation, fīk-să-shŭn, *s.* stability, solidity [mined]

Fixed, fīk'-sĕd, *part.* appointed, deter-

Fixidity, fīk-sĭd'-ŷ-tŷ, or Fixity, fīk'-sŷ-tŷ, *s.* coherence of parts

Fixture, fīks'-tŭre, *s.* any article fixed to the premises, as fire-grates, dressers, &c. [harpoon]

Fizgig, fīz'-gŷg, *s.* a kind of fyt or Flabby, flăb'-bŷ, *a.* soft, not firm

Flaccid, flăk'-sĭd, *a.* weak, limber, not stiff

Flaccidity, flăk-sĭd'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* limberness

Flag, flăg', *v. n.* to grow dejected—*s.* a plant, colours of a ship or land forces, a flat stone

Flagelet, flădzh'-ĕ-lĕt, *s.* a small flute

Flagellation, flădzh'-ĕl-lă-shŭn, *s.* the act of scourging

Flaggy, flăg'-gŷ, *a.* weak, lax, insipid

Flagitious, flă-dzhīsh'-ŭs, *a.* wicked, atrocious, vile

Flaggon, flăg'-gŏn, *s.* a drinking vessel with a narrow mouth

Flag-officer, flăg-ŏf'-fŷsér, *s.* the commander of a squadron [notorious]

Flagrant, flă'-grĕnt, *a.* glowing, eager,

Flag-ship, flăg'-shĭp, *s.* a ship in which a flag-officer is

Flail, flă'le, *s.* a threshing instrument

Flake, flă'ke, *s.* any thing loosely held together, a stratum, a layer, a scale of iron—*v. a.* to form in flakes

Flaky, flă'-kŷ, *a.* lying in layers, broken into laminæ [pretext]

Flam, flăm', *s.* a falsenood, an illusory

Flambeau, flăm'-bô, *s.* a torch

Flame, flă'me, *s.* light given by fire, fire, brightness of fancy, the passion of love—*v. a.* to shine as fire, to blaze

Flamen, flă'-mĕn, *s.* a Pagan priest in ancient times [ness to take fire]

Flammability, flăm-mă-bil'-ŷ tŷ, *s.* an apt-

Flamy, flă'-mŷ, *a.* burning, flaming, like fire

Flank, flăngk', *s.* the side, part of a bastion—*v. a.* to attack the side of a battalion or fleet

Flannel, flăn'-nél, *s.* soft nappy stuff made of wool

Flap, flăp', *s.* any thing that hangs broad and loose, a blow with the hand, a disease in horses—*v. a.* to beat with a flap—*v. n.* to ply the wings with a noise, to fall with flaps

Flapdragon, flăp'-drăg-ŏn, *s.* a game in which they catch raisins out of burning brandy

Flare, flă're, *v. n.* to flutter with a splendid show, to glitter offensively, to give a glaring light

Flash, flăsh', *s.* a sudden blaze, a sudden burst of wit—*v. n.* to glitter with a quick and transient flame

Flashy, flăsh'-ŷ, *a.* showy, empty, insipid

Flask, flăsk', *s.* a bottle, a powder-horn

Flasket, flăsk'-ĕt, *s.* a kind of tray

Flat, flăt', *a.* even, smooth, insipid, dull, not shrill,—*s.* a level, even ground, a shallow—*v. a.* to level, to make vapid—*v. n.* to grow flat or vapid

Flatness, flăt'-nēs, *s.* evenness, dullness, dejection

Flatten, flăt'n, *v. a.* to make even or level, to make vapid, to deject—*v. n.* to grow even or insipid

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Flatter, flăt-tér, *v. a.* to sooth with praises, to praise falsely, to raise false hopes

Flattery, flăt-tér-ŷ, *s.* false praise, fawn-  
Flattish, flăt-ŷsh, *a.* somewhat flat

Flatulent, flăt-ù-lént, *a.* windy, empty, vain

Flaunt, flânt, *v. n.* to make a fluttering show in apparel, to give one's self airs—*s.* any thing loose and airy

Flavour, flă-vór, *s.* taste, sweet smell, relish, odour

Flaw, flă, *s.* a crack, a defect

Flax, flăk's, *s.* a fibrous plant of which the finest thread is made, the fibres of flax cleansed

Flaxdresser, flăk's-drës-sér, *s.* he that prepares flax for the spinner

Flaxen, flăk's'n, *a.* made of flax, fair

Flay, flă, *v. a.* to strip off the skin

Flea, flê, *s.* a troublesome small insect

Fleabitten, flê-bît'n, *a.* stung by fleas, mean, worthless

Fleam, flême, *s.* an instrument used to bleed cattle

Fleck, flêk', or Flecker, flêk'-ér, *v. a.* to spot, to streak, to dapple

Fledge, flêdzh', *v. a.* to furnish with wings or feathers

Flee, flê, *v. n.* to run from danger, or for shelter—*v. a.* to avoid

Fleece, flêse, *s.* the wool of one sheep—*v. a.* to strip or plunder a person

Fleeced, flêst, *a.* stripped, plundered

Fleecy, flê-sŷ, *a.* covered with wool, woolly

Fleer, flêre, *v. n.* to mock, to leer, to grin with scorn

Fleet, flête, *s.* a company of ships, a creek—*a.* swift of pace, nimble, active—*v. n.* to fly swiftly, to vanish

Fleetness, flête-nês, *s.* speed, swiftness, quickness

Flesh, flêsh', *s.* a part of the animal body—*v. a.* to initiate, to harden, to glut

Fleshfly, flêsh'-flŷ, *s.* a fly that feeds upon flesh

Fleshmeat, flêsh'-mête, *s.* animal food

Fleshy, flêsh'-ŷ, *a.* plump, full of flesh

Fletcher, flêtsh'-ér, *s.* a maker of bows and arrows

Flew, flû, *pret. of* Fly—*s.* the large chaps of a deep-mouthed hound

Flewed, flû-de, *a.* chapped, mouthed

Flexibility, flêks'-y-bîl'-i-tŷ, *s.* pliancy, ductility, facility

Flexible, flêks'-ybl', or Flexile, flêks'-yl, *a.* pliant, manageable

Flexion, flêk'-shón, *s.* the act of bending, a joint, a turn

Flexure, flêk'-shûre, *s.* the part bent, the joint [the wings]

Flicker, flîk'-ér, *v. a.* to flutter, to play

Flight, flîte, *s.* the act of flying or running away, a flock of birds flying together, heat of imagination, stairs from one landing-place to another [imagination]

Flighty, flîte-ŷ, *a.* wild, swift, full of

Flimsy, flîm'-zŷ, *a.* weak, slight, mean, spiritless [pain, &c.]

Flinch, flîn'sh, *v. n.* to shrink from

Fling, flîng', *v. a.* to throw, to cast with violence—*v. n.* to flounce—*s.* a throw, a sneer

Flint, flînt', *s.* a hard kind of stone

Flinty, flînt'-ŷ, *a.* made of flint, hard-hearted [and sugar]

Flipp, flîp', *s.* beer mixed with spirits

Flippant, flîp'-ânt, *a.* nimble, pert, talkative

Flirt, flîrt', *v. n.* to jeer, to run about idly, &c.—*s.* a sudden trick, a pert hussey

Flirtation, flîr-tă-shûn, *s.* a quick sprightly motion, coquetry

Flit, flît', *v. n.* to fly away, to flutter

Flitch, flîtsh', *s.* a side of bacon

Float, flôte, *v. n.* to swim on the surface—*v. a.* to cover with water—*s.* the act of flowing, any thing swimming on the water

Flock, flôk', *s.* a company of birds or beasts, &c.—*v. n.* to assemble in crowds

Flog, flôg', *v. a.* to lash, to whip

Flood, flûd', *s.* influx of the tide, an overflow, inundation—*v. a.* to cover with waters, to overflow

Floodgate, flûd'-gâte, *s.* a gate or stop to let out water

Flook, flôke, *s.* the broad part of the anchor which takes hold of the ground [a story]

Floor, flôre, *s.* the bottom of a room,

Flop, flôp', *v. a.* to clap the wings with noise

Floral, flô-răl, *a.* relating to Flora or to flowers [bloomy, rosy]

Florid, flôr-ŷd, *a.* flushed with red

Floridity, flôr-ŷd'-i-tŷ, *s.* freshness of colour

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chŷn, chŷne, field, shŷrt—

Florin, flôr'ŷn, *s.* a foreign coin  
Florist, flôr'ŷst, *s.* one who cultivates flowers

Flota, flô'tă, *s.* a rich Spanish fleet that sails annually from the West Indies

Flounce, flôû'ns, *v. n.* to move with violence in the water, or passionate agitation—*v. a.* to deck with flounces—*s.* a loose trimming in apparel

Flounder, flôû'n-dér, *s.* a small flat fish—*v. n.* to struggle with violent and irregular motions

Flour, flôû'r, *s.* fine part of ground corn  
Flourish, flôr'ŷsh, *v. n.* to be in vigour, to thrive, to boast—*v. a.* to adorn—*s.* embellishment, figures formed by lines curiously drawn, bravery

Flout, flôû't, *v. a.* to mock, to insult—*v. n.* to practise mockery

Flow, flô', *v. n.* to run as water, to melt, to issue—*v. a.* to overflow—*s.* the rise of water, not the ebb

Flower, flôw'êr, *s.* a blossom of a plant, the prime—*v. n.* to be in flower, to blossom [flowers]

Flowery, flôw'êr-ŷ, *a.* adorned with  
Flown, flô'ne, *part. of* Fly—*a.* puffed, elate

Fluctuant, flûk'tû-ênt, *a.* wavering

Fluctuate, flûk'tû-âte, *v. n.* to be in an uncertain state, to be irresolute

Fluctuation, flûk'tû-â-shûn, *s.* uncertainty, indetermination

Flue, flô', *s.* a small pipe or chimney, soft down or fur

Fluent, flû-ênt, *a.* eloquent, liquid, flowing

Fluid, flû'id, *a.* running as water, not solid—*s.* any animal juice, a liquid

Fluidity, flû'id-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* the quality in bodies opposite to solidity

Fluke, flû'ke, *s.* see Flook

Flummery, flûm'mér-ŷ, *s.* a food made of wheat flour or oatmeal

Fling, flûng', *part. and pret. of* Fling

Fluor, flû'ôr, *s.* a fluid state

Flurry, flûr-rŷ, *s.* a gust of wind, flutter of the spirits

Flurt, flûr't, *s.* see Flirt

Flush, flûsh', *v. n.* to flow with violence—*v. a.* to colour, to elate—*s.* violent flow, cards all of a suit

Fluster, flûs'tér, *v. a.* to put in confusion

Flute, flû'te, *s.* a musical pipe, furrow in a pillar—*v. a.* to cut into hollows

Flutter, flût'tér, *v. n.* to fly with agitation of the wings—*v. a.* to confuse—*s.* hurry, disorder of the mind, confusion

Flux, flûks', *s.* the tide or flowing of the sea, a dysentery, concourse

Fluxion, flûk-shûn, *s.* the act of flowing, matter that flows

Fly, flŷ, *v. n.* to move through the air with wings, to pass away swiftly, to spring with violence, to shiver—*s.* a small winged insect, a balance of a jack. [gots]

Flyblow, flŷ-blô, *v. a.* to fill with mag-

Flyfish, flŷ-f'ŷsh, *v. n.* to angle with a hook baited with a fly

Foal, fô'le, *s.* the offspring of a mare or other beast of burden—*v. a.* to bring forth a foal

Foam, fô'me, *s.* froth, spume—*v. n.* to froth, to be in a rage

Foamy, fô'mŷ, *a.* covered with foam, frothy

Fob, fô'b, *s.* a small pocket for a watch, &c.—*v. a.* to trick, to defraud

Focal, fô'kâl, *a.* belonging to a focus

Focus, fô'kús, *s.* the point where rays meet

Fodder, fôd'dér, *s.* dry food for cattle—*v. a.* to feed with dry food

Foe, fô', *s.* an enemy, a persecutor

Fœtus, fê'tús, *s.* a child in the womb

Fog, fôg', *s.* a thick mist, aftergrass

Foggy, fôg-gŷ, *a.* misty, cloudy, dull

Foible, fô'bl', *s.* a weakness, a failing

Foil, fô'fl, *v. a.* to put to the worst, to defeat—*s.* a defeat, a glittering substance, a blunt sword for fencing

Foist, fô'ŷt, *v. a.* to insert by forgery

Fold, fô'ld, *s.* a pen for sheep, a double or plait—*v. a.* to shut sheep in the fold, to double, to shut

Foliage, fô'lyêdzh, *s.* leaves or tufts of leaves

Folio, fô'lyô, *s.* a book in which a sheet of paper doubled forms four pages

Folk, fô'ke, *s.* people, nations, mankind

Folkland, fôûk'lând, *s.* land which belongs to the common people

Follow, fô'l-lô, *v. a.* to go after, to obey, to attend—*v. n.* to come after another

Folly, fô'l-lŷ, *s.* weakness, foolishness, imprudence

Foment, fô-mênt', *v. a.* to cherish with heat, to bathe with warm lotions, to encourage, to abet—*v. n.* to boil up as liquor working

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—truly, r̄ye—thus, thick.

Fomentation, fō-mén-tā'-shūn, *s.* the act of fomenting, a lotion prepared to foment with

Fond, fōnd', *a.* tender, indiscreet, doting, silly [to be fond of]

Fondle, fōnd'l, *v. a.* to caress—*v. n.*

Fondling, fōnd'-līng, *s.* one much caressed or doted on

Font, fōnt', *s.* a baptismal vessel

Food, fō'de, *s.* victuals, any thing that nourishes

Fool, fō'le, *s.* an idiot, a buffoon—*v. n.* to trifle, to play—*v. a.* to disappoint, to cheat

Foolery, fō'l-ér-ŷ, *s.* habitual folly, an act of folly

Foolhardy, fō'l-hā'r-dŷ, *a.* daring without judgment, madly adventurous

Foolish, fō'l-īsh, *a.* weak of intellect, imprudent

Foot, fūt', *s.* that on which any animal or thing stands, a measure of twelve inches—*v. n.* to dance, to tread—*v. a.* to spurn

Football, fūt'-bāl, *s.* a ball driven by the foot [ant in livery]

Footboy, fūt'-bōŷ, *s.* a boy or attendant

Footed, fūt'-ēd, *a.* shap'd in the foot, danced

Footing, fūt'-īng, *s.* foundation, an entrance, a condition—*p.* walking, tripping [livery, a stand]

Footman, fūt' mán, *s.* a male servant in

Footpad, fūt'-pād, *s.* one that robs on foot [for passengers]

Footpath, fūt'-pāth, *s.* a narrow way

Footstep, fūt'-stēp, *s.* a trace, a track, an impression left by the foot

Footstool, fūt'-stōle, *s.* a stool for the feet [dress]

Fop, fōp', *s.* a coxcomb, one fond of

Foppery, fōp'-ér-ŷ, *s.* folly, affectation of show

Foppish, fōp'-pīsh, *a.* affected, foolish, idle, vain

Forage, fōr'-ēdzh, *v. n.* to wander in search of provisions, to ravage—*v. a.* to plunder, to strip—*s.* a search for provisions, provisions

Forbear, fōr-bā're, *v. n.* to cease from any thing, to abstain—*v. a.* to decline, to spare

Forbearance, fōr-bār'-ēns, *s.* delay of action or vengeance, mildness, lenity

Forbid, fōr-bīd', *v. a.* to prohibit, to oppose

Forbidding, fōr-bīd'-dīng, *part. a.* a raising abhorrence

Force, fōr'se, *s.* strength, violence, an armament—*v. a.* to compel, to overpower, to enter by violence, to ravish [ment]

Forceps, fōr'-sēps, *s.* a surgical instru-

Forcible, fōr'-sīb'l, *a.* strong, violent, efficacious, powerful

Ford, fōrd, *s.* the shallow part of a river, the stream—*v. a.* to pass a river without swimming

Fordable, fōrd-éb'l, *a.* capable of being forded

Fore, fō're, *a.* anterior,—*ad.* before

Forearm, fōre-ār'm, *v. a.* to provide for an assault or attack

Forebode, fōre-bō'de, *v. n.* to foretel, to prognosticate

Forecast, fōre-kā'st, *v. a.* to scheme, to contrive, to foresee—*s.* contrivance beforehand

Forecastle, fōre-kā's'l, *s.* the forepart of a ship

Forecited, fōre-sī'-tēd, *part.* quoted before [to preclude]

Foreclose, fōre-klō'ze, *v. a.* to shut up,

Foredoom, fōre-dō'me, *v. a.* to predestinate, &c.

Forefather, fōre-fā'-thér, *s.* an ancestor

Forefend, fōre-fēnd', *v. a.* to prohibit, to avert, to secure

Forego, fōre-gō', *v. a.* to quit, to give up, to go before

Foreground, fōre-grōūd, *s.* that part of a picture before the figures

Forehand, fōre-hānd, *s.* the part of a horse which is before the rider—*a.* done too soon

Forehead, fōre-hēd, *s.* upper part of the face [not belonging to, extraneous]

Foreign, fōr'-ŷn, *a.* not domestic, alien,

Foreigner, fōr'-ŷn-ér, *s.* one of another country [beforehand]

Forejudge, fōre-dzhūdzh', *v. a.* to judge

Foreknow, fōre-nō', *v. a.* to know previously [science]

Foreknowledge, fōre-nōl'-ēdzh, *s.* pre-

Foreland, fōre-lānd, *s.* a promontory, a headland

Forelay, fōre-lā', *v. a.* to lay wait for, to entrap [forehead]

Forelock, fōre-lōk, *s.* the hair on the

Foreman, fōre-mán, *s.* the first or chief person on a jury, &c.

Foremast, fōre-māst, *s.* the mast nearest the head of a ship



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, field, shīrt—

- Forementioned, fōre-mēn'-shōnd, *a.* mentioned before [mid-day  
Forenoon, fōre-nō'ne, *s.* the time before  
Forensic, fō-rēn'-sik, *a.* belonging to courts of judicature  
Foreordain, fōre-ōr-dā'ne, *v. a.* to predestinate, to preordain  
Forepart, fōre-pārt, *s.* the anterior part  
Forerank, fōre-rāngk, *s.* the first rank, the front  
Forerun, fōre-rūn', *v. a.* to come before, to precede  
Forerunner, fōre-rūn'-nēr, *s.* a messenger sent before, a sign, a prognostic  
Foresay, fōre-sā', *v. a.* to predict  
Foresee, fōre-sé', *v. a.* to see beforehand  
Foreshow, fōre shō', *v. a.* to predict, to discover before it happens  
Foresight, fōre site, *s.* foreknowledge, provident care of futurity  
Forest, fōr-ēst, *s.* a wild woody tract of ground  
Forestal, fōre-stā'l, *v. a.* to take up beforehand, to prevent, to anticipate  
Forester, fōr-ēs-tér, *s.* an officer of the forest  
Foretaste, fōre-tā'ste, *v. a.* to taste beforehand—*s.* anticipation of  
Foretel, fōre-tēl', *v. a.* to predict—*v. n.* to utter prophecy  
Forethink, fōre-thīnk', *v. a.* to anticipate in the mind  
Forethought, fōre-thāt, *s.* prescience, anticipation, provident care  
Foretoken, fōre-tō'k'n, *s.* a sign, prognostic—*v. a.* to foreshow  
Foretold, fōre tōld, *p.* predicted, declared before it happens [wig  
Foretop, fō-re-tōp, *s.* the front of a peri  
Forewarn, fōre-wārn, *v. a.* to warn beforehand, to caution against  
Forfeit, fōr-fīt, *s.* a penalty, a fine for an offence  
Forfeiture, fōr-fīt-ūre, *s.* the act of forfeiting, a thing forfeited, a fine  
Forge, fōrdzh, *s.* a place where iron is beaten into form—*v. a.* to form by the hammer, to counterfeit  
Forgery, fōr-dzhér-ŷ, *s.* the crime of falsification [of, to neglect  
Forget, fōr-gēt, *v. a.* to lose memory  
Forgetful, fōr-gēt'fūl, *a.* inattentive, apt to forget  
Forgive, fōr-gīv, *v. a.* to pardon, to remit  
Forgiven, fōr-gīv'n, *part.* pardoned, abated  
Forgiveness, fōr-gīv'nēs, *s.* willingness to pardon, act of pardon  
Forgotten, fōr-gōt'n, *part.* not remembered  
Fork, fōrk, *s.* an instrument with two or more prongs—*v. n.* to shoot into blades [more parts  
Forked, fōr-kēd, *a.* opening into two or  
Forlorn, fōr-lōrn, *a.* deserted, helpless  
Form, fōrm, *s.* shape, figure, method, ceremony, a bench—*v. a.* to make, to model, to arrange  
Formal, fōr-māl, *a.* ceremonious, affected, regular [preciseness  
Formality, fōr-māl'ŷ-ty, *s.* ceremony  
Formation, fōr-mā'ēshūn, *s.* the act of forming, &c.  
Formative, fōr-mā-tīv, *a.* having the power of forming  
Formed, fōr'm-ēd, *p.* shaped, modelled, planned, adjusted, arranged  
Former, fōr'mér, *s.* one who forms—*a.* past, before another in time  
Formerly, fōr-mér-lŷ, *ad.* in time past  
Formidable, fōr-mŷ-dēb'l, *a.* terrible, dreadful, terrific  
Formulary, fōr-mŷ-lār-ŷ, *s.* a book containing stated and prescribed models  
Fornicate, fōr-nŷ-kāte, *v. n.* to commit fornication  
Fornication, fōr-nŷ-kā-shūn, *s.* concubinage, idolatry  
Fornicator, fōr-nŷ-kā-tór, *s.* a man that has commerce with one unmarried  
Forsake, fōr-sā'ke, *v. a.* to leave, to desert [deserted  
Forsaken, fōr-sāk'n, *part.* neglected, Forsook, fōr-sūk', *pret. of* Forsake  
Forsooth, fōr-sūth', *ad.* in truth, certainly  
Forswear, fōr-swā're, *v. a.* to renounce or deny an oath, to perjure—*v. n.* to swear falsely  
Fort, fōrt, *s.* a fortified house, a castle  
Forth, fōrth, *ad.* forward, abroad, out of doors [to appear  
Forthcoming, fōrth-kūm'ŷng, *a.* ready  
Forthwith, fōrth-wĭth', *ad.* immediately, without delay  
Fortieth, fōr-tĭth, *a.* the fourth ten  
Fortification, fōr-tĭ-fŷ-kā-shūn, *s.* the science of military architecture, a place built for strength  
Fortify, fōr-tĭ-fŷ, *v. a.* to strengthen, to encourage

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Fortitude, fôr-tý-tûde, *s.* courage, magnanimity, strength

Fortnight, fôr't-nite, *s.* a space of two weeks [fortified place]

Fortress, fôr-trës, *s.* a strong hold, a

Fortuitous, fôr-tú-ý-tús, *a.* accidental, casual [successful]

Fortunate, fôr-tû-nët, *a.* lucky, happy,

Fortune, fôr-tún, *s.* chance, possessions, estate, portion, the good or ill that befalls mankind

Fortunehunter, fôr-tún-hûn-tër, *s.* a hunter of women of fortune

Forty, fôr-tý, *a.* four times ten

Forum, fôr-úm, *s.* court of justice, a public place, a market

Forward, fôr-wârd, *a.* confident, premature—*v. a.* to hasten, to patronize, to advance

Fosse, fôs', *s.* a ditch, a moat

Fossil, fôs-síl, *a.* dug out of the earth—*s.* a mineral or shell

Foster, fôs-tër, *v. a.* to nurse, to bring up, to cherish

Fosterbrother, fôs-tër-bróth-ér, *s.* one bred at the same breast

Fosterchild, fôs-tër-tshild, *s.* a child brought up by those who are not its natural parents

Fother, fôth-ér, *s.* a load, a weight of lead or metal [Fight]

Fought, fât, *s. pret. and part. of*

Foul, fôul', *a.* not clean, impure, wicked, ugly—*v. a.* to daub, to dirty, to make filthy [face]

Foulfaced, fôul'-fâst, *a.* having an ugly

Foulmouthed, fôul'-môûthd, *a.* scurrilous

Found, fôû'nd, *pret. and part. of Find*—*v. a.* to lay the basis of, to establish, to cast metal

Foundation, fôûn-dâ-shûn, *s.* the basis, the first principles or grounds, establishment

Founder, fôûn-dér, *v. n.* to sink to the bottom, to grow lame

Foudery, fôûn drý, *s.* a casting-house

Foundling, fôû'nd-ling, *s.* a deserted infant

Fount, fôû'nt, or Fountain, fôûn-tán, *s.* a well or spring, a spout of water

Four, fô're, *a.* twice two [many]

Fourfold, fô're-fôld, *a.* four times as

Fourfooted, fô're-fût-éd, *a.* quadruped

Fourscore, fô're-skôre, *a.* four times twenty

Fourteen, fô-re-téne, *a.* four and ten

Fowl, fôw'l, *s.* a winged animal, a bird  
Fowler, fôw'l-ér, *s.* a sportsman who pursues birds

Fowlingpiece, fôw'l-ýng-pîs, *s.* a gun for birds [the dog kind, a knave]

Fox, fôks', *s.* a wild cunning animal of

Foxcave, fôks'-kâse, *s.* the skin of a fox

Foxchase, fôks'-tshâse, *s.* the pursuit of a fox with hounds [hunts foxes]

Foxhunter, fôks'-hünt-ér, *s.* one who

Foxtrap, fôks'-trâp, *s.* a snare to catch foxes

Fraction, frâk-shûn, *s.* the act of breaking the broken part of an integral, dissension, strife

Fractional, frâk-shón-ál, *a.* belonging to a fraction [some]

Fractionious, frâk-shûs, *a.* peevish, quarrel

Fracture, frâk-tûre, *s.* a breach, separation of parts—*v. a.* to break a bone

Fragile, frâdzh'-íl, *a.* brittle, weak, frail

Fragility, frâ-dzhíl'-ý-tý, *s.* brittleness, weakness, frailty

Fragment, frâg'-mënt, *s.* a part, an imperfect piece

Fragmentary, frâg'-mën-târ-ý, *a.* composed of fragments

Fragrant, frâ-grënt, *a.* sweet smelling

Frail, frâ'le, *s.* a basket made of rushes, a rush—*a.* weak, liable to error

Frailty, frâ'le-tý, *s.* weakness, instability of mind

Frame, frâ'me, *v. a.* to form, to make, to regulate, to plan, to invent—*s.* any thing made to enclose or admit something else, order, regularity, construction, shape

Franchise, frân'-tshîz, *s.* an exemption, privilege, immunity, extent of jurisdiction—*v. a.* to make free [tle]

Frangible, frân'-dzhîb'l, *a.* fragile, brittle

Frank, frângk', *a.* liberal, open, ingenuous—*s.* a letter free from postage, a French coin—*v. a.* to exempt from payment [riferous gum]

Frankincense, frângk'-ýn-sëns, *s.* an odor

Frantic, frân'-týk, *a.* transported with passion, mad

Fraternal, frâ-tér'-nâl, *a.* brotherly

Fraternity, frâ-tér'-ný-tý, *s.* a corporation, a society [a brother]

Fratricide, frât'-rý-side, *s.* the murder of

Fraud, frâ'd, *s.* deceit, a cheat, a trick

Fraudulent, frâ'-dû-lënt, *a.* trickish, deceitful

Fraught, frâ't, *part. laden*

Fray, frâ', *s.* a broil, a battle, a defect

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Freak, frē'ke, *s.* a sudden fancy, a whim  
 Freakish, frē'k-ŷsh, *a.* capricious  
 Freckle, frēk'l, *s.* a spot in the skin  
 Freckled, frēk'l'd, *a.* full of spots or freckles  
 Free, frē, *a.* at liberty, liberal, frank, [exempt]  
 Freebooter, frē-bō'tér, *s.* a robber, a plunderer [berty]  
 Freeborn, frē-bōrn, *a.* inheriting li-  
 Freecost, frē-cōst, *s.* without expence  
 Freedom, frē-dóm, *s.* liberty, privilege, unrestraint  
 Freehearted, frē-hă'r-tēd, *a.* liberal, generous, kind [petual right]  
 Freehold, frē'hōld, *s.* land held in per-  
 Freely, frē-lŷ, *ad.* at liberty, without restraint  
 Freeman, frē-mán, *s.* one at liberty, or free of a corporation  
 Freeminded, frē-mīnd-ēd, *a.* unconstrained, without care  
 Freespoken, frē-spōk'n, *a.* speaking without reserve [building]  
 Freestone, frē-stōne, *s.* a hard stone for  
 Freethinker, frē-thīngk-ēr, *s.* a con-temner of religion  
 Freeze, frē'ze, *v. n.* to be congealed with cold  
 Freight, frēŷ'te, *v. a.* to load a ship with goods—*s.* the loading of a ship, money due for transportation of goods [France]  
 French, frēnsh', *a.* of or belonging to  
 Frenetic, frēn-ē-tīk, *a.* mad, distracted, frantic [tion of mind]  
 Frenzy, frēn-zŷ, *s.* madness, distract-  
 Frequent, frē-kwēnt, *a.* often done, seen, or occurring  
 Frequent, frē-kwēnt', *v. a.* to visit often, to resort to [kiness]  
 Fresco, frēs'-kō, *s.* a sort of painting, dus-  
 Fresh, frēsh', *a.* cool, not salt, new, recent, florid, ruddy, brisk  
 Freshen, frēsh'n, *v. a.* to make fresh—*v. n.* to grow fresh  
 Fret, frēt, *s.* agitation of mind, or liquors by fermentation—*v. a.* to wear away by rubbing—*v. n.* to be agitated [vexed]  
 Fretful, frēt'-fūl, *a.* peevish, being soon  
 Fretwork, frēt'-wōrk, *s.* raised work in masonry [powder]  
 Friable, frī-ēb'l, *a.* easily reduced to  
 Friar, frī'ár, *s.* a religious brother of some order  
 Friarlike, frī'ár-like, *a.* monastic, unskilled in the world  
 Friary, frī'ár-ŷ, *s.* a monastery or convent of friars a fop—*v. n.* to trifle  
 Fribble, frīb'l, *s.* an insignificant fellow,  
 Fricassee, frīk-ăs-sē', *s.* chickens, &c. cut small, and dressed with strong sauce [bodies together]  
 Friction, frīk-shūn, *s.* act of rubbing  
 Friday, frī-dá, *s.* the sixth day of the week [nion, a favourer]  
 Friend, frēnd', *s.* an intimate compa-  
 Frieze, frē'ze, *s.* a coarse warm cloth, a term in ornamental architecture  
 Frigate, frī'-gát, *s.* a ship of war under 50 guns [a sudden terror]  
 Fright, frī'te, *v. a.* to terrify—*s.* a panic,  
 Frighten, frī't'n, *v. a.* to terrify, to daunt [terrible]  
 Frightful, frī'te-fūl, *a.* unbecoming,  
 Frigid, frīdzh'yd, *a.* cold, impotent, dull, unmoved [dulness]  
 Frigidity, frī-dzhīd'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* coldness,  
 Frigorific, frī-gō-rīf'-ŷk, *a.* causing cold  
 Frill, frīl', *v. n.* to quake or shiver with cold—*s.* a kind of ruffle  
 Fringe, frīndzh', *s.* ornamental trim-  
 ming—*v. a.* to adorn with fringes  
 Frippery, frīp-ér-ŷ, *s.* old clothes, pal-  
 try, ridiculous finery, insignificant words  
 Frisk, frīsk', *v. n.* to skip, to dance in frolic—*s.* a fit of wanton gaiety  
 Frisky, frīsk'-ŷ, *a.* gay, airy, wanton  
 Frit, frīt', *s.* ashes or salt for making glass [of net]  
 Frith, frīth, *s.* a strait of the sea, a kind  
 Fritter, frīt'-tér, *s.* a small pancake—*v. a.* to crumble away in small particles or fragments  
 Frivolous, frīv'-ò-lús, *a.* light, trifling, of no importance [cu:ls]  
 Frizzle, frīzl', *v. a.* to curl in short  
 Fro, frō', *ad.* backward, regressively  
 Frock, frōk', *s.* a dress, a gown for children  
 Frog, frōg', *s.* a small amphibious animal  
 Frolic, frōl'-ŷk, *a.* gay, wild, full of levity—*s.* a wild prank, a flight of whim and levity—*v. n.* to play pranks [gaiety or pranks]  
 Frolicsome, frōl'-ŷk-sóm, *a.* full of  
 From, fróm', *prep.* away, out of, noting privation  
 Front, frónt', *s.* the fore part, the van of an army, impudence—*v. a.* to oppose directly, to stand opposite to  
 Fronted, frónt-ēd, *a.* formed with a front

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Frontier, frōn'-tīr, *s.* a limit, a boundary [French white wine  
Frontiniac, frōn'-tīn-yāk', *s.* a sweet  
Frontispiece, frōn'-tīs pīse, *s.* that part  
of any thing that directly meets the  
eye, a picture facing the title page  
of a book [on the forehead  
Frontlet, frōnt'-lēt, *s.* a bandage worn  
Frost, frōst, *s.* the power or act of con-  
gelation [frost  
Frostbitten, frōst'-bīt'n, *a.* nipped by the  
Frosted, frōs'-tēd, *a.* made in imitation  
of frost  
Frosty, frōs' tŷ, *a.* very cold, hoary  
Froth, frō'th, *s.* foam, empty show of  
words, &c.—*v. n.* to foam [trifling  
Frothy, frō'th-ŷ, *a.* full of froth, empty,  
Frouzy, frōū'-zŷ, *a.* fetid, strong, musty  
Froward, frō-wārd, *a.* peevish, ungo-  
vernable, perverse  
Frown, frōw'n, *v. n.* to knit the brows  
—*s.* a wrinkled look, a look of dis-  
pleasure  
Frozen, frōz'n, *part. of* Freeze [fruit  
Fructiferous, frūk'-tīf'-ēr-ūs, *a.* bearing  
Fructify, frūk'-tī-fŷ, *v. a.* to make fruit-  
ful, to fertilize  
Fructuous, frūk'-tū-ōs, *a.* fruitful, fertile  
Frugal, frū'-gāl, *a.* thrifty, sparing  
Frugality, frū-gāl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* good husban-  
dry, parsimony  
Fruit, frūt, *s.* the produce of the earth,  
trees, &c. the offspring of the womb  
Fruitbearing, frūt'-bāre-ŷng, *a.* produc-  
ing fruit [in fruit  
Fruiterer, frūt'-ēr-ēr, *s.* one who trades  
Fruitful, frūt'-fūl, *a.* plenteous, produc-  
ing fruit [session  
Fruition, frū-ŷh'-ūn, *s.* enjoyment, pos-  
sibility, frūt'-lēš, *a.* barren, unprofit-  
able, void of fruit [duces fruit  
Fruit-tree, frūt'-trē, *s.* a tree that pro-  
duces fruit  
Frumentacious, frū-mēn'-tā-shūs, *a.*  
made of grain  
Frumety, frūm-ē-tŷ, *s.* food made of  
wheat boiled in milk and sweetened  
Frump, frūmp', *v. a.* to mock, to brow-  
beat—*s.* a foolish old woman  
Frustrate, frūs'-trāte, *v. a.* to defeat, to  
disappoint  
Frustrate, frūs'-trēt, *a.* vain, useless,  
void [ment, defeat  
Frustration, frūs'-trā-shūn, *s.* disappoint-  
ment  
Fry, frŷ, *s.* a swarm of little fishes, &c.  
—*v. a.* to dress food in a frying pan  
Fryingpan, frŷ'-ŷng-pān, *s.* a kitchen  
utensil for frying

Fucus, fū'-kūs, *s.* a paint, &c. for the  
face  
Fuddle, fūd'l, *v. a.* to make drunk—  
*v. n.* to tippie [fire  
Fuel, fū'-él, *s.* the matter or aliment of  
Fugacious, fū-gā-shūs, *a.* volatile, fly-  
ing away  
Fugitive, fū-dzhŷ-tŷv, *a.* unsteady, vo-  
latile—*s.* a runaway, a deserter  
Fulcrum, fūl'-krām, *s.* support of a  
lever, point of suspension  
Fulfil, fūl'-fīl, *v. a.* to complete, to per-  
form [pletely stored  
Fullfraught, fūl'-frāt, *a.* fully or com-  
plete  
Fulgent, fūl'-dzhēnt, or Fulgid, fūl'-  
dzhīd, *a.* shining, glittering [smoky  
Fuliginous, fū-ŷdzhŷ-ŷn-ūs, *a.* sooty,  
Full, fūl, *a.* replete, filled, crowded,  
perfect—*s.* complete measure—*v. a.*  
to clean cloth  
Full-blown, fūl'-blōne, *a.* spread to the  
utmost extent  
Full-bottomed, fūl'-bōt-tōmd, *a.* having  
a large bottom [cloth  
Fuller, fūl'-lér, *s.* a person who fulls  
Fullers-earth, fūl'-lérz-ērth, *s.* a kind of  
soft marl or clay used in fulling  
Full-eyed, fūl'-īde, *a.* having large pro-  
minent eyes  
Full-fed, fūl'-fēd, *a.* sated, fat  
Fully, fūl'-lŷ, *ad.* without vacuity, com-  
pletely [very loud  
Fulminant, fūl'-mŷ-nēnt, *a.* thundering,  
Fulminate, fūl'-mŷ-nāte, *v. a.* to thun-  
der, to make a loud noise  
Fulmination, fūl'-mŷ-nā-shūn, *s.* the act  
of thundering, a denunciation of cen-  
sure [plenty, satiety  
Fulness, fūl'-nēs, *s.* state of being full,  
Fulsome, fūl'-sóm, *a.* nauseous, offen-  
sive, rank [awkwardly  
Fumble, fūm'b'l, *v. n.* to do things  
Fume, fū-me, *s.* smoke, vapour, rage,  
conceit—*v. n.* to smoke, to be in a  
rage—*v. a.* to dry in the smoke  
Fumid, fū-mŷd, *a.* smoky, vapourous  
Fumigate, fū-mŷ-gāte, *v. n.* to smoke, to  
perfume [raised by fire  
Fumigation, fū-mŷ-gā-shūn, *s.* a scent  
Fumous, fū-mūs, or Fumy, fū-mŷ, *a.*  
producing fumes  
Fun, fūn', *s.* sport, high merriment  
Function, fūngk'-shūn, *s.* an employ-  
ment, an occupation  
Fund, fūnd', *s.* stock, capital  
Fundamental, fūn-dā-mēn'-tāl, *a.* serving  
for the foundation, essential, original



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fiēld, shîrt—

Funeral, fû-nér-ăl, *s.* the solemnization of a burial—*a.* used for burial  
 Funeral, fû-né-ryăl, *a.* suiting a funeral, dark, dismal [spongy]  
 Fungous, fûng-gús, *a.* excrescent,  
 Funicular, fû-nŷk-û-lăr, *a.* consisting of small fibres  
 Funnel, fûn-nél, *s.* an instrument for conveying liquor into vessels, the hollow of a chimney  
 Funny, fûn-nŷ, *s.* full of fun, merry  
 Fur, fûr', *s.* the soft hairy skins of several beasts, a substance sticking to the sides or bottom of a vessel  
 Furbelow, fûr-bē-lô, *s.* fur or other ornamental trimming on the lower part of a garment [polish]  
 Furbish, fûr-bŷsh, *v. a.* to burnish, to  
 Furious, fû-ryús, *a.* mad, raging  
 Furl, fûr'l, *v. a.* to draw up, to contract  
 Furlong, fûr-lông, *s.* the eighth part of a mile [from military service]  
 Furlough, fûr-lô, *s.* leave of absence  
 Furmety, fûr-mě-tŷ, *s.* wheat boiled in milk [place]  
 Furnace, fûr-năs, *s.* an enclosed fire-  
 Furnish, fûr-nŷsh, *v. a.* to supply, to fit up, to equip, to adorn  
 Furniture, fûr-nŷ-tûre, *s.* goods in a house for use or ornament, appendages, equipage  
 Furrier, fûr-ryer, *s.* a dealer in furs  
 Furrow, fûr-ô, *s.* a long trench or hollow

Furry, fûr-rŷ, *a.* covered with or made of fur  
 Further, fûr-thér, *ad.* to a greater distance—*v. a.* to forward, to promote  
 Fury, fû-rŷ, *s.* madness, rage, enthusiasm [fuel, gorse]  
 Furze, fûr'z, *s.* a prickly shrub used for  
 Furzy, fûr-zŷ, *a.* overgrown with furze  
 Fuse, fû'ze, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve—*v. n.* to be melted  
 Fusee, fû'zê, *s.* the part round which the chain of a clock or watch is wound, a light musquet, a track for setting on fire a bomb or grénado  
 Fusible, fû-zŷb'l, *a.* capable of being melted [with a fusil]  
 Fusilier, fû-zŷl-ŷr, *s.* a soldier armed  
 Fusion, fû-zhŷn, *s.* the state of being melted  
 Fuss, fûs', *s.* a tumult, a bustle  
 Fustain, fûsh-tăn, *s.* a kind of linen and cotton cloth, a bombast style—*a.* made of fustain, high-swelling  
 Fusty, fûs-tŷ, *a.* smelling mouldy  
 Futile, fû-tŷl, *a.* trifling, worthless, talkative  
 Futility, fû-tŷl-ŷ-tŷ, *a.* vanity, loquacity  
 Future, fû-tûre, *a.* that which is to come—*s.* the time to come  
 Futurity, fû-tû-rŷ-tŷ, *s.* the time to come  
 Fuzz, fûz', *v. a.* to fly out in small particles  
 Ey, fŷ', *interj.* a word of blame or censure

## G

**G**ABARDINE, găb-ăr-dŷne, *s.* a coarse frock  
 Gabble, găb'l, *v. n.* to prate loudly and noisily—*s.* loud talk without meaning  
 Gabel, gă'b'l, *s.* an excise, a tax  
 Gabion, gă-byôn, *s.* a wicker basket full of earth for fortification [building]  
 Gable, gă'bl, *s.* the sloping roof of a  
 Gad, găd', *s.* an ingot of steel, a graver—*v. n.* to ramble about  
 Gadfly găd-flŷ, *s.* a fly the sting of which makes cattle gad or run wildly  
 Gaff, găf', *s.* a harpoon or large hook  
 Gaffer, găf-fér, *s.* an old country word for master  
 Gaffles, găf'ŷz, *s.* artificial spurs upon cocks

Gag, găg', *v. n.* to stop the mouth—*s.* something to stop the mouth  
 Gage, gă'dzh, *s.* a pledge, a pawn, a caution—*v. a.* to lay down as a wager, to pawn, to measure  
 Gagle, găg'l, *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose  
 Gaiety, gă-é-tŷ, *s.* cheerfulness, vivacity  
 Gain, gă'ne, *s.* profit, advantage—*v. a.* to obtain, to procure—*v. n.* to encroach [profits]  
 Gainer, gă'n-ér, *s.* person who gains or  
 Gainly, gă-ne-lŷ, *ad.* handily, readily  
 Gainsay, gă'ne-să, *v. a.* to contradict, to deny [flighty]  
 Gairish, gă-rŷsh, *a.* gaudy, showy, fine,  
 Gait, gă'te, *s.* manner and air of walking

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Galaxy, gäl'äk'sÿ, *s.* the milky way  
 Galbanum, gäl'bā-nûm, *s.* a kind of gum  
 Gale, gäl'e, *s.* wind not tempestuous  
 Galeated, gäl'yā-têd, *a.* covered as with a helmet  
 Gall, gäl', *s.* bile, rancour, anger—*v. a.* to hurt by fretting the skin, to fret, to tease, to vex [brave  
 Gallant, gäl'lānt, *a.* gay, fine, specious,  
 Gallant, gäl-la'nt, *a.* inclined to courtship—*s.* a gay sprightly man, a lover  
 Gallantry, gäl'lān-trÿ, *s.* shew, bravery, generosity, courtship [ship  
 Galleon, gäl'lyô'ne, *s.* a large Spanish  
 Gallery, gäl'lér'y, *s.* a passage leading to several apartments, a balcony  
 Galley, gäl'ly, *s.* a small vessel both for sails and oars  
 Galley-slave, gäl'ly-slave, *s.* any one condemned to row the galleys  
 Galliard, gäl'lyārd, *s.* a gay brisk man, a sprightly dance  
 Gallicism, gäl'ly-sizm, *s.* a mode of speech peculiar to the French language [open hose  
 Galligaskins, gäl'ly-gās'kÿns, *s.* large  
 Gallimaufry, gäl'ly-mā-frÿ, *s.* a hotch-potch, a medley  
 Galliot, gäl'lyôt, *s.* a small swift galley  
 Gallipot, gäl'ly-pôt, *s.* a pot painted and glazed [four quarts  
 Gallon, gäl'lún, *s.* a liquid measure of  
 Galloon, gäl'lôn', *s.* narrow ribband, a sort of lace  
 Gallop, gäl'lóp, *v. n.* to move by leaps—*s.* motion of a horse at full speed  
 Galloway, gäl'lô-wā, *s.* a horse not above fourteen hands high  
 Gallows, gäl'lós, *s.* a tree for executing malefactors [page  
 Gally, gäl'ly, *s.* a printer's frame for a  
 Gambade, gām-bāde, *or* Gambado, gām-bā-dô, *s.* a kind of large boot fixed to the saddle instead of stirrups  
 Gamble, gām'b'l, *v. a.* to practise the arts of a gambler [gaming  
 Gambler, gām'blér, *s.* one who follows  
 Gambol, gām'ból, *v. n.* to dance, to skip, to frisk—*s.* a skip, a frolic, a wild prank  
 Game, gāme, *s.* sport of any kind, mockery, a single match at play, animals pursued in the field—*v. n.* to sport, to play extravagantly for money  
 Gamecock, gāme-kök, *s.* a cock bred to fight [who looks after game  
 Gamekeeper, gāme-kép-ér, *s.* a person

Gamesome, gāme-sóm, *a.* gay, sportive  
 Gamester, gāms-tér, *s.* one viciously addicted to play  
 Gammer, gām'mér, *s.* a country appellation for mistress, mother, &c.  
 Gammon, gām'món, *s.* the buttock of a hog salted and dried [notes  
 Gamut, gām'ût, *s.* the scale of musical  
 Gander, gān'dér, *s.* the male of the goose  
 Gang, gāng', *s.* a number hanging together, a troop  
 Gangrene, gān'-grêne, *s.* a mortification  
 Gangrenous, gān'-grê-nús, *a.* mortified, putrified [ship  
 Gangway, gāng'-wā, *s.* the passage in a  
 Gannet, gān'nèt, *s.* a species of duck  
 Gantlet, gānt'lèt, *s.* a military punishment of a criminal, running between the ranks  
 Gaol, dzā'le, *s.* a prison  
 Gap, gāp', *s.* a breach or opening, a hole  
 Gape, gāpe, *v. n.* to yawn, to stare, to crave [appearance  
 Garb, gār'b, *s.* dress, clothes, exterior  
 Garbage, gār-bādzh, *s.* offals, the entrails [separate  
 Garble, gār'b'l, *v. a.* to sift, to part, to  
 Garboil, gār-bōil, *s.* trouble, disturbance, uproar  
 Garden, gārd'n, *s.* a piece of ground enclosed and planted with herbs or fruits—*v. n.* to cultivate a garden  
 Gardener, gār'dên-ér, *s.* one who lays out gardens  
 Gardening, gārd-āng, *s.* the act of cultivating or planning gardens  
 Gargle, gār'g'l, *v. a.* to wash the mouth and throat, to warble—*s.* a liquor to wash the throat and mouth  
 Garish, gār'ÿsh, *a.* shewy, fine, gaudy  
 Garland, gār'lānd, *s.* a wreath of branches or flowers  
 Garlic, gār'lyk, *s.* a plant [the body  
 Garment, gār'mént, *s.* any covering for  
 Garner, gār'nér, *s.* a place to store up grain—*v. a.* to store in garners  
 Garnet, gār'nèt, *s.* a red gem  
 Garnish, gār-nÿsh, *v. a.* to decorate, to set off—*s.* ornament [bellishment  
 Garniture, gār-nÿ-tûre, *s.* ornament, em-  
 Garret, gār-rèt, *s.* a room on the highest floor [in a garret  
 Garreteer, gār-rèt-êre, *s.* one that lives  
 Garrison, gār-rí-són, *s.* soldiers in a fortified place—*v. a.* to secure by fortresses

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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—  
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Garrulity, găr-rŭ-lŭ-tŭ, *s.* loquacity  
 Garrulous, găr-rŭ-lŭs, *a.* talkative  
 Garter, găr-tér, *s.* to tie up the stocking, badge of the order of the garter  
 Garth, gărth, *s.* a court yard  
 Gas, găs', *s.* a spirit not capable of being coagulated  
 Gasconade, găs-kó-nă'de, *s.* a boast, a bravado—*v. n.* to brag  
 Gash, găsh', *s.* a deep cut or wound  
 Gaskins, găs'-kŭnz, *s.* wide hose or breeches  
 Gasp, găsp', *v. n.* to pant for breath—*s.* a short catch of the breath  
 Gate, găt'e, *s.* a large door, an entrance  
 Gateway, găt'e-wă, *s.* a way under a building, or through ground inclosed  
 Gather, găth-ér, *v. a.* to collect, to bring together, to pick up, to glean, to pucker needle-work—*v. n.* to assemble, to fester—*s.* a pucker, a cloth drawn in wrinkles  
 Gathering, găth'-ér-ing, *s.* a collection  
 Gaude, găt'd, *s.* an ornament, finery—*v. n.* to exult, to rejoice  
 Gaudy, găt-dŭ, *a.* showy, splendid, pompous—*s.* a festival in colleges  
 Gave, găt've, *pret. of* Give  
 Gavelkind, găt'-él-kind, *s.* an equal division of lands among all the sons  
 Gauge, găt-dzh, *v. a.* to measure the contents of a vessel—*s.* a measure, a standard  
 Gaunt, găt't, *a.* thin, slender, lean  
 Gauntlet, găt't-lăt, *s.* an iron glove for defence, &c. [silk, &c.]  
 Gauze, găt'z, *s.* a kind of thin transparent t'ay, găt', *a.* cheerful, merry, fine  
 Gaiety, găt'-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* cheerfulness, airiness, finery [earnestly]  
 Gaze, găt'ze, *v. n.* to look intently or  
 Gazette, găt-zăt', *s.* a paper of public authentic intelligence [zettes, &c.]  
 Gazetteer, găt-zăt-tê're, *s.* a writer of gazetting  
 Gazingstock, găt-zŭng-stők, *s.* a person gazed at with scorn [traces]  
 Gear, gê're, *s.* furniture, accoutrements,  
 Geese, gês, *s. plural of* Goose  
 Gelatine, dzhěl'-ă-tŭn, or Gelatinous, dzhěl'-ă-tŭn-ŭs, *a.* made into a jelly  
 Geld, geld', *v. a.* to castrate  
 Gelding, gěl-dŭng, *s.* a horse that has been castrated  
 Gelid, dzhěl'-ŭd, *a.* extremely cold  
 Gelly, dzhěl'-lŭ, *s.* a gluey substance, &c.  
 Gem, dzhēm', *s.* a jewel or precious stone, the first bud

Gemination, dzhēm'-ŭn-ă-shŭn, *s.* repetition, reduplication  
 Gemini, dzhēm'-ŭn-ŭ, *s.* twins, a sign in the zodiac  
 Geminous, dzhēm'-ŭn-ŭs, *a.* double  
 Gemmary, dzhēm'-măr-ŭ, *a.* pertaining to gems or jewels  
 Gender, dzhên'-dér, *s.* a kind, a sort, a sex—*v. a.* to beget, to cause—*v. n.* to breed, produce  
 Genealogical, dzhên'-ê-ă-lödzh'-ŭ-kăl, *a.* pertaining to pedigrees  
 Genealogist, dzhên'-ê-ă-lödzhŭst, *s.* one who traces descents  
 Genealogy, dzhên'-ê-ă-lödzhŭ, *s.* history of family succession  
 General, dzhên'-ér-ăl, *a.* common, usual, extensive—*s.* one that commands an army  
 Generalissimo, dzhên'-ér-ăl-ŭs-ŭ-mō, *s.* a commander in chief  
 Generality, dzhên'-ér-ăl-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* the bulk, the main part  
 Generate, dzhên'-ér-ăt'e, *v. a.* to beget, to cause, to produce  
 Generation, dzhên'-ér-ă-shŭn, *s.* offspring, progeny, age [prolific]  
 Generative, dzhên'-ér-ă-tŭv, *a.* fruitful,  
 Generic, dzhên'-ér-ŭk, *a.* that comprehends or regards the genus  
 Generosity, dzhên'-ér-ôs'-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* magnanimity, liberality  
 Generous, dzhên'-ér-ŭs, *a.* noble, liberal, open-hearted  
 Genesis, dzhên'-ê-sŭs, *s.* the first book of Moses, generation  
 Genet, dzhên'-êt, *s.* a small well-made Spanish horse  
 Geneva, dzhên'-ê-vă, *s.* the spirit of juniper  
 Genial, dzhê'-nyăl, *a.* contributing to propagation or natural cheerfulness  
 Geniculated, dzhên'-ŭk'-ă-lă-tĕd, *a.* knotted, jointed  
 Genii, dzhê'-nŭ-ŭ, *s.* spirits or demons supposed to preside over men's actions  
 Geneting, dzhên'-ŭ-tŭng, *s.* an early apple gathered in June [in Latin]  
 Genitive, dzhên'-ŭ-tŭv, *a.* the second case  
 Genius, dzhê'-nŭs, *s.* a spirit either good or evil, mental power, disposition, nature  
 Genteel, dzhên'-tĕ'le, *a.* polite, civil, graceful, elegant in behaviour  
 Gentian, dzhên'-shăn, *s.* a sort of plant  
 Genrile, dzhên'-tŭ'le, *s.* a heathen, a pagan

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Gentility, dzhĕn-tŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* good extraction, dignity of birth, elegant behaviour, heathenism

Gentle, dzhĕnt'l, *a.* mild, tame, meek—*s.* the maggot of a flesh fly [birth]

Gentleman, dzhĕnt'l-mán, *s.* a man of

Gentlemanlike, dzhĕnt'l-mán-like, *a.* becoming a gentleman

Gentleness, dzhĕnt'l-nĕs, *s.* softness, placid temper

Gentlewoman, dzhĕnt'l-wūm-án, *s.* a woman of good birth

Gently, dzhĕn'-tlŷ, *ad.* meekly, tenderly

Gentry, dzhĕn'-trŷ, *s.* people above the vulgar [act of kneeling]

Genuflection, dzhĕ-nŷ-flek'-shun, *s.* the

Genuine, dzhĕn'-ù-ŷn, *a.* free from adulteration, natural

Genus, dzhĕ-nús, *s.* a class of beings comprehending under it many species

Geocentric, dzhĕ-ō-sĕn'-trŷk, *a.* in astronomy, having the earth for its centre [describes the earth]

Geographer, dzhĕ-ōg'-ră-fĕr, *s.* one who

Geographical, dzhĕ-ō-grăf'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* relating to geography

Geography, dzhĕ-ōg'-ră-fŷ, *s.* the knowledge of the earth [tune teller]

Geomancer, dzĕ-ō-măn-sér, *s.* a for-

Geomancy, dzhĕ-ō-măn-sŷ, *s.* the act of foretelling by figures

Geomantic, dzhĕ-ō-măn'-tŷk, *a.* pertaining to geomancy [in geometry]

Geometer, dzhĕ-ōm'-ĕ-tér, *s.* one skilled

Geometric, dzhĕ-ō-mĕt'-rŷk, *a.* pertaining to geometry

Geometry, dzhĕ-ōm'-ĕ-trŷ, *s.* the science of quantity, extension or magnitude abstractedly considered

George, dzhōrdzh, *s.* the figure of St.

George on horseback worn by the knights of the garter, a brown loaf

Georgic, dzhōr'-dzhŷk, *s.* a rural poem

German, dzhĕr'-mán, *s.* a first cousin—*a.* related

Germe, dzhĕrm', *s.* a sprout, a shoot

Germinate, dzhĕr'-mŷn-âte, *v. n.* to shoot. to bud [noun]

Gerund, dzhĕr'-ŷnd, *s.* a kind of verbal

Gestation, dzhĕs-tă-shŷn, *s.* the act of bearing young

Gesticulate, dzhĕs-tŷk-ù-lâte, *v. n.* to play antic tricks, &c.

Gesticulation, dzhĕs-tŷk-ù-lă-shŷn, *s.* antic tricks, various postures

Gesture, dzhĕs-tŷre, *s.* posture, movement of the body

Get, gĕt', *v. a.* to procure, to obtain, to win, to learn—*v. n.* to be a gainer

Gewgaw, gŷ'-gă, *s.* a bauble—*a.* trifling

Ghastly, găst'-lŷ, *a.* frightful, dismal

Gherkin, gĕr'-kŷn, *s.* a small cucumber for pickling

Ghost, gō'st, *s.* the soul, a spirit

Giant, dzhĭ'-ănt, *s.* one unnaturally tall and large [vast]

Giantlike, dzhĭ'-ănt-like, *a.* gigantic,

Gibberish, gŷb'-bér-ŷsh, *s.* cant, unintelligible talk

Gibbet, dzhŷb'-bĕt, *s.* a gallows—*v. a.* to hang or expose on a gibbet

Gibbous, gŷb'-bús, *a.* convex, crooked

Gibe, dzhĭbe, *v. a.* to scoff, to ridicule, to taunt—*s.* a sneer, a scoff

Giblets, dzhŷb'-lĕts, *s.* parts of a goose or turkey cut off before it is roasted

Giddy, gŷd'-dŷ, *a.* whirling, unsteady, heedless

Giddybrained, gŷd'-dŷ-brăn'd, *or* Giddy-headed, gŷd'-dŷ-hĕd-ĕd, *a.* unsteady,

thoughtless, careless [or faculty]

Gift, gŷft', *s.* a thing given, a bribe, power

Gifted, gŷft'-tĕd, *a.* endowed with extraordinary powers [play]

Gig, gŷg', *s.* any thing whirled round in

Gigantic, dzhĭ-găn'-tŷk, *a.* giantlike, big, bulky [titter]

Giggle, gŷgl', *v. n.* to laugh idly, to

Gild, gŷld', *v. a.* to wash over with gold, to adorn [nament]

Gilding, gŷl'-dĭng, *s.* gold laid on for or-

Gill, dzhŷl', *s.* the fourth part of a pint, ground ivy [fish's head]

Gill, gŷl', *s.* apertures at the side of a

Gillyflower, dzhŷl'-lŷ-flōw-ér, *s.* the July flower

Gilt, gŷlt', *pret. and part. of* Gild—*s.* golden show, gold laid [screws]

Gimlet, gŷm'-lĕt, *s.* a borer for nails or

Gimp, gŷmp', *s.* a kind of silk twist or lace

Gin, dzhŷn', *s.* a snare, spirits drawn out of juniper berries

Ginger, dzhŷn'-dzhĕr, *s.* a warm, spicy Indian root

Gingerbread, dzhŷn'-dzhĕr-brĕd, *s.* bread made of flower, ginger, treacle, &c.

Gingle, dzhŷn'-g'l', *v. a.* to make a tinkling noise—*s.* a shrill resounding noise

Gipsy, dzhŷp'-sŷ, *s.* a vagabond who pretends to tell fortunes



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chăn, chine, field, shîrt—

Girandole, dzhir'-ân-dôle, *s.* a branched candlestick

Gird, gird', *v. a.* to bind round, to invest, to encircle—*v. n.* to gibe, to sneer [a floor

Girder, gir'-dér, *s.* the largest timber on

Girdle, gird'l, *s.* any thing tied round the waist [woman

Girl, gir'l, *s.* a female child or young

Girlish, girl'-îsh, *a.* acting like a girl, youthful [drawn

Girt, girt', *v.* to gird—*s.* a cable tight

Girth, girth, *s.* a band for fixing a saddle upon a horse

Give, giv', *v. a.* to bestow, to grant, to yield, to allow, to pay

Gizzard, gîz'-zârd, *s.* the muscular stomach of a fowl

Glaciation, glâ-shyâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of freezing, ice formed

Glacis, glâ'ssîs, *s.* a sloping bank

Glad, glâd', *a.* cheerful, gay, pleasing—*v. a.* to make glad, to cheer, to exhilarate

Gladden, glâd'n, *v. a.* to make glad

Glade, glâde, *s.* a lawn or opening in a wood [sword-player

Gladiator, glâ-dyâ'-tôr, *s.* a prize fighter,

Gladly, glâd'-lî, *ad.* joyfully, with gladness

Gladness, glâd'-nês, *s.* cheerfulness, joy

Gladsome, glâd'-sôm, *a.* pleasing, gay, delighted

Glaire, glâ're, *s.* the white of an egg, a kind of halbert—*v. a.* to smear with the white of an egg

Glance, glâ'ns, *s.* a sudden shoot of light or splendour, a stroke or dart of the beam of sight, a quick view—*v. n.* to emit rays of splendour, to censure by oblique hints

Gland, glâ'nd, *s.* a smooth fleshy substance serving to the secretion of humours [dent to horses

Glanders, glân'-dêrz, *s.* a disease inciting glandiferous, glân-dîf'-êr-ûs, *a.* bearing mast or acorns [to the glands

Glandulous, glân'-dû-lûs, *a.* pertaining  
Glare, glâ're, *v. n.* to shine so as to dazzle the eyes—*s.* overpowering lustre, splendour [barefaced

Glaring, glâ'-rîng, *a.* shining, bright,

Glass, glâ's, *s.* an artificial transparent substance—*a.* vitreous, made of glass—*v. n.* to cover with glass, to glaze

Glassfurnace, glâ's-fûr-nâs, *s.* a furnace for making glass in

Glassgrinder, glâs' grînd-ér, *s.* one who polishes or grinds glass

Glasshouse, glâs'-hôûs, *s.* a house where glass is made [glass

Glassman, glâ's-mân, *s.* one who sells

Glassmetal, glâs'-mêt'l, *s.* glass in fusion

Glasswork, glâs'-wôr'k, *s.* manufactory of glass

Glassy, glâ's-sî, *a.* made of or like glass

Glaucous, glâ'-kûs, *a.* of a pale green colour

Glave, glâ've, *s.* a broad sword, a falchion

Glaze, glâ'ze, *v. a.* to furnish or cover with glass [dows

Glazier, glâ'-zhér, *s.* one who glazes win-

Glede, glêde, *s.* a kite, a sort of hawk

Gleam, glê'me, *s.* a sudden shoot of light, brightness

Gleamy, glê'-mî, *a.* flashing, darting light

Glean, glê'ne, *v. a.* to gather any thing thinly scattered [the thing gleaned

Gleaning, glê'n-ing, *s.* the act of glean-

Glebe, glê'be, *s.* turf, soil, church-estate

Glee, glê', *s.* joy, merriment, a sort of song [from a sore

Gleet, glê'te, *s.* thin matter running

Glen, glên', *s.* a valley, a dale

Glib, glîb', *a.* smooth, slippery, voluble

Glibly, glîb'-lî, *ad.* smoothly, volubly

Glide, glîde, *v. n.* to flow gently, to move smoothly [appear faintly

Glimmer, glîm'-mér, *v. n.* to shine or

Glimpse, glîmp's, *s.* a weak faint or quick flashing light, a short view

Glisten, glîs'n, *v. n.* to shine, to sparkle with light [shine

Glister, glîs'-tér, *s.* a clyster—*v. n.* to

Glitter, glît'-tér, *v. n.* to shine, to gleam, to be striking—*s.* lustre, brightness

Gloat, glô're, *v. a.* to squint, to stare

Gloat, glô'te, *v. n.* to cast side glances as a timorous lover [globe

Globated, glô'-bâ-têd, *a.* formed like a

Globe, glô'be, *s.* a sphere, the terraqueous ball

Globose, glô'-bô'se, or Globular, glô'b-â-lâr, or Globulous, glô'b'-û-lûs, *a.* round, spherical [rical

Globosity, glô'-bôs'-î-tî, *s.* a being spherical

Globular, glô'b'-û-lâr, *a.* round, like a globe [particle

Globule, glô'b'-ûle, *s.* a small spherical

Glomerate, glôm'-êr-âte, *v. a.* to gather into a ball

Gloom, glô'me, *s.* cloudiness, want of li ît, heaviness of mind, sullenness

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Gloomy, glôm-ý, *a.* obscure, sullen, cloudy of look, melancholy  
 Gloried, glô-rýd, *a.* illustrious, honourable [act of giving glory  
 Glorification, glô-rý-fý-ká"-shûn, *s.* the  
 Glorify, glô-rý-fý, *v. a.* to honour, to extol, to worship [splendid  
 Glorious, glô-ryús, *a.* noble, illustrious,  
 ( lory, glô-rý, *s.* praise, honour, fame, renown—*v. n.* to boast in or be proud of  
 Gloss, glôs', *s.* a comment, a superficial lustre—*v. a.* to explain, to palliate, to adorn [obscure or antiquated words  
 Glossary, glôs'-sér-ý, *s.* a dictionary of  
 Glossy, glôs-sý, *a.* shining, smoothly polished, bright  
 Glove, glóv', *s.* a cover for the hand  
 Glover, glóv'-ér, *s.* a maker or seller of gloves [sullen  
 Glout, glôút, *v. n.* to pout, to look  
 Glow, gló', *v. n.* to shine with heat, to feel passion of mind or activity of fancy—*s.* shining heat, brightness of colour [a luminous tail  
 Glow-worm, glô'-wórm, *s.* an insect with  
 Glue, glú', *s.* a cement to join wood, &c.—*v. a.* to join with glue  
 Glum, glúm', *a.* sullen, stubbornly grave  
 Glut, glút', *v. a.* to devour, to cloy, to saturate—*s.* great plenty, more than enough [tenacious  
 Glutinous, glú-týn-ús, *a.* gluey, viscous,  
 Glutton, glút'n, *s.* one who eats to excess  
 Gluttony, glút'-ón-ý, *s.* excess of eating  
 Gnarl, nárl, *v. n.* to growl, to snarl  
 Gnash, násh', *v. n.* to grind the teeth in a rage [teeth  
 Gnashing, násh'-ýng, *s.* grinding the  
 Gnat, ná't', *s.* a small winged stinging insect [rage, to pick with the teeth  
 Gnaw, ná', *v. a.* to bite in agony or  
 Gnomon, nô'-món, *s.* the hand or pin of a dial [dialling  
 Gnomonics, nô-môn'-ýks, *s.* the art of  
 Go, gô', *v. n.* to move, to proceed, to travel, to pass  
 Goad, gô'de, *a.* a pointed stick to drive cattle with—*v. a.* to prick or drive with a goad, to stimulate  
 Goal, gô'le, *s.* a starting post, final purpose or end  
 Goar, gô're, *s.* slanting piece to widen a garment, any edging sewed upon cloth [tween a deer and a sheep  
 Goat, gô'te, *s.* a ruminating animal be-  
 Goatherd, gô'te-hérd, *s.* one who tends goats

Goatish, gô'te-ýsh, *a.* lustful, like a goat  
 Gobbet, gôb'-bét, *s.* a mouthful—*v. a.* to swallow at a mouthful [noise  
 Gobble, gôbl', *v. a.* to eat hastily with  
 Goblet, gôb'-lét, *s.* a bowl or large cup  
 Goblin, gôb'-lín, *s.* an evil spirit, a phantom, a fairy [children to walk  
 Go-cart, gô'-kárt, *s.* a machine to teach  
 God, gôd', *s.* the Supreme Being  
 Godchild, gôd'-tshild, *s.* a child for whom one became a sponsor at baptism [whom one is a sponsor  
 Goddaughter, gôd'-dá-tér, *s.* a girl for  
 Goddess, gôd'-dés, *s.* a female divinity  
 Goddess-like, gôd'-dés-like, *a.* resembling a goddess [sor in baptism  
 Godfather, gôd'-fá-thér, *s.* a male sponsor  
 Godhead, gôd'-héd, *s.* divine nature, the Deity [atheistical  
 Godless, gôd'-lës, *a.* irreligious, wicked,  
 Godlike, gôd'-like, *a.* divine, supremely excellent [piety  
 Godliness, gôd'-lý-nës, *s.* fear of God,  
 Godly, gôd'-lý, *a.* pious, religious, righteous  
 Godmother, gôd'-môth ér, *s.* a female who becomes sponsor at baptism  
 Godson, gôd'-són, *s.* one for whom one has been sponsor  
 Goggle, gôgl', *v. n.* to look askint  
 Goggle-eyed, gôgl'-ide, *a.* squint-eyed, having large eyes [departure  
 Going, gô'-ýng, *s.* the act of walking,  
 Gold, gô'ld, *s.* the heaviest and most precious of all metals, money—*a.* made of gold [beats gold  
 Goldbeater, gô'ld-bê-tér, *s.* one who  
 Golden, gô'ld'n, *a.* made of gold, yellow, valuable, delightful  
 Goldfinch, gô'ld-fýnsh, *s.* a small singing bird [nufactures gold  
 Goldsmith, gô'ld-smýth, *s.* one who makes  
 Gondola, gôn'-dô-lá, *s.* a boat much used in Venice  
 Gondolier, gôn'-dô-lý'r, *s.* a boatman  
 Gone, gô'ne, *part. of* Go, past, lost, dead [venereal discharge  
 Gonorrhœa, gôn'-ô'r-é-á, *s.* a morbid  
 Good, gûd', *a.* wholesome, proper, sound, not evil—*s.* the contrary to evil, virtue [gance  
 Goodness, gûd'-lý-nës, *s.* grace, elegance  
 Goodliness, gûd'-nës, *s.* favour, benevolence, piety [chandize  
 Goods, gûd'z, *s.* furniture, wares, merchandise  
 Goody, gûd'-dý, *s.* an old term of civility

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Goose, gô'se, *s.* a large water fowl, a taylor's smoothing iron
- Gooseberry, gô'se-běr-ry, *s.* a small tree and its fruit [lied]
- Gorbellied, gôr-běl-lŷd, *a.* fat, bigbel-
- Gore, gô're, *s.* blood clotted or congealed—*v. a.* to stab, to pierce with horns
- Gorge, gô'rdzh, *s.* the throat, the swallow—*v. a.* to fill up to the throat, to glut, to swallow [splendid]
- Gorgeous, gôr-dzhús, *a.* fine, showy,
- Gorget, gô'r-dzhët, *s.* a breast-plate worn by military officers
- Gorgon, gôr-gôn, *s.* any thing ugly or horrid [feed ravenously]
- Gormandize, gôr-măn-dize, *v. n.* to
- Gorse, gô'rs, *s.* furze, a thick prickly shrub
- Gory, gô'-ry, *a.* covered with congealed blood [large kind]
- Goshawk, gôs'-hâk, *s.* a hawk of a
- Gosling, gôz'-lŷng, *s.* a young goose
- Gospel, gôs'-pél, *s.* God's word, the holy book of the Christian revelation—*v. a.* to instruct in the Christian religion [of plants]
- Gossamer, gôs'-să-mér, *s.* the fine down
- Gossip, gôs'-sŷp, *s.* a sponsor in baptism, a tatler—*v. n.* to chat, to be merry
- Get, gôt', *pret. of* Get
- Gothic, gôth'-ŷc, *a.* after the manner of the Goths, antique
- Gotten, gôt'n, *part. of* Get
- Govern, gôv'-érn, *v. a.* to direct, to regulate, manage
- Governance, gôv'-ér-nâns, *s.* rules, management, behaviour
- Governante, gôv'-ér-nănt, *s.* a governess for young ladies
- Governess, gôv'-ér-nēs, *s.* a tutoress, a lady having authority
- Government, gôv'-érn-měnt, *s.* an establishment of legal authority, executive power, management
- Governor, gôv'-ér-nór, *s.* one who rules with authority, a manager, a tutor
- Gouge, gô'dzh, *s.* a chissel with a round edge
- Gourd, gô'rd, *s.* a sort of plant, a bottle
- Gourdy, gô'r-dŷ, *a.* swelled in the legs, &c.
- Gout, gôût, *s.* a periodical painful disease, a drop [with the gout]
- Gouty, gôû'-tŷ, *a.* afflicted or diseased
- Gown, gôw'n, *s.* a long upper garment
- Gownnan, gôw'n-măn, *s.* a man devoted to the acts of peace
- Grace, gră'se, *s.* kindness, favour, pardon, privilege, beauty, dignity, elegance, a short prayer before and after meat—*v. a.* to adorn, to dignify, to favour
- Grace-cup, gră'se-kŷp, *s.* the cup or health drunk after grace
- Graceful, grăse-fŷl, *a.* beautiful, dignified [doned]
- Graceless, gră'se-lēs, *a.* wicked, abandoned
- Gracile, grăs'-ŷl, *a.* slender, small, lean [virtuous, good]
- Gracious, gră'-shŷs, *a.* merciful, kind,
- Gradation, gră-dă'-shŷn, *s.* regular progress or advance [steps]
- Gradatory, grăd'-ă tór-ŷ, *s.* a flight of
- Gradient, gră-dŷěnt, *a.* walking
- Gradual, grăd'-û-ăl, *a.* proceeding by degrees or advancing step by step
- Graduate, grăd'-û-âte, *v. a.* to dignify with a degree, to mark with degrees, to heighten
- Graduate, grăd'-û-ět, *s.* a man dignified with an academical degree
- Graduation, grăd'-û-ă'-shŷn, *s.* regular progression, the act of conferring academical degrees
- Graft, gră'f, or Graft, gră'ft, *s.* a young branch—*v. a.* to insert a branch of one tree into the stock of another
- Grain, gră'ne, *s.* all kinds of corn, the seed of any fruit, a minute particle, the smallest weight, the direction of the fibres of wood or other matter, the form of the surface with regard to roughness and smoothness
- Grained, grăn'd, *a.* rough, made less smooth [brewing]
- Grains, gră'nz, *s.* the husks of malt in
- Gramineous, gră-mŷn'-yŷs, *a.* grassy
- Grammar, grăm'-măr, *s.* the science of speaking and writing correctly, a book that treats of the various relations of words to one another
- Grammarian, grăm-mă'-ryăn, *s.* one who teaches grammar
- Grammatical, grăm'-măt'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* belonging to grammar
- Grampus, grăm'-pŷs, *s.* a large fish of the whale kind [threshed corn]
- Granary, grăn'-ăr-ŷ, *s.* a storehouse for
- Granate, grăn'-ět, *s.* a kind of fine speckled marble
- Grand, grănd', *a.* illustrious, noble, splendid, high in power
- Granddaughter, grăn'-dă tér, *s.* the daughter of a son or daughter

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Grandchild, gränd'-tshild, *s.* the child of a son or daughter [rank or power]  
 Grandee, grän'-dê', *s.* a man of great  
 Grandeur, grän'-dûre, *s.* state, magnificence [ther of a father or mother]  
 Grandfather, grän'-fä-thér, *s.* the father  
 Grandiloquous, grän'-dyl' ô-kwûs, *a.* speaking in a lofty style  
 Grandmother, grän'-môth-ér, *s.* the father's or mother's mother  
 Grand sire, gränd'-sire, *s.* a grandfather, an ancestor [or daughter]  
 Grandson, gränd'-sôn, *s.* the son of a son  
 Grange, grändzh, *s.* a farm-house, a lone house  
 Granite, grän'-ýt, *s.* a stone composed of separate and very large concretions  
 Granivorous, grä-nýv' ô-rûs, *a.* eating or living upon grain  
 Grannam, grän'-äm, *s.* a grandmother  
 Grant, gränt, *v. a.* to admit, to bestow —*s.* the thing granted, a gift  
 Grantee, grän'-tê, *s.* he to whom a grant is made [grant is made]  
 Grantor, gränt'-ôr, *s.* he by whom a grant is made  
 Granulate, grän'-û-läte, *v. a.* to form into small grains  
 Granulation, grän'-û-lä-shûn, *s.* the act of forming small parts like grains  
 Granulous, grän'-û-lûs, *a.* full of little grains  
 Grape, grä'pe, *s.* the fruit of the vine  
 Graphical, gräf'-ý-käl, *a.* well delineated  
 Grapnel, gräp'-nél, *s.* a small anchor, an iron hook with which one ship fastens on another  
 Grapple, gräp'l, *v. n.* to contend by seizing each other—*v. a.* to fasten, to lay hold of  
 Grasp, grä'sp, *v. a.* to hold in the hand, to seize—*s.* gripe or seizure of the hands, possession  
 Grass, gräs, *s.* the common herbage of fields on which cattle feed  
 Grasshopper, gräs'-hóp-pér, *s.* a small chirping insect that hops  
 Grassy, gräs'-sý, *a.* covered with grass  
 Gate, gräte, *s.* an enclosure made with bars, a range of bars within which fires are made—*v. a.* to rub or wear away, to offend by harshness  
 Grateful, gräte-fül, *a.* having a due sense of benefits, pleasing, acceptable  
 Gratification, grä-tý-fý-kä-shûn, *s.* the act of pleasing, pleasure, recompence  
 Gratify, grät'-ý-fý, *v. a.* to indulge, requite

Grating, grä-týng, *s.* any thing consisting of bars crossed, &c.—*a.* harsh, rough  
 Gratis, grä-týs, *ad.* without reward  
 Gratitude, grät'-ý-tùde, *s.* duty to benefactors, a desire to return benefits  
 Gratuitous, grä-tù'-ý-tús, *a.* voluntary, granted without claim or merit, asserted without proof [compence]  
 Gratuity, grä-tù'-ý-tý, *s.* a free gift, re-  
 Gratulate, grät'-û-läte, *v. a.* to salute with declarations of joy, to wish joy to [of gratulating, salutation]  
 Gratulation, grät'-û-lä-shûn, *s.* the act  
 Gratulatory, grät'-û-lä-tór-ý, *a.* expressing gratulation  
 Grave, grä've, *s.* the place in which the dead are deposited, the name of an accent—*v. a.* to carve or insculp—*v. n.* to delineate on hard substances —*a.* solemn, serious, not showy  
 Gravel, gräv'-él, *s.* hard sand, sandy matter concreted in the kidneys—*v. a.* to cover with gravel, to puzzle  
 Gravelly, gräv'-él-lý, *a.* abounding with gravel [cently]  
 Gravely, grä've-lý, *ad.* seriously, de-  
 Gravestone, grä've-stône, *s.* a stone placed over the grave  
 Gravid, gräv'-ýd, *a.* big, heavy  
 Gravitate, gräv'-ý-täte, *v. n.* to tend to the center of attraction  
 Gravitation, gräv'-ý-tä-shûn, *s.* the act of tending to the centre [ness]  
 Gravity, gräv'-ý-tý, *s.* weight, serious-  
 Gravy, grä'-vý, *s.* the juice of roasted meat, &c. [hoary, dark]  
 Gray, grä', *a.* white mixed with black,  
 Graze, grä'ze, *v. n.* to feed on grass, to touch lightly [cattle]  
 Grazier, grä'-zhyér, *s.* one who feeds  
 Grease, grê'se, *s.* the soft part of the fat—*v. a.* to smear with grease, to bribe [with grease]  
 Greasy, grê'-sý, *a.* oily, fat, smeared  
 Great, grê'te, *a.* large, eminent, illustrious [large belly]  
 Greatbellied, grê'te-bél-lýd, *a.* having a  
 Greatness, grê'te-nês, *s.* grandeur, magnanimity  
 Greaves, grê'vz, *s.* armour for the legs  
 Grecism, grê'-sýzm, *s.* idiom of the Greek language  
 Greedy, grê'-dý, *a.* ravenous, eager, covetous  
 Green, grê'ne, *a.* blue mixed with yellow, fresh, unripe, young—*s.* a green colour, a grassy plain



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hằl, liả—mết, dēsist, mê, hér—chỖn, chine, field, shẳt. —

Greencloth, grẻne-kủỏth, *s.* a court of justice of the king's household

Greeneyed, grẻne-ỉde, *a.* having greenish eyes [ing bird, a fish

Greenfinch, grẻne-f'ỉnsh, *s.* a small sing

Greengage, grẻne-gả'dzh, *s.* a species of plum [tender plants

Greenhouse, grẻne-hỏủs, *s.* a house for

Greenish, grẻn'ỉsh, *a.* somewhat green

Greensickness, grẻne-sỷk-nẻs, *s.* a disease, so called from the paleness which it produces

Greensward, grẻne-sỏỏrd, *s.* a turf on which grass grows

Greet, grẻte, *v. a.* to address, to congratulate—*v. n.* to meet and salute

Greeting, grẻ-tỉng, *s.* a kind salutation at meeting [flocks or herds

Gregarious, grẻ-gả-ryủs, *a.* going in

Grenade, grẻ-nả'dẻ, *or* Grenado, grẻ-nả-dỏ, *s.* a kind of small bomb

Grenadier, grẻn-ả-dỉ'r, *s.* a tall foot soldier [hunting dog

Greyhound, grẻ-hỏủnd, *s.* a tall fleet

Gridiron, grẻd'ỉ-rỏn, *s.* a grate for broiling meat

Grief, grẻf, *s.* sorrow, trouble, harm

Grieve, grẻv, *v. a.* to afflict, to hurt—*v. n.* to be afflicted, to mourn

Grievous, grẻv-ủs, *a.* afflictive, painful, miserable

Griffin, *or* Griffon, grẻf'-fỏn, *s.* a fabled animal between a lion and an eagle

Grig, grẻg, *s.* a small eel, a merry creature

Grill, grẻl, *v. n.* to broil on a gridiron

Grim, grẻm, *a.* ill-looking, horrible, hideous

Grimace, grẻ-mả'sẻ, *s.* a distortion of the countenance from habit, affectation

Grimalkin, grẻm-ả'l'-kỷn, *s.* an old cat

Grime, grẻme, *s.* dirt—*v. a.* to sully, to daub

Grin, grẻn, *v. n.* to set the teeth together—*s.* an affected laugh, a snarl

Grind, grẻnd, *v. a.* to reduce to powder, to sharpen, to oppress—*v. n.* to perform the act of grinding

Grindstone, grẻnd-stỏne, *s.* a stone for grinding on

Gripe, grẻpe, *v. a.* to grasp, to clutch, to pinch, to squeeze, to oppress—*s.* a grasp, oppression

Gripes, grẻps, *s.* the belly-ache, the colic

Griskin, grẻs'-kỷn, *s.* the back-bone of a hog

Grisly, grẻz'-lỷ, *a.* horrible, hideous

Grist, grẻst', *s.* corn to be ground, provision

Gistle, grẻs'l, *s.* a cartilage [laginous

Gristly, grẻs'-lẻ, *a.* full of gristles, carti-

Grit, grẻt', *s.* the coarse part of meal, sand

Gritty, grẻt'-tỷ, *a.* full of hard particles

Grizzle, grẻzl, *s.* a mixture of white and black

Grizzled, grẻz'l'd, *a.* somewhat gray

Groan, grỏẻne, *v. n.* to breathe with a hoarse noise—*s.* a deep sigh from sorrow or pain [oats

Groat, grỏẻt, *s.* fourpence—*pl.* hulled

Grocer, grỏẻ-sẻr, *s.* a dealer in tea, sugar, &c.

Grocery, grỏẻ-sẻr-ỷ, *s.* grocer's ware

Grogram, grỏẻg-rỏỏm, *s.* a kind of silken stuff

Groin, grỏẻn, *s.* the part next the thigh

Groom, grỏẻme, *s.* a servant that tends the stable [with a tool

Groove, grỏẻve, *s.* a hollow channel cut

Grope, grỏẻpe, *v. n.* to feel in the dark

Gross, grỏẻse, *a.* thick, fat, stupid, coarse—*s.* main mass, twelve dozen

Grot, grỏẻt', *or* Grotto, grỏẻt'-tỏ, *s.* a cave made for coolness [tural

Grotesque, grỏẻ-tẻke, *a.* distorted, unna-

Grove, grỏẻve, *s.* a walk shaded by trees

Grovel, grỏẻv'l, *v. n.* to lie or creep on the ground, to be mean

Ground, grỏẻủnd, *s.* land, floor, dregs, first principle—*v. a.* to lay on the ground, &c.

Ground ivy, grỏẻủnd-ỉ-vỷ, *s.* a plant

Groundless, grỏẻủnd-lẻs, *a.* void of reason or truth [of the vulgar

Groundling, grỏẻủnd-lỷng, *s.* fish, one

Ground-plot, grỏẻủnd-plỏt, *s.* the plot of ground on which a building stands

Ground rent, grỏẻủnd-rẻnt, *s.* the rent paid for the ground on which a house is built, &c. [the ground, a plant

Groundsel, grỏẻủnd-sẻl, *s.* timber next

Groundwork, grỏẻủnd-wỏỏrk, *s.* the first stratum, the original reason

Group, grỏẻpe, *s.* a crowd, a cluster, a huddle [heathcock

Grouse, grỏẻủ's, *s.* a kind of wild fowl, a

Grout, grỏẻủt, *s.* coarse meal, pollard, dregs [crease, to improve

Grow, grỏẻ', *v. n.* to vegetate, to in-

Growl, grỏẻw'l, *v. n.* to snarl, to murmur

Grown, grỏẻne, *part. of* Grow

Growth, grỏẻth, *s.* vegetation, increase of stature, thing produced

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, 'rûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Grub, grûb', *v. a.* to dig up, to destroy by digging—*s.* a sort of small worm, a dwarf [dark]  
 Grubbe, grûb'l, *v. n.* to feel in the  
 Grudge, grûd'zh, *v. a.* to envy, to give unwillingly—*s.* an old quarrel, ill-will, envy  
 Gruel, grû'el, *s.* oatmeal boiled in water  
 Gruff, grûf', *a.* sour of aspect, surly  
 Grum, grûm', *a.* sour, surly, sullen  
 Grumble, grûm'b'l, *v. d.* to growl, to murmur, to snarl  
 Grumbling, grûm'-blýng, *s.* a discontented murmuring  
 Grumous, grû'-mûs, *a.* thick, clotted  
 Grunt, grûnt', *v. n.* to murmur like a hog—*s.* the noise of a hog  
 Guarantee, gâr-ân-tê', *s.* a power who undertakes to see stipulations performed  
 Guaranty, gâr-ân-tê', *v. a.* to undertake to secure the performance of a treaty  
 Guard, gârd, *v. a.* to protect, to defend—*s.* a state of defence, caution, vigilance  
 Guardian, gâr-dyân, *s.* one that has the care of an orphan—*a.* defending or superintending [ment]  
 Gubernation, gû-bér-nâ-shûn, *s.* government  
 Gudgeon, gûd-zhôn, *s.* a small fish, a person easily cheated  
 Guess, gês', *v. n.* to conjecture—*v. a.* to hit accidentally upon—*s.* a conjecture [by another]  
 Guest, gês't', *s.* one who is entertained  
 Guaiacum, gý'-â-kûm, *s.* a physical wood  
 Guidance, gý'-dâns, *s.* government, direction  
 Guide, gîde, *v. n.* to direct, to regulate, to superintend—*s.* one who directs another [a fraternity]  
 Guild, gýld', *s.* a society, a corporation,  
 Guile, gýle, *s.* deceitful cunning, insidious artifice [fault]  
 Guilt, gýlt', *s.* a crime, an offence, a  
 Guilty, gýlt'-ý, *a.* not innocent, wicked, corrupt [one and twenty shillings]  
 Guinea, gýn'-ê, *s.* gold coin valued at  
 Guise, gýze, *s.* manner, habit, practice, dress [instrument]  
 Guitar, gýt-â'r, *s.* a stringed musical  
 Gules, gûlz, *s.* in heraldry a red colour  
 Gulf, gûlf', *s.* a bay, an abyss, a large whirlpool [pools]  
 Gulfy, gûl'-fy, *a.* full of gulfs or whirl-  
 Gull, gûl', *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud—*s.* a sea bird, one easily cheated

Gullet, gûl'-lêt, *s.* the throat  
 Gullyhole, gûl'-ly'-hôle, *s.* the hole where the gutters empty themselves  
 Gulosity, glû-lôs'-ý-tý, *s.* greediness, gluttony, voracity  
 Gulp, gûlp', *v. a.* to swallow eagerly with noise—*s.* as much as is swallowed at once  
 Gum, gûm', *s.* the viscous juice of trees and plants, the fleshy covering that contains the teeth—*v. a.* to close or smear with gum  
 Gummy, gûm'-mý, *a.* consisting of gum, productive of gum, clammy  
 Gun, gûn', *s.* a fire arm  
 Gunner, gûn'-nér, *s.* a cannonier, he who uses a gun [artillery]  
 Gunnery, gûn'-nér-ý, *s.* the science of Gunpowder, gûn'-pów-dér, *s.* powder for guns [of a gun]  
 Gunshot, gûn'-shôt, *s.* the reach or range  
 Gunsmith, gûn'-smíth, *s.* a maker of guns  
 Gunstock, gûn'-stôk, *s.* the wood to which the barrel of the gun is fixed  
 Gunstone, gûn'-stône, *s.* the shot of a cannon  
 Gunwale, gûn'-nûl, *s.* that piece of timber reaching on either side of the ship from the half-deck to the fore-castle [with noise]  
 Gurgle, gûr'g'l, *v. n.* to fall or gush  
 Gurnard, or Gurnet, gûr'-nêt, *s.* a kind of sea-fish [with violence]  
 Gush, gûsh', *v. n.* to flow or rush out  
 Gusset, gûs'-sèt, *s.* a square piece of cloth to strengthen with  
 Gust, gûst', *s.* taste, liking, a sudden violent blast of wind  
 Gustation, gûs-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of tasting [liking]  
 Gusto, gûs'-tô, *s.* the relish of any thing,  
 Gut, gût', *s.* the internal passage for food—*v. a.* to take out the guts, to plunder  
 Gutter, gût'-tér, *s.* a passage for water  
*v. a.* to cut in small hollows  
 Guttle, gût'l, *v. n.* to eat greedily, to gormandize—*v. a.* to swallow eagerly  
 Gutulous, gût-tû-lús, *a.* in the form of a small drop  
 Guttural, gût-tû-râ, *a.* pronounced in the throat  
 Guzzle, gûzl, *v. n.* to drink immoderately—*v. a.* to swallow eagerly  
 Gymnastic, gým-nâs'-týk, *a.* relating to athletic exercises

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shĭrt—

Gynecocracy, gŷn-ē-kōk'-ră-sŷ, *s.* a petticoat government  
Gypsum, gĭ'pē-sŭm, *s.* plaster stone, kind of fossil  
Gyration, gŷ-ră-shŭn, *s.* the act of turning a thing round  
Gyre, gŷ're, *s.* a circle, a ring [legs  
Gyves, gŷ'vz, *s.* fetters, chains for the

## H.

**H**A, hă, *interj.* an expression of wonder, surprise or sudden exertion, expression of laughter  
Habeas Corpus, hă-bē-ās-kōr-pŭs, *s.* a writ which a man imprisoned for some trespass may have for bringing his cause to a hearing  
Haberdasher, hăb'-ér-dăsh-ér, *s.* a dealer in small wares  
Habiliment, hă-bĭl'-ĭ-měnt, *s.* dress, clothes, garment  
Habilitate, hă-bĭl'-ĭ-tăte, *v. a.* to qualify, to enable, to fit  
Hability, hă-bĭl'-ĭ-tŷ, *s.* faculty, power  
Habit, hăb'-ĭt, *s.* state of any thing, dress, custom—*v. a.* to dress, to accoutre [bited  
Habitable, hăb'-ĭ-téb'l, *a.* fit to be inhabited  
Habitant, hăb'-ĭ-těnt, *s.* a dweller, an inhabitant [abode, a dwelling  
Habitation, hăb'-ĭ-tă-shŭn, *s.* a place of  
Habitual, hă-bĭt'-ŭ-ăl, *a.* customary  
Habituate, hă-bĭt'-ŭ-ăte, *v. a.* to accustom  
Habitude, hăb'-ĭ-tŭde, *s.* familiarity, relation, use [chance  
Habnab, hăb'-năb', *ad.* at random, by  
Hack, hăk', *v. a.* to chop, to cut into small pieces  
Hackle, hăk'l, *a.* any thing used in common—*v. a.* to dress flax [hireling  
Hackney, hăk'-nŷ, *s.* a hired horse, a  
Haddock, hăd'-dōk, *s.* a small sea fish of the cod kind [haft  
Haft, hăft', *s.* a handle—*v. a.* to set in a  
Hag, hăg', *s.* a fury, a witch, an old ugly woman  
Haggard, hăg'-gărd, *a.* wild, lean, deformed—*s.* any thing wild, a species of hawk [formed, horrid  
Haggish, hăg'-gĭsh, *a.* like a hag, de-  
Haggle, hăg'l, *v. a.* to chop, to mangle—*v. n.* to be tedious or beat down in a bargain [writer  
Hagiographer, hăg-yōg'-ră-fer, *s.* a holy  
Haha, hă-hă', *s.* concealed fence  
Hail, hă'le, *s.* frozen rain—*v. n.* to pour down hail—*v. a.* to salute, to call to  
Hailshot, hă'le-shōt, *s.* small shot scattered like hail [single ball of hail  
Hailstone, hă'le-stōne, *s.* a particle or  
Hair, hă're, *s.* one of the coverings of the body, a single hair [distance  
Hairbreadth, hă're-brědth, *s.* a very small  
Haircloth, hă're-klōth, *s.* a stuff made of hair [sisting of hair  
Hairy, hă'rŷ, *a.* covered with or con-  
Hake, hă'ke, *s.* a fish so called [axe  
Halbert, hăl'-bért, *s.* a soldier's battle-  
Halcyon, hăl'-shŷon, *s.* a sea-bird—*a.* calm, happy, quiet  
Hale, hă'le, *a.* healthy, robust, hearty—*v. a.* to drag by force [ad. equally  
Half, hă'f, *s.* a moiety, an equal part—  
Half-blooded, hă'f-blōd-ěd, *a.* mean, degenerate [of money  
Halfpenny, hăp'-én-nŷ, *s.* a copper piece  
Half-sighted, hă'f-sĭt-ěd, *a.* having a weak discernment  
Half-way, hă'f-wă, *ad.* in the middle  
Half-wit, hă'f-wĭt, *s.* a blockhead, a foolish fellow  
Halibut, hăl'-ĭ-bŭt, *s.* a large flat sea fish  
Hall, hăl', *s.* a court of justice, a large room [Lord  
Hallelujah, hăl-lě lŭ-yă, *s.* praise ye the  
Halliard, hăl'-yărd, *s.* rope or tackle to hoist or lower a sail [shouts  
Halloo, hăl-lō', *v. a.* to encourage with  
Hallow, hăl'-lō', *v. a.* to consecrate, to make holy [blunder, a mistake  
Hallucination, hăl-lŭ-sŷ-nă-shŭn, *s.* a  
Halm, hă'm, *s.* straw after corn is threshed [or moon  
Halo, hă-lō, *s.* a circle round the sun  
Halt, hăl't, *v. n.* to limp, to stop in a march—*a.* lame, crippled—*s.* the act of limping, a stop in a march  
Halter, hăl'ter, *s.* a rope to tie about the neck of a horse or malefactor  
Halve, hă'v, *v. a.* to divide into two parts  
Ham, hă'm', *s.* the thigh, a leg of pork cured  
Hamlet, hă'm'-lět, *s.* a small village

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thîck.

- Hammer, hăm'-mér, *s.* an instrument to drive nails—*v. a.* to beat with a hammer—*v. n.* to labour
- Hammock, hăm'-mók, *s.* a swinging bed in a ship
- Hamper, hămp'-ér, *s.* a large basket for carriage—*v. a.* to entangle, to insnare, to perplex, to put in a hamper
- Hamstring, hăm'-strîng, *s.* the tendon of the ham—*v. a.* to lame by cutting the tendon of the ham
- Hanaper, hăn'-ă-pêr, *s.* a treasury, an exchequer
- Hand, hănd, *s.* the palm with the fingers, a measure of four inches, cards held at a game—*v. a.* to give or transmit with the hand, to guide or lead by the hand [basket]
- Hand basket, hănd'-băs-kêt, *s.* a portable
- Hand-bell, hănd'-bêl, *s.* a bell rung by the hand
- Hand-breadth, hănd' brêdth, *s.* a measure of four inches
- Handcuff, hănd'-kűf, *v. a.* to confine the hands together with iron
- Handed, hăn'-dêd, *a.* with hands joined, using hands [can hold]
- Handful, hănd'-fűl, *s.* what one hand
- Hand-gallop, hănd'-găl-lóp, *s.* a slow easy gallop
- Handicraft, hăn'-dý-krăft, *s.* a manual occupation
- Handiwork, hăn'-dý-wórck, *s.* work done by the hand
- Handkerchief, hăn'-kér-tshýf, *s.* a piece of silk or linen to wipe the face or cover the neck
- Handle, hăn'd'l, *v. a.* to touch, to manage, to treat of—*s.* the part by which a thing is held in the hand
- Handmaid, hănd'-măde, *s.* a maid that waits at hand
- Handmill, hănd'-mýl, *s.* a small mill moved by the hand
- Handsel, hăn'-sêl, *s.* the first act of sale, money taken for the first sale—*v. n.* to use a thing the first time
- Handsome, hăn'-sóm, *a.* beautiful, elegant, liberal
- Handwriting, hănd'-rî-týng, *s.* a form of writing peculiar to each hand
- Handy, hăn'-dý, *a.* ready, dexterous, convenient
- Handydandy, hăn'-dý-dăn'-dý, *s.* a childish play
- Hang, hăng', *v. a.* to suspend, to choke—*v. n.* to be suspended, to dangle
- Hanger, hăng'-ér, *s.* a short broad sword
- Hanger-on, hăng'-ér-ôn', *s.* a dependant
- Hanging, hăng'-ýng, *s.* drapery hung or fastened against the walls of rooms
- Hangman, hăng'-mán, *s.* the public executioner
- Hank, hăngk', *s.* a skein of thread, &c.
- Hanker, hăngk'-ér, *v. n.* to long for
- Hap, hăp', *s.* chance, casual event—*v. n.* to happen
- Hap-hazard, hăp-hăz-árd, *s.* mere chance, accident
- Happen, hăp'n, *v. n.* to fall out, to come to pass
- Happiness, hăp'-pý-nês, *s.* state of being happy, good fortune
- Happy, hăp'-pý, *a.* felicitous, lucky, addressful
- Harangue, hă-răng', *s.* a speech, a popular oration—*v. a.* to address by an oration [to vex]
- Harass, hăr'-ăs, *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue,
- Harbinger, hăr'-býn-dzhér, *s.* a forerunner, a messenger
- Harbour, hăr'-bór, *s.* a port or haven—*v. a.* to entertain, to shelter, to secure
- Hard, hărd, *a.* firm, solid, difficult, severe—*ad.* laboriously, diligently, nimbly
- Harden, hărd'n, *v. n.* to grow hard—*v. a.* to make hard, to confirm in vice [of feature]
- Hardfavoured, hărd-fă-vórd, *a.* coarse
- Hardhearted, hărd-hăr-têd, *a.* cruel, inexorable, insensible
- Hardiness, hăr'-dý-nês, *s.* confidence, stoutness, impudence
- Hardmouthed, hărd-môûthd, *a.* disobedient to the rein
- Hardness, hărd-nês, *s.* severity, stingingness, obduracy
- Hardship, hărd'-shýp, *s.* oppression, injury [iron, steel, &c.]
- Hardware, hărd-wăre, *s.* ware made of
- Hardwareman, hărd-wăre-mán, *s.* a maker of hardware
- Hardy, hăr'-dý, *a.* bold, brave, firm, strong, daring [animal]
- Hare, hă're, *s.* a well-known small timid
- Harebrained, hăre-brând, *a.* giddy, wild
- Harier, hăr'-yér, *s.* a small dog for hunting hares
- Hark, hăr'k, *interj.* hear! listen!
- Harlequin, hăr'-lê-kýn, *s.* a buffoon, a merry-andrew



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, liér—chÿn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt. —

- Harlot, hăr-lôt, *s.* a strumpet, a prostitute
- Harlotry, hăr-lôt-rÿ, *s.* fornication, the trade of a harlot
- Harm, hăr'm, *s.* injury, hurt, a crime, mischief, detriment—*v. a.* to hurt, to injure
- Harmonic, hăr-môn'-ÿk, *or* Harmonious, hăr-môn'-yús, *a.* pertaining to harmony, adapted to each other
- Harmonize, hăr-mō-nîze, *v. a.* to adjust in fit proportions—*v. n.* to agree
- Harmony, hăr-môn'-ÿ, *s.* just proportion of sound, correspondent sentiment, concord
- Harness, hăr-nēs, *s.* armour, furniture for horses
- Harp, hăr'p, *s.* a lyre, a constellation—*v. n.* to play on the harp, to dwell on
- Harpioneer, hăr-pō-nē're, *s.* he that throws the harpoon
- Harpoon, hăr-pōn', *s.* the bearded dart to strike whales
- Harpsichord, hăr'p-sÿ-körd, *s.* a musical instrument with keys
- Harpy, hăr-pÿ, *s.* a bird, a ravenous wretch
- Harrow, hăr-rō, *s.* a frame of timbers crossing each other, and set with iron teeth—*v. a.* to break with the harrow, to tear up, to strip, to invade, to disturb
- Harsh, hăr'sh, *a.* austere, rough, peevish, rigorous
- Hart, hăr't, *s.* a stag, the male of the roe
- Hartshorn, hăr'ts-hörn, *s.* spirit obtained from horn, a sort of herb
- Harvest, hăr-vēst, *s.* the season for reaping, &c. the corn
- Harvest-home, hăr'-vēst-hōme, *s.* the feast or song at the end of harvest, time of gathering in harvest
- Hash, hăsh', *v. a.* to mince, to chop and mangle—*s.* meat chopped and dressed a second time
- Haslet, hăs'-lēt, *s.* the heart, liver, and lights of a pig
- Hasp, hă'sp, *s.* a fastening, a clasp over a staple—*v. a.* to shut with a clasp
- Hassock, hăs'-sók, *s.* a thick mat to kneel on
- Haste, hă'ste, *s.* hurry, speed, passion
- Haste, hă'ste, *or* Hasten, hă'st'n, *v. n.* to be in a hurry—*v. a.* to hurry, to urge on
- Hastiness, hăs'-tÿ-nēs, *s.* hurry, anger, vehemence [early
- Hastings, hăs'-tîngz, *s.* peas that come
- Hasty, hăs'tÿ, *a.* quick, speedy, passionate, rash, precipitate
- Hasty-pudding, hăs tÿ-püd'-dîng, *s.* milk and flower boiled
- Hat, hăt', *s.* a covering for the head
- Hatch, hătsh', *v. a.* to produce young from eggs, to contrive, to plot—*s.* a brood, a disclosure, a half door, a door or opening on a ship's deck
- Hatchet, hătsh'-ēt, *s.* a small axe
- Hatchet-face, hătsh'-ēt-făse, *s.* an ugly face [for the dead
- Hatchment, hătsh'-mēnt, *s.* an escutcheon
- Hatchway, hătsh'-wă, *s.* the way over the hatches
- Hate, hă'te, *v. a.* to detest, to abhor, to abominate—*s.* malignity, detestation, abhorrence, ill-will
- Hatred, hă-trēd, *s.* hate, ill-will, malignity
- Hatter, hăt'tér, *s.* a maker of hats
- Have, hăv', *v. a.* to possess, to enjoy, to hold [shelter
- Haven, hă'v'n, *s.* a port, a harbour, a
- Haughty, hă'tÿ, *a.* proud, lofty, arrogant [violence
- Haul, hăl', *v. a.* to pull, to drag by
- Haum, hă'm, *s.* straw
- Haunch, hă'ntsh, *s.* the thigh, the hind part
- Haunt, hă'nt, *v. a.* to frequent, to disturb—*v. n.* to be much about, to appear frequently—*s.* a place of resort
- Havoc, hăv'-ók, *s.* waste, ruin, spoil—*v. a.* to lay waste
- Hautboy, hőt-bōÿ, *s.* a wind instrument, a large strawberry
- Haw, hă', *s.* the berry and seed of the hawthorn
- Hawk, hă'k, *s.* a voracious bird of prey—*v. n.* to fly hawks at fowls, to force up phlegm with a noise, to cry goods [sale
- Hawked, hă'-kēd, *a.* carried about for
- Hawker, hă'-kér, *s.* a pedlar, a newscarrrier [cable
- Hawser, hă'-zér, *s.* a rope less than a
- Hawthorn, hă'-thōrn, *s.* a thorn that bears haws
- Hay, hă', *s.* grass dried in the sun, a kind of dance [in
- Hayloft, hă'-lōft, *s.* loft to put hay
- Haymaker, hă'-mă-kér, *s.* one employed in making hay

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mōte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe — thus, thick.

Hayward, hā'-wārd, *s.* a keeper of cattle or meadows, &c.

Hazard, hāz'-ārd, *s.* chance, danger, a game at dice—*v. a.* to expose to chance—*v. n.* to try the chance

Hazardous, hāz'-ārd-us, *a.* dangerous, exposed to chance

Haze, hā'ze, *s.* a thick fog, a mist

Hazel, hā'z'l, *s.* the nut-tree—*a.* light brown, like hazel

Hazy, hā'-zŷ, *a.* foggy, misty

Head, hēd', that part of the body that contains the brain, chief, the top—*a.* chief, principal—*v. a.* to lead, to behead

Headache, hēd'-āke, *s.* a pain in the head

Headband, hēd'-bānd, *s.* a fillet for the head, a topknot

Headborough, hēd'-bór-ō, *s.* a subordinate constable

Headdress, hēd'-drēs, *a.* the dress or covering of a woman's head

Headland, hēd'-lānd, *s.* a cape, a promontory [thoughtless]

Headlong, hēd'-lōng, *a.* rash, precipitate,

Headpiece, hēd'-pis, *s.* armour, force of mind [chief stone]

Headstone, hēd'-stōne, *s.* the first or

Headstrong, hēd'-strōng, *a.* violent, unruly [lent, strong]

Heady, hēd'-ŷ, *a.* rash, precipitate, vio-

Heal, hē'le, *v. a.* to cure a wound, to reconcile—*v. n.* to grow well

Healing, hē'l-ŷng, *part. a.* mild, gentle

Health, hēlth', *s.* freedom from pain or sickness

Healthy, hēl'-thŷ, *a.* in health, free from sickness

Heap, hē'pe, *s.* a pile, a confused jumble, a cluster—*v. a.* to pile, to jumble together, to lap up

Hear, hē're, *v. a.* to perceive by the ear, to listen to

Hearing, hē'r-ŷng, *s.* the sense by which sounds are perceived, audience, trial

Hearken, hē'rk'n, *v. n.* to listen, to attend, to regard

Hearsay, hē'i-sā, *s.* report, rumour

Hearse, hērse, *s.* a carriage for dead persons

Heart, hā'rt, *s.* the most noble part of the body, mind, conscience

Heart-ache, hā'rt-āke, *s.* sorrow, anguish

Heart-burning, hā'rt-būr-nŷng, *s.* a pain at the stomach

Hearten, hā'rt'n, *v. a.* to encourage, to animate, to stir up

Heart-felt, hā'rt-fēlt, *a.* felt in the conscience

Hearth, hā'rth, *s.* the place on which a fire is made [ling with anguish]

Heart-rending, hā'rt-rēnd'-ŷng, *a.* kil-

Heart-sick, hā'rt-sŷk, *a.* pained in mind, mortally ill

Heart-string, hā'rt-strŷng, *s.* the nerve that braces the heart

Heart-whole, hā'rt-hōle, *a.* the affections unfixed, vitals unimpaired

Hearty, hā'r-tŷ, *a.* sincere, in full health, vigorous, strong, spirited

Heat, hē'te, *s.* the sensation caused by fire, hot weather, warmth, a passion, a race—*v. a.* to make hot, to put into a passion—*v. n.* to grow hot

Heater, hē'tér, *s.* a kind of iron for smoothing linen [ground]

Heath, hē'the, *s.* a plant, common

Heath-cock, hē'th-kōk, *s.* a large fowl that frequents heaths

Heathen, hē'th'n, *s.* a gentile or pagan —*a.* savage, pagan

Heathenish, hē'th-nŷsh, *a.* belonging to the heathens, wild, savage

Heave, hē've, *v. a.* to lift—*v. n.* to pant, to labour, to swell—*s.* a lift, an effort to vomit

Heaven, hē'v'n, *s.* the regions above, the sky, the habitation of the blessed

Heaven-born, hē'v'n-bōrn, *a.* descended from heaven

Heaviness, hē'v-ŷ-nēs, *s.* depression, dulness, affliction [sluggish]

Heavy, hē'v-ŷ, *a.* weighty, dejected,

Hebdomad, hēb'-dō-mād, *s.* a week, a space of seven days

Hebdomadal, hēb'-dōm'-ā-dāl, *or* Hebdomadary, hēb'-dóm'-ā-dār-ŷ, *a.* weekly [ness]

Hebetude, hēb'-ē-tūde, *s.* dulness, blunt-

Hebraism, hē-brā'ŷzm, *s.* a Hebrew idiom [in Hebrew]

Hebraist, hē-brā'ŷst, *s.* one skilled

Hecatomb, hēk'-ā-tōme, *s.* a sacrifice of a hundred cattle

Hectic, hēk'-tŷk, *a.* habitual, constitutional, troubled with a morbid heat —*s.* a hectic fever

Hector, hēk'-tór, *s.* a bully, a noisy fellow—*v. a.* to threaten, to bully

Hedge, hēdzh', *s.* a fence made of bushes —*v. a.* to make a hedge, to enclose —*v. n.* to shift [born]

Hedge-born, hēdzh'-bōrn, *a.* meanly

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mé, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Hedge-hog, hědzh'-hög, *s.* a sort of prickly animal
- Hedging-bill, hědzh'-ŷng-bŷl, *s.* a hook for trimming hedges
- Heed, hě'de, *v. a.* to mind, to regard, to attend to—*s.* care, attention, caution, seriousness
- Heel, hě'le, *s.* the hind part of the foot
- Heel-piece, hě'le-pīse, *s.* the piece fixed on the hinder part of the shoe—*v. a.* to put leather on a shoe-heel
- Heft, hěft', *s.* an effort to heave, a handle
- Hegira, hěg'-i-ră, *s.* the epoch of the Arabians and Turks
- Heifer, hěf'-ér, *s.* a young cow
- Heigh-ho, hăy'-hō, *interj.* expression of languor and uneasiness
- Height, hī'te, *s.* space upwards, utmost degree, state of excellence
- Heighten, hī't'n, *v. a.* to raise, to exalt, to improve [wicked]
- Heinous, hă-nús, *a.* atrocious, very
- Heir, â're, *s.* an inheritor—*v. a.* to inherit [with a freehold]
- Heirloom, â're-lôme, *s.* what descends
- Held, hěld, *pret. of* Hold
- Heliacal, hě-lī'-ă-kăl, *a.* pertaining to the sun [circumvolutions]
- Helical, hě'l'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* spiral, with many
- Heliocentric, hě'-lyō-sěn'-trŷk, *a.* belonging to the sun
- Hell, hě'l, *s.* the place of the devil and wicked souls
- Hell-doomed, hě'l-dō'md, *a.* consigned to hell [flower]
- Hellebore, hě'l-lě-bō're, *s.* the Christmas
- Hellenism, hě'l-lě-nŷzm, *s.* an idiom of the Greek [agent of hell]
- Hell-hound, hě'l-hō'und, *s.* a dog or
- Hellish, hě'l-lŷsh, *a.* infernal, wicked, sent from hell
- Helm, hělm', *s.* a head-piece, the rud-der [headpiece]
- Helmed, hě'l-měd, *a.* furnished with a
- Helmet, hě'l-mět, *s.* a headpiece
- Help, hělp', *v. a.* to assist, to support, to promote, to cure—*s.* assistance, aid, support, remedy
- Helper, hělp'-ér, *s.* an under servant, one who assists
- Helter-skelter, hě'l-tér-skěl'-tér, *a.* in a hurry, without order
- Helve, hělv', *s.* the handle of an axe
- Hem, hěm', *s.* the edge of a garment, a sudden noise—*v. a.* to close with a hem, to enclose
- Hemisphere, hěm'-ŷ-sfère, *s.* the hal of a globe
- Hemispheric, hěm'-ŷ-sfér'-ŷk, *a.* being half round
- Hemlock, hěm'-lök', *s.* a narcotic plant
- Hemorrhage, hěm'-ō-rădzh, *s.* a violent flux of blood
- Hemorrhoids, hěm'-ō-rōydz, *s.* the piles
- Hemp, hěmp', *s.* the plant of which coarse linen and robes are made
- Empen, hěmp'n, *a.* made of hemp
- Hen, hěn', *s.* the female of any bird
- Hence, hěn's, *ad. or interj.* away, for this reason, from this cause or place
- Henceforth, hěns'-fōrth, *ad.* from this time forward
- Henceforward, hěns'-fōr'-wărd, *ad.* from this time to futurity
- Hen-hearted, hěn-hă'r-těd, *a.* dastardly, cowardly
- Hen-pecked, hěn'-pěkt, *a.* governed by a wife
- Hen-roost, hěn'-rōst, *s.* a place where poultry rest [liver]
- Hepatic, hě păt'-ŷk, *a.* belonging to the
- Heptagon, hěp'-tă gōn, *s.* a figure with seven equal sides
- Heptarchy, hěp'-tăr-kŷ, *s.* a sevenfold government [female]
- Her, hěr', *a.* and *pron.* belonging to a
- Herald, hěr'-ăld, *s.* an officer for registering genealogies, and proclaiming war and peace; a messenger, a har-binger—*v. a.* to introduce as a herald does
- Heraldry, hěr'-ăl-drŷ, *s.* art or office of a herald, the science of blazon
- Herb, hərb', *s.* a plant, chiefly of the esculent kind
- Herbaceous, hěr-bă'-shús, *a.* belonging to herbs, feeding on vegetables
- Herbage, hěr'-bědzh, *s.* herbs in general, grass, pasture
- Herbal, hěr'-băl, *s.* a book of plants, a treatise on herbs [herbs]
- Herbalist, hěr'-bă-lŷst, *s.* one skilled in
- Herculean, hěr-kŷ'-lŷăn, *a.* of great magnitude, requiring great labour
- Herd, hěrd', *s.* a flock, a drove, a company—*v. n.* to run in herds, to associate—*v. a.* to put into a herd
- Herdsmán, hěrd'z mán, *s.* one employed in tending herds
- Here, hě're, *ad.* in this place or state
- Hereabouts, hě're-ă-bŷûts, *ad.* about this place

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Hereafter, hêre-âf'-êr, *ad.* in a future state

Hereby, hêre-bý', *ad.* by this

Hereditable, hê-rêd'-ýt-éb'l, *a.* whatever may be inherited

Hereditament, nê-rêd'-ýt-tă-měnt, *s.* an inheritance

Hereditary, hê-rêd'-ýt-tăr-ý, *a.* descending by inheritance

Herein, hêre-ýn, *ad.* in this

Hereinto, hêre-ýn'-tô, *ad.* into this

Hereof, hêre-ôf', *ad.* of this

Hereon, hêre-ôn', *ad.* upon this

Heresiarch, hé-ré-syăr̄k, *s.* a leader in heresy

Heresy, hêr'-ê-sý, *s.* an opinion different from that of the orthodox church

Heretic, hêr'-ê-tyk, *s.* one whose opinion opposes the orthodox church

Heretical, hê-rêt'-yk-ăl, *a.* relating to heresy

Hereto, hêre-tô', *ad.* to this

Heretofore, hêre-tô-fô're, *ad.* formerly, anciently

Herewith, hêre-wýth, *ad.* with this

Heriot, hêr-yôt, *s.* fine to the lord at the death of a landholder

Heritable, hér'-ýt-éb'l, *a.* capable of being inherited

Heritage, hêr'-ýt-tědzh, *s.* inheritance, estate by succession

Hermaphrodite, hér-măf'-rô-dite, *s.* uniting two sexes

Hermetic, hér-mět'-yk, *a.* chymical

Hermit, hér-mýt, *s.* a solitary devout person, a recluse

Hermitage, hér'-nýt-ědzh, *s.* a hermit's cell [bravery, a great warrior

Hero, hê'-rô, *s.* a man eminent for

Heroic, hê-rô'-yk, *a.* brave, noble, spirited

Heroine, hê-rô'-ýn, *s.* a female hero

Heroism, hê-rô'-ýsm, *s.* qualities of a hero

Heron, hérn', *s.* a large water fowl

Herring, hêr'-rýng, *s.* a small sea-fish

Herself, hér-sělf', *s.* her very person

Hesitate, hês'-ýt-tăte, *v. a.* to doubt, to delay, to pause

Hesitation, hês'-ýt-tă-shŭn, *s.* doubt, intermission of speech

Heteroclite, hêt'-ér-ôk-lýt, *s.* in grammar, a noun irregular in its inflections [dox

Heterodox, hêt'-ér-ô-dôks, *a.* not ortho

Heterogeneous, hêt'-ér-ô-dzhé-nyús, *a.* unlike in nature, opposite

Hew, hû', *v. a.* to fell, to cut, to hack, to chop [wood or stone

Hewer, hû'-ér, *s.* one who hews or cuts

Hexagon, hěks'-ă-gŏn, *s.* a figure of six equal sides or angles

Hexagonal, hěks-ăg'-ô-năl, *a.* having six sides

Hexameter, hěks-ăm'-ê-tér, *s.* a verse of six feet

Hey, hî, *interj.* an expression of joy

Heyday, hî-dă, *interj.* an expression of frolic and exultation

Hiatus, hî-ă-tús, *s.* an aperture, a breach, an opening

Hibernal, hî-bér-năl, *a.* belonging to the winter

Hiccough, *or* Hickup, hŭk'-kŭp, *s.* a convulsion of the stomach—*v. n.* to sob with convulsion of the stomach

Hide, hŭd', *pret. of* Hide

Hidage, hŭd'-ědzh, *s.* tax on each hide of land

Hidden, hŭd'n, *part. of* Hide

Hide, hŭde, *v. a.* to conceal—*v. n.* to lie hid—*s.* the skin of an animal, a certain quantity of land [ful

Hideous, hŭd'-yús, *a.* horrible, dreadful

Hie, hŭ, *v. n.* to hasten, to go in haste

Hierarchy, hŭ'-ê-răr-ký, *s.* sacred government, ecclesiastical establishment

Hieroglyphic, hî-ê-rô-glŭf'-yk, *a.* emblematical—*s.* an emblem, a figure

Higgle, hŭg'l, *v. n.* to chaffer, to bargain hard, to go selling provisions from door to door

Higgledy-piggledy, hŭg'l-dý-pýg'l-dý, *ad.* confusedly

High, hŭ, *a.* exalted, tall, proud

High-born, hî-bŏrn, *a.* of noble birth

High-flier, hŭ-flî-ér, *s.* one that carries his opinions to extravagance

High-flown, hŭ-flŏne, *a.* elevated, proud, turgid

Highland, hî-lănd, *s.* a mountainous region

Highness, hŭ-něs, *s.* dignity, title

Highwater, hŭ-wă-tér, *s.* the utmost flow of the tide

Highway, hŭ wă', *s.* a great road, a public path

Highwayman, hŭ-wă-mán, *s.* a robber on the highway

Higler, hŭg'-lér, *s.* a hawker of provisions by retail



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt. —

- Hilarity, hŷl-ăr-īt-ŷ, *s.* merriment, gaiety  
 Hill, hŷl', *s.* elevation of ground, a high land  
 Hillock, hŷl'-lők, *s.* a little hill  
 Hilly, hŷl-ŷ, *a.* full of hills  
 Hilt, hŷlt', *s.* the handle of a sword  
 Him, hŷm', *pron.* that male, the oblique case of He  
 Hind, hŷnd', *a.* backward—*s.* the female of a stag, an overseer of cattle  
 Hinder, hŷn'-dér, *v. a.* to obstruct, to stop, to prevent—*v. n.* to cause impediment  
 Hindrance, hŷn'-dréns, *s.* obstruction, a stop  
 Hinge, hŷndzh', *s.* the joints on which a gate or door turns—*v. a.* to furnish with hinges  
 Hint, hŷnt', *v. a.* to bring to mind, to intimate—*s.* a remote suggestion, an intimation  
 Hip, hŷp', *s.* the joint of the thigh, lowness of spirits, the fruit of the briar—*v. n.* to dispirit  
 Hippish, hŷp'-pish, *a.* low in spirits  
 Hippopotamus, hŷp-pō-pōt'-ă-mŷs, *s.* a river horse  
 Hire, hŷre, *v. n.* to engage or procure for pay—*s.* the wages paid for service  
 Hireling, hŷre-ŷng, *s.* one who serves for wages, a mercenary and unprincipled writer  
 Hiss, hŷs', *v. n.* to utter a noise like that of a serpent—*v. a.* to condemn by hissing, to explode  
 Hist, hŷst', *interj.* exclamation commanding silence  
 Historian, hŷs-tō'-ryăn, *s.* a writer of facts and events  
 Historic, hŷs-tōr'-ŷk, *a.* pertaining to history, narrative  
 History, hŷs-tōr'-ŷ, *s.* a narration of events and facts  
 Histrionic, hŷs-trŷ-ōn'-ŷk, *a.* befitting the stage, suitable to a player  
 Hit, hŷt', *v. a.* to strike, to reach the point—*v. n.* to clash, to light on, to succeed—*s.* a stroke, a lucky chance  
 Hitch, hŷtsh', *v. n.* to catch, to move by jerks  
 Hithe, hŷth, *s.* a landing place for goods, &c. [nearer  
 Hither, hŷth'-ér, *ad.* to this place,  
 Hitherto, hŷth'-ér-tō, *ad.* to this time, yet, till now [pany  
 Hive, nŷve, *s.* a basket for bees, a com-
- Hoare, hō're, or Hoary, hō'-rŷ, *a.* gray with age, white with frost  
 Hoar-frost, hō're-frōst', *s.* frozen dew  
 Hoard, hō'rd, *s.* hidden stock, treasure—*v. n.* to lay up store—*v. a.* to lay up privately [voice  
 Hoarse, hō'rs, *a.* having a rough deep  
 Hoax, hō'ks, *s.* a trick played upon one—*v. a.* to delude, to deceive  
 Hobble, hōbl', *v. n.* to walk lamely, to limp  
 Hobby, hōb'-bŷ, or Hobby-horse, hōb'-bŷ-hō'rs, *s.* a species of hawk, a small horse, a plaything, a stupid fellow  
 Hobgoblin, hōb-gōb'-lŷn, *s.* a sprite, a fairy [shoeing horses  
 Hobnail, hōb'-nāle, *s.* a nail used in  
 Hobnob, hōb'-nōb, *ad.* at once, at random  
 Hock, hōk', *s.* small end of a gammon of bacon, old strong rhenish wine, lower part of the thigh  
 Hocus-pocus, hō'-kŷs-pō'-kŷs, *s.* a juggle, a cheat  
 Hod, hōd', *s.* a bricklayer's trough  
 Hodge-podge, hōdzh'-pōdzh', *s.* a medley, a confused mixture  
 Hodiernal, hō-dyér'-nāl, *a.* of to-day  
 Hoe, hō', *s.* a garden tool for weeds, &c.—*v. a.* to cut or dig with a hoe  
 Hog, hōg', *s.* the general name of swine  
 Hoggerel, hōg'-rél, *s.* an ewe of two years old  
 Hogherd, hōg'-hérd, *s.* a keeper of hogs  
 Hoggish, hōg'-ish, *a.* greedy, brutish, selfish  
 Hogshead, hōgz'-éd, *s.* a measure of sixty-three gallons [swine  
 Hogsty, hōg'-stŷ, *s.* a place for keeping  
 Hogwash, hōg'-wăsh, *s.* draft which is given to swine  
 Hoiden, hōŷ'd'n, *s.* an awkward country girl  
 Hoist, hōŷ't, *v. a.* to raise up on high  
 Hold, hōld', *v. a.* to grasp, to keep, to retain, to contain—*s.* grasp, support, power, custody—*interj.* stop! forbear! be still  
 Holdfast, hōld'-fă'st, *s.* a catch, a hook, &c.  
 Hole, hōle, *s.* a cavity, a hollow place, a mean habitation, a subterfuge  
 Holiness, hō-ŷ-nēs, *s.* religious goodness [cry out loudly  
 Holla, hōl-lă, or Hollo, hōl-lō', *v. a.* to  
 Holland, hōl'-lând, *s.* a kind of fine linen

shăt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pūsh, mâte, fúr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Hollow, hól'-lô, *a.* having a void within, deceitful—*s.* a hollow place, a hole, an opening or vacuity—*v. a.* to make hollow—*v. n.* to shout, to hoot
- Holly, hól'-lý, *s.* a tree, an evergreen shrub
- Hollyhock, hól'-lý-hók, *s.* a rose-mallow
- Holme, hól'-wm, *s.* a river island, the ever-green oak [*rice*]
- Holocaust, hól'-ô-kâst, *s.* a burnt sacrifice
- Holpen, hól'-p'n, *part. of* Help
- Holster, hól'-stér, *s.* a case for a horse-man's pistol
- Holy, hól'-lý, *a.* pious, religious, hal-  
lowed, sacred [*feast, a day of joy*]
- Holyday, hól'-ý-dâ, *s.* an anniversary
- Homage, hóm'-édzh, *s.* service to a lord, obeisance
- Home, hóm'e, *s.* one's own house or country, place of constant residence
- Homebred, hóm'e-bréd, *a.* bred at home, native, plain, artless
- Homefelt, hóm'e-félt, *a.* inward, private
- Homely, hóm'e-lý, *a.* plain, not elegant
- Homemade, hóm'e-mâde, *s.* made at home, plain
- Homer, hóm'-mér, *s.* a measure of about three pints [*home, plain, coarse*]
- Homespun, hóm'e-spūn, *a.* made at home
- Homeward, hóm'e-wârd, *ad.* towards home
- Homicide, hóm'-ý-side, *s.* manslaughter
- Homily, hóm'-ýl-ý, *s.* a discourse read in churches
- Homogeneous, hóm'-ô-dzhê-nyús, *a.* having the same nature or principle
- Homologous, hóm'-mól'-ô-gús, *a.* in the same manner or proportion
- Homotonous, hóm'-mót'-ô-nús, *a.* equable, uniform
- Hone, hóm'e, *s.* a whetstone for razors
- Honest, hóm'-ést, *a.* upright, sincere, chaste, just [*purity*]
- Honesty, hóm'-és-tý, *s.* justice, truth
- Honey, hóm'-ý, *s.* the sweet substance prepared by bees
- Honey-bag, hóm'-ý-băg, *s.* the stomach of a bee
- Honeycomb, hóm'-ý-kóm'e, *s.* a cell of wax for honey
- Honey-dew, hóm'-ý-dû, *s.* a sweet dew
- Honey-moon, hóm'-ý-mône, *s.* the first month after marriage
- Honey-suckle, hóm'-ý-súk'l, *s.* an odoriferous woodbine
- Honied, hóm'-ýd, *a.* covered with honey, sweet
- Honorary, hóm'-ôr-ar-ý, *a.* done in honour, conferring honour without gain
- Honour, hóm'-ôr, *s.* dignity, reputation, chastity—*v. a.* to reverence, to dignify
- Honourable, hóm'-ôr-éb'l, *a.* noble, illustrious, honest
- Hood, hūd', *s.* an upper covering for the head [*to hide, to deceive*]
- Hoodwink, hūd'-wíngk, *v. a.* to blind
- Hoof, hō'fe, *s.* the horny substance of the foot of several animals
- Hook, hók', *s.* a bent piece of iron, wood, &c.—*v. a.* to catch with a hook, to ensnare, to fasten
- Hooked, hók'-éd, *a.* bent, curved
- Hoop, hō'pe, *s.* any thing circular—*v. a.* to bind with hoops—*v. n.* to shout
- Hooping-cough, hō'-pýng-kōf, *s.* a convulsive cough
- Hoot, hō'te, *v. n.* to shout in contempt—*v. a.* to drive with shouts
- Hop, hōp', *v. n.* to jump, to leap on one leg, to walk lamely—*s.* a jump, a mean dance, a plant
- Hope, hō'pe, *s.* confidence in a future event—*v. n.* to place confidence in futurity—*v. a.* to expect with desire
- Hopeful, hō'pe-fúl, *a.* promising, likely to answer expectation
- Hop-ground, hōp-grōund, *s.* ground set apart for the culture of hops
- Hopper, hōp'-pér, *s.* wooden frame to contain corn before it is ground
- Horal, hō'-rál, *or* Horary, hō'-rár-ý, *a.* relating to an hour, continuing for an hour
- Hord, hō'rd, *s.* a clan, a migratory crew of people
- Horehound, hō're-hōúnd, *s.* an herb so called
- Horison, hō-rī-zón, *s.* the line that terminates the view
- Horizontal, hōr-ý-zón'-tál, *a.* near the horizon, level
- Horn, hō'rn, *s.* defensive weapon of an ox, a wind instrument
- Hornbook, hō'rn-bòk, *s.* the first book for children
- Horned, hō'r-néd, *a.* furnished with horns
- Hornet, hō'r-nét, *s.* a large stinging fly
- Hornpipe, hō'rn-pípe, *s.* a kind of dance
- Horny, hō'r-ný, *a.* made of or like horn

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, liáll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt.—

*Horologe*, hŏr'-ô-lôdz, *s.* an instrument that tells the hour

*Horoscope*, hŏr'-ô-skô'pe, *s.* configuration of planets at a person's birth

*Horrible*, hŏr'-rÿb'l, *a.* dreadful, terrible

*Horrid*, hŏr'-rÿd, *a.* hideous, enormous

*Horrific*, hŏr'-rÿf'-ÿk, *a.* causing horror

*Horror*, hŏr'-rŏr, *s.* terror mixed with detestation

*Horse*, hŏrs, *s.* an animal, a wooden machine for drying clothes

*Horseback*, hŏrs-băk, *s.* the seat or state of riding

*Horsebean*, hŏrs-bêne, *s.* a small kind of bean for horses

*Horseblock*, hŏrs-blŏk, *s.* a block for climbing to a horse

*Horsebreaker*, hŏrs-brê-kér, *s.* one who tames horses

*Horsefly*, hŏrs-flÿ, *s.* a fly that stings horses

*Horselaugh*, hŏrs-lăf, *s.* a loud laugh

*Horseleech*, hŏrs-lêtsh, *s.* a great leech that bites horses

*Horseman*, hŏrs-mán, *s.* one skilled in riding

*Horseplay*, hŏrs-plă, *s.* coarse and rough play, rudeness

*Horsepond*, hŏrs-pŏnd, *s.* a pond for horses

*Horseradish*, hŏrs-răd'-ÿsh, *s.* a root

*Horseshoe*, hŏrs-shô, *s.* a shoe for horses, a sort of herb

*Horseway*, hŏrs-wă', *s.* a broad open way by which horses may travel

*Hortation*, hŏr-tă'-shŭn, *s.* the act of exhorting, advice

*Hortulan*, hŏr-tŭ-lăn, *a.* belonging to a garden

*Hosanna*, hŏ-zăn'-nă, *s.* an exclamation of praise to God

*Hose*, hŏ'ze, *s.* breeches, stockings

*Hosier*, hŏ'-zhyér, *s.* one who sells stockings, &c.

*Hospitable*, hŏs-pÿ-téb'l, *a.* kind to strangers, friendly

*Hospital*, ŏs-pÿ-tăl, *s.* a receptacle for the sick and poor

*Hospitality*, hŏs-pÿ-tăl'-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* the practice of entertaining strangers

*Host*, hŏ'st, *s.* a landlord of an inn an army, a great number

*Hostage*, hŏs'-têdz, *s.* a person left as a pledge for performance of conditions

*Hostess*, hŏs't-ês, *s.* mistress of an inn

*Hostile*, hŏs'-tÿl, *a.* adverse, warlike

*Hostility*, hŏs-tÿl'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* open war

*Hostler*, ŏs'-lér, *s.* one who has the care of horses at an inn

*Hot*, hŏt', *a.* having heat, lewd, eager

*Hotbed*, hŏt'-bêd, *s.* a bed of earth made hot by the fermentation of dung

*Hotbrained*, hŏt'-brănd, *a.* violent, furious [childish play

*Hotcockles*, hŏt'-kŏkl'z, *s.* a species of

*Hotheaded*, hŏt'-hêd-êd, *a.* violent, passionate

*Hothouse*, hŏt'-hŏûs, *s.* a house for tender plants, and in which fruits are matured early by artificial heat

*Hotspur*, hŏt'-spŭr, *s.* a headstrong and precipitate man, a kind of early pea

*Hovel*, hŏv'-él, *s.* a mean habitation

*Hover*, hŏv'-ér, *v. n.* to hang over head, to wander about

*Hough*, hŏf', *s.* the lower part of the thigh—*v. a.* to hamstring, to cut up

*Hound*, hŏû'nd, *s.* a dog used in the chase [a day

*Hour*, ŏû'r, *s.* the twenty-fourth part of

*Hourglass*, ŏû'r-glăs, *s.* a glass filled with sand for measuring time

*House*, hŏû's, *s.* a place of human abode—*v. a.* to harbour, to shelter

*Housebreaker*, hŏû's-brê-kér, *s.* one who robs houses [bing of houses

*Housebreaking*, hŏû's-brê-kÿng, *s.* rob-

*Household*, hŏû's-hôld, *s.* a family

*Householdstuff*, hŏû's-hôld-stŭf, *s.* furniture, utensils for a family

*Housekeeper*, hŏû's-kê-pér, *s.* one who possesses or rents a house, one who has the care of a house and family

*Housekeeping*, hŏû's-kê-pÿng, *s.* domestic management

*Houseleek*, hŏû's-lêke, *s.* herb growing on houses, &c.

*Housemaid*, hŏû's-măde, *s.* she who keeps the house clean [apartments

*Houseteam*, hŏû's-rŏme, *s.* convenient

*Housewarming*, hŏû's-wăr-mÿng, *s.* a feast on taking possession of a new house

*Housewife*, hŭz'-ÿf', *a.* mistress of a family, a female economist

*Housewifery*, hŭz'-ÿf-rÿ, *s.* female economy [gree

*How*, hŏw', *ad.* in what manner or de-

*Howbeit*, hŏw-bê'-ÿt, *an.* nevertheless, notwithstanding

*However*, hŏw-êv'-ér, *ad.* at least, nevertheless, yet [mortar

*Howitz*, hŏ-wÿts, *s.* a small kind o.

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe — thus, thick.

Howl, hów'l, *v. n.* to utter cries in distress as a dog—*s.* cry of a wolf or dog  
Howsoever, hów-sô-év'-ér, *ad.* in what manner soever

Hox, hók's, *v. a.* to hamstring, [ship  
Hoy, hõý, *s.* a coasting vessel, a small  
Hubbub, húb'-búb, *s.* tumult, a riot  
Huckaback, húk'-ák-bák, *s.* a kind of figured linen

Hucklebone, húk'l-bõne, *s.* the hipbone  
Huckster, hüks'-tér, *s.* a retailer of small wares

Huddle, hüd'l, *v. a.* to perform 'in a hurry, to throw together in confusion  
Hudibrastic, hù-dí-brás'-tík, *a.* like Hudibras, doggerel

Hue, hû, *s.* shade of colour, die, clamour, pursuit [and arrogance

Huff, hûf', *v. a.* to treat with insolence  
Huffish, hûf'-ýsh, *a.* arrogant, hectoring, petulant

Hug, hüg', *v. a.* to embrace fondly, to hold fast—*s.* a close embrace

Huge, hüdzh, *a.* vast, immense, enormous

Huggermugger, hüg'-gér-müg'-gér, *s.* secrecy, a by-place [clown

Hulk, hùlk', *s.* the body of a ship, a  
Hull, hùl', *s.* the husk of any thing, the body of a ship

Hum, hüm', *v. a.* to buzz, to pause in speaking, to sing low, to deceive—*s.* a buzzing noise, a deception

Human, hû-mán, *a.* having the qualities of a man

Humane, hû-má'ne, *a.* kind, benevolent, good natured

Humanity, hû-mán'-ýt-ý, *s.* the nature of man, kindness, benevolence, compassion

Humanize, hû'-mén-ize, *v. a.* to soften, to reduce from savageness

Humankind, hû'-mán-kí'nd, *s.* the race of man

Humble, hüm'b'l, *a.* modest, submissive—*v. a.* to make humble or submissive—*v. n.* to become humble

Humbles, hüm'b'lz, *s.* the entrails of a deer [stupid

Humdrum, hüm'-drüm, *a.* dull, dronish, Humectation, hû-mèk-tá'-shün, *s.* a wetting or moistening

Humeral, hû'-mér-ál, *a.* belonging to the shoulder

Humid, hû-mýd, *a.* wet, moist, watery

Humidity, bù mýd'-ýt-ý, *s.* moisture, dampness

Humiliation, hû-mýl-yá'-shün, *s.* the act of humility

Humility, hû-mýl'-ýt-ý, *s.* freedom from pride, modesty

Humourist, hû'-mór-ýst, *s.* one who gratifies his humour

Humorous, hû'-mór-ús, *a.* capricious, pleasant, jocular

Humour, hû'-mór, *s.* moisture, jocularity, whim—*v. a.* to gratify, to comply with [back

Humpback, hümp'-bák', *s.* a crooked  
Hunch, hünsh', *v. a.* to jostle, to crook the back

Hundred, hün'-dréd, *s.* ten multiplied by ten, a division of a county

Hung, hüng', *pres. ind part.* of Hang

Hunger, hüng'-ér, *s.* a desire of food, violent desire [greedy

Hungry, hüng'-rý, *a.* in want of food, Hunks, hüngks, *s.* a covetous, sordid wretch

Hunt, hünt', *v. a.* to chase, to pursue, to search for—*v. n.* to follow the chase—*s.* a pack of hounds, a chace

Hunter, hünt'-ér, *s.* one who follows the diversion of the chace

Huntsman, hünts mán. *s.* one who delights in or manages the chace

Hurdle, hür-d'l, *s.* a texture of sticks, a grate [flax

Hurds, húr'd'z, *s.* the refuse of hemp or

Hurl, hùrl, *v. a.* to throw with violence

Hurlbat, hùrl'-bát, *s.* a whirlbat

Hurly-burly, hür'-lý-bür'-lý, *s.* tumult, confusion, bustle

Hurricane, hür'-rí-káne, *s.* a violent storm, a tempest

Hurry, hür-rý, *v. a.* to hasten—*v. n.* to move with haste—*s.* tumult, precipitation, haste

Hurst, húr'st, *s.* a grove, a small wood

Hurt, húr't, *v. a.* to injure, to harm, to wound—*s.* harm, mischief, wound, or bruise

Hurtful, húr't-fül, *a.* injurious, pernicious

Husband, hüz'-bánd, *s.* a married man, a frugal and careful man—*v. a.* to till, to manage frugally

Husbandman, hüz'-bánd-mán, *s.* one who works in tillage

Husbandry, hüz'-bán-dry, *s.* tillage, frugality, care, thrift

Hush, hüşh, *v. a.* to still, to quiet, appease—*a. n.* to be still



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mět. dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, tfield, shírt. —

- Hushmoney, hŷsh-món-ŷ, *s.* a bribe to induce secrecy
- Husk, hŷsk', *s.* the outmost tegument of wheat, barley, &c. [dry]
- Husky, hŷs'-kŷ, *a.* abounding in husk,
- Hussar, hŷz-zăr, *s.* a kind of horse soldier
- Hussy, hŷz'-zŷ, *s.* a sorry bad woman
- Hustings, hŷs'-tŷngz, *s.* a council, a court held
- Hustle, hŷs'l, *v. a.* to shake together
- Huswife, hŷz'-ŷf, *v. a.* to manage with frugality [abode]
- Hut, hŷt', *s.* a poor cottage, a mean
- Hutch, hŷtsh', *s.* a corn chest, a rabbit box
- Huzza, hŷz-ză', *interj.* a shout of joy —*v. n.* to utter acclamation
- Hyacinth, hŷ-ă-sŷnth, *s.* a flower, a colour [hyacinths]
- Hyacinthine, hŷ-ă-sŷn'-thŷn, *a.* like
- Hyades, hŷ-ă-dēz, *s.* a constellation which prognosticates rain
- Hybernal, hŷ-bér-năl, *a.* belonging to winter [heads]
- Hydra, hŷ'-dră, a monster with many
- Hydragogues, hŷ-dră-gōgz, *s.* medicines for the discharge of watery humours [hydraulics]
- Hydraulic, hŷ-dră'-ŷk, *a.* relating to
- Hydraulics, hŷ-dră'-ŷks, *s.* the science of conveying water through pipes or conduits [rupture]
- Hydrocele, hŷ-drō-sēle, *s.* a watery
- Hydrocephalus, dŷ-drō-sēf'-ă-lŷs, *s.* a dropsy in the head
- Hydrographer, hŷ-drōg'-ră-fér, *s.* one who draws maps of the sea
- Hydrography, hŷ-drōg'-ră-fŷ, *s.* the art of measuring and describing the watery part of the terraqueous globe
- Hydromancy, hŷ-drō-măn-sŷ, *s.* a prediction by water [water]
- Hydromel, hŷ-drō-mēl, *s.* honey and
- Hydrometer, hŷ drōm'-ē-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure the extent of water [of water, the canine madness]
- Hydrophobia, hŷ-drō-fē'-byă, *s.* dread of
- Hydropic, hŷ-drōp'-ŷk, *a.* dropsical
- Hydrostatical, hŷ-drō-stăt'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* relating to hydrostatics
- Hydrostatics, hŷ-drō-stăt'-ŷks, *s.* science of gravitation or weighing of fluids
- Hyena, hŷ-ē-nă, *s.* a fierce animal like a wolf
- Hygrometer, hŷ-grōm'-ē-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure the degrees of moisture
- Hygroscope, hŷ'-grō-skōpe, *s.* to shew the moisture and dryness of the air
- Hymeneal, hŷm-é-né'-ăl, *a.* pertaining to marriage
- Hymn, hŷm', *s.* a divine song—*v. a.* to praise in songs of adoration
- Hyp, hŷp, *v. a.* to make melancholy, to dispirit [of cases, &c.]
- Hypallage, hŷ-păl'-lă-dzhē, *s.* a change
- Hyperbole, hŷ-pér'-bō-lē, *s.* in rhetoric, exaggeration, diminution
- Hyperbolic, hŷ-pér-bōl'-ŷk, *a.* exaggerating or extenuating beyond fact
- Hyperborean, hŷ-pér-bō-ryăn, *a.* northern [reasonable critic]
- Hypercritic, hŷ-pér-krīt'-ŷk, *s.* an un-
- Hypercritical, hŷ-pér-krīt'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* critical beyond use
- Hyphen, hŷ'-fén, *s.* a short line thus (-) between words or syllables
- Hypochondriac, hŷp-ō-kōn-drī'-ăk, *a.* melancholy—*s.* one affected with melancholy, or disordered in the imagination [tion, a pretence]
- Hypocrisy, hŷp-ōk'-rŷs-ŷ, *s.* dissimulation
- Hypocrite, hŷp'-ō-krite, *s.* a dissembler in religion, &c.
- Hypocritic, hŷp-ō-krīt'-ŷk, *a.* dissembling, insincere
- Hypostasis, hŷ-pōs'-tă-sŷs, *s.* a distinct substance, personality
- Hypostatical, hŷ-pō-stăt'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* constitutive, distinct
- Hypothenuse, hŷ-pōth-é-nŷse, *s.* longest side of a right angled triangle
- Hypothesis, hŷ-pōth-ē-sŷs, *s.* a system formed upon supposition
- Hypothetic, hă-pō-thēt'-ŷk, *a.* supposed, conditional
- Hyson, hŷ'-sōn, *s.* a species of fine tea
- Hyssop, hŷz'-ōp, *s.* a sort of plant
- Hysteria, hŷs-tér'-ŷk, *a.* troubled with fits [women]
- Hysterics, hŷs-tér'-ŷks, *s.* fits peculiar to

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

## I

**I**, *i*, *pron. of the first person in the Nominative, myself*

Jabber, dzhāb'-bér, *v. n.* to talk idly, to chatter [extended

Jacent, dzhā'-sěnt, *a.* lying at length, Iacinth, i'-ā-synth, *s.* the hyacinth, a precious stone [young pike

Jack, dzhāk', *s.* Johu, an engine, a Jackal, dzhāk'-āl, *s.* a small dog-like animal

Jackanapes, dzhāk'-ān-āps, *s.* a monkey, a coxcomb

Jackdaw, dzdāk-dā', *s.* a small species of crow

Jacket, dzhāk'-ět, *s.* a short coat, a close waistcoat

Jacobin, dzhāk'-ō-bŷn, *s.* a species of monk, a species of pigeon, a person disaffected to the state [ing

Jactation, dzhāk tā-shŷn, *s.* vain boast-

Jaculation, dzhāk-ū-lā'-shŷn, *s.* the act of throwing weapons

Jade, dzhā'de, *s.* a worthless horse, a sorry woman—*v. a.* to tire, to dispirit, to weary

Jadish, dzhā'-dŷsh, *a.* unruly, vicious, unchaste [culation

Jag, dzhāg', *v. a.* to notch—*s.* a denti-

Jaggy, dzhāg'-ŷ, *a.* uneven, ragged, notched

Jakes, dzhāk's, *s.* place of receiving filth or excrement

Jalap, dzhāl'-āp, *s.* a purgative root

Jam, dzhām', *s.* a conserve of fruit—*v. n.* to wedge in, to confine

Jamb, dzhām', *s.* the upright post of a door

Iambic, i-ām'-bŷk, *s.* verses composed of a long and short syllable alternately

Jangle, dzhāng'l, *v. n.* and *a.* to wrangle, to be out of tune

Janizary, dzhān'-ŷz-ār-ŷ, *s.* one of the Turkish guards [tering

Janty, zhān'-tŷ, *a.* showy, giddy, flut-

January, dzhēn'-ū-ār-ŷ, *s.* the first month of the year

Japan, dzhā-pān', *s.* a varnish made to work in colours

Jar, dzhār', *v. n.* to make a disagreeable noise, to clash, to quarrel—*s.* a harsh sound, an earthen vessel

Jargon, dzh'ār-gón, *s.* gabble, gibberish

Jargonelle, dzhār-gō-něl, *s.* a species of pear [stone

Jasper, dzhās'-pér, *s.* a green precious

Javelin, dzhāv'-lŷn, *s.* a spear or half pike

Jaundice, dzhān'-dŷs, *s.* a distemper caused by the obstructions of the glands of the liver

Jaundiced, dzhān'-dŷst, *a.* affected with the jaundice

Jaunt, dzhā'nt, *v. a.* to walk or travel about—*s.* a ramble, an excursion

Jaw, dzhā', *s.* bone inclosing the teeth

Jay, dzhā', *s.* a bird with gaudy feathers [sugar

Ice, i'se, *s.* frozen water, concreted

Ichnography, ik-nō'-grā-fŷ, *s.* ground-plot

Ichor, i'-kór, *s.* a thin watery humour

Ichthyology, ik-thŷ-ōl-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* the doctrine of the nature of fish

Iceicle, i'-sŷk'l, *s.* a shoot of ice hanging down [tion

Icon, i'-kón, *s.* a picture or representa-

Icy, i'-sŷ, *a.* full of ice, cold

Idea, i-dē'-á, *s.* mental imagination, a notion

Ideal, i-dē'-āl, *a.* mental, intellectual

Identify, i-dēn'-tŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to prove to be really the same

Identity, i-dēn'-tŷ-tŷ, *s.* sameness

Ides, i'dz, *s.* a term of time amongst the Romans, the fifteenth day of March, May, July, and October, and the thirteenth of every other month

Idiocracy, i'd-ŷ-ōk'-rá-sŷ, *s.* peculiar constitution

Idiom, i'd'-yóm, *s.* a particular mode of speech

Idiot, i'd'-yót, *s.* a fool, a changeling

Idiotism, i'd'-yō-tŷzm, *s.* folly, natural imbecility of mind

Idle, i'd'l, *a.* lazy, unemployed, worthless—*v. n.* to spend time in inactivity

Idleheaded, i'd'l-hēd-ēd, *a.* foolish, unreasonable

Idleness, i'd'l-nēs, *s.* laziness, sloth

Idol, i'-dól, *s.* an image worshipped as God [idols

Idolater, i-dól'-ā-tér, *s.* a worshipper of

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâl, liâr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt. —

- Idolatrous, i-döl'-ă-trús, *a.* tending or given to idolatry
- Idolatry, i-döl'-ă-trŷ, *s.* the worship of images
- Idolize, i'-dō-lize, *v. a.* to love or reverence to adoration
- Jealous, dzhěl'-ús, *a.* suspicious, fearful, cautious
- Jealousy, dzhěl'-ús-ŷ, *s.* suspicion in love
- Jeer, dzhĕre, *v. n.* to scoff—*v. a.* to treat with scorn
- Jehovah, dzhĕ-hō'-vă, *s.* the appropriate name of God in Hebrew
- Jejune, dzhĕ dzhû'ne, *a.* hungry, trifling, unaffecting
- Jelly, dzhĕl'-lŷ, *s.* any thing brought to a glutinous state
- Jennet, dzhĕn'-nĕt, *s.* a Spanish or Barbary horse
- Jenneting, dzhĕn'-nĕ-tĭng, *s.* species of forward apple
- Jeopardy, dzhĕp'-ăr-dŷ, *s.* hazard, peril, danger [quick jolt]
- Jerk, dzhĕrk', *s.* a smart quick lash, a Jerkin, dzhĕr'-kĭn, *s.* a jacket, a kind of hawk
- Jersey, dzhĕr'-zŷ, *s.* a fine yarn of wool
- Jessamine, dzhĕs'-să-mĭn, *s.* a fragrant flower
- Jest, dzhĕst', *v. n.* to be merry by words or actions—*s.* any thing ludicrous, a laughingstock
- Jesting, dzhĕs'-tĭng, *s.* talk to raise laughter
- Jesuitical, dzhĕs'-û-ŷ'-kăl, *a.* shuffling, artful, sly
- Jet, dzhĕt', *s.* a curious black fossil, a spout of water—*v. n.* to shoot forward
- Jetty, dzhĕt'-tŷ, *a.* black as jet—*s.* a buttment against water, &c.
- Jew, dzhû', *s.* a person who professes the Jewish religion
- Jewel, dzhû'-él, *s.* a precious stone, a gem [cious stones]
- Jeweller, dzhû'-ĕl-ér, *s.* a dealer in precious stones
- Jews-harp, dzhû'-z-hărp, *s.* a kind of musical instrument
- If, ŷf, *conj.* suppose that, whether or no
- Igneous, ŷg'-nyús, *a.* containing or emitting fire
- Ignis-fatuus, ŷg'-nŷs-făt'-û-ús, *s.* a kind of fiery vapour, called Will with the wisp [ting on fire]
- Ignition, ŷg'-nŷsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of setting on fire
- Ignoble, ŷg'-no'b'l, *a.* mean of birth, worthless
- Ignominious, ŷg'-nō-mŷn'-yús, *a.* mean, disgraceful, scandalous
- Ignominy, ŷg'-nō-mŷn'-ŷ, *s.* disgrace, reproach, shame
- Ignoramus, ŷg'-nō-ră'-mús, *s.* a vain pretender, a foolish fellow
- Ignorance, ŷg'-nō-răns, *s.* want of knowledge, unskilfulness
- Ignorant, ŷg'-nō-rĕnt, *a.* illiterate, without knowledge
- Jig, dzhĭg', *s.* a light careless dance or tune
- Jill, dzhŷl', *s.* quarter of a pint
- Jilt, dzhŷlt', *s.* a deceiving woman—*v. a.* to deceive in love—*v. n.* to play the jilt
- Jingle, dzhĭng'l, *v. n.* to clink—*s.* any thing sounding, a rattle
- Ile, ŷle, *s.* a walk or alley in a church
- Iliac, ŷl'-ŷăk, *a.* relating to the lower bowels
- Ill, ŷl', *a.* sick, disordered—*s.* wickedness, misfortune—*ad.* not well
- Illaquate, ŷl'-ă-kwĕ-âte, *v. a.* to entangle, to ensnare
- Illation, ŷl'-ă-shŷn, *s.* an inference, a conclusion [red]
- Illative, ŷl'-ă-tĭv, *a.* that may be inferred
- Illegal, ŷl'-ĕ-găl, *a.* contrary to law
- Illegality, ŷl'-ĕ-găl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* contrariety to law
- Illegible, ŷl'-ĕdzh'-ŷb'l, *a.* what cannot be read
- Illegitimacy, ŷl'-ĕ-dzhŷt'-ŷ-mă-sŷ, *s.* state of being illegitimate
- Illegitimate, ŷl'-ĕ-dzhŷt'-ŷ-mĕt, *a.* not begotten in wedlock
- Ill-favoured, ŷl'-fă'-vórd, *a.* deformed
- Illiberal, ŷl'-ŷb'-ér-ăl, *a.* not noble
- Illicit, ŷl'-ŷs-ĭt, *a.* unlawful
- Illiterate, ŷl'-ŷt'-ér-ĕt, *a.* unlettered, untaught, unlearned
- Illnature, ŷl'-nă'-túre, *s.* peevishness, habitual, malevolence
- Illnatured, ŷl'-nă'-túrd, *a.* peevish, cross
- Illude, ŷl'-lú'de, *v. a.* to deceive, to mock
- Illume, ŷl'-lú'me, Illumine, ŷl'-lú'-mŷn, or
- Illuminate, ŷl'-lú'-mŷn-âte, *v. a.* to enlighten, adorn, illustrate
- Illumination, ŷl'-lú'-mŷn-ă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of giving light, what gives light, brightness
- Illusion, ŷl'-lú'-zhŷn, *s.* mockery, false show
- Illusive, ŷl'-lú'-sŷv, *a.* deceiving by false show

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe — thus, thick.

- Illusory, ʏl-lû'-zôr-ý, *a.* deceiving, fraudulent
- Illustrate, ʏl-lûs'-trâte, *v. a.* to brighten, to elucidate [tion, elucidation]
- Illustration, ʏl-lûs'-trâ'-shûn, *s.* explanation
- Illustrative, ʏl-lûs'-trâ'-tív, *a.* that elucidates
- Illustrious, ʏl-lûs'-trý-ús, *a.* conspicuous, noble, eminent
- Image, ʏm'-êdzh, *s.* an idol, a likeness, an idea [sensations, show]
- Imagery, ʏm'-êdzh-rý, *s.* sensible representation
- Imaginary, ʏm'-âdzh'-in-âr-ý, *a.* fancied, visionary
- Imagination, ʏm'-âdzh'-ʏn-â-shûn, *s.* fancy, conception, contrivance
- Imagine, ʏm'-âdzh'-ʏn, *v. a.* to fancy, to scheme, to contrive
- Imbecile, ʏm-bês'-ʏl, *a.* feeble of mind or body [of mind or body]
- Imbecility, ʏm-bê-sʏl'-ý-tý, *s.* feebleness
- Imbibe, ʏm-bí-be, *v. a.* to drink in, to admit into
- Imbitter, ʏm-bít'-tér, *v. a.* to make bitter, to exasperate
- Imbody, ʏm-böd'-ý, *v. a.* to form into a body—*v. n.* to unite into one mass
- Imbolden, ʏm-böld'n, *v. a.* to make bold, to encourage
- Imbosom, ʏm-bóz'-óm, *v. a.* to hold in the bosom
- Imbow, ʏm-bów' *v. a.* to arch, to vault
- Imbower, ʏm-bów'-ér, *v. a.* to shelter with trees
- Imbrue, ʏm-brû', *v. a.* to steep, to soak
- Imbrute, ʏm-brû'te, *v. a.* to degrade to brutality [to tinge]
- Imbue, ʏm-bû', *v. a.* to tincture deep,
- Imburse, ʏm-bûr's, *v. a.* to stock with money
- Imitable, ʏm-ý-téb'l, *a.* proper for imitation
- Imitate, ʏm'-ý-tâte, *v. a.* to copy, to endeavour to resemble, to counterfeit
- Imitation, ʏm-ý-tâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of copying, an attempt to resemble
- Imitative, ʏm'-ý-tâ'-tív, *a.* inclined to copy
- Imitator, ʏm'-ý-tâ-tór, *s.* he who copies or imitates [pure]
- Immaculate, ʏm-măk'-û-lét, *a.* spotless,
- Immaterial, ʏm-mă-tê-ryál, *a.* incorporeal
- Immature, ʏm-mă-tû're, *a.* not ripe
- Immaturity, ʏm-mă-tû'r-ýt-ý, *s.* unripeness [to be measured]
- Immeasurable, ʏm-mêzh'-û-réb'l, *a.* not
- Immediate, ʏm-mê-dýét, *a.* instant
- Immemorial, ʏm-mê-mô'-ryál, *a.* past time of memory
- Immense, ʏm-mên's, *a.* unlimited, infinite, huge
- Immensity, ʏm-mên'-sýt-ý, *s.* unbounded greatness, infinity
- Immerge, ʏm-mérdzh', *or* Immerse, ʏm-mérs', *v. a.* to put under water, to cover
- Immerse, ʏm-mérs'e, *v. a.* to put under water
- Immersion, ʏm-mér'-shûn, *s.* the act of immersing, dipping under water
- Immethodical, ʏm-méth'ôd'-ý-cál, *a.* without method, confused
- Imminent, ʏm-iný-nênt, *a.* impending, threatening
- Imminution, ʏm-mý-nû'-shûn, *s.* a diminution, a decrease [sive]
- Immoderate, ʏm-môd'-ér-âte, *a.* excessive
- Immodest, ʏm-môd'êst, *a.* unchaste
- Immodesty, ʏm-môd-ês-tý, *s.* want of modesty [sive]
- Immolate, ʏm'-mô-lâte, *v. a.* to sacrifice
- Immolation, ʏm-mô-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of sacrificing
- Immoral, ʏm-môr'-âl, *a.* dishonest
- Immorality, ʏm-mô-râl'-ý-tý, *s.* want of virtue
- Immortal, ʏm-môr'-tál, *a.* exempt from death, never to die
- Immortality, ʏm-môr-tál'-ý-tý, *s.* exemption from death
- Immortalize, ʏm-môr'-tâ-lize, *v. a.* to make immortal
- Immoveable, ʏm-móv'-éb'l, *a.* firm
- Immunity, ʏm-mû'-nýt-ý, *s.* privilege
- Immure, ʏm-mû're, *v. a.* to shut in
- Immusical, ʏm-mû'-zý-kál, *a.* harsh
- Immutability, ʏm-mû-tă-bíl'-ý-tý, *s.* exemption from change
- Immutable, ʏm-mû-téb'l, *a.* invariable
- Imp, ʏmp', *s.* an offspring, a puny devil [hard]
- Impact, ʏm-păkt', *v. a.* to drive close or
- Impaint, ʏm-pănt, *v. a.* to paint, to adorn, to decorate
- Impair, ʏm-pă're, *v. a.* to diminish, to injure—*v. n.* to be lessened or worn out [to communicate]
- Impart, ʏm-părt, *v. a.* to bestow, to give,
- Impartial, ʏm-păr'-shál, *a.* equitable
- Impartiality, ʏm-păr-shýál'-ý-tý, *s.* justice
- Impassable, ʏm-păs'-éb'l, *a.* not to be passed, not admitting passage



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, field, shirt—

- Impassioned, ʼm-păsh'-ünd, *a.* seized with passion
- Impatient, ʼm-pă'-shěnt, *a.* eager
- Impeach, ʼm-pětsh, *v. a.* to accuse by public authority
- Impeachment, ʼm-pětsh'-měnt, *s.* an accusation or public charge
- Impearl, ʼm-pér'l, *v. a.* to form like or decorate as with pearls
- Impede, ʼm-pě'de, *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct [drance, obstruction]
- Impediment, ʼm-pěd'-y-měnt, *s.* hindrance
- Impel, ʼm-pěl', *v. a.* to urge forward, to press on
- Impellent, ʼm-pěl'-lěnt, *s.* a power to drive forward [to be at hand]
- Impend, ʼm-pěnd', *v. n.* to hang over,
- Impendent, ʼm-pěn'-děnt, *a.* hanging over or near
- Impenetrable, ʼm-pěn'-ē-tréb'l, *a.* not to be pierced, not to be moved
- Impenitence, ʼm-pěn'-y-téns, *s.* obduracy, want of remorse for crimes
- Impenitent, ʼm-pěn'-y-těnt, *a.* obdurate
- Imperative, ʼm-pěr'-ă-tív, *a.* commanding
- Imperceptible, ʼm-pěr-sěp'-tīb'l, *a.* not to be discovered
- Imperfect, ʼm-pěr-fěkt, *a.* defective
- Imperfection, ʼm-pěr-fěk'-shŷn, *s.* a defect [pierced through]
- Imperforate, ʼm-pěr-fō rět, *a.* not perforated
- Imperial, ʼm-pě-ryăl, *a.* royal, belonging to an emperor
- Imperious, ʼm-pě-ryús, *a.* haughty, arrogant, lordly
- Imperishable, ʼm-pěrŷ-sh-éb'l, *a.* not to be destroyed
- Impersonal, ʼm-pěr-són-ăl, *a.* not varied according to the persons
- Impersuadable, ʼm-pěr-swă'-sīb'l, *a.* not to be persuaded
- Impertinence, ʼm-pěr-tŷ-něns, *s.* intrusion, what is foreign to the matter in hand
- Impertinent, ʼm-pěr-tŷ-něnt, *a.* intrusive, meddling
- Impervious, ʼm-pěr-vyús, *a.* unpassable
- Impetrate, ʼm-pě-trăte, *v. a.* to obtain by intreaty
- Impetuosity, ʼm-pěť-ă-ös"-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* violence, fury, vehemence
- Impetuous, ʼm-pěť-ă-ús, *a.* violent, fierce, vehement [force]
- Impetus, ʼm-pě-tús, *s.* a violent effort,
- Impiety, ʼm-pŷ-ě-tŷ, *s.* irreverence, wickedness
- Impinge, ʼm-pŷndzh', *v. n.* to fall or strike against, to clash
- Impious, ʼm-pyús, *a.* irreligious, wicked, profane
- Implacable, ʼm-plă-kéb'l, *a.* not to be pacified, inexorable
- Implant, ʼm-plănt', *v. a.* to infix, to insert, to ingraft
- Implausible, ʼm-plă'-zŷb'l, *a.* absurd
- Implead, ʼm-pléde, *v. a.* to sue, to prosecute [utensil]
- Implement, ʼm'-plě-měnt, *s.* a tool, an
- Impletion, ʼm-plě'-shŷn, *s.* the act of filling up
- Implicate, ʼm-plŷ-kăte, *v. a.* to entangle, to embarrass
- Implication, ʼm-plŷ-kă'-shŷn, *s.* involution, a tacit inference
- Implicit, ʼm-plŷ'-ŷt, *a.* involved, resting upon another, tacitly understood
- Implore, ʼm-plóre, *v. a.* to ask, to beseech [prise]
- Imply, ʼm-plŷ', *v. a.* to include, to comprehend
- Impoison, ʼm-pŷ'z'n, *v. a.* to corrupt with poison
- Impolitic, ʼm-pŷl'-ŷ-tŷk, *a.* imprudent
- Imponderous, ʼm-pŷn'-dér-ús, *a.* light
- Import, ʼm-pŷrt, *v. a.* to bring from abroad, to imply
- Import, ʼm-pŷrt, *s.* importance, things imported
- Importance, ʼm-pŷr-těns, *s.* a matter, subject, consequence
- Important, ʼm-pŷr-těnt, *a.* of consequence, momentous
- Importation, ʼm-pŷr-tă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of bringing from abroad
- Importunate, ʼm-pŷr-tă-nět, *a.* incessant in solicitation
- Importune, ʼm-pŷr-tă'ne, *v. a.* to tease, to molest—*a.* troublesome
- Importunity, ʼm-pŷr-tă-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* incessant solicitation
- Impose, ʼm-pŷ'ze, *v. a.* to enjoin as a duty, to deceive—*s.* a command, injunction
- Imposition, ʼm-pŷ-zŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* the act of laying any thing on another, an injunction, an oppression, a cheat
- Impossible, ʼm-pŷs'-ŷb'l, *a.* impracticable [practicability]
- Impossibility, ʼm-pŷs'-ŷ-bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* impossibility
- Impost, ʼm-pŷst, *s.* a tax, a toll
- Imposthumate, ʼm-pŷs'-tă'-măte, *v. n.* to form an abscess
- Imposthume, ʼm-pŷs'-tăme, *s.* matter gathered in an abscess

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe —thus, thick.

Impostor, ʼm-pōs'-tōr, s. one who cheats, a false pretender

Imposture, ʼm-pōs'-tūre, s. cheat, fraud

Impotence, ʼm-pō-tēns, or Impotency, ʼm'-pō-tēn-sŷ, s. want of power, inability

Impotent, ʼm'-pō-tēnt, a. weak, feeble

Impoverish, ʼm-pōv'-ēr-ŷh, v. a. to make poor, to diminish

Impound, ʼm'-pōūnd, v. a. to shut up in a pinfold

Impracticable, ʼm-prāk'-tī-kēb'l, a. impossible [evil, to curse]

Imprecate, ʼm-prē-kāte, v. a. to wish

Imprecation, ʼm-prē-kā-shūn, s. an invocation of evil

Imprecatory, ʼm'-prē-kā'-tōr ŷ, a. containing wishes of evil

Impregnability, ʼm-prēg-nā-bīl'-ŷ-tŷ, s. state of being impregnable

Impregnable, ʼm-prēg-nēb'l, a. not to be taken, unmoved

Impregnate, ʼm-prēg'-nāte, v. a. to fill with young, to make prolific, to saturate

Impregnation, ʼm-prēg-nā-shūn, s. the act of making prolific

Impress, ʼm-prēs, s. a stamp or impression—v. a. to stamp, to fix deep, to force [be impressed]

Impressible, ʼm-prēs'-sīb'l, a. that may impress

Impression, ʼm-prēsh'-ūn, s. the act of pressing one body upon another, a stamp, an edition, number printed, influence made on the mind

Impressive, ʼm-prēs'-sīv, a. tending to impress, capable of influencing

Impressure, ʼm-prēsh'-ūre, s. a mark made by pressure [place]

Imprimis, ʼm-prī-mŷs, ad. in the first

Imprint, ʼm-prīnt', v. a. to stamp or print, to fix on the mind

Imprison, ʼm-prīz'n, v. a. to shut up in a prison

Imprisonment, ʼm-prīz'-ōn-mēnt, s. confinement, state of being imprisoned

Improbable, ʼm-prōb'-ēb'l, a. unlikely, incredible

Improper, ʼm-prōp'-ēr, a. ill adapted, unqualified

Impropritate, ʼm-prō-prī-āte, v. a. to convert to private use

Impropritation, ʼm-prō-prī-ā-shūn, s. church land in the hands of a layman

Impropritiator, ʼm-prō-prī-ā-tōr, s. a layman that has the possession of church lands

Improve, ʼm-prō've, v. a. to advance nearer to perfection—v. n. to grow better

Improvement, ʼm-prōv'-mēnt, s. the act of improving, instruction

Improvident, ʼm-prōv'-ī-dēnt, a. wanting thought or care to provide

Imprudence, ʼm-prū-dēns, s. inattention to interest, indiscretion

Impudence, ʼm'-pū-dēns, s. want of modesty [wanting modesty]

Impudent, ʼm'-pū-dēnt, a. shameless.

Impugn, ʼm-pū-ne, v. a. to attack, to assault

Impulse, ʼm'-pūls, s. a communicated force, influence, motive, idea

Impulsive, ʼm-pūl'-sīv, a. having power to impel

Impunity, ʼm-pū-nŷ-tŷ, s. exemption from punishment [purity]

Impure, ʼm-pūre, a. drossy, void of

Impurple, ʼm-pūrp'l, v. a. to colour as with purple

Imputable, ʼm-pū-tēb'l, a. chargeable

Imputation, ʼm-pū-tā-shūn, s. an accusation or charge

Imputative, ʼm-pū-tā-tīv, a. capable of being imputed [to attribute]

Impute, ʼm-pūte, v. a. to charge upon,

In, ʼn', prep. and ad. within, not out, among, &c.

Inability, ʼn-ā-bīl'-ŷ-tŷ, s. impotence

Inaccessible, ʼn-āk-sēs'-sīb'l, a. not to be approached [exactness]

Inaccuracy, ʼn-āk'-kū-rā-sŷ, s. want of

Inaccurate, ʼn-āk'-kū-rēt, a. not exact

Inaction, ʼn-āk'-shūn, s. a state of rest, idleness

Inactive, ʼn-āk'-tīv, a. indolent

Inactivity, ʼn-āk-tīv'-ŷ-ty, s. idleness

Inadequate, ʼn-ād'-ŷ-kwēt, a. defective

Inadequately, ʼn-ād'-ŷ-kwēt-lŷ, ad. defectively, not completely

Inadvertence, ʼn-ād-vēr'-tēns, s. carelessness, negligence

Inadvertent, ʼn-ād-vēr'-tēnt, a. careless

Inalienable, ʼn-āl'-ŷēn-ēb'l, a. that cannot be alienated

Inamorato, ʼn-ām-ō-rā-tō, s. a lover

Inane, ʼn-ā-ne, a. empty void

Inanimate, ʼn-ān'-ŷ-mēt, a. without animation, dead [of body]

Inanition, ʼn-ā-nŷh'-ūn, s. an emptiness

Inanity, ʼn-ān'-ŷ-tŷ, s. emptiness, void space [stomach or appetite]

Inappetency, ʼn-āp'-pē-tēn-sŷ, s. want of

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dësist, inê, hér—chŷn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt. —

- Inapplicable**, ʔn-ăp'-plŷ-kéb'l, *a.* not to be put to a peculiar use
- Inapplication**, ʔn-ăp'-plŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* indolence, negligence
- Inarticulate**, ʔn-ăr-tŷk'-ă-lăt, *a.* not uttered with distinctness
- Artificial**, ʔn-ăr-tŷ-fŷsh'-ăl, *a.* contrary to art [negligence, neglect]
- Inattention**, ʔn-ăt-tĕn'-shŷn, *s.* disregard
- Inattentive**, ʔn-ăt-tĕn'-tŷv, *a.* careless
- Inaudible**, ʔn-ă-dŷb'l, *a.* not to be heard
- Inaugurate**, ʔn-ă-gŷ-râte, *v. a.* to consecrate, to invest
- Inauguration**, ʔn-ă-gŷ-ră-shŷn, *s.* investiture by solemn rites
- Inauspicious**, ʔn-ăs-pish'-ús, *a.* unlucky
- Inborn**, ʔn-bŷrn, *a.* innate, implanted by nature
- Inbred**, ʔn'-brĕd, *a.* bred or hatched within [hot]
- Incalescent**, ʔn-kă-lĕs'-ĕnt, *a.* growing
- Incantation**, ʔn-kăn-tă-shŷn, *s.* enchantment
- Incantatory**, ʔn-kăn-tă-tŷr-ŷ, *a.* dealing by enchantment
- Incapable**, ʔn-kă-péb'l, *a.* unable
- Incapacious**, ʔn-kă-pă-shŷs, *a.* narrow
- Incapacitate**, ʔn-kă-păs'-ŷ-tâte, *v. a.* to disable, to weaken
- Incapacity**, ʔn-kă-păs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* inability
- Incarcerate**, ʔn-kăr-sér-âte, *v. a.* to imprison
- Incaruate**, ʔn-kăr-nĕt, *a.* clothed or embodied in flesh
- Incarnation**, ʔn-kăr-nă-shŷn, *s.* the act of assuming a body
- Incautious**, ʔn-kă-shŷs, *a.* unwary
- Incendiary**, ʔn-sĕn'-dyăr-ŷ, *s.* one who sets houses or towns on fire, a sower of strife
- Incense**, ʔn-sĕns, *s.* a perfume offered to images [enrage, to provoke]
- Incense**, ʔn-sĕns', *v. a.* to enkindle, to
- Incentive**, ʔn-sĕnt'-ŷv, *s.* an incitement or motive—a. inciting
- Inceptive**, ʔn-sĕp'-tŷv, *a.* noting a beginning [continual]
- Incessant**, ʔn-sĕs'-ĕnt, *a.* unceasing
- Incest**, ʔn'-sĕst, *s.* nearly related in blood, criminal conjunction of persons
- Incestuous**, ʔn-sĕs'-tŷ-ús, *a.* guilty of incest [foot]
- Inch**, ʔnsh', *s.* the twelfth part of a
- Inchoate**, ʔn'-kŷ-âte, *v. a.* to begin
- Inchoation**, ʔn-kŷ-ă-shŷn, *s.* a beginning of any work
- Incide**, ʔn-sĭde, *v. a.* to cut into
- Incidence**, ʔn'-sŷ-dĕns, *s.* direction of one body to another
- Incident**, ʔn'-sŷ-dĕnt, *a.* casual, fortuitous, occasional—*s.* a casualty, an event
- Incidental**, ʔn-sŷ-dĕn'-tăl, *a.* incidental, casual [commencing]
- Incipient**, ʔn-sŷp'-ŷĕnt, *a.* beginning
- Incision**, ʔn-sŷzh'-tŷn, *s.* a cut, a wound made
- Incitation**, ʔn-sŷ-tă-shŷn, *s.* an incitement, motive [on]
- Incite**, ʔn-sĭte, *v. a.* to stir up, to urge
- Incivility**, ʔn-sŷv'-ŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* want of courtesy, rudeness
- Inclemency**, ʔn-klĕm'-ĕn-sŷ, *s.* cruelty
- Inclement**, ʔn-klĕm'-ĕnt, *a.* harsh
- Inclinal**, ʔn-klĭ'-nĕb'l, *a.* having a tendency
- Inclination**, ʔn-klĭ'-nă-shŷn, *s.* tendency to a point, propension of mind
- Incline**, ʔn-klĭ'ne, *v. n.* to bend, to tend towards any part—*v. a.* to give a tendency or direction to
- Incloister**, ʔn-klŷ's-tér, *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister
- Inclose**, ʔn-klŷze, *v. a.* to surround, to shut in [ced in]
- Inclosure**, ʔn-klŷzh'-ŷre, *s.* ground fence
- Include**, ʔn-klŷ'de, *v. a.* to enclose, to comprise
- Inclusive**, ʔn-klŷ'-sŷv, *a.* comprehending, enclosing
- Incog**, ʔn-kŷg', *ad.* unknown, in private
- Incognito**, ʔn-kŷg'-nŷ-tŷ, *ad.* in a state of concealment
- Incoherence**, ʔn-kŷ-hĕ'-rĕns, *s.* want of connection, incongruity
- Incoherent**, ʔn-kŷ-hĕ'-rĕnt, *a.* inconsistent [to be consumed by fire]
- Incombustible**, ʔn-kŷm-bŷs'-tŷb'l, *a.* not
- Income**, ʔn-kŷm, *s.* revenue, profit
- Incommensurable**, ʔn-kŷm-mĕn-sŷ-rĕb'l, *a.* not to be reduced to measure
- Incommode**, ʔn-kŷm-mŷ'de, *r. a.* to hinder or embarrass
- Incommodious**, ʔn-kŷm-mŷ-dŷús, *a.* inconvenient, vexatious
- Incommunicable**, ʔn-kŷm-mŷ-nŷ-kéb'l, *a.* not impartable, not to be told
- Incompact**, ʔn-kŷm-păkt', *a.* not joined
- Incomparable**, ʔn-kŷm-pă-rĕb'l, *a.* excellent above compare
- Incompatible**, ʔn-kŷm-pă-tŷb'l, *a.* inconsistent with something else
- Incompetency**, ʔn-kŷm-pĕ-tĕn-sŷ, *s.* inability

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe — thus, thick.

- Incompetent, ʔn kôm'-pê-tënt, *a.* not suitable, not adequate
- Incomplete, ʔn-kôm plê'te, *a.* not perfect
- Incompliance, ʔn-kôm-plî-ěns, *s.* untractableness, impracticableness
- Incomprehensible, ʔn-kôm-prê-hěns-sýb'l, *a.* not to be conceived
- Incomprehensibleness, ʔn-kôm-prê-hěns-sýb'l-něs, *s.* unconceivableness
- Incompressible, ʔn-kôm-prěs'sýb'l, *a.* not capable of being compressed into less space [be conceived]
- Inconceivable, ʔn-kôn sě'-véb'l, *a.* not to
- Inconclusive, ʔn-kôn klû'-sív, *a.* not exhibiting cogent evidence
- Inconclusiveness, ʔn-kôn-klû'-sív-něs, *s.* want of rational cogency
- Inconditional, ʔn-kôn-dîsh'-ôn-ăl, *or* Inconditionate, ʔn-kôn-dîsh'-ôn-ět, *a.* not limited
- Inconformity, ʔn-kôn-fôr'-mý-tý, *s.* incompliance
- Incongruence, ʔn-kôn-grû-ěns, *or* Incongruity, ʔn-kông-grû'-ý-tý, *s.* inconsistency, absurdity, disagreement
- Incongruous, in-kông'-grû-ús, *a.* not fitting
- Inconsequence, ʔn-kôn-sě-kwěns, *s.* inconclusiveness, want of just inference [out just conclusion]
- Inconsequent, ʔn kôn'-sě-kwěnt, *a.* with-
- Inconsiderable, ʔn-kôn-sýd'-ér-éb'l, *a.* unworthy of notice
- Inconsiderableness, ʔn-kôn sýd-ér-éb'l-něs, *s.* small importance [less]
- Inconsiderate, ʔn-kôn-sýd'-ér-ět, *a.* care-
- Inconsiderateness, ʔn-kôn-sýd'-ér-ět něs, *or* Inconsideration, ʔn-kôn-sýd ér-ă-shûn, *s.* want of thought, inattention
- Inconsistency, ʔn-kôn-sýs'-těn-sý, *s.* disagreement, absurdity
- Inconsistent, ʔn-kôn-sýs'-těnt, *a.* absurd
- Incon-solable, ʔn-kôn-sô-léb'l, *a.* not to be comforted, sorrowful
- Inconspicuous, ʔn-kôn-spîk ú-ús, *a.* indiscernible, not perceptible
- Inconstancy, ʔn-kôn'stán sý, *s.* unsteadiness
- Inconstant, ʔn-kôn'stánt, *a.* not firm
- Incontestible, ʔn-kôn-těs'-téb'l, *a.* not to be disputed
- Incontiguous, ʔn-kôn-týg'-ú-ús, *a.* not touching each other
- Incontinence, ʔn-kôn'-tý-něns, *s.* intemperance
- Incontinent, ʔn-kôn'-tý-něnt, *a.* unchaste
- Incontrovertible, ʔn-kôn-trô-věrt'-íb'l, *a.* indisputable
- Inconvenient, ʔn-kôn-vě-nyěnt, *a.* unfit
- Inconversible, ʔn-kôn-vér'-séb'l, *a.* unsocial [transmutable]
- Inconvertible, ʔn-kôn vér-tíb'l, *a.* not
- Incorporal, ʔn kôr'-pô-răl, *or* Incorporal, ʔn kôr'-pô-ryăl, *a.* immaterial, distinct from body
- Incorporate, ʔn kôr'-pô-râte, *v. a.* to form into one body, to mix, to unite to a society [terial, unbodied]
- Incorporeal, ʔn-kôr'-pô-ryăl, *a.* immaterial
- Incorrect, ʔn-kôr'-rěkt', *a.* not exact
- Incorrectness, ʔn-kôr'-rěkt'-něs, *s.* inaccuracy, want of exactness
- Incorrigible, ʔn-kôr'-rî-dzhýb'l, *a.* bad beyond correcting, depraved
- Incorrigibleness, ʔn-kôr'-rî-dzhýb'l-něs *s.* hopeless depravity
- Incorrupt, ʔn-kôr'-rûpt', *a.* honest
- Incorruptible, ʔn kôr'-rûp'-tíb'l, *a.* not capable of corruption
- Incorruption, ʔn-kôr'-rûp'-shûn, *s.* incapacity of corruption
- Incrassate, ʔn krăs'-sâte, *v. a.* to thicken
- Incrassation, ʔn-krăs-să-shûn, *s.* the act of thickening [augmentation]
- Increase, ʔn-krě'se, *v. n.* to grow—*s.*
- Incredibility, ʔn-krěd'-ýb'l'-ý-tý, *s.* the quality of surpassing belief [dited]
- Incredible, ʔn-krěd'-ýb'l, *a.* not to be credited
- Incredulity, ʔn-krě-dû-ý-tý, *s.* hardness of belief
- Incredulous, ʔn-krěd'-û-lús, *a.* hard of belief, refusing credit
- Increment, ʔn-krě-měnt, *s.* produce
- Increpation, ʔn-krě-pă-shûn, *s.* chiding.
- Incrust, ʔn-krúst', *v. a.* to cover with an additional coat
- Incrustation, ʔn-krús-tă-shûn, *s.* something superinduced
- Incubate, ʔn-kû-bâte, *v. n.* to hatch
- Incubation, ʔn-kû-bă-shûn, *s.* the act of sitting upon eggs to hatch
- Incubus, ʔn-kû-bús, *s.* the nightmare
- Inculcate, ʔn-kûl kâte, *v. a.* to instruct
- Inculcation, ʔn-kûl-kă-shûn, *s.* the act of instructing
- Inculpable, ʔn kûl'-péb'l, *a.* free from fault or blame
- Incumbent, ʔn-kûm'-běnt, *a.* resting upon, imposing as a duty—*s.* the possessor of a benefice
- Incur, ʔn-kûr', *v. a.* to become liable to
- Incurable, ʔn-kû-réb'l, *a.* hopeless



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt. —

- Incurious, ʼn-kŭ'-ryŭs, *a.* negligent, void of care
- Incursion, ʼn-k ŭ'-shŭn, *s.* an attack
- Incurviate, ʼn-kŭ'-vâte, *v. a.* to bend
- Incurvity, ʼn-kŭ'-vŷ-tŷ, *s.* bending
- Indagate, ʼn-dă-gâte, *v. a.* to search, to examine [to, or in debt
- Indebted, ʼn-dêt'-êd, *part. a.* obliged
- Indecency, ʼn-dê-sên-sŷ, *a.* any thing contrary to good manners
- Indecent, ʼn-dê sênt, *a.* obscene
- Indeclinable, ʼn-dê-klŷ-néb'l, *a.* not varied by terminations
- Indecorous, ʼn dê-kô-rŭs, *a.* indecent
- Indecorum, ʼn-dê-kô-rŭm, *s.* indecency
- Indeed, ʼn-dê-de, *ad.* in reality
- Indefatigable, ʼn-dê-făt'-ŷ-géb'l, *a.* unwearied, not tired
- Indefeasible, ʼn dê-fê'-zŷb'l, *a.* not to be cut off, not to be vacated
- Indefensible, ʼn-dê-fên'-sŷb'l, *a.* what cannot be defended
- Indefinite, ʼn-dêf'-ʼn-ŷt, *a.* unlimited
- Indeliberate, ʼn dê-lŷb'-êr-êt, *a.* rash
- Indelible, ʼn-dêl'-ŷb'l, *a.* not to be effaced [proper decency
- Indelicacy, ʼn dêl'-ŷ-kă-sŷ, *s.* want of
- Indelicate, ʼn-dêl'-ŷ-kêt, *n.* rude, gross
- Indemnify, ʼn-dêm'-nŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to secure against loss or penalty
- Indemnity, ʼn-dêm'-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* security from punishment
- Indent, ʼn-dênt', *v. a.* to scollop
- Indentation, ʼn-dên-tă'-shŭn, *s.* indentation, inequality [or deed
- Indenture, ʼn-dên-tŭre, *s.* a covenant
- Independence, ʼn-dê-pên'-dêns, *or* Independence, ʼn-dê-pên'-dên-cŷ, *s.* freedom, exemption from controul
- Independent, ʼn-dê-pên'-dênt, *a.* free—*s.* one who in religious affairs holds that every congregation is a complete church [to be destroyed
- Indestructible, ʼn-dê-strŭk'-tŷb'l, *a.* not
- Indeterminable, ʼn-dê-têr-mŷ-néb'l, *a.* not to be fixed, not to be defined
- Indeterminate, ʼn-dê-têr'-mŷ nêt, *a.* unfixed
- Indevotion, ʼn-dê-vô'-shŭn, *s.* want of devotion, irreligion
- Indevout, ʼn-dê-vôût', *a.* not devout
- Index, ʼn'-dêks, *s.* the pointer out, the hand that points to any thing, the table of contents to a book
- Indicant, ʼn'-dŷ-kênt, *a.* showing
- Indicate, ʼn'-dŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to show
- Indication, ʼn-dŷ-kă'-shŭn, *s.* mark
- Indicative, ʼn-dŷk'-ă-tŷv, *a.* pointing out, in grammar a modification of a verb expressing affirmation [charge
- Indict, ʼn-dŷ-te, *v. a.* to accuse, to
- Indictable, ʼn-dŷt'-êb'l, *a.* liable to be indicted
- Indiction, ʼn-dŷk'-shŭn, *s.* declaration, proclamation, an epocha of the Roman calendar instituted by Constantine the Great
- Indictment, ʼn-dŷte-mênt, *s.* accusation in a court of justice
- Indifference, ʼn-dŷf'-fêr-êns, *s.* negligence, disinterestedness
- Indifferent, ʼn-dŷf'-fêr-ênt, *a.* neutral
- Indigence, ʼn-dŷ-dzhêns, *s.* want
- Indigenous, ʼn-dŷdzh'-ê-nŭs, *a.* native to a country
- Indigent, ʼn'-dŷ-dzhênt, *a.* poor
- Indigested, ʼn-dŷ dzhêst'-êd, *a.* not formed, not digested
- Indigestion, ʼn-dŷ-dzhêsh'-tŭn, *s.* want of digestion, the state of meats un concocted
- Indigitation, ʼn-dŷdzh-ŷ-tă'-shŭn, *s.* the act of pointing out or showing
- Indignant, ʼn-dŷg'-nênt, *a.* angry
- Indignation, ʼn'-dŷg-na'-shŭn, *s.* anger mingled with contempt or disgust
- Indignity, ʼn-dŷg'-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* contumely
- Indigo, ʼn'-dŷ-gô, *s.* a plant for dying a blue colour
- Indirect, ʼn-dŷ-rêkt', *a.* not straight
- Indiscernible, ʼn-dŷz-êr'-nŷb'l, *a.* not perceptible
- Indiscreet, ʼn-dŷs-krê'te, *a.* imprudent
- Indiscretion, ʼn-dŷs-krêsh'-ŭn, *s.* imprudence, rashness
- Indiscriminate, ʼn-dŷs-krŷm'-ʼn-êt, *a.* undistinguishable, confused
- Indispensable, ʼn-dŷs-pên'-séb'l, *a.* not to be spared, necessary
- Indispose, ʼn-dŷs-pô'ze, *v. a.* to disorder
- Indisposition, ʼn-dŷs-pô-zish'-ŭn, *s.* disorder of health
- Indisputable, ʼn-dŷs-pŭ-téb'l, *a.* uncontrovertible, incontestible
- Indissoluble, ʼn-dŷz-zôl'-vêb'l, *a.* indissoluble, not to be broken
- Indissoluble, ʼn-dŷs-sô-lûb'l, *a.* firm
- Indistinct, ʼn-dŷs-tŷngkt, *a.* confused
- Indistinguishable, ʼn-dŷs-tŷng'-gŷsh'-êb'l, *a.* which cannot be distinguished
- Indite, ʼn-dŷ-te, *v. a.* to compose, to draw up
- Individual, ʼn-dŷ-vŷd'-û-ăl, *a.* not to be divided—*s.* every single person

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Indivisible, ʏn-dŷv-ʏz'-ʏb'l, *a.* what cannot be broken into parts

Indocible, ʏn-dôs'-ʏb'l, *or* Indocil, ʏn-dôs' ʏl, *a.* unteachable

Indocility, ʏn-dô-sil'-ʏ-tŷ, *s.* unteachableness, refusal of instruction

Indolence, ʏn'-dô-lëns, *s.* laziness

Indolent, ʏn'-dô-lënt, *a.* lazy

Indorse, ʏn-dô'rs, *v. a.* to write on the back

Indraught, ʏn'-dræft, *s.* an inlet

Indrench, ʏn'-drënsh', *v. a.* to soak

Indubitable, ʏn dû' bŷ-téb'l, *a.* certain

Induce, ʏn-dû'se, *v. a.* to persuade

Inducement, ʏn-dû'se-mënt, *s.* motive to any thing

Induct, ʏn-dûkt', *v. a.* to introduce, to put in possession of a benefice

Induction, ʏn-dûk'-shûn, *s.* a taking possession [gratify

Indulge, ʏn-dûldzh', *v. a.* to fondle, to

Indulgence, ʏn-dûl'-dzhëns, *s.* fondness

Indulgent, ʏn dûl'-dzhënt, *a.* kind

Indurate, ʏn'-dû-â'te, *v. a.* to harden

Induration, ʏn-dû â shûn, *s.* the act of hardening

Industrious, ʏn-dûs'-tryús, *a.* diligent

Industry, ʏn'-dûs-trŷ, *s.* diligence

Intebriate, ʏn-é'-brŷ-âte, *v. a.* to intoxicate

Inedited, ʏn-éd'-ŷt-éd, *a.* unpublished

Ineffable, ʏn-éf'-féb'l, *a.* unspeakable

Ineffective, ʏn-éf fék'-tŷv, *a.* that which can produce no effect

Ineffectual, ʏn-éf-fék'-tû-âl, *a.* weak

Inefficacy, ʏn-éf-fŷ-kâ-sŷ, *s.* want of power [gance

Inelegance, ʏn-él'-ê-gëns, *s.* want of elegance

Inelegant, ʏn él'-ê-gënt, *a.* mean

Ineptitude, ʏn-ép'-tŷ-tûde, *s.* unfitness

Inequality, ʏn-ê-kwâl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* unevenness

Inert, ʏn-ért, *a.* dull, sluggish

Inestimable, ʏn-ës'-tŷ-méb'l, *a.* invaluable

Inevident, ʏn-év'-ŷ dënt, *a.* not plain

Inevitable, ʏn-év'-ŷ-téb'l, *a.* certain

Inexcusable, ʏn-ëks-kû'-zéb'l, *a.* not to be excused [cannot evaporate

Inexhalable, ʏn-ëks-hâ'-léb'l, *a.* that which

Inexhaustible, ʏn-ëks-hâs'-tŷb'l, *a.* not to be spent [moved by intreaty

Inexorable, ʏn-ëks-ô réb'l, *a.* not to be

Inexpedience, ʏn-ëks-pé-dyëns, *s.* want of fitness

Inexpedient, ʏn-ëks-pé-dyënt, *a.* unfit

Inexperience, ʏn-ëks-pé-ryëns, *s.* want of experimental knowledge

Inexpert, ʏn-ëks-pért', *a.* unskilful

Inexpiable, ʏn-ëks'-pŷ-éb'l, *a.* not to be atoned [tle of being explained

Inexplicable, ʏn-ëks'-plŷ-keb'l, *a.* incapable

Inexpressible, ʏn-ëks-prës'-sŷb'l, *a.* not to be described [éb'l, *a.* unquenchable

Inextinguishable, ʏn-ëk'-stŷng'-gwŷsh-

Inextricable, ʏn-ëks'-trŷ-kéb'l, *a.* not to be disentangled

Infallibility, ʏn-fâl-lŷ-bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* inerrability [mistake

Infallible, ʏn-fâl ʏb'l, *a.* incapable of

Infamous, ʏn-fâ-mús, *a.* base, vile

Infamy, ʏn'-fâ-mŷ, *s.* notoriety of bad character [life

Infancy, ʏn'-fën-sŷ, *s.* the first part of

Infant, ʏn'-fënt, *s.* a child under seven years of age

Infanta, ʏn-tân'-tâ, *s.* a Spanish princess

Infantile, ʏn'-fân-tŷle, *a.* pertaining to an infant [of an army

Infantry, ʏn'-fân-trŷ, *s.* the foot soldiers

Infatuate, ʏn-fât'-û-âte, *v. a.* to bewitch

Infatuation, ʏn-fât-û-â'-shûn, *s.* deprivation of reason

Infect, ʏn-fékt', *v. a.* to taint

Infection, ʏn-fék'-shûn, *s.* contagion

Infectious, ʏn-fék'-shûs, *a.* contagious

Infelicity, ʏn-fë-lŷs'-ŷ-ŷ, *s.* misery, calamity

Infeoff, ʏn-fëf', *v. a.* to unite to the fee

Infer, ʏn-fër', *v. a.* to induce

Inference, ʏn'-fë-rëns, *s.* conclusion drawn from previous arguments

Inferior, ʏn fë-ryór, *s.* lower in place

Inferiority, ʏn-fë-ryór'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* lower state of dignity or value

Infernal, ʏn-fër'-nâl, *a.* hellish

Infertile, ʏn-fër'-tŷl, *a.* unfruitful

Infest, ʏn-fëst', *v. a.* to disturb

Infidel, ʏn-fŷ-dél, *s.* an unbeliever

Infidelity, ʏn-fŷ-dël'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* want of faith

Infinite, ʏn'-fŷ-nŷt, *a.* unbounded

Infinitive, ʏn-fŷn'-ŷt-ŷv, *s.* a mood in grammar

Infinitude, ʏn-fŷn'-ŷ-tûde, *s.* infinity

Infinity, ʏn-fŷn'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* immensity

Infirm, ʏn-fŷrm', *a.* weak, feeble

Infirmity, ʏn-fŷr'-mâr-ŷ, *s.* lodgings for the sick [ing, malady

Infirmity, ʏn-fŷr-mŷ-tŷ, *s.* weakness, fail-

Inflame, ʏn-flâ'me, *v. a.* to kindle, to set one fire, to provoke

Inflammability, ʏn-flâm-mâ-bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* quality of catching fire

Inflammable, ʏn-flâm'-méb'l, *a.* easy to be inflamed

**Sounds**—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt. —

**Inflammation**, ʼn-flām-mā'-shŭn, *s.* the act of inflaming, state of being inflamed

**Inflammatory**, ʼn-flām'-mā-tór-ŷ, *a.* having power to inflame

**Inflate**, ʼn-flāte, *v. n.* to swell or puff up with wind

**Inflation**, ʼn-flā'-shŭn, *s.* the state of being swelled with wind, flatulence

**Inflect**, ʼn-flĕk't, *v. a.* to crook, to bend, to turn, to vary [ing

**Inflection**, ʼn-flĕk'-shŭn, *s.* act of inflect-

**Inflective**, ʼn flĕk'-tīv, *a.* having the power of inflecting [terable

**Inflexible**, ʼn-flĕks'-ĕb'l, *a.* stiff, unal-

**Inflict**, ʼn-flĭkt, *v. a.* to put in act or impose as a punishment

**Infliction**, ʼn-flĭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of inflicting punishment [to inflict

**Inflictive**, ʼn-flĭk'-tīv, *a.* tending or able

**Influence**, ʼn'-flū-ĕns, *s.* an ascendant power, sway, bias—*v. a.* to act upon with impulsive power, to bias

**Influent**, ʼn'-flū ĕnt, *a.* flowing into

**Influential**, ʼn-flū-ĕn'-shāl, *a.* exerting influence or power [disease

**Influenza**, ʼn-flū ĕn'-zā, *s.* an epidemic

**Influx**, ʼn'-flŭks, *s.* the act of flowing in, infusion [leaves

**Infoliate**, ʼn-fō'-lyāte, *v. a.* to cover with

**Inform**, ʼn-fōrm, *v. a.* to animate, to instruct, to acquaint—*v. n.* to give intelligence [form

**Informal**, ʼn-fōr-māl, *a.* not in due

**Informality**, ʼn-fōr-māl'-t-ŷ, *s.* want of due form [forms

**Informant**, ʼn-fōr-mĕnt, *s.* one who in-

**Information**, ʼn-fōr-mā'-shŭn, *s.* intelligence, instruction, accusation

**Infract**, ʼn-frăkt', *v. a.* to break in pieces

**Infraction**, ʼn-frăk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of breaking, violation

**Infringe**, ʼn-frĭndzh', *v. a.* to violate, to break a contract

**Infuriate**, ʼn-fŭ'-ryĕt, *a.* enraged, raging

**Infuscation**, ʼn-fŭs-kā'-shŭn, *s.* the act of making dark

**Infuse**, ʼn-fŭse, *v. a.* to pour in, to instil, to steep, to tincture, to inspire with [infused, not fusible

**Infusible**, ʼn-fŭ'-zĭb'l, *a.* impossible to be

**Infusion**, ʼn-fŭ'-zhŭn, *s.* the act of infusing, liquor made by infusion

**Infusive**, ʼn-fŭ'-sĭv, *a.* having the power of infusion, or of being infused

**Ingathering**, ʼn-găth'-ĕr-ŷng, *s.* the getting in the harvest

**Ingeminate**, ʼn dzĕm'-ŷn-āte, *v. a.* to double, to repeat

**Ingenerate**, ʼn-dzhĕn'-ĕr-ĕt, or **Ingencrated**, ʼn-dzhĕn'-ĕr-ā-tĕd, *a.* unbegot-

ten [tive

**Ingenious**, ʼn-dzhĕ'-nyŭs, *a.* witty, inven-

**Ingenuity**, ʼn-dzhĕ-nŭ'-t-ŷ, *s.* invention, genius, subtilty, candour

**Ingenuous**, ʼn-dzhĕn'-ŭ-ŭs, *a.* open, fair, generous, noble [the stomach

**Ingest**, ʼn-dzhĕst', *v. a.* to throw into

**Inglorious**, ʼn-glō'-ryŭs, *a.* dishonourable, mean

**Ingot**, ʼn'-gŏt, *s.* a wedge of gold or silver, &c.

**Ingraft**, ʼn-grăft', *v. a.* to plant the sprig of one tree in the stock of another, to fix deep

**Ingrate**, ʼn-grāte, *a.* ungrateful

**Ingratiate**, ʼn-grā-shyāte, *v. a.* to get into favour, &c. [fulness

**Ingratitude**, ʼn-grăt'-t-tŭde, *s.* unthank-

**Ingredient**, ʼn-grĕ-dyĕnt, *s.* a component part [entrance

**Ingress**, ʼn-grĕs, *s.* entrance, power of

**Ingression**, ʼn-grĕsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of entering [a gulf

**Ingulph**, ʼn-gŭlf, *v. a.* to swallow up in

**Inguinal**, ʼn'-gwĭn-āl, *a.* belonging to the groin

**Ingulph**, ʼn gŭlf', *v. a.* to swallow up in, or cast into a gulph

**Ingurgitate**, ʼn-gŭr'-dzhĭtāte, *v. a.* to swallow greedily

**Inhabit**, ʼn-hăb'-ĭt, *v. a.* to dwell in

**Inhabitable**, ʼn-hăb'-t-tĕb'l, *a.* that may be inhabited

**Inhabitant**, ʼn-hăb'-t-ĕnt, *s.* a dweller

**Inhale**, ʼn-hāle, *v. a.* to draw in with air, to inspire [musical

**Inharmonious**, ʼn-hăr-mŏn'-yŭs, *a.* un-

**Inherent**, ʼn-hĕr'-ĕnt, *a.* existing in something else, innate, inborn

**Inherit**, ʼn hĕr'-ĭt, *v. a.* to receive or possess by inheritance

**Inheritance**, ʼn-hĕr'-t-ĕns, *s.* hereditary possession, patrimony

**Inheritor**, ʼn-hĕr'-t-ŏr, *s.* an heir

**Inhibit**, ʼn-hĭb'-ĭt, *v. a.* to restrain

**Inhibition**, ʼn-hĭ-bĭsh'-ŭn, *s.* prohibition

**Inhold**, ʼn-hŏld, *v. a.* to contain in itself [to strangers

**Inhospitable**, ʼn-hŏs'-pĭ-tĕb'l, *a.* unkind

**Inhuman**, ʼn-hŭ'-măn, *a.* barbarous

**Inhumanity**, ʼn-hŭ'-măn'-t-ŷ, *s.* cruelty

**Inhume**, ʼn-hŭ'-māte, or **Inhumie**, ʼn-hŭ-me, *v. a.* to bury, to inter

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Inject, Yn-dzhěkt', *v. a.* to dart in  
Injection, Yn-dzhěk'-shūn, *s.* the act of casting in [trary, repugnant  
Inimical, Yn-Ym'-i-kāl, *a.* hostile, con-  
Inimitable, Yn-Ym'-i-téb'l, *a.* not to be copied  
Iniquitous, Yn-Yk'-wí-tús, *a.* wicked  
Iniquity, Yn-Yk'-wí-tý, *s.* injustice, sin  
Initial, Yn-Ysh'-yál, *a.* placed at the beginning [instruct  
Initiate, Yn-Ysh'-yáte, *v. a.* to enter, to  
Injudicial, Yn-dzhû-dísh'-ál, *a.* not according to form of law [judgment  
Injudicious, Yn-dzhû-dísh'-ús, *s.* void of  
Injunction, Yn-dzhüngk-shūn, *s.* an order  
Injure, Yn-dzhûr, *v. a.* to annoy  
Injurious, Yn-dzhû-ryús, *a.* unjust  
Injury, Yn-dzhûr-Y, *s.* mischief  
Injustice, Yn-dzhûs-Ys, *s.* iniquity  
Ink, Yngk', *s.* the black liquor with which we write  
Inkhorn, Yngk'-hörn, *s.* a portable case of writing instruments  
Inkle, Yngk'l, *s.* a narrow fillet, a tape  
Inkling, Yngk'-lǐng, *s.* a hint, a whisper  
Inky, Yngk'-ý, *a.* consisting of ink, black  
Inlaid, Yn-lá'de, *a.* inserted into a different substance, variegated  
Inland, Yn-lánd, *a.* interior  
Inlay, Yn-lá', *v. a.* to variegate  
Inlaw, Yn-lá, *v. a.* to clear of outlawry  
Inlet, Yn-lét, *s.* place of ingress  
Inmate, Yn-máte, *s.* an in-dweller  
Inmost, Yn-möst, *a.* remotest, deepest  
Inn, Yn', *s.* house of entertainment for travellers, college for students at law  
Innate, Yn-náte, *a.* inborn  
Inner, Yn-nér, *a.* not outward  
Innholder, Yn-höl-dér, *or* Innkeeper, Yn-ké-pér, *s.* one who keeps lodgings and provisions for travellers  
Innocence, Yn-nō-sěns, *s.* purity  
Innocent, Yn-nō-sěnt, *a.* pure, harmless  
Innocuous, Yn-nōk'-û-ús, *a.* harmless in effects  
Innovate, Yn-nō-váte, *v. a.* to introduce novelties  
Innovation, Yn-nō-vá'-shūn, *s.* the introduction of novelty  
Innovafor, Yn-nō-vá-tór, *s.* one who introduces novelties  
Inuendo, Yn-û-ěn'-dō, *s.* an oblique hint  
Innumerable, Yn-nû-mér-éb'l, *a.* not to be numbered  
Inoculate, Yn-ōk'-û-láte, *v. n.* to insert a bud or matter of infection—*v. a.* to affect by inoculation  
Inoculation, Yn-ōk'-û-lá'-shūn, *s.* insertion of matter of infection  
Inoffensive, Yn-ōf-fén-sív, *a.* harmless, innocent [sudden  
Inopinate, Yn-ōp'-Y-nět, *a.* not expected,  
Inordinate, Yn-ōr-dY-nět, *a.* irregular, disorderly [by contact  
Inosculate, Yn-ōs'-kû-láte, *v. n.* to unite  
Inosculatation, Yn-ōs-kû-lá'-shūn, *s.* an union, a kiss [a jury  
Inquest, Yn-kwěst, *s.* a judicial inquiry,  
Inquietude, Yn-kwí'-ě-tùde, *s.* want of quiet, uneasiness  
Inquire, Yn-kwí're, *v. n.* to ask questions, to make search or examination —*v. a.* to ask, to seek out  
Inquiry, Yn-kwí-rý, *s.* an examination, a search  
Inquisition, Yn-kwíZ'-sh'-ūn, *s.* judicial inquiry, court to detect heresy  
Inquisitive, Yn-kwíZ'-Yt-Yv, *a.* curious  
Inquisitor, Yn-kwíZ'-Yt-ór, *s.* a judge in the court of inquisition  
Inroad, Yn-rōde, *s.* incursion  
Insane, Yn-sá'ne, *a.* mad, making mad  
Insanity, Yn-sán'-Y-tý, *s.* madness  
Insatiable, Yn-sá'-shéb'l, *a.* not to be satisfied [fied, greedy  
Insatiate, Yn-sá'-shyáte, *a.* never satisfied  
Inscribe, Yn-skrí'be, *v. a.* to dedicate  
Inscription, Yn-skríp'-shūn, *s.* a title, something written or engraved  
Inscrutable, Yn-skrû'-téb'l, *a.* unsearchable [flying animal  
Insect, Yn-sěkt, *s.* a small creeping or  
Insection, Yn-sěk'-shūn, *s.* a cutting into  
Insecure, Yn-sě-kû're, *a.* not secure  
Insecurity, Yn-sě-kû-rí-tý, *s.* danger  
Insensate, Yn-sěn'-sět, *a.* stupid  
Insensibility, Yn-sěn-sý-býl'-Y-tý, *s.* stupidity  
Insensible, Yn-sěn-sýb'l, *a.* void of sense  
Inseparable, Yn-sěp'-ár-éb'l, *a.* not to be disjoined [amongst other things  
Insert, Yn-sért', *v. a.* to place in or  
Insertion, Yn-sér'-shūn, *s.* the act of inserting, the thing inserted  
Inservient, Yn-zér'-vyěnt, *a.* conducive  
Inshrine, Yn-shrí'ne, *v. a.* to enclose in a shrine  
Inside, Yn-síde, *s.* the interior part  
Insidious, Yn-síd'-yús, *a.* treacherous  
Insight, Yn-síte, *s.* inspection [less  
Insignificant, Yn-sýg-nýf'-Y-kěnt, *a.* worthless  
Insincere, Yn-sín-sě're, *a.* unfaithful  
Insincerity, Yn-sín-sér'-Y-tý, *s.* dissimulation



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt. —

Insinuant, ʏn-sŷn'-û-ént, *a.* able to gain favour  
 Insinuate, ʏn-sŷn'-û-âte, *v. a.* to instil, to hint  
 Insinuation, ʏn-sŷn'-û-â'-shŷn, *s.* the act of pleasing, a stealing upon the affections, a hint  
 Insipid, ʏn-sŷp'-ŷd, *a.* without taste  
 Insipidity, ʏn-sŷ-pŷd'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* want of taste  
 Insipience, ʏn-sŷp'-yéns, *s.* folly  
 Insist, ʏn-sŷst', *v. n.* to persist in  
 Insnare, ʏn-snâ're, *v. a.* to intrap  
 Insociable, ʏn sô'-shéb'l, *a.* averse from conversation [to the sun  
 Insolation, ʏn-sô lâ'-shŷn, *s.* exposition  
 Insolence, ʏn' sô-lěns, *s.* insulting pride, contempt of others  
 Insolent, ʏn'-sô lěnt, *a.* haughty  
 Insolvable, ʏn-sôl'-vėb'l, *a.* that cannot be paid [solved or separated  
 Insoluble, ʏn-sôl'-úb'l, *a.* not to be dissolved  
 Insolvency, ʏn-sôl'-vėn-sŷ, *s.* inability to pay debts  
 Insolvent, ʏn-sôl'-vėnt, *a.* unable to pay  
 Insomuch, ʏn-sô-mŷtsh', *conj.* so that  
 Inspect, ʏn-spėkt', *v. a.* to superintend  
 Inspection, ʏn-spėk'-shŷn, *s.* close survey [tendant  
 Inspector, ʏn-spėk'-tór, *s.* a superintendent  
 Inspersion, ʏn-spér'-shŷn, *s.* a sprinkling  
 Inspiration, ʏn-spŷ-râ'-shŷn, *s.* the act of drawing in the breath, an heavenly impulse or suggestion  
 Inspire, ʏn-spŷr'e, *v. a.* to breathe  
 Inspirit, ʏn-spŷr'-ŷt, *v. a.* to animate  
 Inspissate, ʏn-spŷs'-sâte, *v. a.* to thicken  
 Inspissation, ʏn-spŷs-sâ'-shŷn, *s.* the act of making any liquid thick  
 Instability, ʏn-stâ-bŷl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* inconstancy  
 Instable, ʏn-stâb'l, *a.* inconstant  
 Install, ʏn stâl', *v. a.* to invest  
 Installation, ʏn-stâl'-lâ'-shŷn, *s.* the act of giving visible possession  
 Instalment, ʏn-stâl'-mėnt, *s.* the act of installing  
 Instance, ʏn'-stâns, *s.* importunity, solicitation, motive, influence  
 Instant, ʏn'-stânt, *a.* pressing, urgent—*s.* the pre-sent month [in an instant  
 Instantaneous, ʏn-stân-tâ'-nyús, *a.* done  
 Instantly, ʏn-stént'-lŷ, *ad.* speedily, immediately  
 Instate, ʏn-stâ'te, *v. a.* to invest  
 Instauration, ʏn-stâ-râ'-shŷn, *s.* restoration  
 Instead, ʏn-stėd', *prep.* in room of

Instep, ʏn'-stėp, *s.* the upper part of the foot  
 Instigate, ʏn'-stŷ-gâte, *v. a.* to urge to ill  
 Instigation, ʏn-stŷ-gâ'-shŷn, *s.* impulse to ill  
 Instigator, ʏn'-stŷ-gâ-tór, *s.* inciter to ill  
 Instil, ʏn-stŷl', *v. a.* to infuse by drops  
 Instillation, ʏn-stŷl-lâ'-shŷn, *s.* the act of dropping, the act of infusing slowly into the mind [aversion  
 Instinct, ʏn'-stŷngkt, *s.* natural desire or instinctive, ʏn-stŷngk-tŷv, *a.* acting without the application or choice of reason [s. established law  
 Institute, ʏn'-stŷ-tŷtė, *v. n.* to establish—  
 Institution, ʏn-stŷ-tŷ'-shŷn, *s.* establishment  
 Instruct, ʏn strŷkt', *v. a.* to teach  
 Instructor, ʏn-strŷk'-tór, *s.* a teacher  
 Instruction, ʏn strŷk'-shŷn, *s.* the act of teaching, information, mandate  
 Instructive, ʏn-strŷk'-tŷv, *a.* conveying knowledge [deed  
 Instrument, ʏn'-strŷ-mėnt, *s.* a tool, a  
 Instrumental, ʏn-strŷ-mėn'-tâl, *a.* conducive as means to some end [ble  
 Insufferable, ʏn-sŷf'-fėr-ėb'l, *a.* intolerable  
 Insufficiency, ʏn-sŷf-fŷsh'-ėn-sŷ, *s.* inability [abilities  
 Insufficient, ʏn-sŷf-fŷsh'-ėnt, *a.* wanting  
 Insular, ʏn'-sŷ-lâr, *a.* belonging to an island [island  
 Insulate, ʏn'-sŷ-lâte, *v. a.* to make an  
 Insult, ʏn-sŷlt', *s.* act of insolence  
 Insult, ʏn sŷlt', *v. a.* to treat with insolence  
 Insuperability, ʏn-sŷ-pér-â-bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* the quality of being insurmountable  
 Insuperable, ʏn-sŷ-pér-ėb'l, *a.* insurmountable [lerable  
 Insupportable, ʏn-sŷp-pór-tėb'l, *a.* into-  
 Insurance, ʏn-shŷ-rėns, *s.* money paid to ensure from loss  
 Insurmountable, ʏn-sŷr-mŷn'-tėb'l, *a.* not to be got over [tious rising  
 Insurrection, ʏn-sŷr-rėk'-shŷn, *s.* a sedition  
 Intaglio, ʏn-tâl'-yŷ, *s.* any thing that has figures engraved on it  
 Intangible, ʏn-tân'dzh'-ŷb'l, *a.* what cannot be touched  
 Integer, ʏn'-tė-gėr, *s.* the whole of any thing, one entire number, &c.  
 Integral, ʏn'-tė-grâl, *a.* whole  
 Integrity, ʏn-tėg'-rŷ-tŷ, *s.* honesty, entireness [ing  
 Integument, ʏn-tėg'-ŷ-mėnt, *s.* a covering  
 Intellect, ʏn-tėl-lėkt, *s.* understanding

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

|                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Intellective, ʼn-tël-lëk'-tŷv, <i>a.</i> having power to understand                                        | Interior, ʼn-të'-ryór, <i>a.</i> internal                                                                         |
| Intellectual, ʼn-tël-lëk'-tû-äl, <i>a.</i> ideal                                                           | Interknowledge, ʼn-tër-nöl'-ëdzh, <i>s.</i> mutual knowledge                                                      |
| Intelligence, ʼn-tël'-ŷ-gëns, <i>s.</i> skill, understanding, information                                  | Interlace, ʼn-tër-lä'se, <i>v. a.</i> to intermix                                                                 |
| Intelligent, ʼn-tël'-ŷ dzhënt, <i>a.</i> knowing                                                           | Interlapse, ʼn-tër-läps, <i>s.</i> the flow of time between any two events                                        |
| Intelligible, ʼn-tël-lŷdzh-'ŷb'l, <i>a.</i> easily understood                                              | Interlard, ʼn-tër-lärd, <i>v. a.</i> to insert between, to diversify by mixture                                   |
| Intemperament, ʼn-tëm'-për-ž-mënt, <i>s.</i> bad constitution                                              | Interleave, ʼn-tër-lëve, <i>v. a.</i> to insert blank leaves between printed ones                                 |
| Intemperance, ʼn-tëm'-për-ëns, <i>s.</i> excess                                                            | Interline, ʼn-tër-líne, <i>v. a.</i> to write between the lines                                                   |
| Intemperate, ʼn-tëm'-për-ët, <i>a.</i> immoderate [cess of some quality]                                   | Interlineation, ʼn-tër-lŷn-yä-shŷn, <i>s.</i> correction made by writing between the lines [in another]           |
| Temperature, ʼn-tëm'-për-ä-türe, <i>s.</i> ex-                                                             | Interlink, ʼn-tër-lŷngk', <i>v. a.</i> to join one                                                                |
| Intend, ʼn-tënd', <i>v. a.</i> to mean                                                                     | Interlocution, ʼn-tër-lō-kŷ-shŷn, <i>s.</i> a dialogue [sisting of dialogue]                                      |
| Intendant, ʼn-tën'-dënt, <i>s.</i> an officer of the highest class [not be held]                           | Interlocutory, ʼn-tër-lō-kŷ-tór-ŷ, <i>a.</i> con-                                                                 |
| Intenable, ʼn-tën-'ŷb'l, <i>a.</i> that which cannot                                                       | Interlope, ʼn-tër-lōpe, <i>v. n.</i> to obtrude into or between [between]                                         |
| Intense, ʼn-tëns', <i>a.</i> vehement                                                                      | Interlucent, ʼn-tër-lū-sënt, <i>a.</i> shining                                                                    |
| Intensive, ʼn-tën'-sŷv, <i>a.</i> strong, unremitting <i>s.</i> a design, a drift                          | Interlude, ʼn-tër-lūdē, <i>s.</i> a farce                                                                         |
| Intent, ʼn-tënt', <i>a.</i> anxiously diligent—                                                            | Intermarriage, ʼn-tër-mär'-rŷdzh, <i>s.</i> marriage between two families, where each takes one and gives another |
| Intention, ʼn-tën'-shŷn <i>s.</i> design                                                                   | Intermeddle, ʼn-tër-méd'l, <i>v. n.</i> to interpose officiously                                                  |
| Intentional, ʼn-tën'-shŷn-äl, <i>n.</i> designed                                                           | Intermedial, ʼn-tër-iné-dyäl, <i>or</i> Intermediate, ʼn-tër-mé-dyët, <i>a.</i> lying between, intervening        |
| Inter, ʼn-tër, <i>v. a.</i> to bury                                                                        | Interment, ʼn-tër-mënt, <i>s.</i> burial                                                                          |
| Intercalary, ʼn-tër-kä'-lär-ŷ, <i>s.</i> inserted out of the common order to preserve the equation of time | Interminable, ʼn-tër-mŷn-éb'l, <i>or</i> Intermediate, ʼn-tër-mŷn-ët, <i>a.</i> unbounded                         |
| Intercalation, ʼn-tër-kä-lä-shŷn, <i>s.</i> an insertion of a day                                          | Intermingle, ʼn-tër-mŷng'l, <i>v. a.</i> to mingle                                                                |
| Intercede, ʼn-tër-sé'de, <i>v. n.</i> to mediate                                                           | Intermission, ʼn-tër-mŷsh'-ŷn, <i>s.</i> pause                                                                    |
| Intercept, ʼn-tër-sëpt', <i>v. a.</i> to stop                                                              | Intermissive, ʼn-tër-mŷs'-sŷv, <i>a.</i> not continual [between the fits]                                         |
| Intercession, ʼn-tër-sësh'-ŷn, <i>s.</i> mediation                                                         | Intermit, ʼn-tër-mŷt', <i>v. n.</i> to grow mild                                                                  |
| Intercessor, ʼn-tër-sës'-sór, <i>s.</i> mediator                                                           | Intermittent, ʼn-tër-mŷt'-tënt, <i>a.</i> coming by fits [together]                                               |
| Interchange, ʼn-tër-tshändzh', <i>v. a.</i> to succeed alternately [merce]                                 | Intermix, ʼn-tër-mŷks', <i>v. a.</i> to mingle                                                                    |
| Interchange, ʼn-tër-tshändzh, <i>s.</i> commut-                                                            | Intermixture, ʼn-tër-mŷks-türe, <i>s.</i> mass formed by mingled bodies                                           |
| Intercept, ʼn-tër-sŷp'-yént, <i>s.</i> an intercepting power                                               | Intermundane, ʼn-tër-mŷn'-däne, <i>a.</i> subsisting between worlds                                               |
| Intercommunication, ʼn-tër-kō-lüm-nyä'-shŷn, <i>s.</i> space between the pillars                           | Intermural, ʼn-tër-mŷ-räl, <i>a.</i> lying between walls [interchanged]                                           |
| Intercourse, ʼn-tër-körse, <i>s.</i> commerce                                                              | Intermutual, ʼn-tër-mŷ-tŷ-äl, <i>a.</i> mutual,                                                                   |
| Interdict, ʼn-tër-dŷkt', <i>v. a.</i> to forbid                                                            | Internal, ʼn-tër-näl, <i>a.</i> inward                                                                            |
| Interdict, ʼn-tër-dŷkt, <i>s.</i> a prohibition                                                            | Internuncio, ʼn-tër-nŷn'-shyō, <i>s.</i> a messenger between two parties                                          |
| Interdiction, ʼn-tër-dŷk'-shŷn, <i>s.</i> a curse                                                          | Interpellation, ʼn-tër-pël-lä-shŷn, <i>s.</i> a summons, a call upon                                              |
| Interest, ʼn-tër-ëst, <i>v. a.</i> to concern— <i>s.</i> concern, advantage                                | Interpolate, ʼn-tër-pō-läte, <i>v. a.</i> to insert words improperly [thing foisted in]                           |
| Interfere, ʼn-tër-fë're, <i>v. a.</i> to interpose                                                         | Interpolation, ʼn-tër-pō-lä-shŷn, <i>s.</i> some-                                                                 |
| Interfluent, ʼn-tër-flü-ënt, <i>a.</i> flowing between [between]                                           |                                                                                                                   |
| Interjacent, ʼn-tër-dzhä'-sënt, <i>a.</i> lying                                                            |                                                                                                                   |
| Interjection, ʼn-tër-dzhëk'-shŷn, <i>s.</i> a sudden exclamation                                           |                                                                                                                   |
| Interim, ʼn-tër-ŷm, <i>s.</i> meantime                                                                     |                                                                                                                   |
| Interjoin, ʼn-tër-dzhŷŷn, <i>v. n.</i> to intermarry                                                       |                                                                                                                   |

*Sounds.* —hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt—

- Interpolator, ʼn-tér-pō-lă-tór, *s.* one who foists in counterfeit passages
- Interposál, ʼn-tér-pō-zăl, *s.* interposition
- Interpose, ʼn-tér-pō-zē, *v. a.* to mediate
- Interposition, ʼn-tér-pō-zĭsh'-ŭn, *s.* agency between parties
- Interpret, ʼn-tér-prēt, *v. a.* to explain
- Interpretation, ʼn-tér-prē-tă-shŭn, *s.* explanation [explains or translates]
- Interpreter, ʼn-tér-prē-tér, *s.* one who
- Interregnum, ʼn-tér-rég-núm, *or* Inter-reign, ʼn-tér ráne, *s.* space between the loss of one king and the succession of another, vacancy of the throne
- Interrogate, ʼn-tér-rō-gâte, *v. a.* to examine
- Interrogation, ʼn-tér-rō-gă-shŭn, *s.* a question put, an inquiry, a note that marks a question, thus ?
- Interrogative, ʼn-tér rōg'-ă-tĭv, *s.* a pronoun used in asking questions, as who? what?
- Interrogatory, ʼn-tér-rōg'-ă-tór-ŷ, *s.* a question
- Interrupt, ʼn-tér-rŭpt', *v. a.* to hinder
- Interruption, ʼn-tér-rŭp'-shŭn, *s.* a stop, hindrance
- Intersect, ʼn-tér-sĕkt', *v. a.* to cut
- Intersection, ʼn-tér-sĕk'-shŭn, *s.* the point where lines cross each other
- Intersperse, ʼn-tér-spĕrs', *v. a.* to scatter here and there
- Interstice, ʼn-tér-stĭs, *s.* space between one thing and another
- Intertexture, ʼn-tér-tĕks'-tŭre, *s.* an interwoven state [by twisting]
- Intertwine, ʼn-tér-twĭ'ne, *v. a.* to unite
- Interval, ʼn-tér-văl, *s.* space between, time passing between two assignable points [tween]
- Intervene, ʼn-tér-vĕ'ne, *v. n.* to come between
- Intervient, ʼn-tér-vĕ-nyĕnt, *a.* passing between
- Intervention, ʼn-tér-vĕn'-shŭn, *s.* agency
- Interview, ʼn-tér-vŭ, *s.* mutual sight
- Intervolve, ʼn-tér-vŏlv', *v. a.* to involve one within another
- Interweave, ʼn-tér-wĕ've, *v. a.* to mix one with another in a regular texture
- Intestate, ʼn-tĕs'-tâte, *a.* dying without a will
- Intestinal, ʼn-tĕs'-tĭn-ăl, *a.* belonging to the guts
- Intestine, ʼn-tĕs'-tĭn, *a.* internal
- Intestines, ʼn-tĕs'-tĭnz, *s. pl.* the bowels
- Inthral, ʼn-thrăl', *v. a.* to enslave
- Intimacy, ʼn-tĭ-mă-sŷ, *s.* familiarity
- Intimate, ʼn-tĭ-mĕt, *a.* familiar, closely acquainted—*s.* a familiar friend
- Intimate, ʼn-tĭ-mâte, *v. a.* to hint
- Intimation, ʼn-tĭ-mă-shŭn, *s.* a hint, an obscure or indirect declaration
- Intimidate, ʼn-tĭm'-ĭ-date, *v. n.* to dishearten
- Intire, ʼn-tĭ're, *a.* whole, unbroken
- Into, ʼn-tŏ, *prep.* noting entrance
- Intolerable, ʼn-tŏl-ér-ĕbl, *or* Intolerant, ʼn-tŏl-ér-ĕnt, *a.* insufferable, not to be endured [thundering]
- Intonation, ʼn-tŏ-nă-shŭn, *s.* the act of
- Intoxicate, ʼn-tŏks'-ĭ-kâte, *v. a.* to make drunk [briation]
- Intoxication, ʼn-tŏks'-ĭ-kă-shŭn, *s.* inebriation
- Intractable, ʼn-trĕk'-tĕbl, *a.* furious, not to be led or drawn
- Intransmutable, ʼn-trăns mŭ'-tĕbl, *a.* unchangeable to any other substance
- Intreat, ʼn-trĕ'te, *v. a.* to supplicate
- Intrench, ʼn-trĕnsh', *v. n.* to encroach—*v. a.* to break with hollows, to fortify with a trench
- Intrenchment, ʼn-trĕnsh' mĕnt, *s.* a fortification by trenches [brave]
- Intrepid, ʼn-trĕp'-ĭd, *a.* fearless, bold,
- Intrepidity, ʼn-trĕ-pĭd'-ĭ-tŷ, *s.* courage, boldness [difficulty]
- Intricacy, ʼn-trĭk'-ă-sŷ, *s.* perplexity,
- Intricate, ʼn-trĭ-kĕt, *a.* perplexed, involved, obscure
- Intrigue, ʼn-trĕg, *s.* a plot, a cabal, a love affair—*v. n.* to form plots, to carry on an affair of love [real]
- Intrinsic, ʼn-trĭn'-sĭk, *a.* inward, true,
- Introduce, ʼn-trŏ-dŭ'se, *v. a.* to bring or lead in [ing in, a preface]
- Introduction, ʼn-trŏ-dŭk'-shŭn, *s.* a bringing
- Introductory, ʼn-trŏ-dŭk'-tĭv, *or* Introductory, ʼn-trŏ-dŭk'-tŏr-ŷ, *a.* previous, serving to introduce
- Introspection, ʼn-trŏ-spĕk'-shŭn, *s.* a view of the inside
- Intrude, ʼn-trŭ'de, *v. n.* to come uninvited, to encroach—*v. a.* to force without right [intruding]
- Intrusion, ʼn-trŭ'-zhŭn, *s.* the act of
- Intrust, ʼn-trŭst', *v. a.* to charge with a secret, &c. [knowledge]
- Intuition, ʼn-tŭ-ŷsh'-ŭn, *s.* immediate
- Intuitive, ʼn-tŭ-ŷt'ĭv, *a.* seen by the mind immediately, without the intervention of reason
- Intwine, ʼn-twĭ'ne, *v. a.* to twist or wreath together [tile entrance into]
- Invade, ʼn-vă'de, *v. a.* to make an hos-

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Invalid, ʼn-vāl'-y'd, *a.* weak, of no weight or efficacy  
 Invalid, ʼn-vā'-ly'd', *s.* one disabled by [sickness]  
 Invalidate, ʼn-vāl'-y dāte, *v.a.* to weaken, to deprive of force or efficacy  
 Invalidity, ʼn-vāl'-y'd-y-tŷ, *s.* weakness, want of efficacy  
 Invaluable, ʼn-vāl'-ū-éb'l, *a.* inestimable  
 Invariable, ʼn-vā'-rŷ-éb'l, *a.* constant  
 Invasion, ʼn-vā'-zhūn, *s.* a hostile entrance [tilely]  
 Invasive, ʼn-vā'-sŷv, *a.* entering hostilely  
 Inveictive, ʼn-vēk'-tŷv, *s.* railing, an abusive expression [against]  
 Inveigh, ʼn vā', *v.n.* to rail at, to declaim  
 Inveigle, ʼn vēg'l, *v. a.* to wheedle, to allure [forge, to feign]  
 Invent, ʼn-vent', *v. a.* to find out, to invent  
 Invention, ʼn-ven'-shūn, *s.* a fiction, a discovery [trivance]  
 Inventive, ʼn ven'-tŷv, *a.* quick at contriving  
 Inventor, ʼn-ven'-tōr, *s.* a contriver, a finder out [of goods, &c.]  
 Inventory, ʼn-ven'-tōr-y, *s.* a catalogue  
 Inverse, ʼn'-vēr's, *a.* inverted, reciprocal  
 Inversion, ʼn-ver'-shūn, *s.* change of order or time  
 Invert, ʼn-vert', *v. a.* to turn upside down, to place the last first  
 Invest, ʼn-vest', *v. a.* to dress, to adorn, to confer, to enclose [out]  
 Investigate, ʼn-ves' tŷ-gāte, *v.a.* to search  
 Investigation, ʼn-ves-tŷ-gā'-shūn, *s.* an examination [giving possession]  
 Investiture, ʼn-ves' tŷ-tūre, *s.* the act of  
 Investment, ʼn-vest'-mēt, *s.* dress, habit, advance of money  
 Inveterate, ʼn-vēt'-ēr-ēt, *a.* long established, obstinate  
 Invidious, ʼn-vīd' yūs, *a.* envious, malignant [strengthen, to animate]  
 Invigorate, ʼn-vīg'-ōr-āte, *v. a.* to invigorate  
 Invigoration, ʼn-vīg'-ōr-ā'-shūn, *s.* the act of invigorating  
 Invincible, ʼn-vīn'-sīb'l, *a.* unconquerable  
 Inviolable, ʼn-vī-ō-leb'l, *a.* not to be violated [broken]  
 Inviolat, ʼn-vī-ō-lēt, *a.* unhurt, uninvincible  
 Invisible, ʼn-vŷz' yb'l, *a.* not to be seen, imperceptible [ing]  
 Invitation, ʼn-vŷ-tā'-shūn, *s.* act of inviting  
 Invite, ʼn-vŷ'te, *v. a.* to ask to come, to persuade—*v. n.* to give invitation  
 Inumbrate, ʼn-ūm'-brāte, *v. a.* to cover with shade  
 Inundation, ʼn-ūn'-dā-shūn, *s.* a flood, an overflow of water

Invoke, ʼn' vō-kāte, *v. a.* to invoke  
 Invocation, ʼn-vō-kā'-shūn, *s.* a calling upon in prayer [freight]  
 Invoice, ʼn'-vōis, *s.* a catalogue of a ship's  
 Invoke, ʼn-vō'ke, *v. a.* to call upon, to pray to [ply, to entangle]  
 Involve, ʼn-vōlv', *v. a.* to inwrap, to involuntarily, ʼn-vōl'-ūn-tār-y, *a.* not done willingly  
 Involution, ʼn vō-lū'-shūn, *s.* act of involving, complication  
 Inure, ʼn-ū're, *v. a.* to accustom  
 Inutile, ʼn-ū'-tŷl, *a.* useless  
 Invulnerable, ʼn vūl'-nēr-éb'l, *a.* that cannot be wounded  
 Inward, ʼn'-wārd, *a.* and *s.* internal, intimate—*ad.* within [complicate]  
 Inwaved, ʼn-wē've, *v. a.* to intertwine  
 Inwrap, ʼn-rāp', *v. a.* to cover, to involve, to puzzle  
 Inwreath, ʼn-rē'the, *v. a.* to surround as with a wreath [work]  
 Inwrought, ʼn-rā'r, *a.* adorned with  
 Job, dzhōb', *s.* a mean lucrative affair, a piece of chance work—*v. a.* to stab—*v. n.* to buy and sell as a broker, to do chance work  
 Jockey, dzhōk'-y, *s.* a rider in the race, a dealer in horses, a cheater—*v. a.* to juggle by riding against one, to cheat, to trick  
 Jocose, dzhō-kō'se, *or* Jocular, dzhōk'-ū-lār, *a.* waggish, given to jest [ment]  
 Jocular, dzhōk'-ū-lār-y-tŷ, *s.* merry  
 Jocund, dzhōk'-ūnd, *a.* merry, gay, blithe  
 Jog, dzhōg', *or* Joggle, dzhōg'l, *v. a.* to shake, to push—*v. n.* to move heavily or dully—*s.* a push, a slight shake  
 Join, dzhōj'n, *v. a.* to add, to unite—*v. n.* to grow to, to unite with  
 Joinder, dzhōj'n-dēr, *s.* a conjunction, a joining  
 Joiner, dzhōj'n-ēr, *s.* one who makes wood furniture of various pieces  
 Joint, dzhōj'n', *s.* a hinge, the point where bones or pieces meet—*a.* shared among many, combined—*v. a.* to divide a joint, to cut into joints  
 Jointed, dzhōj'n'-ēd, *a.* full of joints  
 Joiner, dzhōj'n tēr, *s.* a sort of plane  
 Jointress, dzhōj'n-rēs, *s.* she who has a jointure [settled on a wife]  
 Jointure, dzhōj'n-tūre, *s.* an income  
 Joist, dzhōj'st, *s.* the secondary beam of a floor  
 Joke, dzhō'ke, *s.* a jest—*v. n.* to jest, to be merry



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chÿn, chïne, fîeld, shírt. —

Jollity, dzhôl'-ly-tŷ, *s.* gaiety, merri-  
ment, festivity

Jolly, dzhôl'-ly, *a.* gay, merry, plump  
Jolt, dzhôlt, *v. n.* and *a.* to shake or  
jostle to and fro—*s.* a shock

Ionic, i-ôn'-yk, *a.* belonging to the dia-  
lect of the Ionians, belonging to the  
third of the five orders of architecture  
Jonquille, dzhóng-kíl, *or* kwíl, *s.* a spec-  
ies of daffodil [pot

Jorden, dzhôr'd'n, *s.* a pot, a chamber  
Jostle, dzhôs'l, *v. a.* to push with the  
elbows, &c.

Jot, dzhôt, *s.* a point, a tittle

Jovial, dzhô'-vyál, *a.* gay, merry, jolly

Journal, dzhór'-năl, *s.* a diary

Journey, dzhór'-nŷ, *s.* travel by land or  
by sea—*v. n.* to travel

Journeyman, dzhór'-nŷ-mán, *s.* a hired  
workman

Joy, dzhôy', *s.* gladness, gaiety, happi-  
ness—*v. n.* to rejoice, to exult—*v. a.*  
to congratulate, to gladden, to enjoy

Joyous, dzhôy'-ús, *a.* glad, merry, giv-  
ing joy [dian emetic plant

Ipecacuanha, yp-ê-kák-û-ân'-ă, *s.* an In-  
Irascible, i-răs'-sŷb'l, *a.* disposed to anger

Ire, îre, *s.* anger, rage, hatred

Ireful, îre-fŷl, *a.* angry, furious

Iris, î-rŷs, *s.* the rainbow, the flower-  
de-luce

Irksome, îrk'-sóm, *a.* troublesome

Iron, î-rôn, *s.* a hard metal—*v. a.* to  
smooth with an iron, to shackle with  
irons [thing and meaning another

Ironical, î-rôn'-yk-ăl, *a.* expressing one

Ironmonger, î-rôn-móng-ér, *s.* a dealer  
in iron

Irony, î-rôn'-ŷ, *s.* a mode of speech in  
which the meaning is contrary to the  
words [with light emitted upon it

Irradiate, îr-ră-dyâte, *v. a.* to adorn  
Irradiation, îr-ră-dyă'-shŷn, *s.* illumina-  
tion [son

Irrational, îr-răsh'-ôn-ăl, *a.* void of rea-  
Irreclaimable, îr-rê-klă'-mêb'l, *a.* not to  
be reclaimed [to be reconciled

Irreconcilable, îr-rêk-ôn-sŷ-lêb'l, *a.* not  
Irrecoverable, îr-rê-kôv'-ér-êb'l, *a.* not  
to be regained [reduced

Irreducible, îr-rê-dô'-sŷb'l, *a.* not to be  
Irrefragable, îr-rê-fră'-gêb'l, *a.* not to be  
refuted [overthrown by argument

Irrefutable, îr-rê-fû-têb'l, *a.* not to be  
Irregular, îr-rêg'-û-lăr, *a.* disorderly

Irrelative, îr-rêl'-ă-tŷv, *a.* single, un-  
connected

Irrelevant, îr-rêl'-ê-vênt, *a.* unassisting

Irreligion, îr-rê-lydzh'-ôn, *s.* impiety

Irreligious, îr-rê-lydzh'-ús, *a.* impious

Irremissible, îr-rê-mŷs'-sŷb'l, *a.* not to  
be pardoned

Irremovable, îr-rê-môv'-êb'l, *a.* not to  
be moved, not to be changed

Irreparable, îr-rêp'-ăr-êb'l, *a.* not to be  
repaired [from reproach

Irreproachable, îr-rê-prôtsh'-êb'l, *a.* free

Irreprovable, îr-rê-prôv'-êb'l, *a.* not to  
be blamed [to opposition

Irresistible, îr-rê-zŷst'-ŷb'l, *a.* superior

Irresolute, îr-rês'-ô-lûte, *a.* not deter-  
mined [of firmness of mind

Irresolution, îr-rês'-ô-lû'-shŷn, *s.* want

Irretrievable, îr-rê-trêv'-êb'l, *a.* irropa-  
rable [veneration

Irreverence, îr-rêv'-ér-êns, *s.* want of  
Irreverent, îr-rêv'-ér-ênt, *a.* not paying  
due homage or reverence

Irreversible, îr-rê-vêrs'-ŷb'l, *or* Irrevo-  
cable, îr-rêv'-ô-kêb'l, *a.* not to be re-  
called

Irrigate, îr-rŷ-gâte, *v. a.* to wet

Irriguous, îr-rŷ-gû-ús, *a.* watery

Irritate, îr-rŷ-tâte, *v. a.* to provoke

Irritation, îr-rŷ-tă'-shŷn, *s.* provocation

Irruption, îr-rŷp'-shŷn, *s.* an invasion

Is, îz', *the third person singular of to*  
*be*; I am, thou art, he is; sometimes  
expressed by *s*, as he's gone out

Isicle, î-sŷk'l, *s.* a pendant shoot of ice

Isinglass, î-zŷng-glăs, *s.* a transparent  
tough jelly [rounded by water

Island, î-lănd, *or* Isle, île, *s.* land sur-

Isolate, îs'-ô-lâte, *v. a.* to place in a de-  
tached situation

Issue, îsh'-û, *s.* evacuation, discharge,  
event, conclusion, end, offspring—  
*v. n.* to come out, to proceed as an

offspring—*v. a.* to send forth

Isthmus, îst'-mús, *s.* a neck or jut of  
land

It, ît', *pron.* the thing

Itch, îtsh', *s.* a disease, a teasing desire

Item, î-têm, *s.* a new article, a hint

Itinerant, î tŷn'-ér-ênt, *a.* wandering, un-  
settled

Itinerary, î-tŷn'-ér-ăr-ŷ, *s.* a diary or  
book of travels

Itself, ît-sêlf', *s.* that very thing

Jubilee, dzhô'-bŷ-lê, *s.* a public festivity

Jucundity, dzhô-kŷn'-dŷt-ŷ, *s.* pleasant-  
ness, agreeableness

Judaical, dzhô-dă'-yk-ăl, *a.* pertaining  
to or in the manner of the Jews

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, tŷick.

Judaise, dzhû-dâ-ŷe, *v. n.* to conform to the Jews

Judge, dzhûdzh', *s.* an officer appointed to hear causes in a court, one who has authority to decide upon the merit of any thing—*v. n.* to pass sentence, to determine—*v. a.* to examine authoritatively, to condemn

Judgment, dzhûdzh'-mënt, *s.* act or power of judging, opinion, decision

Judicatory, dzhû-dŷ-kâ-tô-rŷ, *s.* a court of justice, &c.

Judicature, dzhû-dŷ-kâ-tûre, *s.* a power to distribute justice

Judicial, dzhû-dŷh'-âl, *a.* done in due form of justice, &c. inflicted on as a penalty [judgment upon any thing]

Judiciary, dzhû-dŷh'-âr-ŷ, *a.* passing

Judicious, dzhû-dŷh'-ús, *a.* prudent, wise

Jug, dzhûg', *s.* a large drinking vessel

Juggle, dzhûg'l, *v. n.* to play tricks by slight of hand, to deceive—*s.* a trick, an imposture, a deception

Jugular, dzhû-gû-lâr, *a.* belonging to the throat [in animals]

Juice, dzhû's, *s.* sap in vegetables, fluid

Juicy, dzhû-sŷ, *a.* moist, succulent, full of juice [medicine]

Julep, dzhû-láp, *s.* a pleasant liquid

July, dzhû-lŷ', *s.* the seventh month of the year

Jumble, dzhûmb'l, *v. a.* to mix confusedly together—*s.* a confused mixture

Jump, dzhûmp', *v. n.* to leap, to jolt, to tally—*v. a.* to leap over—*s.* a leap, a lucky chance [any delicacy]

Juncate, dzhûng'-kët, *s.* a cheesecake,

Junction, dzhûngk'-shûn, *s.* an union

Juncture, dzhûnk'-tûre, *s.* an union, a joint, a critical point [year]

June, dzhû'n, *s.* the sixth month of the

Junior, dzhû-nyór, *a.* younger than another [produces a berry]

Juniper, dzhû-nŷ-pér, *s.* a plant which

Junck, dzhûngk', *s.* a small Chinese ship, pieces of old cable

Junket, dzhûng'-kët, *s.* a sweetmeat—*v. n.* to feast secretly

Junto, dzhûn'-tô, *s.* a cabal

Ivory, i'-vôr-ŷ, *s.* the tusk of the elephant—*a.* made of or pertaining to ivory [corporations]

Jurat, dzhû-rât, *s.* a magistrate in some

Juratory, dzhû-rât-ôr-ŷ, *a.* giving an oath [distribution of justice]

Juridical, dzhû-rîd'-ŷk'-âl, *a.* used in the

Jurisdiction, dzhû-rŷs-dŷk'-shûn, *s.* legal authority, extent of power

Jurisprudence, dzhû-rŷs-prû'-dëns, *s.* the science of the law

Jurist, dzhû-rŷst, *s.* a civil lawyer

Juror, dzhû-rôr, or Juryman, dzhû-rŷ-mán, *s.* one of a jury

Jury, dzhû-rŷ, *s.* twenty-four to twelve men sworn to deliver truth upon such evidence as shall be delivered to them

Jurymast, dzhû-rŷ-mâst, *s.* something set up in the room of a mast lost

Just, dzhûst', *a.* upright, honest, virtuous, regular—*s.* a mock fight

Justice, dzhûs'-tŷs, *s.* equity, right in law, a sort of magistrate

Justiciable, dzhûs'-tŷsh'-éb'l, *a.* proper to be examined in courts of justice

Justifiable, dzhûs'-tŷ-fi-éb'l, *a.* that which can be justified

Justification, dzhûs'-tŷ-fŷ-kâ-shûn, *s.* a vindication, a defence

Justificator, dzhûs'-tŷ-fŷ-kâ-tór, *s.* one who justifies [to clear from guilt]

Justify, dzhûs'-tŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to vindicate,

Justle, dzhûs'l, *v. n.* to encounter, to clash—*v. a.* to push, to rush against

Jut, dzhût', *v. n.* to come out beyond the line

Juvenile, dzhû'-vë-nŷl, *a.* youthful

Juvenility, dzhû vë-nŷl'-ŷtŷ, *s.* youthfulness

Ivy, i'-vŷ, *s.* a common plant

## K

**K**ALE, kâ'le, *s.* colewort

Kalendar, kâl-ën-dâr, *s.* an account of time

Kali, kâ'ly, *s.* a sea weed, salt

Kam, kâm' *a.* crooked, thwart

Karl, kâ'rl, *s.* a man servant

Kaw, kâ, *v. n.* to cry as a raven—*s.* the cry of a raven or crow

Keck, kék', *v. n.* to heave the stomach, to nauseate—*s.* a dry stalk or stick,

a hollow joined plant [a cable]

Keckle, kék'l, *v. a.* to tie a rope round

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chŷn, chine, fiêd, shîrt—

- Kedger, kědzh'ér, *s.* a small anchor used in a river
- Keel, kě'le, *s.* the bottom of a ship, a flat-bottomed vessel used to load the colliers [the keel
- Keelhale, kě'le-hăle, *v. a.* to drag under
- Keen, kě'ne, *a.* sharp, eager, acrimonious
- Keep, kě'pe, *v. a.* to detain, to hold, to retain, to preserve, to maintain—*s.* guard, restraint, dungeon
- Keeper, kě'pér, *s.* one who has the care or charge of any thing
- Keg, kě'g, *s.* a small barrel
- Kell, kě'l', *s.* the omentum, the cawl
- Kelp, kělp', *s.* salt from calcined seaweed
- Ken, kě'n', *v. a.* to see at a distance, to know—*s.* view, the reach of sight
- Kennel, kě'n'-nėl, *s.* a cot for dogs, a water course
- Kept, kěpt', *pret. and part. of* Keep
- Kerchief, kěr'tshif, *s.* a kind of dress
- Kern, kěrn', *s.* an Irish foot soldier, a handmill—*v. n.* to harden as ripened corn, to take the form of grains
- Kernel, kěr'-nėl, *s.* the substance within a shell
- Kernelled, kěr'-nėl-léd, *s.* having openings as a battlement
- Kersey, kěr'-zŷ, *s.* a kind of coarse stuff
- Kerseymeer, kěr-zŷ-mě're, *s.* fine cloth woven as kersey
- Ketch, kětsh', *s.* a heavy ship
- Kettle, kět'l, *s.* a vessel in which liquor is boiled
- Kettledrum, kět'l-drŷm, *s.* a drum with a body of brass
- Key, kě', *s.* a thing to open a lock or explain, a sign in musical composition, a wharf
- Keyage, kě'ědzh, *s.* money paid for lying at the key
- Keyhole, kě'-hôle, *s.* the hole to put a key in
- Keystone, kě'-stōne, *s.* the middle stone of an arch
- Kibe, kŷbe, *s.* an ulcerated chilblain
- Kick, kŷk', *v. a.* to strike with the foot—*s.* a blow with the foot
- Kickshaw, kŷk'-shă, *s.* a fantastical thing or dish
- Kid, kŷd', *s.* the young of a goat, a bundle of furze—*v. a.* to bring forth kids
- Kidder, kŷd'-dér, *s.* an engrosser of corn
- Kidnap, kŷd'-năp, *v. a.* to steal children, &c.
- Kidney, kŷd-nŷ, *s.* one of the two glands that separate the urine from the blood [pulse
- Kidneybean, kŷd-nŷ-bêne, *s.* a sort of
- Kilderkin, kŷl'-dér-kŷn, *s.* a beer measure of 18 gallons
- Kill, kŷl', *v. a.* to deprive of life
- Kiln, kŷl'n, *s.* a stove for drying or burning in
- Kimbo, kŷm'-bō, *a.* crooked, arched
- Kin, kŷn', *s.* kindred, a relation
- Kind, kŷnd, *a.* benevolent, favourable, good—*s.* general class, particular nature, manner, sort
- Kindle, kŷnd'l, *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame—*v. n.* to catch fire
- Kindness, kŷnd-nēs, *s.* tenderness, goodwill, favour
- Kindred, kŷn'-drěd, *s.* relation, affinity—*a.* congenial, related
- Kine, kŷne, *plur. of* Cow
- King, kŷng, *s.* a monarch, a chief ruler
- Kingcraft, kŷng'-krăft, *s.* the act or art of governing
- Kingdom, kŷng'-dóm, *s.* the dominion of a king
- Kingfisher, kŷng'-fŷsh-ér, *s.* a small bird
- Kinglike, kŷng' like, *a.* royal
- Kingsevil, kŷngz-ěv'l, *a.* scrofulous distemper
- Kinsfolk, kŷns'-fōk, *s.* relations
- Kinsman, kŷns'-mán, *s.* a man of the same family [relation
- Kinswoman, kŷns'-wŷm-án, *s.* a female
- Kirk, kŷrk', *s.* the church of Scotland
- Kirtle, kŷt'l, *s.* an upper garment
- Kiss, kŷs, *v. a.* to touch with the lips—*s.* a salute by joining lips
- Kissingerust, kŷs'-sŷng krŷst, *s.* a crust formed in the oven, where one loaf touches another
- Kit, kŷt', *s.* a small fiddle, a vessel
- Kitchen, kŷtsh'-én, *s.* a room for cooking, &c.
- Kitchengarden, kŷtsh'-én-gărd'n, *s.* a garden for esculent plants
- Kitchenmaid, kŷtsh'-én măde, *s.* an under cookmaid
- Kitchenstuff, kŷtsh'-én-stŷf, *s.* the fat of meat scummed off the pot, &c.
- Kite, kŷte, *s.* a bird of prey, a fictitious bird made of paper
- Kitten, kŷt'n, *s.* a young cat—*v. n.* to bring forth young cats [noise
- Klick, kŷk', *v. n.* to make a small, sharp

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Knab, năb', *v. a.* to bite with noise  
 Knack, năk', *s.* petty contrivance, dexterity, nice trick  
 Knag, knăg', *s.* a hard knot in wood  
 Knaggy, knăg'-gý, *a.* knotty  
 Knap, knăp', *s.* prominence upon cloth, &c.—*v. a.* to bite, to break short  
 Knapsack, knăp'săk, *s.* soldier's bag  
 Knave, knăve, *s.* a petty rascal, a card  
 Knavery, knăve-ér-ý, *s.* dishonesty, craft [gish]  
 Knavish, knăve-ýsh, *a.* fraudulent, waggish  
 Knead, knéde, *v. a.* to work dough with the fist  
 Kneadingtrough, kné'dýng-trô, *s.* a trough to work together the paste or bread [and thigh]  
 Knee, kné, *s.* the joint between the leg  
 Kneedeep, kné'dépe, *a.* rising or sunk to the knees  
 Kneel, knéle, *v. n.* to bend the knee  
 Kneepan, nê-păn, *s.* a convex bone on the articulation of the knee  
 Kneel, knél', *s.* the sound of a funeral bell  
 Knew, knú', *pret. of* know  
 Knife, knífe, *s.* an instrument to cut with  
 Knight, kníte, *s.* a title of honour, a champion—*v. a.* to create a knight  
 Knight Errant, knite-ér-rént, *s.* a wandering knight

Knight Errantry, kníte-ér-rént'-rý, *s.* the feats, character, or manners of knight-errants  
 Knighthood, kníte-hüd, *s.* the dignity of a knight  
 Knit, knít, *v. a.* to make or unite by texture without the loom, to join  
 Knittingneedle, knít' tîng-nêd'l, *s.* wire used in knitting  
 Knob, knôb', *s.* a protuberance  
 Knobbed, knôb'd, or Knobby, knôb-bý, *a.* full of knobs, hard  
 Knock, knôk', *v. n.* to clash, to strike—*v. a.* to dash together—*s.* a sudden stroke, a blow  
 Knoll, knôl', *v. a.* to ring a bell—*v. n.* to sound as a bell  
 Knot, knôt', *s.* a part which is tied, a hard place in wood—*v. a.* to make knots, to entangle, to unite  
 Knotted, knôt'téd, or Knotty, knôt-tý, *a.* full of knots, hard, intricate  
 Know, knô, *v. a.* to understand, to recognize  
 Knowing, knô-ýng, *a.* skilful, conscious, intelligent  
 Knowledge, knôl'-édzh, *s.* learning, skill, preception  
 Knuckle, knúk'l, *s.* a protuberant joint of a finger, knee joint of a calf, joint of a plant—*v. n.* to submit, to bend

## L

La, lá, *interj.* look, see, behold  
 Labdanum, lâb'-dă-núm, *s.* a resin of the softer kind  
 Labefaction, lâb-é-făk'-shûn, *s.* the act of weakening, decay [impair]  
 Labefy, lâb-é-fý, *v. a.* to weaken, to  
 Label, lâ-bél, *s.* a short direction upon any thing  
 Labent, lâ'bént, *a.* gliding, slipping  
 Labial, lâ-byăl, *a.* uttered by or relating to the lips  
 Laboratory, lâb'-ô-ră-tór-ý, *s.* a chymist's workroom [tiresome]  
 Laborious, lâ-bô'-ryús, *a.* assiduous,  
 Labour, lâ-bôr, *s.* work, toil, pain, childbirth—*v. n.* to toil, to work, to take pains, to be in travail  
 Labourer, lâ-bôr-ér, *s.* one employed in toilsome work

Labyrinth, lâb'-ir-ýnth, *s.* maze full of windings  
 Lac, lâk', *s.* a kind of gum  
 Lace, lâse, *s.* fine thread curiously woven, textures of thread with gold or silver—*v. a.* to fasten with a lace, to adorn [lace]  
 Laceman, lâse măn, *s.* one who deals in  
 Lacerate, lâs'-ér-âte, *v. a.* to tear, to rend [tearing or rending]  
 Laceration, lâs-ér-ă-shûn, *s.* the act of  
 Lachrymal, lâk'-rý-măl, *a.* generating tears [vessel to preserve tears]  
 Lachrymatory, lâk'-rý-mă-tór-ý, *s.* a  
 Lack, lâk'-*v. a.* to want—*v. n.* to be in want  
 Lacker, lâk'-ér, *s.* a kind of yellow varnish—*v. a.* to cover with lacker  
 P 2



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, shŷrt—

Lackey, lăk'-kŷ, *s.* a footboy—*v. a.* to attend servilely

Laconically, lă-kôn'-ŷk-ăl-lŷ, *ad.* briefly, concisely

Laconic, lă-kôn'-ŷk, *a.* short, brief

Lactation, lăk-tă-shŷn, *s.* the act or time of giving suck

Lacteal, lăk'-tē-ăl, *a.* conveying chyle—*s.* a vessel that conveys chyle

Lacteous, lăk'-tē-ŷs, *a.* milky, conveying chyle

Lactific, lăk-tŷf'-ŷk, *ad.* producing milk

Lad, lăd', *s.* a boy, a stripling

Ladder, lăd'-dér, *s.* a frame with steps for climbing

Lade, lăde, *v. a.* to load, to freight, to throw out [of a ship]

Lading, lă-dŷng, *s.* a freight, a cargo

Ladle, lăd'l, *s.* a large spoon, receptacles of a mill wheel

Lady, lădŷ, *s.* a woman of high rank, a word of complaisance used to women

Lady-bird, lă-dŷ-bŷrd, or Lady-cow, lă-dŷ-kōw, *s.* a small beautiful red insect of the beetle kind

Lady-Day, lă-dŷ-dă, *s.* the 25th of March

Lady-like, lă-dŷ-like, *a.* soft, delicate, elegant

Lag, lăg', *a.* coming behind, last, sluggish—*v. n.* to stay behind, to loiter

Laiçal, lă'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* pertaining to the laity

Laid, lăde, *pret. and part. of Lay*

Lain, lăne, *part. of Lie*

Laird, lărd, *s.* a Scotch lord of a manor

Laity, lă-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* the people distinguished from the clergy, state of a layman

Lake, lăke, *s.* a large water, a colour

Lamb, lăm', *s.* the young of a sheep

Lambative, lăm'-bă-tŷv, *a.* taken by licking—*s.* a medicine to be licked

Lambent, lăm'-bént, *a.* gliding over without harm, vaporous

Lambkin, lăm'-kŷn, *s.* a little lamb

Lambs-wool, lămz'-wŷl, *s.* ale and roast-apples

Lame, lăme, *a.* crippled, hobbling, imperfect—*v. a.* to cripple

Lamellated, lăm'-ēl-ă-téd, *a.* covered with films or plates

Lameness, lăme-nēs; *s.* weakness, imperfection

Lament, lă-měnt', *v. n.* to mourn, to wail—*v. a.* to bewail

Lamentation, lăm-ēn-tă-shŷn, *s.* an expression of sorrow

Lamina, lăm'-ŷ-nă, *s.* a thin plate or scale

Laminated, lăm'-ŷ-nă-téd, *a.* plated

Lammas, lăm'-măs, *s.* the first of August

Lamp, lămp', *s.* a light made with oil and a wick

Lampblack, lăm'-blăk, *s.* a black made by holding a lighted torch under a bason

Lampoon, lăm-pō'ne, *s.* a personal satire, abuse—*v. a.* to write or utter lampoons

Lamprey, lăm'-prŷ, *s.* a fish like an eel

Lance, lăns, *s.* a long spear—*v. a.* to pierce with a lancet

Lancet, lăn'-sét, *s.* a small chirurgical instrument

Land, lănd', *s.* a country, region, earth, ground, estate—*v. a.* to set on shore—*v. n.* to come on shore

Landed, lănd'-éd, *a.* having a fortune in land, set on shore

Land-fall, lăud'-făl, *s.* sudden translation of property in land by a rich man's death [rain]

Landflood, lănd'-flŷd, *s.* inundation by

Land-forces, lănd'-fōr-séz, *s.* soldiers that serve on land

Landgrave, lănd'-grăve, *s.* a German title of dominion

Landholder, lănd'-hō-dér, *s.* one who possesses land

Landing, lăn'-dŷng, *s.* a place to land at, the top of stairs

Landjobber, lănd'-dzōb-bér, *s.* one who buys and sells land

Landlady, lănd'-lă-dŷ, *s.* the mistress of an inn, &c. [land]

Landlocked, lănd'-lōkt, *a.* enclosed with

Landlord, lănd'-lōrd, *s.* one who owns lands or houses, the master of an inn

Landmark, lănd'-mărk, *s.* a mark to preserve boundaries

Landscape, lănd'-skép, *s.* the prospect of a country

Land-tax, lănd-tăks, *s.* a tax on land and houses

Land-waiter, lănd'-wă-tér, *s.* an officer of the customs to watch what goods are landed

Lane, lăne, *s.* a narrow alley or street

Language, lăng'-gwědz, *s.* speech in general, tongue of one nation

Languid, lăng'-gwŷd, *a.* faint, weak

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Languish, lăng'-gwîsh, *v. n.* to grow feeble, to pine

Languor, lăng'-gwôr, *s.* faintness, want of strength [wool

Lanigerous, lâ-nîdzh'-ér-ús, *a.* bearing

Lank, lănk', *a.* loose, slender, not fat, faint

Lansquenet, lăn'-skên-ět, *s.* a foot soldier, a game at cards

Lantern, lăn'-térn, *s.* a case for a candle

Laruginous, lăn-û'-dzhÿn-ús, *a.* downy, covered with soft hair

Lap, lăp', *s.* that part of a person sitting from the waist to the knees—*v. a.* to rap round, to lick up

Lapdog, lăp'-dôg, *s.* a little dog for the lap

Lapidary, lăp'yd ár-ÿ, *s.* a polisher of precious stones

Lapidate, lăp'-îd-âte, *v. a.* to stone

Lapidist, lăp'-îd-îst, *s.* a dealer in stones or gems [the tongue

Lapper, lăp'-pér, *s.* one who licks with

Lappet, lăp'-pét, *s.* a loose part of a headdress

Lapse, lăp's, *s.* a fall, a petty error—*v. n.* to glide, to fall from perfection

Lapwing, lăp'-wîng, *s.* a swift and noisy bird

Larboard, lă'r-bôrd, *s.* the left hand side of a ship

Larceny, lă'r-snÿ, *s.* petty theft

Larch, lă'r'tsh, *s.* a species of fir but not evergreen

Lard, lărd, *s.* the fat of swine melted—*v. a.* to stuff with bacon, to fatten

Larder, lă'r-dér, *s.* a room where meat is kept [copious

Large, lărdzh, *a.* big, bulky, wide,

Largeness, lărdzh-nēs, *s.* greatness, extension, bigness

Largess, lă'r-dzhēs, *s.* a present, a gift

Lark, lărk, *s.* a small singing bird

Larum, lă'r-úm, *s.* an alarm, a machine which alarms

Larynx, lă'-rÿnks, *s.* the wind-pipe

Lascivious, lăs-sÿv'-yús, *a.* lewd, lustful, wanton

Lash, lăsh', *s.* a stroke with a whip, a sarcasm—*v. a.* to scourge, to satirize

Lass, lăs', *s.* a girl, a young woman

Lassitude, lăs'-sÿ-tûde, *s.* fatigue

Last, lăst, *a.* latest, hindmost—*v. n.* to endure, to continue—*s.* a mould for shoes, a certain weight or measure

Lastage, lăs'-têdzh, *s.* custom paid for freighriage

Lasting, lăs'-tîng, *part. a.* durable, perpetual

Latch, lătsh', *s.* catch of a door, &c.

Latchet, lătsh'-ět, *s.* who fastens the shoe

Late, lă'te, *a.* slow, tardy, deceased—*ad.* not long ago, far in the day or night

Latent, lă'-tênt, *a.* hidden, secret

Lateral, lăt'-ér-ál, *a.* on or near the side, parallel

Lath, lăt'h, *s.* a thin slip of wood to support tiles or plaster—*v. a.* to fit up with laths

Lathe, lăt'he, *s.* the tool of a turner

Lather, lăt'h-ér, *s.* the froth of soap and water [guage

Latin, lăt'ÿn, *s.* the ancient Roman language

Latinize, lăt'ÿn-îze, *v. n.* to use words or phrases borrowed from the Latin

—*v. a.* to give words a Latin termination, &c.

Latish, lăt'-îsh, *a.* somewhat late

Latitant, lăt'ÿt-ênt, *a.* lying hid, concealed

Latitude, lăt'ÿ-tûde, *s.* breadth, width, extent, freedom from settled rules, distance north or south from the equator

Latitudinarian, lăt'ÿt û dÿ-nă'-rÿăn, *a.* unlimited, not restrained

Latrant, lă'-trênt, *a.* barking

Latten, lăt'-tén, *s.* a plate of brass, iron tinned over

Latter, lăt'-tér, *a.* the last of two, modern

Lattice, lăt'-tÿs, *s.* window of grate-work

Lavation, lă-vă'-shûn, *s.* the act of washing [ing place

Lavatory, lăv'-ă-tôr-ÿ, *s.* a wash, a bath

Laud, lă'd, *s.* praise—*v. a.* to praise, to extol

Laudable, lă'd-éb'l, *a.* commendable, worthy of praise

Laudanum, lăd'-ă-núm, *s.* the tincture of opium [bathe

Lave, lă've, *v. a.* to wash—*v. n.* to

Lavender, lăv'-ên-dér, *s.* a fragrant herb

Laugh, lăf, *v. n.* to make that noise which sudden mirth excites—*v. a.* to deride, to scorn

Laughingstock, lăf'-ÿng-stôk, *s.* an object of ridicule [noise

Laughter, lăf'-tér, *s.* a convulsive merry

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, inê, hér—chŷn, chine, fiêld, shŷrt—

Lavish, lăv'-ish, *a.* prodigal, profuse—  
*v. a.* to scatter with profusion  
 Launch, lă'nsh, *v. n.* to push to sea—  
*v. a.* to dart from the hand  
 Laundress, lăn'-drēs, *s.* a washer woman  
 Laundry, lăn'-dry, *s.* a room to dry  
 and smooth clothes in  
 Laureate, lă'-ryêt, *a.* decked with laurel  
 Laurel, lör'-êl, *s.* a sort of evergreen  
 tree [laurel]  
 Laureled, lör'-êld, *a.* crowned with  
 Law, lă', *s.* a rule of conduct, an edict,  
 mode of process, a bill  
 Lawfulness, lă'-tŷl-nēs, *s.* conformity to  
 the law [laws]  
 Lawgiver, lă'-gŷv-ér, *s.* one that makes  
 Lawn, lă'n, *s.* an open space between  
 woods, fine linen  
 Lawsuit, lă'-sŷte, *s.* a process in law  
 Lawyer, lă'-yér, *s.* a professor of law, a  
 pleader  
 Lax, lăks', *a.* loose, vague, slack—*s.* a  
 looseness  
 Laxative, lăks'-ă-tŷv, *a.* having the  
 power to relieve costiveness  
 Laxity, lăks'-i-tŷ, *s.* looseness, open-  
 ness  
 Lay, lă', *v. a.* to place along, to still, to  
 wager, to bring forth eggs—*v. n.* to  
 bring forth eggs, to contrive—*s.* a  
 row, a stratum, grassy ground, a song  
 —*a.* not clerical, laical  
 Layer, lă'-ér, *s.* a stratum, a sprig of a  
 plant [innage to paint from]  
 Layman, lă'-mán, *s.* one of the laity, an  
 Lazar, lăz'-ăr, *s.* one infected with filthy  
 diseases  
 Lazaretto, lăz-ăr-êt'-tō, or Lazar-house,  
 lăz'-ăr-hōŷs, *s.* a sort of hospital  
 Lazy, lă'-zŷ, *a.* idle, sluggish  
 Lead, lēd', *s.* a soft heavy metal  
 Lead, lēde, *v. a.* to guide, to conduct,  
 to induce—*v. n.* to go first  
 Leaden, lēd'n, *a.* made of lead, heavy,  
 dull [of a party]  
 Leader, lē-dér, *s.* a commander, the head  
 Leading, lē-dŷng, *a.* principal  
 Leaf, lēfe, *s.* the green part of plants  
 and flowers, part of a book or table,  
 one side of a double door  
 Leafy, lēf-y, *a.* full of leaves  
 League, lēge, *s.* a confederacy, a mea-  
 sure of three miles—*v. n.* to unite in  
 confederacy [to drop]  
 Leaf, lē'ke, *v. n.* to let water in or out.  
 Leakage, lē'k-êdzh, *s.* allowance for loss  
 by leak

Leaky, lē'kŷ, *a.* letting water in or out  
 Lean, lē'ne, *v. n.* to incline against or  
 towards—*a.* meagre, thin—*s.* meat  
 without fat  
 Leap, lē'pe, *v. n.* to jump, to bound, to  
 spring—*v. a.* to pass over by leap-  
 ing—*s.* a bound, a jump, space pas-  
 sed by leaping [dren]  
 Leap-frog, lē'pe-frōg, *s.* a play of chil-  
 dren  
 Leap-year, lē'pe-yēr, *s.* every fourth  
 year [gain knowledge]  
 Learn, lér'n', *v. a.* to teach—*v. n.* to  
 Learned, lér'-nêd, *a.* skilled, having  
 learning [any science]  
 Learner, lér'-nér, *s.* one who is learning  
 Learning, lér'-nŷng, *s.* skill in any thing,  
 erudition  
 Lease, lē'se, *s.* contract for a temporary  
 possession of houses or lands, any  
 tenure  
 Lease, lē'ze, *v. n.* to glean, to gather up  
 Leash, lēsh', *s.* a leathern thong, a band  
 to tie with  
 Leasing, lēth'-zŷng, *s.* lies, falsehood  
 Least, lēst, *a.* little beyond others,  
 smallest—*ad.* in the lowest degree  
 Leather, lēth'-ér, *s.* the dressed hides of  
 animals, skin [with a tough rind]  
 Leathercoat, lēth'-ér-kōte, *s.* an apple  
 Leathern, lēth'-érn, *a.* made of leather  
 Leave, lēve, *s.* permission, a farewell—  
*v. a.* to quit, to forsake, to bequeath  
 —*v. n.* to cease, to stop  
 Leaven, or Leven, lēv'n, *s.* a ferment  
 for making bread light—*v. a.* to fer-  
 ment by  
 Leaves, lē'vz, *s. plur. of Leaf*  
 Leavings, lē'v-ŷngz, *s.* a remnant, relics,  
 offals  
 Lecherous, lēth'-ér-ŷs, *a.* lewd  
 Lechery, lēth'-ér-ŷ, *s.* lewdness, lust  
 Lection, lēk'-shŷn, *s.* a reading, a va-  
 riety in copies  
 Lecture, lēk'-tŷre, *s.* a discourse on any  
 subject—*v. a.* to instruct formally,  
 to reprimand—*v. n.* to read lec-  
 tures  
 Led, lēd', *pret. and part. of Lead*  
 Ledge, lēdzh', *s.* a small moulding on  
 the edge  
 Ledger, or Leger, lēdzh'-ér, *s.* any thing  
 that lies or remains in a place, a book  
 of accounts  
 Lee, lē', *s.* that part of the hemisphere  
 to which the wind is directed  
 Leech, lēsh', *s.* a small water blood-  
 sucker

shôt, nûte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Leek, lè'ke, *s.* a common pot herb  
 Leer, le're, *s.* an oblique view, an arch look—*v. n.* to look archly  
 Lees, lè'ze *s.* dregs, sediment  
 Leet, lè'te, *s.* a manor court  
 Leeward, lé'-wârd, *a.* towards the point to which the wind blows  
 Leeway, lê-wâ', *s.* ship's deviation from the course by compass  
 Left, lèft', *pret. and part. of* Leave—*a.* opposite to the right, sinister  
 Left-handed, lèft'-hân-dêd, *a.* using the left hand  
 Leg, lèg, *s.* the limb between the knee and foot [will  
 Legacy, lèg'-â-sý, *s.* a bequest made by  
 Legal, lé'-gâl, *a.* done according to law, just  
 Legality, lê-gâl'-ý-tý, *s.* lawfulness  
 Legalize, lé'-gâl-ize, *v. a.* to authorise, to make lawful [the Pope  
 Legate, lèg'-ët, *s.* an ambassador from  
 Legatee, lèg'-â-té, *s.* one who has a legacy left him [a legate  
 Legatine, lèg'-â-týn, *a.* pertaining to  
 Legation, lê-gâ'-shûn, *s.* a commission, an embassy  
 Legend lèdzh-ënd, *s.* a chronicle, a memorial, a fabulous narrative, an inscription  
 Legendary, lèdzh'-ên-dâr-ý, *a.* fabulous, unauthentic  
 Legerdemain, lèdzh-ér-dê-mâ'ne, *s.* slight of hand, a juggle  
 Legible, lèdzh'-íb'l, *a.* easy to be read, apparent [a vast number  
 Legion, lé'-dzhón, *s.* a body of soldiers,  
 Legislate, lèdzh'-ýs-lâte, *v. n.* to make laws [of giving laws  
 Legislation, lèdzh'-ýs-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act  
 Legislative, lèdzh'-ýs-lâ-tív, *a.* giving laws [makes laws  
 Legislator, lèdzh'-ýs-lâ-tór, *s.* one who  
 Legislature, lèdzh'-ýs-lâ-tûre, *s.* the power that makes laws  
 Legitimacy, lê-dzhýt'-ý-mâ-sý, *s.* lawfulness of birth  
 Legitimate, lê-dzhýt'-ý-mët, *a.* lawfully begotten, not spurious  
 Legume, lèg'-ûme, or Legumen, lê-gû'-mén, *s.* pulse, large seeds  
 Leguminous, lê-gû'-mýn-ús, *a.* belonging to pulse  
 Leisure, lá'-zhúr, *s.* freedom from business or hurry  
 Leisureable, lá'-zhúr-éb'l, *a.* done at leisure, enjoying leisure

Leman, lêm'-ân, *s.* a sweetheart or gallant [viously assumed  
 Lemma, lêm'-mâ, *s.* proposition pre-  
 Lemon, lêm'-ón, *s.* the name of a tree or its fruit  
 Lemonade, lêm'-ôn-â'de, *s.* liquor made of water with sugar and the juice of lemons [any thing  
 Lend, lënd', *v. a.* to grant the use of  
 Length, lèng'th, *s.* extent from end to end  
 Lengthen, lèng'th'n, *v. a.* to draw out, to protract—*v. n.* to grow longer  
 Lenient, lé'-nyënt, *a.* assuasive, laxative—*s.* an emollient  
 Lanify, lèn'-ý-fý, *v. a.* to assuage, to mitigate [palliative  
 Lenitive, lèn'-ýt-ýv, *a.* assuasive—*s.* a  
 Lenity, lèn'-ý-tý, *s.* mildness, mercy  
 Lens, lèn'z, *s.* a glass convex on both sides  
 Lent, lènt', *pret. and part. of* Lend—*s.* a quadragesimal fast  
 Lenten, lènt'n, *a.* used in Lent, sparing [convex, like a lens  
 Lenticular, lèn-tík'-û-lâr, *a.* doubly  
 Lentil, lèn'-tíl, *s.* a kind of pulse  
 Lensor, lèn'-tór, *s.* tenacity, delay, the sly part of the blood  
 Leonine, lè'-ô-nine, *a.* having the nature or colour of a lion [prey  
 Leopard, lèp'-ârd, *s.* spotted beast of  
 Leper, lèp'-ér, *s.* one infected with a leprosy  
 Leperous, lèp'-ér-ús, or Leprous, lèp'-rás, *a.* infected with the leprosy  
 Leprosy, lèp'-rós-ý, *s.* a distemper which covers the body with white scales  
 Less, lès', *ad.* in a smaller degree  
 Lessee, lès'-sè, *s.* a person to whom a lease is given  
 Lessen, lès'n, *v. a.* to diminish in bulk or quality, to degrade—*v. n.* to grow less [precept  
 Lesson, lès'n, *s.* task to learn or read, a  
 Lessor, lès'-sór, *s.* he who grants a lease  
 Lest, lèst', *conj.* that not, in case that  
 Let, lét, *v. a.* to allow, to suffer, to permit, to put to hire—*s.* an hindrance, an obstacle, an impediment  
 Lethargic, lèth'-âr-dzhík, *a.* sleepy, drowsy, heavy  
 Lethargy, lèth'-âr-dzhý, *s.* a morbid drowsiness [oblivion  
 Lethe, lét'hê, *s.* oblivion, a draught of



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, shŷrt—

Lethiferous, lē-thīf'-ér-ús, *a.* deadly, fatal  
 Letter, lēt'-tér, *s.* one of the elements of syllables, a written message  
 Lettered, lēt'-térđ, *a.* marked with letters, learned  
 Letters, lēt'-térš, *s. pl.* learning, erudition [plant  
 Lettuce, lēt'-tús, *s.* a common salad  
 Levant, lē-vánt, *a.* eastern  
 Levant, lē-vánt, *s.* the eastern coasts of the Mediterranean  
 Levee, lēv'-y, *s.* a crowd of attendants, morning visits  
 Level, lēv'-él, *a.* even, plain—*v. a.* to make even, to lay flat—*v. n.* to take aim—*s.* a plain, state of equality, an instrument used in building  
 Lever, lē'-vér, *s.* a mechanical power used to raise a great weight  
 Leveret, lēv'-ér-ēt, *s.* a young hare  
 Leviathan, lē-vi'-á-thán, *s.* a large water animal  
 Levigate, lēv'-y-gâte, *v. a.* to rub or grind to powder, to smooth  
 Levite, lē'-vite, *s.* one of the tribe of Levi [the Levites  
 Levitical, lē-vít'-y-k-ál, *a.* belonging to  
 Levity, lēv'-y-tŷ, *s.* lightness, inconsistency, vanity  
 Levy, lēv'-y, *v. a.* to raise, to collect, to impose—*s.* the act of raising money or men  
 Lewd, lū'de, *a.* wicked, lustful  
 Lexicographer, lēks-y-kōg-ráf-ér, *s.* a writer of dictionaries  
 Lexicon, lēks-y-kón, *s.* a dictionary  
 Ley, lā', *s.* a piece of land untilled  
 Liable, lī-éb'l, *s.* subject to, not exempt  
 Liar, lī-ár, *s.* one who tells falsehoods  
 Libation, li-bā'-shŷn, *s.* an offering made of wine, wine so poured  
 Libel, lī-bél, *s.* defamatory writing  
 Libellous, lī-bél-lús, *a.* defamatory, abusive [generous  
 Liberal, līb'-ér-ál, *a.* free, bountiful,  
 Liberality, lib'-ér-ál-y-tŷ, *s.* bounty, generosity [release  
 Liberate, līb'-ér-áte, *v. a.* to free, to  
 Liberation, līb'-ér-á'-shŷn, *s.* the act of freeing  
 Libertine, līb'-ér-tŷn, *s.* a licentious or irreligious person, a rake—*a.* licentious, irreligious [leave  
 Liberty, līb'-ér-tŷ, *s.* freedom, privilege,  
 Libidinous, li-bíd'-y-n-ús, *a.* lewd, lustful  
 Librarian, li-brā'-ryán, *s.* one who has the care of a library

Library, lī-brā'-ry, *s.* a collection of books or place where they are kept  
 Librate, lī-bráte, *v. a.* to poise, to balance [being balanced  
 Libration, li-brā'-shŷn, *s.* the state of  
 Lice, lī'se, *plural of* Louse  
 Licence, lī-séns, *s.* exorbitant liberty, permission—*v. a.* to set at liberty, to permit by legal grant  
 Licentiate, lī-sén'-shēt, *s.* a man who uses a licence, a degree in Spanish universities [ed, disorderly  
 Licentious, li-sén'-shús, *a.* unrestrained  
 Lick, lík', *v. a.* to touch with the tongue, to lap [of food, delicate  
 Lickerish, lík'-ér-ysh, *a.* nice in choice  
 Lictor, lík'-tór, *s.* a beadle amongst the Romans  
 Lid, líd', *s.* a cover for a pan or box, &c.  
 Lie, lŷ', *s.* water impregnated with alkali, a falsehood, a fiction—*v. n.* to utter falsehood, to rest, to repose  
 Liege, lízdh, *a.* subject, trusty—*s.* a sovereign, a superior lord  
 Lieu, lū', *s.* place, room, stead  
 Lieutenant, líf-tén'-ént, *s.* a deputy, a second in rank [spirit, love  
 Life, lífe, *s.* state of a living creature  
 Lifeguard, lífe-gárd, *s.* guard of a king's person [lífe  
 Lifetime, lífe-tíme, *s.* the duration of  
 Lift, líft', *v. a.* to raise up, to elevate, to support—*s.* the act or manner of lifting, a hard struggle  
 Ligament, líg'-á-mént, *s.* a substance which unites the bones, a band, a chain  
 Ligature, líg'-á-tŷre, *s.* a bandage, ligation  
 Light, líte, *s.* that quality or action of the medium of sight by which we see, illumination of the mind, point of view, any thing that gives light—*a.* not heavy, nimble, bright, trifling—*v. a.* to kindle, to illuminate, to ease of a burden—*v. n.* to descend from a horse or carriage  
 Lighten, lít'n, *v. n.* to flash with lightning—*v. a.* to illuminate, to unload  
 Lighter, lít'-ér, *s.* a boat for unloading ships [nages a lighter  
 Lighterman, líte-ér-mán, *s.* one who maulightfingered, líte-fŷng-gérđ, *a.* thievish, dishonest [ble, active  
 Lightfooted, líte-fŷt-éd, *a.* swift, nimble  
 Lightheaded, líte-héd'-éd, *a.* delirious  
 Lighthearted, líte-há'-téd, *a.* gay, merry  
 Lighthorse, líte-hó's, *s.* cavalry lightly armed

shūt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Lightning, lŷte-nŷng, *s.* the flash that precedes thunder
- Lights, lŷts, *s.* the lungs [airy]
- Lightsome, lŷte sŷm, *a.* luminous, gay,
- Ligneous, lŷg'-nyūs, *a.* made of or like wood
- Like, lŷke, *a.* resembling, equal, probable—*ad.* in the same manner, probably—*v. a.* to choose, to approve
- Likelihood, lŷke-lŷ-hūd, *s.* appearance, probability [compare]
- Liken, lŷk'n, *v. a.* to make like, to Likewise, lŷke-wize, *ad.* in like manner, also [trial, inclination]
- Liking, lŷ-kŷng, *s.* plumpness, state of
- Lilied, lŷl'ŷd, *a.* embellished with lilies
- Lily lŷl'-ŷ, *s.* a flower
- Limb, lŷm', *a.* member, an edge, a border—*v. a.* to supply with limbs, to tear asunder
- Limbec, lŷm' bĕk, *s.* a still [to limbs]
- Limbed, lŷmd', *a.* formed with regard
- Limber, lŷm'-bĕr, *a.* flexible, easily bent
- Limbo, lŷm'-bŷ, *s.* figuratively, the borders of hell, a place of restraint
- Lime, lŷme, *s.* a stone, a species of lemon—*v. a.* to ensnare
- Limekiln, lŷme-kŷl, *s.* a kiln where stones are burnt to lime
- Limit, lŷm'-ŷt, *s.* border, utmost reach—*v. a.* to confine within bounds, to restrain [boundaries]
- Limitary, lŷm'-ŷ-tār-ŷ, *a.* placed at the
- Limitation, lŷm'-ŷ-tā-shŷn, *s.* restriction
- Limn, lŷm'n, *v. a.* to draw, to paint
- Limous, lŷ-mūs, *a.* muddy, slimy
- Limp, lŷmp', *s.* a halt—*v. n.* to walk lamely
- Limpet, lŷm'-pĕt, *s.* a kind of shell fish
- Limpid, lŷm'-pŷd, *a.* clear, pure, transparent [an axle-tree]
- Linchpin, lŷnsh'-pŷn, *s.* the iron pin of
- Linctus, lŷngk'-tŷs, *s.* a medicine to be licked up
- Linden, lŷn'-dĕn, *s.* a lime tree
- Line, lŷne, *s.* extension, a string, lineament, limit, the equator, progeny, 10th part of an inch—*v. a.* to cover on the inside, to guard within
- Lineage, lŷn'-ĕdzh, *s.* race, progeny, family [line]
- Lineal, lŷn'-yāl, *a.* descending in a right
- Lineament, lŷn'-yā-mĕnt, *s.* a feature, a discriminating mark
- Linear, lŷn'-yār, *a.* composed of lines
- Lineation, lŷn'-yā-shŷn, *s.* the draught of a line or liness
- Linen, lŷn'-ĕn, *s.* cloth made of hemp or flax—*a.* made of or like linen
- Linen-drapeer, lŷn'-ĕn-drā-pĕr, *s.* one who deals in linen
- Ling, lŷng', *s.* heath, kind of sea fish
- Linger, lŷng'ĕr, *v. n.* to remain long to hesitate, to pine
- Lingo, lŷng'-ŷ, *s.* a language, tongue
- Linguist, lŷng'-gwŷst, *s.* one skilled in languages [balsam]
- Liniment, lŷn'-ŷ-mĕnt, *s.* an ointment, a
- Lining, lŷ-nŷng', *s.* that which is within any thing
- Link, lŷnk', *s.* ring of a chain, torch of pitch—*v. a.* to unite, to connect
- Linnet, lŷn'-nĕt, *s.* a small singing bird
- Linseed, lŷn'-sĕde, *s.* the seed of flax
- Linsey-woolsey, lŷn'-ŷŷ-wul'-ŷŷ, *a.* made of linen and wool
- Linstock, lŷn'-stŷk, *s.* a staff with a match at the end [on sores]
- Lint, lŷnt', *s.* flax, linen scraped to lay
- Lintel, lŷn'-tĕl, *s.* the upper part of a door frame
- Lion, lŷ-ŷn, *s.* the most magnanimous of four-footed beasts
- Lip, lŷp', *s.* the outer part of the mouth, the edge of any thing
- Liquation, lŷ-kwā'-shŷn, *s.* the act of melting, capacity to be melted
- Liquefaction, lŷk-wĕ'-ăk'-shŷn, *s.* the state of being melted
- Liquefy, lŷk'-wĕ'-fŷ, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve—*v. n.* to grow liquid
- Liquescent, lŷ-kwĕs'-ĕnt, *a.* melting
- Liquid, lŷk'-wŷd, *a.* fluid, soft, dissolved—*s.* a fluid substance, liquor
- Liquidate, lŷk'-wŷd-āte, *v. a.* to clear, to lessen debts [quidating]
- Liquidation, lŷk'-wŷd-ā'-shŷn, *s.* act of liquidating
- Liquor, lŷk'-ŷr, *s.* any thin liquid, strong drink [root, or its juice]
- Liquorice, lŷk'-ŷr-ŷs, *s.* a long sweet
- Lisp, lŷsp', *v. n.* to clip words in pronunciation
- List, lŷst', *s.* a catalogue, a place for fighting, a desire, a strip of cloth, a border—*v. n.* to choose, to desire—*v. a.* to enrol, to enclose for combats, to hearken to [ed]
- Listed, lŷs'-tĕd, *a.* striped, parti-colour-
- Listen, lŷs'n, *v. n.* to hearken, to give attention [catory prayer]
- Litany, lŷt'-ān-ŷ, *s.* a form of supplication
- Literal, lŷt'-ĕr-ăl, *a.* not figurative
- Literary, lŷt'-ĕr-ār-ŷ, *a.* respecting letters or learning

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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt—  
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Literati, lĭt'-ér-ā-tĭ, *s.* men of learning  
 Literature, lĭt'-ér-ā-tŭre, *s.* learning,  
 skill in letters

Litharge, lĭth-ārdzh, *s.* lead vitrified

Litigant, lĭt-ĭ-gĕnt, *a.* engaged in a suit  
 of law

Litigate, lĭt-ĭ-gā'te, *v. a.* to contest in  
 law, to debate—*v. n.* to manage a  
 suit [contest, a suit of law]

Litigation, lĭt-ĭ-gā'-shŭn, *s.* a judicial

Litigious, lĭt-ĭdzh'-ús, *a.* inclinable to  
 law-suits, wrangling

Litter, lĭt'-tér, *s.* a portable bed, straw  
 under animals, brood of young, birth  
 of animals, things lying disorderly—  
*v. n.* to bring forth, to scatter about

Little, lĭt'l, *a.* small, diminutive—*s.* a  
 small space, a trifle—*ad.* in a small  
 degree or quantity

Liturgy, lĭt'-ŭr-dzhŷ, *s.* a public form of  
 prayer [mation, to be alive]

Live, lĭv', *v. n.* to be in a state of ani-

Livelihood, lĭv'-lĭ-hŭd, *s.* support, means  
 of living [airy]

Lively, lĭv'-lŷ, *a.* vigorous, brisk, gay,

Liver, lĭv'-ér, *s.* one who lives, one of  
 the entrails [dark, red]

Livercolour, lĭv'-ér-kól-ór, *a.* a very

Livergown, lĭv'-ér-grōne, *a.* having a  
 great liver

Livery, lĭv'-ér-ŷ, *s.* clothes given to ser-  
 vants, a particular dress

Liveryman, lĭv'-ér-ŷ-mán, *s.* who wears  
 a livery, freeman of a company

Lives, lĭvz, *s. plural of* Life [blow]

Livid, lĭv'-ĭd, *a.* discoloured as with a

Lividity, lĭv'-ĭd'-ĭt-ŷ, *s.* discoloration as  
 by a blow

Living, lĭv'-ĭng, *s.* support, livelihood,  
 the benefice of a clergyman

Livre, lĭv'-ér, *s.* a French sum equal to  
 ten pence [salts]

Lixivial, lĭk-sĭv'-yál, *a.* impregnated with

Lixivate, lĭk-sĭv'-yĕt, *a.* making a lixi-  
 vium

Lixivium, lĭk-sĭv'-yŭm, *s.* lie, water im-  
 pregnated with fixed alkaline salt

Lizard, lĭz'-árd, *s.* a small creeping ani-  
 mal resembling a serpent

Lo, lō, *interj.* look, see, behold

Loach, lōt'sh, *s.* a small river fish

Load, lō'dē, *s.* a burden, a leading vein  
 in a mine—*v. a.* to burden, to freight,  
 to charge a gun

Loadstone, lō'dē-stō'ne, *s.* the magnet

Loaf, lō'fē, *s.* a mass of bread or sugar,  
 &c.

Loam, lō'mē, *s.* a sort of fat earth

Loamv. lō' mŷ, *a.* consisting of loam

Loan, lō'ne, *s.* any thing lent

Loath, lō'the, *v. a.* to hate, to nauseate

Loathsome, lō'the-sôm, *a.* abhorred,  
 causing dislike

Loaves, lō'vz, *plural of* Loaf

Lob, lōb', *s.* any one heavy or sluggish,  
 a worm, a prison [room]

Lobby, lōb'-bŷ, *s.* an opening before a

Lobe, lō'be, *s.* a division, part of the  
 lungs

Lobster, lōb'-stér, *s.* a shell fish

Local, lō-kál, *a.* relating to place

Locality, lō-kál'-ĭt-ŷ, *s.* existence in place

Location, lō-ká'-shŭn, *s.* situation with  
 respect to place, the act of placing

Loch, lōt'sh, *s.* a lake, a large collection  
 of waters

Lock, lōk', *s.* an instrument to fasten  
 doors, &c.—*v. a.* to fasten with a

lock, to close fast—*v. n.* to become  
 fast by a lock, to unite by mutual in-  
 sertion

Locker, lōk'-ér, *s.* any thing closed with  
 a lock, a drawer

Locket, lōk'-ĕt, *s.* a small lock, a catch  
 or spring to fasten a necklace or other  
 ornament [lined]

Lockram, lōk'-rám, *s.* a sort of coarse

Locomotive, lō-kō-mō'-tĭv, *a.* able to  
 change place

Locust, lō-kŭst, *s.* a devouring insect

Lodge, lōdzh', *v. a.* to place, to settle,  
 to harbour—*v. n.* to reside, to lie flat

—*s.* a small house in a park or forest,  
 a porter's room

Lodging, lōdzh'-ĭng, *s.* rooms hired, a  
 temporary place of residence

Loft, lōft, *s.* the highest floor

Lofty, lōft-ŷ, *a.* high, sublime, haughty

Log, lōg', *s.* a piece of wood, a Hebrew  
 measure

Logarithms, lōg'-ā-rĭthms, *s.* index of  
 the ratios of numbers one to another

Loggerhead, lōg'-gér-hĕd, *s.* a dolt, a  
 blockhead

Logic, lōdzh'-ĭk, *s.* the art of reasoning

Logical, lōdzh'-ĭk ál, *a.* pertaining to or  
 skilled in logic [logic]

Logician, lō-dzhĭsh' ŭn, *s.* one versed in

Logwood, lōg'-wŭd, *s.* a wood used for  
 dying dark colours

Loin, lōĭ'n, *s.* the back of an animal, the  
 reins

Loiter, lōĭ'-tér, *v. n.* to linger, to idle

Loll, lōl', *v. n.* to lean idly, to hang out

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Lone, lô'ne, *a.* solitary, single, without company

Lonesome, lô'ne-sôm, *a.* solitary, dismal

Long, lóng', *a.* not short, dilatory—*v. n.* to desire earnestly [of a ship

Longboat, lóng'-bôte, *s.* the largest boat

Longevity, lôn-dzhév'-ít-ÿ, *s.* great length of life [penetrating

Long-headed, lóng-héd'-éd, *a.* subtle,

Longimetry, lôn-dzhím'-ê-trÿ, *s.* the art of measuring distances [or desire

Longing, lóng'-ÿng, *s.* an earnest wish

Longitude, lôn'-dzhî tûde, *s.* length, distance from east to west

Longitudinal, lôn-dzhî-tû-dí'-năl, *a.* running in the longest direction

Longsuffering, lóng'-sûf-fér-ÿng, *a.* patient—*s.* clemency, patience

Longways, lóng'-wáze, or Longwise, lóng'-wíze, *ad.* in length

Longwinded, lóng'-wín'-déd, *a.* long-breathed, tedious

Loo, lô', *s.* the name of a game at cards

Looby, lô'-bÿ, *s.* a lubber, a clumsy clown

Loof, lôf', *s.* the after part of a ship's bow—*v. a.* to bring the ship close to a wind

Look, lôk', *v. n.* to direct the eye to any object—*v. a.* to seek for, to turn the eye upon, to behold—*s.* the air of the face, mien

Looking glass, lôk'-ÿng glâs, *s.* a mirror

Loom, lô'me, *s.* a weaver's frame—*v. n.* to appear indistinctly at sea

Loon, lô'ne, *s.* a mean fellow, a scoundrel

Loop, lô'pe, *s.* a noose for a rope

Loophole, lô'pe-hôle, *s.* a hole for a string, an aperture, evasion

Loose, lô'se, *v. a.* to unbind, to set free—*a.* unbounded, wanton—*s.* liberty

Loosen, lô's'n, *v. n.* to part—*v. a.* to relax, to set free

Looseness, lô'se-nës, *s.* a diarrhœa, irregularity, unchastity

Lop, lôp', *v. a.* to cut branches, to cut short

Loquacious, lô-kwâ'-shûs, *a.* full of talk

Loquacity, lô-kwâs'-ít-ÿ, *s.* talkativeness

Lord, lôrd, *s.* a title of honour, a nobleman, a ruler—*v. n.* to domineer, to rule despotically

Lording, lôrd'-ÿng, or Lordling, lôrd'-ÿng, *s.* a lord in contempt

Lordship, lôrd'-shÿp, *s.* power, dominion, a manor, title of a nobleman, &c.

Lore, lô're, *s.* doctrine, instruction

Lorimer, lôr'-í-mér, or Loriner, lôr'-í-nér, *s.* a bridle-cutter

Lorn, lôrn, *a.* forsaken, lost

Lose, lô'ze, *v. a.* to forfeit, not gain—*v. n.* to suffer loss, to fail

Loss, lô's, *s.* forfeiture, damage, puzzle

Lost, lôst, *pret. and part. of* Lose

Lot, lôt', *s.* fortune state assigned, portion

Lotion, lô'-shûn, *s.* a medicinal wash

Lottery, lôt'-tér-ÿ, *s.* a distribution of prizes by chance

Loud, lôûd, *a.* noisy, clamorous

Love, lôv', *v. a.* to regard with affection—*s.* passion between the sexes, kindness, courtship, friendship, a kind of thin silk stuff

Loveletter, lôv'-lèt-tér, *s.* a letter of courtship

Lovelorn, lôv'-lôrn, *a.* forsaken by one's love [in love

Lover, lôv'-ér, *s.* a friend, a person

Lovesick, lôv'-sík, *a.* languishing through love [sing love

Lovesong, lôv'-sông, *s.* a song expressing

Lovesuit, lôv'-sûte, *s.* courtship

Lovetale, lôv'-tâle, *s.* a narrative of love

Lovetoy, lôv'-tôÿ, *s.* a small present given by a lover [sing love

Lovetrick, lôv'-trík, *s.* the art of expressing

Lough, lôk', *s.* a lake, standing water

Loving, lôv'-ÿng, *a.* kind, affectionate

Lovingkindness, lôv'-ÿng-kind-nës, *s.* tenderness, mercy

Louis D'or, lô-ÿ-dô're, *s.* a French gold coin of about twenty shillings

Lounge, lôû'ndzh, *v. n.* to idle

Louse, lôû's, *s.* a small animal

Lousy, lôû'zÿ, *a.* swarming with lice, mean

Lout, lôût', *s.* a bumpkin, a clown

Loutish, lôût'-ÿsh, *a.* clownish

Low, lô', *a. and ad.* not high, dejected, abject, in poor circumstances—*v. n.* to bellow as a cow

Lower, lô'-er, *v. a.* to bring low, to lessen, to reduce—*v. n.* to grow less, to sink

Lower, lôw'-ér, *v. n.* to appear gloomy, to frown—*s.* gloominess, a frown

Lowland, lô'-lând, *s.* a low country, a marsh [of dignity

Lowly, lô'-lÿ, *a.* meek, humble, void

Lowminded, lô-mí'ndéd, *a.* mean, groveling

Lown, lôû'n, *s.* a scoundrel, a rascal

Lowspirited, lô-spir'-ít-éd, *a.* dejected



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, fĭeld, shĭrt—

Loyal, lōy'āl, *a.* true to the prince, faithful in love [to his prince]  
 Loyalist, lōy'-āl-yŭt, *s.* a rigid adherent  
 Loyalty, lōy'-āl-tŷ, *s.* fidelity, adherence  
 Lozenge, lōz'-ēndzh, *s.* medicine made in small pieces to melt gradually in the mouth [s. a lazy sturdy fellow]  
 Lubbard, lŭb'-bārd, or Lubbar, lŭb'-bér,  
 Lubric, lŭ'-brĭk, or Lubricous, lŭ'-brĭ-kús, *a.* slippery, unsteady  
 Lubricate, lŭ'-brĭ-kāte, *v. a.* to make smooth or slippery [lewdness]  
 Lubricity, lŭ'-brĭs'-tŷ, *s.* slipperiness,  
 Luce, lŭse, *s.* a pike full grown  
 Lucent, lŭ'-sēnt, *a.* shining, bright  
 Lucerne, or Lusern, lŭ'-sérn, *s.* a kind of grass cultivated as clover  
 Lucid, lŭ'-sŷd, *a.* glittering, bright, pel-lucid  
 Lucidity, lŭ'-sŷd'-tŷ, *s.* brightness  
 Luck, lŭk', *s.* chance, fortune [chance]  
 Lucky, lŭk'-ŷ, *a.* fortunate, happy by  
 Lucrative, lŭ'-kră'-tĭv, *a.* bringing gain, profitable  
 Lucre, lŭ'-kér, *s.* gain, profit  
 Luctation, lŭk'-tă-shŭn, *s.* a struggle, a contest [by night]  
 Lucubrate, lŭ'-kŭ-brāte, *v. a.* to study  
 Lucubration, lŭ'-kŭ-bră-shŭn, *s.* a nightly study or work [laughter]  
 Ludicrous, lŭ'-dŷ-krús, *a.* merry, exciting  
 Luff, lŭf', *v. n.* to keep close to the wind  
 Lug, lŭg', *v. a.* to drag, to pull with violence—*s.* a kind of small fish, the ear in Scotland [thing]  
 Luggage, lŭg'-gědzh, *s.* any cumbrous  
 Lukewarm, lŭk'-wărm, *a.* moderately warm, indifferent [put to rest]  
 Lull, lŭl', *v. a.* to compose to sleep, to lullaby, lŭl'-lă-bŷ, *s.* a song to still babes  
 Lumbago, lŭm'-bă-gō, *s.* pains about the loins [for cumbersome]  
 Lumber, lŭm'-bér, *s.* any thing useless  
 Luminary, lŭ'-mŷn-ăr-ŷ, *s.* any body that gives light [bright]  
 Luminous, lŭ'-mŷn-ús, *a.* enlightened,  
 Lump, lŭmp', *s.* a shapeless mass, the gross  
 Lumping, lŭmp'-ŷng, or Lumpish, lŭmp'-ŷsh, *a.* large, heavy, gross, dull  
 Lumpy, lŭmp'-ŷ, *a.* full of lumps  
 Lunacy, lŭ'-nă-sŷ, *s.* madness in general  
 Lunar, lŭ'-năr, or Lunary, lŭ'-năr-ŷ, *a.* relating to the moon [man]  
 Lunatic, lŭ'-nă-tĭk, *a.* mad—*s.* a mad-  
 Lunation, lŭ'-nă-shŭn, *s.* a revolution of the moon

Lunch, lŭnsh', or Luncheon, lŭr'-shŭn, *s.* a handful of food  
 Lunette, lŭ'-nět', *s.* a half moon in for-tification [of respiration]  
 Lungs, lŭng'z, *s.* the lights, the organs  
 Lupine, lŭ'pĭn, *s.* a kind of pulse  
 Lurch, lŭrtsh, *s.* a forlorn, or deserted state—*v. a.* to shift, to flinch, to pil-fer, to lurk [tice]  
 Lure, lŭ're, *s.* enticement—*v. a.* to en-  
 Lurid, lŭ'-rĭd, *a.* pale, gloomy, dismal  
 Lurk, lŭrk, *v. n.* to lie in wait, to lie close  
 Lurkingplace, lŭrk'-ŷng-plăce, *s.* a hiding place, secret place [cloying]  
 Luscious, lŭs'-shús, *a.* sweet, pleasing,  
 Lush, lŭsh', *a.* of a dark deep colour  
 Luscious, lŭ-sō-ryús, or Lusory, lŭ'-sór-ŷ, *a.* used in play, sportive  
 Lust, lŭst, *s.* carnal desire—*v. n.* to desire carnally [purify]  
 Lustrate, lŭs'-trāte, *v. a.* to cleanse, to  
 Lustration, lŭs'-tră-shŭn, *s.* a purifica-tion by water  
 Lustre, lŭs'-tér, *s.* brightness, a scone with lights, renown, a space of five years  
 Lustrous, lŭs'-trús, *a.* bright, luminous  
 Lusty, lŭs'-tŷ, *a.* stout, healthy, abie of body  
 Lute, lŭ'te, *s.* a musical instrument, chymist's clay—*v. a.* to close with chymist's clay [shining silk]  
 Lutestring, lŭ'te-strĭng, *s.* a kind of  
 Lutheran, lŭ'-thér-ăn, *s.* a follower of Luther [put out of joint]  
 Lux, lŭk's, or Luxate, lŭk's-âte, *v. a.* to  
 Luxation, lŭks-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of dis-jointing, thing disjointed  
 Luxuriant, lŭg'-zŭ ryěnt, *a.* exuberant, superfluously plenteous  
 Luxurious, lŭg'-zŭryús, *a.* voluptuous, delicious, enervating, exuberant  
 Luxury, lŭk'-sŭr-ŷ, *s.* voluptuousness, delicious fare, excess in eating or dress, &c.  
 Lydian, lŷd'-yăn, *a.* effeminate  
 Lying, lŷ'-ŷng, *part. a. of* Lie, or Lye  
 Lymph, lŷm'f', *s.* a pure fluid, transpar-ent, colourless  
 Lymphatic, lŷm'-făt'-ŷk, *s.* a vessel con-veying the lymph—*a.* belonging to or conveying the lymph [beast]  
 Lynx, lŷngks', *s.* a sharp-sighted spotted  
 Lyre, lŷ're, *s.* a musical instrument  
 Lyric, lŷr'-ŷk, *a.* pertaining to a lyre or to odes of poetry sung to a lyre

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

## M.

**M**AC, māk, *s.* an Irish and Scotch word for son [comb

Macaroni, māk-ā-rō-nŷ, *s.* a fop, a cox-

Macaronic, māk-ā-rōn'-ŷk, *s.* a confused mixture [cuit

Macaroon, māk-ā-rō-ne, *s.* a sweet bis-

Macaw, māk-kā', *s.* a West-Indian bird

Mace, mā'se, *s.* an ensign of authority, a spice [carries the mace

Macebearer, mā'se-bāre-ér, *s.* one who

Macerate, mās'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to make lean, to steep

Maceration, mās-ér-ā-shūn, *s.* the act of macerating, steeping

Machinate, māk'-ŷn-āte, *v. a.* to plan, to contrive

Machination, māk'-ŷn-ā-shūn, *s.* contrivance, a malicious scheme

Machine, mā'-shīne, *s.* a complicated piece of workmanship, an engine

Machinery, mā-shŷn-ér-ŷ, *s.* complicated workmanship

Mackerel, māk'-rél, *s.* a small sea fish

Macrocosm, mā'-krō-kōzm, *s.* the whole world or visible system

Macula, māk'-ū lā, *or* Maculation, māk-ū-lā-shūn, *s.* a spot, a stain

Maculate, māk'-ū-āte, *v. a.* to stain to spot

Mad, mād', *a.* disordered in mind, furious—*v. a.* to make mad, to enrage

Madam, mād'-ām, *s.* a term of address to ladies

Madbrained, mād'-brān'd, *a.* disordered in the mind, hot-headed [fellow

Madcap, mād'-kāp, *s.* a wild, hot-brained

Madder, mād'-der, *s.* a plant much used in dying

Made, mā'de, *pret. and part. of* Make

Madeŷ, mād'-ē-f ŷ, *v. a.* to make wet

Madhouse, mād'-hōūs, *s.* a house for madmen [of his understanding

Madman, mād'-mān, *s.* a man deprived

Madness, mād'-nēs, *s.* fury, distraction

Madrigal, mād'-rŷ-gāl, *s.* an amatory epigram or song

Magazine, māg'-ā-zŷ-ne, *s.* a storehouse, a miscellaneous pamphlet [titute

Magdalen, māg'-dā-lén, *s.* a penitent pros-

Maggot, māg'-gót, *s.* a small grub, a whim [whimsical

Maggotty, māg'-gót-ŷ, *a.* full of maggots,

Magic, mādzh'-ŷk, *a.* acting or performed by incantation or secret power—*s.* a dealing with spirits, &c.

Magician, mā-dzhŷh'-ān, *s.* one skilled in magic [arrogant

Magisterial, mā-dzhŷs-té-ryāl, *a.* lofty,

Magistery, mādzh'-ŷs-tér-ŷ, *s.* a fine chemical powder [with authority

Magistrate, mādzh'-ŷs-trāt, *s.* one vested

Magnanimity, māg-nā-nŷm'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* greatness of mind

Magnanimous, māg-nān'-ŷm-ūs, *a.* great of mind, brave

Magnesia, māg-né'-shā, *s.* a sort of white absorbent earth [tracts iron

Magnet, māg'-nēt, *s.* a stone that at-

Magnetic, māg nēt'-ŷk, *a.* attractive

Magnetism, māg'-ué-tŷzm, *s.* power of attraction

Magnific, māg-nŷf'-ŷk, *a.* illustrious

Magnificent, māg-nŷf'-ŷs-ent, *a.* grand in appearance, splendid, pompous

Magnify, māg'-nŷ-f ŷ, *v. a.* to make great, to extol highly [comparative bulk

Magnitude, māg'-nŷ-tūde, *s.* greatness,

Magpie, māg'-pŷ, *s.* a bird, a loquacious person

Mahogany, mā-hōg'-ān-ŷ, *s.* a valuable brown wood much used for furniture

Maid, mā'de, *s.* a fish, a female servant, a virgin

Maiden, mād'n, *s.* a virgin, a female servant—*a.* consisting of virgins, fresh, unpolluted [uncontaminated state

Maidenhead, mād'n-hēd, *s.* virginity,

Maid-servant, mēde-sér-vent, *s.* a female servant

Majestic, mādzh'-ēs-tŷk, *a.* august, grand

Majesty, mādzh'-ēs-tŷ, *s.* grandeur, sovereignty, a title of kings and queens

Mail, mā'le, *s.* armour, a postman's bag of letters

Maim, mā'me, *v. a.* to wound, to cripple—*s.* lameness, injury, defect

Main, mā'ne, *a.* principal, forcible—*s.* the gross, the bulk, the ocean

Mainland, mā'ne-lānd, *s.* a continent

Mainmast, mā'ne-māst, *s.* the chief or middle mast

Mainprize, mā'ne-prŷze, *s.* a bail, a pledge or surety

Q

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.—

Mainsail, mǎ'ne-sāle, *s.* the sail of the mainmast

Maintain, mǎn-tǎ'ne, *v. a.* to keep, to support—*v. n.* to support by argument [nance, protection]

Maintenance, mǎn-těn-éns, *s.* suste-

Maintop, mǎ'ne-tōp, *s.* the top of the mainmast [mainmast

Mainyard, mǎ'ne-yǎrd, *s.* the yard of the

Major, mǎ-dzhór, *a.* greater, senior, elder—*s.* an officer above the captain, the first proposition of a syllogism

Majority, mǎ-dzhór'yt-ŷ, *s.* the greater number, full age, the office of a major

Maize, mǎ'ze, *s.* Indian wheat

Make, mǎ'ke, *v. a.* to create, to form, to establish in riches or happiness—*s.* form, structure, nature

Makepeace, mǎ'ke-pése, *s.* a peace-maker

Maker, mǎ-kér, *s.* one who makes any thing [temper

Malady, mǎl'ǎ-dŷ, *s.* a disorder, a dis-

Malapert, mǎl'ǎ-pért, *a.* saucy, impu-

Malcontent, mǎl kǒn'těnt, *s.* one dissatisfied, disaffected to government

Male, mǎle, *a.* of the sex that begets young—*s.* the he of any species

Malediction, mǎl-ē-dīk'shūn, *s.* a curse, an execration [against law

Malefactor, mǎl'ē-fǎk-tór, *s.* an offender

Malefic, mǎl-ēf'ík, *a.* mischievous, hurtful

Malevolent, mǎ-lěv'ō-lěnt, *a.* ill-natured, malignant [evil intention

Malice, mǎl'is, *s.* deliberate mischief,

Malicious, mǎ-līsh-us, *a.* ill-disposed, intending ill [fictious, fatal

Malign, mǎ-lī'ne, *a.* unfavourable, in-

Malignant, mǎ-līg'nǎnt, *a.* malicious, mischievous

Malignty, mǎ-līg'nīt-ŷ, *s.* malice, destructive tendency

Malkin, mǎl-kŷn, *s.* a dirty wench

Mall, mǎl, *s.* a beater or hammer—*v. a.* to strike with a mali, to beat

Mail, mēl', *s.* a public walk

Mallard, mǎl-lárd, *s.* the drake of the wild duck

Malleability, mǎl'lyǎ bŷl'yt-ŷ, *s.* the quality of enduring the hammer

Malleate, mǎl'lyāte, *v. a.* to hammer, to spread by beating

Mallet, mǎl'let, *s.* a wooden hammer

Malmsey mǎ'm-zŷ, *s.* a sort of grape, a kind of wine [and dried

Malt, mǎlt, *s.* grain steeped in water

Maltfloor, mǎlt-flōr, *s.* a floor to dry malt on

Malthouse, mǎlt-hōūs, *s.* a building in which malt is made

Maltman, mǎlt-mán, *or* Malster, mǎls-tér, *s.* one who makes malt

Maltreated, mǎl-trét-éd, *part.* abused, ill used [dealer in malt

Malster, *or* Malster, mǎl's-tér, *s.* a

Malversation, mǎl-vér-sǎ-shūn, *s.* mean artifices or shifts [mother

Mamma, mǎm-mǎ', *s.* a fond word for

Mammillary, mǎm-mŷl'-lár-ŷ, *a.* belonging to the paps

Mammon, mǎm'món, *s.* riches

Man, mǎn', *s.* human being, the male of the human species—*v. a.* to furnish with men, &c. [hands, to shackle

Manacle, mǎn'ǎk'l, *v. a.* to chain the

Manacles, mǎn'ǎk'lz, *s.* chains for the hands

Manage, mǎn'édzh, *v. a.* to conduct, to govern, to husband—*v. n.* to superintend affairs—*s.* conduct, management of a house

Management, mǎn'édzh'měnt, *s.* conduct, practice

Manche, mǎ'nsh, *s.* a sleeve

Managery, mǎn'édzh-rŷ, *s.* conduct, administration, frugality [fine bread

Manchet, mǎnsh'ět, *s.* a small loaf of

Mancipate, mǎn'sī-pāte, *v. a.* to enslave, to bind [veyor

Manciple, mǎn'sīp'l, *s.* a steward, a pur-

Mandamus, mǎn dǎ-mús, *s.* a writ from the King's Bench

Mandarin, mǎn-dǎ-rŷn, *s.* a Chinese nobleman or magis'trate

Mandate, mǎn-dět, *s.* a command, a precept

Mandatory, mǎn-dǎ-tór ŷ, *a.* preceptive

Mandible, mǎn-dīb'l, *s.* the jaw

Mandrake, mǎn-drǎke, *s.* a plant

Manducate, mǎn-dú-kāte, *v. a.* to chew, to eat

Mane, mǎ'ne, *s.* the long hair on the neck of horses

Man eater mǎn'ēt-ér, *s.* a cannibal

Manes, mǎ-néz, *s.* ghosts, shades

Manful, mǎn'fŷl, *a.* bold, stout, daring

Manganese, mǎn-gǎ-néze, *s.* a kind of poor iron ore used by glassmakers

Mange, mǎndzh, *s.* the itch or scab in cattle, dogs, &c.

Manger, mǎn-dzér, *s.* a long wooden trough in which animals are fed with corn

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Mangle, mǎng'ł, *v. a.* to cut or tear in pieces, to smooth linen—*s.* a machine for smoothing linen

Mango, mǎn'gô', *s.* an Indian fruit or  
Mangy, mǎndzh-y', *a.* infected with the mange

Manhood, mǎn'-hüd, *s.* virility, courage  
Maniac, mǎ-nyǎk, *a.* affected with madness

Manifest, mǎn'-ŷ-fĕst, *a.* plain, clear, evident—*s.* a public declaration—*v. a.* to make appear

Manifestation, mǎn'-ŷ-fĕs-tǎ-shŭn, *s.* discovery, publication

Manifesto, mǎn'-ŷ-fĕs'-tô, *s.* a public declaration  
Manifold, mǎn'-ŷ-fôld, *a.* many in number, divers

Manille, mǎ-nŷl', *s.* the second best card  
Maniple, mǎn'-ŷp'l, *s.* handful, a small band of soldiers

Mankind, mǎn ki'nd, *s.* the human race  
Manlike, mǎn'-like, *or* Manly, mǎn'-lŷ, *a.* fitting a man, firm, stout, brave

Manna, mǎn'-nǎ, *s.* a physical drug, &c.  
Manner, mǎn'-nér, *s.* form, custom, sort, mein

Mannerly, mǎn'-nér-lŷ, *a.* civil, well  
Manners, mǎn'-nér's, *s.* morals, studied or habitual civility

Manor, mǎn'-ór, *s.* a lord's jurisdiction

Manse, mǎns', *s.* a parsonage-house

Mansion, mǎn'-shŭn, *s.* a place of residence, a great house  
Manslaughter, mǎn'-slǎ-tér, *s.* murder without malice

Mantel, mǎn'tl, *s.* raised work over a Manteler, mǎn'-tél-lét, *s.* a small cloak, a moveable penthouse for shelter

Mantle, mǎn'tl, *s.* a cloak or garment—*v. a.* to cloak, to cover—*v. n.* to froth, to ferment

Mantua, mǎn'-ǎ, *s.* a lady's gown  
Mantuamaker, mǎn'-tǎ-mǎ-kér, *s.* one who makes gowns

Manual, mǎn'-ǎ-ǎl, *a.* performed by the hand—*s.* a small book

Manubial, mǎ-nŷ-byǎl, *a.* taken as  
Manuduction, mǎn-ŷ-dŷk'-shŭn, *s.* a guidance by the hand

Manufacture, mǎn-ŷ-fǎk'-tŷre, *s.* any thing made by art—*v. a.* to make by art

Manumission, mǎn-ŷ-mŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* the act of setting free

Manumit, mǎn-ŷ-mŷt', *v. a.* to release  
Manure, mǎ-nŷ're, *v. a.* to dung, to enrich—*s.* soil to be laid on lands

Manuscript, mǎn'-ŷ-skript, *s.* a book written

Many, mǎn'-ŷ, *a.* numerous, several  
Map, mǎp', *s.* a delineation of countries, &c.

Maple, mǎp'l, *s.* a tree

Mar, mǎr', *v. a.* to injure, to spoil, to  
Maranatha, mǎ-rǎ-nǎ-thǎ, *s.* a Jewish form of anathemizing

Marasmus, mǎ-rǎz'-mŷs, *s.* a consumption  
Marauder, mǎ-rǎd-ér, *s.* a plundering soldier

Marauding, mǎ-rǎd-ing, *s.* roving in

Marble, mǎrb'l, *s.* a stone of a fine polish, a little ball of marble—*v. a.* to variegated, to vein like marble

Marblehearted, mǎrb'l-hǎrt'-ĕd, *a.* cruel, hardhearted

Marcasite, mǎr-kǎ-zĭte, *s.* a hard bright

March, mǎrtsh, *s.* the third month of the year, the movement of soldiers, a solemn walk or tune—*v. n.* to move in a military or stately manner—*v. a.* to put in military movement or regular procession

Marchioness, mǎr'-tshón ĕs, *s.* the wife  
Mare, mǎ're, *s.* the female of a horse, a kind of torpor or stagnation called the night mare

Mareschal, mǎr'-shǎl, *s.* a commander  
Margarite, mǎr gǎ-rite, *s.* an herb, a pearl

Margent, mǎr-dzhĕnt, *or* Margin, mǎr-Marginal, mǎr-dzhĭn-ǎl, *a.* placed in the margin

Margrave, mǎr-grǎve, *s.* a title of sovereignty in Germany

Margraviate, mǎr-grǎv-yĕt, *s.* the dignity or territory of a margrave

Mari gold, mǎr-ŷ gôld, *s.* a sort of yellow

Marilate, mǎr-in-ǎte, *v. a.* to salt and preserve fish in oil or vinegar

Marine, mǎ-rĭne, *a.* belonging to the sea—*s.* sea affairs, a sea soldier

Mariner, mǎr-in-ér, *s.* a seaman, a sailor

Marjoram, mǎr-dzhór-ám, *s.* a fragrant herb

Marital, mǎr-ĭt-ǎl, *a.* pertaining to a

Maritime, mǎr-ĭt-ĭm, *a.* performed on the sea, naval, bordering on the sea

Mark, mǎrk, *s.* a token, an impression, a character, a proof, evidence, any thing at which a missile weapon is directed, a silver coin worth 13s. 4d.

—*v. a.* to impress with a mark, to note



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.—

- Market, măr-kět, *s.* a place and time to buy or sell—*v. n.* to deal at a market [to hit a mark]
- Marksman, măr'ks-măn, *s.* one skilful
- Marl, măr'l, *s.* a kind of fat clay used for manure [pitch]
- Marline, măr'-lŷn, *s.* hemp dipped in
- Marlpit, măr'l-pŷt, *s.* a pit out of which marl is dug
- Marly, măr'-lŷ, *a.* abounding with marl
- Marmalade, măr-mă-lăde, *s.* the pulp of quinces or of other fruits boiled with sugar [marble]
- Marinorean, măr-mō'-ryăn, *a.* made of
- Marque, măr'rk, *s.* a licence for reprisals
- Marque, măr-ké, *s.* an officer's field tent [rank to a duke]
- Marquis, măr'-kwŷs, *s.* a title next in
- Marquisate, măr'-kwŷz-ět, *s.* seigniority of a marquis [man and woman]
- Marriage, măr'-rŷdzh, *s.* act of uniting a
- Married, măr'-rŷd, *a.* conjugal, connubial [bones]
- Marrow, măr'-rō, *s.* an oily substance in
- Marrowfat, măr'-rō-făt, *s.* a kind of pea
- Marry, măr'-rŷ, *v. a.* to join a man and a woman, to take for a husband or wife—*v. n.* to enter into the conjugal state
- Marsh, măr'sh, *s.* a fen, a bog, a swamp
- Marshal, măr-shăl, *s.* the chief officer of arms—*v. a.* to arrange, to rank in order
- Marshalsea, măr'-shăl-sŷ, *s.* a prison belonging to the king's marshal
- Marsh-mallow, mărsh-măl'-lō, *s.* a plant
- Marsh-marigold, mărsh-măr'-i-göld, *s.* a flower [in marshes]
- Marshy, măr'sh-ŷ, *a.* marshy, produced
- Mart, măr't, *s.* a place of public traffic, a bargain [swallow]
- Marten, märtén, *s.* a kind of weasel, a
- Martial, măr-shăl, *a.* warlike, brave, valiant [strap for a horse]
- Martingale, măr'-tŷn-găl, *s.* a leathern
- Martinmas, măr'-tŷn-dóm, *s.* the feast of St. Martin, the 11th of November
- Martlet, măr't-lèt, *s.* a kind of swallow
- Martyr, măr'-tŷr, *s.* one who dies for the truth [or honour of a martyr]
- Martyrdom, măr'-tŷr-dóm, *s.* the death
- Martyrology, măr'-tŷr-öl'-ō dzhŷ, *s.* a register of martyrs
- Marvel, măr-vél, *s.* wonder—*v. n.* to wonder at
- Marvellous măr'-vél-lús, *a.* wonderful strange
- Masculine, măs'-kû-lŷn, *a.* male, like a man, manly
- Mash, măs'h, *s.* a mixture for cattle—*v. n.* to beat into a confused mass
- Mask, or Masque, *s.* a disguise, a festive entertainment [wheat and rye]
- Maslin, măs'-lŷn, *s.* mixed corn, as
- Mason, mă'-s'n, *s.* one who works in stone [of a mason]
- Masonry, mă's'n-rŷ, *s.* the craft or work
- Masquerade, măs-kér-ă'de, *s.* a masked assembly [Romish church]
- Mass, măs, *s.* a lump, service of the
- Massacre, măs'-să-kér, *s.* butchery, indiscriminate destruction—*v. a.* to butcher indiscriminately
- Massive, măs'-sŷv, or Massy, măs'-sŷ, *a.* weighty, bulky
- Mast, măs't, *s.* a post raised above a vessel, the fruit of the oak or beech
- Master, măs'-ter, *s.* the chief of any place or thing, dignity in the universities—*v. a.* to conquer, to rule
- Masterly, măs'-tér-lŷ, *a.* skilful, artful, suitable to a master
- Masterpiece, măs'-tér-pŷse, *s.* a capital performance, chief excellence
- Masterstroke, măs'-tér-strōke, *s.* a capital performance [skil]
- Mastery, măs'-tér-ŷ, *s.* rule, superiority,
- Masticate, măs'-tŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to chew
- Mastication, măs-tŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* the act of chewing [cement]
- Mastich, măs'tŷk, *s.* a kind of gum, a
- Mastiff, măs'-tŷf, *s.* a fierce dog of the largest size
- Mat, măt', *s.* a texture of sedge, flags, or rushes—*v. a.* to cover with mats
- Matadore, măt-ă-dō're, *s.* one of the three principal cards at ombre and quadrille
- Match, mătsh', *s.* any thing that catches fire, a contest, one equal to another marriage—*v. a.* to be equal to, to suit to marry—*v. n.* to be married
- Matchless, mătsh'-lës, *a.* having no equal
- Matchmaker, mătsh'-mă-kér, *s.* one who makes matches [subordination]
- Mate, mă'te, *s.* a companion, second in
- Material, mă-té-ryăl, *a.* consisting of matter, not spiritual, important
- Materiality, mă-té-ryăl-tŷ, *s.* material existence, corporeity
- Materials, mă-té-ryălz, *s.* what any thing is made of
- Maternal, mă-tér-năl, *a.* of or befitting a mother

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Mathematic, mǎth-ê-mát'ík, *a.* considered according to mathematics  
 Matnematician, mǎth-ê-mǎ-tÿsh'-án, *s.* one versed in the mathematics  
 Mathematics, mǎth-ê-mát'íks, *s.* the science of number and measure  
 Mathesis, mǎ-thê'sis, *s.* the doctrine of mathematics  
 Matin, mǎt'-ín, *a.* used in the morning  
 Matins, mǎt'-ínz, *s.* morning worship  
 Matrass, mǎt'-rás, *s.* a chymical vessel  
 Matrice, mǎ-trís, *s.* the womb, a mould  
 Matricide, mǎt'-rí-side, *s.* the murder of a mother  
 Matriculate, mǎ-trík'-û-lâte, *v. a.* to admit to a membership of an university  
 Matriculation, mǎ-trík'-û-lǎ-shÿn, *s.* the act of matriculating  
 Matrimonial, mǎt-rí-mô-nyǎl, *a.* pertaining to marriage [wedlock  
 Matrimony, mǎt-rí-môn-ÿ, *s.* marriage,  
 Matrix, mǎ-tríks, *s.* the womb  
 Matron, mǎ-trôn, *s.* a prudent elderly woman [gunners in artillery  
 Matros, mǎ-trôs', *s.* a soldier under the  
 Matter, mǎt'-tér, *s.* body or substance, materials, subject, purulent running  
 Matting, mǎt'-tÿng, *s.* mats, texture of which mats are made [or hoe  
 Mattock, mǎt'-tók, *s.* a kind of pick-ax  
 Mattress, mǎt'-três, *s.* a kind of quilt made to lie upon [ripening  
 Maturation, mǎt'-û-rǎ-shÿn, *s.* the act of  
 Maturative, mǎt'-û-rǎ-tÿv, *a.* ripening, conducive to ripeness [digested  
 Mature, mǎ-tû're, *a.* ripe, perfect, well  
 Maturity, mǎ-tû-rít'ÿ, *s.* ripeness, completion.  
 Maudlin, mǎd'-lín, *a.* drunk—*s.* a plant  
 Maugre, mǎ-gér, *ad.* in spite of  
 Maul, mǎl, *v. a.* to bruise or beat soundly—*s.* a wooden hammer  
 Maund, mǎnd, *s.* a hand basket  
 Maunder, mǎn-dér, *v. n.* to grumble, to mutter  
 Maundy Thursday, mǎn-dÿ-thúrzdâ, *s.* the Thursday before Good-Friday  
 Mausoleum, mǎ sô lé'-úm, *s.* a pompous funeral monument [birds  
 Maw, mǎ, *s.* the stomach, the craw of  
 Mawkish, mǎ-k'ish, *a.* apt to cause loathing [stomach  
 Maw worm, mǎ wôrm, *s.* a worm in the  
 Maxillary, mǎks-ÿl'-lár-ÿ, *a.* belonging to the jaw bone  
 Maxim, mǎks'-ÿm, *s.* an axiom, a general principle

Maximum, mǎks'-ÿ-mûm, *s.* the greatest possible quantity  
 May, mǎ, *s.* the fifth month of the year  
 May-flower, mǎ-flôw'r, *s.* a plant  
 May-fly, mǎ-flÿ, *s.* an insect peculiar to May [first of May  
 May-game, mǎ-gǎme, *s.* diversions on the  
 May-lily, mǎ-lil-ÿ, *s.* the lily of the valley  
 Mayor, mǎ're, *s.* the chief magistrate of a corporation [mayor  
 Mayoralty, mǎ're-ál-tÿ, *s.* the office of a  
 Mayoress, mǎ-ór-ês, *s.* wife of a mayor or representative of one  
 May-pole, mǎ-pôle, *s.* a pole danced round in May [momile  
 May-weed, mǎ-wêde, *s.* a species of ca-  
 Maze, mǎ'ze, *s.* a labyrinth, confusion of thought  
 Mazy, mǎ-zÿ, *a.* perplexed, confused  
 Mead, méde, *s.* a drink made of water and honey, a meadow  
 Meadow, méd'-ô, *s.* rich pasture land  
 Meager, mé-gér, *a.* lean, poor in flesh, hungry  
 Meal, mé'le, *s.* a repast, the flour of corn  
 Mealman, mé'le-mán, *s.* a dealer in meal  
 Mealy, mé-lÿ, *a.* besprinkled with meal, pappy [bashful of speech  
 Mealy-mouthed, mé-lÿ-môûth'd, *a.*  
 Mean, mé'ne, *a.* low of rank, despicable, base—*s.* mediocrity, measure, revenue—*v. n.* to intend—*v. a.* to purpose  
 Meander, mé-án-dér, *s.* a maze, a serpentine winding—*v. n.* to run with a serpentine course  
 Meaning, mé'n-ÿng, *s.* intention, sense  
 Meanness, mén'-nês, *s.* niggardliness, want of dignity [tune  
 Means, mé'ns, *s.* income, revenue, for-  
 Meant, mént', *pret. and part. of* Mean  
 Mease, mé'se, *s.* a measure of five hundred herrings  
 Meazles, mé'z'l'z, *s.* a disease attended with inflammation, eruptions, &c.  
 Measled, mé'z'l'd, or Measly, mé'z-lÿ, *a.* spotted with measles  
 Measure, mézh'-úr, *s.* proportion, a stated or sufficient quantity, musical time, moderation, limit—*v. a.* to compute, to adjust, to distribute by measure [quantity of measure  
 Measurement, mézh'-úr-mént, *s.* act or  
 Meat, mé'te, *s.* flesh, food in general  
 Meated, mé't-éd, *a.* fed, foddered  
 Mechanic, mé-kán'ík, *a.* mean, servile, skilled in mechanics—*s.* a manufacturer, a low workman

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr -mět, dēsist, mē, liér—chŷn, chine, fiêd, shîrt.—

- Mechanics**, mē-kăn'-yks, *s.* the geometry of motion [juice of poppies]  
**Meconium**, mē-kō'-nyúm, *s.* expressed  
**Medal**, mēd'-ăl, *s.* an ancient coin, a stamped piece of metal  
**Medallion**, mē-dăl'-lyón, *s.* a large coin, or medal [interpose]  
**Meddle**, mēd'l, *v. n.* to have to do, to  
**Meddlesome**, mēd'l-sóm, *a.* intermeddling  
**Medial**, mē-dyál, *a.* middle, mean  
**Mediate**, mē-dyâte, *v. n.* to interpose as a friend—*v. a.* to form by mediation [tion, agency]  
**Mediation**, mē-dyá'-shŷn, *s.* an interposition  
**Mediator**, mē-dyá'-tór, *s.* one that interposes, an intercessor  
**Mediatorial**, mē-dyá'-tór-ryál, *or* **Mediatory**, mē-dyá'-tór-ŷ, *a.* belonging to a mediator [being healed]  
**Medicable**, mēd'-y-kéb'l, *a.* capable of  
**Medical**, mēd'-y-kál, *a.* physical, medicinal [used in healing]  
**Medicament**, mēd'-y-ká-mēht, *s.* any thing  
**Medicate**, mēd'-y-kâte, *v. a.* to tincture with medicines  
**Medicinal**, mēd'-y-s' năl, *a.* having the power of healing, belonging to physic  
**Medicine**, mēd'-y-sŷn, *s.* physic  
**Mediety**, mē-dy'-ē-tŷ, *s.* a middle state  
**Mediocrity**, mē-dyók'-rŷ-tŷ, *s.* a small degree, middle state, moderation  
**Meditate**, mēd'-y-tâte, *v. a.* to plan, to think on—*v. n.* to contemplate  
**Meditation**, mēd'-y-tá'-shŷn, *s.* deep thought, contemplation  
**Meditative**, mēd'-y-tá'-tŷv, *a.* given to meditation, serious  
**Mediterranean**, mēd'-y-tēr-rá'-nyăn, *or* **Mediterraneous**, mēd'-y-tēr-rá'-nyŷs, *a.* incircled with land, inland  
**Medium**, mē-dyúm, *s.* any thing intervening, a middle space or degree  
**Medlar**, mēd'-lár, *s.* a sort of tree or its fruit [mass]  
**Medley**, mēd'-ly, *s.* a mixture, a mingled  
**Medullar**, mē-dŷl'-lár, *or* **Medullary**, mē-dŷl'-lár-ŷ, *a.* pertaining to marrow  
**Meed**, mēde, *s.* a reward, a gift  
**Meek**, mē'ke, *a.* mild, soft, gentle  
**Meekness**, mēk'-nēs, *s.* gentleness, softness of temper  
**Meer**, mére, *See* Mere  
**Meet**, mē'te, *a.* fit, proper—*v. a.* to face, to encounter, to join, to find  
**Meeting**, mē-tŷng, *s.* an assembly, a conventicle  
**Megrin**, mē'-grŷm, *s.* a disorder of the head  
**Melancholic**, mēl'-ăn-köl'-yk, *a.* disordered with melancholy, fanciful  
**Melancholy**, mēl'-ăn-köl'-ŷ, *s.* a disease from a redundancy of black bile, discontented temper—*a.* diseased with melancholy, fanciful, dismal  
**Melilot**, mēl'-i-lôt, *s.* name of a plant, an unguent [to improve]  
**Meliorate**, mē-lyō'-râte, *v. a.* to better  
**Melioration**, mē-lyō'-râ'-shŷn, *s.* the state of being better, improvement  
**Melliferous**, mē-lŷf'-ér-ús, *a.* producing honey [act of making honey]  
**Mellification**, mēl'-lŷ-fŷ-ká'-shŷn, *s.* the  
**Mellifluous**, mēl'-lŷf-lŷ-ŷnt, *or* **Mellifluous**, mēl'-lŷf-lŷ-ús, *a.* flowing with honey [ripe, drunk]  
**Mellow**, mēl'-lō, *a.* soft in sound, full  
**Melodious**, mē-lō'-dyús, *a.* harmonious, full of melody  
**Melody**, mēl'-ō-dŷ, *s.* harmony of sound  
**Melon**, mēl'-ón, *s.* a plant and its fruit  
**Melt**, mēlt', *v. a.* to dissolve, to make liquid—*v. n.* to become liquid  
**Member**, mēm'-bér, *s.* a limb, a part of a discourse, or period, one of a community [fibres]  
**Membrane**, mēm'-brâne, *s.* a web of fine  
**Membraneous**, mēm'-brâ'-nyús, *a.* consisting of membranes  
**Memento**, mē-mēn'-tō, *s.* a hint to awaken the memory [thing]  
**Memoir**, mēm'-ŷŷr, *s.* an account of any  
**Memorable**, mēm'-ór-éb'l, *a.* worthy of remembrance  
**Memorandum**, mēm-ō-răn'-dŷm, *s.* a note to help the memory  
**Memorial**, mē-mō'-ryál, *s.* something to preserve memory, a written act containing a remonstrance or petition  
**Memorialist**, mē-mō'-ryál'-ŷst, *s.* one who presents a memorial  
**Memory**, mēm'-ór-ŷ, *s.* that faculty by which we call to mind any past transaction  
**Men**, mēn', *s.* plural of Man  
**Menace**, mēn'-és, *v. a.* to threaten—*s.* a threat [of animals]  
**Menagery**, mē-nă'zh-ēr-ŷ, *s.* a collection  
**Mend**, mēnd', *v. a.* to repair, to correct, to improve—*v. n.* to grow better  
**Mendacity**, mēn-dă's'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* lying, falsehood  
**Mendicant**, mēn'-dŷ-ként, *a.* begging—*s.* a beggar

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—tralý, rýe—thus, thick.

Mendicate, mên'-dî-kâte, *v. a.* to beg, to ask alms [mestic

Menial, mên'-nyâl, *s.* a servant—*a.* do-

Menstrual, mên's'-trû-âl, *a.* monthly, pertaining to a menstruum

Menstruum, mên's'-trû-ûm, *s.* liquor used in infusions

Mensurability, mên-sû-râ-bîl'-ý-tý, *s.* capacity of being measured [sure

Mensurate, mên-sû-râte, *v. a.* to measure

Mensuration, mên-sû-râ-shûn, *s.* the act or practice of measuring [in the mind

Mental, mên't'-âl, *a.* intellectual, existing

Mention, mên'-shûn, *s.* oral or written expression—*v. a.* to express in words, &c.

Mephitic, mē-fýt'-ýk, *a.* noxious

Merchantile, mēr'-kân-tile, *a.* trading, commercial [ish—*s.* a hireling

Mercenary, mēr'-sē-nâr-ý, *a.* venal, self-

Mercer, mēr'-sér, *s.* one who sells silks

Mercery, mēr'-sér-ý, *s.* a dealing in silks

Merchandise, mēr'-tshân-dîze, *s.* traffic, commerce, wares—*v. a.* to traffic

Merchant, mēr'-tshént, *s.* a dealer by wholesale [ship of trade

Merchant-man, mēr'-tshént-mán, *s.* a

Merciful, mēr'-sý-fúl, *a.* compassionate, tender [quicksilver

Mercurial, mēr'-kû-ryâl, *a.* consisting of

Mercury, mēr'-kû-rý, *s.* quicksilver, a planet, a news-carrier

Mercy, mēr'-sý, *s.* tenderness, clemency, compassion, pardon

Meer, mé're, *a.* that or this only, simple—*s.* a pool, a lake, a boundary

Merely, mé're-lý, *ad.* simply, only

Meretricious, mēr'-ē-trîsh'-ûs, *a.* whorish, lewd, gaudy

Meridian, mé-rîd'-yân, *s.* mid-day, the line which the sun crosses at noon, the highest point of glory or power

Meridional, mé-rîd'-yô-nâl, *a.* southern

Merit, mēr'-ýt, *s.* desert, due, reward, claim, right—*v. a.* to deserve, to earn

Meritorious, mēr'-ý-tô'-ryús, *a.* deserving of reward

Merlin, mēr'-lín, *s.* a kind of hawk

Mermaid, mēr'-mâde, *s.* a fabulous sea-woman

Merriment, mēr'-rî-mént, *s.* mirth, gaiety

Merry, mēr'-rý, *a.* chearful, causing laughter

Merry Andrew, mēr'-rý-ân'-dré, *s.* a buffoon

Merrythought, mēr'-rý-thât, *s.* a forked bone in the breast of a fowl

Mersion, mēr'-shûn, *s.* act of dipping or plunging [the mesentery

Mesenteric, mē-sên-tér'-ýk, *a.* relating to

Mesentery, mē-sên-tér'-ý, *s.* that membrane part round which the guts

are convolved [threads of a net

Mesh, mēsh', *s.* space between

Mess, mēs', *s.* a portion of food, a set of people who eat together—*v. n.* to eat, to feed together

Message, mēs'-sédzh, *s.* an errand

Messenger, mēs'-sên-dzhér, *s.* one who carries a message

Messiah, mēs-si-â, *s.* the anointed, Christ

Messieurs, mēs-sîrz, *s.* sirs, gentlemen

Messmate, mēs'-mâte, *s.* one who eats with another [house, a tenement

Messuage, mēs'-sédzh, *s.* a dwelling-

Met, mêt, *pret.* and *part.* of Meet

Metage, mête-édzh, *s.* act of measuring

Metal, mêt'l, *s.* a hard compact body malleable, and capable of fusion, courage—*a.* made of metal inferior to gold or silver [containing metal

Metallic, mē-tâl'-ýk, *a.* partaking of, or

Metalline, mêt'-âl lín, *a.* impregnated with metal [of working metals

Metallurgy, mêt'-âl-lîr-dzhý, *s.* the art

Metamorphosis, mêt'-â-môr-fô-sýs, *s.* a transformation, a change of shape

Metaphor, mêt'-â fôr, *s.* a change from natural to figurative, a simile comprised in a word [figurative

Metaphoric, mêt'-â fôr-ýk, *a.* not literal,

Metaphrase, mêt'-â-frâze, *s.* a verbal translation

Metaphisic, mêt'-â-fýz'-ýk, *a.* versed in or relating to metaphysics

Metaphysics, mêt'-â fýz'-ýks, *s.* the science which considers beings as abstracted from all matter

Metastasis, mêt'-tâs'-tâ-sýs, *s.* a translation or removal [sition

Metathesis, mêt'-tâth'-ē-sýs, *s.* a transposition

Mete, mête, *v. a.* to measure

Metempsychosis, mē-tēmp-sý-kô-sýs, *s.* a transmigration of souls from one body to another

Meteor, mē'-tyór, *s.* a body in the air or sky of a luminous or transitory nature

Meteorological, mē-tē-ē rō-lödzh'-ý-kâ, *a.* relating to meteors

Meteorology, mē-tē-ō röl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* the doctrine of meteor

Meter, mêt'-ér, *s.* a measurer, an inspector of measuring



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, field, shŷrt.—

- Mete-wand**, mē'te-wă'nd, *or* **Mete-yard**, mē'te yărd, *s.* a staff to measure with.  
**Metheg'in**, mē-thēg'ĭn, *s.* drink made of honey and water, &c.  
**Method**, mēth'ôd, *s.* order, regularity, manner [due order]  
**Methodical**, mē-thôd'ĭ-kăl, *a.* ranged in  
**Methodise**, mēth'ôd-ize, *v. a.* to regulate, to dispose in order  
**Methodist**, mēth'ô-dĭst, *s.* a person professing the established religion but practising it as the dissenters  
**Methodistical**, mēth-ôd-ĭs'tĭ-kăl, *a.* belonging to the Methodists  
**Metonymy**, mēt'ô-nŷm-ŷ, *s.* a figure in rhetoric when one word is used for another [verse]  
**Metre**, mē'tér, *s.* harmonious measure,  
**Metrical**, mēč'rĭk-ăl, *a.* pertaining to metre [city of a country]  
**Metropolis**, mē-trôp'ô-lĭs, *s.* the chief  
**Metropolitan**, mē'arô-pôl'ĭ tán, *s.* an archbishop—*a.* belonging to a metropolis  
**Mettle**, mēt'l, *s.* spirit, vivacity, courage  
**Mettlesome**, mē'tsôm, *a.* lively, brisk  
**Mew**, mŭ', *s.* a cage, an enclosure, the cry or a cat, a sea fowl—*v. n.* to shut up, to shed the feathers, to cry as a cat  
**Mewl**, mŭ'le, *v. n.* to squall as a child  
**Mezzotinto**, mēz-ô-tĭn'tô, *s.* a kind of engraving  
**Mice**, mĭse, *s. plural of* Mouse  
**Michaelmas**, mĭk'l-măs, *s.* the feast of St. Michael  
**Microcosm**, mĭ-krô-kôzm, *s.* the little world, man is so called  
**Micromer**, mĭ krôm'ê-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure small spaces  
**Microscope**, mĭ krô-skô'pe, *s.* a magnifying optic instrument  
**Mid**, mĭd', *or* **Middle**, mĭd'l, *a.* equally distant from two extremes [way]  
**Mid course**, mĭd' kôrs, *s.* middle of the  
**Mid-day**, mĭd' dă, *s.* noon  
**Middle aged**, mĭd'l-adzh'd, *a.* about the middle of life [moderate]  
**Middling**, mĭd' lĭng, *a.* of middle rank,  
**Midge**, mĭdzh', *s.* a gnat [the sky]  
**Midheaven**, mĭd' hēv'n, *s.* the middle of  
**Midland**, mĭd lănd, *a.* surrounded by land [ieg]  
**Midleg**, mĭd' lēg, *s.* the middle of the  
**Midnight**, mĭd'-nite, *s.* the middle of night  
**Midriff**, mĭd' rif, *s.* the diaphragm
- Midshipman**, mĭd'-shĭp-mán, *s.* a lower officer on board a ship  
**Midst**, mĭdst, *s.* the middle—*a.* situate in or near the middle  
**Midstream**, mĭd'-trême, *s.* the middle of the stream [mer solstice]  
**Midsummer**, mĭd'-sŭm-mér, *s.* the summer  
**Midway**, mĭd'-wă, *ad.* in the middle of the passage  
**Midwife**, mĭd'-wife, *s.* a woman who assists women in childbirth  
**Midwifery**, mĭd'-wĭf-ry, *s.* the art of delivering women [solstice]  
**Midwinter**, mĭd'-wĭn tér, *s.* the winter  
**Mien**, mĭ'n, *s.* air, look, manner  
**Might**, mĭte, *pret. of* May *See* Can—*s.* power, force [great degree]  
**Mighty**, mĭ-tŷ, *a.* powerful—*ad.* in a  
**Migrate**, mĭ-grâte, *v. n.* to change place  
**Migration**, mĭ-gră-shŭn, *s.* the act of changing place [settled]  
**Migratory**, mĭ'gră-tôr ŷ, *a.* roving, un-  
**Milch**, mĭlsh', *a.* giving or yielding milk  
**Mild**, mĭld, *a.* kind, tender, indulgent, gentle, not acrid  
**Mildew**, mĭl'-dŭ, *s.* a disease in plants—*v. a.* to taint with mildew  
**Mile**, mĭle, *s.* a land measure of 1760 yards [mark the miles]  
**Milestone**, mĭle-stône, *s.* a stone set to  
**Milfoil**, mĭl'-fôil, *s.* a plant  
**Miliary**, mĭl'-yăr-ŷ, *a.* small, resembling a millet seed [in warfare]  
**Militant**, mĭl'-ĭtēnt, *a.* fighting, enraged  
**Military**, mĭl'-ĭ-tar-ŷ, *a.* suiting a soldier, warlike [pose]  
**Militate**, mĭl'-ĭ-tâte, *v. n.* to war, to op-  
**Militia**, mĭl'-ĭsh'-yă, *s.* train bands, a national force  
**Milk**, mĭlk', *s.* liquor from the breast of females—*v. a.* to draw milk from a cow, &c. [ployed in the dairy]  
**Milkmaid**, mĭlk'-măde, *s.* a woman em-  
**Milksop**, mĭlk'-sôp, *s.* an effeminate feeble-minded man  
**Milkwhite**, mĭlk'-hwĭte, *a.* white as milk  
**Milky**, mĭlk'-ŷ, *a.* yielding milk, tender, gentle  
**Milky-way**, mĭk'-y-wă, *s.* the galaxy, a stream of light in the heavens arising from an innumerable assemblage of small stars  
**Mill**, mĭl', *s.* an engine to grind, &c.—*v. a.* to grind, to comminute, to scamp letters or other work round the edges of coin  
**Mill-cog**, mĭl'-kôg, *s.* a tooth of a wheel

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Milled, mýl'd, *a.* worked thick as cloth, stamped [expects the millennium]

Millenarian, mýl-lē-nā-ryān, *s.* one who

Millenary, mýl-lēn-ā-rý, *a.* consisting of a thousand

Millennium, mýl-lēn'-nyúm, *s.* the space of one thousand years, during which some imagine Christ will reign upon the earth after the resurrection

Millepede, mýl'-ē-péde, *s.* a wood-louse

Miller, mýl'-lér, *s.* one who manages a mill, a sort of moth

Millesimal, mýl-lēs'-ý-māl, *s.* a thousandth [fish]

Millet, mýl'-lēt, *s.* the name of a plant, a

Mill-horse, mýl'-hōrs, *s.* a horse that turns a mill

Milliner, mýl'-lín-ér, *s.* one who sells ribbons and dresses for women

Million, mýl'-yón, *s.* ten hundred thousand

Mill-pond, mýl'-pōnd, *s.* a head of water dammed up to drive a mill

Millstone, mýl'-stōne, *s.* a stone for grinding corn [spleen]

Milt, mýlt', *s.* the soft roe of fishes, the

Milter, mýlt'-ér, *s.* the male of fishes

Mimic, mým'-ýk, *a.* imitative, apish—*s.* a ludicrous imitator, a buffoon—*v. a.* to imitate as a buffoon

Mimickry, mým'-ýk-rý, *s.* a burlesque imitation

Minatory, mý-nā-tór-ý, *a.* threatening

Mince, mýns', *v. a.* to cut very small, to palliate

Mind, mýnd, *s.* intelligent faculty, opinion—*v. a.* to mark, to attend, to remind [affected]

Minded, mýnd-éd, *a.* disposed, inclined,

Mine, mýne, *a.* belonging to me—*s.* a place in the earth where metals or minerals are dug—*v. n.* to dig mines—to sap or ruin by mines

Mineral, mýn'-ér-āl, *s.* matter dug out of mines—*a.* consisting of fossil bodies

Mineralogy, mýn-ér-āl-ō-dzhý, *s.* the doctrine of minerals

Mingle, mýng'g'l, *v. a.* to mix—*v. n.* to be mixed or united—*s.* a mixture, a confused mass

Miniature, mýn'-yá-tûre, *s.* a representation in a small compass

Minikie, mýu-ýk-ýn, *a.* small, diminutive—*s.* a small pin

Minim, mýn'-ím, *s.* a note of slow time

Minimum, mýn'-i-múu, *s.* the least possible

Minion, mýn'-yón, *s.* a darling, a low pendant

Minish, mýn'-ýsh, *v. a.* to lessen, to lop

Minister, mýn'-ýs-tér, *s.* an agent, an officer of state or church—*v. a.* to give, to supply—*v. n.* to serve in any office, to give assistance, to attend on the service of God

Ministerial, mýu-ýs-tér-ýäl, *a.* acting under authority, pertaining to a minister of a church or state

Ministration, mýn'-ýs-trá-shün, *s.* agency, ecclesiastical function

Ministry, mýn'-ýs-trý, *s.* service, agency, persons employed in state affairs

Minnow, mýn'-nō *s.* a very small fish

Minor, mý-nór, *a.* less, petty—*s.* one under age; in logic, the second proposition in the syllogism

Minority, mýn-ór'-ý-ý, *s.* the state of being under age, the smaller number

Minotaur, mý-nō-târ, *s.* a monster half man and half bull

Minster, mýns'tér, *s.* a monastery, a cathedral church

Minstrel, mýns'-trél, *s.* a musician, a player on a musical instrument

Minstrelsey, mýns'-trél-sý, *s.* music, a company of musicians [ing]

Mint, mýnt', *s.* a plant, a place for coin.

Minuet, mýn'-û-ét, *s.* a stately regular dance

Minute, mý-nû'te, *a.* small, little, slender

Minute, mýn'-it, *s.* the sixtieth part of an hour—*v. a.* to set down in short hints [nicely]

Minutely, mý-nû'te-lý, *ad.* exactly,

Minx, mýngks', *s.* a pert or wanton girl

Miracle, mýr'-ák'l, *s.* something above human power [miracle]

Miraculous, mý-rák-û-lús, *a.* done by

Mire, mý're, *s.* mud, an ant—*v. a.* to overwhelm in the mud [pattern]

Mirror, mýr'-rór, *s.* a looking-glass, a

Mirth, mýrth', *s.* merriment, jollity, gaiety

Miry, mý-rý, *a.* deep in mud, muddy

Misadventure, mýs-ád-vén'-tûre, *s.* mischance, bad fortune [mankind]

Misanthrope, mýs'-án-thrōpe, *s.* a hater of

Misanthropy, mýs'-án'-thrō-pý, *s.* hatred of mankind [wrong purposes]

Misapply, mýs-áp-plý', *v. a.* to apply to

Misapprehend, mýs-áp-prē-hénd', *v. a.* not to understand rightly

Misapprehension, mýs-áp-prē-hén'-shün, *s.* wrong apprehension

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.—

Misbegot, mŷs-bē-gōt', *or* Misbegotten, mŷs-ē-gōt'n, *a.* unlawfully begotten

Misbehaviour, mŷs-bē-hā'v-e-yōr, *s.* ill conduct

Misbeliever, mŷs-bē-lŷ-vēr, *s.* one that holds a false religion [perly

Miscal, mŷs kài, *v. a.* to name impro-

Miscalculate, mŷs-kāl'-kū-lā'e, *v. a.* to reckon wrong [happy event, abortion

Miscarriage, mŷs-kār-ŷidzh, *s.* an un-

Miscarry, mŷs-kār-ŷ, *v. n.* to fail, to have an abortion

Miscellaneous, mŷs sēl-lā'-nyūs, *a.* composed of various kinds

Miscellany, mŷs-sēl-lān-ŷ, *s.* a collection of various kinds [tune

Mischance, mŷs-tshā'ns, *s.* ill luck, ill for-

Mischief, mŷs'-tshŷf, *s.* harm, ill-consequence, injury

Mischiefmaker, mŷs'-tshŷf-mā-kér, *s.* one who causes mischief [noxious

Mischievous, mŷs tshŷ-vūs, *a.* harmful,

Miscible, mŷs-sib'l, *a.* possible to be mingled

Miscection, mŷs-kōn-sēp'-shūn, *s.* a false opinion, a wrong notion

Miscenceive, mis-kōn-sē'v'e, *v. a.* to misunderstand, to have a false notion of

Misconduct, mis-kōn'-dūkt, *s.* ill-management, ill behaviour

Misconstruction, mŷs-kōn-strūk' shūn, *s.* mistaken interpretation

Misconstrue, mŷs-kōn's-trū, *or* mŷs-kōn-tēr, *v. a.* to interpret wrong

Miscount, mŷs-kōūt, *v. a.* to reckon wrong [a vile wretch

Miscreant, mŷs'-krē-ānt, *s.* an unbeliever,

Miscreate mŷs-krē-ā't, *or* Miscreated,

mŷs-krē-ā-tēd, *a.* formed unnaturally

Misdeed, mŷs-dē'de, *s.* an evil action, a crime [of, to mistake

Misdeem, mŷs-dē'me, *v. a.* to judge ill

Misdemeaner, mŷs-dē-mē'n-ór, *s.* an offence, ill-behaviour

Misdo, mŷs-dō', *v. a.* to do wrong—*v. n.* to commit faults

Misdoing, mŷs-dō'-ing, *s.* an offence, a deviation from ri ht

Misdoubt, mŷs-dōū't, *v. a.* to suspect—*s.* suspicion, hesitation

Misemploy, mŷs ēm-plōŷ', *v. a.* to use to wrong purposes

Misemployment, mŷs-ēm-plōŷ'-mēnt, *s.* improper application

Miser, mŷ-zér, *s.* one covetous to excess

Miserable, mŷz-ér-éb'l, *a.* unhappy, wretched, stingy

Misery, mŷz'-ér-ŷ, *s.* wretchedness, calamity, avarice

Misesteem, mŷs ēs tē'me, *s.* disregard

Misform, mŷs fōrm, *v. a.* to form badly

Misfortune, mŷs-fō'r-tūne, *s.* calamity, ill luck

Misgive, mŷs-gŷv', *v. a.* to fill with doubt

Misgiving, mŷs-gŷv'-ŷng, *s.* doubt, distrust [amiss

Misgovern, mŷs gōv'-érn, *v. a.* to rule

Misguide, mŷs-gīde, *v. a.* to direct ill, to lead wrong

Mishap, mŷs-hā'p, *s.* a mischance, ill-luck

Misinfer, mŷs-ŷn-fér, *v. a.* to infer wrong, to mistake

Misinform, mŷs-ŷn-fōrm, *v. a.* to give a false account

Misinterpret, mŷs-ŷn-tér-prēt, *v. a.* to interpret wrong

Misjudge, mŷs-dzhüdzh', *v. n.* to form false opinions, to judge ill—*v. a.* to mistake, to judge ill of

Mislay, mŷs-lā', *v. a.* to lay in a wrong place

Misle, mŷz'l, *v. n.* to rain in small drops

Mislead, mŷs-lē'de, *v. a.* to lead into an error

Misletoe, mŷz'l-tō, *s.* a plant that grows on the oak, ash, or apple-tree

Mislike, mŷs-like, *v. a.* to disapprove, to dislike

Mismanage, mŷs-mān'-ēdzh, *v. a.* to manage ill, to misapply

Mismanagement, mŷs-mān'-ēdzh-mēnt, *s.* ill conduct

Mismatch, mŷs-mātsh', *v. a.* to match unsu-ably

Misname, mŷs nā'me, *v. a.* to call by a wrong name

Misnomer, mŷs-nō'-mér, *s.* an indictment under a wrong name. a miscalling

Misobserve, mŷs-ōb-sērv', *v. a.* not to observe accurately

Mispel, mŷs-pēl', *v. a.* to spell wrong

Mispend, mŷs-pēnd', *v. a.* to spend ill, to waste wrong notion

Mispersuasion, mŷs-pér-swā'-zhūn, *s.* a

Misplace, mŷs-plā'se, *v. a.* to put in a wrong place

Misprint, mŷs-prīnt, *v. a.* to print wrong

Misprision, mŷs-prīzh'-ūn, *s.* contempt, mis'ake, neglect

Misproportion, mŷs-prō-pōr-shūn, *v. a.* to join without symmetry

Misquote, mŷs-kwō'te, *v. a.* to quote falsely [wrong

Misreckon, mŷs-rēk'n, *v. a.* to compute

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Misrepresent, mŷs-rē-prē-zēnt, *v. a.* to represent not as it is, to falsify to disadvantage

Misrule, mŷs-rū'l, *s.* tumult, revel

Miss, mŷs', *s.* a term of honour to a young woman—*v. a.* not to hit, to fail of obtaining, to discover to be wanting, to omit—*v. n.* not to hit

Missal, mŷs'-sál, *s.* the Romish mass book [to deform

Misshape, mŷs-shā'pe, *v. a.* to shape ill,

Missile, mŷs'-síl, *a.* thrown by the hand

Mission, mŷsh-ūn, *s.* a commission, a legation

Missionary, mŷsh'-ón-ár-ŷ, *s.* one sent to propagate religion

Missive, mŷs'-siv, *a.* that may be sent or slung [rain, dinness

Mist, mŷst', *s.* a low thin cloud, small

Mistake, mŷs-tā'ke, *v. a.* to take or conceive wrong—*v. n.* to err—*s.* a misconception, an error

Misstate, mŷs-stā'te, *v. a.* to state wrong or falsely [right

Mistime, mŷs-tī'me, *v. a.* not to time

Mistress, mŷs'-trēs, *s.* a woman who governs, a title of common respect, a concubine

Mistrust, mŷs-trūst', *s.* diffidence, suspicion—*v. a.* to suspect, to regard with diffidence [plain

Misty, mŷs'-tŷ, *a.* clouded, obscure, not

Misunderstanding, mŷs-ūn-dér-stānd-ing, *s.* a misconception, an error

Misusage, mŷs-ū-zēdz, *s.* bad treatment, abuse [improperly

Misuse, mŷs-ū'ze, *v. a.* to treat or use

Mite, mŷte, *s.* a small insect, a small particle [against poison

Mithridate, mŷth'-rī-dēt, *s.* a medicine

Mitigate, mŷt-ŷ-gā'te, *v. a.* to alleviate, to assuage

Mitigation, mŷt-ŷ-gā'-shūn, *s.* abatement of some punishment

Mitre, mŷ-tér, *s.* a bishop's cap

Mitred, mŷ-térd, *a.* adorned with a mitre [the winter

Mittens, mŷt'-ténz, *s.* coarse gloves for

Mittent, mŷt'-tént, *a.* sending forth, emitting [commitment

Mittimus, mŷt'-tŷ-mús, *s.* a warrant of

Mix, mŷks', *v. a.* to mingle—*v. n.* to be united into one mass

Mixture, mŷks'-tūre, *s.* a mass formed by mingled ingredients

Mizen, mŷzn, *s.* the aftermost mast of a ship that has three

Moan, mō'ne, *v. a.* to lament, to deplore *v. n.* to grieve—*s.* lamentation

Moat, mō'te, *s.* a canal of water round a castle, &c.

Mob, mōb', *s.* a crowd, a rabble, a female head-dress—*v. a.* to harass, to scold vulgarly

Mobby, mōb'-bŷ, *s.* a drink made of potatoes [ness, the populace

Mobility, mō-bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* activity, fickle-

Mocho-stone, mō'-kō-stōne, *s.* a stone of the agate kind

Mock, mōk', *v. a.* to ridicule, to mimic, to tantalize—*v. n.* to scoff, to flee—*a.* false, counterfeit, not real

Mockery, mōk'-ér-ŷ, *s.* derision, sportive insult, counterfeit appearance

Modal, mō' dāl, *a.* relating to the form or mode [fashion

Mode, mō'de, *s.* form, state, degree,

Model, mōd'-él, *s.* a representation, a copy to be imitated, a standard—*v. a.* to shape, to mould, to delineate

Moderate, mōd'-ér-ēt, *a.* temperate, mild, gentle

Moderate, mōd'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to regulate, to restrain

Moderation, mōd'-ér-ā'-shūn, *s.* forbearance of extremity, equanimity, frugality [rules or restrains

Moderator, mōd-ér-ā'-tór, *s.* one who

Modern, mōd'-érn, *a.* recent, vulgar, mean

Modernise, mōd'-érn-ize, *v. a.* to adapt ancient compositions to modern persons or things

Moderns, mōd'-érnz, *s.* those who have lived lately

Modest, mōd'-ést, *a.* not presumptuous, chaste, discreet

Modesty, mōd'-ēs-tŷ, *s.* chastity, decency, purity of manners

Modicum, mōd'-ŷ-kún, *s.* a small portion, a pittance [be diversified

Modifiable, mō-dŷf'-ŷk-éb'l, *a.* that may

Modification, mōd-ŷf'-ŷk-ā'-shūn, *s.* the act of modifying [of, to shape

Modify, mōd'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to change the

Modillion, or Modillon, mō-dŷl'-ŷyón, *s.* a sort of bracket [gay

Modish, mō' dŷsh, *a.* fashionable, tasty,

Modulate, mōd'-ū-lāte, *v. a.* to form sound to a certain key or note

Modulation, mōd-ū-lā'-shūn, *s.* the act of modulating, harmony

Modulator, mōd'-ū-lā'-tór, *s.* he who modulates, a tuner



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chinc, field, shŷrt.—

Module, mōd'-ūle, *s.* an empty representation, a model

Modus, mō'-dus, *s.* an equivalent in the lieu of tithes [made of hair

Mohair, mō'-hāre, *s.* a thread or stuff

Mohawk, mō hāk, *s.* a barbarous Indian, a ruffian

Moidered, mōi' dērd, *a.* crazed, stupified

Moidore, mōi dō're, *s.* a Portugal coin of 11. 7s.

Moiety, mōi'-ē-ty, *s.* half

Moil, mōi'l, *v. a.* to daub with dirt, to weary—*v. n.* to toil, to drudge

Moist, mōi'st, *a.* wet, damp, juicy

Moisten, mōi's'n, *v. a.* to make moist

Moisture, mōi's-tūre, *s.* a small quantity of water, &c. [sugar

Molasses, mō-lās'-séz, *s.* treacle, dregs of

Mole, mō'le, *s.* a natural spot, a mound, a little animal that works under ground [catches moles

Molecatcher, mō'le-kătsh-ér, *s.* one who

Molehill, mō-le-hŷll, *s.* a hillock made by a mole [trouble, to vex

Molest, mō-lést', *v. a.* to disturb

Molestation, mō-lēs-tā-shŷn, *s.* disturbance, vexation

Molewarp, mō'le-wārp, *or* Mouldwarp, mō'ld-wārp, *s.* a small animal that throws up the earth

Mollient, mōl'-lyěnt, *a.* softening

Mollification, mōl-lŷ-fŷk-ā-shŷn, *s.* the act of mollifying, mitigation

Mollify, mōl'-lŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to soften, to assuage, to appease

Molten, Mōl't'n, *part. of* Melt

Moment, mō'-mēnt, *s.* consequence, importance, value, an indivisible part of time

Momentary, mō-mēn-tār-ŷ, *a.* instantly, lasting but a short time

Momentuous, mō-mēn'-tūs, *a.* important, weighty

Momentum, mō-mēn'-túm, *s.* impetus, force, quantity of motion in a moving body [lating to monks

Monachal, mōn'-āk-kāl, *a.* monastic, re-

Monarchism, mōn'-āk-kŷzm, *s.* a monastic life

Monarch, mōn'-ār-k, *s.* a king, a sovereign

Monarchal, mō-nār'-kāl, *a.* regal, princely

Monarchical, mō-nār'-kŷ-kāl, *a.* vested in a single ruler [by one, a kingdom

Monarchy, mōn'-ār-kŷ, *s.* a government

Monastery, mōn'-ās-tér-ŷ, *s.* a convent

Monastic, mō-nās'-tŷk, *a.* pertaining to a convent

Monday, mōn'-dā, *s.* the day after Sunday [public use

Money, mōn'-ŷ, *s.* any metal coined for

Moneyed, mōn'-ŷd, *a.* rich in money

Moneyscrivener, mōn'-ŷ-skrŷv-nér, *s.* a raiser of money

Monger, mōng'-ér, *s.* a dealer, a seller

Mongrel, mōng'-grél, *s.* an animal of a mixed breed [hint

Monition, mō-nŷsh'-lŷn, *s.* information,

Monitor, mōn'-ŷ-tór, *s.* one who warns of faults or gives useful hints

Monitory, mōn'-ŷ-tór-ŷ, *a.* giving admonition—*s.* a warning

Monk, mōngk', *s.* one who lives in a monastery

Monkery, mōngk'-é-rŷ, *s.* life of a monk

Monkey, mōngk'-ŷ, *s.* an ape, a word of contempt

Monkish, mōngk'-ŷsh, *a.* monastic

Monochord, mōn'-ō-kórd, *s.* an instrument of one string

Monocular, mō-nōk'-ŷ-lār, *or* Monoculous, mō-nōk'-ŷ-lūs, *a.* one-eyed

Monody, mōn'-ō-dŷ, *s.* a poem sung by one person [riage of one wife

Monogamy, mō-nōg'-ā-mŷ, *s.* the mar-

Monopetalous, mōn'-ō-pět'-āl-ús, *a.* having but one leaf

Monopolize, mō-nōp'-ō-lize, *v. a.* to engross all of a commodity into a person's own hands

Monopoly, mō-nōp'-ō-lŷ, *s.* an exclusive privilege of selling

Monoptote, mōn'-ōp-tōte, *s.* a noun used in one case only

Monosyllable, mōn'-ō-syl'-láb'l, *s.* a word of one syllable

Monotony, mō-nōt'-ō-nŷ, *s.* uniformity of sound, want of variety of cadence

Monsoon, mōn'-sō-ne, *s.* a shifting trade wind [tural or horrible

Monster, mōn'-stér, *s.* something unna-

Monstrous, mōn'-strús, *a.* wonderful, unnatural, shocking

Month, mōnth', *s.* the twelfth part of the year, a space of four weeks

Monument, mōn'-ŷ-mént, *s.* any thing to perpetuate memory, a tomb

Monumental, mōn'-ŷ-mén'-tāl, *a.* preserving memory

Mood, mō'de, *s.* a peculiar form of the verb, temper of mind [the night

Moon, mō'ne, *s.* the great luminary of

Moon-beam, mō'ne-bēme, *s.* a ray of lunar light [blind

Moon-eyed, mō'ne-ide, *a.* dim-eyed, pur

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Moonlight, mō'ne-lite, *s.* light afforded by the moon [the moon

Noonshine, mō'ne-shine, *s.* the lustre of Moor, mō're, *s.* a marsh, a negro—*v. a.* to fasten by anchors—*v. n.* to be fixed

Moorhen, mō're-hên, *s.* a fowl that feeds in the fens

Mooring, mō'r-yng, *part.* fastening with ropes and anchors—*s.* places for mooring a ship

Moorish, mō'r-ish, or Moory, mō'r-ý, *a.* fenny, marshy, of the moors

Moorland, mō're-lând, *s.* a marsh, fen, watery ground

Moose, mō'se, *s.* a large American deer

Moot, mō'te, *v. a.* to plead a mock cause, to argue unsettled and disputable points [root

Mooted, mō't-êd, *a.* plucked up by the Moothall, môt-hâ'l, *s.* place for trying moot causes [floors

Mop, mōp', *s.* an utensil to clean the Mope, mō'pe, *v. n.* to be spiritless or drowsy [s. a puppet, a doll

Moppet, mōp'-pêt, or Mopsy, mōp'-sý,

Moral, mōr'-âl, *a.* teaching the rules of virtue or the duties of life, regarding vice and virtue—*s.* the doctrine inculcated by a fiction [morals

Moralist, mōr'-âl-ist, *s.* one strict in

Morality, mō-râ'l-ý-ý, *s.* the doctrine of the duties of life

Moralize, mōr'-â like, *v. a.* to explain in a moral sense—*v. n.* to speak or write on moral subjects [duties

Morals, mōr'-âlz, *s.* the practice of moral

Morass, mō-râs', *s.* a fen, a moor

Morbid, mōr'-býd, *a.* diseased

Morbific, mōr'-bíf'-ýk, *a.* causing diseases

Morose, mōr-bō'se, *a.* proceeding from disease [state

Morbosity, mōr-bōs'-ýt-ý, *s.* a diseased

Mordacious, mōr-dâ-shús, *a.* biting, apt to bite [number

More, mō're, *a.* in greater degree or

Moré, mō-rêl', *s.* a plant, a kind of cherry [tract of land

Moreland, mō're-lând, *s.* a mountainous

Moreover, mō're-ô-vér, *ad.* more than yet mentioned

Morn, mōrn, or Morning, mōr-nýng, *s.* the first part of the day

Morocco, mō-rök'-kô, *s.* a fine kind of leather

Morose, mō-rō'se, *a.* peevish, cross, surly [sourness

Morosity, mō-rôs'-ýt-ý, *s.* sullenness,

Morphew, mō'r-fû, *s.* a scurf on the face  
Morris-dance, mōr'-rys dâns, *s.* a Moorish dance

Morris-dancer, mōr'-rys-dân-sér, *s.* one who dances the Moorish dance

Morrow, mōr'-rô, *s.* the day following the present

Morse, mō'rs, *s.* the sea horse

Morsel, mōr'-sél, *s.* a mouthful, a small quantity

Mortal, mōr'-tâl, *a.* subject to death, destructive, violent—*s.* a man, a human being

Mortality, mōr'-tâl-ýt-ý, *s.* power of destruction, frequency of death, human nature

Mortar, mōr'-târ, *s.* a vessel to pound in, a cannon for bombs, a cement for building [lands, &c.

Mortgage, mōr'-gêdzh, *v. a.* to pledge

Mortgagee, mōr-gâ-dzhé', *s.* one who takes a mortgage [structive

Mortiferous, mōr-tíf'-ér-ús, *a.* fatal, de-

Mortification, mōr-tý-fý-kâ-shûn, *s.* a gangrene, humiliation

Mortify, mōr-tý-fý, *v. a.* to humble, to vex—*v. n.* to gangrene

Mortise, mōr'-tîs, *s.* a hole cut into wood to admit another piece in—*v. a.* to join with a mortice

Mortmain, mōrt-mâne, *s.* an unalienable estate [the church

Mortuary, mōr-tû-âr-ý, *s.* a gift left to

Mosaic, mō-zâ'-ýk, *a.* kind of painting in pebbles and shells

Moschetto, mōs-kê'-tô, *s.* a West Indian stinging gnat

Mosque, mōsk', *s.* a Mahometan temple

Moss, mōs', *s.* a plant growing on trees, &c.

Mossy, mōs'-sý, *a.* overgrown with moss

Most, mō'st, *a.* greatest in number or quantity or degree—*s.* the greatest number or value

Mostly, mō'st-lý, *ad.* for the most part

Notable, mō-téb'l, *a.* notable, changing position

Motation, mō-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of moving

Mote, mō'te, *s.* a small particle of matter, a court of judicature

Moth, mōth, *s.* a small winged insect

Mother, mōth-ér, *s.* a woman that has borne a child, a sort of mouldiness in liquors—*a.* had at the birth, native

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâl, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chĭn, chĭne, field, shĭrt—

- Mother-of-Pearl, mŏth'-ér-ôf-pérĭ, *s.* a kind of coarse pearl, a shell in which pearls are generated [mother]  
 Motherless, mŏth'-ér-lès, *a.* having no  
 Motherly mŏth'-ér-lý, *ad.* friendly, acting as a mother  
 Mothery, mŏth'-ér-ý, *a.* concreted, dreggy, mouldy  
 Mothy, mŏth'-ý, *a.* full of moths  
 Motion, mŏ-shŭn, *s.* the act of moving, action, proposal  
 Motive, mŏ-tĭv, *a.* causing motion—*s.* the reason of an action [colours  
 Motley, mŏt'-lý, *a.* mingled, of various  
 Motto, mŏt'-tŏ, *s.* the sentence added to a device or prefixed to any thing written  
 Move, mŏ've, *v. a.* to put out of one place into another, to put in another —*v. n.* to go from one place to another [furniture  
 Moveables, mŏ'v-éblz, *s.* personal goods,  
 Moving, mŏ-výng, *part. a.* pathetic, affecting  
 Mould, mŏld, *s.* a concretion occasioned by damp, earth, cast, form—*v. a.* to form, to model, to knead  
 Moulder, mŏl'-dér, *v. n.* to perish—*v. a.* to turn to dust  
 Moulding, mŏl'-dýng, *s.* ornaments of wood, stone, &c. [concretions  
 Mouldy, mŏl'-dý, *a.* overgrown with  
 Moults, mŏlt, *v. n.* to shed or change feathers  
 Mound, mŏú'nd, *s.* a fence, a rampart  
 Mount, mŏúnt', *s.* a mountain, a hill—*v. n.* to get on horseback—*v. a.* to ascend, to climb  
 Mountain, mŏú'n-tín, *s.* a large hill—*a.* found in the mountains  
 Mountaineer, mŏú'n-tín-ère, *s.* a rustic, a highlander [a stage doctor  
 Mountebank, mŏú'n-tē-bāngk, *s.* a quack,  
 Mounting, mŏú'n-tíng, *s.* ornaments that raise and set off a work  
 Mourn, mŏrn, *v. n.* to grieve, to wear the habit of sorrow—*v. a.* to grieve for, to lament  
 Mourner, mŏrn ér, *s.* an attendant on funerals in black  
 Mournful, mŏrn-fŭl, *a.* causing sorrow, sorrowful  
 Mourning, mŏ'r-nýng, *s.* lamentation, the dress of sorrow  
 Mouse, mŏú's, *s.* a small quadruped  
 Mouse-trap, mŏús-tráp, *s.* a trap to catch mice with  
 Mouth, mŏú'th, *s.* the aperture in the head, where food is received, an entrance—*v. n.* to vociferate  
 Mow, mŏw', *s.* a heap of hay or corn—*v. a.* to cut with a scythe, to cut down with speed [with a scythe  
 Mower, mŏw'-ér, *s.* one who cuts down  
 Much, mŏtsh', *s.* a great deal—*ad.* greatly, often  
 Mucilage, mŭ-sĭ-lédzh, *s.* a slimy or viscous body [slimy, viscous, ropy  
 Mucilaginous, mŭ sĭ-lădzh'-ýn-ús, *a.*  
 Muck, mŭk', *s.* dung, any thing filthy—*v. a.* to manure with muck [chief  
 Muckender, mŭk'-én-dér, *s.* a handker-  
 Muckhill, mŭk'-hĭl, *s.* a dunghill  
 Muckworm, mŭk' wŏrm, *s.* a worm that lives in dung, a miser  
 Mucky, mŭk'-ký, *a.* nasty, filthy  
 Mucous, mŭ-kús, *a.* slimy, viscous  
 Mucus, mŭ-kús, *s.* a slimy liquor or moisture  
 Mud, mŭd', *s.* wet dirt, filth, or mire  
 Muddle, mŭd'l, *v. a.* to make foul, to make tipsy  
 Muddy, mŭd'-dý, *a.* turbid, foul with mud, cloudy—*v. a.* to make muddy  
 Mudwall, mŭd'-wâl, *s.* a wall built with mud [hands in winter  
 Muff, mŭf', *s.* a soft cover of fur for the  
 Muffin, mŭf'-fĭn, *s.* a kind of light spongy cake [fold  
 Muffle, mŭf'l, *v. a.* to wrap up, to blind-  
 Muffler, mŭf'-flér, *s.* a cover for the face  
 Mufti, mŭf' tý, *s.* the high priest of the Mahometans  
 Mug, mŭg', *s.* a cup to drink out of  
 Muggy, mŭg' gý, or Muggish, mŭg'-gĭsh, *a.* moist, damp, close  
 Mughouse, mŭg'-hŏus, *s.* an alehouse  
 Mulatto, mŭ 'xŭ-tŏ, *s.* one begotten between a white and a black [fruit  
 Mulberry, mŭl'-bér-ý, *s.* a tree and its  
 Mulct, mŭlkt', *s.* a fine, a penalty—*v. a.* to punish with fine or forfeiture  
 Mule, mŭle, *s.* an animal generated between an ass and a mare  
 Muleteer, mŭ-lét-tère, *s.* a driver of mules [hood, tenderness  
 Muliebrity, mŭ-lý-éb'-rĭ-tý, *s.* woman-  
 Mull, mŭl', *v. a.* to warm and sweeten wine or ale  
 Muller, mŭl'-lár, *s.* a stone for grinding colours  
 Mullet, mŭl'-lét, *s.* a sea fish  
 Molligrubs, mŭl'-ly-grŭbz, *s.* a twisting of the guts, sullenness

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Multangular, mûlt-âng'-û-lâr, *a.* having many corners

Multifarious, mûl-tŷ-fâ'-ryús, *a.* having great multiplicity, &c.

Multiform, mûl-tŷ-fôr'm, *a.* having various shapes [with many feet

Multipede, mûl'-tŷ-pêde, *s.* an insect

Multiple, mûl'-tŷ-pl, *s.* a number containing another several times

Multiplicable, mûl'-tŷ-plŷ-kéb'l, *a.* that may be multiplied

Multiplicand, mûl-tŷ-plŷ-kând', *s.* the number to be multiplied

Multiplication, mûl-tŷ-plŷ-kâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of multiplying

Multiplicator, mûl-tŷ-plŷ-kâ'-tôr, *s.* that which multiplies [variety

Multiplicity, mûl-tŷ-plŷ-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* a great

Multiplier, mûl-tŷ-plŷ-ér, *s.* the multiplying number in arithmetic

Multiply, mûl'-tŷ-plŷ, *v. a.* to increase in number [ber, many, a crowd

Multitude, mûl'-tŷ-tûde, *s.* a great number

Multitudinous, mûl-tŷ-tû-dîn-ús, *a.* manifold [kind of ale

Mum, mûm', *interj.* silence, hush—*s.* a

Mumble, mûm'b'l, *v. n.* to speak indistinctly, to grumble, to mutter, to chew [masks, buffoonery

Mummery, mûm'-mér-ŷ, *s.* frolic in

Mummy, mûm'-mŷ, *s.* an embalmed corpse, a sort of wax [to beg

Mump, mûmp', *v. a.* to nibble, to bite,

Mumps, mûmps', *s.* sullenness, a disease

Munch, mûnsh', *v. n.* to chew eagerly

Mundane, mûn'-dâne, *a.* belonging to the world [cleansing

Mundation, mûn-dâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of

Mundatory, mûn-dâ'-tôr-ŷ, *a.* having the power to cleanse

Mundic, mûn'-dŷk, *s.* a kind of marcasite

Mundungus, mûn-dûng'-gús, *s.* stinking tobacco [nature of a gift

Munerary, mû'-nér-ár-ŷ, *a.* having the

Municipal, mû nŷ-ŷ-pâl, *a.* belonging to a corporation [bountiful

Munificent, mû-nŷf'-ŷ-sënt, *a.* liberal,

Muniment, mû'-nŷ-mënt, *s.* a strong hold, a support [ammuni-ion

Munition, mû nŷh'-ûn, *s.* fortification,

Mural, mû'-râl, *a.* pertaining to a wall

Murder, mûr'-dér, *s.* the act of killing unlawfully—*v. a.* to kill unlawfully, to destroy [commits murder

Murderer, mûr'-dér-ér, *s.* one who

Murderous, mûr'-dér-ús, *a.* bloody, guilty of murder

Mure, mû're, *s.* a wall—*v. a.* to enclose in walls [ture of brine

Muriatic, mû-rŷ-ât'-ŷk, *a.* having the na-

Murky, mûr'-kŷ, *a.* dark, cloudy

Murmur, mûr'-mûr, *s.* a low continued buzzing noise, a complaint—*v. n.* to give a low buzzing sound, to utter secret discontent [cattle

Murrain, mûr'-rŷn, *s.* a plague amongst

Murrey, mûr'-rŷ, *a.* darkly red

Muscadel, mûs'-kâ dél, or Muscadine, mûs'-kâ-dîne, *s.* a kind of sweet grape or wine [fish

Muscle, mûs'l, *s.* a fleshy fibre, a shell

Mossosity, mûs-kôs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* mossiness

Muscular, mûs'-kû-lâr, *a.* full of muscles, brawny

Muse, mû'ze, *s.* deep thought, the power of poetry, one of the nine sisters presiding over the liberal arts—*v. n.* to ponder, to think close [curiosities

Museum, mû-zê'-ûm, *s.* a repository for

Mushroom, mûsh'-rôme, *s.* a sort of spongy plant, an upstart

Music, mû-zŷk, *s.* harmony, science of harmonical sounds

Musical, mû'-zŷ-kâl, *a.* harmonious, sweet sounding [music

Musician, mû-zŷsh'-ân, *s.* one skilled in

Musing, mûz'-ŷng, *a.* pausing, closely thinking [flower

Musk, mûsk', *s.* a sort of perfume, a

Musket, mûs'-kêt, *s.* a soldier's handgun, a male hawk

Musketeer, mûs-kê-tê're, *s.* a soldier armed with a musket [buss

Musketoön, mûs-kê-tô'ne, *s.* a blunder-

Musky, mûs'-kŷ, *a.* fragrant, sweet, smelling like musk [cotton

Muslin, mûz'-lŷn, *s.* fine stuff made of

Musquito, see Moschetto

Mussulman, mûs'-sûl-mán, *s.* a Mahometan believer

Must, mûst', *v. a.* to make mouldy—*v. n.* to grow mouldy—*s.* new wine, new wort—*v. imperf.* to be obliged

Mustaches, mûs-tâ-zhéz, *s.* whiskers

Mustard, mûs'-târd, *s.* a plant and its seed

Muster, mûs'-tér, *v. n.* to assemble forces—*v. a.* to review, to bring together—*s.* review of a body of forces, register of forces [damp, dull

Musty, mûs'-tŷ, *a.* mouldy, spoiled with

Mutability, mû-tâ-bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* changeableness, inconstancy



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chŷn, chine, fîeld, shirt—

- Mutable, măt-téb'l, *a.* subject to change, inconstant, uncertain  
 Mutation, măt-tă-shŷn, *s.* the act of changing, alteration  
 Mute, măt'e, *a.* silent, not vocal, dumb—*s.* one that has no power of speech—*v. n.* to dung as birds  
 Mutilate, măt-tŷl-âte, *v. a.* to deprive of some essential part, to maim  
 Mutilation, măt-tŷ-lă-shŷn, *s.* deprivation of a limb, &c.  
 Mutine, măt-tŷn, or Mutineer, măt-tŷn-é're, *s.* a mover of sedition  
 Mutinous, măt-tŷn-ús, *a.* seditious, turbulent  
 Mutiny, măt-tŷ-nŷ, *v. n.* to rise against authority—*s.* insurrection, sedition  
 Mutter, măt-tér, *v. n.* to grumble, to murmur—*v. a.* to mutter with imperfect articulation [sheep  
 Mutton, măt'n, *s.* the flesh of sheep, a  
 Muttonfist, măt'n-fŷst, *s.* a hand large and red [in return  
 Mutual, măt-tŷ-ăl, *a.* reciprocal, acting  
 Mutuality, măt-tŷ-ăl-tŷ, *s.* reciprocation  
 Mutually, măt-tŷ-ăl-lŷ, *ad.* in return, reciprocally
- Muzzle, măt'z'l, *s.* the mouth of any thing—*v. a.* to bind the mouth  
 My, mŷ', *a.* belonging to me  
 Myography, mŷ-ôg'-grăf-ŷ, *s.* a description of the muscles  
 Myriad, mŷr'-ŷăd, *s.* ten thousand  
 Myrmidon, mŷr'-mŷ-dôn, *s.* any rude ruffian  
 Myrrh, mŷr', *s.* a precious kind of gum  
 Myrrhine, mŷr'-rŷne, *a.* belonging to myrrh, made of the myrrhine stone  
 Myrtle, mŷr't'l, *s.* a fragrant kind of shrub  
 Myself, mŷ-sêlf, *s.* my very person  
 Mystagogue, mŷs'-tă-gôg, *s.* one who interprets mysteries  
 Mysterious, mŷs-tê-ryús, *a.* full of mystery, awfully obscure  
 Mysteize, mŷs'-tê-rize, *v. a.* to turn to enigmas [or hidden  
 Mystery, mŷs-tê-rŷ, *s.* something secret  
 Mystic, mŷs-tŷk, *a.* sacredly obscure, secret [lating to fables  
 Mythological, mŷ-thô-lôdzh'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* re-  
 Mythologize, mŷ-thôl'-ô-dzhize, *v. n.* to relate or explain the ancient fables of the heathens [of fables  
 Mythology, mŷ-thôf-ô-dzhŷ, *s.* a system

## N

- N**AB, năb', *v. a.* to catch unexpectedly  
 Nabob, nă-bôb', *s.* a governor in the empire of the great mogul, one who has acquired a large fortune in the East Indies  
 Nadir, nă-dŷr, *s.* the point under foot directly opposite to the zenith  
 Nag, năg', *s.* a small or young horse  
 Naiad, nă-ŷăd, *s.* a nymph supposed to haunt rivers and fountains  
 Nail, nă'le, *s.* a horn on the fingers and toes, a spike of metal, a stud, the sixteenth part of a yard—*v. a.* to fasten or stud with nails  
 Naked, nă-kêd, *a.* uncovered, unarmed, evident  
 Nakedness, nă-kêd-nês, *s.* want of covering or concealment, poverty  
 Name, nă'me, *s.* an appellation, reputation, renown—*v. a.* to discriminate by a particular appellation, to mention by name, to specify, to nominate
- Namely, 'nă'me-lŷ, *ad.* particularly, specially [same name  
 Namesake, nă'me-săke, *s.* one of the  
 Nap, năp', *s.* a short sleep, down on cloths [hind  
 Nape, nă'pe, *s.* the joint of the neck be-  
 Napkin, năp'-kŷn, *s.* a cloth to wipe the hands, &c. [having a nap  
 Nappiness, năp'-pŷ-nês, *s.* the quality of  
 Nappy, năp'-pŷ, *a.* frothy, spumy  
 Narcissus, năr-sŷs-ús, *s.* the daffodil  
 Narcotic, năr-kôf'-ŷk, *a.* causing torpor or stupefaction [shrub  
 Nard, nărd', *s.* spikenard, an odorous  
 Narrate, năr-râte, *v. a.* to relate, to tell  
 Narration, năr-ră-shŷn, or Narrative, năr-ră-tŷv, *s.* a relation, a history  
 Narrator, năr-ră-tôr, *s.* a teller, a relater  
 Narrow, năr-rô, *a.* near, covetous, not broad or wide  
 Nasal, nă-zăl, *a.* belonging to the nose

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Nastiness, năs'-tŷ-nēs, *s.* filthiness, obscenity, dirtiness [gross  
Nasty, năs'-tŷ, *a.* dirty, filthy, obscene,  
Natal, nă-tăl, *a.* native, relating to nativity [ming  
Natation, nă-tă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of swim-  
Nation, nă-shŷn, *s.* a people distinct from others  
National, năsh'-ôn-ăl, *a.* public, general  
Native, nă-tŷv, *a.* produced by nature, natural, original, pertaining to the place of birth—*s.* one born in any place  
Nativity, nă-tŷv'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* birth  
Natural, năt'-û-răl, *a.* produced or bestowed by nature, illegitimate, tender, unaffected—*s.* an idiot [physics  
Naturalist, năt'-û-ră-list, *s.* a student in  
Naturalization, năt'-û-ră-lŷ-ză-shŷn, *s.* the admission to native privileges  
Naturalize, năt'-û-ră-lŷze, *v. a.* to admit to native privileges, to make easy  
Nature, nă-tŷre, *s.* the native state of any thing, the constitution of an animated body, disposition of mind, the regular course of things, the compass of natural existence, natural affection, state or operation of the material world, species  
Naval, nă-văl, *a.* consisting of or belonging to ships  
Nave, nă've, *s.* part of a wheel, the middle part of a church [middle  
Navel, nă-v'l, *s.* a part of the body, the  
Naught, năt', *a.* bad, corrupt—*s.* nothing  
Naughty, nă-tŷ, *a.* bad, wicked, corrupt  
Navigable, năv'-ŷ-géb'l, *a.* capable of being passed in ships or boats  
Navigate, năv'-ŷ-gâte, *v. n.* to sail—*v. a.* to pass by ships or boats  
Navigation, năv'-ŷ-gă-shŷn, *s.* the act of passing by water, the art of conducting a ship at sea  
Navigator, năv'-ŷ-gă-tôr, *s.* a seaman, a traveller by water [fight  
Naumachy, nă-mă-kŷ, *s.* a mock sea-  
Nausea, nă-shŷă, *s.* sickness of the stomach [squeamish—*v. a.* to loath  
Nauseate, nă-shâte, *v. n.* to grow  
Nauseous, nă-shŷs, *a.* loathsome, disgusting  
Nautic, nă-tŷk, or Nautical, nă-tŷk-ăl, *a.* pertaining to ships or sailors  
Nautilus, nă-tŷl-ŷs, *s.* a shell-fish having oars and a sail  
Navy, nă-vŷ, *s.* an assembly of ships, a fleet

Nay, nă', *ad.* no, not only so but more  
Neaf, nê'fe, *s.* the fist [heat  
Neal, nê'le, *v. a.* to temper by gradual  
Neap, nê'pe, *a.* low, used only of the tide  
Near, nê're, *a.* nigh, close, parsimoni-  
ous—*ad.* at hand, not far, almost  
Neat, nê'te, *s.* black cattle, oxen—*a.* elegant but without dignity, spruce, unadulterated [cattle  
Neatherd, nê'te-hêrd, *s.* a keeper of black  
Neatness, nê't-nēs, *s.* cleanliness, elegance [mouth  
Neb, nêb', *s.* the nose, the beak, the  
Nebulous, nêb'-û-lŷs, *a.* misty, cloudy  
Necessaries, nēs'-ēs-săi-ŷz, *s.* things not only convenient but needful  
Necessary, nēs'-ēs-săr-ŷ, *a.* needful, fatal, unavoidable [necessary  
Necessitate, nē-sēs' ŷ-tâte, *v. a.* to make  
Necessitated, nē-sēs'-sŷ-tă-têd, *a.* in a state of want  
Necessitous, nē-sēs'-sŷ-tŷs, *a.* pressed with poverty, in want [need  
Necessitude, nē-sēs'-sŷ-tŷde, *s.* want,  
Necessity, nē-sēs'-sŷ-tŷ, *s.* need, poverty, compulsion, cogency  
Neck, nêk', *s.* the part between the head and body, a long narrow part  
Neckcloth, nêk'-klôth, *s.* a cloth for men's necks  
Necklace, nêk'-lăse, *s.* an ornament worn by women on their necks  
Necromancer, nêk'-rô-măn-sér, *s.* one who practises necromancy  
Necromancy, nêk'-rô-măn-sŷ, *s.* the art of revealing future events by communication with the dead  
Necromantic, nêk'-rô-măn-tŷk, *a.* relating to necromancy [the gods  
Nectar, nêk'-tăr, *s.* the feigned drink of  
Nectareous, nêk'-tă-ryŷs, or Nectarine, nêk'-tăr-ŷne, *a.* sweet as nectar  
Nectarine, nêk'-tăr-ŷn, *s.* a fruit of the plumb kind  
Need, nê'de, *s.* exigency, want, distressful poverty—*v. a.* to want, to lack  
Needle, nê'dŷ, *s.* a small steel instrument for sewing, a small steel bar in the mariner's compass  
Needlemaker, nê'dŷ-l-mă-kér, *s.* one who makes needles [with the needle  
Needlework, nê'dŷ-l-wôr'k, *s.* work done  
Needs, nê'dz, *ad.* necessarily, by compulsion, indispensably

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 Sounds.—hăt, hâte, háll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—  
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Needy, nē'-dŷ, *a.* poor, necessitous  
 Nefarious, nē-fā'-ryūs, *a.* wicked, abominable

Negation, nē-gā'-shŭn, *s.* denial

Negative, nēg'-ā-tīv, *a.* denying—*s.* a proposition that denies

Neglect, nēg'-lĕkt', *v. a.* to omit by carelessness, to slight—*s.* inattention, negligence

Neglective, nēg'-lĕk'-tīv, *a.* inattentive to or regardless of

Negligence, nēg'-lĭ gĕns, *s.* instance of neglect, habit of being negligent

Negligent, nēg'-lĭ-dzhĕnt, *a.* careless, habitually inattentive

Negotiate, nē-gō'-shyāte, *v. n.* to traffic, to treat with

Negotiating, nē-gō'-shyā-tĭng, *a.* trading, employed in negotiation

Negotiation, nē-gō'-shyā'-shŭn, *s.* treaty of business, &c.

Negotiator, nē-gō'-shyā'-tōr, *s.* one employed to treat with others

Negro, nē'-grō', *s.* a blackmoor

Negus, nē'-gūs, *s.* a mixture of wine, water, sugar, &c.

Neigh, nā', *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse—*s.* the voice of a horse

Neighbour, nā'-bōr, *s.* one who lives near another

Neighbourhood, nā'-bōr-hŭd, *s.* the place and people adjoining

Neither, nē'-thér, *a.* not either

Nephew, nēv'-ŭ, *s.* the son of a brother or sister

Nephritic, nē-frĭt'-ĭk, *a.* belonging to the organs of urine, troubled with the stone, good against the stone

Nerve, nérv', *s.* an organ of sensation

Nervous, nérv'-vŭs, *a.* vigorous, relating to the nerves, having weak nerves

Nescience, nēs'-shĕns, *s.* the state of not knowing, ignorance

Nest, nĕst', *s.* a bird's bed for incubation, an abode, boxes of drawers—*v. n.* to build nests [nest]

Nestegg, nĕst'-ĕg, *s.* an egg left in the nest

Nestle, nĕs'l, *v. n.* to settle, to lie close—*v. a.* to house as in a nest, to cherish [hatched]

Nestling, nĕs'lĭng, *s.* a bird just

Net, nĕt', *s.* a texture with interstices

Nether, nĕth'-ér, *a.* lower, infernal

Nettle, nĕt'l, *s.* a common stinging herb—*v. a.* to sting, to irritate

Never, nēv'-ér, *ad.* at no time, in no degree

Nevertheless, nēv'-ér-thē-lĕs', *ad.* notwithstanding that

Neuter, nŭ'-tér, or Neutral, nŭ'-trāl, *a.* of neither party, indifferent

Neutrality, nŭ trāl'-it-ŷ, *s.* the state of being neutral

New, nŭ', *a.* fresh, modern, not ancient

Newfangled, nŭ-fāng'-gl'd, *a.* foolishly fond of novelty

Newfashioned, nŭ-fāsh'-ōnd, *a.* just come into fashion [thing]

News, nŭ'ze, *s.* a fresh account of any

Newspaper, nŭ'ze-pā-pér, *s.* a paper containing the news

Newt, nŭ'te, *s.* an eft, a small lizard

Next, nĕkst', *a.* nearest in place or gradation [of a peer]

Nib, nĭb', *s.* the bill of a bird, the point

Nibbed, nĭb'd', *a.* having a nib

Nibble, nĭb'l, *v. a.* to eat slowly—*v. n.* to bite at, to carp at [delicate]

Nice, nĭ'se, *a.* accurate, scrupulous,

Niceness, nĭ'se-nĕs, *s.* delicacy, unnecessary exactness

Nicety, nĭ-sé-tŷ, *s.* minute accuracy, delicate management, cautious treatment, a dainty [to stand in]

Niche, nĭtsh', *s.* a hollow for a statue

Nick, nĭk', *s.* exact point of time, a notch, a score—*v. a.* to hit, to cut in notches, to cozen

Nickname, nĭk'-nāme, *s.* a name given in scoff or contempt—*v. a.* to call by an opprobrious name [pheasants]

Nide, nĭ'de, *s.* a brood, as a brood of

Nidorous, nĭ-dór-ŭs, *a.* having the smell of roasted or burnt fat

Niece, nĭ'se, *s.* the daughter of a brother or sister [nious—*s.* a miser]

Niggard, nĭg'-gárd, *a.* sordid, parsimonious

Nigh, nĭ', *a.* near, not far

Night, nĭ'te, *s.* time of darkness, or from sun-set to sun-rise

Nightfaring, nĭ'te-fā-rĭng, *a.* travelling in the night [vapour]

Nightfire, nĭ'te-fĭre, *s.* a will-a-wisp, a

Nightingale, nĭ'te-ĭn-gĕl, *s.* a small bird that sings at night

Nightman, nĭ'te-mán, *s.* one who empties privies

Nightmare, nĭ'te-māre, *s.* a morbid oppression during sleep

Nightpiece, nĭ'te-pĭse, *s.* a picture so coloured as to be supposed to be seen by candle-light

Nightrail, nĭ'te-rāle, *s.* a light kind of night dress

shōt, nōte, lôse, actór—hüt, pūsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Nightwatch, nīte-wătsh, *s.* a period of the night distinguished by change of the watch [black

Nigrescent, nī-grēs'-sēnt, *a.* growing

Nill, nīl', *v. a.* not to will, to refuse

Nim, nīm', *v. a.* to steal, to filch

Nimble, nīm'b'l, *a.* quick, active, ready

Nimblewitted, nīm'b'l-wīt-tēd, *a.* not at a loss for words [trifler

Nincompoop, nīn'-kóm-pôp, *s.* a fool, a

Nine, nīne, *s.* one more than eight

Ninefold, nīne-fold, *s.* nine times repeated [added

Nineteen, nīne-tēne, *a.* nine and ten

Ninety, nīne-tý, *a.* nine times ten

Ninny, nīn'-ný, or Ninnyhammer, nīn'-ný-hām-mēr, *s.* a simpleton, a fool

Ninth, nīnth, *a.* what precedes the tenth

Nip, nīp', *v. a.* to pinch, blast, ridicule

Nippers, nīp'-pérz, *s.* small pincers

Nipple, nīpl', *s.* a teat, a dug

Nisi Prius, nī-sý-pri-ús, *s.* a law term for civil causes

Nit, nīt', *s.* the egg of a louse [nous

Nitid, nīt'-íd, *a.* bright, shining, lumi-

Nitre, nī-tér, *s.* saltpetre

Nitrous, nī-trús, or Nitry, nī-trý, *a.* impregnated with nitre

Nitty, nīt' tý, *a.* abounding with the eggs of lice [bling snow

Niveous, nīv'-yús, *a.* snowy, resem-

No, nō', *a.* not any—*ad.* the word of denial [rank, dignity

Nobility, nō-bíl'-ý-tý, *s.* persons of high

Noble, nō'b'l, *a.* illustrious, exalted, generous—*s.* one of high rank, an ancient gold coin valued at six shillings and eightpence

Nobleman, nō'b'l-mán, *s.* one who is ennobled [collectively

Nobless, nō-blēs, *s.* nobility, noblemen

Nobody, nō-bōd' ý, *s.* no one, not any one [ous

Nocent, nō'-sēnt, *a.* criminal, mischiev-

Noctidial, nōk-tíd'-yál, *a.* comprising a night and a day

Noctuary, nōk'-tù-ár-ý, *s.* an account of what passes by night

Nocturnal, nōk-túr' nál, *a.* nightly—*s.* an instrument

Nocument, nōk'-ù-mēnt, *s.* hurt, damage

Nocuous, nōk'-ù-ús, *a.* hurtful

Nod, nōd', *v. n.* to bend the head, to be drowsy

Noddle, nōd'l, *s.* the head, in derision

Noddy, nōd'-dý, *s.* simpleton, ideot

Node, nō'de, *s.* a knot, a knob, a swelling on the bone, an intersection

Nodous, nō'-dús, *a.* knotty, full of knots

Noggin, nōg'-gín, *s.* a small mug or cup, a quarter of a pint [clamour

Noise, nōi'-z, *s.* any sound or outcry,

Noisome, nōi'-sóm, *a.* noxious, offensive, stinking [morous

Noisy, nōi'-zý, *a.* sounding loud, cla-

Nomenclator, nō-mén-klá'-túr, *s.* one who gives names

Nomenclature, nōm-én-klá'-tûre, *s.* a naming, a vocabulary [not real

Nominal, nōm'-ý-nál, *a.* only in name,

Nominate, nōm'-ýn-áte, *v. a.* to name, to appoint by name

Nomination, nōm-ýn-á'shún, *s.* the power of appointing

Nominative, nōm'-ýn-á-tív, *s.* the first case in grammar [an office

Nominee, nōm'-ýn-é', *s.* one appointed to

Nonage, nōn-á'dzh, *s.* minority in years, immaturity

Non-appearance, nōn áp-pé'r-ēns, *s.* a default in not appearing in a court of judicature

Nonconformist, nōn-kōn-fōrm'-ýst, *s.* a dissenter, one who does not conform to general customs [described

Nondescript, nōn-dē-skript', *a.* not yet

None, nūn, *a.* not one, not any

Nonentity, nōn-én'-tí-tý, *s.* non-existence, an ideal thing

Nones, nōns, *s.* in the Roman calendar the 7th of March, May, July, and October, and 5th of the other months

Nonesuch, nōn-sútsh', *s.* an extraordinary person, &c. [tion of being

Nonexistence, nōn-ég-zís'-tēns, *s.* nega-

Nonjuring, nōn-dzhú'-rýng, *a.* refusing to swear allegiance

Nonjuror, nōn-dzhú'-rór, *s.* one who refuses to swear allegiance to the present king

Non-naturals, nōn-nát'-ù-ráls, *s.* the more immediate causes of diseases, as air, meat, drink, sleep, &c.

Nonpareil, nōn-pá-rél', *s.* a kind of apple, a small printing letter

Nonplus, nōn'-plús, *s.* a puzzle—*v. a.* to confound, to puzzle

Nonresidence, nōn-rēs'-ý-déns, *s.* a failure of residence

Nonresistance, nōn-rē-sýst'-ēns, *s.* passive obedience

Nonsense, nōn'-sēns, *s.* unmeaning or ungrammatical language, trifles



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chiae, fiêd, shîrt—

Nonsensical, nŏn-sén'-sŷ-kăl, *a.* unmeaning, foolish [gal process]

Nonsuit, nŏn'-sûte, *v. a.* to quash a le-  
Noodle, nŏd'l, *s.* a silly fellow, a simpleton

Nook, nŏk', *s.* a corner

Noon, nŏ'ne, *s.* the middle of the day

Noonday, nŏ'ne-dă, or Noontide, nŏ'ne-tide, *s.* mid-day—*a.* meridional

Noose, nŏ'ze, *s.* a running knot—*v. a.* to tie in a noose

Nor, nŏr', *conj.* a negative particle

North, nŏr'th, *s.* opposite the south

Northerly, nŏr'-thér-lŷ, or Northern, nŏr'-thérn, *a.* being in or towards the north

North-star, nŏr'th-stăr, *s.* the polestar

Northward, nŏr'th-wárd, *ad.* towards the north

Nose, nŏ'ze, *s.* a prominence on the face—*v. a.* to scent, to smell

Nosegay, nŏ'ze-gă, *s.* a bunch of flowers

Nosle, nŏ'z'l, *s.* the extremity of any thing [of diseases]

Nosology, nŏ-zŏl'-ŏ-dzhŷ, *s.* the doctrine

Nostril, nŏs'-tril, *s.* the cavity in the nose

Nostrum, nŏs'trúm, *s.* a medicine not yet made public [or refusal]

Not, nŏt', *ad.* the particle of negation

Notable, nŏt'-éb'l, *a.* remarkable, careful, bustling

Notary, nŏ-tăr-ŷ, *s.* one who protests bills, draws contracts, &c.

Notation, nŏ-tă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of noting, signification [thing, a nick]

Notch, nŏtsh', *s.* a hollow cut in any

Note, nŏ'te, *s.* a mark, a written paper, notice, reputation, sound in music, explanatory annotation—*v. a.* to observe, to attend to, to set down

Noted, nŏ-têd, *a.* remarkable, eminent

Nothing, nŏth-ing, *s.* non-existence, not any thing [mation]

Notice, nŏ-tis, *s.* a remark, heed, infor-

Notification, nŏ-tŷ-fŷ-kă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of making known [make known]

Notify, nŏt'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to declare, to

Notion, nŏ'-shŷn, *s.* thought, sentiment, opinion [ideal, visionary]

Notional, nŏ'-shŏn-ăl, *a.* imaginary

Notoriety, nŏ-tŏ-rŷ-ê-tŷ, *s.* public knowledge or exposure [known, evident]

Notorious, nŏ-tŏ-ryús, *a.* publicly

Notwithstanding, nŏt-wŷth-stăn-ding, *conj.* nevertheless

Novation, nŏ-vă'-shŷn, *s.* introduction of something new

Novel, nŏv'él, *a.* new, not ancient, unusual—*s.* a feigned story or tale

Novellist, nŏv'-él-ŷst, *s.* writer of novels

Novelty, nŏv'-él-tŷ, *s.* a thing unknown to former times [month of the year]

November, nŏ-vém'-bér, *s.* the eleventh

Novercal, nŏ-vér'-kăl, *a.* pertaining to a step-mother [&c.]

Novice, nŏv'-ŷs, *s.* an unskilful person,

Noviciate, nŏ-vish'-yâte, *s.* the state of a novice, the time in which the rudiments are learned

Nought, năt, *s.* not any thing

Noun, nŏŷ'n, *s.* a name or substantive in grammar [food, to foment]

Nourish, nŷr'-ŷsh, *v. a.* to support by

Nourishment, nŷr'-ŷsh-mënt, *s.* food, sustenance [at this time]

Now, nŏw', *s.* the present moment—*a.*

Nowadays, nŏw-ă-dăz, *ad.* in the present age [place]

Nowhere, nŏ'-hwă're, *ad.* not in any

Nowise, nŏ'-wize, *ad.* not in any manner or degree [offensive]

Noxious, nŏk'-shús, *a.* hurtful, baneful,

Nubble, nŷb'l, *v. a.* to bruise, to press with the knuckles [clouds]

Nubiferous, nŷ-bŷf'-ér-ús, *a.* bringing

Nubilate, nŷ-bŷl-âte, *v. a.* to cloud

Nubilous, nŷ-bŷl-ús, *a.* cloudy, overcast

Nuciferous, nŷ-sŷf'-ér-ús, *a.* bearing nuts

Nucleus, nŷ-klyús, *s.* the kernel, any thing about which matter is gathered

Nudity, nŷ-dŷt-ŷ, *s.* nakedness

Nugacity, nŷ-găk'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* trifling talk or behaviour

Nugatory, nŷ-gă-tŏr-ŷ, *a.* trifling, futile

Nuisance, nŷ-séns, *s.* something noxious or offensive [meaning]

Null, nŷl', *s.* a thing of no power or no

Nullify, nŷl'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to annul, to make void [existence]

Nullity, nŷl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* want of force or

Numb, nŷm', *a.* torpid, chill, benumbing—*v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify

Number, nŷm'-bér, *v. a.* to count, to reckon—*s.* many, *pl.* harmony, poetry

Numberless, nŷm'-bér-lës, *a.* more than can be numbered

Numerable, nŷm'-mér-éb'l, *a.* capable of being numbered [number]

Numeral, nŷm'-mér-ăl, *a.* relating to

Numerary, nŷm'-mér-ăr-ŷ, *a.* belonging to a number

Numeration, nŷm'-mér-ă-shŷn, *s.* the art of numbering

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Numerator, nû'-mér-â-tôr, *s.* he that numbers, that number which measures others [number, numeral]  
 Numerical, nû'-mér-ŷ-kâl, *a.* denoting numbers  
 Numerist, nû'-mér-ŷst, *s.* one that deals in numbers [many, harmonious]  
 Numerous, nû'-mér-ûs, *a.* containing  
 Numskull, nûm'-skûl, *s.* a dunce; a dolt  
 Nun, nûn', *s.* a religious recluse woman  
 Nunchion, nûn'-shûn, *s.* food eaten between meals [the pope]  
 Nuncio, nûn'-shyô, *s.* a messenger from  
 Nuncupative, nûn-kû'-pâ-tîv, *a.* verbally pronounced [nuns]  
 Nunnery, nûn'-nér-ŷ, *s.* a convent of  
 Nuptial, nûp'-shâl, *a.* pertaining to marriage  
 Nuptials, nûp'-shâlz, *s.* marriage  
 Nurse, nûrs', *s.* a woman that takes care of a child or sick person—*v. a.* to bring up a child, to feed  
 Nursery, nûr'-sér-ŷ, *s.* a plantation of young trees to be transplanted, a place where young children are nursed and brought up [fondling]  
 Nursling, nûrs'-lîng, *s.* one nursed up, a

Nurture, nûr'-tûre, *s.* food, diet, education—*v. a.* to feed, to bring up  
 Nustle, nûs'l, *v. a.* to fondle, to cherish  
 Nut, nût', *s.* a fruit of certain trees, part of a wheel  
 Nutation, nû-tâ'-shûn, *s.* a kind of tremulous motion of the earth's axis  
 Nutgall, nût'-gâl, *s.* the excrescence of the oak [spice]  
 Nutmeg, nût'-mëg, *s.* a warm Indian  
 Nutrition, nû-trî-kâ'-shûn, *s.* the manner of feeding [ment]  
 Nutriment, nû-trî-mënt, *s.* food, alim-  
 Nutritional, nû-trî-mën'-tâl, *a.* having the qualities of food [nourishing]  
 Nutrition, nû-trîsh'-ûn, *s.* the quality of  
 Nutritious, nû-trîsh'-ûs, or Nutritive, nû-trî-tîv, *a.* nourishing, nutritional  
 Nutshell, nût'-shêl, *s.* the hard substance that encloses the kernel of the nut [nuts]  
 Nut-tree, nût'-trê, *s.* a tree that bears  
 Nuzzle, nûz'l, *v. a.* to nurse, to foster  
 Nymph, nŷmf', *s.* a goddess of the woods or meadows, a country girl, a lady

# O

OAF, ô'fe, *s.* a changeling, a foolish fellow, an idiot  
 Oafish, ô'fe-ŷsh, *a.* stupid, dull, doltish  
 Oak, ô'ke, *s.* a tree or the wood of it  
 Oakapple, ô'ke-âp'l, *s.* a spongy excrescence on oaks [from oak]  
 Oaken, ô'k'n, *a.* made of oak, gathered  
 Oakum, ô'k-ûm, *s.* cords untwisted and reduced to hemp  
 Oar, ô're, *s.* an instrument to row with—*v. n.* to row—*v. a.* to impel by rowing [oatmeal]  
 Oatcake, ô'-te-kâ'ke, *s.* a cake made of  
 Oaten, ô't'n, *a.* made of or bearing oats  
 Oath, ô'th, *s.* an attestation, a solemn appeal to heaven  
 Oatmalt, ô'te-mâlt, *s.* malt made of oats  
 Oatmeal, ô'te-mêle, *s.* the flour of oats  
 Oats, ô'ts, *s.* a grain commonly given to horses  
 Obduracy, ôb-dû'-râ'sŷ, *s.* hardness of heart, inflexible wickedness  
 Obdurate, ôb-dû'-rêt, *a.* hard-hearted, impenitent [authority]  
 Obedience, ô-bê'-dyéns, *s.* submission to

Obedient, ô-bê'-dyënt, *a.* submissive to authority [taining to obedience]  
 Obediential, ô-bê'-dyën'-shŷâl, *a.* pertaining to obedience  
 Obeisance, ô-bê'-sëns, *s.* a bow, an act of reverence [this mark]  
 Obelisk, ôb'-êl-ŷsk, *s.* a sort of pyramid  
 Oberration, ôb-ér-râ'-shûn, *s.* the act of wandering about [to comply with]  
 Obey, ô-bâ', *v. a.* to pay submission to,  
 Object, ôb'-dzhëkt, *s.* that about which we are employed [to oppose]  
 Object, ôb dzhëk't, *v. a.* to urge against,  
 Objection, ôb-dzhëk'-shûn, *s.* a charge, an adverse argument [the object]  
 Objective, ôb dzhëk'-tîv, *a.* relating to  
 Objector, ôb dzhëk'-tôr, *s.* one who objects or opposes  
 Obit, ô'-bît, *s.* funeral obsequies  
 Obituary, ô bît'-û ár-ŷ, *s.* a register of the dead  
 Objurgate, ôb-dzhûr'-gâ'te, *v. a.* to rebuke, to reprove  
 Objurgation, ôb-dzhûr'-gâ'-shûn, *s.* reproof  
 Oblate, ôb-lâ'te, *a.* flattened at the poles

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chĭn, chĭne, fiēld, shĭrt—

Oblation, ɔb-lă-shŭn, *s.* an offering, a sacrifice [recreation

Oblectation, ɔb-lĕk-tă-shŭn, *s.* delight,

Obligation, ɔb-lĭ-gă-shŭn, *s.* an engagement, favour, bond

Obligatory, ɔb-lĭ-gă-tór-ŷ, *a.* binding, imposing obligation

Oblige, ɔ-blĭ'dzh, *v. a.* to bind. to compel, to lay obligations of gratitude. to please [contract

Obligee, ɔb-lĭ-dzhĕ', *s.* one bound by

Obliging, ɔ blĭ-dzhĭng, *part. a.* civil, complaisant, binding [pendicular

Oblique, ɔb-lĭ'ke, *a.* not direct, not perpendicular

Obliquity, ɔb-lĭk'-wĭt-ŷ, *s.* deviation from physical or moral rectitude, not direct [to destroy

Obliterate, ɔb-lĭt'-ér-ăte, *v. a.* to efface,

Obliteration, ɔb-lĭt'-ér-ă-shŭn, *s.* effacement, extinction

Oblivion, ɔb-lĭv' yón, *s.* cessation of remembrance, amnesty [forgetfulness

Oblivious, ɔb-lĭv'-yús, *a.* causing forgetfulness

Oblong, ɔb'-lóng, *a.* longer than broad

Obloquy, ɔb'-lô-kwŷ, *s.* blame, slander, disgrace

Obnoxious, ɔb-nôk'-shús, *a.* subject, liable to punishment, exposed

Obnubilate, ɔb-nû-bĭ-lăte, *v. a.* to cloud, to obscure [grains

Obole, ɔb'-ôle, *s.* in pharmacy twelve

Obreption, ɔb-rĕp'-shŭn, *s.* the act of creeping on [gusting, offensive

Obscene, ɔb-sĕ'ne, *a.* immodest, dis-

Obscenity, ɔb-sĕn'-ĭ-tŷ, *s.* unchastity, lewdness [of darkening

Obscuration, ɔb-skû-ră-shŭn, *s.* the act

Obscure, ɔb-skû're, *a.* dark, gloomy, ab-

struse—*v. a.* to darken, to perplex

Obscurity, ɔb-skû'-rĭ-tŷ, *s.* want of light, an unnoticed state, darkness of meaning [cate earnestly

Obsecrate, ɔb-sĕ-krăte, *v. a.* to supplicate

Obsecration, ɔb-sĕ-kră'-shŭn, *s.* entreaty, supplication

Obsequies, ɔb-sĕ'-kwŷz, *s.* funeral solemnities

Obsequious, ɔb-sĕ'-kwyús, *a.* obedient, compliant, funereal

Observance, ɔb-zér'-véns, *s.* attention, respect

Observant, ɔb-zér'-vĕnt, *a.* diligent, watchful, attentive

Observation, ɔb-sér-vă-shŭn, *s.* the act of observing, a remark

Observer, ɔb-sér-vă'-tór, *s.* one that observes or remarks

Observatory, ɔb-zér'-vă-tór-ŷ, *s.* a place adapted for making astronomical observations

Observe, ɔb-zérv', *v. a.* to watch, to regard attentively, to note, to obey—*v. n.* to be attentive [out of use

Obsolete, ɔb'-sô-lĕte, *a.* disused, grown

Obstacle, ɔb'-stăk'l, *s.* hindrance, obstruction [midwife's office

Obstetric, ɔb-stĕt'rik, *a.* doing the

Obstinacy, ɔb-stĭ-nă-sŷ, *s.* stubbornness, contumacy

Obstinate, ɔb-stĭ nĕt, *a.* stubborn, contumacious, inflexible

Obstreperous, ɔb-strĕp'-ér-ús, *a.* loud, clamorous, turbulent [tion, a bond

Obstruction, ɔb-strĭk'-shŭn, *s.* an obligation

Obstruct, ɔb-strŭkt', *v. a.* to hinder, to block up, to bar

Obstruction, ɔb-strŭk'-shŭn, *s.* an hindrance, an obstacle

Obstructive, ɔb-strŭk'-tĭv, *a.* hindering, impeding—*s.* impediment, obstacle

Obstruent, ɔb-strŭ-ĕnt, *a.* hindering, blocking up

Obstupescence, ɔb-stŭ-pĕ-făk'-shŭn, *s.* stoppage of the exercise of the mental powers

Obtain, ɔb-tă'ne, *v. a.* to gain, to acquire, to procure—*v. n.* to continue in use [pretend

Obtend, ɔb-tĕnd', *v. a.* to oppose, to

Obtension, ɔb-tĕn'-shŭn, *s.* opposition, denial [supplicate

Obtest, ɔb-tĕst, *v. a.* to beseech, to

Obtestation, ɔb-tĕs-tă-shŭn, *s.* supplication, entreaty [der, calumny

Obtrectation, ɔb-trĕk-tă-shŭn, *s.* slander

Obtrude, ɔb trŭ'de, *v. a.* to thrust into any place or state by force or imposture [truding, forcing in or upon

Obtrusion, ɔb-trŭ-zhŭn, *s.* the act of ob-

Obtrusive, ɔb-trŭ-sĭv, *a.* inclined to obtrude on others [dull, to deaden

Obtund, ɔb-tŭnd' *v. a.* to blunt, to

Obtuse, ɔb-tŭ'se, *a.* not pointed, blunt, dull, obscure [ling

Obtusion, ɔb-tŭ-zhŭn, *s.* the act of dull-

Obvention, ɔb-vĕn'-shŭn, *s.* an incidental advantage [spiritual fees

Obventions, ɔb-vĕn'-shŭns, *s.* offerings,

Obvert, ɔb-vért', *v. a.* to turn towards, &c.

Obviate, ɔb'-vyăte, *v. a.* to prevent, to hinder, to oppose

Obvious, ɔb'-vyús, *a.* open, plain, evident, easily discovered

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulſ, rŷe—thus, thick.

**Obumbration**, ōb-ūm-brā-shūn, *s.* the act of darkening or clouding  
**Occasion**, ōk-kā-zhūn, *s.* opportunity, accidental cause, incidental need—*v. a.* to cause, to influence  
**Occasional**, ōk-kā-zhūn-āl, *a.* incidental, casual  
**Occaecation**, ōk-sē-kā-shūn, *s.* the act of blinding, or making blind  
**Occident**, ōk-sī-dēnt, *s.* the west  
**Occidental**, ōk-sī-dēn-tāl, *a.* western  
**Occipital**, ōk-sīp'-yt-āl, *a.* placed in the occiput [of the head]  
**Occiput**, ōk-sī-pūt, *s.* the hinder part  
**Occlude**, ōk-kū'se, *a.* shut up, closed  
**Occult**, ōk-kūlt', *a.* secret, hidden, unknown  
**Occultation**, ōk-kūl-tā-shūn, *s.* the act of hiding; in astronomy, the time that a star or planet is hidden from our sight [possessing]  
**Occupancy**, ōk'-kū-pānsŷ, *s.* act of  
**Occupant**, ōk'-kū-pēnt, *s.* he that takes possession  
**Occupate**, ōk'-kū-pāte, *v. a.* to take up, to possess, to hold  
**Occupation**, ōk kū-pā-shūn, *s.* a taking possession, employment, business, trade [cupies]  
**Occupier**, ōk'-kū-pī-ér, *s.* one who occupies  
**Occupy**, ōk'-kū-pŷ, *v. a.* to possess, to take up, to employ, to follow as a business  
**Occur**, ōk-kūr', *v. n.* to be remembered, to appear here and there  
**Occurrence**, ōk-kūr'-rēns, *s.* incident, any thing that happens  
**Occursion**, ōk-kūr'-shūn, *s.* a clash, a mutual blow  
**Ocean**, ō'-shān, *s.* the main, a great sea, any immense expanse  
**Ochre**, ō' kēr, *s.* a kind of earth  
**Ochreous**, ō'-krŷ-ūs, *a.* consisting of ochre [sides and angles]  
**Octagon**, ōk'-tā-gón, *s.* a figure of eight  
**Octangular**, ōk-tāng'-ū-lār, *a.* having eight angles [part of a circle]  
**Octant**, ōk'-tēnt, *a.* distant an eighth  
**Octave**, ōk'-tāve, *s.* the eighth day after some festival, the interval of eight sounds  
**Octavo**, ōk-tā'-vō, *a.* having each sheet folded into eight leaves  
**Octennial**, ōk-tēn'-nyāl, *a.* done or happening every eighth year, lasting eight years [of the year]  
**October**, ōk-tō'-bér, *s.* the tenth month

**Octogenary**, ōk-tō-dzhē'-ná-rŷ, *a.* having the age of eighty years  
**Ocular**, ōk'-ū-lār, *a.* depending on the eye, known by the eye  
**Oculist**, ōk'-ū-līst, *s.* one who cures distempered eyes [strange]  
**Odd**, ōd', *a.* not even, particular, uncouth,  
**Odds**, ōd'z, *s.* more than an even wager, superiority, dispute [music]  
**Ode**, ō'de, *s.* a poem to be sung to  
**Odious**, ō'-dyūs, *a.* hateful, exposed to hate invidious [tred, blame]  
**Odium**, ō'-dyūm, *s.* invidiousness, ha-  
**Odoriferous**, ō-dō-rŷf'-ér-ūs, *a.* giving scent, fragrant [ed]  
**Odorous**, ō'-dōr-ūs, *a.* fragrant, perfum-  
**Odour**, ō'-dōr, *s.* scent good or bad, fragrance  
**Economics**, ē-kō-nōm'-ŷks, *s.* management of household affairs  
**Economist**, ē-kōn'-ō-mŷst, *s.* a good manager [bandry]  
**Economy**, ē-kōn'-ō-mŷ, *s.* good hus-  
**Ecumenical**, ē-kū-mēn'-ŷk-āl, *a.* general, universal  
**O'er**, ō're, contracted from Over  
**Oesophagus**, ē-sōf'-ā-gūs, *s.* the gullet  
**Of**, ōf', *pr.* belonging to, among, concerning [not toward]  
**Off**, ōf', *ad.* signifying distance, from,  
**Offal**, ōf'-fāl, *s.* waste meat, carrion, refuse  
**Offence**, ōf-fēns', *s.* a crime, a transgression, injury, displeasure given or conceived  
**Offend**, ōf-fēnd', *v. a.* to make angry, to assail, to injure—*v. n.* to transgress the law, to cause anger  
**Offender**, ōf-fēn'd-ér, *s.* one who does an injury, a criminal  
**Offensive**, ōf-fēn'-sŷv, *a.* displeasing, injurious, hurtful  
**Offer**, ōf'-fēr, *v. a.* to present, to exhibit, to sacrifice, to bid as a price, to attempt, to propose—*s.* a proposal, an endeavour, a price bidden  
**Offering**, ōf'-fēr-ŷng, *s.* a sacrifice  
**Offertory**, ōf'-fēr-tór-ŷ, *s.* a thing offered, the act of offering  
**Office**, ōf'-fŷs, *s.* public employment, agency  
**Officer**, ōf'-fŷ-sér, *s.* one in office, a commander, one who apprehends criminals [commanders]  
**Officered**, ōf'-fŷ-sérd, *a.* supplied with  
**Official**, ōf-fŷsh'-āl, *a.* pertaining to an office—*s.* an arch-deacon's deputy



Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Officiate, ôf-fîsh'-yâte, *v. n.* to discharge an office, to perform duty for another [longing to a shop]  
 Official, ôf-fîs'-y-năl, *a.* used in or be-  
 Officious, ôf-fîsh'-ús, *a.* kind, too at-  
 tentive  
 Offing, ôf-fîng, *s.* the act of steering to  
 a distance from the land  
 Offset, ôf'-sět, *s.* a sprout, the shoot of  
 a plant  
 Offspring, ôf'-sprîng, *s.* any thing pro-  
 pagated or generated, children  
 Oft, ôft, or Often, ôft'n, *ad.* frequent-  
 ly, many times [moulding  
 Ogee, ô dzhě, *s.* in architecture, a sort of  
 Ogle, ô'g'l, *v. a.* to view with side  
 glances [sorrow, or surprise  
 Oh, ô, *interj.* an exclamation of pain,  
 Oil, ô'îl, *s.* the expressed juice of  
 olives, &c.  
 Oilcolour, ô'îl-kô.-ôr, *s.* colour made by  
 grinding substances in oil  
 Oilman, ô'îl-mán, *s.* a dealer in oils,  
 pickles, &c. [and pickles are sold  
 Oilshop, ô'îl-shöp, *s.* a shop where oils  
 Oily, ô'îl-y, *a.* consisting of oil, fat,  
 greasy [salve  
 Ointment, ô'înt-měnt, *s.* an unguent, a  
 Old, ôld, *a.* ancient, advanced in age,  
 not new  
 Oldfashioned, ôld-făsh-ônd, *a.* obsolete,  
 out of fashion [unctuous  
 Oleaginous, ô-lē-ădzh'-î-n-ús, *a.* oily  
 Olfactory, ôl-făk'-tôr y, *a.* having the  
 sense of smelling  
 Oligarchical, ôl-y-găr-kŷ-kăl *a.* pertain-  
 ing to an oligarchy  
 Oligarchy, ôl-y-găr-kŷ, *s.* a form of go-  
 vernment which places the supreme  
 power in the hands of a few, an aris-  
 tocracy [ley  
 Olio, ô-lyô, *s.* a hotch-potch, a med-  
 Olive, ôl'-îv, *s.* a tree or its fruit, the  
 emblem of peace [played by three  
 Ombre, ô'm-bér, *s.* a game of cards  
 Omega, ô-mě'-gă, *s.* the last letter of  
 the Greek alphabet [made with eggs  
 Omelet, ôm'-lět, *s.* a kind of pancake  
 Omen, ô'-mén, *s.* a good or bad sign, a  
 prognostic  
 Omentum, ô-měn'-túm, *s.* the cawl  
 Omer, ô-mér, *s.* an Hebrew measure  
 containing about three pints and a  
 half English [inauspicious  
 Ominous, ôm'-î-n-ús, *a.* foreshewing ill,  
 Omission, ô-mîsh'-ûn, *s.* a neglect of  
 duty

Omit, ô-mît, *v. a.* to leave out, to  
 neglect  
 Omnific, ôm-nŷf'-îk, *a.* all-creating  
 Omniform, ôm-nŷ fôr'm, *a.* having every  
 shape [power  
 Omnipotence, ôm-nŷp'-ô-těns, *s.* almighty  
 Omnipotent, ôm-nŷp'-ô-těnt, *a.* almighty,  
 all-powerful  
 Omnipresent, ôm-nŷ-prěz'-ěnt, *a.* present  
 in every place [knowledge  
 Omniscience, ôm-nŷsh'-yěns, *s.* infinite  
 Omniscient, ôm-nŷsh'-ěnt, *a.* infinite,  
 knowing all [off  
 On, ôn', *prep.* upon—*ad.* forward, not  
 Once, wón's, *ad.* one time, a single  
 time, formerly [single person  
 One, wón', *a.* one of two, single—*s.* a  
 One-eyed, wón'-ide, *a.* having only one  
 eye [terpreter of dreams  
 Oneirocritic, ô-nŷ-rô-krŷt'-îk, *s.* an in-  
 Unerate, ôn'-ér-âte, *v. a.* to load, to  
 burden [pressive  
 Onerous, ôn'-ér-ús, *a.* burdensome, op-  
 Onion, ôn'-yón, *s.* a common plant  
 Only, ô'n lŷ, *a.* single, one and no  
 more—*ad.* simply, barely [a storm  
 Onset, ôn'-sět, *s.* an attack, an assault,  
 Ontology, ôn töl'-ô-dzhŷ, *s.* metaphy-  
 sics, science of the affections of being  
 in general [forward  
 Onward, ôn'-wárd, *ad.* progressively,  
 Onyx, ô-nŷks, *s.* a clear valuable gem  
 Ooze, ô'ze, *s.* soft mud, slime, soft flow  
 —*v. n.* to run gently, to flow by  
 stealth  
 Oozy, ô-zŷ, *a.* miry, muddy, slimy  
 Opacity, ô-păs'-î-t-y, *s.* want of transpa-  
 rency, darkness  
 Opacous, ô-pă'-kús, *a.* obscure, not  
 transparent [various colours  
 Opal, ô-păl, *s.* a precious stone reflecting  
 Opaque, ô-pă'ke, *a.* not transparent,  
 dark, cloudy  
 Open, ôp'n, *v. a.* to unioose, to unlock,  
 to divide, to begin—*a.* unclosed, not  
 shut, plain, apparent, sincere, expos-  
 ed to view [ful  
 Openeyed, ôp'n-ide, *a.* vigilant, watch-  
 Openhanded, ôp'n-hăn'-děd, *a.* gener-  
 ous, liberal [candid  
 Openhearted, ôp'n hă'r-těd, *a.* generous,  
 Opening, ôp-nîng, *s.* an aperture, a  
 breach, the dawn  
 Openly, ôp'n-lŷ, *ad.* plainly, evidently,  
 without disguise  
 Openmouthed, ôp'n-môû'thd, *a.* greedy  
 ravenous

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Opera, ôp-ér-ă, *s.* a musical entertainment

Operant, ôp-ér-ént, *a.* active, able to produce [duce effects

Operate, ôp-ér-ăte, *v. n.* to act, to pro-

Operational, ôp-ér-ăt'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* belonging to an operation [fluence, effect

Operation, ôp-ér-ă-shûn, *s.* agency, in-

Operative, ôp-ér-ă-tîv, *a.* having the power of acting

Operator, ôp-ér-ă-tôr, *s.* one that performs any act of the hand, one who produces any effect

Operose, ôp-ér-ô'se, *a.* laborious, full of trouble [the eye

Ophthalmic, ôf-thăl'-mŷk, *a.* relating to

Ophthalmŷ, ôf'-thăl'-mŷ, *s.* a disease of the eyes [sleep

Opiate, ô' pyăt, *s.* a medicine that causes

Opiniative, ô-pŷn'-ŷăt-ŷv, *a.* stubborn, imagined

Opinion, ô-pŷn'-ŷôn, *s.* persuasion of the mind without proof, sentiment, notion

Opinionative, ô-pŷn'-ŷôn'-ă-tîv, *a.* fond of preconceived notions, stubborn

Opium, ô-pyûm, *s.* the juice of Turkish poppies

Oppone, ôp-pô'ne, *v. a.* to oppose

Opponent, ôp-pô-nént, *a.* opposite, adverse—*s.* an antagonist, an adversary

Opportune, ôp-pôr-tû'ne, *a.* seasonable, convenient [time, convenience

Opportunity, ôp-pôr-tû-nŷt'-ŷ, *s.* fit place,

Oppose, ôp-pô'ze, *v. a.* to act against, to hinder, to resist

Opposite, ôp-pô-zî't, *a.* placed in front, facing, adverse—*s.* an adversary, an opponent

Opposition, ôp-pô-zîsh'-ûn, *s.* hostile resistance, contrariety of interest, conduct, or meaning

Oppress, ôp-prës', *v. a.* to crush by hardship, to subdue

Oppression, ôp-prësh'-ûn, *s.* the act of oppressing, cruelty, severity, dulness of spirits [justly severe, heavy

Oppressive, ôp-prës'-ŷŷv, *a.* cruel, un-

Oppressor, ôp-prës'-sôr, *s.* one who harasses others

Opprobrious, ôp-prô'-brŷ-ûs, *a.* reproachful, disgraceful, vile

Opprobrium, ôp-prô'-brŷ-ûm, *s.* disgrace, infamy [attack

Oppugn, ôp-pû'ne, *v. a.* to oppose, to

Optable, ôp-téb'l, *a.* desirable, to be wished

Optative, ôp'-tă-tîv, *a.* expressive of desire

Optic, ôp'-tŷk, *a.* visual, relating to vision —*s.* an instrument or organ of sight

Optician, ôp-tŷsh'-ăn, *s.* one skilled in optics

Optics, ôp'-tŷks, *s.* the science of vision

Optimacy, ôp'-tŷm-ăs-ŷ, *s.* nobility, the body of nobles [choosing

Option, ôp'-shûn, *s.* choice, power of

Opulence, ôp'-û-léns, *s.* wealth, affluence, riches [affluent

Opulent, ôp'-û-lént, *a.* rich, wealthy,

Or, ôr', *conj.* either

Oracle, ôr'-ăk'l, *s.* something delivered by supernatural wisdom, one famed for wisdom

Oracular, ô-răk'-û-lăr, *or* Oraculous, ô-răk'-û-lús, *a.* uttering oracles

Oraison, ôr'-ŷ-zôn, *s.* a prayer

Oral, ôr'-ăl, *a.* delivered by mouth, not written [fruit

Orange, ôr' êndzh, *s.* a well-known

Orangery, ô-răn-zhér'-ŷ, *s.* a plantation of orange trees

Oration, ô-ră-shûn, *s.* a discourse or speech pronounced in public

Orator, ôr'-ă-tôr, *s.* an eloquent public speaker

Oratorical, ôr'-ă-tôr'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* rhetorical, befitting an orator

Oratory, ôr'-ă-tôr'-ŷ, *s.* eloquence, rhetorical skill [a wheel, the eye

Orb, ôrb, *s.* a sphere, a circular body,

Orbicular, ôr-bŷk'-û-lăr, *a.* spherical, circular

Orbit, ôr-bŷt, *s.* the path of a planet

Orchard, ôr-tshărd, *s.* a garden of fruit trees

Orchestra, ôr-kës'-tră, *or* Orchestre ôr-kës-tér, *s.* a gallery or place where musicians play in

Ordain, ôr-dă'ne, *v. a.* to appoint, to establish, to invest with ministerial function [water

Ordeal, ôr-dŷăl, *s.* a trial by fire or

Order, ôr-dér, *s.* a method, a mandate, a rule, a rank, a religious or military fraternity—*v. a.* to regulate, to command, to ordain—*v. n.* to give command or direction

Orders, ôr-dérs, *s.* state of the clergy

Ordinal, ôr-dŷn-ăl, *a.* noting order—*s.* a ritual

Ordinance, ôr-dŷn-êns, *s.* a law, a rule, an appointment

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shŷrt—

- Ordinary, őr-dŷn-ár-ŷ, *a.* established, regular, common, mean, ugly—*s.* an ecclesiastical judge, a settled establishment [eating at a certain price]
- Ordinary, őr-d-nár-ŷ, *s.* a place for
- Ordinate, őr-dŷ-nâte, *v. a.* to appoint
- Ordinate, őr-dŷn-ēt, *a.* regular, methodical [of ordaining]
- Ordination, őr-dŷn-ā-shŷn, *s.* the act
- Ordnance, őr-d-nēns, *s.* cannon, heavy artillery
- Ordonnance, őr-d-dō-nēns, *s.* the disposition of figures in a picture
- Ordure, őr-dŷre, *s.* animal dung, filth
- Ore, őr'e, *s.* metal in its mineral state
- Orgal, őr-gál, *s.* lees of wine
- Organ, őr-găn, *s.* a natural or musical instrument
- Organic, őr-găn'-ŷk, *a.* acting as instruments of nature or art, respecting organs [on the organ]
- Organist, őr-gán'-ŷst, *s.* one who plays
- Organization, őr-gă-nŷ-zā-shŷn, *s.* the act of organizing, a due construction of parts
- Organize, őr-gă-nŷze, *v. a.* to construct so that one part co-operates with another [frantic revels]
- Orgies, őr-dzhŷz, *s.* rites of Bacchus,
- Orient, őr-ryēnt, *a.* rising as the sun, eastern, bright—*s.* the east
- Oriental, őr-ryēn'-tăl, *a.* eastern, proceeding from the east—*s.* an inhabitant of the east [ration]
- Orifice, őr'-ŷ-fŷs, *s.* an opening or perforation
- Origin, őr'-ŷdzh'-ŷn, *s.* beginning, source, descent
- Original, őr-rŷdzh'-ŷn-ăl, *a.* primitive, pristine, first—*s.* the first copy
- Originate, őr-rŷdzh'-ŷn-âte, *v. a.* to bring into existence [cation]
- Orisons, őr'-ŷ-zōns, *s.* a prayer, a supplication
- Orlop, őr'-lóp, *s.* the middle deck of a ship
- Ornament, őr-nă-mēnt, *s.* embellishment, decoration—*v. a.* to embellish, to decorate [embellishment]
- Ornamental, őr-nă-mēn'-tăl, *a.* giving
- Ornate, őr-nâte, *a.* bedecked, decorated
- Ornithology, őr-nŷ-thōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* a discourse on birds
- Orphan, őr-făn, *s.* a child who has lost father or mother or both—*a.* bereft of parents [an orphan]
- Orphanage, őr-făn-ēdzh, *s.* the state of
- Orpiment, őr-pŷ-mēnt, *s.* a kind of mineral, yellow arsenic
- Orrery, őr'-ér-ŷ, *s.* an instrument which represents the revolutions of the heavenly bodies [plant]
- Orris, őr'-rŷs, *s.* gold and silver lace, a
- Orthodox, őr-thō-dōks, *a.* sound in opinion and doctrine
- Orthodoxy, őr-thō-dōk-sŷ, *s.* soundness in doctrine, &c.
- Orthographer, őr-thōg-răf-ér, *s.* one who spells rightly [rightly spelled]
- Orthographical, őr-thō-grăf'-ŷk-ăl, *a.*
- Orthography, őr-thōg-răf-ŷ, *s.* the part of grammar which teaches how words should be spelled, the elevation of a building delineated
- Ortive, őr'-tŷv, *a.* relating to the rising of a planet or star [bird]
- Ortolan, őr-tól-ăn, *s.* a delicate small
- Orts, őr'ts, *s.* refuse, fragments
- Oscillation, ős-sŷl-lă-shŷn, *s.* the act of moving backward and forward like a pendulum [like a pendulum]
- Oscillatory, ős'-sŷl'-lă tór-ŷ, *a.* moving
- Oscitant, ős'-sŷ-tēnt, *a.* yawnish, sleepy, sluggish [kissing]
- Osculation, ős-kŷ-lă-shŷn, *s.* the act of
- Osier, őr'-zhyér, *s.* a tree of the willow kind [of bone]
- Osseous, ős-shŷús, *a.* bony, consisting
- Ossicle, ős'-stŷ'l, *s.* a small bone
- Ossific, ős-sŷf'-ŷk, *a.* having the power of making or changing bones
- Ossification, ős-sŷ-fŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* a change into bony substance
- Ossify, ős'-sŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to change to bone
- Ostensible, ős-tēn'-sŷb'l, *a.* that may be shown, apparent [tokening]
- Ostensive, ős-tēn'-sŷv, *a.* showing, be-
- Ostent, ős-tēnt', *s.* air, manner, show, a prodigy [ward or vain show]
- Ostentation, ős-tēn-tă-shŷn, *s.* an out-
- Ostentatious, ős-tēn-tă-shŷs, *a.* vain, boasting, fond of show
- Osteology, ős-tē-ōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* a description of the bones
- Ostuary, ős'-tyar-ŷ, *s.* the opening at which a river disembogues itself
- Ostler, ős'-lér, *s.* one who takes care of horses
- Ostracism, ős-tră-sŷzm, *s.* a passing sentence by ballot, banishment, public censure by shells
- Ostrich, ős'-trŷtsh, *s.* a very large bird
- Other, őtŷ-ér, *a.* not the same, different
- Otherwise, őtŷ-ér-wŷze, *ad.* in a different manner
- Otter, őt'-tér, *s.* an amphibious animal

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Oval, ô-vál, *a.* oblong, shaped like an egg—*s.* what has the shape of an egg  
 Ovarious, ô-vá-ryús, *a.* consisting of eggs  
 Ovary, ô-vár-ŷ, *s.* the seat of eggs or impregnation  
 Ovation, ô-vá-shûn, *s.* a lesser kind of triumph among the Romans  
 Oven, óv'n, *s.* a place to bake bread in  
 Over, ô-vér, *prep.* and *ad.* above, across [than enough  
 Overact, ô-vér-ákt, *v. a.* to act more  
 Over-balance, ô-vér-bál'-éns, *v. a.* to weigh down [to keep in awe  
 Overbear, ô-vér-bá're, *v. a.* to repress,  
 Over-bid, ô-vér-býd', *v. a.* to offer more than equivalent [of the ship  
 Over-board, ô-vér-bôrd, *ad.* off or out  
 Over-burden, ô-vér-búr'd'n, *v. a.* to load with too great a weight  
 Over-carry, ô-vér-kár-rŷ, *v. a.* to carry too far  
 Over-cast, ô-vér-kást, *v. a.* to cloud  
 Over-charge, ô-vér-tshárdzh, *v. a.* to oppress, to fill too full, &c.  
 Over-cloud, ô-vér-klôûd', *v. a.* to cover with clouds  
 Overcome, ô-vér-kóm', *v. a.* to subdue  
 Over-count, ô-vér-kôûn't, *v. a.* to rate above the true value [enough  
 Over-do, ô-vér-dô', *v. a.* to do more than  
 Over-drive, ô-vér-drí've, *v. a.* to drive too hard, or fast  
 Overflow, ô-vér-flô', *v. a.* to overrun  
 Overflowing, ô-vér-flô'-ing, *s.* copiousness  
 Over-fond, ô-vér-fôn'd, *a.* too fond  
 Over-growth, ô-vér-grôth, *s.* exuberant growth [jut over  
 Over-hang, ô-vér-háng', *v. a.* to project, to  
 Over-haul, ô-vér-hâl', *v. a.* to unfold an assemblage of tackle  
 Over-head, ô-vér-héd', *ad.* aloft  
 Over-hear, ô-vér-hé're, *v. a.* to hear secretly [much  
 Over-heat, ô-vér-hé'te, *v. a.* to heat too  
 Over-joy, ô-vér-dzhôŷ', *v. a.* to affect with too much joy [den  
 Over-lade, ô-vér-lá'de, *v. a.* to overburden  
 Over-lay, ô-vér-lá', *v. a.* to cover, to oppress by too much weight or power, to smother by lying upon  
 Over-leap, ô-vér-lé'pe, *v. a.* to pass by, a jump [with too much  
 Over-load, ô-vér-lô'de, *v. a.* to burden  
 Over-long, ô-vér-lông', *a.* too long  
 Over-look, ô-vér-lôk', *v. a.* to neglect, to peruse, to pass by indulgently

Over-match, ô-vér-mătsh', *s.* one of superior powers [great degree  
 Over-much, ô-vér-mütsh', *ad.* in too  
 Over-night, ô-vér-níte, *s.* the night before  
 Over-pass, ô-vér-pás, *v. a.* to omit  
 Over-pay, ô-vér-pá', *v. a.* to reward beyond the price  
 Overplus, ô-vér-plûs', *s.* surplus  
 Overpoise, ô-vér-pôiz', *v. a.* to outweigh  
 Over-power, ô-vér-pôw'-ér, *v. a.* to oppress by superiority  
 Over-press, ô-vér-prës', *v. a.* to crush  
 Over-prize, ô-vér-prí'ze, *v. a.* to value at too high a price  
 Over-rank, ô-vér-rá'nk, *a.* too rank  
 Over-rate, ô-vér-rá'te, *v. a.* to rate too highly  
 Over-reach, ô-vér-rê'tsh', *v. a.* to deceive  
 Over-reckon, ô-vér-rêk'n, *v. a.* to reckon too much  
 Over-ride, ô-vér-ríde, *v. a.* to ride a horse beyond his strength  
 Over-ripen, ô-vér-ríp'n, *v. a.* to make too ripe [much  
 Over-roast, ô-vér-rô'st', *v. a.* to roast too  
 Over-rule, ô-vér-rûl', *v. a.* to superintend, to dissuade, to supersede  
 Over-run, ô-vér-rûn', *v. a.* to ravage, to cover all over, to pester [to omit  
 Oversee, ô-vér-sé', *v. a.* to superintend,  
 Overseer, ô-vér-sér, *s.* a parish officer who has the care of the poor, a superintendant  
 Overset, ô-vér-sët', *v. a.* to overturn  
 Over-shade, ô-vér-shá'de, *v. a.* to cover with darkness [shelter  
 Overshadow, ô-vér-shăd'-ô, *v. a.* to  
 Over-shoot, ô-vér-shô't'e, *v. a.* to fly beyond the mark  
 Oversight, ô-vér-síte, *s.* a mistake, error  
 Over-size, ô-vér-síze, *v. a.* to surpass in bulk [long  
 Over-sleep, ô-vér-slêp', *v. a.* to sleep too  
 Overslip, ô-vér-slíp', *v. a.* to neglect  
 Over-spread, ô-vér-sprêd', *v. a.* to cover  
 Over-stock, ô-vér-stôk', *v. a.* to crowd  
 Over-strain, ô-vér-strá'ne, *v. a.* to stretch too far [rule  
 Over-sway, ô-vér-swá', *v. a.* to over  
 Over-swell, ô-vér-swêl', *v. a.* to rise above [ren'  
 Overt, ô'-vért, *a.* open, public, appa  
 Overtake, ô-vér-tă'ke, *v. a.* to come up with in a pursuit  
 Overthrow, ô-vér-thrô', *v. a.* to overturn, to demolish, to defeat, to ruin



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mê, hér—chîn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt. —

- Overthwart, ô-vér-thá'rt, *a.* opposite, crossing perpendicularly, perverse—*prep.* across      Overtake
- Overtook, ô-vér-tôk', *prep. and part. of*
- Overtop, ô-vér-tôp', *v. a.* to rise above, to surpass, to excel      [ly over
- Overtrip, ô-vér-trîp', *v. a.* to walk light
- Overture, ô-vér-tûre, *s.* an opening, a discovery, a proposal
- Overturn, ô-vér-tûrn', *v. a.* to throw down, to overpower, to ruin
- Overvalue, ô-vér-vâl'-û, *v. a.* to rate at too high a price
- Overveil, ô-vér-vâle, *v. a.* to cover over
- Overween, ô-vér-wêne, *v. n.* to think too highly, to be proud
- Overwhelm, ô-vér-whêlm', *v. a.* to crush underneath, to fill too much
- Ought, á't, *s.* any thing, something
- Oviform, ô-ví-fô'rm, *a.* having the shape of an egg      [eggs
- Oviparous, ô-vîp'-ár-ús, *a.* bringing forth
- Ounce, ôû'ns, *s.* a weight, a lynx, a panther
- Our, ôû'r, *a.* of or belonging to us
- Ourselves, ôûr-sêlv'z, *s.* our very persons
- Ousel, ô'z'l, *s.* a blackbird
- Oust, ôûst', *v. a.* to vacate, to take away
- Out, ôût', *ad.* not within, not at home, loudly, without restraint, at a loss, in a puzzle—*interj.* an expression of abhorrence or expulsion
- Outact, ôût-âkt', *v. a.* to do beyond, to exceed
- Outbalance, ôût-bâf'-êns, *v. a.* to preponderate, to outweigh      [price
- Outbid, ôût-bîd', *v. a.* to bid a higher
- Outbound, ôût-bôûnd, *a.* destined to a distant voyage
- Outbrave, ôût-brâ'vé, *v. a.* to bear down and disgrace by more insolent or splendid appearance
- Outbrazen, ôût-brâ'z'n, *v. a.* to bear down by impudence
- Outbreak, ôût-brêke, *s.* an eruption
- Outcast, ôût-kâst, *s.* an exile, one expelled      [cunning
- Outcraft, ôût-kráft', *v. a.* to excel in
- Outcry, ôût-krý', *s.* a cry of distress, noise, clamour      [yond
- Outdare, ôût dâ're, *v. a.* to venture be-
- Outdate, ôût-dâ'te, *v. a.* to put out of date, to antique
- Outdo, ôût-dô', *v. a.* to excel, to surpass
- Outer, ôût-ér, *a.* that which is without, outward      [down
- Outface, ôût-fâ'se, *v. a.* to brave, to stare
- Outfawn, ôût-fâ'n, *v. a.* to excel in fawning      [ting out a ship
- Outfit, ôût' fýt, *s.* act or experience of fit-
- Outfly, ôût flý', *v. a.* to leave behind in flight
- Outgate, ôût-gâte, *s.* an outlet
- Outgeneral, ôût-dzhén er-ál, *v. a.* to beat by dint of skill      [giving
- Outgive, ôût-gív', *v. a.* to surpass in
- Outgo, ôût-gô, *v. a.* to surpass, to excel, to circumvent
- Outgoing, ôût-gô-ing, *s.* the act or state of going out      [growth
- Outgrow, ôût grô', *v. a.* to surpass in
- Outguard, ôût-gârd, *s.* the advanced guard
- Outhouse, ôût-hôûse, *s.* a building detached from a dwelling, a hovel
- Outknavé, ôût nâ've, *v. a.* to surpass in knavery      [native
- Outlandish, ôût-lân'-dýsh, *a.* foreign, not
- Outlaw, ôût-lâ, *s.* one excluded from the benefit of the law—*v. a.* to deprive of the benefits and protection of the law
- Outlawry, ôût-lâ-rý, *s.* a decree by which one is cut off from the community
- Outleap, ôût-lê'pe, *v. a.* to surpass in leaping      [ter than another
- Outlearn, ôût-lér'n, *v. a.* to learn fas-
- Ourlet, ôût-lét, *s.* the passage or discharge outwards
- Outline, ôût-line, *s.* the line by which any figure is defined, contour, extremity      [live beyond
- Outlive, ôût-lýv, *v. a.* to survive, to
- Outlook, ôût-lók', *v. a.* to browbeat
- Outlying, ôût-lý yng, *part. a.* exceeding others in lying, not in the course of order      [ceed in measure
- Outmeasure, ôût-mêzh'-úr, *v. a.* to ex-
- Outmarch, ôût mâr'tsh, *v. a.* to leave behind in the march
- Outmost, ôût móst, *a.* the remotest from the middle
- Outnumber, ôût-nûm'-bér, *v. a.* to exceed in number      [leave behind
- Outpace, ôût-pâ'se, *v. a.* to outgo, to
- Outparish, ôût-pâr-ýsh, *s.* a parish without the walls
- Outprize, ôût-prîze, *v. a.* to exceed in the value set upon it
- Outrage, ôût-rêdzh, *s.* open violence, tumultuous mischief
- Outrageous, ôût-râ-dzhús, *a.* violent, furious, excessive

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

Outreach, ôût-rétsh, *v. a.* to go beyond, to cheat [ing]  
 Outride, ôût-rîde, *v. a.* to pass by rid-  
 Outright, ôût-rîte, *ad.* without delay, completely [roaring]  
 Outroar, ôût-rô're, *v. a.* to exceed in  
 Outrode, ôût-rôde, *s.* an excursion  
 Outroot, ôût-rô'te, *v. a.* to extirpate, to eradicate [in running]  
 Outrun, ôût-rûn', *v. a.* to leave behind  
 Outsail, ôût-sâ'le, *v. a.* to leave behind in sailing [higher price]  
 Outsel., ôût-sêl', *v. a.* to sell for, a  
 Outshine, ôût-shî'ne, *v. a.* to emit lustre, to excel in lustre  
 Outshoot, ôût-shôte, *v. a.* to exceed in shooting, to shoot beyond  
 Outside, ôût-side, *s.* the external part, show, utmost [proper time]  
 Outsleep, ôût-slê'pe, *v. a.* to sleep beyond  
 Outspread, ôût-sprêd', *v. a.* to extend, to diffuse  
 Outstanding, ôût-stân'-dîng, *a.* standing beyond, not yet gotten in  
 Outstare, ôût-stâ're, *v. a.* to face down, to brow-beat [to spread out]  
 Outstretch, ôât-strétsh', *v. a.* to extend,  
 Outstrip, ôût-strîp', *v. a.* to outgo, to leave behind [by swearing]  
 Outswear, ôût-swâ're, *v. a.* to overpower  
 Outtalk, ôût-tâ'k, *v. a.* to overpower by talk  
 Outtongue, ôût-tóng', *v. a.* to bear down by noise [in price]  
 Outvalue, ôût-vâl'-û, *v. a.* to transcend  
 Outvie, ôût-vý', *v. a.* to exceed, to surpass  
 Outvote, ôût-vôte, *v. a.* to conquer by a plurality of votes  
 Outwalk, ôût-wâ'k, *v. a.* to leave behind in walking [of a building]  
 Outwall, ôût-wâl', *s.* the outward part  
 Outward, ôât'-wârd, *a.* external, foreign, apparent—*s.* external form—*ad.* to foreign or outer parts

Outwards, ôût'-wârdz, *ad.* towards the out-parts  
 Outwear, ôût-wâ're, *v. a.* to pass tediously, to wear beyond  
 Outweigh, ôût-wâ'y', *v. a.* to exceed in weight or influence  
 Outwit, ôût-wî't', *v. a.* to overcome by stratagem  
 Outwork, ôût'-wôrk, *v. a.* to do more work—*s.* external of a fortification  
 Outworn, ôût-wô'rn, *part.* destroyed by use or age [for]  
 Owe, ô', *v. a.* to be indebted or obliged  
 Owing, ô'-îng, *part. a.* consequential, imputable to as an agent  
 Owl, ôwl', or Owlet, ôw'-lê't, *s.* a bird that flies by night  
 Owler, ôw'-lér, *s.* one who carries contraband goods [avow]  
 Own, ô'ne, *v. a.* to acknowledge, to  
 Owner, ô'ne-ér, *s.* one to whom any thing belongs  
 Ox, ôks', *s.* a general name for black cattle, a castrated bull  
 Oxen, ôks'n, *plur. of Ox*  
 Oxlip, ôks'-slîp, *s.* the Cowslip  
 Oxycrate, ôk'-sý-krê't, *s.* a mixture of water and vinegar  
 Oxygen, ôks'-ý-dzhén, *s.* the principle that produces acids, the basis of that part of atmospheric air which supports life and combustion  
 Oxygenate, ôks-idzh'-én-âte, *v. a.* to impregnate with oxygen  
 Oxygenous, ôks-idzh'-én-ús, *a.* of the nature of oxygen [gar and honey]  
 Oxymel, ôk'-sý-mél, *s.* mixture of vinegar  
 Oyer, ô'-ýér, *s.* court of oyer and terminer is a judicature where causes are heard and determined  
 Oyes, ô'-ýés, *s.* hear ye  
 Oyster, ôýs'-tér, *s.* a bivalve shell fish  
 Oysterwoman, ôýs'-tér-wûm-án, *s.* one who sells oysters, a low noisy woman

## P

**P**ABULAR, páb'-û-lár, *a.* affording provender  
 Pabulous, páb'-û-lús, *a.* alimental  
 Pabulum, páb'-û-lúm, *s.* food, support  
 Pace, pâ'se, *s.* step, gait, a measure of five feet—*v. n.* to move slowly—*v. a.* to measure by steps

Pacific, päs-ýf'-ýk, *a.* mild, gentle, appeasing [of making peace]  
 Pacification, päs-ýf-ý-kä'-shûn, *s.* the act  
 Pacificator, päs-ýf-ý-kä'-tór, *s.* a mediator, a peace-maker [quiet]  
 Pacify, päs'-ý-fý, *v. a.* to appease, to

*Sounds.*—hät, hâte, hâll, liär—mêt, dësist, mé, hér—chÿn, chine, field, shírt—

- Pack, pāk', *s.* a large bundle of any thing, a burden, a set of cards, a number of hounds, &c.—*v. a.* to bind up for carriage, to sort the cards
- Package, pāk' ēdzh, *s.* what goods, &c. are packed in, duty or charge for packing [which goods are tied up]
- Packcloth, pāk'-klōth, *s.* a cloth in
- Packer, pāk'-ér, *s.* one who binds up bales for carriage [of letters]
- Packet, pāk'-ēt, *s.* a small pack, a mail
- Packhorse, pāk'-hōrs, *s.* a horse employed in carrying goods
- Packsaddle, pāk-sād'l, *s.* a saddle on which burdens are carried
- Packthread, pāk'-thred, *s.* a strong thread used in packing
- Pack, pakt', *or* Paction, pāk'-shün, *s.* a bargain, a covenant
- Pad, pād', *s.* an easy paced horse, a foot robber—*v. n.* to travel gently, to rob on foot
- Paddle, pād'l, *v. n.* to row, to play in the water—*s.* an oar used by a single rower
- Paddock, pād'-dók, *s.* a great frog or toad, a small enclosure
- Padlock, pād'-lök, *s.* a pendant or hanging lock—*v. a.* to fasten with a padlock
- Pæan, pé-än, *s.* a song of triumph
- Pedobaptism, *see* Pedobaptism
- Pagan, pä'-gän, *s.* a heathen—*a.* heathenish [state of a pagan]
- Paganism, pä-gä-níz'm, *s.* heathenism,
- Page, pä'dzh, *s.* one side of the leaf of a book, a young boy attending on a great person
- Pageant, pädzh'-ënt, *s.* a statue in a show, any show, a spectacle of entertainment—*a.* showy, pompous
- Pageantry, pädzh'-en-try, *s.* pomp, ostentation, show
- Paginal, pädzh'-yn-äl, *a.* consisting of pages
- Pagod, pä'-göd, *or* Pagoda, pä'-gö'-dž, *s.* an Indian idol or its temple
- Paid, pä'de, *pret. and part. of* Pay
- Pail, pä'le, *s.* a wooden vessel for water, &c.
- Pain, pä'ne, *s.* sensation of uneasiness, punishment—*v. a.* to afflict, to make uneasy, to strive with, to labour
- Painful, pä'né-fül, *a.* uneasy, giving pain, industrious
- Painim, pä'-nüm, *s.* an infidel
- Painstaker, pä'nz-tä-kér, *s.* a laborious person [industrious]
- Painstaking, pä'nz-tä-k'ing, *a.* laborious,
- Paint, pä'nt, *v. a.* to represent by delineation and colours, to describe, to colour—*v. n.* to lay colours on the face—*s.* colours for painting
- Painter, pä'nt-ér, *s.* one who paints
- Painting, pä'nt-ing, *s.* the art of laying on colours, a picture
- Pair, pä're, *s.* two things suiting one another, a couple—*v. a.* to join in couples, to suit, to unite
- Palace, pä'l'-äs, *s.* a splendid or royal house [ter or chair]
- Palanquin, pä'l-än-kí'n, *s.* an Indian litter
- Palatable, pä'l'-ët-éb'l, *a.* pleasing to the taste
- Palate, pä'l'-ët, *s.* the organ of taste, mental relish, the roof of the mouth
- Palatinate, pä'l ät'-yn-ët, *s.* signiory possessed by a palatine, one of the electorates of the German empire
- Palatine, pä'l'-ä-tine, *s.* one invested with regal rights and prerogatives, the subject of a palatinate
- Pale, pä'le, *a.* wan, whitish—*s.* a narrow piece of wood joined above and below to enclose ground, an enclosure, a jurisdiction—*v. a.* to enclose with pales, to encompass [wan, pale]
- Palefaced, pä'le-fäst, *a.* having the face
- Paleness, pä'le-nës, *s.* want of freshness, whiteness of look
- Palette, pä'l'-ët, *s.* a board on which a painter puts his colours
- Palfrey, pä'l'-frý, *s.* small horse fit for ladies
- Palfreyd, pä'l'-frýd, *a.* riding on a palfrey
- Paling, pä'-ling, *s.* the act of enclosing with pales, a fence of pales
- Palisade, pä'l-ý-sä'de, *or* Palisado, pä'l-ý-sä'-dō, *s.* pales set for enclosure or defence
- Palish, pä'le-ýsh, *a.* somewhat pale
- Pall, pä'l, *s.* a cloak or mantle of state, a covering thrown over the dead—*v. a.* to weaken, to cloy—*v. n.* to become insipid
- Pallet, pä'l'-lët, *s.* a small mean bed
- Palliament, pä'l-lyä-mënt, *s.* a dress, a robe
- Palliate, pä'l-lyä'te, *v. a.* to excuse, to extenuate, to ease
- Palliation, pä'l-lyä'-shün, *s.* extenuation, alleviation, an imperfect cure

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Palliative, pāl'-lyā-tīv, *a.* extenuating, mitigating—*s.* something mitigating  
 Pallid, pāl'-līd, *a.* pale, not high coloured [and a mallet  
 Pallmall, pāl'-mēl', *s.* a play with a ball  
 Palm, pām', *s.* a sort of tree, victory, triumph, the inner part of the hand  
 —*v. a.* to conceal in the palm of the hand, to impose, to cheat  
 Palmer, pāl'-mēr, *s.* a pilgrim from the Holy Land, a deer's crown, a cheat  
 Palmetto, pāl-mēt'-tō, *s.* a species of the palm-tree [palms  
 Palmiferous, pāl-mīf'-ēr-ūs, *a.* bearing  
 Palmistry, pāl-mīs-trŷ, *s.* the cheat of foretelling fortunes by the lines of the palm  
 Palmy, pāl'-mŷ, *a.* bearing palms  
 Palpability, pāl-pā-bīl'-īt-yŷ, *s.* the quality of being perceivable to the touch  
 Palpable, pāl'-péb'l, *a.* perceptible by the touch, gross, pain  
 Palpitate, pāl'-pŷ-tāte, *v. a.* to beat at the heart, to flutter  
 Palpitation, pāl-pŷ-tā-shŷn, *s.* a beating or panting of the heart [count or earl  
 Palsgravē, pāl'z-grāve, *s.* a German  
 Palsical, pāl'sŷ-kāl, or Palsied, pāl'-zŷd, *a.* afflicted with the palsy  
 Palsy, pāl'-zŷ, *s.* a privation of motion or sense of feeling  
 Palter, pāl tēr, *v. n.* to shift, to dodge  
 Paltry, pāl'-trŷ, *a.* sorry, despicable, mean  
 Pam, pām', *s.* the knave of clubs  
 Pamper, pām'-pēr, *v. a.* to glut, to fill with food [book  
 Pamphlet, pām'-flēt, *s.* a small unbound  
 Pamphleteer, pām-flēt-ē're, *s.* a scribbler of small books [any thing hollow  
 Pan, pān', *s.* a vessel broad and shallow.  
 Panacea, pān ā sē'-ā, *s.* an universal medicine, an herb  
 Panada, pā-nā'-dā, or Panada, pā-nā'-dō, *s.* boiled bread and water  
 Pancake, pān'-kāke, *s.* thin batter fried in a pan  
 Pancreas, pān'-krē-ās, *s.* the sweetbread [in the pancreas  
 Pancreatic, pān'-krē-āt-ŷk, *a.* contained  
 Pandect, pān'-dēkt, *s.* a complete treatise on any science  
 Pandemic, pān-dēm'-ŷk, *a.* incident to a whole people [bawd, a procurer  
 Pander, pān'-dēr, *s.* a pimp, a male  
 Pandiculation, pān-dŷk-ū lā-shŷn, *s.* a yawning and stretching

Pane, pā'ne, *s.* a square of glass, wainscot, &c.  
 Panegyric, pān-ē-gzhīr'-ŷk, *s.* eulogy, an encomium [taining praise  
 Panegyric, pān-ē-gzhīr'-ŷk-āl, *a.* con-  
 Panel, pān'-él, *s.* a square of wainscot, &c. a schedule or roll of jurors  
 Pang, pāng', *s.* violent and sudden pain [fear  
 Panic, pān'-ŷk, *s.* sudden groundless  
 Pannage, pān'-nēdz, *s.* mast of oak or beech, duty on cloth [saddle  
 Pannel, pān'-nēl, *s.* a kind of rustic  
 Pannier, pān'-yēr, *s.* a wicker vessel for carrying fruit or other things on a horse  
 Panoply, pān'-ō-plŷ, *s.* complete armour  
 Pansy, pān'-sŷ, *s.* a kind of violet  
 Pant, pānt', *v. n.* to palpitate, to wish earnestly [ment, a buffoon  
 Pantaloon, pūn-tā-lō'ne, *s.* a man's gar-  
 Pantheon, pān-thē'-ōn, *s.* the temple of all the gods [a lynx, a pard  
 Panther, pān'-thēr, *s.* a spotted wild beast,  
 Pantile, pān'-tīle, *s.* a gutter tile  
 Pantler, pānt'-lēr, *s.* an officer in a great family who keeps the bread  
 Pantomime, pān'-tō-mīme, *s.* a tale exhibited only in gesture, dumb shew, buffoon [provisions  
 Pantry, pān'-trŷ, *s.* room or place for  
 Pap, pāp', *s.* a nipple, food made for infants, the pulp of fruit  
 Papa, pā-pā', *s.* a fond name for father  
 Papacy, pā-pā'-tŷ, *s.* the popedom, the popish dignity [the pope  
 Papal, pā-pāl, *a.* popish, belonging to  
 Papaverous, pā-pāv'-ēr-ūs, *a.* resembling poppies  
 Paper, pā-pēr, *s.* the substance on which men write and print—*v. a.* to furnish with paper hangings  
 Papermaker, pā-pēr-mā-kér, *s.* one who makes paper  
 Papermill, pā-pēr-mīl, *s.* a mill in which rags are ground for paper  
 Papilio, pā-pīl'-yō, *s.* a butterfly  
 Papillary, pā-pīl'-lār-ŷ, or Papillous, pā-pīl'-lūs, *a.* resembling paps  
 Papist, pā-pīst, *s.* one that adheres to popery [herent to popery  
 Papistical, pā-pŷs'-tŷ-kāl, *a.* popish, ad-  
 Papistry, pā-pŷs-trŷ, *s.* popery, the doctrine of the Romish church  
 Pappy, pāp'-pŷ, *a.* soft, succulent, easily divided [lence  
 Par, pār', *s.* a state of equality, equiva-



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, fiēld, shŷrt.—

Parable, păr'-éb'l, *s.* a similitude, a figurative speech [nic sections]

Parabola, păr-răb'-ô-lă, *s.* one of the co-Parabolic, păr-ă-bôl'-îk, *a.* expressed by parable

Parachute, păr'-ă-shûte, *s.* a machine to prevent a dangerous fall

Paraclete, păr'-ă-klête, *s.* a comforter, an advocate

Parade, pă-ră'de, *s.* sh. w, military order, a place where troops are drawn up to do duty [gions, heaven]

Paradise, păr'-ă-dise, *s.* the blissful re-Paradisiacal, păr-ă-dŷs-î'-ă-kăl, *a.* suiting or making paradise

Paradox, păr'-ă-dôks, *s.* a proposition seemingly wrong but not really so, an assertion contrary to appearance

Paradoxical, păr-ă-dôk'-sî-kăl, *a.* having the nature of a paradox, inclined to new tenets

Paragon, păr'-ă-gôn, *s.* a model, a pattern, something supremely excellent [of a discourse]

Paragraph, păr'-ă-grăf, *s.* a distinct part Parallax, păr-ăl-lăk'-tŷk, *a.* pertaining to a parallax

Parallax, păr'-ăl-lăks, *s.* the distance between the true and apparent place of any star

Parallel, păr'-ăl-ləl, *a.* in the same direction, equal—*s.* lines continuing their course and still remaining at the same distance from each other, line of latitude, resemblance, conformity

Pallelogram, păr-ăl-ləl'-ô'-grăm, *s.* a right lined quadrilateral figure

Paralogize, pă-răl'-ô-dzhîze, *v. n.* to reason sophistically [soning]

Paralogy, pă-răl'-ô-dzhŷ, *s.* false rea-

Paralysis, pă-răl'-ŷ-sŷs, *s.* a palsy

Paralytic, păr-ă-lŷt'-ŷk, *a.* palsied, inclined to palsy chief—*s.* the chief

Paramount, păr-ă-môunt, *a.* superior,

Paramour, păr-ă-môre, *s.* a lover, a mistress

Parapet, păr'-ă-pët, *s.* a wall breast high

Paraphernalia, păr-ă-fér-nă'-lyă, *s.* goods in a wife's disposal

Paraphrase, păr'-ă-frăze, *s.* an explanation in many words—*v. a.* to translate loosely

Paraphrast, păr'-ă-frăst, *s.* a lax interpreter, one who explains in many words [ral, not verbal]

Paraphrastic, păr-ă-frăs'-tŷk, *a.* not lit-

Parasite, păr'-ă-ŷite, *s.* one that frequents rich tables and earns his welcome by flattery [wheedling]

Parasitic, păr-ă-ŷt'-ŷk, *a.* flattering,

Parasol, păr-ă-sôle, *s.* a small sort of canopy to screen from the sun

Parboil, păr-r-bôil, *v. a.* to half boil

Parcel, păr-sél, *s.* a small bundle, lot, quantity—*v. a.* to divide into portions, to make up into a mass

Parcenar, păr's-nér, *s.* a coheiress, an equal sharer of inheritance

Parch, păr'tsh, *v. a.* to burn slightly and superficially—*v. n.* to be scorched [ed for writing on]

Parchament, păr'tsh-mënt, *s.* a skin dress-

Pard, păr'd, or Pardale, păr-dăle, *s.* a leopard, a spotted beast

Pardon, păr'd'n, *v. a.* to excuse, to forgive, to remit—*s.* forgiveness, remission of penalty

Pare, pă're, *v. a.* to cut off extremities on the surface, to diminish

Paregoric, păr-ê-gôr'-îk, *a.* having power to comfort and assuage

Parent, pă-rënt, *s.* a father or mother

Parentage, păr'-ên-tědzh, *s.* extraction, birth, descent [parents]

Parental, pă-rén'-tăl, *a.* pertaining to

Parenthesis, pă-rén'-thé-sis, *s.* a sentence included in another sentence, the marks thus (.)

Parenthetical, pă-rén-thět'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* pertaining to a parenthesis

Parer, pă-rér, *s.* a tool to cut away the surface [plaster]

Parget, păr-dzhět, *s.* a plaster—*v. a.* to

Parhelion, păr-hé-lyón, *s.* a mock sun

Parietal, pă-rî'-é-tăl, *a.* constituting sides or walls [off, the rind]

Paring, pă-rŷng, *s.* that which is pared

Parish, păr'-ŷsh, *s.* a particular district with a church and having its own officers and priest

Parishioner, pă-rŷsh'-ón ér, *s.* one that belongs to the parish

Parisyllabical, păr-ŷ-sŷl-lăb'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* having an equal number of syllables

Parity, păr'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* equality, resemblance [of chace]

Park, păr'k, *s.* an enclosure for beasts

Parle, păr'l, *s.* conversation, oral treaty

Parley, păr-lŷ, *v. n.* to treat by word of mouth—*s.* oral treaty, conference

Parliament, păr-lŷ-mënt, *s.* the assembly of the king and two estates of the realm

shöt, nôte, lôse, actör—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, thus, rýe—hick.

Parliamentary, pǎr-lý-měn-tár ý, *a.* enacted by parliament, suiting or pertaining to Parliament

Parlour, pǎr-lór, *s.* a lower room for entertainment [waggish, dangerous]

Parous, pǎr-lús, *a.* shrewd, subtle, Parochial, pǎ-rô-kyál, *a.* pertaining to a parish

Parody, pǎr-ô-dý, *s.* a kind of writing in which the words are by a slight change adapted to some new purpose—*v. a.* to copy by way of parody

Parole, pǎ-rôle, *s.* words given as an assurance [of parrot]

Paroquet, pǎr-ô-két, *s.* a small species

Paroid, pǎ-rôt-id, *a.* belonging to the glands under and behind the ear

Paroxysm, pǎr-ôks-ýsm, *s.* a periodical return of a fit, &c. [parricide]

Parricidal, pǎr-rý-sí-dál, *a.* relating to

Parricide, pǎr-rý-side, *s.* the murderer or murder of a father

Parrot, pǎr-rót, *s.* a well-known bird

Parry, pǎr rý, *v. n.* to put by or ward off thrusts

Parse, pǎrs, *v. a.* to resolve a sentence into the elements or parts of speech

Parsimonious, pǎr-sý-mô-nyús, *a.* covetous, frugal [covetousness]

Parsimony, pǎr-sý-môn-ý, *s.* frugality,

Parsley, pǎrs-lý, *s.* a well-known herb

Parsnep, pǎrs-nép, *s.* a plant

Parson, pǎrs'n, *s.* a priest of a parish, a clergyman [house of benefice]

Parsonage, pǎrs'n-édzh, *s.* a parson's

Part, pǎrt, *s.* a portion, a share, a party, something less than the whole

Partage, pǎr-tédzh, *s.* division, the act of sharing [have part in]

Partake, pǎr-tá'ke, *v. a.* to share, to

Parterre, pǎr-tér, *s.* a level ground, a flower garden

Partial, pǎr-shál, *a.* inclined to favour one party more than the other, affecting only one part, not general

Partiality, pǎr shyál'-ý-tý, *s.* an unequal judgment [partial]

Partialize, pǎr-shyál-ize, *v. a.* to make

Partible, pǎrt-ýb'l, *a.* divisible, separable [share or part]

Participant, pǎr-týs'-ý-pěnt, *a.* having a

Participate, pǎr-týs'-ý-pâte, *v. a.* to have share or part—*v. a.* to partake, to share

Participation, pǎr-týs-ý-pā-shűn, *s.* the act of partaking of something, a division into shares

Participial, pǎr-tý-sýp'-yál, *a.* of the nature of a participle

Participle, pǎr-tý-sýp'l, *s.* a word partaking at once of the qualities of a noun and verb [part]

Particle, pǎr-tík'l, *s.* any small word or

Particular, pǎr tík ù-lár, *a.* not general, individual, odd, singular—*s.* a single instance or point, a minute detail

Particularity, pǎr-tík-ù lár ý-tý, *s.* something particular [mention distinctly]

Particularize, pǎr-tík-ù lá-rize, *v. a.* to

Parting, pǎrt-ýng, *s.* a division, a ceremony in taking leave

Partisan, pǎr-tý-zán, *s.* a kind of pike, an adherent to a party

Partition, pǎr-týsh-űn, *s.* the act of dividing, division—*v. a.* to divide into distinct parts

Partly, pǎrt lý, *ad.* in some measure or degree

Partner, pǎrt-nér, *s.* one who has part in any thing, or dances with another

Partnership, pǎrt-nér-shýp, *s.* union of two or more in trade, joint interest

Partook, pǎr-tôk', *pret. or* Partake

Partridge, pǎr-trédzh, *s.* a bird of game

Parturient, pǎr-tú-ryěnt, *a.* about to bring forth

Parturition, pǎr-tú-rish-űn, *s.* the state of being about to bring forth

Party, pǎr-tý, *s.* a select assembly, one concerned in any affair, persons espousing the same cause, a detachment of soldiers

Party-coloured, pǎr-tý-kól-órd, *a.* having different colours

Party-jury, pǎr-tý-dzhú-rý, *s.* a jury composed of natives and foreigners

Partyman, pǎr-tý-mán, *s.* an adherent to a party right or wrong

Party-wall, pǎr tý-wál, *s.* a wall between buildings [over]

Paschal, pǎs-kál, *a.* relating to the pass-

Pacuage, pǎs-kú-ädzh, *s.* pasturage

Pasquin, pǎs-k wýn, *or* Pasquinade, pǎs-kwýn-ä'de, *s.* a lampoon

Pass, pǎs, *v. a.* and *n.* to go through, to enact a law, to allow, to omit, to proceed, to vanish—*s.* a narrow entrance or road, a licence to go or come

Passado, pǎs-sä'-dô, *s.* a push or thrust

Passage, pǎs-sédzh, *s.* the act of passing, travel, road, part of a book

Passant, pǎs-sént, *a.* walking along leisurely

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hằl, liàr—mết, dēsist, mê, hér—ch'yn, chine, f'ield, shirt. —

Passenger, păs'-sën-dzhér, *s.* a wayfarer, one who hires a place in a carriage or vessel  
 Passibility, păs-si-bıl'-y-tŷ, *s.* the quality of receiving impressions from external agents [pressed]  
 Passible, păs-sib'l, *a.* that may be in-Passing, păs-sing, *part. a.* supreme, eminent [bell]  
 Passingbell, păs-sing-běl, *s.* the death-Passion, pash'-ün, *s.* anger, love, zeal, suffering [passion, soon angry]  
 Passionate, pash'-ön-ét, *a.* moved by  
 Passive, păs-siv, *a.* unresisting, suffering [sacrifice killed]  
 Passover, păs'-ö-vér, *s.* a Jewish festivity,  
 Passport, păs-pört, *s.* a permission in writing to pass  
 Past, păt, *part. of* to pass, not present, gone through, beyond  
 Paste, păs'te, *s.* any viscous tenacious mixture, cement [paper]  
 Pasteboard, păs'te-börd, *s.* thick strong  
 Pastern, păs-térn, *s.* the knee of a horse the leg of any animal  
 Pastime, păs'-time, *s.* sport, recreation  
 Pastor, păs'-tór, *s.* a shepherd, a minister of a congregation  
 Pastoral, păs'-tór-ál, *a.* rural, like shepherds, relating to the care of souls  
 Pastry, păs-trŷ, *s.* pies or baked paste  
 Pasturable, păs'-túr-éb'l, *a.* fit for pasture [grazed by cattle]  
 Pasturage, păs'-túr-édzh, *s.* grounds  
 Pasture, păs'-túre, *s.* land for grazing food [without a dish]  
 Pasty, păs'tŷ, *s.* a pie of crust raised  
 Pat, păt, *a.* fit, exact—*s.* a light blow —*v. a.* to strike lightly  
 Patch, pătsh', *s.* a piece to cover a hole, a piece of black silk put on the face —*v. a.* to cover with or put on patches, to botch  
 Patchwork, pătsh'-wórk, *s.* pieces of different colours sewed interchangeably together  
 Pate, păt'e, *s.* the head  
 Patefaction, păt-ē fák'-shŭn, *s.* the act or state of opening  
 Paten, păt-én, *s.* a plate used for bread at the altar  
 Patent, păt-ént, *a.* open, public—*s.* a grant of exclusive right, a charter  
 Patentee, păt-én tē, *s.* one who has a patent [ditary]  
 Paternal, păt-tér-nál, *a.* fatherly, here  
 Path, păt'h, *s.* a way, a tract

Pathetic, păt-thét'-yk, *v.* affecting the passions, passionate  
 Pathological, păt-thô lödzh'-yk ál, *a.* relating to the tokens of a distemper  
 Pathology, păt-thöl'-ö-dzhŷ, *s.* that part of medicine which relates to the distempers of the human body  
 Pathos, păt-thös, *s.* passion, warmth  
 Pathway, păt'h-wä, *s.* a narrow way for foot passengers  
 Patience, păt-shéns, *s.* calmness, submission to affliction  
 Patient, păt-shént, *a.* not easily moved or provoked—*s.* a diseased person under the care of another  
 Patine, păt'-yn, *s.* the cover of a chalice  
 Patriarch, păt'-trŷ-árk, *s.* the head of a family, a superior bishop  
 Patriarchal, păt-trŷ-ár-kál, *a.* pertaining to patriarchs  
 Patriarchate, păt-trŷ-ár-két, *s.* the dignity or office of a patriarch  
 Patrician, păt-trŷsh'-án, *a.* senatorial, noble—*s.* a nobleman  
 Patrimonial, păt-rŷ-mö'-nyäl, *a.* possessed by inheritance  
 Patrimony, păt-rŷ-món-ŷ, *s.* an estate by inheritance [country]  
 Patriot, păt-trŷ-ót, *s.* a real lover of his  
 Patriotic, păt-trŷ-öt'-yk, *a.* having patriotism [one's country]  
 Patriotism, păt-trŷ-ö-tizm, *s.* love of  
 Patrol, păt-trö'le, *s.* a guard to walk the streets [vocate]  
 Patron, păt-trón, *s.* a benefactor, an ad-Patronage, păt-rö-nédzh, *s.* support, protection, right of giving  
 Patronal, păt-rö-nál, *a.* protecting, supporting  
 Patronize, păt-rö-nize, *v. a.* to protect, to support, to countenance  
 Patronymic, păt-rö-nŷm'-yk, *s.* a name expressing that of the father or ancestor [iron ring]  
 Patten, păt-tén, *s.* a clog shod with an  
 Pattepan, păt-tē-păn, *s.* a pan to bake a tart or small pie in [like hail]  
 Patter, păt-tér, *v. n.* to make a noise  
 Pattern, păt-térn, *s.* a specimen, an example, a model [ber]  
 Paucity, păs-si-tŷ, *s.* smallness of num-Pave, păs'v. *v. a.* to lay with brick or stone, to make easy  
 Pavement, păs'v-mént, *s.* stones or bricks laid on the ground  
 Pavilion, păs-vil'-yón, *s.* a tent, a temporary house

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Pavior, pâ'-vyôr, *s.* one who lays with stones

Paunch, pâ'nsh, *s.* the belly, the region of the abdomen—*v. a.* to take out the paunch of [receives alms

Pauper, pâ'-pér, *s.* a poor person who

Pause, pâ'z, *s.* a stop, a break—*v. n.* to stop, to deliberate

Paw, pâ', *s.* the foot of a beast of prey, the hand—*v. a.* to strike with the fore-foot, to handle roughly

Pawn, pâ'n, *v. a.* to pledge, to give in pledge [lends money on pawns

Pawnbroker, pâ'n-brô-kér, *s.* one who

Pay, pâ', *v. a.* to discharge a debt, to beat, to reward—*s.* wages, hire, money for services

Payable, pâ'-éb'l, *a.* proper to be paid, due [to pay

Paymaster, pâ'-mâs-tér, *s.* one who is

Payment, pâ'-mënt, *s.* act of paying, discharge of a debt

Pea, pê, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse

Peace, pê'se, *s.* respite from war, quiet, rest, silence—*interj.* silence

Peaceable, pê's-éb'l, *a.* free from war or tumult, not turbulent

Peacemaker, pê's-mâ-kér, *s.* one who reconciles differences

Peaceofficer, pê's-ôf-fÿ-sér, *s.* an officer to keep the peace, a constable

Peach, pê'tsh, *s.* a sort of tree or its fruit—*v. n.* to accuse of some crime

Peacock, pê'-kôk, *s.* a fowl of beautiful plumage [peacock

Peahen, pê'-hên, *s.* the female of the

Peak, pê'ke, *s.* the top of a hill, the forepart of a head-dress—*v. n.* to look sickly, to make a mean figure

Peal, pê'le, *s.* a succession of loud sounds, as of bells, &c.

Pear, pâ're, *s.* a kind of tree or its fruit

Pearl, pêrl', *s.* a gem from shell fish, a speck on the eye

Pearly, pêrl'-ÿ, *a.* abounding with or resembling pearl [ple

Pearmain, pâ're-mâ'ne, *s.* a sort of apples lives by rural labour [people

Peasant, pêz'-ënt, *s.* a rustic, one who

Peasantry, pêz'-ënt-rÿ, *s.* the country

Peascod, pêz'-kôd, or Peashell, pê'-shêl, *s.* the shell or husk that contains peas

Pease, pê'ze, *plural of* Pea [fire

Peat, pê'te, *s.* a species of turf used for

Pebble, pêbl', or Pebblestone, pêbl'-stône, *s.* a sort of stone

Pebbly, pêb'-blÿ, *a.* full of pebbles

Peccability, pêk-kă-bÿl'-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* a being subject to sin [ble to sin

Peccable, pêk'-kêb'l, *a.* incident or lia-

Peccadillo, pêk-kă-dÿl'-lô, *s.* a petty fault, a slight crime

Peccant, pêk'-kënt, *a.* criminal, bad disposed

Peck, pêk', *s.* fourth part of a bushel—*v. a.* to strike or pick food with the beak

Pecker, pêk'-ér, *s.* one that pecks, a bird

Peckled, pêk'l'd, *a.* spotted

Pectoral, pêk'-tôr-âl, *a.* pertaining to the breast—*s.* a breast-plate, a medicine to strengthen the stomach, &c.

Peculate, pêk'-û-lâte, *v. a.* to defraud the public [public money

Peculation, pêk-û-lâ'-shûn, *s.* theft of

Peculator, pêk-û-lâ'-tôr, *s.* one who robs the public

Peculiar, pê-kû'-lyâr, *a.* appropriate, particular—*s.* the exclusive property

Peculiarity, pê-kû'-lyâr'-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* particularity, oddness [money

Pecuniary, pê-kû'-nyâr-ÿ, *a.* relating to

Pedagogue, pêd'-ă-gôg, *s.* a schoolmaster, a pedant

Pedal, pê'-dăl, *a.* belonging to a foot

Pedals, pê'-dălz, *s.* the large pipes of an organ [knowledge

Pedant, pêd'-ënt, *s.* one vain of low

Pedantic, pê-dăn'-tÿk, *a.* like a pedant, conceited

Pedantry, pêd'-ên-trÿ, *s.* ostentation of shewing needless learning

Peddle, pêd'l, *v. n.* to be busy about trifles

Pedestal, pêd'-ês-tăl, *s.* the lower member of a pillar, the basis of a statue

Pedestrian, pê-dês'-trÿ-ăn, or Pedestri-

ous, pê-dês'-trÿ-ús, *a.* going on foot

Pedicle, pêd'-ÿk'l, *s.* the footstalk of fruit, &c.

Pedicular, pê-dÿk'-û-lâr, *a.* lousy

Pedigree, pêd'-ÿ-grê, *s.* lineage, descent

Pediment, pêd'-ÿ-mënt, *s.* an ornamental projection, &c.

Pedlar, pêd'-lér, *s.* one who travels the country with small commodities

Pedlery, pêd'-lér-ÿ, *s.* wares sold by pedlars

Pedling, pêd'-lÿng, *a.* petty dealing

Pedobaptism, pê'-dô băp'-tÿzm, *s.* infant baptism

Pedometer, pâ-dôm'-ê-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure the space walked over



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chÿne, fÿeld, shrÿt—

Peel, pêle, *v. a.* to pare, to take the rind of, to plunder—*s.* the rind, a board used by bakers

Peep, pépe, *v. n.* to make the first appearance, to look closely or curiously—*s.* first appearance, a sly look

Peer, pére, *s.* an equal, a nobleman—*v. n.* to come just in sight, to peep

Peerage, pé'r-êdzh, *s.* dignity of a peer

Peerdom, pé'r-dóm, *s.* peerage

Peerless, pèr' lés, *s.* unequalled

Peevish, pé'-vÿsh, *a.* easily offended, irritable [fasten with a peg

Peg, pég', *s.* a wooden pin—*v. a.* to

Pelf, pelf' *s.* money, riches

Pelican, pèl'-i-kăn, *s.* a bird

Pellet, pèl' lét, *s.* a little ball, a bullet

Pellicle, pèl' lÿk'l, *s.* a thin skin

Pellmell, pèl'-mèl', *ad.* confusedly, tumultuously

Pells, pèlz', *s.* an office in the exchequer

Pellucid, pèl'-lÿs'id, *a.* clear, transparent, bright

Pelt, pèlt', *s.* a skin, a raw hide—*v. a.* to throw at [stones, &c.

Pelting, pèlt'-ÿng, *a.* paltry, throwing

Pelvis, pèl'-vÿs, *s.* the lower part of the belly

Pen, pèn', *s.* an instrument to write with, a fold—*v. a.* to coop, to shut up, to write [punishment

Penal, pèn' ál, *a.* enacting or inflicting

Penalty, pèn'-ál-tÿ, *s.* a punishment, a forfeiture [mortification

Penance, pèn' êns, *s.* an atonement, a

Pence, pèn's, *s. plural of Penny*

Pencil, pèn' sÿl, *s.* a tool for drawing or painting—*v. a.* to delineate, to paint

Pendant, pèn'-dènt, *s.* a small flag in ships [over

Pendent, pèn'-dènt, *a.* hanging, jutting

Pending, pèn'-dÿng, *a.* depending, undecided [pendent

Pendulous, pèn'-dû-lús, *a.* hanging, suspended

Pendulum, pèn'-dû-lúm, *s.* any weight hung to swing backwards and forwards [ceptibility of impression

Penetrability, pèn'-ê tră-bÿl' ÿt-ÿ, *s.* sus-

Penetrate, pèn'-ê-trâte, *v. a.* and *n.* to pierce, to enter, to reach the meaning [of entering a body, sagacity

Penetration, pèn'-ê-tră-shÿn, *s.* the act

Penetrative, pèn'-ê tră-tÿv, *a.* piercing, subtle, sagacious [fruit

Penguin, pèn'-gwÿn, *s.* a sort of bird, a

Peninsula, pèn'-ÿn'-sù-lă, *s.* land almost surrounded by water

Penitence, pèn'-i-têns, *s.* contrition for an offence, repentance

Penitent, pèn'-i-tênt, *a.* repentant, contrite for sin [ing penitence

Penitential, pèn'-i-tên'-shÿál, *a.* express

Penitentiary, pèn'-i-tên'-shÿár-ÿ, *s.* one who does penance, a confessor

Penknife, pèn'-nÿfe, *s.* a knife used to make pens [writer

Penman, pèn'-mán, *s.* an author, a good

Penmanship, pèn'-mán-shÿp, *s.* use of the pen

Pennant, pèn'-nènt, *s.* a small flag, a tackle for hoisting things on board

Pennated, pèn' nă-têd, *a.* having wings

Pennon, pèn'-nón, *s.* a small flag

Penny, pèn'-nÿ, *s.* the 12th part of a shilling [troy weight

Pennyweight, pèn'-nÿ-wèÿte, *s.* 24 grains

Pennywise, pèn'-nÿ-wÿze, *a.* hazarding much to save a little

Pennyworth, pèn'-nÿ-wórth, *s.* what may be bought for a penny, a good bargain

Pension, pèn'-shÿn, *s.* a settled allowance—*v. a.* to support by allowance

Pensionary, pèn'-shÿn-ár-ÿ, *a.* maintained by a pension—*s.* a magistrate in Dutch cities [ceives a pension

Pensioner, pèn'-shÿn-ér, *s.* one who receives

Pensive, pèn'-sÿv, *a.* serious, sorrowful, thoughtful

Pent, pènt', *part. of Pen*, shut up

Pentacapsular, pèn'-tă-kăp-sû-lăr, *a.* having five cavities

Pentachord, pèn'-tă-kôrd, *s.* an instrument with five strings [five sides

Pentaedrous, pèn'-tă-ê-drús, *a.* having

Pentagon, pèn'-tă-gón, *s.* a figure with five angles [five angles

Pentagonal, pèn'-tăg'-ô-năl, *a.* having

Pentagraph, pèn'-tă-graf, *s.* an instrument for copying designs in any proportion [verse of five feet

Pentameter, pèn'-tă-m'ê-tér, *s.* a Latin

Pentangular, pèn'-tăng'-û-lăr, *a.* five cornered [ing five petals

Pentapetalous, pèn'-tă-pêt'-ă-lús, *a.* having five books of Moses [Whitsuntide

Pentecost, pèn'-tê-kôst, *s.* a Jewish feast,

Pentecostal, pèn'-tê-kôs'-tăl, *a.* belonging to Whitsuntide

Penthouse, pènt'-hôûs, *s.* a sloping shed or roof

Pentile, pèn'-tÿle, *s.* a tile to cover the sloping part of the roof

shōt, note, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Penultima, pē-nūl'-tŷ-mă, *s.* the last syllable but one [shadow]  
 Penumbra, pē-nūm'-bră, *s.* an imperfect  
 Penurious, pē-nū-ryūs, *a.* sordidly mean, scant [gence]  
 Penury, pēn'-ū-rŷ, *s.* poverty, indigence  
 People, pēp'l, *s.* a nation, the vulgar, persons in general—*v. a.* to stock with inhabitants  
 Pepper, pēp'-pēr, *s.* an aromatic pungent spice—*v. a.* to sprinkle with pepper, to mangle with shot or blows  
 Peppercorn, pēp'-pēr-kōrn, *s.* a grain of pepper, or any thing of trifling value  
 Peppermint, pēp'-pēr-mŷnt, *s.* very hot mint, drink made of it  
 Peradventure, pēr-ăd-vēn'-tūre, *ad.* perhaps, may be [over]  
 Peragate, pēr-ă-grâte, *v. a.* to wander  
 Perambulate, pēr-ăm'-bū-lâte, *v. a.* to walk through, to survey by passing through [wandering survey]  
 Perambulation, pēr-ăm'-bū-lă-shūn, *s.* a perambulator  
 Perambulator, pēr-ăm'-bū-lă-tōr, *s.* an instrument with a wheel to measure roads [know, to observe]  
 Perceive, pēr-sîve, *v. a.* to discover, to perceive  
 Perceptibility, pēr-sēp-tī-bīl'-it-y, *s.* the power of perceiving  
 Perceptible, pēr-sēp-tīb'l, *a.* that may be perceived  
 Perception, pēr-sēp'-shūn, *s.* the power or act of perceiving, idea  
 Perceptive, pēr-sēp'-tīv, *a.* having the power of perceiving  
 Perch, pērtsh', *s.* a fish, a measure of five yards and a half, a bird's roost—*v. n.* to sit or roost as a bird—*v. a.* to place on a perch [ture]  
 Perchance, pēr-tsh'ăns, *ad.* peradventure  
 Perceptive, pēr-sīp'-yēnt, *a.* perceiving  
 Percolate, pēr-kō-lâte, *v. a.* to strain through a sieve [of straining]  
 Percolation, pēr-kō-lă-shūn, *s.* the act  
 Percuss, pēr-kūs', *v. a.* to strike  
 Percussion, pēr-kūsh'-ūn, *s.* the act of striking, a stroke  
 Percutient, pēr-kū'-shēnt, *a.* striking, able to strike [ruin, death]  
 Perdition, pēr-dīsh'-ūn, *s.* destruction  
 Perdue, pēr-dū', *ad.* close, lying in ambush  
 Perdurable, pēr'-dū-réb'l, *a.* lasting  
 Perduration, pēr-dū-ră-shūn, *s.* long continuance  
 Peregrinate, pēr'-ē-grŷn-âte, *v. n.* to travel into far countries  
 Peregrine, pēr'-ē-grŷn, *a.* foreign, not domestic [extinction]  
 Peremption, pēr-ēm'-p-shūn, *s.* crush  
 Peremptory, pēr-ēm'-p-tōr-ŷ, *a.* dogmatical, absolute  
 Perennial, pēr-ēn'-nyăl, *a.* lasting a year, unceasing  
 Perfect, pēr'-fēkt, *a.* complete, pure, immaculate—*v. a.* to finish, to complete, to make skilful  
 Perfection, pēr-fēk'-shūn, *s.* the state of being perfect [perfection]  
 Perfective, pēr-fēk'-tīv, *a.* conducing to  
 Perfidious, pēr-fīd'-yūs, *a.* treacherous  
 Perfidy, pēr-fī-dŷ, *s.* treachery  
 Perforate, pēr-fō-râte, *v. a.* to pierce through, to bore  
 Perforation, pēr-fō-ră-shūn, *s.* the act of piercing, a hole [ment for boring]  
 Perforator, pēr-fō-ră-tōr, *s.* an instrument  
 Perforce, pēr-fōrs, *a. d.* by force, violently  
 Perform, pēr-fōrm, *v. a.* to execute, to do, to accomplish—*v. n.* to succeed in an attempt  
 Performance, pēr-fōr-mēns, *s.* execution of something promised, composition, work, action  
 Performer, pēr-fōr-mēr, *s.* one that sings, plays, or acts in public  
 Perfume, pēr-fū'me, *s.* sweet odour, fragrance  
 Perfume, pēr-fū'me, *v. a.* to scent  
 Perfunctory, pēr-fūngk'-tōr-ŷ, *a.* slight, careless, negligent [it may be]  
 Perhaps, pēr-hăps', *ad.* peradventure  
 Pericardium, pēr-ŷ-kă-r-dŷm, *s.* a thin membrane round the heart  
 Pericranium, pēr-ŷ-kŕă-nyŷm, *s.* the membrane that covers the skull  
 Periculous, pēr-ŷk'-lūs, *a.* dangerous  
 Perigee, pēr-ŷ-dzhē', or Perigeum, pēr-ŷ-dzhē-ŷm, *s.* that point of the heavens wherein the sun or any planet is nearest the earth  
 Perihelium, pēr-ŷ-hē-lyŷm, *s.* that point of a planet's orbit wherein it is nearest the sun [pardy]  
 Peril, pēr-ŷl, *s.* danger, hazard, jeopardy  
 Perilous, pēr-ŷl-ŷs, *a.* dangerous, hazardous [ference of a figure]  
 Perimeter, pēr-ŷm'-ē-tēr, *s.* the circumference  
 Period, pēr-ŷōd, *s.* a circuit, an epocha, a complete sentence, a full stop  
 Periodic, pēr-ŷōd'-ŷk, *a.* at stated times, regular, making a revolution

*Sounds*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chÿn, chîne, field, shîrt. —

Periosteum, pē rī-ōs'-tyúm, *s.* the membrane that covers the bones

Peripatetic, pē-rī-pā tēt'-yk, *s.* one used to dispute walking up and down

Periphery, pē-rīf'-ér-y, *s.* circumference

Periphrase, pē-rī-frāze, *v. a.* to express by circumlocution [cution

Periphrasis, pē rīf'-rā sīs, *s.* circumlo

Periphrastical, pē-rī-frās'-tīk-āl, *a.* circumlocutory

Peripneumony, pē-rīp-nū-món-y, *s.* inflammation of the lungs

Perish, pēr'-ish, *v. n.* to die, to decay, to be destroyed or lost [spiral

Peristaltic, pē-rī-stāl'-tīk, *a.* worm-like,

Peristyle, pē-rī-stýle, *s.* a circular range of pillars

Peristystole, pē-rī-sýs'-tō-lē, *s.* the pause betwixt the two motions of the heart

Perjure, pēr'-dzhûr, *v. a.* to forswear

Perjury, pēr'-dzhûr-y, *s.* a false oath

Perwig, pēr'-y-wíg, *s.* a wig, a covering for the head [fish

Periwinkle, pēr'-y-wýngk'l, *s.* a small shell

Perk, pēr'k, *v.* to hold up the head affectedly

Permanence, pēr'-mā-nēns, *s.* continuance in one state, duration

Permanent, pēr'-mā-nēnt, *a.* lasting, unchanged [through

Permeant, pēr'-mē-ánt, *a.* passing

Permeate, pēr-mē-áte, *v. a.* to pass through [be mingled

Permissible, pēr-mýs'-sýb'l, *a.* that may

Permissible, pēr-mýs'-sýb'l, *a.* what may be permitted [leave or liberty

Permission, pēr-mýsh'-ún, *s.* grant of

Permissive, pēr-mýs'-sýv, *a.* granting leave, allowed

Permit, pēr-mýt, *v. a.* to allow or suffer to be done

Permit, pēr-mýt, *s.* a sort of warrant

Permutation, pēr-mû-tā-shûn, *s.* an exchange of one for another, a barter

Permute, pēr-mû'te, *v. a.* to exchange

Pernicious, pēr-nîsh'-ús, *a.* destructive, very hurtful [lerity

Pernicity, pēr-nîs'-ýt-y, *s.* swiftness, ce

Pernoctation, pēr-nōk tā-shûn, *s.* state of laying out all night

Peroration, pēr-ō-rā-shûn, *s.* the conclusion of an oration, &c.

Perpendicular, pēr-pēn-dýk'-û-lár, *a.* crossing at right angles, cutting the horizon at right angles

Perpendicularity, pēr-pēn-dýk'-û-lár'-ýt-y, *s.* state of being perpendicular

Perpension, pēr-pēn'-shûn, *s.* consideration [mit a crime

Perpetrate, pēr'-pē-trāte, *v. a.* to com-

Perpetration, pēr-pē-trā'-shûn, *s.* the commission of a crime [constant

Perpetual, pēr-pēt'-û-āl, *a.* continual,

Perpetuate, pēr-pēt'-û-áte, *v. a.* to make perpetual, to eternize

Perpetuation, pēr-pēt'-û-ā'-shûn, *s.* a making perpetual

Perpetuity, pēr-pē tû'-ýt-y, *s.* duration to all futurity [doubts, to vex

Perplex, pēr-plēks', *v. a.* to disturb with

Perplexity, pēr-plēks'-ýt-y, *s.* distraction of mind, intricacy

Perquisite, pēr-kwíz'-ýt, *s.* something gained above the settled wages

Perry, pēr'-ry, *s.* cider made of pears

Persecute, pēr-sē-kûte, *a. a.* to pursue with malignity, to harrass, to vex, to trouble [of persecuting

Persecution, pēr-sē-kû'-shûn, *s.* the act

Persecutor, pēr-sē-kû-tór, *s.* one who persecutes [ness of pursuit

Perseverance, pēr-sē-vē-réns, *s.* steady-

Perseverant, pēr-sē-vē-rēnt, *a.* persisting, steady in pursuits

Persevere, pēr-sē-vē're, *v. n.* to persist in an attempt

Persist, pēr-síst, *v. n.* to persevere, to continue firm or obstinate

Person, pēr's'n, *s.* an individual, a human being, exterior appearance, shape of the body

Personable, pēr's'n-éb'l, *a.* handsome, graceful [able person

Personage, pēr's'n-ēdzh, *s.* a consider-

Personal, pēr-són-āl, *a.* pertaining to a person

Personality, pēr-só-nāl'-ýt-y, *s.* existence or individuality of any one

Personate, pēr-són-áte, *a. v.* to represent, to counterfeit

Personification, pēr-són'-ýt-y-kā"-shûn, *s.* the change of things to persons

Personify, pēr-són'-ýt-y'. *v. a.* to change from a thing to a person, to represent

Perspective, pēr-spēk'-tív, *s.* a spying-glass, view, vista—a relating to the science of vision, optical

Perspicacious, pēr-spī-kā"-shyús, *a.* quick-sighted, sharp [sightedness

Perspicacity, pēr-spī-kās'-ýt-y, *s.* quick-

Perspicuity, pēr-spī-kû'-ýt-y, *s.* clearness, transparency

Perspicuous, pēr-spīk'-û-ús, *a.* transparent, clear, easily seen

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, thus, rýe—hick.

- Perspiration, *pér-spí-rā-shûn*, *s.* excretion by the cuticular pores  
 Perspirative, *pér-spí-ra-tív*, *a.* performing the act of perspiration  
 Perspire, *pér-spíre*, *v. n.* to sweat, to be excreted by the skin  
 Persuade, *pér-swā'de*, *v. a.* to bring to an opinion, to influence by argument [be persuaded]  
 Persuasible, *pér-swā'síb'l*, *a.* that may be persuaded  
 Persuasion, *pér-swā-zhûn*, *s.* the act of persuading  
 Persuasive, *pér-swā'sív*, or Persuatory, *pér-swā'sór-ý*, *a.* having power to persuade [tulant]  
 Pert, *pért'*, *a.* brisk, smart, saucy, pe-  
 Pertain, *pér-tā'ne*, *v. n.* to belong  
 Pertinacious, *pér-tí-nā-shyûs*, *a.* obstinate, stubborn, wilful  
 Pertinacity, *pér-tí-nās-ýt-ý*, *a. s.* obstinacy, resolution  
 Pertinent, *pér-tí-něnt*, *a.* fit, apt, to the purpose, apposite  
 Pertingent, *pér-tín'-dzhěnt*, *a.* relating to, touching [smartness, sauciness]  
 Pertness, *pért-něs*, *a.* trifling or low  
 Perturbate, *pér-tûr-bát*, *v. a.* to disturb, to confuse  
 Perturbation, *pér-tûr-bā-shûn*, *s.* disturbance of mind  
 Pervade, *pér-vā'de*, *v. a.* to pass through  
 Pervasion, *pér-vā'-zhûn*, *s.* the act of passing through [born, peevish]  
 Perverse, *pér-věrs'*, *a.* obstinate, stubborn  
 Perverseness, *pér-věrs'-nės*, *s.* quality of being perverse  
 Perversion, *pér-věr'-shûn*, *s.* a perverting or turning to a wrong sense  
 Pervert, *pér-vért'*, *v. a.* to distort from the true end or purpose, to corrupt  
 Pervertible, *pér-vért'-yb'l*, *a.* that may be perverted [fully obstinate]  
 Pervicacious, *pér-vý-kā-shyûs*, *a.* spiteful  
 Pervious, *pér-vyûs*, *a.* admitting passage [false hair, a wig]  
 Peruke, *pér'-ûke*, *s.* a head covering of Perusal, *pér-rú-zál*, *s.* the act of reading over [observe]  
 Peruse, *pér-rûze*, *v. a.* to read over, to  
 Pest, *pěst'*, *s.* a plague, any thing mischievous or destructive  
 Pester, *pěs'-těr*, *v. a.* to disturb, to harass, to encumber  
 Pestiferous, *pěs-týf'-ěr-ús*, *a.* deadly, destructive, infectious  
 Pestilence, *pěs'-tí-lěns*, *s.* plague, a malignant fever  
 Pestilent, *pěs'-tí-lěnt*, *a.* producing plagues, malignant  
 Pestilential, *pěs-tí-lěn'-shāl*, *a.* infectious  
 Pestle, *pěst'l*, *s.* an instrument to break things in a mortar  
 Pet, *pět'*, *s.* a slight passion or anger, a young lamb brought up by hand, a favourite—*v. a.* to spoil by too much fondling  
 Petal, *pět'-āl*, *s.* the leaves of flowers  
 Petalous, *pět'-ālús*, *a.* having petals  
 Petechial, *pě-tě'-shyāl*, *a.* pestilentially spotted  
 Petition, *pě-tísh'-ûn*, *s.* a request, entreaty, prayer—*v. a.* to solicit, to supplicate  
 Petitionary, *pě-tísh'-ôn-ár-ý*, *a.* containing petition or request  
 Petre, *pě-těr*, *s.* nitre, salt-petre  
 Petrescent, *pě-trěs'-sěnt*, *a.* growing or becoming stone, hardening  
 Petrification, *pět-rý-fāk'-shûn*, *s.* the act of turning to stone  
 Petrifactive, *pět-rý-fāk'-tív*, or Petrific, *pě tríf'-ík*, *a.* having power, to change to stone  
 Petrify, *pět'-rý fy*, *v. a. and n.* to change to stone, to become stone  
 Petronel, *pět'-rō-něl*, *s.* a pistol or small gun [lower vestment]  
 Petticoat, *pět'-tý-kōte*, *s.* a woman's  
 Pettifogger, *pět'-tý-fōg-gér*, *s.* a petty, small-rate lawyer [mean]  
 Pettyfogging, *pět'-tý-fōg-gíng*, *a.* low,  
 Pettish, *pět'-týsh*, *a.* fretful, peevish  
 Pettitoes, *pět'-tý-tōze*, *s.* the feet of a sucking pig [privacy]  
 Petto, *pět'-tō*, *s.* the breast *figuratively*  
 Petty, *pět'-tý*, *a.* small, inconsiderable, little [peevish, perverse]  
 Petulant, *pět'-û-lánt*, *a.* saucy, wanton  
 Few, *pû'*, *s.* a seat inclosed in a church  
 Pewet, *pě-wět*, *s.* a sort of wild fowl  
 Pewter, *pû-těr*, *s.* a sort of compound metal [in nature]  
 Phenomena, *fě-nōm'-ý nā*, *s.* appearances  
 Phenomenon, *fě nōm'-ý nōn*, *s.* an appearance in nature [riaze]  
 Phaeton, *fā'-ē-tón*, *s.* a high open car-  
 Phalanx, *fā'-lāngks*, *s.* a troop of men closely embodied, the division of the fingers  
 Phantasm, *fān'-tāzm*, *s.* vain imagination  
 Phantom, *fān'-tóm*, *s.* a spectre, a fancied vision [religious]  
 Pharisaical, *fār-ý-sā'-ík-āl*, *a.* externally



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chïne, fîeld, shîrt. —

- Pharisee, făr'-y-sê, *s.* a noted searist of the Jews
- Pharmaceutic, făr-mă-sû'-tÿk, *a.* relating to the knowledge or art of pharmacy [the knowledge of drugs]
- Pharmacology, făr-mă-kôl'-ô-dzhÿ, *s.*
- Pharmacopœia, făr-mă-kô-pê'-yă, *s.* a dispensatory [an apothecary]
- Pharmacoplist, făr-mă-kôp'-ô-list, *s.*
- Pharmacy, făr-mă-sÿ, *s.* the act of preparing medicines, the trade of an apothecary [tower]
- Pharos, făr-rós, *s.* a light-house, a watch
- Phasis, făr-sis, *s.* in the plural Phases, făr-séz, appearance of the moon, &c.
- Pheasant, fêz'-ent, *s.* a kind of wild cock or hen
- Phenix, fê'-nÿks, *s.* a bird supposed to exist single, and to rise again from its own ashes
- Phenomenon, fê-nôm'-ê-nón, *s.* an extraordinary appearance in the works of nature
- Phial, fî'-ăl, *s.* a small bottle
- Philanthropy, fîl-ăn'-thrô-pÿ, *s.* love of mankind [clamoration]
- Philippic, fîl-ÿp'-pÿk, *s.* an invective, de-
- Philologer, fî-lôl'-ô-dzhér, *s.* a grammarian, a critic [cal, grammatical]
- Philological, fî-lô-lôdzh'-ÿk-ăl, *a.* critical
- Philology, fî-lôl'-ô-dzhÿ, *s.* criticism, grammatical learning
- Philomel, fîl'-ô-mêl, or Philomela, fîl-ô-mê'-lă, *s.* the nightingale
- Philosophaster, fîl-ôs-ô-făs-tér, *s.* a smatterer in philosophy
- Philosopher, fîl-ôs-ô-fér, *s.* a man deep in knowledge either moral or natural
- Philosophers-stone, fîl-ôs-ô-férz-stô'ne, *s.* a stone dreamed of by alchemists, which, it is pretended, by its touch turns metal into gold
- Philosophic, fîl-ô-sôf'-ÿk, *a.* belonging to philosophy, rational, wise
- Philosophize, fîl-ôs-ô-fize, *v. a.* to reason like a philosopher
- Philosophy, fîl-ôs-ô-fÿ, *s.* knowledge natural or moral, hypothesis to explain natural effects
- Philter, fîl'-tér, *s.* something to cause love, to separate earth from water, &c.
- Phiz, fÿz, *s.* the face, the countenance
- Phlebotomize, flê-bôt'-ô-mîze, *v. a.* to let blood
- Phlebotomy, flê bôt'-ô-mÿ, *s.* the art or practice of blood-letting
- Phlegm, flém', *s.* a watery humour of the body
- Phlegmatic, flê'-mă-tÿk, *a.* abounding in phlegm, frigid, dull
- Phlegmon, flêg'-món, *s.* a tumour, an inflammation [bleed with]
- Phleme, flê'me, *s.* an instrument to
- Phlogisticate, flô-dzhÿs'-tÿ-kâte, *v. a.* to impregnate with phlogiston
- Phlogistic, flô-dzhÿs'-tÿk, *a.* inflammable
- Phlogiston, flô-dzhÿs'-tón, *s.* a chymical liquor extremely inflammable
- Phonics, fôn'-ÿks, *s.* doctrine of sounds
- Phenocamptic, fôn-ô-kămp'-tÿk, *a.* having the power to inflect and alter sound
- Phosphorus, fôs'-fô-ris, *s.* the morning star, a chymical substance which exposed to the air takes fire
- Phrase, fră'ze, *s.* an idiom or mode or speech, expression—*v. a.* to style, to call, to term
- Phraseology, frăz-ôl'-ô-dzhÿ, *s.* style, diction, phrase book
- Phrenetic, frê-nê't'-ÿk, *a.* mad, frantic
- Phrensy, frên'-zÿ, *s.* madness, franticness
- Phthisic, tÿz'-ÿk, or Phthisis, fthÿ'-sÿs, *s.* a consumption of the body [ease]
- Phthisical, tÿz'-ÿk-ăl, *a.* wasting by dis-
- Phylactery, fÿl-ăk'-tér-ÿ, *s.* a bandage or scroll with some memorable sentence inscribed on it
- Physic, fÿz'-ÿk, *s.* the science of healing, medicine—*v. a.* to purge
- Physical, fÿz'-ÿk-ăl, *a.* relating to nature, not moral, medicinal
- Physician, fÿz-ÿsh'-ăn, *s.* one who professes the art of healing
- Physicotheology, fÿz-ÿ-kô-thê-ôl'-ô-dzhÿ, *s.* divinity illustrated by natural philosophy
- Physics, fÿz'-ÿks, *s.* natural philosophy
- Physiognomy, fÿz-ÿ-ôg'-nô mÿ, *s.* the face, the cast of the look, the art of judging by the features of the face
- Physiological, fÿz-ÿ-lô-lôdzh'-ÿk-ăl, *a.* relating to physiology
- Physiology, fÿz-ÿ-lôl'-ô-dzhÿ, *s.* the doctrine of nature, natural philosophy
- Piacular, pi-ăk'-û-lăr, or Piaculous, pi-ăk'-û-lús, *a.* expiatory, that requires expiation, criminal
- Pia-mater, pi-ă-mă'-tér, *s.* a thin membrane covering the brain
- Pianet, pi-ă-nê't, *s.* a magpie, a species of the woodpecker

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, thus, rýe—hick.

Pianoforte, pî-ân ô-fô'r-tâ, *s.* a musical instrument [lue about 5s.

Piaster, pi-â's tér, *s.* a foreign coin va-

Piazza, pi-â'z' zâ, *s.* a walk under a roof supported by pillars

Pica, pî-kâ, *s.* a kind of printing letter

Picaroon, pîk-â-rô'ne, *s.* a robber, a plunderer

Pick, pîk', *v. a.* to cull, to choose, to gather, to pierce, to peck, to open—*v. n.* to eat slowly or little—*s.* a sharp-pointed iron tool

Pickapack, pîk'-â-pâk, *ad.* in manner of a pack [point

Pickaxe, pîk'-âks, *s.* an axe with a sharp

Pickback, pîk'-bâk, *a.* on the back

Picked, pîk'-êd, *a.* sharp, smart

Pickerel, pîk'-er-él, *s.* a small pike

Pickle, pîk'l, *s.* a salt liquor, thing pickled, *state—v. a.* to preserve in pickle [andrew

Pickleherring, pîk'l-hër-rîng, *s.* a merry

Picklock, pîk'-lôk, *s.* a tool to pick locks with, a person who picks locks

Pickpocket, pîk'-pôk-êt, *s.* a thief who steals out of a pocket

Pickthank, pîk'-thângk, *s.* an over officious fellow, a tale-bearer

Picktooth, pîk' tôth, *s.* an instrument to clean teeth

Piet, pîk't, *s.* a painted person

Pictorial, pîk-tô-ryâl, *a.* produced by a painter

Picture, pîk'-tûre, *s.* resemblance of persons or things in colours—*v. a.* to paint, to represent

Picturesque, pîk-tû-rêsk', *a.* suited to the pencil [to trifle

Piddle, pîd'l, *v. n.* to feed squeamishly

Pie, pý', *s.* a crust baked with something in it

Piebald, pý'-bâld, *a.* of various colours

Piece, pîse, *s.* a patch, a fragment, a part, a performance, a gun, a coin—*v. a.* to enlarge by adding a piece, to join

Picmeal, pîs-mêle, *ad.* in pieces or fragments—*a.* single, separate

Pied, pîde, *a.* party-coloured, variegated

Piepowder-court, pî-pôw-dér-kôrt, *s.* a court held in fairs for redress of disorders committed therein

Pier, pîre, *s.* the columns on which the arch of a bridge is raised [to effect

Pierce, pýrse, *v. a.* to bore, to penetrate,

Piety, pî-ê-tý, *s.* discharge of duty to God

Pig, pýg', *s.* a young sow or boar, an oblong mass of lead or unforged iron—*v. n.* to farrow, to bring forth pigs

Pigeon, pýdzh'-ôn, *s.* a well-known bird

Pigeon-livered, pýdzh'-ôn-lýv-êrd, *a.* mild, gentle, timid

Piggin, pýg'-gýn, *s.* a small wooden vessel

Pigment, pýg'-mênt, *s.* paint, colours for painting

Pigmy, pýg'-mý, *s.* a dwarf—*a.* small

Pignoration, pýg-nô-râ-shûn, *s.* the act of pledging

Pignut, pýg'-nûit, *s.* an earth nut

Pike, pîke, *s.* a fish of prey, a lance used by soldiers [point

Piked, pîk'-êd, *a.* sharp, ending in a

Pilaster, pîl-â's tér, *s.* a small square column [herring

Pilchard, pýlsh'-ârd, *s.* a fish like a

Pile, pîle, *s.* a piece of wood to make firm a foundation, heap, edifice, hair, nap—*v. a.* to heap or lay upon

Piles, pîlz, *s.* the hæmorrhoids

Pilfer, pîl'-fêr, *v. a.* to steal, to practise petty thefts

Pilfery, pîl'-fêr-ý, *s.* petty theft

Pilgarlic, pîl-gâr-lyk, *s.* a name of ridicule, a poor forlorn wretch

Pilgrim, pîl'-grîm, *s.* one who travels on a religious account

Pilgrimage, pîl'-grîm-êdzh, *s.* a journey on account of devotion [small ball

Pill, pîl', *s.* a medicine made into a

Pillage, pîl'-lêdzh, *s.* plunder

Pillar, pîl'-lâr, *s.* a column, supporter

Pilion, pîl'-yôn, *s.* a pad, a woman's saddle

Pillory, pîl'-lôr-ý, *s.* an instrument of punishment—*v. a.* to punish with the pillory

Pillow, pîl'-lô, *s.* a sort of bag to lay the head on—*v. a.* to rest any thing on a pillow

Pillowbear, pîl'-lô-bêre, *or* Pillowcase, pîl'-lô-kâse, *s.* the cover of a pillow

Pilosity, pî-lôs'-ýt-ý, *s.* hairiness, roughness

Pilot, pî-lôt, *s.* he who steers the ship—*v. a.* to steer, to direct in the course [fice of a pilot

Pilotage, pî-lôt-êdzh, *s.* the pay or of-

Pimento, pî-mên'-tô, *s.* all-spice

Pimp, pîmp', *s.* a procurer, a pander—*v. n.* to pander, to procure

Pimping, pîmp'-ýng, *a.* little, mean, petty

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine field, shŷrt—

- Pimple, pŷmp'l, *s.* a small red pustule on the skin
- Pin, pŷn', *s.* a short pointed wire with a round head, a peg, a bolt—*v. a.* to fasten with pins
- Pincers, pŷn'sérz, *s.* an instrument for drawing nails with
- Pinch, pŷnsh', *v. a.* to squeeze, to gripe, to distress—*v. n.* to bear hard upon, to be frugal—*s.* a painful squeeze, a small quantity contained between the finger and thumb
- Pinchbeck, pŷnsh'-bék, *s.* a compound metal resembling gold
- Pincushion, pŷn'kush-ón, *s.* a stuffed bag to stick pins in
- Pindaric, pŷn-dăr'ík, *a.* in the manner of Pindar, lofty, sublime
- Pine, pŷne, *s.* a tree—*v. n.* to languish—*v. a.* to bemoan in silence
- Pineal, pŷn'yăl, *a.* resembling a pineapple [beasts are confined]
- Pinfold, pŷn'föld, *s.* a place in which
- Pinguid, pŷng'-gwŷd, *a.* fat, unctuous, greasy
- Pinion, pŷn'yón, *s.* the wing of a fowl, fetters for the hands—*v. a.* to bind the wings or elbows to the sides, to shackle
- Pink, pŷngk', *s.* a flower, a colour, a narrow-sterned ship, the minnow—*v. a.* to work in eyelet holes—*v. n.* to wink with the eyes [money]
- Pinmoney, pŷn-món'y, *s.* a wife's pocket
- Pinnacle, pŷn'nēs, *s.* a man of war's boat [spiring point]
- Pinnacle, pŷn'ăk'l, *s.* a turret, a high
- Pinner, pŷn'nér, *s.* part of a head dress
- Pint, pŷnt, *s.* half a quart
- Pioneer, pŷ-ô-nère, *s.* a soldier to clear ways or sink mines
- Pious, pŷ-ús, *a.* devout, godly, religious
- Pip, pŷp', *s.* a disease in fowls, a spot on cards—*v. a.* to chirp as a bird
- Pipe, pŷpe, *s.* a tube, a musical instrument, the key of the voice, a measure of two hogsheads—*v. n.* to play on the pipe, to whine
- Piping, pŷpe-ŷng, *a.* weak, feeble, hot
- Pipkin, pŷp'kŷn, *s.* a small earthen boiler
- Pippin, pŷp'-pŷn, *s.* a small apple
- Piquant, pŷ-kënt, *a.* stimulating, sharp, tart
- Pique, pŷk, *s.* ill-will, petty malice, enmity—*v. a.* to touch with envy, to irritate
- Piquet, pŷ-kět', *s.* a game at cards
- Piquet, pŷk'-ět', *s.* a punishment in which a soldier is made to stand bare foot on a sharp pointed stick—*v. a.* to punish with the piquet
- Piracy, pŷ-ră-sŷ, *s.* robbery at sea
- Pirate, pŷ-rét, *s.* a plagiary, a sea-robber
- Piratical, pŷ-răt'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* predatory, thievish [ing]
- Piscary, pŷs'-kăr-ŷ, *s.* privilege of fish-
- Piscatory, pŷs'-kă-tór-ŷ, *a.* relating to fishes [diac]
- Pisces, pŷs'-sêz, *s.* the fishes in the zo-
- Piscina, pŷs'-i-nă, *s.* a bason-like lavatory near the altar in many old churches [fish pond]
- Piscinal, pŷs'-ŷ-năl, *a.* belonging to a
- Piscivorous, pŷs'-sŷv'-ô-rús, *a.* fish eating, living on fish [clamoration]
- Pish, pŷsh', *interj.* a contemptuous ex-
- Pismire, pŷs'-mŷre, *s.* an ant or emmet
- Piss, pŷs', *v. n.* to make water—*s.* urine
- Pissburnt, pŷs'-bŷrnt, *a.* stained with urine [nut]
- Pistachio, pŷs-tă'-shô, *s.* a fragrant Syrian
- Pistil, pŷs-tŷl, *s.* the female organ of generation in plants
- Pistol, pŷs'-tól, *s.* a small hand gun
- Pistole, pŷs'-tô'le, *s.* a foreign coin of different value in different countries
- Piston, pŷs'-tón, *s.* that part of a pump whereby suction or attraction is caused
- Pit, pŷt', *s.* a hole, an abyss, the grave, an area on which cocks fight—*v. a.* to sink in hollows, to set on an area to fight [pitation]
- Pitapat, pŷt'-ă-păt, *s.* a flutter, a pal-
- Pitch, pŷtsh', *s.* the resin of the pine, height, degree, rate—*v. a.* to fix, to plant, to throw headlong, to cast forward, to smear with pitch—*v. n.* to drop, to fall headlong, to fix choice
- Pitcher, pŷtsh'-ér, *s.* an earthen vessel, an iron bar [husbandry]
- Pitchfork, pŷtsh'-fôrk, *s.* a fork used in
- Pitchy, pŷtsh'-ŷ, *a.* smeared with or like pitch, dark, dismal
- Pitcoal, pŷt'-kôle, *s.* fossile coal
- Piteous, pŷt'-yús, *a.* sorrowful, compassionate, tender, mear
- Pitfall, pŷt'-făl, *s.* a pit dug and covered over
- Pith, pŷth', *s.* the soft part in the midst of the wood, marrow, strength, energy
- Pithy, pŷth'-ŷ, *a.* consisting of pith, strong, energetic

shlôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Pitiful, pît'-ÿ-fûl, *a.* compassionate, melancholy, paltry [a pit  
 Pitman, pît'-mân, *s.* one who works in  
 Pittance, pît'-tens, *s.* an allowance of food, a small portion  
 Pitted, pît'-êd, *part.* sunk in hollows  
 Pituitous, pît-û'-ÿt-ûs, *a.* consisting of phlegm  
 Pity, pît'-ÿ, *s.* sympathy with misery or pain—*v. a.* to compassionate misery [thing turns  
 Pivot, pîv'-ôt, *s.* a pin on which any  
 Pix, pîks', *s.* the box for the consecrated host [be appeased  
 Placable, plâ'-kéb'l, *a.* that which may  
 Placability, plâ-kâ-bÿl'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* willingness or possibility to be appeased  
 Placard, plâ-kâ'rd, or Placart, plâ-kâ'rt, *s.* an edict, a manifesto  
 Place, plâ'se, *s.* a particular portion of space, or space in general, locality, existence, residence, rank, office, room—*v. a.* to put in any place or rank, to fix, to establish  
 Placid, plâ's'-ÿd, *a.* gentle, quiet, mild  
 Placit, plâ's'-ÿt, *s.* decree, determination [petticoat  
 Placket, plâk'-êt, *s.* the open part of a  
 Plagiarism, plâ-dzhÿ'-ÿ-rîzm, *s.* literary theft [rature, a literary theft  
 Plagiarist, plâ-dzhâr'-ÿ, *s.* a thief in literature  
 Plague, plâ'ge, *s.* a pestilence, trouble—*v. a.* to trouble, to tease, to afflict  
 Plaguy, plâ'-gÿ, *a.* vexatious, troublesome [fish  
 Plaice, plâ'se, *s.* a common kind of flat  
 Plaid, plâd, *s.* a variegated cloth, a Scotch dress  
 Plain, plâ'ne, *a.* smooth, level, simple, sincere, evident—*ad.* distinctly, simply, flatly—*s.* level ground, a flat, field of battle—*v. a.* to level, to make even  
 Plaindealing, plâ'ne dè'-lÿng, *a.* acting without art—*s.* management void of art  
 Plainly, plâ'ne-lÿ, *ad.* openly, clearly  
 Plainness, plâ'ne-nès, *s.* sincerity, openness, simplicity, [plaint  
 Plaintiff, plâ'nt, *s.* a lamentation, a complaint  
 Plaintiff, plâ'n-tÿf, *s.* he that commences a suit  
 Plaintive, plâ'n-tÿv, *a.* expressive of sorrow [needle work  
 Plainwork, plâ'ne-wôrk, *v.* common  
 Plait, plâ'te, *s.* a fold, a double—*v. a.* to fold

Plan, plân', *s.* a scheme, a form, a model—*v. a.* to scheme, to design  
 Planché, plânsh't, *a.* made of boards  
 Plancher, plân'-shér, *s.* a board, a plank  
 Planching, plân'-shÿng, *s.* a layer of the floors in a building  
 Plane, plâ'ne, *s.* a level surface, a tool for smoothing boards—*v. a.* to level, to smooth [tall tree  
 Plane-tree, plâ'ne-trê, *s.* a sort of fine  
 Planet, plân'-êt, *s.* a celestial body which moves round and receives light from the sun [the planets  
 Planetary, plân'-ê-târ'-ÿ, *a.* pertaining to  
 Planetstruck, plân'-êt-strûk, *a.* blasted, amazed [tion of plane surfaces  
 Planimetry, plâ'nîm'-ê-trÿ, *s.* mensuration  
 Planisphere, plân'-ÿ-sfêre, *s.* a sphere projecting on a plane  
 Plank, plâ'ngk', *s.* a board—*v. a.* to cover or lay with planks  
 Planoconcave, plâ-nô kôn'-kâve, *a.* flat on one side and concave on the other  
 Planoconvex, plâ-nô kôn'-vêks, *a.* flat on one side and convex on the other  
 Plant, plânt', *s.* any vegetable production—*v. a.* to put into the ground, to set, to place, to settle  
 Plantain, plân' tîn, *s.* an herb, a tree bearing an esculent fruit  
 Plantation, plân-tâ-shÿn, *s.* a place planted, a colony  
 Planted, plân'-têd, *a.* settled, established  
 Planter, plân'-êr, *s.* one who plants and cultivates  
 Plash, plâsh', *s.* a small puddle of water—*v. a.* to dash with water, to interweave branches  
 Plashy, plâsh'-ÿ, *a.* filled with puddles  
 Plasm, plâzm', *s.* a mould a matrix for metals  
 Plaster, plâs'-tér, *s.* lime prepared to cover walls, a salve—*v. a.* to cover with plaster  
 Plasterer, plâs'-tér-ér, *s.* one who overlays walls, &c. with a mortar [form  
 Plastic, plâs'-tÿk, *a.* having power to give  
 Plat, plât', *v. a.* to weave—*s.* a small piece of ground  
 Plate, plâ'te, *s.* wrought metal, a shallow vessel to eat on—*v. a.* to cover or arm with plates  
 Platform, plât'-fôrm, *s.* an horizontal plain, a level [heavier than gold  
 Platina, plât'-ÿ-nâ, *s.* a white metal  
 Platonian, plâ-tôn'-ÿk, *a.* pertaining to the doctrine of Plato, pure



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, shírt. —

Platoon, plā-tō'ne, *s.* a square body of musketeers [wooden dish]

Platter, plăt-tér, *s.* a large earthen or

Plaudit, plā'-dīt, *s.* applause

Plauditory, plā'-dīt-ōr-y, *a.* praising

Plausibility, plā-zŷ-bŷl'ŷt-y, *s.* appearance of right [pleasing, specious]

Plausible, plā'-zŷb'l, *a.* superficially

Plausive, plā'-sŷv, *a.* applauding, plausible

Play, plā', *v. n.* to sport, to toy, to trifle, to game—*v. a.* to put in action or motion, to use an instrument of music, to act or perform—*s.* amusement, sport, a drama, game

Playsonie, plā'-sóm, *a.* sportive, full of levity [logy]

Plea, plé', *s.* a form of pleading, an apo-

Plead, plé'de, *v. n.* to argue before a court of justice—*v. a.* to defend, to discuss [any thing in a court]

Pleader, plé'd-ér, *s.* one who argues

Pleading, plé'd-ŷng, *s.* the act or form of pleading [lively, ludicrous]

Pleasant, pléz'-ent, *a.* delightful, gay,

Pleasantry, pléz'-en-trŷ, *s.* gaiety, merriment, lively talk

Please, plé'ze, *v. a.* to delight, to humour, to content—*v. n.* to give pleasure [tion, choice]

Pleasure, plézh'-úr, *s.* delight, gratifica-

Plebeian, plé-bā'-ŷán, *a.* popular, vulgar

Pledge, plédzh', *s.* a pawn, a surety—*v. a.* to pawn, to invite to drink first

Pledget, plédzh'-ět, *s.* a small mass of lint

Pleiads plā'-ŷáds, *or* Pleiades, plā-yā-déz, *s.* a northern constellation

Plenary, plén'-ér-ŷ, *a.* full, complete

Plenilunary, plén'-ŷ-lū-nár-ŷ, *a.* relating to the full moon

Plenipotent, plē-níp'-ō-těnt, *a.* invested with full power

Plenipotentiary, plén'-ŷ-pō-těnt-shár-ŷ, *s.* a negotiator invested with full powers

Plenist, plé'-nist, *s.* a philosopher who holds all space to be full of matter

Plenitude, plén'-ŷ-túde, *s.* fulness

Plenteous, plén'-tyús, *a.* copious, fertile

Plentiful, plén'-tŷ-fŷl, *a.* abundant, copious

Plenty, plén'-tŷ, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness

Pleonasm, plé'-ō-názsm, *s.* redundancy of words

Plethora, pléth'-ō-rá, *or* Plethory, pléth'-ō-rŷ, *s.* a fullness of habit

Plethoretic, pléth'-ō-rét'-ŷk, *or* Plethoric, plē-thōr'-ŷk, *a.* having a full habit

Plevin, plév'-ŷn, *s.* in law a warrant or assurance [chest]

Pleura, plūrā, *s.* the skin that covers the

Pleurisy, plū'-rŷs-ŷ, *s.* an inflammation of the pleura [pleurisy]

Pleuritic, plūr'-ŷt-ŷk, *a.* diseased with a

Pliable, plī'-éb'l, *or* Pliant, plī'-ent, *a.* flexible, limber, easily persuaded

Pliers, plī'-érz, *s.* a kind of small pincers

Plight, plŷte, *v. a.* to pledge—*s.* condition, good case, pledge [of a pillar]

Plinth, plŷnth, *s.* the lowermost part

Plod, plōd', *v. n.* to toil, to drudge, to study closely and dully

Plot, plōt', *s.* a small extent of ground, conspiracy, intrigue, stratagem, contrivance—*v. n.* to contrive, to plan

Plover, plōv'-ér, *s.* a lapwing

Plough, plōw', *s.* an instrument in husbandry—*v. a.* to turn up the ground with the plough

Ploughland, plōw'-lánd, *s.* as much land as one team could cultivate

Ploughman, plōw'-mán, *s.* one who uses the plough, a strong laborious man

Plough-Monday, plōw'-mŷn-dŷ, *s.* the Monday after Twelfth-day

Ploughshare, plōw'-shäre, *s.* that part of the plough which pierces the ground

Pluck, plŷk', *v. a.* to snatch, to pull, to draw, to strip of feathers—*s.* a pull, the heart with liver and lights

Plug, plŷg', *s.* a stopple—*v. a.* to stop with a plug [the sum of 100,000]

Plum, plŷm', *s.* sort of fruit, dried grapes,

Plumage, plŷ-médzh, *s.* feathers

Plumb, plŷm', *s.* a plummet—*ad.* perpendicular to the horizon—*v. a.* to sound, to regulate by the plummet

Plumber, plŷm'-ér, *s.* one who works upon lead

Plume, plŷme, *s.* a feather, pride, towering mein—*v. a.* to adjust feathers or place as a plume, to make proud, to strip [ing feathers]

Plumigerous, plŷ-mŷdzh'-ér-ús, *a.* hav-

Plummet, plŷm'-mět, *s.* a leaden weight or pencil [ing feathers]

Plumosity, plŷ-mōs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* state of hav-

Plumous, plŷ-mús, *a.* feathery, like feathers

Plump, plŷmp', *a.* sleek, full and smooth—*v. a.* to fatten, to swell—*v. n.* to fall like a stone into the water, to be

swollen—*ad.* with a sudden fall

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thîck.

**Plumper**, plûmp'-ér, *s.* a sudden stroke, what plumps out

**Plumpy**, plûmp'-ý, *a.* plump, fat

**Plumy**, plû-mý, *a.* feathered

**Plunder**, plûn'-dér, *v. a.* to pillage, to rob—*s.* spoils gotten in war or by robbery

**Plunge**, plûndzh', *v. a.* to put suddenly under water—*v. n.* to drive, to fall or rush into hazard or distress—*s.* putting or sinking into water

**Plunket**, plûnk'-ét, *s.* a kind of blue colour [one

**Plural**, plû-rál, *a.* implying more than

**Pluralist**, plû-rál'-íst, *s.* a clergyman who holds more benefices than one

**Plurality**, plû-rál'-y-ty, *s.* a number of two or more

**Plush**, plûsh', *s.* a kind of shaggy cloth

**Pluvial**, plû-vyál, or **Pluvios**, plû-vyús, *a.* rainy, wet

**Ply**, plý' *v. a.* to work closely, to employ with diligence or set on work, to practise diligently, to solicit—*v. n.* to bend—*s.* a bent, a plait [wind

**Pneumatic**, nû-mát'-ík, *a.* relating to **Pneumatics**, nû-mát'-iks, *s.* the doctrine of the air

**Pneumatology**, nû-má-tôl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* the doctrine of spiritual existence

**Pneumonic**, nû-môn'-ík, *a.* belonging to or good for the lungs—*s.* a medicine for the lungs

**Poach**, pôtsh, *v. a.* to boil slightly, to steal game

**Poacher**, pôtsh'-ér, *s.* one who takes game secretly and unlawfully

**Pock**, pòk', *s.* a pustule of the small-pox

**Pocket**, pòk'-ét, *s.* a small bag inserted into clothes—*v. a.* to put into the pocket

**Pocky**, pòk'ý, *a.* infected with the pox

**Poculent**, pòk'-ù-lént, *a.* fit for drink, drinkable

**Pod**, pòd', *s.* the case of seeds

**Podagrical**, pò-dág'-rý-kál, *a.* gouty, relating to the gout [cod

**Podder**, pòd' dér, *s.* a gatherer of pease-

**Podge**, pòdzn', *s.* a puddle, a splash, a watery place

**Poem**, pò-ém, *s.* a composition in verse

**Poesy**, pò-é-sý, *s.* the art of writing poems

**Poet**, pò-ét, *s.* a writer of poems

**Poetaster**, pò-ét-ás'-tér, *s.* a vile petty poet

**Poetess**, pò-é-tès, *s.* a female poet

**Poetic**, pò-ét'-ík, *a.* expressed in poetry, pertaining to poetry [p. et

**Poetize**, pò-ét'-ize, *v. n.* to write like a

**Poetry**, pò-ét'-ry, *s.* metrical composition, poems [satirical

**Poignant**, pò'n-ènt, *a.* sharp, keen,

**Point**, pò'nt, *s.* a sharp end, sting of an epigram, indivisible part of time or space, nicety, a dot, the stop (.), aim, single position, single part of a question—*v. a.* to shape, to direct—*v. n.* to note with the finger, to show, to distinguish by dots or stops

**Pointed**, pò'nt-éd, *a.* sharp, keen

**Poise**, pò'z, *a.* balance, regulating power—*v. a.* to balance, to weigh

**Poison**, pò'z'n, *s.* what destroys life, venom—*v. a.* to infect with poison to corrupt [tain.ing

**Poisonous**, pò'z'n-ús, *a.* venomous

**Poke**, pò'ke, *s.* a pocket, a small bag—*v. a.* to feel in the dark, to search out [stirring the fire

**Poker**, pò'k-ér, *s.* an instrument for

**Polar**, pò-lár, *a.* pertaining to the pole

**Polarity**, pò-lár'-y-ty, *s.* tendency to the pole

**Polary**, pò-lár'-ý, *a.* tending to the pole

**Pole**, pò'le, *s.* either extremity of the axis of the earth, a long staff or piece of timber erected, a measure of five yards and a half—*v. a.* to furnish with poles [animal

**Polecat**, pò'le-kát, *s.* a kind of stinking

**Poledavey**, pò'le-dā vý, *s.* a kind of coarse cloth or canvas

**Polemic**, pò-lém'-ík, *a.* controversial, disputative—*s.* a disputant, a controversialist

**Polestar**, pò'le-stár, *s.* a star near the pole, a guide or director

**Police**, pò-lís, *s.* the regulation and government of a city or country

**Policy**, pòl'-ýs-ý, *s.* art of government, prudence

**Polish**, pòl'-ish, *v. a.* to smooth, to gloss—*v. n.* to receive a gloss—*s.* artificial gloss, elegance of manners

**Polite**, pò-líte, *a.* glossy, elegant of manners, genteel [a ai s, cunning

**Politic**, pòl'-ý-ík, *a.* prudent, versed in

**Politician**, pòl'-y-tish'-án, *s.* one skilled in politics [government

**Politics**, pòl'-y-tiks, *s.* the science of

**Politure**, pòl'-y-tûre, *s.* the gloss given by polishing [civil constitution

**Polky**, pòl'-y-ty, *s.* form of government,

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dësist, mē, hér—chün, chine, field, shírt—

Poll, pō'le, *s.* the head, list of voters, register of heads—*v. n.* to lop the top of trees, to cut off hair, to clip short, to take a list or register of voters, to vote [bran

Pollard, pōl'-lárd, *s.* a tree lopped, fine  
Pollute, pōl-lū'te, *v. a.* to defile, to corrupt

Polluted, pōl-lū't-éd, *a.* defiled  
Pollution, pōl-lū'-shün, *s.* a defiling or being defiled

Poltroon, pōl-trō'ne, *s.* a coward  
Polyacoustic, pō-lý-á-kō's-tík, *s.* what multiplies sounds

Polyanthos, pō-lý-án'-thós, *s.* a sort of plant bearing many flowers

Polyedron, pō-lý-é-drón, *s.* a solid having many sides [of wives

Polygamy, pō-lý-g-á-mý, *s.* a plurality  
Polyglot, pōl'-ý-glót, *a.* having many languages [angles

Polygon, pōl'-ý-gón, *s.* a figure of many  
Polygonal, pō-lý-g-ō-nál, *a.* having many angles

Polygraphy, pō-lý-g'-ráf-ý, *s.* the art of writing in several manners or cyphers  
Poly-pody, pō-lýp'-ō-dý, *s.* a species of moss [with many feet

Polypus, pōl'-ý-pús, *s.* a sea animal  
Polysyllabical, pōl'-ý-sýl-láb'-i-kál, *a.* having many syllables, pertaining to a polysyllable

Polysyllable, pōl'-ý-sýl-léb'l, *s.* a word of more than three syllables

Polytheism, pōl'-ý-thē-izm, *s.* the doctrine of plurality of gods

Pomace, póm'-ás, *s.* the refuse of the apple after the cider is pressed out

Pomaceous, pō-má'-shús, *a.* consisting of apples [ment

Pomade, pō-má'de, *s.* a fragment oint-

Pomatum, pō' mā túm, *s.* a sort of ointment

Pomegranate, póm-grán'-ét, *s.* a tree and its fruit [apple

Pomeroy, póm'-rōý, *s.* a large kind of  
Pomiferous, pō-mýf'-ér-ús, *a.* bearing apples

Pommel, póm'-mél, *s.* a knob on a sword or saddle—*v. a.* to bruise, to beat black and blue

Pomp, pōmp', *s.* splendour, pride  
Pompion, póm'-pyón, *s.* a pumpkin

Pomposity, póm-pōs'-it-ý, *s.* affectation  
Pompous, póm'-pús, *a.* magnificent, showy, ostentatious [water

Pond, pōnd', *s.* a small pool or lake of

Ponder, pōn'-dér, *v. a.* to weigh mentally, to consider, to muse

Ponderal, pōn'-dér-ál, *a.* estimated by weight

Ponderosity, pōn-dér-ōs'-i tý, *s.* weight, gravity [portant, forcible

Ponderous, pōn-dér-ús, *a.* weighty, im-

Poniard, pōn'-yárd, *s.* a small pointed dagger—*v. a.* to stab with a poniard

Pontack, pōn'-ták, *s.* the best sort of claret [tion of bridges

Pontage, pōn'-tédzh, *s.* duty for epara-

Pontiff, pōn'-tíf, *s.* a high priest, the Pope  
Pontifical, pōn'-tíf'-i-kál, *a.* belonging to a pontiff—*s.* a book of ecclesiastical rites and ceremonies

Pontificate, pōn-tíf'-i-két, *s.* papacy, the popedom

Ponton, pōn-tō'ne, *s.* a floating bridge  
Pony, pō'-ny, *s.* a small horse

Pool, pō'le, *s.* a lake of standing water  
Poop, pō'pe, *s.* the hindmost part of the ship [dejected

Poor, pō're, *a.* indigent. paltry, mean,  
Poorspirited, pō'r-spír'-ít-éd, *a.* mean, cowardly

Pop, pōp', *s.* a small smart sound—*v. n.* to move or enter quickly or slily—*v. a.* to put out or in suddenly or slily [fish

Pope, pō'pe, *s.* the bishop of Rome, a  
Popedom, pō'pe-dóm, *s.* jurisdiction of the Pope

Popery, pō-pér'-ý, *s.* the popish religion  
Popeseye, pō'ps-é, *s.* a gland in the middle of the thigh

Popgun, pōp'-gún, *s.* a child's gun  
Popinjay, pōp'-ín-dzhā, *s.* a parrot, a woodpecker, a trifling fop

Popish, pō'-pish, *a.* taught by the Pope, Romish

Poplar, pōp'-lár, *s.* a sort of tree  
Poppy, pōp'-pý, *s.* a sort of plant

Populace, pōp'-ù-lás, *s.* the common people, the multitude

Popular, pōp'-ù-lár, *a.* vulgar, pleasing to the people [of the people

Popularity, pōp-ù-lár'-ít-ý, *s.* the favour  
Populate, pōp'-ù-lâte, *v. n.* to breed people

Population, pōp-ù-lá'-shün, *s.* the number of people [well inhabited

Populous, pōp'-ù-lús, *a.* full of people,  
Porcelain, pōr'-sél-én, *s.* china ware

Porch, pōrtsh, *s.* an entrance with a roof, a portico [large hedge hog

Porcupine, pōr'-kù-pine, *s.* a kind of

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Pore, pō're, *s.* passage of perspiration—  
*v. n.* to look with great intensesness  
and care

Pork, pōrk, *s.* swine's flesh

Porker, pōrk-ēr, *s.* a hog, a pig

Porket, pōrk-ēt, or Porkling, pōrk-līng,  
*s.* a young pig [ing pores]

Porosity, pō-rōs'-y-tŷ, *s.* quality of hav-

Porous, pō'-rūs, *a.* having pores, full of  
pores [marble]

Porphyry, pō'r-fir-ŷ, *s.* a kind of fine

Porpoise, or Porpus, pō'r-pūs, *s.* a sea-  
hog

Porridge, pō'r-rīdzh, *s.* broth

Porringer, pō'r-rīn-dzl-ēr, *s.* a vessel for  
spoonmeat

Port, pōrt, *s.* a harbour, aperture at  
which the gun is put out, air, mein,  
a sort of Portugal wine

Portable, pōrt-éb'l, *a.* that may be car-  
ried, supportable

Portage, pōrt-ēdzh, *s.* price of carriage,  
a porthole [which the gate opens]

Portal, pōr-tāl, *s.* a gate, the arch under

Portance, pōr-tēns, *s.* air, mein, de-  
meanor [bridge]

Portcullis, pōrt-kūl'-līs, *s.* a sort of draw-

Ported pōr-tēd, *a.* born in a regula-  
order [foretoken]

Portend, pōr-tēnd', *v. a.* to forebode, to

Portension, pōr-tēn'-shūn, *s.* the act of  
foretokening [tokening of ill]

Portent, pōr-tēnt, *s.* omen or fore-

Portentious, pōr-tēn'-tūs, *a.* monstrous,  
ominous

Porter, pōr-tér, *s.* one that has the  
charge of a gate or waits at the door  
to receive messages, a carrier, a kind  
of strong beer [a porter]

Porterage, pōr-tér-ēdzh, *s.* the hire of

Portfire, pōrt-firē, *s.* a kind of fire or  
match for discharging cannon

Porthole, pōrt hōle, *s.* a hole to point  
cannon through [piazza]

Portico, pōr-tī-kō, *s.* a covered walk, a

Portion, pōr-shūn, *s.* part, allotment—  
*v. a.* to parcel, to endow with a for-  
tune

Portly, pōrt-lŷ, *a.* grand of mein, bulky

Portmanteau, pōrt-mān'-tō, *s.* a bag for  
carrying clothes [from life]

Portrait, pōr-trāte, *s.* a picture drawn

Portray, pōr-trā', *v. a.* to paint, to adorn

Pory, pō-rŷ, *a.* full of pores

Pose, pō'ze, *v. a.* to puzzle by questions,  
to examine

Posited, pōz'-it-ēd, *a.* placed, ranged

Position, pō-zīsh'-ūn, *s.* a situation,  
principle laid down [position]

Positional, pō-zīsh'-ōn-āl, *a.* respecting

Positive, pōz'-it-iv, *a.* real, absolute,  
peremptory [large body]

Posse, pōs'-sē, *s.* an armed power, a

Possess, pōz zēs', *v. a.* to be master of,  
to enjoy, to obtain

Possession, pōz-zēs'-ōn, *s.* a having in  
one's own power, property

Possessive, pōz-zēs'-iv, or Possessory,  
pōz'-zēs-sōr-ŷ, *a.* having possession

Possessor, pōz-zēs'-ōr, *s.* a proprietor,  
an owner [wine, &c.]

Posset, pōs'-sēt, *s.* milk curdled with

Possibility, pōs-sī-bīl'-it-ŷ, *s.* the power  
of being or doing

Possible, pōs'-sīb'l, *a.* having the power  
to be or to do, not absurd

Post, pōst, *s.* a nasty messenger, a  
quick manner of travelling, situa-  
tion, military station, employment, a  
piece of timber—*v. n.* to travel with  
speed—*v. a.* to fix opprobriously on  
posts, to station, to register metho-  
dically [letters]

Postage, pōst-ēdzh, *s.* money paid for

Postboy, pōst-bōŷ, *s.* boy that carries  
letters [carriage]

Postchaise, pōst-shā'ze, *s.* a light body

Postdate, pōst-dā'te, *v. a.* to date later  
than the real time

Posterior, pōs-tē-ryōr, *a.* happening af-  
ter, placed after, backward

Posteriority, pōs-tē-ryōr'-it-ŷ, *a.* state  
of being after [parts, the breech]

Posteriors, pōs-tē-ryōrz, *s.* the hinder

Posterity, pōs-tér'-it-ŷ, *s.* succeeding  
generations [the door]

Postern, pōs-térn, *s.* a small gate, a lit-

Posthaste, pōst-hā'ste, *ad.* very fast or  
quick [in letters]

Posthouse, pōst-hōūs, *s.* a house to take

Posthumous, pōst'-hū-mūs, *a.* done, had,  
or published after one's death

Postillion, pōs-tīl'-yón, *s.* one who rides  
the first horse in a carriage

Postmaster, pōst-mās-tér, *s.* one who  
has charge of a post-office

Postmeridian, pōst-mē-rīd'-yān, *a.* be-  
ing in the afternoon

Postoffice, pōst-ōf'-fīs, *s.* a posthouse,  
a place for letters

Postpone, pōst-pō'ne, *v. a.* to put off, to  
delay, to undervalue

Postscript, pōst-skript, *s.* a paragraph  
added to the end of a letter



*Sounds.*—năt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shīrt—

Postulate, pōs'-tū lāte, *v. a.* to beg or assume without proof

Postulate, pōs'-tū-lēt, *s.* a position without roof

Postulation, pōs-tū-lā-shŷn, *s.* a supposing without proof

Postulatory, pōs'-tū lā-tōr-ŷ, *a.* assuming or assumed without proof

Posture, pōs-tūre, *s.* position, state, disposition [nosegay

Posy, pōz'ŷ, *s.* a motto on a ring, a

Pot, pōt, *s.* a vessel for boiling or holding liquids—*v. a.* to preserve or season in pots

Potable, pō-téb'l, or Potulent, pōt'-ū-lēnt, *a.* fit to drink [pickle

Potargo, pōt-ār-gō, *s.* a West Indian

Potash, pōt-āsh, *s.* ashes made from vegetables [a draught

Potation, pō tā-shŷn, *s.* a drinking-bout,

Potato, pō-tā-tō, *s.* an esculent root

Potbelly, pōt'-bēl-lŷ, *s.* a swelling paunch

Potch, pōt'ish, *n. a.* to thrust. to brush, to boil slightly [fellow drinker

Potcompanion, pōt'-kóm-pān'-yón, *s.* a

Potent, pōt'ēt, *a.* powerful, efficacious, mighty [prince

Potentate, pō-tēn-tēt, *s.* a monarch, a

Potential, pō-tén-shāl, *a.* existing in possibility, not in act, efficacious

Pothanger, pōt-hāng-ér, *s.* a hook to hang pots on

Pothecary, pōth'-ē-kār-ŷ, *s.* apothecary

Pother, pōth'ér, *s.* a bustle, a tumult—*v. n.* to make a blustering ineffectual effort—*v. a.* to turmoil, to puzzle

Potion, pō-shŷn, *s.* a draught

Potsherd, pōt'-shērd, *s.* fragment of a broken pot

Pottage, pōt'-tēdz, *s.* any thing boiled or decocted for food

Pottery, pōt'-tér-ŷ, *s.* the work, &c. of a potter, the place where earthen ware is made

Pottle, pōtl, *s.* a measure of four pints

Potvaliant, pōt'-vāl-yēnt, *a.* made courageous with drink

Pouch, pōūtsh, *s.* a small bag, a pocket, the paunch

Poverty, pōv'-ér tŷ, *s.* indigence, necessity, meanness

Poult, pōlt, *s.* a young chicken

Poulterer, pōl'-tér-ér, *s.* one who sells fowls ready picked

Poultice, pōl'-tīs, *s.* a mollifying application—*v. a.* to apply a poultice

Poultry, pōl'-trŷ, *s.* domestic fowls

Pounce, pōū'ns, *s.* the talon of a bird of prey, gum sandarach powder

Pouncebox, pōū'ns-bōks, *s.* a small box for pounce

Pound, pōū'nd, *s.* a weight of 12 ounces in Troy and 16 in Avoirdupois, 20 shillings, a pinfold—*v. a.* to beat with a pestle, to shut up

Poundage, pōū'nd-ēdz, *s.* an allowance of so much in the pound, payment rated by the weight of the commodity

Pounder, pōū'nd-ér, *s.* a pestle, a gun that carries a bullet of some pounds weight

Pour, pō're, *v. a.* to empty liquids out of any vessel—*v. n.* to flow rapidly, to rush tumultuously

Pout, pōūt, *s.* a kind of bird or fish—*v. n.* to look sullen, to frown

Powder, pōw'-dér, *s.* dust, gunpowder, dust for the hair—*v. a.* to reduce to dust, to sprinkle with dust

Powdering-tub, pōw'-dér-ŷng-tüb, *s.* a vessel for salting meat

Powdery, pōw'-dér-ŷ, *s.* dusty, friable

Power, pōw'-ér, *s.* might, authority, influence, ability, strength, force, military force

Powerful, pōw'-ér-fŷl, *a.* having power, strength, or authority [ease

Pox, pōks', *s.* pustules, the venereal disease—*Practicable*, prāk'-tī-kéb'l, *a.* that may be performed, feasible, assailable

Practical, prāk'-tī-kāl, *a.* relating to action, not merely theoretical

Practice, prāk'-tīs, *s.* habit, use, actual performance, method, art

Practise, prāk'-tīs, *v. a.* to do habitually, to exercise—*v. n.* to have a habit of acting, to exercise any profession

Practitioner, prāk'-tīsh'-ón-ér, *s.* one engaged in any art

Præcognita, prē-kōg-nŷ-tā, *s.* things previously known [impertinent

Pragmatic, präg-măt'-ik, *a.* meddling,

Praise, prāze, *s.* renown, laud, commendation—*v. a.* to commend, to applaud to glorify in worship

Prame, prā'mē, *s.* a flat-bottomed boat

Prance, prā'ns, *v. n.* to spring or bound

Prank, prāngk', *s.* a frolic, a wild flight, a wicked act

Prate, prā'tē, *v. n.* to talk idly, to chatter—*s.* tattle, unmeaning loquacity

Prattle, prāt'l, *v. n.* to talk lightly, to chatter—*s.* trifling, talk

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Pravity, prāv'-yt-ŷ, *s.* corruption, malignity [larger]

Prawn, prā'n, *s.* a fish like a shrimp but  
Pray, prā', *v. n.* to make petitions, to ask submissively—*v. a.* to supplicate, to implore [treaty]

Prayer, prā're, *s.* petition to heaven, entreaty  
Preach, prētsh, *v. n.* to deliver a public discourse upon sacred subjects—*v. a.* to harangue tediously

Preacher, prētsh'-ér, *s.* one who inculcates earnestly

Preamble, prē-ām'b'l, *s.* an introduction

Preambulary, prē-ām'-bû-lār-ŷ, or Preambulous, prē-ām'-bû-lûs, *a.* previous

Preapprehension, prē-āp-prē-hēn"-shûn, *s.* opinion formed before examination

Prebend, prēb'-ēnd, *s.* a stipend in cathedral churches, a prebendary

Prebendal, prēb'-ēn-dāl, *a.* belong to a prebend [diary of a cathedral]

Prebendary, prēb'-ēn-dār-ŷ, *s.* a stipendary  
Precarious, prē-kā'-ryûs, *a.* dependant, uncertain

Precaution, prē-kā'-shûn, *s.* preventive measures—*v. a.* to warn before hand

Precedaneous, prē-sē-dā'-nyûs, *a.* previous, antecedent [rank or time]

Precede, prē-sē'de, *v. a.* to go before in precedence, prē-cē-dēns, *s.* priority, going before in ceremony [before]

Precedent, prē-sē-dēnt, *a.* former, going  
Precedent, prēs'-ē-dēnt, *s.* example, thing done before of the same kind

Precentor, prē-sēn-tôr, *s.* he that leads the choir [rule, a mandate]

Precept, prē-sēpt, *s.* an authoritative  
Preceptive, prē-sēp'-tīv, *a.* containing or giving precepts [tutor]

Preceptor, prē-sēp'-tôr, *s.* a teacher, a  
Precession, prē-sēsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of going before

Precinct, prē-sīngkt, *s.* an outward limit, a boundary [worth]

Precious, prēsh'-ûs, *a.* valuable, of great  
Precipice, prēs'-āp-ŷs, *s.* a perpendicular declivity [headlong, hasty, rash]

Precipitant, prē-sīp'-ŷ-tēnt, *a.* falling  
Precipitate, prē-sīp'-ŷ-tāte, *v. a.* to throw headlong, to hurry—*v. n.* to fall headlong, to hasten

Precipitate, prē-sīp'-ŷ-tēt, *a.* headlong, hasty, violent—*s.* a corrosive mercurial medicine [blind haste]

Precipitation, prē-sīp'-ŷ-tā'-shûn, *s.* hurry,  
Precipitous, prē-sīp'-ŷ-tûs, *a.* headlong, steep, hasty

Precise, prē-sī'ze, *a.* formal, exact, nice, finical [tion, nicety]

Precision, prē-sīzh'-ûn, *s.* exact [limita-  
Precisive, prē-sī'siv, *a.* exactly limiting

Preclude, prē-klû'de, *v. a.* to shut out or hinder by anticipation

Precogitate, prē-kôdzh-ŷ-tāte, *v. a.* to consider beforehand

Precogitation, prē-kôdzh-ŷ-tā'-shûn, *s.* previous consideration

Precognition, prē-kôg-nīsh'-ŷn, *s.* previous knowledge

Preconceit, prē-kôn-sé'te, *s.* opinion previously formed

Preconceive, prē-kôn-sī've, *v. a.* to form an opinion beforehand

Preconception, prē-kôn-sēp'-shûn, *s.* a previous opinion [over beforehand]

Preconsign, prē-kôn-sī'ne, *v. a.* to make  
Precontract, prē-kôn'-trākt, *s.* a previous contract [contract beforehand]

Precontract, prē-kôn'-trākt, *v. a.* to  
Precure, prē-kûrs', *s.* a forerunning

Precursive, prē-kûr'-siv, *a.* forerunning  
Precursor, prē-kûr'-sôr, *s.* a forerunner, a harbinger [prey]

Predacious, prē-dā'-shûs, *a.* living by  
Predal, prē-dāl, *a.* practising plunder, robbing [ravenous]

Predatory, prēd'-ā-tôr-ŷ, *a.* plundering,  
Predecessor, prēd'-ē-sēs'-sôr, *s.* one going before, an ancestor

Predestinarian, prē-dēs-tī-nā'-ryân, *s.* one that holds the doctrine of predestination

Predestinate, prē-dēs-tī-nāte, *v. a.* to decree irreversibly beforehand

Predestination, prē-dēs-tī-nā'-shûn, *s.* preordination [beforehand]

Predestine, prē-dēs-tīn, *v. a.* to decree  
Predetermination, prē-dē-tēr'-mī-nā'-shûn, *s.* previous resolution

Predetermine, prē-dē-tēr-mīn, *v. a.* to doom by previous decree

Predial, prē-dyāl, *a.* consisting of farms  
Predicament, prēd'ŷk'-ā-mēnt, *s.* a class, arrangement, kind

Predicamental, prēd'ŷk'-ā-mēn'-tāl, *a.* relating to predicaments

Predicant, prēd'-kēnt, *s.* one that affirms any thing [declare]

Predicate, prēd'-ŷ-kāte, *v. a.* to affirm or  
Predicate, prēd'-ŷ-kēt, *s.* what is affirmed of the subject

Predication, prēd'ŷk'-ā-shûn, *s.* affirmation, declaration

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—  
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Predict, prē dŷkt', *v. a.* to foretell  
 Prediction, prē-dŷk'-shŷn, *s.* a prophecy, a foretelling  
 Predictor, prē-dŷk'-tôr, *s.* a foreteller  
 Predilection, prēd-ŷlĕk'-shŷn, *s.* a prepossession in favour of any thing  
 Predispose, prē-dŷs-pō'ze, *v. a.* to dispose beforehand  
 Predisposition, prē dŷs-pō-zŷsh"-ŷn, *s.* previous adaptation [valent  
 Predominant, prē-dôm'-ŷ-nĕnt, *a.* pre-  
 Predominate, prē-dôm'-ŷ-nâte, *v. n.* to prevail, to be supreme in influence  
 Predoom, prē-dô'mē, *v. a.* to doom before hand [previous decree  
 Pre-elect, prē'-ē-lĕkt", *v. a.* to choose by  
 Pre-eminent, prē'-ēm'-ŷ-nĕnt, *a.* excellent above others  
 Pre-emption, prē'-ĕmp'-shŷn, *s.* right of purchasing before another  
 Pre-engage, prē'-ĕn-gă"dzh, *v. a.* to engage previously  
 Pre-establish, prē'-ĕs-tăb"-lŷsh, *v. a.* to settle beforehand [forehand  
 Pre-exist, prē'-ĕks-ŷst", *n. n.* to exist before  
 Pre-existent, prē'-ĕks-ŷst"-ĕnt, *a.* existent beforehand  
 Preface, prēf'-ăs, *s.* an introduction to a book, &c.—*v. a.* to say something introductory  
 Prefatory, prēf'-ă-tôr-ŷ, *a.* introductory  
 Prefect, prē-fĕkt, *s.* a governor, a commander [government  
 Prefecture, prē-fĕk-tŷre, *s.* the office of  
 Prefer, prē-fēr', *v. a.* to regard more, to advance, to exalt [fore others  
 Preferable, prēf'-ĕr-ĕb'l, *a.* eligible, be-  
 Preference, prēf'-ĕr-ĕns, *s.* estimation above another  
 Preferment, prē-fēr'-mĕnt, *s.* advancement to honour or profit  
 Prefigure, prē fŷg'-ŷ-râte, *v. n.* to show by antecedent representation  
 Prefiguration, prē-fŷg'-ŷ-ră"-shŷn, *s.* antecedent representation  
 Prefigure, prē-fŷg'-ŷre, *v. a.* to prefigure  
 Prefix, prē-fŷks', *v. a.* to appoint beforehand, to settle, to place before  
 Prefix, prē-fŷks, *s.* a particle placed before a word to vary its signification  
 Preform, prē-fŷrm, *v. a.* to form beforehand  
 Pregnancy, prĕg'-nân-sŷ, *s.* fruitfulness, state of being pregnant  
 Pregnant, prĕg'-nĕnt, *a.* breeding, fertile, fruitful

Pregustation, prē'-gŷs-tă'-shŷn, *s.* the act of tasting first [beforehand  
 Prejudge, prē'-dzhŷdz", *v. a.* to judge  
 Prejudicate, prē'-dzhŷŷ-dŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to determine without evidence  
 Prejudicate, prē'-dzhŷŷ-dŷ-kĕt, *a.* formed by prejudice [judging beforehand  
 Prejudication, prē'-dzhŷŷ-dŷ-kă'-shŷn, *s.* a  
 Prejudice, prĕdzh'-ŷ-dŷs, *s.* prepossession, injury—*v. a.* to fill with prejudice, to injure  
 Prejudicial, prĕdzh ŷ dŷsh'-ăl, *a.* hurtful, obstructive, injurious  
 Prelacy, prĕl'-ă-sŷ, *s.* order of bishops  
 Prelate, prĕl'-ĕt, *s.* an ecclesiastic of the highest order and dignity, a bishop  
 Prelatical, prē-lăt'-ŷ-kĕl, *a.* relating to prelates or prelacy  
 Prelature, prĕl'-ă-tŷre, *s.* state or dignity of a prelate [ture  
 Prelection, prē-lĕk'-shŷn, *s.* reading, lecture  
 Preliminary, prē-lŷm'-ŷn-ăr-ŷ, *a.* previous, introductory [ductory  
 Prelude, prĕl'-ŷde, *s.* something introductory  
 Prelude, prē-lŷde, *v. a.* to serve as an introduction [ductory  
 Prelusive, prē-lŷ-sŷv, *a.* previous, introductory  
 Premature, prĕ-mă-tŷre, *a.* ripe too soon, too hasty  
 Prematurity, prĕ-mă-tŷŷ-rŷ-tŷ, *s.* too great haste, unseasonable earliness  
 Premeditate, prĕ-mĕd'-ŷ-tâte, *v. a.* to think beforehand  
 Premeditation, prĕ-mĕd ŷ-tă'-shŷn, *s.* a meditating beforehand  
 Premierit, prĕ-mĕr'-ŷt, *v. a.* to deserve before another [cipal  
 Premier, prĕm'-ŷr, *a.* first, chief, principal  
 Premise, prĕ-mŷze, *v. a.* to explain previously  
 Premises, prĕm'-ŷs-ĕz, *s.* houses or lands  
 Premises, prĕ-mŷz'-ĕz, *s.* antecedent matter  
 Premium, prĕ-myŷm, *s.* something given to invite a loan or a bargain  
 Premonish, prĕ-mŷn'-ŷsh, *v. a.* to admonish beforehand [ous notice  
 Premonition, prĕ-mŷ-nŷsh"-ŷn, *s.* previous  
 Premonitory, prĕ-mŷn'-ŷ-tôr-ŷ, *a.* previously advising [show beforehand  
 Premonstrate, prĕ-mŷn'-strâte, *v. a.* to  
 Premunire, prĕm'-ŷ-nŷ-rĕ, *s.* a writ, a penalty  
 Premunition, prĕ-mŷ-nŷsh"-ŷn, *s.* anticipation of objection  
 Prenominate, prĕ-nŷm'-ŷn-âte, *v. a.* to forename

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Prenomination, prē-nōm-ŷn-ǎ"-shūn, *s.* a naming first [ledge]

Prenotation, prē-nō'-shūn, *s.* foreknow-

Prentice, prēn'-tīs, *s.* one bound to a master for instruction

Prenunciation, prē-nūn-shyǎ'-shūn, *s.* act of telling before

Preoccupancy, prē-ōk'-kū-pǎn-cý, *s.* a taking possession before another

Preoccupate, prē-ōk'-kū-pāte, *v. a.* to anticipate, to prepossess

Preoccupation, prē-ōk'-kū-pǎ'-shūn, *s.* anticipation, prepossession

Preoccupy, prē-ōk'-kū-pý, *v. a.* to prepossess, to occupy by anticipation

Preopinion, prē-ō-pīn'-yón, *s.* opinion antecedently formed

Preordain, prē-ōr-dǎ'-ne, *v. a.* to ordain beforehand [dent decree]

Preordination, prē-ōr-dīn-ēns, *s.* antecedent

Preordination, prē-ōr-dī-nǎ"-shūn, *s.* act of preordinating

Preparation, prēp'-ǎr-ǎ-shūn, *s.* act of preparing, ceremonious introduction

Preparative, prē-pǎr'-ǎ-tív, *a.* serving to prepare

Preparatory, prē-pǎr'-ǎ-tór-ý, *a.* antecedent, introductory

Prepare, prē-pǎ're, *v. a.* to make fit, or ready, to form, to qualify—*v. n.* to take previous measures

Prepense, prē-pēns', or Prepensed, prē-pēnst', *a.* preconceived, contrived beforehand

Preponder, prē-pōn'-dér, or Preponderate, prē-pōn'-dér-áte, *v. a.* to exceed in weight or overpower by influence

Preponderance, prē-pōn'-dér-ēns, *s.* excess of weight

Preponderation, prē-pōn'-dér-ǎ"-shūn, *s.* act or state of outweighing

Preposition, prēp'-ō-zīsh'-ūn, *s.* in grammar, a particle governing a case or prefixed to a word

Prepossess, prē-pōz zēs", *v. a.* to bias, to prejudice

Prepossession, prē-pōz-zēsh'-ūn, *s.* first possession, prejudice

Preposterous, prē-pōs'-tér-ús, *a.* wrong, absurd, perverted [glands]

Prepuce, prēp'-ūse, *s.* what covers the

Prerequisite, prē-rē-kwīre, *v. a.* to demand beforehand

Prerequisite, prē-rēk'-wīz-ýt, *a.* previously necessary

Prerogative, prē-rōg'-ǎ-tív, *s.* peculiar privilege or right

Prerogated, prē-rōg'-ǎ-tív'd, *a.* having an exclusive privilege, having a prerogative

Presage, prēs'-ēdz, *s.* a prognostic

Presage, prē-sǎ'dzhe, *v. a.* to forebode

Presbyter, prēs'-bý-tér, *s.* a priest, a presbyterian [ing of elders]

Presbyterial, prēs-bý-té-ryǎl, *a.* consist-

Presbyterian, prēs-bý-té-ryǎn, *a.* consisting of elders—*s.* an abettor of presbytery, a follower of Calvin

Presbytery, prēs-by-tér-ý, *s.* body of elders [future events]

Prescience, prē-shyéns, *s.* knowledge of

Prescient, prē-shént, *a.* foreknowing, prophetic [abstract]

Prescind, prē-sīnd', *v. a.* to cut off, to

Prescindent, prē-sīnd'-ént, *a.* abstracting

Prescious, prē-shyús, *a.* having foreknowledge

Prescribe, prē-skrībe, *v. a.* to order, to direct medically—*v. n.* to influence

by long custom or arbitrarily, to write medical directions

Prescript, prē-skrīpt, *a.* directed, ordered—*s.* directions, precept

Prescription, prē-skrīp'-shūn, *s.* a custom continued till it has the force of law, a medical receipt

Presence, prēz-ens, *s.* a being present, mien, readiness

Present, prēz-ént, *a.* face to face, at hand, neither past nor future—*s.* a gift, a mandate

Present, prē-zént', *v. a.* to exhibit, to give, to offer openly, to lay before a court of judicature [be presented]

Presentable, prē-zént'-éb'l, *a.* fit to

Presentaneous, prēz-én-tǎ'nyús, *a.* ready, immediate

Presentation, prēz-én-tǎ'-shūn, *s.* act of presenting, the gift of a benefice

Presentative, prēz-én'tǎ-tív, *a.* capable of being presented

Presentee, prēz-én-té', *s.* one presented to a benefice

Presential, prē zén'-shyǎl, *a.* supposing actual presence

Presentiality, prē-zén-shyǎl'-ýt-ý, *s.* state of being present

Presentment, prē-zént'-mént, *s.* form or act of presenting to a court

Preservation, prēz-ér-vǎ'-shūn, *s.* the act of preserving

Preservative, prē-zer'-vǎ-tív, *a.* having power to preserve



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Preserve, prē-zérv', *v. a.* to save, to defend, to keep, to season fruits, &c.—*s.* fruit preserved [authority over]
- Preside, prē-zīde, *v. n.* to beset or have
- President, prēs-ī-dēnt, *s.* one at the head of a society, a governor
- Press, prēs, *v. a.* and *n.* to squeeze, to urge, to distress, to force into service—*s.* an instrument for pressing, a machine for printing, a throng, a case for clothes, &c. the act of forcing men into military service
- Pressman, prēs-măn, *s.* one who works a press in a printing office
- Pressure, prēsh'ūr, *s.* act of pressing, force, impression, affliction
- Prestiges, prēs-tīdzh-ēs, *s.* illusions, juggling tricks
- Presto, prēs-tō, *s.* quick, at once
- Presume, prē-zūme, *v. n.* to suppose, to affirm without immediate proof, to venture
- Presumption, prē zūmp'-shŭn, *s.* a supposition previously formed, argument strong but not demonstrative, arrogance, confidence
- Presumptive, prē-zūmp'-tīv, *a.* presumed, supposed next in inheritance, arrogant [haughty, irreverent]
- Presumptuous, prē-zūmp'-tū-ús, *a.*
- Presupposal, prē' sūp-pō'-zăl, *s.* supposal, previously formed
- Presuppose, prē-sūp-pō'-ze, *v. a.* to suppose beforehand
- Presupposition, prē-sūp-pō-zīsh'-ŭn, *s.* a supposition previously formed
- Presurmise, prē-sūr-mīze, *s.* a surmise previously formed [sumption]
- Pretence, prē-tēns', *s.* a pretext, an as-
- Pretend, prē-tēnd', *v. a.* and *n.* to allege falsely, to show hypocritically, to claim, to presume
- Pretension, prē-tēn'-shŭn, *s.* a claim, a false appearance
- Preterimperfect, prē'-tér-ŭm-pér'-fēkt, *a.* in grammar, denotes the tense not perfectly past
- Preterit, prēt'-ér-ŭt, *a.* in grammar, the past tense
- Preterition, prē-tér-ŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of going past, state of being past
- Peterlapsed, prē-tér-lāpst', *a.* past and gone
- Peterlegal, prē-tér-lé-găl, *a.* not agreeable to law
- Pretermission, prē-tér-mīsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of omitting
- Pretermit, prē-tér-mīt, *v. a.* to pass by, to omit
- Preternatural, prē'-tér-năt'-ŭ-răl, *a.* not natural, irregular
- Preterperfect, prē'-tér-pér'-fēkt, *a.* absolutely past
- Preterpluperfect, prē'-tér-plŭ'-pér'-fēkt, *a.* time relatively past, or past before some other past time [allegation]
- Pretext, prē-tēkst', *s.* a pretence, a false
- Pretor, prē-tór, *s.* a Roman judge, a mayor [exercised by a pretor]
- Pretorian, prē-tō-ryăn, *a.* judicial, ex-
- Pretty, prēt'-tŷ, *a.* neat, pleasing, beautiful without grandeur—*ad.* in some degree
- Prevail, prē-vă'le, *v. n.* to be in force, to have effect or influence, to overcome
- Prevailing, prē-vă'le-ŭng, *a.* predominant, having most influence
- Prevalent, prēv'-ă-lēnt, *a.* powerful, predominant [vil, to quibble]
- Prevaricate, prē-văr'-ŭ-kâte, *v. n.* to cap-
- Prevarication, prē-văr'-ŭ-kă'-shŭn, *s.* a shuffle, a cavil [viller, a shuffler]
- Prevaricator, prē-văr'-ŭ-kă-tór, *s.* a cap-
- Prevenient, prē-vē-nyēnt, *a.* going before, preventive [obstruct, to guide]
- Prevent, prē-vēnt', *v. a.* to hinder, to
- Prevention, prē-vēn-shŭn, *s.* act of going before, anticipation, hinderance, prejudice [preservative]
- Preventive, prē-vēnt'-ŭv, *a.* hindering,
- Previous, prē'vyŭs, *a.* antecedent, prior
- Prey, pră, *s.* something to be devoured or seized, plunder—*v. n.* to plunder, to corrode
- Price, prī'se, *s.* rate, value, reward
- Prick, prīk', *v. a.* to pierce, to spur, to incite, to affect with remorse—*s.* any thing by which a puncture is made, a puncture [instrument]
- Pricker, prīk'-ér, *s.* a sharp pointed
- Pricket, prīk'-ēt, *s.* a buck in his second year [thorn]
- Prickle, prīk'l. *s.* a small sharp point, a
- Prickly, prīk'-lŷ, *a.* full of sharp points
- Pride, prīde, *s.* inordinate self-esteem, insolence, ostentation, ornament—*v. a.* to make proud, to rate high
- Priest, prīst, *s.* one who officiates at the altar
- Priesthood, prīst-hŭd, *s.* the office and character of a priest—*s.* the order of men for holy offices [by priests]
- Priestridden, prīst-rīd'n, *a.* managed

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Prig, prîg, *s.* a pert conceited little fellow

Prim, prîm', *a.* formal, affectedly nice  
Primacy, prî-mă-sý, *s.* highest state of an ecclesiastic [original, chief]

Primary, prî-már-y, *a.* first in order,

Primate, prî-mêt, *s.* the chief ecclesiastic  
Prime, prî-me, *s.* the dawn of day, best part, the spring of life, height of perfection—*a.* principal, first, excellent—*v. a.* to put powder in the pan of a gun, to lay the first colours on in painting [children]

Primer, prîm'-ér, *s.* a small book for  
Primero, prî-mê-rô, *s.* an ancient game at cards [at first, original]

Primeval, prî-mê'-vâl, *a.* such as was  
Primitive, prîm'-ýt-ýv, *a.* ancient, original, formal [born, primary]

Primogenial, prî-mô-dzhé-nyâl, *a.* first-  
Primogeniture, prî-mô-dzhén'-ýt-ûre, *s.* state of being first born

Primordial, prî-mô'r-dyâl, or Primordi-  
ate, prî-mô'r-dyêt, *a.* original, exist-  
ing from the first [flower]

Primrose, prîm'-rôze, *s.* the name of a  
Prince, prîns', *s.* a sovereign, a chief, son or kinsman of a sovereign

Princedom, prîns'-dôm, *s.* the rank, estate, &c. of a prince

Princess, prîn'-cês, *s.* wife of a prince, daughter of a king [essential]

Principal, prîn'sî-pâl, *a.* chief, capital,

Principality, prîn-sî-pâl'-ýt-ý, *s.* a prince's domain, superiority

Principle, prîn'-sîp'l, *s.* constituent part, original or operative cause, fundamen-  
tantal truth, motive, tenet

Print, prînt', *v. a.* to mark by impres-  
sion—*v. n.* to publish a book—*s.* a mark made by impression, a picture, formal method

Printer, prînt'-ér, *s.* one who prints books, or stains linen

Printing, prînt'-îng, *s.* the act or process of impressing letters or staining linen

Prior, prî'-ôr, *a.* former, anterior—*s.* the head of a convent of monks

Priority, prî-ôr'-ýt-ý, *s.* a being first

Priory, prî-ôr-ý, *s.* a convent inferior to an abbey [upon lawful prize]

Prisage, prî-sédzh, *s.* a duty of a tenth

Prism, prîzm, *s.* a kind of mathemati-  
cal glass [prism]

Prismatic, prîz-măt'-ýk, *a.* formed as a

Prismatically, prîz-măt'-ýk-ăl-ý, *ad.* in the form of a prism [like a prism]

Prismoid, prîz'-môýde, *s.* a solid body

Prison, prîz'n, *s.* a gaol, a place of confinement—*v. a.* to imprison, to confine [rural play]

Prisonbase, prîz'n-bâse, *s.* a kind of  
Prisoner, prîz'-nér, *s.* a captive, one under an arrest [ginal]

Pristine, prîs'-tîn, *a.* first, ancient, ori-

Pri-hee, prîth'-ý, *abbreviation for* I pray thee [crecy]

Privacy, prî-vă-sý, *s.* retirement, se-

Privado, prî-vă-dô, *s.* a secre' friend

Private, prî-vêt, *a.* secret, alone, not public, not open, particular

Privateer, prî-vă-tê-re, *s.* a ship fitted out by private men to plunder ene-  
mies [struction of any thing]

Privation, prî-vă-shûn, *s.* loss or de-

Privative, prîv'-ă-tív, *a.* causing priva-  
tion, negative

Privilege, prîv'-ýl-édzh, *s.* peculiar ad-  
vantage, public right—*v. a.* to grant a privilege, to exempt [rence]

Privy, prîv'-ýt-ý, *s.* private concur-

Privy, prîv'-ý, *a.* private, secret, admit-  
ted to secrets, acquainted with

Prize, prîze, *s.* a reward gained, some-  
thing taken from the enemy—*v. a.* to rate, to value highly, to esteem

Pro, prô', *prep.* for, in defence of

Probability, prôb'-ă-býl'-ýt-ý, *s.* likeli-  
hood, appearance of truth [be]

Probable, prôb'-éb'l, *a.* likely, or like to

Probat, prô-bât, *s.* a proof of a will, &c.

Probation, prô-bă'-shûn, *s.* proof, testi-  
mony, trial [ing for trial]

Probatio'ary, prô-bă'-shûn-ăr-ý, *a.* serv-

Probationer, prô-bă'-shûn-ér, *s.* one upon trial, a novice [trial]

Probatory, prô-bă'-tór-ý, *a.* serving for

Probatum Est, prô-bă'-tûm-êst, (*Latin*)  
tried and proved

Probe, prôbe, *s.* a surgeon's instrument—*v. a.* to search, to try with a probe

Probity, prôb'-ý-tý, *s.* uprightness, hon-  
esty, sincerity

Problem, prôb'-lêm, *s.* question proposed

Problematical, prôb'-lê măt'-ýk-ăl, *a.* un-  
certain, disputable

Proboscis, prô-bôs'-ýs, *s.* the snout, the trunk of an elephant [loose]

Procacious, prô-kă'-shús, *a.* petulant,

Procacity, prô-kăs'-ýt-ý, *s.* sauciness, pe-  
tulance [proceeding, progress]

Procedure, prô-sê-dûre, *s.* manner of

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Proceed*, prō-sē'de, *v. n.* to go forward, to arise from, to come forth, to issue, to be carried on
- Proceeding*, prō-sē'd'ing, *s.* progress, a transaction, a legal process
- Procerity*, prō-sér-īt-ŷ, *s.* tallness, height of stature
- Process*, prōs'ēs, *s.* regular progress, method, course of law
- Procession*, prō-sēs'h-ūn, *s.* a train in ceremonious solemnity
- Processional*, prō-sēs'h-ūn-āl, *a.* relating to procession
- Processionary*, prō-sēs'h-ūn-ār-ŷ, *a.* consisting in procession
- Proclaim*, prō-klā'me, *v. a.* to publish solemnly, to tell openly
- Proclamation*, prōk-lā-mā-shūn, *s.* a public notice given by authority, a declaration of the sovereign's will
- Proclivity*, prō-klīv'-īt-ŷ, *s.* tendency, facility of attaining
- Proclivous*, prō-klīv'-vūs, *a.* inclined downwards [governor
- Proconsul*, prō-kōn'-sūl, *s.* a Roman
- Procrastinate*, prō-krās'-tīn-āte, *v. a.* to defer, to delay—*v. n.* to be dilatory
- Procrastination*, prō krās-tīn-ā-shūn, *s.* delay [dilatory person
- Procrastinator*, prō-krās'-tīn-ā-tór, *s.* a
- Procreate*, prō-kre-ēnt, *a.* productive, pregnant [to produce
- Procreate*, prō-kre-āte, *v. a.* to generate,
- Procreation*, prō-kre-ā-shūn, *s.* generation, production
- Procreative*, prō-kre-ā-tīv, *a.* generative, productive
- Procreator*, prō-kre-ā-tór, *s.* a generator, a begetter
- Proctor*, prōk'-tór, *s.* a manager of another man's affairs, an attorney in the spiritual court, the magistrate of the university
- Procumbent*, prō-kūm'-bēnt, *a.* lying down, prone
- Procuracy*, prōk'-ū-rā-sŷ, *s.* management of any thing [procuring
- Procuration*, prōk'-ū-rā-shūn, *s.* act of
- Procurator*, prōk'-ū-rā-tór, *s.* a manager, an agent
- Procuratorial*, prōk'-ū-rā-tór-yāl, *a.* made by a proctor [ing to procuration
- Procuratory*, prō-kū'-rā-tór-ŷ, *a.* tending
- Procure*, prō-kū're, *v. a.* to manage, to obtain
- Prodigal*, prōd'-i-gal, *a.* profuse, expensive, lavish
- Prodigality*, prōd'-i gāl-ī-tŷ, *s.* extravagance, profusion
- Prodigious*, prō-dīdzh'-ús, *a.* amazing, enormous, vast
- Prodigy*, prōd'-īdzh-ŷ, *s.* a supernatural thing, portent, a monster
- Prodition*, prō-dīsh'-ūn, *s.* treason, treachery
- Produce*, prōd'-ūse, *v. a.* to exhibit, to bring forth, to cause, to generate
- Produce*, prōd'-ūse, *s.* product, amount, gain [hibits or offers
- Producent*, prō-dū'-sēnt, *s.* one who exhibits or makes
- Producible*, prō-dū'-sīb'l, *a.* that may be exhibited or made
- Product*, prōd'-ūkt, *s.* the thing produced, work, effect
- Production*, prō-dūk'-shūn, *s.* whatever is produced
- Productive*, prō dūk'-tīv, *a.* having power to produce, fertile [duction
- Proem*, prō'-ēm, *s.* a preface, an introduction
- Profanation*, prō fā-nā-shūn, *s.* a violation of sacred things, irreverence to holy things or persons
- Profane*, prō-fā'ne, *a.* irreverent, polluted—*v. a.* to violate, to pollute, to misapply
- Profess*, prō-fēs', *v. n.* to declare openly, to practise or teach publicly
- Profession*, prō-fēs'h-ūn, *s.* calling or vocation, a declaration
- Professional*, prō-fēs'h-ūn-āl, *a.* relating to a particular profession
- Professor*, prō fēs'-sór, *s.* a public teacher of some art
- Proffer*, prōf'-fer, *v. a.* to purpose, to offer—*s.* an offer made
- Proficient*, prō-fŷsh'-ēnt, *s.* one who advances in study
- Profile*, prō-fīle, *s.* the side face
- Profit*, prōf'īt, *s.* gain, advantage, improvement—*v. n.* to gain advantage, to be of use
- Profitable*, prōf'-īt-ēb'l, *a.* lucrative, useful, advantageous
- Profligate*, prōf'-lŷ-gēt, *a.* abandoned, lost to virtue [ward
- Profluent*, prōf'-lū-ēnt, *a.* flowing forth
- Profound*, prō-fōū'nd, *a.* deep, learned, humble—*s.* a deep sea, abyss
- Profundity*, prō-fūnd'-īt-ŷ, *s.* depth of place or knowledge
- Profuse*, prō-fūse, *a.* lavish, prodigal, overabounding
- Profusion*, prō-fūzhūn, *s.* prodigality, exuberance, plenty

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýc—thus, thick.

Prog, prög', *v. n.* to shift meanly for provisions—*s.* victuals, provision of any kind

Progenitor, prô-dzhën'-ýt-ór, *s.* an ancestor in a direct line

Progeny, prôdzh'-ën ý, *s.* offspring, issue, race [ing]

Prognostic, prög-nös'-tik, *a.* foretold

Prognosticate, prög-nös'-tí-kâte, *v. a.* to foretel, to foreshow

Prognostication, prög-nös tí-ká'-shûn, *s.* the act of foretelling

Prognosticator, prög-nös'-tí ká tór, *s.* one who foretells

Progress, prög-rës, *s.* a course

Progression, prô-grësh'-ûn, *s.* regular and gradual advance, improvement

Progressional, prô-grësh'-ôn-ál, *a.* increasing or advancing

Progressive, prô-grës'-sív, *a.* going forward, advancing

Prohibit, prô-hýb'-ýt, *v. a.* to forbid, to debar, to hinder [diction]

Prohibition, prô-hý-býsh'-ûn, *s.* an inter-

Prohibitory, prô-hýb'-i-tór-ý, *a.* implying prohibition

Project, prô-dzhëkt', *v. a.* to throw out, to cast forward, to contrive—*v. n.* to jut out [trivance, design]

Project, prôdzh'-ëkt, *s.* a scheme, con-

Projectile, prô-dzhëk'-tíl, *a.* impelled forward

Projection, prô-dzhëk'-shûn, *s.* the act of shooting forwards, a plan

Projector, prô dzhëk'-tór, *s.* one who forms schemes, &c. [out]

Projecture, prô-dzhëk'-tûre, *s.* a jutting

Prolapse, prô-läps', *v. n.* to extend out too much

Prolapsion, prô-läp'-shûn, *s.* a protruding beyond the natural position

Prolate, prô-läte, *v. a.* to pronounce, to utter

Prolate, prô-lët, *a.* oblate, flat

Prolation, prô-lä'-shûn, *s.* a pronunciation, utterance, delay

Prolepsis, prô-lëp'-sís, *s.* an anticipation of objections [antecedent]

Proleptical, prô-lëp'-týk-ál, *a.* previous,

Proletarian, prô-lë-tä'-ryän, *a.* vile, mean, vulgar

Prolific, prô-lít'-ýk, *a.* generative, productive [ration of children]

Prolification, prô-lít'-ýk-ë'-shûn, *s.* gene-

Prolix, prô-lýks', *a.* tedious, not concise [want of brevity]

Prolixity, prô-lýks'-ýt-ý, *s.* tediousness,

Prolocutor, prô-lô-kû-tór, *s.* the speaker of a convocation

Prologue, prôl'-óg, *s.* preface, introduction to a discourse or performance

Prolong, prô-löng', *v. a.* to lengthen out, to put off

Prolongation, prô-löng-ä'-shûn, *s.* the act of lengthening, delay to a longer time [take the air]

Promenade, prôm-é-näd', *s.* a walk to

Prominent, prôm'-i-nënt, *a.* protuberant, projecting [confused]

Promiscuous, prô-mýs-kû ús, *a.* mingled,

Promise, prôm'-ýs, *s.* declaration of something intended, expectation—*v. a. and n.* to declare or assure by a promise [ing a promise]

Promissory, prôm'-ýs-sór-ý, *a.* containing

Promontory, prôm'-ón-tór-ý, *s.* a headland, a cape

Promote, prô-mô'te, *v. a.* to forward, to elevate, to advance

Promotion, prô-mô'-shûn, *s.* advancement, encouragement

Prompt, prômpt', *a.* quick, ready, acute, petulant—*v. a.* to assist, to incite, to remind, to help a public speaker

Prompter, prômpt-tér, *s.* one who puts another in remembrance

Promptitude, prômpt'-tý-tûde, *s.* readiness, quickness

Promulgate, prô-mül'-gâte, *v. a.* to publish, to teach openly

Promulgation, prô-mül'-gä'-shûn, *s.* publication, open exhibition

Promulgator, prô-mül'-gä'-tór, *s.* a publisher, an open teacher

Promulge, prô-müldzh', *v. a.* to promulgate, to teach openly

Prone, prô'ne, *a.* bending downwards, inclined

Prong, pröng', *s.* a branch of a fork

Pronominal, prô-nöm'-ýn-ál, *a.* belonging to a pronoun [a noun or name]

Pronoun, prô-nöûn, *s.* a word used for

Pronounce, prô-nöûns, *v. a.* to speak, to utter rhetorically or confidently

Pronunciation, prô-nûn-shyâ'-shûn, *s.* the act or mode of utterance

Proof, prô'fe, *s.* evidence, test, impenetrability, a rough sheet of print to be corrected—*a.* impenetrable, able to resist [port]

Prop, pröp', *v. a.* to support—*s.* a sup-

Propagate, pröp'-ä-gâte, *v. a.* to spread, to increase, to generate, to have offspring



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, ffeld, shîrt—

Propagation, pröp'-ă-gă-shŭn, *s.* diffusion by generation or production

Propagator, pröp'-ă-gă-tór, *s.* one who propagates

Propel, prô-pél', *v. a.* to drive forward

Propend, prô pënd', *v. n.* to incline to any part or side [ed, prone to

Propense, prô-pěns', *a.* inclined, disposed

Propensity, prô-pěns'-ît-ŷ, *s.* inclination, tendency

Proper, pröp'-ér, *a.* peculiar, one's own, fit, exact

Property, pröp'-ér-tŷ, *s.* quality, right of possession, thing possessed

Prophecy, pröf'-ê-sŷ, *s.* a prediction

Prophecy, pröf'-ê-sŷ, *v. a.* and *n.* to foretel, to utter predictions [events

Prophet, pröf'-êt, *s.* one who foretels

Prophetic, prô-fêt'-îk, *a.* foretelling events [ventive, preservative

Prophylactic, prô-fŷ-lăk'-tîk, *a.* pre-

Propinquity, prô-pîng'-kwî-tŷ, *s.* proximity, kindred

Propitiate, prô-pîsh'-yâte, *v. a.* to induce to favour, to make propitious

Propitiation, prô-pîsh'-yă-shŭn, *s.* a making propitious, an atonement for a crime [propitiates

Propitiator, prô-pîsh'-yă-tór, *s.* one that

Propitiatory, prô-pîsh'-yă-tór-ŷ, *a.* having power to make propitious—*s.* mercy-seat, covering of the ark in the temple of the Jews [kind

Propitious, prô-pîsh'-ús, *a.* favourable,

Proponent, prô-pô'-nënt, *s.* one that makes a proposal

Proportion, prô-pô'r-shŭn, *s.* ratio, equal or harmonic degree, symmetry, size—*v. a.* to adjust, to make fit, to form symmetrically

Proportional, prô-pô'r-shŭn-ăl, *a.* having due proportion—*s.* in proportion to some other

Proportionality, prô-pô'r-shŭn-ăl'-ît-ŷ, *s.* quality of being proportional

Proportionate, prô-pô'r-shŭn-êt, *a.* adjusted to something else that is according to a certain rule

Proportionate, prô-pô'r-shŭn-âte, *v. a.* to adjust in a certain manner

Proposal, prô-pô'-zăl, *s.* an offer to the mind or consideration

Propose, prô-pô'ze, *v. a.* to offer to the consideration

Proposition, pröp-ô-zîsh'-ŭn, *s.* a sentence in which any thing is affirmed or decreed, an offer of terms

Propositional, pröp-ô-zîsh'-ŭn-ăl, *a.* considered as a proposition

Propound, prô-pôú'nd, *v. a.* to propose, to offer

Proprietary, prô-prî'-ê-tăr-ŷ, *s.* an owner in his own right—*a.* belonging to a certain owner [in his own right

Proprietor, prô-prî'-ê-tór, *s.* a possessor

Propriety, prô-prî'-ê-tŷ, *s.* exclusive right, accuracy [vindicate

Propugn, prô-pû'ne, *v. a.* to defend, to

Propulsion, prô-pûl'-shŭn, *s.* the act of driving forward [drive forward

Propulsory, prô-pûl'-sór-ŷ, *a.* serving to

Prorogation, prôr-ô-gă-shun, *s.* a continuance, a prolongation

Prorogue, prô-rô'ge, *v. a.* to prolong, to put off [bursting out

Prorupcion, prô-rûp'-shŭn, *s.* the act of

Prosaic, prô-ză'îk, *a.* belonging to or resembling prose [capitally

Proscribe, prô-skrî'be, *v. a.* to censure

Proscription, prô-skrîp'-shŭn, *s.* a doom to death or confiscation

Prose, prô'ze, *s.* language not restrained to number of syllables

Prosecute, prôs'-ê-kûte, *v. a.* to pursue, to continue, to sue

Prosecution, prôs'-ê-kû'-shŭn, *s.* a pursuit, a criminal suit

Prosecutor, prôs'-ê-kû'-tór, *s.* a pursuer of any purpose, or in a criminal cause

Proselyte, prôs'-ê-lŷte, *s.* a convert—*v. a.* to convert

Prosodian, prô-sô'-dyăn, *a.* skilled in or pertaining to prosody

Prosody, prôs'-ô-dŷ, *s.* art of metrical composition [nification

Prosopœia, prôs'-ô-pô-pé-yă, *s.* person

Prospect, prôs'-pěkt, *s.* a place affording an extensive view, an object of view [a distance

Prospective, prôs-pěk'-tîv, *a.* viewing at

Prosper, prôs'-pér, *v. a.* to make happy, to favour—*v. n.* to thrive

Prosperity, prôs-pér'-ît-ŷ, *s.* success, good fortune [successful

Prosperous, prôs-pér'-ús, *a.* fortunate,

Prostration, prôs-tér-nă-shŭn, *s.* depression

Prostitute, prôs-tî-tûte, *v. a.* to sell to wickedness, to expose upon vile terms—*a.* vicious for hire

Prostitution, prôs-tŷ-tû'-shŭn, *s.* the act of prostituting

Prostrate, prôs-trêt, *a.* laying at length, or in humblest adoration

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulŷ, thus, rŷe—hick.

Prostrate, prōs'-trāte, *v. a.* to lay flat, to throw down

Prostration, prōs-trā'-shūn, *s.* a falling down in adoration, dejection

Prosyllogism, prō-sŷl'-lō-dzhŷzm, *s.* a connecting of two or more syllogisms

Protect, prō-tēkt', *v. a.* to defend, to shield [shelter from evil

Protection, prō-tēk'-shūn, *s.* defence,

Protective, prō-tēk'-tŷv, *a.* defensive, sheltering [supporter, regent

Protector, prō-tēk'-tōr, *s.* a defender,

Protectorate, prō-tēk'-tōr-ēt, *s.* office or jurisdiction of a protector

Protend, prō-tēnd', *v. a.* to hold out, to stretch forth [petulance

Protervity, prō-tér-vŷt-ŷ, *s.* peevishness,

Protest, prō-tēst', *v. a.* to give a solemn declaration, to enter a caveat against a bill not accepted or paid in due time [tion against something

Protest, prō-tēst, *s.* a solemn declaration

Protestant, prōt'-ēs-tēnt, *s.* one who protests against popery—*a.* belonging to protestants

Protestantism, prōt'-ēs-tān-tŷz'm, *s.* religion of protestants

Protestation, prōt'-ēs-tā'-shūn, *s.* solemn declaration, a vow

Prothonotary, prō-thōn'-ō-tār-ŷ, *s.* a head register or notary

Protocol, prō'-tō-kōl, *s.* the original copy of a writing [martyr

Protomartyr, prō-tō-mār-tir, *s.* the first

Prototype, prō-tō-tŷpe, *s.* the original of a copy [to delay, to lengthen

Protact, prō-trākt', *v. a.* to draw out,

Protraction, prō-trāk'-shūn, *s.* a delay, a lengthening out

Protractive, prō-trāk'-tŷv, *a.* delaying, spinning to length [forward

Protrude, prō-trūde, *v. a.* to thrust

Protrusion, prō-trū'-zhūn, *s.* the act of thrusting forward [ward

Protrusive, prō trū'-sŷv, *a.* thrusting forward

Protuberance, prō-tū-bér-ēns, *s.* a tumour, a prominence

Protuberant, prō-tū-bér-ént, *a.* swelling, prominent [swell out

Protuberate, prō-tū-bér-āte, *v. n.* to

Proud, prōūd, *a.* elated, haughty, presumptuous, grand [ence, to try

Prove, prōve, *v. a.* to evince, to experience

Proveditor, prō-vēd'-ŷt-ōr, *or* Provedore, prōv-ē-dō're, *s.* one who undertakes to procure supplies for an army

Provender, prōv'-ēn-dér, *s.* dry food for brutes [a maxim

Proverb, prōv'-érb, *s.* a common saying,

Proverbial, prō-vérb'-ŷāl, *a.* mentioned in or suitable to a proverb

Provide, prō-vīde, *v. a.* to prepare, to supply, to stipulate

Providence, prōv'-ŷ-déns, *s.* foresight, God's care, prudence

Provident, prōv'-ŷ-dént, *a.* forecasting, cautious [fected by Providence

Providential, prōv'-ŷ-dén-shŷāl, *a.* efficacious

Province, prōv'-ŷns, *s.* a region, tract, office

Provincial, prō-vŷnsh'-ŷāl, *a.* relating to a province, rude—*s.* a spiritual governor [to a province

Provinciate, prō-vŷn'-shŷāte, *v. a.* to turn

Provision, prō-vŷzh'-ūn, *s.* a providing beforehand, measures taken, stores laid up, victuals, stipulation

Provisional, prō-vŷzh'-ōn-āl, *a.* temporarily established

Proviso, prō-vī-zō, *s.* a stipulation, a caution [of anger

Provocation, prōv-ō-kā'-shūn, *s.* a cause

Provocative, prō-vōk'-āt-ŷv, *s.* what revives appetite

Provoke, prō-vō'ke, *v. a.* to rouse, to enrage, to challenge

Provost, prōv'-ōst, *s.* the chief of any corporate body [a ship—a valiant

Prow, prōw', *s.* the head or forepart of

Prowess, prōw'-ēs, *s.* bravery, valour

Prowl, prōw'l, *v. a.* to rove over, to wander for prey

Proximate, prōk's-ŷm-ēt, *a.* immediate, near in approach

Proximity, prōks-ŷm'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* nearness

Proxy, prōk's-ŷ, *s.* a substitute or agent for another, a deputy

Prude, prūde, *s.* an affected scrupulous woman [to practice

Prudence, prū-déns, *s.* wisdom applied

Prudent, prū-dént, *a.* practically wise, discreet [ples of prudence

Prudential, prū-dén'-shŷāl, *a.* on principle

Prudentiality, prū dén-shŷāl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* eligibility on principles of prudence

Prudentials, prū-dén'-shŷālz, *s.* maxims of prudence [in conduct

Prudery, prū'd-ér-ŷ, *s.* over-much nicety

Prudish, prū'd-ŷsh, *a.* affectedly grave

Prune, prūne, *v. a.* to lop or crop, to clear from superfluities—*s.* a dried plum [stuff, a plum

Prunello, prū-nél'-lō, *s.* a kind of silken

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine field, shŷrt—

Pruniferous, prû-nŷf'-ér-ús, *a.* plum-bearing [less branches]  
 Pruning, prû-nŷng, *a.* lopping off use-  
 Prurient, prû-rŷ-ěnt, *a.* itching, having a great desire  
 Pry, prŷ, *v. a.* to inspect officiously, &c.  
 Psalm, sǎm, *s.* a holy song [songs]  
 Psalmist, sǎl'-mŷst, *s.* a writer of holy  
 Psalmody, sǎl'-mō-dŷ, *s.* singing of psalms  
 Psalter, sǎl'-tér, *s.* a psalm book  
 Psaltery, sǎl'-tér-ŷ, *s.* a kind of harp beaten with sticks [tended]  
 Pseudo, sú-dō, *a.* false, conceited, pre-  
 pseudography, sú-dōg'-rǎf-ŷ, *s.* false writing [speaks falsely]  
 Pseudologer, sú-dōl'-ō-dzhér, *s.* one who  
 Pseudology, sú-dōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* false speaking, lying [counterfeit martyr]  
 Pseudo-martyr, sú-dō-mǎr'-tér, *s.* a  
 Pshaw, shá, *interj.* expressing contempt  
 Psychology, sŷ-kōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* the doctrine of the nature of the soul  
 Ptisan, tŷs'-ǎn, *s.* a cooling medical drink [kind]  
 Puberty, pû-bér-tŷ, *s.* ripe age in man-  
 Pubescent, pû-bēs'-sěnt, *a.* arriving at puberty  
 Public, pûb'-lŷk, *a.* common, notorious, open, not concealed, general—*s.* the body of a nation, the people  
 Publican, pûb'-lŷ-kǎn, *s.* a toll-gatherer, a victualler  
 Publication, pûb-lŷ-kǎ-shŷn, *s.* the act of publishing, edition  
 Publicity, pûb-lŷs'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* notoriety  
 Publicspirited, pûb'-lŷk-spŷr'-ŷt-ěd, *a.* having regard to the general advantage above private good  
 Publish, pûb'-lŷsh, *v. a.* to make generally known, to set forth  
 Puck, pŷk', *s.* a sprite among the fairies  
 Puckball, pŷk'-bǎl, *s.* mushroom full of dust [wrinkles or folds]  
 Pucker, pŷk'-ér, *v. a.* to gather into  
 Pudder, pŷd'-ér, *s.* tumult, bustle—*v.* to make a pudder, to perplex  
 Pudding, pŷd'-dŷng, *s.* a kind of food, a gut  
 Puddle, pŷd'l, *s.* a dirty plash  
 Pudency, pû-děn-sŷ, or Pudicity, pû-dŷs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* modesty, chastity  
 Puerile, pû-ě-rŷl, *a.* childish  
 Puerility, pû-ě-rŷl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* childishness  
 Puerperous, pû-ér-pér-ús, *a.* bearing children  
 Puet, pû-ět, *s.* a kind of water fowl

Puff, pŷf', *s.* a quick blast of wind, any thing porous, a thing to sprinkle powder on the hair, undeserved praise—*v. a.* to swell with wind—*v. n.* to blow, to breathe thick and hard  
 Puffin, pŷf'-ŷn, *s.* a sort of water-fowl or fish [mid]  
 Puffy, pŷf'-fŷ, *a.* windy, flatulent, tu-  
 Pug, pŷg', *s.* a small Dutch dog, a monkey  
 Pugh, pŷh', *interj.* a word of contempt.  
 Pugil, pû-dzhŷl, *s.* a small handful  
 Pugnacious, pŷg-nǎ'-shŷs, *a.* inclinable to fight, quarrelsome [fight]  
 Pugnacity, pŷg-nǎs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* inclination to  
 Puisse, pŷ-ŷn, *a.* young, younger, inconsiderable [be]  
 Puissant, pŷ-ŷs-sěnt, *a.* powerful, forc-  
 Puke, pŷke, *s.* a vomit, a medicine causing a vomit—*v. n.* to vomit  
 Pulchritude, pŷl'-krŷ-tŷde, *s.* beauty, grace [a chicken]  
 Pule, pŷle, *v. n.* to whine, to cry like  
 Pull, pŷl', *v. a.* to draw forcibly, to pluck—*s.* the act of pulling, a pluck  
 Pullet, pŷl'-lět, *s.* a young hen  
 Pulley, pŷl-lŷ, *s.* a small wheel for running a cord  
 Pulmonary, pŷl-mō-nár-ŷ, *a.* belonging to the lungs [of fruit]  
 Pulp, pŷlp', *s.* any soft mass, soft part  
 Pulpit, pŷl-pŷt, *s.* an exalted place to speak in  
 Pulpy, pŷlp'-ŷ, *a.* soft, pappy  
 Pulsation, pŷl-sǎ'-shŷn, *s.* a beating or moving with quick strokes against any thing opposing  
 Pulse, pŷls', *s.* all sorts of grain contained in pods, the motion of any artery, vibration [ing forward]  
 Pulsion, pŷl'-shŷn, *s.* a driving or forc-  
 Pulverable, pŷl-vér-éb'l, *a.* that may be reduced to dust  
 Pulverization, pŷl-vér-ŷ-zǎ-shŷn, *s.* reduction to dust [to powder or dust]  
 Pulverize, pŷl'-vér-ize, *v. n.* to reduce  
 Pulverulent, pŷl-vér-ŷ-lěnt, *a.* dusty, covered with dust [of pores]  
 Pumice, pŷm'-ŷs, *s.* a spungy stone full  
 Pump, pŷmp', *s.* a water-engine, a sort of shoe—*v.* to work a pump, to throw out by a pump, to examine artfully [pŷmp'-kŷn, *s.* a plant]  
 Pumpkin, pŷmp'-yón, or Pumpkin,  
 Pun, pŷn', *s.* a quibble, a ludicrous repartee—*v. n.* to quibble, to play upon words

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Punch, pûnsh', *s.* a pointed instrument, sort of mixed liquor, a buffoon, a short fellow—*v. a.* to bore a hole with a punch

Puncheon, pûnsh'-ôn, *s.* a tool, a cask of 84 gallons [haviour, exactness]

Punctilio, pûngk-tÿl'-yô, *s.* nicety of be-

Punctilious, pûngk-tÿl'-yûs, *a.* exact, nice, ceremonious

Punctual, pûngk-tû-âl, *a.* exact, nice, punctilious

Punctuality, pûngk-tû-âl-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* nicety, scrupulous exactness

Punctuation, pûngk'-tû-â-shûn, *s.* the act or method of pointing

Punctulate, pûngk-tû-lâte, *v. n.* to mark with small spots

Puncture, pûngk'-tûre, *s.* a hole made with a sharp point

Pungency, pûn-gên-sÿ, *s.* acrimonious quality, power to pierce the mind

Pungent, pûn'-dzhënt, *a.* pricking, sharp, biting [correct, to afflict]

Punish, pûn'-ish, *v. a.* to chastise, to

Punishment, pûn'-ish-mënt, *s.* penalty inflicted for a crime

Punition, pû-nÿsh'-ûn, *s.* punishment

Punitive, pû-nÿt-ÿv, *a.* awarding or inflicting punishment [tute]

Punk, pûngk', *s.* a strumpet, a prosti-

Punning, pûn'-ing, *a.* quibbling, dealing in puns [of puns]

Punster, pûns'-tér, *s.* one who is fond

Punt, pûnt', *v. a.* to play at hasset or ombre—*s.* who punts

Puny, pû-nÿ, *a.* young, inferior, petty

Pup, pûp', *v. n.* to bring forth puppies

Pupil, pû'-pÿl, *s.* the apple of the eye, a scholar [a scholar, wardship]

Pupilage, pû-pÿl'-êdzh, *s.* state of being

Pupillary, pû-pÿl'-âr-ÿ, *a.* pertaining to a pupil or ward [doll]

Puppet, pûp'-pët, *s.* a wooden image or

Puppy, pûp'-pÿ, *s.* a whelp, a saucy ignorant fellow

Purblind, pûr'-blind, *a.* shortsighted

Purchase, pûr'-tzhés, *v. a.* to buy, to obtain by labour or danger, to atone for—*s.* thing purchased

Pure, pû're, *a.* not sullied, clear, unmingled, chaste

Pureness, pûre-nës, *s.* innocence, simplicity, unmixed state

Purgation, pûr-gâ-shûn, *s.* the act of cleansing, &c.

Purgative, pûr-gâ-tÿv, *a.* having power to cause evacuations

Purgatorial, pûr-gâ-tô-ryâl, *a.* cleansing, belonging to purgatory

Purgatory, pûr-gât-ôr-ÿ, *s.* a place for souls to be purified

Purge, pûrdzh', *v. a.* to cleanse, to clarify, to cause stools—*v. n.* to have frequent stools—*s.* a purging medicine

Purification, pû-rÿ-fÿ-kâ-shûn, *s.* the act of making pure or clean

Purify, pû-rÿ-fÿ, *v. a.* to make pure, to clarify—*v. n.* to grow pure

Puritan, pû-rÿ-tân, *s.* sectary pretending to eminent sanctity of religion

Puritanical, pû-rÿ-tân'-i-kâl, *a.* relating to puritans [chastity]

Purity, pû-rÿ-tÿ, *s.* clearness, innocence,

Purl, pûrl', *s.* an embroidered and puckered border, a kind of malt liquor—*v. n.* to flow with gentle noise

Purlieu, pûr'-lû, *s.* a district, a border, an enclosure

Purlins, pûr'-lÿns, *s.* pieces of timber, across the rafters on the inside

Purloin, pûr-lô'n, *v. a.* to steal, to pilfer, to filch [in division]

Purparty, pûr'-pâr-tÿ, *s.* a share, a part

Purple, pûrp'l, *a.* red tinged with blue [red, a purple fever]

Purples, pûr-pl'z, *s.* spots of a livid

Purplish, pûrp'-lÿsh, *a.* somewhat purple

Purport, pûr'-pôrt, *s.* design, tendency, meaning—*v. n.* to intend, to tend to show

Purpose, pûr'-pós, *s.* intention, design, effect—*v.* to intend, to design, to resolve

Purr, pûr', *v. a.* to murmur as a cat or leopard when pleased

Purse, pûrs', *s.* a small bag for money

Purser, pûr'-sér, *s.* the pay-master of a ship [breath]

Pursiveness, pûr'-sÿv-nës, *s.* shortness of

Purslain, pûrs'-lén, *s.* an herb

Pursuance, pûr-sû-ëns, *s.* prosecution process

Pursuant, pûr-sû-ënt, *a.* done in consequence of any thing

Pursue, pûr-sû', *v. a.* to chase, to prosecute, to endeavour to go on

Pursuit, pûr-sû'te, *s.* the act of pursuing [dant on heralds]

Pursuivant, pûr-swÿ-vënt, *s.* an attendant

Pursy, pûr-sÿ, *a.* short-breathed and fat [of an animal]

Purtenance, pûr'-tën-ëns, *s.* the pluck



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, shŷrt. —

**Purvey**, pŷr-vă', *v.* to provide with or procure, to buy in provisions  
**Purveyor**, pŷr-vă'-ôr, *s.* one that provides victuals, a pimp  
**Purview**, pŷr'-vŷ, *s.* a providing clause  
**Purulent**, pŷr'-rŷ-ŷent. *a.* consisting of or generating corrupt matter or pus  
**Pus**, pŷs', *s.* corruption, thick matter issuing from a sore  
**Push**, pŷsh', *v.* to thrust, to press forward, to urge—*s.* a thrust, impulse, assault, trial  
**Pusillanimity**, pŷ-sŷl-ă-nŷm'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* cowardice, timidity  
**Pusillanimous**, pŷ-sŷl-ăn'-ŷm-ŷs, *a.* mean-spirited, cowardly  
**Puss**, pŷs', *s.* a cat or hare  
**Pustule**, pŷs'-tŷle, *s.* a small swelling, a pimple [pimply  
**Pustulous**, pŷs'-tŷ-lŷs, *a.* full of pustules,  
**Put**, pŷt', *v. a.* to lay or place, to urge, to propose, to state, to offer, to unite  
**Put**, pŷt', *s.* a sort of game at cards  
**Putative**, pŷ-tă-tŷv, *a.* supposed, reputed  
**Putid**, pŷ' tŷd, *a.* mean, vile  
**Putredinous**, pŷ-trêd'-ŷ-nŷs, *a.* rotten, stinking [ruption, rottenness  
**Putrefaction**, pŷ-trê-făk'-shŷn, *s.* corruption  
**Putrefactive**, pŷ-trê-făk'-tŷv, *a.* making rotten

**Putrefy**, pŷ trê-fŷ, *v.* to rot, to make rotten  
**Putrescent**, pŷ-trêś-sênt, *a.* growing rotten  
**Putrid**, pŷ'-trŷd, *a.* rotten, corrupt  
**Putridity**, pŷ-trŷd'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* rottenness  
**Putty**, pŷt-tŷ, *s.* a kind of cement used by glaziers [rass—*s.* perplexity  
**Puzzle**, pŷz'l, *v.* to perplex, to embarrass  
**Pybald**, pŷ-băld, *a.* spotted with white or some different colour  
**Pygmy**, pŷg'-mŷ, *s.* a dwarf  
**Pylorus**, pŷ lŷr-rŷs, *s.* the lower orifice of the stomach [ending in a point  
**Pyramid**, pŷr'-ă mŷd. *s.* a square pillar  
**Pyramidal**, pŷ-răm'-ŷ-dăł, *or* **Pyramidal**, pŷr-ă-mŷd-ŷ-kăł, *a.* having the form of a pyramid [are burnt  
**Pyre**, pŷ're, *s.* a pile on which the dead  
**Pyrites**, pŷ-rŷ-têz, *s.* a firestone  
**Pyromancy**, pŷ-rŷ-măn-sŷ, *s.* a divination by fire  
**Pyrometer**, pŷ-rŷm'-ê-têr, *s.* an instrument for measuring the expansion of bodies by heat  
**Pyrotechnical**, pŷ rŷ-têk'-nŷ-kăł, *a.* relating to fire-works  
**Pyrotechny**, pŷ-rŷ-têk-nŷ, *s.* the art of making fire-works  
**Pyx**, pŷks', *s.* a box in which the papists keep the host

## Q

**QUACK**, kwăk', *v. a.* to cry like a duck, to brag—*s.* a tricking practitioner in physic  
**Quackery**, kwăk'-êr-ŷ, *s.* mean or bad acts in physic  
**Quadragesimal**, kwăd-ră-dzhêś'-ŷm-ăł, *a.* belonging to Lent  
**Quadrangle**, kwă-drăng'l, *s.* a square  
**Quadrangular**, kwă-drăng'-ŷ-lăr, *a.* having four angles  
**Quadrant**, kwă-drênt, *s.* fourth part, an instrument with which latitudes are taken [part of a circle  
**Quadrantal**, kwă-drănt'-ăł, *a.* in the fourth  
**Quadrante**, kwă-drăte, *a.* having four equal sides [a square  
**Quadratic**, kwă-drăt'-ŷk, *a.* belonging to  
**Quadrature**, kwă-drăt-tŷre, *s.* the act of squaring, the first and last quarter of the month, a square

**Quadrennial**, kwă-drên'-nyăł, *a.* consisting of or happening once in four years [squared  
**Quadrille**, kwă-drŷl', *a.* that may be  
**Quadrified**, kwăd-rŷ-fŷd, *a.* cloven into four divisions  
**Quadrilateral**, kwăd-rŷ-lăt'-êr-ăł, *a.* having four sides  
**Quadrille**, kwă-drŷl', *s.* a game at cards  
**Quadrupartite**, kwă-drŷp'-ăr-tŷte, *a.* having four parts [four feet  
**Quadruped**, kwăd'-rŷ-pêd, *a.* having four feet  
**Quadruple**, kwăd'-rŷp'l, *a.* fourfold  
**Quadruplicate**, kwă-drŷ-plŷ-kăte, *v. a.* to double twice  
**Quaff**, kwăf', *v. a.* to drink luxuriously  
**Quaggy**, kwăg'-gŷ, *a.* boggy, soft  
**Quagmire**, kwăg'-mŷre, *s.* a shaking marsh  
**Quail**, kwă'le, *s.* a bird of game

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Quailpipe, kwā'le-pipe, *s.* a pipe to allure quails with [artful]  
 Quaint, kwā'nt, *a.* exact, nice, affected,  
 Quaintness, kwā'nt-nēs, *s.* petty elegance, nicety [or fear]  
 Quake, kwā'ke, *v. n.* to shake with cold  
 Quaker, kwā'kér, *s.* one of a religious sect so called [of the quakers]  
 Quakerism, kwā'kér-izm, *s.* principles  
 Qualification, kwāl'ŷ-fŷ-kā'shūn, *s.* what qualifies  
 Qualify, kwāl'ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to make fit, to abate, to regulate  
 Quality, kwāl'it-ŷ, *s.* nature relatively considered, property, disposition, qualification, rank  
 Qualm, kwā'm, *s.* a sudden fit of sickness, a temporary rising of the conscience [sickly languor]  
 Qualmish, kwā'm-ŷsh, *a.* seized with  
 Quandary, kwān-dā-rŷ, *s.* a doubt, a difficulty  
 Quantity, kwān'tŷt-ŷ, *s.* bulk, part, large portion, measure of time in pronouncing syllables  
 Quantum, kwān'túm, *s.* the quantity, the amount  
 Quarantine, kúr-ān-tŷne, *s.* the space of forty days, during which a ship, suspected of infection, is obliged to forbear intercourse or commerce  
 Quarrel, kwār-rél, *s.* a brawl, a scuffle, a contest—*v. n.* to squabble, to fall into variance, to fight, to find fault  
 Quarrelsome, kwār-rel-sóm, *a.* choleric, petulant  
 Quarry, kwār'rŷ, *s.* a square, a stone mine—*v. n.* to prey upon, to dig out stones [digs in a quarry]  
 Quarryman, kwār'rŷ-mán, *s.* one who  
 Quart, kwārt, *s.* the fourth part of a gallon  
 Quartan, kwār-tān, *s.* the fourth day  
 ague—*a.* returning every fourth day  
 Quatation, kwār-tā-shūn, *s.* a chymical operation  
 Quarter, kwār'tér, *s.* a fourth part, three months, proper station, mercy, a measure of eight bushels—*v. a.* to divide into four parts, to station or lodge, to diet, to bear as an appendage [terly allowance]  
 Quarterage, kwār'tér-édzh, *s.* a quarter  
 Quarter Day, kwār'tér dā, *s.* the day to pay or receive rent or pension  
 Quarterdeck, kwār'tér-dék, *s.* a short upper deck

Quartermaster, kwār'tér-mās-tér, *s.* one who regulates the quarters of soldiers [of a pint]  
 Quartern, kwār'térn, *s.* the fourth part  
 Quarters, kwār'térz, *s.* places where soldiers are billeted  
 Quarterstaff, kwār'tér-stáf, *s.* an ancient staff of defence  
 Quarto, kwār'tō, *s.* a book in which every sheet makes four leaves  
 Quash, kwāsh', *v. a.* to crush, to annul, to be shaken with a noise  
 Quassation, kwās-sā-shūn, *s.* act of shaking any thing to pieces  
 Quatercousins, kā'tér-kóz'nz, *s.* friends  
 Quaternion, kwā'tér-nyón, *s.* the number four  
 Quatrain, kwā'trŷn, *s.* a stanza of four lines  
 Quaver, kwā-vér, *v. n.* to shake the voice, to vibrate—*s.* a note equal in time to half a crotchet, a shake of the voice  
 Quay, ké', *s.* a key for landing goods  
 Quean, kwé'ne, *s.* a worthless woman  
 Queasy, kwé'-zŷ, *a.* fastidious, sick at the stomach [pain]  
 Queck, kék', *v. n.* to shrink, to shew  
 Queen, kwé'ne, *s.* the wife of a king  
 Queer, kwé're, *a.* odd, strange, particular [to appease]  
 Quell, kwél', *v. a.* to crush, to subdue,  
 Quench, kwēnsh', *v. a.* to extinguish fire, to allay, to destroy—*v. n.* to grow cool  
 Querent, kwé-rēnt, *s.* a plaintiff  
 Querimonious, kwēr'ŷ-mō-nyús, *a.* complaining, querulous  
 Querist, kwé-rŷst, *s.* an asker of questions  
 Quern, kwér'n, *s.* a hand-mill, a churn  
 Quervo, kwér-pō, *s.* a dress close to the body [complaining]  
 Querulous, kwér'ū-lús, *a.* habitually  
 Query, kwé-rŷ, *s.* a question—*v. a.* to ask questions  
 Quest, kwēst', *s.* a search, an impanelled jury—*v. n.* to go in search  
 Question, kwēsh'tŷn, *s.* interrogatory, inquiry, subject of debate, doubt—*v. a.* to inquire, to debate, to doubt  
 Questionable, kwēsh'tón-éb'l, *a.* doubtful, suspicious, liable to question  
 Questionary, kwēsh'tŷn-ār-ŷ, *a.* inquiring

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fiēld, shîrt—

Questionless, kwěsh-tón-lēs, *a.* without doubt, certainly [lawsuits

Questman, kwěst'-mán, *s.* a starter of

Questuary, kwēs'-tū-ăr-ŷ, *a.* studious of profit, greedy [pun—*s.* a pun

Quibble, kwŷb'l, *v. n.* to equivocate, to

Quick, kwŷck', *a.* living, nimble, sharp, speedy, active—*ad.* nimbly, speedily, readily—*s.* living flesh, any sensible parts

Quicken, kwŷk'n, *v. a.* to make alive, to hasten, to excite—*v. n.* to become alive [ed

Quicklime, kwŷk'-lîme, *s.* lime unquench-

Quickness, kwŷk'-nēs, *s.* sharpness, sagacity, swiftness, activity

Quicksand, kwŷk'-sănd, *s.* a moving sand, unsolid ground

Quickset, kwŷk'-sēt, *v. a.* to plant with living plants—*s.* living plants set to grow

Quicksilver, kwŷk'-sŷl-vér, *s.* mercury

Quid, kwŷd', *s.* a morsel to be held in the mouth and chewed, a small quantity of tobacco held in the mouth

Quiddity, kwŷd'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* essence, a trifling nicety, a cavil

Quiescent, kwŷ-ēs-sēnt, *a.* resting, lying at repose

Quiet, kwŷ-ēt, *a.* still, peaceable, not ruffled—*s.* rest, repose, tranquillity—*v. a.* to calm, to pacify, to still

Quietly, kwŷ-ēt-lŷ, *ad.* calmly, without offence, without violence

Quietness, kwŷ-ēt-nēs, *s.* tranquillity, stillness, coolness of temper

Quietsome, kwŷ-ēt-sóm, *a.* calm, still

Quietude, kwŷ-ēt-tûde, *s.* rest repose

Quill, kwŷl', *s.* the hard and strong feather of the wing, a weaver's reed

Quillet, kwŷl'-lēt, *s.* subilty, nicety

Quilt, kwŷlt', *s.* the cover of a bed—*v. a.* to stitch one cloth upon another with something soft between them [five

Quinary, kwŷ-năr-ŷ, *a.* consisting of

Quince, kwŷns', *s.* a tree or its fruit

Quincunx, kwŷn'-kŷngks, *s.* plantation of five trees (one at each corner of a square and a fifth in the middle,) five twelfths of any thing

Quinquagesima, kwŷn-kwă-dzhēs'-ŷ-mă, *s.* the first Sunday in Lent

Quinquennial, kwŷn-kwěn'-nyăl, *a.* lasting or happening once in five years

Quinsy, kwŷn-zŷ, *s.* a tumid inflammation in the throat

Quint, kŷnt', *s.* a set or sequence of five

Quintal, kwŷn'-tăl, *s.* an hundred pound weight

Quintessence, kwŷn'-tēs-sēns, *s.* a fifth being, the virtue of any thing extracted

Quintessential, kwŷn-tēs-sén'-shyăl, *a.* consisting of or containing the quintessence [times told

Quintuple, kwŷn-tŷp'l, *s.* five-fold, five

Quip, kwŷp', *v. a.* to rally—*s.* a jest, a taunt

Quire, kwŷ're, *s.* a body of singers, 24 sheets of paper—*v. n.* to sing in concert

Quirister, kwŷr'-ŷs-tér, *s.* a chorister

Quirk, kwŷrk', *s.* a smart taunt, a turn, subilty

Quit, kwŷt', *a.* free, clear—*v. a.* to discharge, to repay. to give up

Quite, kwŷte, *ad.* completely, perfectly

Quitrent, kwŷt'-rēnt, *s.* a small rent reserved

Quittance, kwŷt'-tēns, *s.* an acquittance, a receipt

Quiver, kwŷv'-ér, *s.* case for arrows—*v. n.* to quake

Quoif, kŷŷf, *s.* a cap

Quoin, kŷŷn, *s.* a corner, a wedge

Quoit, kŷŷt, *s.* a sort of horse-shoe to play with

Quondam, kwŷn'-dăm, *a.* having been formerly

Quorum, kwŷ-rŷm, *s.* a bench of justices, a special commission

Quota, kwŷ-tă, *s.* a share, a rate

Quotation, kwŷ-tă-shŷn, *s.* a citation, passage quoted

Quote, kwŷ-te, *v. a.* to cite, to adduce the words of another

Quoth, kwŷ th, *v. imperf.* say I or said I

Quotidian, kwŷ-tid-yăn, *a.* daily, happening every day

Quotient, kwŷ-shēnt, *s.* in arithmetic, the number produced by division

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thīck.

## R.

**RABATE**, rā-bā'te, *v. n.* to recover a hawk to the fist again

**Rabbet**, rāb'-bēt, *s.* a joint in carpentry, a groove—*v. a.* to make a rabbet joint

**Rabbi**, rāb'-bi, *or* **Rabbin**, rāb'-bīn, *s.* a doctor among the Jews

**Rabbinical**, rāb-bīn'-y-kāl, *a.* relating to rabbies

**Rabbit**, rāb'-bīt, *s.* a four-footed furry animal that burrows in the ground

**Rabble**, rāb'l, *s.* an assembly of mean people

**Rabid**, rāb'yd, *a.* fierce, furious, mad

**Race**, rā'se, *s.* a family, generation, particular breed, a running match, a course

**Racehorse**, rā'se-hōrs, *or* **Racer**, rā'sér, *s.* a running horse, a horse bred to run for prizes

**Racing**, rās'ing, *p.* running in a race

**Rack**, rāk', *s.* an engine to torture, torture, a wooden frame for hay or bottles—*v. n.* to stream as clouds before the wind—*v. a.* to torture, to harrass, to defecate

**Racket**, rāk'ēt, *s.* a noise, an instrument to strike a tennis ball

**Racoon**, rāk'-ō'ne, *s.* an American animal like a badger

**Rack-rent**, rāk'-rēnt, *s.* rent raised to the utmost

**Racy**, rā'sý, *a.* strong, retaining flavour

**Radiant**, rā-dyēnt, *a.* shining, emitting rays [shine]

**Radiate**, rā dyāte, *v. n.* to emit rays, to

**Radiated**, rā-dyāt-ēd, *a.* adorned with rays [of rays]

**Radiation**, rā-dyā-shūn, *s.* an emission

**Radical**, rād'-y-kāl, *a.* primitive, original, implanted by nature

**Radicate**, rād'-y-kāte, *v. a.* to root, to plant deeply [fixing deep]

**Radication**, rād y-kā-shūn, *s.* the act of

**Radice**, rād' Yk'l, *s.* that part of the seed of a plant which becomes its root

**Radish**, rād'-ysh, *s.* an esculent root

**Radius**, rā-dyús, *s.* the semi-diameter of a circle

**Radix**, rā-dýks, *s.* root of a plant, any primitive word

**Raffle**, rāf'l, *v. n.* to cast dice for a prize—*s.* a lottery by casting dice

**Raft**, rá'ft, *s.* a frame or float of wood

**Rafter**, ráf-tér, *s.* the roof timbers of a house

**Raftered**, ráf-térđ, *a.* built with rafters

**Rag**, rāg', *s.* any thing tattered or worn out [mean fellow]

**Ragamuffin**, rāg-ā-mūf-f'yn, *s.* a paltry

**Rage**, rá'dzh, *s.* violent anger, fury, passion [in rags, rugged]

**Ragged**, rāg'-gēd, *a.* rent into or dressed

**Ragman**, rāg'-mān, *s.* a dealer in rags

**Ragout**, rá gō', *s.* a high-seasoned stewed meat

**Rail**, rá'le, *s.* a sort of wooden or iron fence—*v. n.* to enclose with rails—*v. a.* to insult [rical mirth]

**Raillery**, rāl'-lér-y, *s.* slight satire, sati-

**Raiment**, rá-mēnt, *s.* vesture, dress, clothes

**Rain**, rá'ne, *v. n.* to fall in drops from the clouds—*v. a.* to pour down as

**rain**—*s.* moisture that falls from the clouds

**Rainbow**, rá'ne-bō, *s.* a various coloured arch in the clouds, formed by the refraction of the sunbeams

**Raindeer**, rá'ne-dé're, *s.* large northern deer

**Rainy**, rá'ne-y, *a.* showry, wet

**Raise**, rá'ze, *v. a.* to lift, to erect, to elevate, to advance, to collect or levy

**Raisin**, rá'z'n, *s.* a dried grape

**Rake**, rá'ke, *s.* an instrument with teeth, a loose thoughtless fellow—*v. a.* to

gather or clear with a rake, to scour—*v. n.* to search

**Rakehell**, rá'ke-hēl, *s.* a wild, worthless, debauched fellow [lute]

**Rakish**, rá'ke-ysh, *a.* loose, lewd, disso-

**Rally**, rāl'-ly, *v. a.* to reunite disordered troops, to treat with satirical merriment

**Ram**, rām', *s.* a male sheep, an engine to batter walls—*v. a.* to drive with violence

**Ramble**, rām'b'l, *v. n.* to rove loosely, to wander—*s.* an irregular excursion

**Rambler**, rām'-blér, *s.* one who rambles from one place to another

**Ramification**, rām-y-fy-kā-shūn, *s.* a branching out



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mět, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt.—

Ramify, rām'-y-f y, *v. a.* to separate into branches [ram with

Rammer, rām'-mér, *s.* an instrument to

Rammish, rām'-mīsh, *a.* strong scented

Ramous, rā'-mús, *a.* consisting of branches

Ramp, rāmp', *v. n.* to leap about, to climb—*s.* a leap, a spring

Rampant, rāmp'-ēnt, *a.* exuberant, ready to attack an enemy, frisky, wanton

Rampart, rām'-párt, or Rampire, rām'-pīre, *s.* the wall round fortified places

Ran, rān', *pret. of* Run [stinking

Rancid, rān'-sīd, *a.* strong scented,

Rancidity, rān'-sīd'-yē-ty, *s.* strong scent

Rancorous, rāngk'-ór-ús, *a.* malignant, malicious, direful [lignity

Rancour, rāngk'-ór, *s.* inveterate ma-

Rand, rānd', *s.* a border, the seam of a shoe

Random, rān'-dóm, *s.* want of direction, chance—*a.* done by chance, without plan

Rang, rāng, *pret. of* Ring

Range, rāndzh, *v. a.* to place in order or ranks, to rove over—*v. n.* to rove at large—*s.* a rank, an excursion, a kitchen grate

Ranger, rāndzh-ér, *s.* a rover, an officer who attends the game of a forest

Rank, rāngk', *a.* luxuriant, fruitful, strong scented, high tasted, high grown—*s.* a line of men, class, order, degree—*v. a.* to place in a row, to arrange—*v. n.* to be ranged

Rankle, rāngk'l, *v. n.* to fester, to be inflamed

Rankness, rāngk'-nēs, *s.* superfluity of growth, exuberance

Ransack, rān'-sāk, *v. a.* to plunder, to search narrowly

Ransom, rān'-sóm, *s.* a price paid for liberty—*v. a.* to redeem

Rant, rānt', *v. a.* to rave in high-sounding language—*s.* high-sounding language [rakish

Rantipole, rānt'-y-pōle, *a.* wild, roving,

Ranunculus, rā-nūnk'-ū-lús, *s.* the flower crowfoot

Rap, rāp', *v. a.* to strike smartly—*v. a.* to snatch, to strike with a quick, smart blow—*s.* a quick smart blow

Rapacious, rā-pā'-shús, *a.* given to plunder, seizing by violence

Rapacity, rā-pās'-yē-ty, *s.* exercise of plunder, ravenousness

Rape, rā'pe, *s.* a violent defloration of chastity, a plant

Rapid, rāp'-yēd, *a.* quick, swift

Rapidity, rā-pīd'-yē-ty, *s.* velocity, swiftness

Rapier, rā'-pyér, *s.* a small sword

Rapine, rāp'-yēn, *s.* the act of plundering, violence

Rapt, rāpt', *s.* trance, ecstasy

Rapture, rāp'-tūre, *s.* ecstasy, transport, rapidity

Raptured, rāp'-tūrd, *a.* ravished, transported [porting

Rapturous, rāp'-tū-rús, *a.* ecstatic, trans-

Rare, rā're, *a.* scarce, excellent, thin, raw [in a box

Rareeshow, rā-rŷ'-shō, *s.* a show carried

Rarefaction, rā-rē-fāk'-shūn, *s.* extension of the parts of any body

Rarefactive, rā-rē-fāk'-tīv, *a.* tending to rarefy [v. n. to become thin

Rarefy, rār'-ē-fŷ, *v. a.* to make thin—

Rarely, rā're ly, *ad.* seldom, not often

Rareness, rār'-ē-nēs, *s.* scarceness

Rarity, rār'-yē-ty, *s.* uncommonness, thinness [scoundrel

Rascal, rās'-kāl, *s.* a mean fellow, a

Rascalion, rās'-kāl'-lyón, *s.* one of the lowest people

Rascality, rās'-kāl'-y-ty, *s.* the scum of the people [erase

Rase, rā'ze, *v. a.* to skim, to destroy, to

Rash, rāsh', *a.* hasty, violent, precipitate—*a.* a breaking out

Rasher, rāsh'-ér, *s.* a thin slice of bacon

Rashness, rāsh'-nēs, *s.* inconsiderateness, precipitation

Rasp, rāsp', *s.* a raspberry, a rough file *v. a.* to rub with a rasp

Raspberry, rās'-bēr'-y, *s.* a berry of a pleasant flavour [writing

Rasure, rā-shūr, *s.* a scraping out of

Rat, rāt, *s.* an animal of the mouse kind

Ratafia, rāt'-ā-fŷ, *s.* a cordial liquor

Ratan, rāt'-ān', *s.* a small Indian cane

Rate, rā'te, *s.* a price or quota, degree, manner of doing any thing, a parish tax—*v.* to value, to chide hastily

Rather, rāth'-ér, *ad.* more willingly, preferably [firmation

Ratification, rāt'-y-fŷ-kā'-shūn, *s.* a con-

Ratify, rāt'-y-fŷ, *v. a.* to confirm, to settle [price, scolding

Rating, rāt'-yēng, *part.* fixing at a certain

Ratio, rā'-shō, *s.* a proportion

Raciocinate, rā-shŷ'-ōs-yēn-āte, *v. a.* to reason, to argue

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

**Ratiocination**, ră-shÿ-ôs-ÿn-ă-shûn, *s.* a reasoning or arguing  
**Ratiocinative**, ră-shÿ-ôs-ÿn-ă-tÿv, *a.* argumentative, advancing by progress of discourse [to each man]  
**Ration**, răsh'-ôn, *s.* portion of forage, &c.  
**Rational**, răsh'-ôn-ăl, *a.* having the power of reasoning, agreeable to reason, judicious  
**Rationale**, ră-shûn-ă-lê, *s.* a detail with reasons [of reasoning]  
**Rationality**, ră-shûn-ăl-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* the power  
**Ratsbane**, răts'-bâne, *s.* poison for rats, arsenic  
**Rattle**, răt'l, *s.* quick noise nimbly repeated, empty talk, a child's plaything—*v.* to make a noise, to rail, to scold [steady]  
**Rattleheaded**, răt'l-hêd-êd, *a.* giddy, not  
**Rattleskull**, răt'l-sk'ul, *s.* a noisy empty fellow [with a rattle in the tail]  
**Rattlesnake**, răt'l-snâke, *s.* a serpent  
**Ravage**, răv'-êdzh, *v. a.* to lay waste, to sack, to pillage—*s.* spoil, ruin, waste  
**Raucy**, ră-sÿt-ÿ, *s.* hoarseness, a loud rough noise  
**Rave**, răv, *v. n.* to be delirious, to be very fond  
**Ravel**, răv'l, *v. a.* to entangle, to unweave—*v. n.* to fall into perplexity or confusion [tification]  
**Ravelin**, răv'-lÿn, *s.* a half moon in fortification  
**Raven**, răv'n, *s.* a large black carrion fowl [gry to rage]  
**Ravenous**, răv'n-ús, *a.* voracious, hungry  
**Raven**, răv'-ÿn, *s.* prey, rapine  
**Ravin**, răv'-ÿn, *s.* dell or deep vale  
**Raving**, răv'ing, *p.* talking as one delirious, exclaiming furiously  
**Ravish**, răv'-ish, *v. a.* to deflower by force, to rapture, to delight  
**Ravishment**, răv'-ish-mênt, *s.* transport, rapture, a forcible violation of chastity [not skilled, chill]  
**Raw**, ră', *a.* not subdued by fire, sore  
**Rawness**, ră-nês, *s.* state of being raw, victuals not sufficiently dressed or even undressed [herb]  
**Ray**, ră', *s.* a beam of light, a fish, an  
**Raze**, răze, *s.* a root of ginger  
**Razor**, ră-zôr, *s.* a tool for shaving  
**Razure**, ră-zhûr, *s.* the act of erasing  
**Reach**, rê'tsh, *v.* to touch with the hand extended, to arrive at, to fetch and give, to hold out—*s.* the act or power of reaching, power, contrivance, fetch, extent

**Reaction**, rê-ăk'-shûn, *s.* the reciprocation of an impulse  
**Read**, rê'dê, *v. a.* to peruse, to discover, to know fully—*v. n.* to perform the act of perusing writing, to be studious in books  
**Read**, rêd', *pret. and part. of Read*—*a.* skilful by reading  
**Reader**, rêd'-êr, *s.* one who reads  
**Readily**, rêd'-ÿlÿ, *ad.* expeditely, with little hindrance or delay  
**Reading**, rêd'-ÿng, *s.* study, lecture, variation of copies  
**Readiness**, rêd'-ÿnês, *s.* willingness, preparedness  
**Readmission**, rê-ăd-mÿsh'-ÿn, *s.* the act of admitting again  
**Readmit**, rê-ăd-mÿt', *v. a.* to let in again  
**Ready**, rêd'-ÿ, *a.* prepared, willing  
**Reaffirmance**, rê-ăf-fÿrm'-êns, *s.* a second confirmation  
**Real**, rê'-ăl, *a.* not fictitious, genuine  
**Reality**, rê-ăl'-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* truth, what is  
**Realize**, rê-ă-lÿze, *v. a.* to bring into being or act  
**Realm**, rêlm', *s.* a kingdom, a state  
**Ream**, rê'mê, *s.* twenty quires of paper  
**Reanimate**, rê-ăn-ÿ-mâte, *v. a.* to restore to life [again]  
**Reannex**, rê-ăn-nêk's, *v. a.* to annex  
**Reap**, rê'pê, *v. a.* to cut down corn  
**Reaper**, rêp'-êr, *s.* one who reaps  
**Rear**, rê're, *s.* hinder troop, last class—*v. a.* to raise up, to rouse—*a.* raw, half-roasted, half sodden  
**Rear-admiral**, rê're-ăd-mÿ-răl, *s.* the admiral of the third or last division  
**Rearmouse**, rê'r-môûs, *s.* a bat  
**Reascend**, rê-ăs-sênd', *v. a.* to climb again  
**Reason**, rêz'n, *s.* a cause, a principle, a motive—*v. a.* to argue rationally  
**Reasonable**, rêz'n-êb'l, *a.* having the faculty of reason  
**Reasoning**, rêz'n-ing, *s.* argument  
**Reassemble**, rê-ăs-sêm'b'l, *v. a.* to collect anew [again, to reassume]  
**Reassume**, rê-ăs-sû'mê, *v. a.* to take  
**Reassure**, rê-ăs-shû're, *v. a.* to renew a promise, to release from fear  
**Reave**, rê've, *v. a.* to take by stealth  
**Baptize**, rê-băp-tize, *v. a.* to baptize again  
**Rebate**, rê-bâte, *v. a.* to blunt  
**Rebel**, rêb'el, *s.* one who opposes lawful authority

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, fŭeld, shírt.—

Rebel, rē-běł', *v. n.* to oppose lawful authority

Rebellion, rē-běł'-lyón, *s.* insurrection against lawful authority

Rebellious, rē-běł'-lyús, *a.* opponent to lawful authority [back

Rebound, rē-bōund', *v. n.* to spring

Rebuff, rē-bűf', *s.* a quick and sudden resistance—*v. a.* to beat back

Rebuild, rē-bŭld', *v. a.* to build again

Rebuke, rē-bű'ke, *v. a.* to chide

Rebus, rē-bús, *s.* a riddle, a picture

Recall, rē-kāl', *s.* a calling over or back again [opinion or expression

Recant, rē-kánt', *v. a.* to retract an

Recantation, rē-kán-tă-shŭn, *s.* retracting an opinion

Recapitulate, rē-kă-pŭt-ŭ-lâte, *v. a.* to repeat again distinctly

Recapitulation, rē-kă-pŭt-ŭ-lă'-shŭn, *s.* distinct repetition of the principal points

Recede, rē-sède', *v. n.* to fall back

Receipt, rē-sête, *s.* the act of receiving, a note by which money is acknowledged to have been received, prescription of ingredients for any composition

Receiveable, rē-sê-véb'l, *a.* capable of being received

Receive, rē-sê've, *v. a.* to take, admit

Receiver, rē-sê-vér, *s.* one who receives

Recension, rē-sén'-shŭn, *s.* review

Recent, rē-sént, *a.* new, late, fresh

Receptacle, rē-sép'-ták'l, *s.* a place to receive things in

Reception, rē-sép'-shŭn, *s.* treatment, receiving [receiving

Receptive, rē-sép'-tŭv, *a.* capable of

Recess, rē-sēs', *s.* retirement, secret part [retreating

Recession, rē-sēs'h-ŭn, *s.* the act of

Rechange, rē-tshă'ndzh, *v. a.* to change again

Recharge, rē-tshhă'r'dzh, *v. a.* to accuse in return, to attack anew [tion

Recipe, rēs'-sŭ-pŭ, *s.* a medical prescrip-

Recipient, rē-sŭp'-yěnt, *s.* a receiver, a vessel to receive

Reciprocal, rē-sŭp'-rō kăl, *a.* alternate

Reciprocate, rē-sŭp'-rō-kâte, *v. n.* to act interchangeably

Reciprocation, rē-sŭp'-rō-kă'-shŭn, *s.* an action interchanged

Recession, rē-sŭt'-ŭn, *s.* a cutting off

Recital, rē-sŭ-tăl, or Recitation, rēs-sŭ-tă'-shŭn, *s.* repetition

Recitative, rēs-ŭ tă-tŭv, or Recitativo, rēs-ŭ tă tŭv'-ō, *s.* a sort of singing that comes near to pronunciation, chaunt

Recite, rē sŭ'te, *v. a.* to rehearse

Reck, rĕk', *v. a.* to heed, to mind

Reckless, rĕk'-lĕs, *a.* careless

Reckon, rĕk'n, *v. a.* to number, to lay stress or dependence upon

Reckoning, rĕk'n-ŭng, *s.* estimation, calculation, money charged by a host for entertainment

Reclaim, rē-klām, *v. a.* to reform

Recline, rē-klĭ'ne, *v. n.* to lean sideways or back

Reclose, rē-klō'ze, *v. a.* to close again

Recluse, rē-klŭ'de, *v. a.* to open

Recluse, rē-klŭ'se, *a.* shut up

Recognition, rē-kŏn'-ŭ-zéns, *s.* a bond of record, a badge

Recognize, rē-kŏg-nĭze, *v. a.* to acknowledge, to review

Recognition, rē-kŏg nŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* review, acknowledgment

Recognizance, rē-kŏn'-ŭ-záns, *s.* an obligation under a penalty

Recoil, rē-kŏil', *v. n.* to rush back, to shrink

Recoinage, rē-kŏi'-nĕzh, *s.* the act of coining anew

Recollect, rē kŏl'-lĕkt', *v. a.* to recover to memory, &c.

Recollection, rē-kŏl'-lĕk'-shŭn, *s.* recovery of notion, revival in the memory [begin anew

Recompence, rē-kŏm-mĕn'se, *v. a.* to

Recommend, rĕk-ŏm-mĕnd', *v. a.* to commend to another

Recommendation, rĕk-ŏm-mĕn-dă'-shŭn, *s.* that which secures to one a kind reception from another

Recommendatory, rĕk-ŏm-mĕn'-dă-tŏr-ŭ *a.* recommending [mit anew

Recommit, rē-kŏm-mŭt', *v. a.* to com-

Recompence, rē-kŏm-pĕn's, *s.* compensation, reward, requital

Recompence, rĕk'-ŏm-pĕn'se, *s. v. a.* to repay, to requite—*s.* an equivalent

Recompose, rē-kŏm-pŏ'ze, *v. a.* to quiet

Reconcile, rĕk'-ŏn-sŭle, *v. a.* to compose differences

Reconcileable, rĕk-ŏn-sŭ-lĕb'l, *a.* capable of renewed kindness

Reconcilement, rĕk-ŏn-sŭ-le-mĕnt, *s.* reconciliation

Reconciliation, rĕk-ŏn-sŭl'-yă'-shŭn, *s.* renewal of friendship

Recondite, rē-kŏn-dĭte, *a.* secret

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Reconduct, rē-kōn-dūkt', *v. a.* to conduct again [a view of

Reconnoitre, rēk-ōn-nōy't'r, *v. a.* to take

Reconvene, rē-kōn-vē'ne, *v. a.* to assemble anew

Record, rē-kōrd', *v. a.* to register

Record, rēk'-ōrd, *s.* an authentic enrolment, register

Recorder, rē-kōrd'-ér, *s.* a law officer

Recover, rē-kōv'-ér, *v. a.* to restore from sickness or disorder, to regain—*v. n.* to grow well again

Recoverable, rē-kōv'-ér-éb'l, *a.* possible to be restored

Recovery, rē-kōv'-ér-y, *s.* restoration from sickness

Recount rē-kōunt', *v. a.* to relate

Recourse, rē-kō's, *s.* application as for help or protection [tate

Recreant, rēk'-rē-ēnt, *a.* cowardly, apos-

Recreate, rēk'-rē-ate, *v. a.* to amuse, to refresh

Recreation, rēk-rē-ā'-shūn, *s.* amusement, refreshment, diversion

Recreative, rēk'-rē-ā-tiv, *a.* refreshing, amusing [less parts

Recrement, rēk'-rē mēnt, *s.* dross, use-

Recremental, rēk-rē-mēn'-tāl, or Recrementitious, rēk-rē-mēn'-tish'-ús, *a.* drossy [accuse in return

Recriminate, rē'-krīm"-īn-āte, *v. n.* to

Recrimination, rē'-krīm-īn-ā'-shūn, *s.* an accusation retorted

Recriminators, rē'-krīm-īn-ā'-tór, *s.* he that recriminates

Recruit, rē-krū'te, *v.* to repair or replace, to supply, to raise new soldiers—*s.* a new supply, a new raised soldier [angles of 90 degrees

Rectangle, rēk-tāng'l, *s.* a figure with

Rectangular, rēk-tāng'-gū-lār, *a.* having rectangles

Rectification, rēk-tī-fī-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of setting right what is wrong, an improving by distillation

Rectify, rēk-tī-fy, *v. a.* to make right, to reform, to improve by repeated distillation

Rectilinear, rēk-tī-līn'-yāl, *s.* consisting of right lines [right lines

Rectilinear, rēk-tī-līn'-yār, *a.* having

Rectitude, rēk'-tī-tùde, *s.* straightness, uprightness

Rector, rēk'-tór, *s.* a ruler, a governor, a parson of an unimpropriated parish

Rectory, rēk'-tór-y, *s.* a spiritual living or unimpropriated parish

Recubation, rēk-ū-bā'-shūn, *s.* the act of lying or leaning

Recumbence, rē-kūn-bēns, *s.* repose, posture of lying [ing, resting

Recumbent, rē-kūn-bēnt, *a.* lying, lean-

Recuperation, rē-kū-pér-ā'-shūn, *s.* recovery of a thing lost

Recur, rē-kūr', *v. n.* to come back to the thought, to have recourse to

Recurrence, rē kūr'-rēns, *s.* a return

Recurrent, rē-kūr'-rēnt, *a.* returning from time to time

Recurvation, rē'-kūr-vā'-shūn, or Recurvity, rē-kūr'-vīt-y, *s.* flexure backwards

Recusant, rē-kū-zēnt, *s.* one that refuses any terms of communion or society [ject

Recuse, rē-kū'ze, *v. n.* to refuse, to re-

Red, rēd', *a.* of the colour of blood

Redden, rēd'n, *v. a.* to make red—*v. n.* to grow red

Reddish, rēd'-dīsh, *a.* somewhat red

Reddition, rēd-dīsh-ūn, *s.* restitution

Redditive, rēd'-dīt-iv, *a.* answering to an interrogative

Reddle, rēd'l, *s.* soft heavy red marle

Rede, rēde, *s.* counsel, advice—*v. a.* to advise

Redeem, rē-dē'me, *v. a.* to ransom, to recover, to make amends or atone for

Redeemer, rē-dēm-ér, *s.* one who redeems, the Saviour

Redemption, rē-dēm'p-shūn, *s.* a ransom, a purchase of God's favour by the death of Christ

Redemptional, rē-dēm'p-shūn-āl, *a.* relating to redemption [ransom

Redemptory, rē-dēm'p-tór-y, *a.* paid for

Redintegration, rē-dīn-tē-grā'-shūn, *s.* renovation, restoration

Redlead, rēd'-lēd', *s.* minium

Redolence, rēd'-ō-léns, or Redolency, rēd'-ō-lēn-sy, *s.* sweet scent

Redouble, rē-dūb'l, *v. a.* to repeat over and over [fortification

Redoubt, rē-dōūt', *s.* the outwork of a

Redoubtable, rē-dōūt'-éb'l, *a.* terrible to foes, formidable

Redoubted, rē dōūt'-ēd. *a.* dread, terrible [back by reaction

Redound, rē-dōū'nd, *v. n.* to be sent

Redress, rē-drēs', *v. a.* to set right, to amend, to relieve—*s.* amendment, relief, remedy

Redressive, rē-drēs'-siv, *a.* affording remedy



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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chīne, field, shŭt—  
 ~~~~~

Redstreak, rĕd' strĕke, *s.* a sort of apple and cider

Reduce, rĕ-dŭ'se, *v. a.* to impair, to make less, to subdue

Reducible, rĕ-dŭ-sĭ'b'l, *a.* that may be reduced [reducing]

Reduction, rĕ-dŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of

Reductive, rĕ-dŭk'-tĭv, *a.* having the power of reducing

Redundant, rĕ-dŭn'-dĕnt, *a.* superabundant, superfluous

Reduplicate, rĕ-dŭ' plŭ-kāte, *v. a.* to double over again

Reduplication, rĕ-dŭ'-plŭk-ā'-shŭn, *s.* the act of doubling [bling again]

Reduplicative, rĕ-dŭ'-plŭ-kā-tĭv, *a.* doubling

Reed, rĕ'de, *s.* a hollow knotted stalk, a small pipe, arrow

Reedify, rĕ-'ēd-ŭ-fŭ, *v. a.* to rebuild, to build again

Reedy, rĕd-ŭ, *a.* abounding with reeds

Reef, rĕ'fe, *s.* a row of eyelet holes in a sail, a chain of rocks near the surface of the water—*v. a.* to lessen the surface of a sail by taking up a reef

Reek, rĕ'ke, *s.* smoke, vapour—*v. n.* to smoke, to steam

Reeky, rĕk-ŭ, *a.* smoky, tanned, black

Reel, rĕ'le, *s.* a frame to wind yarn, &c. upon—*v. a.* to gather yarn off the spindle—*v. n.* to stagger

Re-election, rĕ-'ē-lĕk'-shŭn, *s.* repeated election

Re-embark, rĕ-'ēm-bārk, *v. a.* to go on board a ship a second time

Re-enforce, rĕ-'ēn-fō'rse, *v. a.* to strengthen with new assistance

Re-enforcement, rĕ-'ēn-fō'rse-mĕnt, *s.* fresh assistance

Re-engage, rĕ-'ēn-gādzh, *v. a.* to engage again

Re-engagement, rĕ-'ēn-gādzh-mĕnt, *s.* a renewed engagement

Re-enjoy, rĕ-'ēn-dzhōŭ, *v. a.* to enjoy anew, or a second time [or anew]

Re-enter, rĕ-'ēn-tĕr, *v. a.* to enter again

Re-establish, rĕ-'ēs-tāb'-lĭsh, *v. a.* to establish anew

Reeve, rĕ've, *s.* a steward

Re-examine, rĕ-'ēks-ām'-ŭn, *v. a.* to examine anew [hunger or fatigue]

Refect, rĕ-fĕkt, *v. a.* to refresh after

Refection, rĕ-fĕk'-shŭn, *s.* refreshment after hunger or fatigue

Refective, rĕ-fĕk'-tĭv, *a.* refreshing

Refectory, rĕ-fĕk'-tōr-ŭ, *s.* an eating room

Refel, rĕ-fĕl', *v. a.* to refute, to repress

Refer, rĕ-'fer', *v. a.* to dismiss for information or judgment

Referee, rĕf-'ēr-ē, *s.* one to whom reference is made

Reference, rĕf-'ēr-ēns, *s.* relation, respect, dismission to another tribunal

Referrible, rĕ-fĕr'-ŭb'l, *a.* that may be considered as in relation to something else

Refine, rĕ-'fĭne, *v.* to purify, to clear from dross, to make elegant

Refinement, rĕ-'fĭne-mĕnt, *s.* improvement in elegance [again]

Refit, rĕ-'fĭt', *v. a.* to repair, to fit up

Reflect, rĕ-'flĕkt', *v. a.* to throw back—*v. n.* to throw back light or reproach

Reflection, rĕ-'flĕk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of throwing back, what is reflected, action of the mind upon itself, attentive consideration, censure

Reflective, rĕ-'flĕk'-tĭv, *a.* throwing back images, considering things past

Reflector, rĕ-'flĕk'-tōr, *s.* one who or any thing that reflects

Reflex, rĕ-'flĕks, *a.* directed backward

Reflex, rĕ-'flĕks', *s.* reflection

Reflexibility, rĕ-'flĕks-ŭ-bĭl'-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* quality of being reflexible

Reflexible, rĕ-'flĕks'-ŭb'l, *a.* capable of being thrown back

Reflexive, rĕ-'flĕks'-ŭv, *a.* having respect to something past

Reflorescence, rĕ-'flō-rĕs-'ēns, *s.* a beginning to blossom again

Refluent, rĕf-'lŭ-ēnt, *a.* reflowing, flowing back [water]

Reflux, rĕ-'flŭks, *s.* a backward course of

Reform, rĕ-'fōrm, *v.* to change from worse to better, to mend, to grow better—*s.* a reformation

Reformation, rĕf-'ōr-mā'-shŭn, *s.* change in morals or religion

Reformer, rĕ-'fōrm-ēr, *s.* one who causes a change for the better

Refract, rĕ-'frākt', *v. a.* to break the natural course of the rays of light

Refraction, rĕ-'frāk'-shŭn, *s.* variation of a ray of light

Refractive, rĕ-'frāk'-tĭv, *a.* having the power of refraction [perverse]

Refractory, rĕ-'frāk'-tōr-ŭ, *a.* obstinate,

Refragable, rĕ-'frā-gĕb'l, *a.* capable of confutation and conviction

Refrain, rĕ-'frā'ne, *v. a.* to keep from action—*v. n.* to forbear

shöt, nôte, lôse, actór—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Refrangibility, *rê-frân' dzhý-býl-ýt-ý*, *s.* disposition to be refracted  
 Refrangible, *rê-frân'-dzhýb'l*, *a.* such as may be turned out of its course  
 Refresh, *rê-frêsh'*, *v. a.* to recreate, to improve, to cool, to feed  
 Refreshment, *rê-frêsh'-mênt*, *s.* food, rest, what gives relief  
 Refrigerant, *rê-frýdzh'-ér-ênt*, *a.* cooling, refreshing [cool]  
 Refrigerate, *rê-frýdzh'-ér-âte*, *v. a.* to refrigeration, *rê-frýdzh'-ér-â'-shûn*, *s.* the act of cooling, a cool state  
 Refrigerative, *rê-frýdzh'-ér-â'-tív*, *a.* able to make cool  
 Refuge, *rêf'-ûdzh*, *s.* shelter from danger or distress, protection—*v. a.* to shelter, to protect [protection]  
 Refugee, *rêf'-û-dzhê'*, *s.* one who flies for  
 Refulgent, *rê-fûl'-dzhênt*, *a.* bright, glittering, splendid  
 Refund, *rê-fûnd'*, *v. n.* to pour back, to repay, to restore  
 Refusal, *rê-fû-zál*, *s.* a denial, right of choice, option [not to accept]  
 Refuse, *rê-fû'ze*, *v.* to deny, to reject  
 Refuse, *rêf'-ûze*, *a.* unworthy of reception—*s.* worthless remains, dross  
 Refutation, *rêf'-û-tâ'-shûn*, *s.* a refuting  
 Refute, *rê-fû'te*, *v. a.* to prove false or erroneous [gain anew]  
 Regain, *rê-gâ'ne*, *v. a.* to recover, to  
 Regal, *rê-gál*, *a.* royal, kingly  
 Regale, *rê-gâ'le*, *v. a.* to refresh, to entertain, to gratify [royalty]  
 Regalia, *rê-gâ'lyá*, *s.* the ensigns of  
 Regality, *rê-gál'-ýt-ý*, *s.* royalty, sovereignty  
 Regard, *rê-gâ'rd*, *v. a.* to value, to observe, to pay attention to, to respect—*s.* attention, respect  
 Regardant, *rê-gâ'rd-ánt*, *a.* looking behind [neg'igent, inattentive]  
 Regardless, *rê-gâ'rd-lêss*, *a.* heedless  
 Regatta, *rê-gât'-tá*, *s.* a grand rowing match [ed with government]  
 Regency, *rê-gén-sý*, *s.* persons entrust-  
 Regenerate, *rê-dzhê'n'-ér-âte*, *v. a.* to produce anew, to make, to be born anew  
 Regenerate, *rê-dzhê'n'-ér-ênt*, *a.* reproduced, born anew by grace  
 Regeneration, *rê-dzhê'n'-ér-â'-shûn*, *s.* a new birth by grace  
 Regent, *rê'dzhênt*, *a.* governing, ruling—*s.* a ruler, one invested with various royalty

Regible, *rêdzh'-ýb'l*, *a.* that may be governed  
 Regicide, *rêdzh'-ý-sîde*, *s.* the murderer or murder of a king [of sickness]  
 Regimen, *rêdzh'-ý-mén*, *s.* a diet in time  
 Regiment, *rêdzh'-ý-mênt*, *s.* polity, rule, body of soldiers  
 Regimental, *rêdzh'-ý-mênt'-ál*, *a.* belonging to a regiment  
 Region, *rê-dzhón*, *s.* tract of land or space, part of the body, a country  
 Register, *rêdzh'-êss-tér*, *s.* an account or record—*v. a.* to record  
 Registry, *rêdzh'-êss-trý*, *s.* act of registering, place where the register is kept [iminent]  
 Regnant, *rêg'-nént*, *a.* reigning, predom-  
 Regorge, *rê'-gô''rdzh*, *v. a.* to vomit up, to swallow back  
 Regrate, *rê-grâ'te*, *v. a.* to shock, to engross, to forestall  
 Regreet, *rê'-grê'te*, *v. a.* to salute again—*s.* return or exchange of salutation [to go back, to return]  
 Regress, *rê'-grêss*, *s.* passage back—*v. n.*  
 Regression, *rê'-grêsh'-ûn*, *s.* a returning or going back  
 Regressive, *rê'-grêss'-sýv*, *a.* going back  
 Regret, *rê-grê't*, *s.* vexation at some thing past—*v. a.* to repent, to be sorry for [orderly]  
 Regular, *rêg'-û-lár*, *a.* agreeable to rule  
 Regularity, *rêg'-û-lár'-ýt-ý*, *s.* a certain order, a method [rule, to direct]  
 Regulate, *rêg'-û-lâte*, *v. a.* to adjust by  
 Regulation, *rêg'-û-lâ'-shûn*, *s.* order, method, rule [lates]  
 Regulator, *rêg'-û-lâ'-tór*, *s.* what regulates  
 Regulus, *rêg'-û-lús*, *s.* the purest part of metals  
 Regurgitate, *rê-gûr'-dzhý-tâte*, *v. a.* to throw or pour back—*v. n.* to be poured back [previous recital]  
 Rehearsal, *rê-hêrs'-ál*, *s.* a repetition, a  
 Rehearse, *rê-hêrs'*, *v. a.* to repeat, to recite previously  
 Reject, *rê-dzhêkt'*, *v. a.* to cast off, to refuse, to throw aside  
 Rejection, *rê-dzhêkt'-shûn*, *s.* the act of casting off or throwing aside  
 Reign, *râ'ne*, *v. n.* to enjoy or exercise sovereign authority, to be predominant—*s.* the time of a king's government [again]  
 Reimbody, *rê-ým-bôd'-ý*, *v. a.* to embody  
 Reimburse, *rê-ým-bûrs'*, *v. a.* to repay, to repair loss or expence

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shīrt—

Reimpression, rē-ŷn-prēsh'-ŷn, *s.* a repeated impression

Rein, rē-ā'ne, *s.* part of a bridle—*v. a.* to curb, to restrain

Reindeer, rā'n-dēre, *s.* a species of northern deer

Reins, rā'nz, *s.* the kidneys, the lower part of the back [anew

Reinspire, rē-ŷn-spīre, *v. a.* to inspire

Reinstal, rē-ŷn-stāl', *v. a.* to put again in possession [to its former state

Reinstate, rē-ŷn-stā'te, *v. a.* to restore

Reinvest, rē-ŷn-vest', *v. a.* to invest anew

Rejoice, rē-dzhō'ys, *v. n.* to be glad, to exult, to gladden

Rejoin, rē-dzhō'ŷn, *v. a.* to join again, to meet again, to reply to an answer

Rejoinder, rē-dzhō'ŷn-dér, *s.* reply to an answer [again and again

Reiterate, rē-ŷt'-ēr-āte, *v. a.* to repeat

Reiteration, rē-ŷt'-ēr-ā-shŷn, *s.* repetition [mine

Rejudge, rē-dzhūdzh', *v. a.* to re-examine

Rekindle, rē-kīn'd'l, *v. a.* to set on fire again

Relapse, rē-lāp'se, *v. n.* to fall back into vice and error—*s.* a fall back into vice or sickness

Relate, rē-lā'te, *v. a.* to tell, to recite, —*v. n.* to have reference

Relation, rē-lā-shŷn, *s.* reference, kindred, a narration

Relative, rē-lā'tīv, *a.* having relation, respecting—*s.* a relation, a kinsman

Relax, rē-lāks', *v. a.* to slaken, to remit —*v. n.* to be mild or remiss

Relaxation, rē-lāks-ā-shŷn, *s.* diminution of tension or rigour, remission of attention or application

Relay, rē-lā', *s.* horses placed on the road to relieve others

Release, rē-lē'se, *v. a.* to set free, to let go—*s.* dismissal from confinement, &c. [exile

Relegate, rē-lē-gāte, *v. a.* to banish, to

Relegation, rē-lē-gā-shŷn, *s.* judicial banishment, exile

Relent, rē-lēnt', *v. n.* to soften, to feel compassion, to slacken [ing

Relevant, rē-lē-vēnt, *a.* relieving, aid-

Reliance, rē-lē-ēns, *s.* trust, dependance, confidence

Relics, rē-līks, *s.* remains of dead bodies

Relict, rē-līkt, *s.* a widow

Relief, rē-līf, *s.* relieve, help, succour

Relieve, rē-līv, *v. a.* to assist, to succour, to ease, to change a guard

Relievo, rē-līv-ō, *s.* the prominence of a figure or picture

Religion, rē-līdzh'-ōn, *s.* the system of faith and worship

Religionist, rē-līdzh'-ō-nŷt, *s.* a bigot to any religion [vout, exact, strict

Religious, rē-līdzh'-ūs, *a.* pious, de-

Relinquish, rē-līng'-kwīsh, *v. a.* to forsake, to quit

Relish, rē-līsh, *s.* a taste, liking, just enough to taste—*v. a.* to give taste to—*v. n.* to have a flavour [rent

Relucēt, rē-lū-sēnt, *a.* shining, transpa-

Reluctant, rē-lūk'-tēnt, *a.* unwilling, acting with repugnance

Relume, rē-lū'me, or Relumine, rē-lū'm-ŷn, *v. a.* to light anew

Rely, rē-lī', *v. n.* to put trust in, to depend upon

Remain, rē-mā'ne, *v. n.* to be left, to continue, to endure—*v. a.* to await, to be left to—*s. pl.* relics, a dead body [remains

Remainder, rē-mā'ne-dér, *s.* what is left, Remand, rē-mā'nd, *v. a.* to send or call back

Remark, rē-mā'rk, *s.* observation, note, notice taken—*v. a.* to note, to observe, to point out

Remediate, rē-mē-dyēt, *a.* medicinal, affording a remedy

Remedy, rē-mē-dī, *s.* a medicine, a cure, what counteracts any evil, reparation—*v. a.* to cure, to repair or remove mischief

Remember, rē-mēm'-ber, *v. a.* to bear in or call to mind, to recollect

Remembrance, rē-mēm'-brēns, *s.* retention in memory, recollection

Remembrancer, rē-mēm'-brēn-sér, *s.* one that reminds [back again

Remigrate, rē-mī-grāte, *v. n.* to remove

Remigration, rē-mī-grā-shŷn, *s.* a removal back again

Remind, rē-mī'nd, *v. a.* to put in mind

Reminiscence, rē-mī'n-ŷs'-ēns, *s.* the power of recollecting, recovery of ideas [tense, negligent

Remiss, rē-mī's', *a.* slothful, not in-

Remissible, rē-mī's'-sīb'l, *a.* admitting forgiveness [release, pardon

Remission, rē-mīsh'-ŷn, *s.* abatement,

Remit, rē-mīt, *v.* to relax, to forgive, to send money to a distant place, to slacken

Remittance, rē-mīt'-tēns, *s.* a sum sent to a distant place

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, thus, rýe—hick.

- Remnant, rêm'-nént, *a.* remaining, yet left [strong representation]
- Remonstrance, rêm-môns'-trêns, *s.* a Remonstrate, rêm-môns'-trâte, *v. n.* to show reasons against [a fish]
- Remora, rêm'-ô-râ, *s.* a let or obstacle, Remorate, rêm'-ô-râte, *v. a.* to hinder, to delay
- Remorse, rêm-mô'rs, *s.* pain of guilt, anguish of a guilty conscience
- Remote, rêm-mô'te, *a.* distant in time or place, foreign
- Remotion, rêm-mô'-shûn, *s.* the act of removing or being removed
- Removal, rêm-mô'v-âl, *s.* a dismissing or being dismissed from a post, &c.
- Remove, rêm-mô've, *v. a.* to put from its place, to change place, to go from place to place
- Removed, rêm mô'vd, *part.* remote, separate from others
- Remount, rêm-môû'nt, *v. n.* to mount again [reward, to requite]
- Remunerate, rêm-mû'-nér-âte, *v. a.* to Remuneration, rêm-mû'-nér-â'-shûn, *s.* reward, requital
- Remunerative, rêm-mû'-nér-â'-tív, *a.* giving rewards, &c.
- Renard, rên'-árd, *s.* the name of a fox
- Renascent, rên-nâs'-ént, *a.* rising again into being [be produced again]
- Renascible, rên-nâs'-ýb'l, *a.* possible to
- Rencounter, rên-kôû'n-tér, *s.* a personal opposition, casual engagement, &c.—*v. n.* to clash, to fight hand to hand
- Rend, rënd', *v. a.* to tear with violence
- Render, rên'-dér, *v. a.* to restore, to repay, to translate
- Rendezvous, rân'-dê-vô, *s.* a meeting or place appointed—*v. n.* to meet at a place appointed [yielding]
- Rendition, rên-dýsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of
- Renegade, rên'-ê-gâde, or Renegado, rên-ê-gâ'-dô, *s.* an apostate
- Renew, rên-nû', *v. a.* to make new, to repeat, to begin again
- Renewal, rên-nû'-âl, *s.* act of renewing, renovation [posing]
- Renitent, rên-nî-tént, *a.* resisting, op-
- Rennet, rên'-nét, *s.* an ingredient for coagulating milk, a kind of apple
- Renovate, rên'-ô-vâte, *v. a.* to renew, to restore
- Renovation, rên-ô-vâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of renewing, renewal
- Renounce, rên-nôû'ns, *v. a.* to disown, Renown, rên-nôw'n, *s.* fame, celebrity
- Renowned, rên-nôw'nd, *part. a.* famous, eminent
- Rent, rënt', *pret.* and *part. of* Rend—*s.* a laceration, money paid for house or land—*v. a.* to tear, to hold by paying rent [of rents]
- Rental, rënt'-âl, *s.* schedule or account
- Rentcharge, rënt'-tshárdzh, *s.* a charge on an estate [ing rent]
- Renter, rënt'-ér, *s.* he that holds by pay-
- Rentroll, rënt-rô'wl, *s.* a list of rents
- Renumerate, rên-nû'-mér-âte, *v. a.* to pay back
- Renunciation, rên-nûn-shyâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of renouncing [again]
- Reordain, rê-ôr-dâ'ne, *v. a.* to ordain
- Reordination, rê-ôr-dý-nâ'-shûn, *s.* repetition of ordination
- Repaid, rê-pâ'de, *part. of* Repay
- Repair, rê-pâ're, *v. a.* to mend—*s.* reparation, supply of loss
- Reparable, rêp'-âr-éb'l, *a.* that may be repaired or amended
- Reparation, rêp'-âr-â'-shûn, *s.* the act of repairing, amends [amends]
- Reparative, rêp'-âr-â'-tív, *s.* what makes
- Repartee, rêp'-âr-tê', *s.* smart reply—*v. n.* to make sharp replies
- Repass, rê-pâ's, *v.* to pass again or back
- Repast, rê-pâ'st, *s.* a meal, food
- Repay, rê-pâ', *v. a.* to recompence, to requite, to pay back
- Repayment, rê-pâ'-mënt, *s.* sum or thing repaid, act of repaying
- Repeal, rê-pê'le, *v. a.* to abrogate, to revoke—*s.* abrogation
- Repeat, rê-pê'te, *v. a.* to do or try again, to rehearse [over]
- Repeatedly, rê-pê't-êd-lý, *ad.* over and
- Repeater, rê-pê't'-ér, *s.* one that repeats, a watch that strikes the hours
- Repel, rê-pê'l', *v.* to drive back, to act with contrary force
- Repellent, rê-pê'l'-lënt, *s.* what has a repelling power
- Repent, rê-pënt, *v.* to be sincerely sorry, remember with sorrow
- Repentance, rê-pënt'-éns, *s.* sorrow for sin or for any past act
- Repentant, rê-pënt'-ânt, *a.* sorrowful, or expressing sorrow for the past
- Repeople, rê-pê'p'l, *v. a.* to people or stock anew [bounding]
- Repercussive, rê-pêr-kús'-ýv, *a.* re-
- Repository, rê-pê'r-tô'r-ý, *s.* a treasury, a book of records



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mê, hēr—chŭn, chŭne, field, shŭrt—

- Repetition**, rě-pě-tŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* a recital, rehearsing [contented]
- Repine**, rě-pi'ne, *v. n.* to fret, to be dissatisfied
- Replace**, rě-plă'se, *v. a.* to put again in place
- Replant**, rě-plănt', *v. a.* to plant anew
- Replead**, rě-plě'de, *v. a.* to plead a second time to the same thing
- Replenish**, rě-plěn'-ish, *v.* to fill, to finish, to be stocked [filled]
- Replete**, rě-plě'te, *a.* full, completely
- Repletion**, rě-plě'-shŭn, *s.* a being over full
- Replevin**, rě-plěv'-ŭn, *or* **Replevy**, rě-plěv'-y, *v. a.* to release goods distrained [bound, a reply]
- Replication**, rěp-lŭ-kă'-shŭn, *s.* a reply
- Reply**, rě-plŭ'y, *v. n.* to answer, to return for an answer—*s.* an answer
- Report**, rě-pŏrt', *v. a.* to noise by rumour, to tell, to relate of—*s.* rumour, report, account returned
- Reporter**, rě-pŏrt'-ér, *s.* one who reports
- Repose**, rě-pŏ'ze, *v.* to lay to rest, to place as in confidence or trust—*s.* sleep, rest, quiet, peace
- Reposit**, rě-pŏz'-it, *v. a.* to lodge in a place of safety [replacing]
- Reposition**, rě-pŏ-zŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of repositing
- Repository**, rě-pŏz'-ŭt-ŏr-y, *s.* a place where any thing is safely laid up, a warehouse [again]
- Repossess**, rě-pŏz-zěs', *v. a.* to possess
- Reprehend**, rěp-rě-hěnd', *v. a.* to reprove, to chide, to blame
- Reprehensible**, rěp-rě-hěn'-sŭb'l, *a.* that may be blamed or censured
- Reprehension**, rěp-rě-hěn'-shŭn, *s.* reproof, open blame [to reproof]
- Reprehensiv**, rěp-rě-hěn'-sŭv, *a.* given
- Represent**, rěp-rě-zěnt, *v. a.* to exhibit, to show, to describe, to fill the place of another
- Representation**, rěp-rě-zěnt-tă'-shŭn, *s.* an image, description
- Representative**, rěp-rě-zěnt'-ă-tŭv, *a.* bearing the character or power of another [due]
- Repress**, rě-prěs, *v. a.* to crush, to subdue
- Repression**, rě-prěsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of repressing [ing to repress]
- Repressive**, rě-prěs'-ŭv, *a.* able or tending to repress
- Reprieve**, rě-prŭ'v, *v. a.* to respite from punishment—*s.* a respite
- Reprimand**, rěp-rŭ-mă'nd, *v. a.* to chide, to reprove [prehesion]
- Reproof**, rěp-rŭ-mă'nd, *s.* reproof, re-
- Reprint**, rě-prŭ'nt, *v. a.* to print again
- Reprisal**, rě-prŭ'-zăl, *s.* something seized by way of retaliation
- Reproach**, rěp-rŭ'ŭtsh, *v. a.* to censure, to upbraid—*s.* censure, infamy, shame
- Reprobate**, rěp-rŭ-bět, *a.* lost to virtue, abandoned—*s.* a wretch abandoned to wickedness [low, to reject]
- Reprobate**, rěp-rŭ-bäte, *v. a.* to disapprove
- Reprobation**, rěp-rŭ-bă'-shŭn, *s.* the act of abandoning, or a being abandoned to destruction [rebuke]
- Reproof**, rě-pŭ'ŭfe, *s.* blame to one's face
- Reprove**, rě-prŭ've, *v. a.* to blame, to censure, to chide
- Reptile**, rěp'-tŭl, *s.* an animal that creeps upon many feet, a mean person
- Republic**, rě-plŭb'-lŭc, *s.* a commonwealth, a government having several heads
- Republican**, rě-pŭb-lŭ-kă'n, *a.* placing the government in the people—*s.* one who thinks a commonwealth without monarchy the best government
- Repudiate**, rě-pŭ'-dyäte, *v. a.* to divorce, to put away [vorce, a rejection]
- Repudiation**, rě-pŭ-dyă'-shŭn, *s.* a disavowal
- Repugnant**, rě-pŭg-něnt, *a.* disobedient, reluctant, contrary
- Repulse**, rě-pŭls', *a.* a being driven off or put aside—*v. a.* to beat back, to drive off [off from itself]
- Repulsion**, rě-pŭl'-shŭn, *s.* act of driving off
- Repulsive**, rě-pŭl'-sŭv, *or* **Repulsory**, rě-pŭl'-sŏr-y, *a.* having power to beat back [of good repute]
- Reputable**, rěp-ŭ-těb'l, *a.* not infamous
- Reputation**, rěp-ŭ-tă'-shŭn, *s.* credit, honour, merit
- Repute**, rě-pŭ'te, *v. a.* to hold, to account, to think—*s.* character, reputation, established opinion
- Request**, rě-kwěst', *s.* a petition, demand, credit—*v. a.* to solicit, to entreat, to petition
- Requiem**, rě-kwŭ'-ēm, *s.* an hymn or prayer for the dead
- Require**, rě-kwŭ're, *v. a.* to demand, to make necessary, to need [needful]
- Requisite**, rěk'-wŭz-ŭt, *a.* necessary
- Requisition**, rěk-wŭ-zŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* authoritative demand, claim, request
- Requit**, rě-kwŭt'-ăl, *s.* a retaliation, a recompence
- Requite**, rě-kwŭ'te, *v. a.* to repay, to recompence

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—truly, rŷe—thus, thick.

Rereward, rē're-wārd, *s.* rear of an army, last troop

Resale, rē-sā'le, *s.* sale at second hand

Rescind, rē-sīnd', *v. a.* to cut off, to abrogate a law [an abrogation]

Rescission, rē-sīzh'kshn, *s.* a cutting off,

Rescribe, rē-skrī'be, *v. a.* to write back or over again [emperor]

Rescript, rē-skrīpt, *s.* the edict of an

Rescue, rēs'-kū, *v. a.* to set free from danger or confinement—*s.* deliverance from danger or confinement

Research, rē-sérts'h', *s.* a strict enquiry, a search [ness, similitude]

Resemblance, rē-zēm'blēns, *s.* a like-

Resemble, rē-zēmb'b'l, *v. a.* to compare, to be like

Resent, rē-zēnt', *v. a.* to take as an affront, &c. [injury, anger]

Resentment, rē-zēnt-mēnt, *s.* sense of

Reservation, rēz-ér-vā-shūn, *s.* reserve, something kept back

Reservatory, rē-zér'-vā-tór-ŷ, *s.* place where any thing is reserved

Reserve, rē-zérv', *v. a.* to keep in store, to retain—*s.* something kept for exigence, an exception, modesty

Reserved, rē-zérvd', *a.* modest, sullen, not frank [tory of water, a store]

Reservoir, rēz-ér-vōir, *s.* a conserva-

Reside, rē-zīde, *v. n.* to live in a place, to subsīde [dwelling]

Residence, rēz'-ŷ-dēns, *s.* place of abode,

Resident, rēs'-ŷ-dēnt, *a.* dwelling—*s.* an agent or public minister

Residentiary, rēs'-ŷ-dēn'-shár-ŷ, *a.* holding residence

Residual, rē-sīd'-ū-āl, or Residuary, rē-sīd'-ū-ár-ŷ, *a.* relating to the residue

Residue, rēs'-ŷ-dū, *s.* remaining part, what is left

Residuum, rē-sīd'-ū-ūm, *s.* what is left after distribution [to submit]

Resign, rē-zī'ne, *v.* to give or yield up,

Resign, rē'-sine, *v. a.* to sign again

Resignation, rēs'-ŷg-nā'-shūn, *s.* a resigning, a submission [springing back]

Resilient, rē-sīl'-yēnt, *a.* starting or

Resin, rēz'-ŷn, or Rosin, rōz'-ŷn, *s.* the fat sulphureous part of some vegetables, &c. [containing resin]

Resinous, rēz'-ŷn-ūs, *a.* consisting of or

Resist, rē-zīst', *v.* to oppose, to act against [act of resisting]

Resistance, rē-zīst'-tēns, *s.* opposition,

Resistibility, rē-zīst'-ŷbīl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* quality of resisting

Resistible, rē-zīst'-ŷb'l, *a.* that which may be resisted

Resistless, rē-zīst'-lēś, *a.* what cannot be resisted [be melted]

Resoluble, rē-sō-lūb'l, *a.* that which may

Resolve, rē-zōlv', *v.* to inform, to solve, to melt, to analyse, to determine—*s.* fixed determination, resolution

Resolved, rē-zōlv'-ēd, *part. a.* firm, constant [to dissolve]

Resolvent, rē-zōlv'-vēnt, *s.* having power

Resolute, rēs'-ō-lūte, *a.* determined, firm, steady

Resolution, rēs'-ō-lū'-shūn, *s.* the act of clearing difficulties, dissolution, fixed determination, firmness [echoing]

Resonant, rēs'-ō-nēnt, *a.* resounding,

Resorb, rē-sōrb', *v. a.* to suck back, to swallow up again [ing up again]

Resorption, rē-sōrp'-shūn, *s.* a swallow-

Resort, rē-zōrt', *v. n.* to have recourse

to, to visit, to repair to—*s.* a meeting, assembly, concourse

Resound, rē-zōū'nd, *v.* to echo, to celebrate, to return sounds [again]

Resound, rē'-sōū'nd, *v. a.* to sound

Resource, rē-sōrs', *s.* a resort, an expedient

Respect, rē-spēkt', *v. a.* to regard. to have relation to—*s.* regard, reverence, consideration

Respective, rē-spēk'-tīv, *a.* particular, relative

Respersion, rēs-pér'-shūn, *s.* the act of sprinkling

Respiration, rēs-pŷ'-rā'-shūn, *s.* the act of breathing, relief from toil

Respire, rē-spī're, *v. n.* to breathe, to rest from toil

Respite, rēs'-pīt, *s.* suspension of a capital sentence, interval—*v. a.* to suspend, to delay

Resplendent, rē-splēn'-dēnt, *a.* bright, shining

Respond, rē-spōnd', *v. n.* to answer, to correspond

Respondent, rē-spōnd'-ēnt, *a.* one who answers in a suit

Response, rē-spōns', *s.* an alternate answer, a reply

Responsible, rē-spōns'-ŷb'l, *a.* answerable, accountable

Responsion, rē-spōn'-shūn, *s.* the act of answering

Responsive, rē-spōns'-ŷv, or Respon-

sory, rē-spōn'-sór-ŷ, *a.* answering

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chŭne, fĭeld, shĭrt.—

Rest, rĕst', *s.* sleep, repose, quiet, peace, support, what remains—*a.* others, those not included—*v. n.* to sleep, to die, to be still, to cease from labour, to lean, to remain—*v. a.* to lay to rest, to place as on a support

Restagnant, rĕ-stăg'-nĕnt, *a.* remaining without flow, &c. [without flow

Restagnate, rĕ-stăg'-năte, *v. n.* to stand

Restagnation, rĕ-stăg-nă'-shŭn, *s.* state of standing without flow or motion

Restauration, rĕ-stă'-ră'-shŭn, *s.* the act of recovering to the former state

Restem, rĕ-stĕm", *v. a.* to force against the current [of restoring

Restitution, rĕs-tĭ-tŭ'-shŭn, *s.* the act

Restive, rĕs-tĭf, *a.* unwilling to stir, stubborn [ing in a former state

Restoration, rĕs-tō-ră'-shŭn, *s.* a replacement

Restorative, rĕ-stō'-ră-tĭv, *a.* able to recruit life, &c.

Restore, rĕs-tō're, *v. a.* to give or bring back, to retrieve, to recover

Restrain, rĕs-tră'ne, *v. a.* to withhold, to repress, to limit [liberty, &c.

Restraint, rĕs-tră'nt, *s.* an abridgment of

Restrict, rĕs-trĭkt', *v. a.* to limit, to confine [ment, limitation

Restriction, rĕs-trĭk'-shŭn, *s.* confine-

Restrictive, rĕs-trĭk'-tĭv, *a.* expressing limitation [bind, confine

Restringe, rĕ strĭndzh, *v. a.* to limit, to

Restringent, rĕ-strĭndzh'-ĕnt, *s.* having power to bind [still

Resty, rĕs-tŷ, *a.* obstinate in standing

Result, rĕ-zŭlt', *v. n.* to fly back, to rise—*s.* a flying back, consequence

Resume, rĕ-zŭ'me, *v. a.* to take back, to begin again [of resuming

Resumption, rĕ-zŭmp'-shŭn, *s.* the act

Resumptive, rĕ-zŭmp'-tĭv, *a.* taking back [from the dead

Resurrection, rĕz-ŭr-rĕk'-shŭn, *s.* revival

Resussitate, rĕ-sŭs'-sŷ-tăte, *v. a.* to rise up anew, to revive

Resuscitation, rĕ-sŭs-sŷ-tă'-shŭn, *s.* a reviving or being revived

Retail, rĕ-tă'le, *v. a.* to divide into or sell in small parcels or at second hand—*s.* sale by small quantities

Retain, rĕ-tă'ne, *v. a.* to keep, to hire

Retaiate, rĕ-tăl'-yăte, *v. a.* to repay, to requite

Retaliation, rĕ-tăl-yă'-shŭn, *s.* return of like for like

Retardation, rĕ-tăr-dă'-shŭn, *s.* the act of delaying

Retch, rĕtsh', *v. n.* to strain, to vomit

Retention, rĕ-tĕn'-shŭn, *s.* act of retaining, memory, custody [to retain

Retentive, rĕ-tĕn'-tĭv, *a.* having power

Reticular, rĕ-tĭk'-ŭ-lăr, or Retiform, rĕ-tĭ-fŏrm, *a.* having the form of a net [network

Reticulated, rĕ-tĭk'-ŭ-lă-tĕd, *a.* made of

Retinue, rĕt'-ĭn-ŭ, *s.* a train of attendants [draw

Retire, rĕ-tĭ're, *v. n.* to retreat, to withdraw

Retired, rĕ-tĭrd, *part.* secret, solitary, private [private abode

Retirement, rĕ-tĭ're-mĕnt, *s.* private life,

Retort, rĕ-tŏrt, *v. a.* to throw back, to return an argument or censure—*s.* a censure returned, a chymical glass vessel

Retoss, rĕ-tŏs', *v. a.* to toss back

Retouch, rĕ-tŭtsh', *v. a.* to improve by new touches

Retrace, rĕ-tră'se, *v. a.* to trace back

Retract, rĕ-trăkt', *v.* to recall, to recant, to unsay [tation

Retraction, rĕ-trăk'-shŭn, *s.* a recanting

Retraction, rĕ-trăk'-shŭn, *s.* a withdrawing a claim or something advanced

Retreat, rĕ-trĕ'te, *s.* a place of retirement or security, a retiring before a superior force—*v. n.* to take shelter, to retire

Retrench, rĕ-trĕnsh', *v. n.* to cut off, to confine, to live more sparingly

Retribute, rĕ-trĭb'-ŭte, *v. a.* to pay back

Retribution, rĕt-rĭ-bŭ'-shŭn, *s.* a repayment

Retributive, rĕ-trĭb'-ŭ-tĭv, or Retributory, rĕ-trĭb'-ŭ-tŏr-ŷ, *a.* repaying

Retrieve, rĕ-trĭ've, *v. a.* to recover, to repair, to regain [of going back

Retrocession, rĕ-trŏ-sĕsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act

Retroduction, rĕ-trŏ-dŭk'-shŭn, *s.* act of leading or bringing back

Retrograde, rĕt-rŏ-grăde, *a.* going backward, opposite—*v. n.* to go backward

Retrogression, rĕ-trŏ-grĕsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of going backwards

Retrospect, rĕ-trŏ-spĕkt, *s.* a look thrown upon things behind or things past

Retrospection, rĕ-trŏ-spĕk'-shŭn, *s.* a looking backwards

Retrospective, rĕ-trŏ-spĕk'-tĭv, *a.* looking back

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Return, rē-tŭrn', *v. n.* to come or go back, to revisit, to retort—*v. a.* to give or send back, to transmit—*s.* act of returning, profit, relapse
- Reveal, rē-vēle, *v. a.* to disclose, to make known [loose and noisy feast
- Revel, rēv'-yl, *v. n.* to carouse—*s.* a Revelation, rēv-ē-lā'-shŭn, *s.* a discovery, a communication of sacred truths
- Revering, rēv'-ēl-lŷng, *s.* feasting with noisy mirth [tīve mirth
- Revelry, rēv'-yl-rŷ, *s.* loose jollity, festivity
- Revenge, rē-vēndzh', *v. a.* to return an injury or affront—*s.* a return of an injury or affront
- Revenue, rēv'-ē-nŭ, or rē-vēn'-ŭ, *s.* an income, annual profits
- Reverb, rē-verb', *v. a.* to rebound, to reverberate [ing, beating back
- Reverberant, rē-verb'-ēr-ēnt, *a.* resounding
- Reverberate, rē-verb'-ēr-ātē, *v. a.* to beat back [returning, beating back
- Reverberatory, rē-verb'-ēr-ā-tōr'-y, *a.* reverberating
- Revere, rē-vēre, *v. a.* to reverence, to regard with awe
- Reverence, rēv'-ēr-ēns, *s.* veneration, respect, a bow or courtesy—*v. a.* to venerate
- Reverend, rēv'-ēr-ēnd, *a.* deserving reverence—*s.* the honorary title of the clergy [pressing veneration
- Reverent, rēv'-ēr-ēnt, *a.* humble, expressing reverence [tence
- Reversal, rē-vērs'-āl, *s.* change of sense
- Reverse, rē-vērs', *v. a.* to subvert, to repeal—*s.* change, vicissitude, the opposite side [may be reversed
- Reversible, rē-vērs'-ybl', *a.* that which can be reversed
- Reversion, rē-vērs'-ŭn, *s.* right of succession [enjoyed in succession
- Reversionary, rē-vērs'-ŭn-ār'-y, *a.* to be reversed
- Revert, rē-vért', *v.* to change, to return
- Revertible, rē-vért'-ybl', *a.* that may be returned [causing to return
- Revertive, rē-vért'-y, *a.* returning back
- Reverie, rēv'-ēr'-y, *s.* loose musing, irregular thought [life
- Reviction, rē-vŷk'-shŭn, *s.* a return to review
- Review, rē-vŷ', *v. a.* to see or examine again, to survey—*s.* a survey, re-examination [abuse, to vilify
- Reville, rē-vŷle, *v. a.* to reproach, to revile
- Revisal, rē-vŷz'-āl, *s.* a re-examination
- Revise, rē-vŷze, *v. a.* to review, overlook—*s.* a second proof of a sheet corrected
- Revision, rē-vŷzh'-ŭn, *s.* review, re-examination
- Revisit, rē-vŷz'-yt, *v. a.* to visit again
- Revival, rē-vŷve'-āl, *s.* a recall from obscurity, &c.
- Revive, rē-vŷve, *v. n.* to return to life or vigour—*v. a.* to bring to life again, to raise from languor or oblivion, to renew, to rouse
- Reunion, rē-ŭ-nŷ-ŭn, *s.* return to a state of cohesion or concord
- Reunite, rē-ŭ-nŷte, *v. a.* to join again
- Revocable, rē-vō'-kēb'l, *a.* that may be recalled
- Revocation, rēv-ō-kā'-shŭn, *s.* a recalling or being recalled, a repeal
- Revoke, rē-vōke, *v. a.* to repeal, to reverse, to recall
- Revolt, rē-vōlt', *v.* to change sides, to desert—*s.* desertion, change of sides
- Revolve, rē-vōlv', *v. n.* to roll round, to perform a revolution, to devolve, to consider
- Revolution, rēv-ō-lŷ-shŭn, *s.* change in government or country, rotation, a turning motion
- Revulsion, rē-vŷlsh'-ŭn, *s.* the turning of a flux of humour from one part of the body to another
- Reward, rē-wārd, *v. a.* to repay, to recompense—*s.* recompence, punishment
- Rhapsodical, rāp-sōd'-ŷk-āl, *a.* composed after the manner of a rhapsody
- Rhapsodist, rāp-sō'-dŷst, *s.* a writer of rhapsody
- Rhapsody, rāp'-sō-dŷ, *s.* irregular and unconnected writing
- Rhenish, rēn'-ŷsh, *s.* wine from the banks of the Rhine
- Rhetoric, rēt'-ŭr-ŷk, *s.* art of persuasion, oratory, art of speaking with eloquence [rhetoric
- Rhetorical, rē-tŭr'-ŷk-āl, *a.* pertaining to rhetoric
- Rhetoricate, rē-tŭr'-ŷk-āte, *v. n.* to play the orator [from the mouth, &c.
- Rheum, rūme, *s.* thin watery matter
- Rheumatic, rū-māt'-ŷk, *a.* of the nature of or affected with the rheumatism
- Rheumatism, rū-mā-tŷzm, *s.* a painful distemper supposed to proceed from acrid humours [ture
- Rheumy, rū-mŷ, *a.* full of sharp moisture
- Rhinoceros, rŷ-nŭs'-ē-rŭs, *s.* a large beast armed in the East with a horn on his nose



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mê, hér—chŷn, chine, fiêld, zhîrt—

Rhomb, róm'b', *s.* a quadrangular figure  
Rhombic, róm'-bík, *a.* shaped like a rhomb [proaching to a rhomb

Rhomboid, róm'-bô'ide, *s.* a figure ap-  
proaching to a rhomb  
Rhombus, róm-bûs, *s.* a square figure  
put out of its natural position

Rhubarb, rû'-bârb, *s.* a medicinal purga-  
tive root

Rhyme, rŷme, *s.* the consonance of  
verses, poetry—*v. n.* to agree in  
sound, to make verses

Rythmical, rŷth'-mŷk ăl, *a.* harmoni-  
cal, musical [of timber in ships

Rib, rŷb', *s.* a bone in the body, a piece

Ribald, rŷb'-ăld, *s.* a loose mean wretch

Ribaldry, rŷb'-ăld' rŷ, *s.* mean low lan-  
guage [fillet of silk

Riband, rŷb'-ăn, or Ribbon, rŷb'-ôn, *s.* a

Rice, rŷse, *s.* a kind of esculent grain

Rich, rŷtsh', *a.* wealthy, precious, co-  
pious, fertile [possession

Riches, rŷtsh'-éz, *s.* plenty of money or

Rick, rŷk', *s.* a pile of corn or hay

Rickets, rŷk'-ĕts, *s.* a distemper of the  
joints in children [rickets

Rickety, rŷk'-ĕt'ŷ, *a.* diseased with the

Rid, rŷd', *pret. of Ride*—*v. a.* to set  
free, to clear, to drive away

Riddance, rŷd'-dĕns, *s.* freedom from  
a pressing incumbrance

Ridden, *part. of Ride*

Riddle, rŷd'l, *s.* a puzzling question, a  
coarse open sieve—*v. a.* to solve, to  
unriddle, to sift by a coarse sieve

Ride, rŷde, *v. n.* to travel on horse-  
back, &c.

Ridge, rŷdzh', *s.* the upper part of a  
slope, &c. ground thrown up by the  
plough

Ridgy, rŷdzh'-ŷ, *a.* rising in a ridge

Ridicule, rŷd'-ŷ-kûle, *s.* wit that pro-  
vokes laughter and contempt—*v. a.*  
to expose to laughter and contempt

Ridiculous, rŷd'-ŷk-û-lús, *a.* fit to be  
laughed at [an officer

Riding, rŷ-dŷng, *s.* a district visited by

Ridotto, rŷ-dô't-tô, *s.* entertainment of  
music, &c.

Rife, rŷfe, *a.* prevalent, abounding

Riffraff, rŷf'-răf, *s.* refuse of any thing

Rifle, rŷf'l, *v. a.* to rob, to plunder, to  
pillage [cleave, to split

Rift, rŷft', *s.* a cleft, a breath—*v.*

Rig, rŷg', *v. a.* to dress, to fit with tackling

Rigadoon, rŷg'-ă-dô'ne, *s.* particular step  
in a dance [ling of a ship

Rigging, rŷg'-ŷng, *s.* the ropes or tack-

Riggish, rŷg'-ŷsh, *a.* wanton, lewd,  
whorish

Riggle, rŷgl', *v. a.* to wriggle

Right, rŷte, *a.* fit, suitable, true, just  
straight—*interj.* well, well done—  
*ad.* properly, justly, in truth, very—

*s.* justice, just claim, privilege—*v. a.*  
to relieve from wrong [equitable

Righteous, rŷ-tyûs, *a.* just, virtuous,

Rigid, rŷdzh'-ŷd, *a.* stiff, severe, inflexi-  
ble, cruel [of easy elegance

Rigidity, rŷdzh'-ŷd' ŷt-ŷ, *s.* stiffness, want

Rigorous, rŷg'-ôr-ûs, *a.* severe, allow-  
ing no abatement [ness, hardness

Rigour, rŷg'-ôr, *s.* cold, severity, strict-

Rill, rŷl', or Rillet, rŷl'-lĕt, *s.* a small  
brook or stream

Rim, rŷm', *s.* a border, an edge

Rime, rŷme, *s.* a hoar frost a hole, a chink

Rimple, rŷmp'l', *v. a.* to pucker

Rimy, rŷme-ŷ, *a.* steamy, foggy, misty

Rind, rŷnd, *s.* bark, husk—*v. n.* to  
husk, to bark

Ring, rŷng', *s.* a circle, a number of  
bells, sound—*v. a.* to strike and  
cause to sound, to fit with rings—

*v. n.* to sound as sonorous metal, to  
make music with bells

Ringdove, rŷng'-dôv, *s.* a kind of pigeon

Ringleader, rŷng'-lĕd-ér, *s.* the head of  
a mob or riot [cle, a curl

Ringlet, rŷng'-lĕt, *s.* a small ring, a cir-

Ringstreaked, rŷng strĕkt', *a.* circularly  
streaked

Ringtale, rŷng'-tăle, *s.* a kind of kite

Ringworm, rŷng'-wôrm, *s.* a circular  
tetter

Rinse, rŷns', *v. a.* to cleanse by wash-  
ing, to wash the soap out of the  
clothes

Riot, rŷ-ôt, *s.* sedition, an uproar—*v. n.*  
to revel, to be tumultuous, to raise  
sedition or uproar [lent

Riotous, rŷ-ôt-ûs, *a.* licentious, turbu-

Rip, rŷp', *v. a.* to tear, to cut asunder,  
to disclose [the bank of a river

Riparious, rŷ-păr-yûs, *a.* belonging to

Ripe, rŷpe, *a.* mature, complete, finish-  
ed—*v.* to ripen

Ripen, rŷp'n, *v.* to grow or make ripe

Ripple, rŷp'l', *v. n.* to lave or wash  
lightly over the face

Rise, rŷze, *v. n.* to get up, to grow, to  
swell, to make insurrections, to in-  
crease in price—*s.* act of rising, as-

cent, increase of price, original

Risen, rŷz'n, *part. of Rise*

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Risibility, rī-sī-bīl'-īt-ŷ, *s.* the quality of laughing [laughter

Risible, rī-sīb'l, *a.* ridiculous, exciting

Rising, rīz'-īng, *s.* an elevation, an advance of value, a tumultuous assembly—*prep.* elevating, getting above the horizon

Risk, rīsk', *s.* hazard, danger—*v. a.* to hazard, to put to chance

Rite, rī'te, *s.* a solemn act of religion

Ritual, rīt'-û-āl, *a.* solemnly ceremonious—*s.* a book of religious ceremonies

Rival, rī-vāl, *s.* a competitor—*a.* standing in competition, emulous—*v. a.* to stand in competition, to oppose, to emulate [lation

Rivalry, rī-vāl-rŷ, *s.* competition, emu-

Rive, rī've, *v. a.* to split, to cleave

Rivel, rīv'l, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles

Riven, rīv'n, *part. of* Rive

River, rīv'-ér, *s.* a land current of water larger than a brook [codile

River-dragon, rīv'-ér-drăg'-ôn, *s.* a cro-

Rivet, rīv'-ēt, *s.* a fastening pin clenched at both ends—*v. a.* to fasten with rivets [brook

Rivulet, rīv'-û-lēt, *s.* a small river, a

Rixdollar, rīks'-dôl-lār, *s.* a German coin value 4s. 6d.

Roach, rō'tsh, *s.* a fish [ling, a path

Road, rō'dē, *s.* a large way for travel-

Roam, rō'me, *v.* to wander, to ramble, to rove [spotted

Roan, rō'ne, *a.* bay, sorrel, or black

Roar, rō're, *v. n.* to cry as a lion or other wild beast, to make a loud noise—*s.* the cry of a wild beast, &c.

Roast, rō'st, *v. a.* to dress meat before the fire, to banter—*a.* roasted

Rob, rōb', *v. a.* to steal, to plunder

Robber, rōb'-bér, *s.* a thief, a plunderer, one who robs [theft

Robbery, rōb'-bér-ŷ, *s.* violent or private

Robe, rō'be, *s.* a dress of dignity—*v. a.* to dress pompously, to invest

Robin, rōb'-īn, or Robin-red-breast, rōb'-īn-rēd'-brēst, *s.* a bird [ens

Roborant, rōb'-é-ránt, *a.* what strength-

Robust, rō-būst', *a.* strong, vigorous, violent [wild garlic

Rocambole, rōk'-ām-bōle, *s.* a sort of

Roch-alum, rō'tsh-āl-úm, *s.* a pure kind of alum

Rochet, rō-tshēt', *s.* a surplice, name of a fish

Rock, rōk', *s.* a vast mass of stone, a defence—*v. a.* to shake, to move a cradle—*v. n.* to reel to and fro

Rock-salt, rōk'-sâlt, *s.* a mineral salt

Rocket, rōk'-ēt, *s.* an artificial fire-work, a plant [bling a rock, hard

Rocky, rōk'-ŷ, *a.* full of rocks, resem-

Rod, rōd', *s.* a long twig, an instrument for measuring, instrument of correction

Rode, rō'dē, *pret. of* Ride

Rodomontade, rōd-ō-môn'-tâ'dē, *s.* empty noise, bluster, rant

Roe, rō', *s.* a species of deer, the female of the hart, eggs of fish

Rogation, rō-gā'-shūn, *s.* the litany, supplication

Rogation-week, rō-gā'-shūn-wéke, *s.* the week preceding Whitsunday

Rogue, rō'ge, *s.* a vagabond, a knave, a wag [tricks, waggery

Roguery, rō'ge-ér-ŷ, villainy, knavish

Roguish, rōge-ŷsh, *a.* fraudulent, knavish, waggish [to bluster

Roist, rō'ist, *v. n.* to act at discretion

Roll, rō'le, *v.* to move round or in a circle, or like waves, to enwrap—*s.* a rolling or being rolled, a mass made round, a writing rolled upon itself, a register, a chronicle

Roller, rō'le-ér, *s.* any thing turning on its own axis, a bandage

Rollingpin, rō'le-īng-pīn, *s.* a round piece of wood to mould paste, &c.

Rolly-pooly, rō'le-ŷ-pō'le-ŷ, *s.* a sort of childish game

Romage, rōm'-ēdzsh, *s.* a tumult, a bustle

Roman, rō-măn, *a.* belonging to Rome

Romance, rō-măn's, *s.* a fable, a fiction, a lie—*v. n.* to lie, to forge

Romanist, rō-măn-ist, *s.* a papist

Romanize, rō-măn-ize, *v. a.* to latinize

Romantic, rō-măn'-tīk, *a.* wild, improbable, fanciful

Romish, rō'me-ŷsh, *a.* popish

Romp, rōmp', *s.* a rude awkward girl, a rude play—*v. a.* to play rudely or noisily

Rondeau, rōn'-dō, *s.* a kind of ancient poetry

Rood, rō'dē, *s.* the fourth part of an acre in square measure, a pole, the cross

Roof, rō'fe, *s.* the cover of a building, the palate—*v. a.* to cover with a roof

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, sl.irt.—

- Rook**, rôk, *s.* a bird like a crow, a piece at chess, a cheat—*v. n.* to rob, to cheat
- Rookery**, rôk'-ér-ŷ, *s.* a nursery of rooks
- Room**, rôme, *s.* space, chamber, stead, extent
- Roomage**, rô'm-ēdz, *s.* space, place
- Roomy**, rô'm-ŷ, *s.* spacious, wide, large
- Roost**, rô'ste, *s.* a perch on which birds sit to sleep—*v. n.* to sleep as a bird, to lodge
- Root**, rôte, *s.* that part of a plant, &c. which rests in the ground, original, the first cause—*v.* to fix deep in the earth, to impress deeply, to dig up, to extirpate, to take root
- Rooted**, rô't-ēd, *a.* fixed, deep, radical
- Rope**, rôpe, *s.* a thick hempen cord, a halter—*v. n.* to draw out in a line as viscous matter [glutinous]
- Ropy**, rô-pŷ, *a.* viscous, tenacious
- Roquelaure**, rôk'-lór, *s.* a man's cloak
- Rosary**, rô-zár-ŷ, *s.* a bunch of beads on which the Romanists number their prayers [with dew]
- Roscid**, rôs'-ŷd, *a.* dewy, abounding
- Rose**, rôze, *s.* a fragrant flower—*pret.* of Rise [fragrant]
- Roseate**, rô-zyét, *a.* rosy, blooming
- Rosemary**, rôze-mâr-ŷ, *s.* a plant
- Roset**, rô-zēt, *s.* a red colour used by painters
- Rosin**, *see* Resin
- Rostrum**, rôs'-trúm, *s.* the beak of a bird or of a ship, a place to harangue in [charming]
- Rosy**, rô-zŷ, *a.* red, as or like a rose
- Rot**, rôť, *v.* to putrefy—*s.* a distemper among sheep, a putrefaction
- Rotary**, rô-târ-ŷ, *a.* whirling as a wheel
- Rotated**, rô-tâ-tēd, *a.* whirled round
- Rotation**, rô-tâ'-shŷn, *s.* a whirling round, a revolution
- Rote**, rôte, *s.* words uttered by mere memory—*v. a.* to fix in the memory
- Rotgut**, rôť-gŷť, *s.* bad beer [sound]
- Rotten**, rôťn, *a.* putrid, not firm, not
- Rotund**, rô-tŷnd', *a.* round, circular
- Rotundity**, rô-tŷnd'-ŷť-ŷ, *s.* roundness, circularity
- Rotundo**, rô-tŷnd'-ō, *s.* a round building, a Pantheon
- Rove**, rôve, *v.* to ramble, to wander over
- Rouge**, rôzh, *s.* red paint
- Rough**, rŷf', *a.* rugged, harsh, rude, severe, stormy
- Roughcast**, rŷf-kă'sť, *v. a.* to mould without elegance, to plaster with rough mortar
- Roughcast**, rŷf'-kăst, *s.* a rude model, a kind of rough plaster
- Roughdraw**, rŷf'-dră, *v. a.* to draw or trace coarsely [rough]
- Roughen**, rŷf'n, *v.* to make or grow
- Rounceval**, rôŷn'-sē-văł, *s.* a species of pea
- Round**, rôŷnd, *a.* circular, large, plain, brisk, smooth—*s.* a circle, rundle, time in which any thing has passed through all hands and comes back to the first, a revolution, a walk performed to survey a certain district
- Roundabout**, rôŷnd-ă-bôŷť, *a.* ample, circuitous, indirect [cient poetry]
- Roundelay**, rôŷn-dē-lă, *s.* a kind of an-Roundhead, rôŷnd-hēd, *s.* a puritan in Cromwell's time [ble's prison]
- Roundhouse**, rôŷnd-hôŷs, *s.* the consta-
- Roundish**, rôŷnd-ish, *a.* somewhat round
- Rouse**, rôŷz, *v.* to awake from slumber, to excite or be excited to thought or action
- Rout**, rôăť, *s.* a clamorous multitude, the confusion of an army—*v. a.* \* put into confusion by defeat
- Route**, rôŷťe, *s.* road, way
- Row**, rô', *s.* a rank of men or things—*v. n.* to impel or help forward a vessel by oars
- Rowel**, rôw'-él, *s.* the point of a spur, a seton—*v. a.* to keep open by a seton
- Royal**, rôŷ-ăł, *a.* belonging to or becoming a king, regal [a king]
- Royalty**, rôŷ-ăł-ťŷ, *s.* office or state of
- Rub**, rŷb', *v. a.* to clean or smooth, to scour, to move one body upon another—*v. n.* to tret, to get through difficulties—*s.* act of rubbing, obstruction, difficulties
- Rubber**, rŷb'-bér, *s.* one that rubs, an instrument or cloth to rub with, a coarse file, two games out of three
- Rubbish**, rŷb'-ŷsh, *s.* ruins of a building, refuse
- Rubicon**, rŷ-bŷ-kôn, *s.* a pillar so called, a limit of privilege
- Rubicund**, rŷ-bŷ-kŷnd, *a.* inclined to redness
- Rubied**, rŷ-bŷd, *a.* red as a ruby
- Rubiform**, rŷ-bŷ-fôrm, *a.* producing the appearance of red
- Rubify**, rŷ-bŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to make red

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

Rubric, rû-brÿk, *s.* directions printed in books of law and prayer books—*a.* red, making red [a blotch—*a.* red  
 Ruby, rû-bÿ, *s.* a precious red stone,  
 Rudder, rûd'-dér, *s.* the part that steers a ship [mark with ruddle  
 Ruddle, rûd'l, *s.* red oker—*v.* *a.* to Ruddy, rûd'-dÿ, *s.* pale red, yellow  
 Rude, rû'dé, *a.* rough, harsh, ignorant, not elegant, not civil  
 Rudiment, rû-dÿ-mént, *s.* the first principles or beginning, the first part of education [to first principles  
 Rudimental, rû-dÿ-mént'-âl, *a.* relating  
 Rue, rû', *v.* *a.* to grieve for, to lament—*s.* a sort of herb  
 Rueful, rû'-fûl, *a.* mournful, sorrowful  
 Ruelle, rû-êl, *s.* a circle, an assembly at a private house  
 Ruff, rûf', *a.* puckered linen ornament, a small river fish  
 Ruffian, rûf'-fyân, *s.* a brutal fellow, a robber, a murderer—*a.* brutal, savagely boisterous  
 Ruffle, rûfl, *v.* *n.* to disorder, to decompose, to plait—*s.* an ornament for the wrists [coverlet  
 Rug, rûg', *s.* a rough woollen cloth or  
 Rugged, rûg'-êd, *a.* rough, savage of temper, stormy, harsh, shaggy  
 Rugose, rû-gô'se, *a.* full of wrinkles  
 Ruin, rû'-ÿn, *s.* overthrow, destruction, fall, remains of a building—*v.* *a.* to demolish, to destroy, to deprive of felicity or fortune—*v.* *n.* to run to ruin, to be brought to poverty or misery [bring to poverty, &c.  
 Ruinate, rû'-ÿn-âte, *v.* *a.* to subvert, to  
 Ruination, rû'-ÿn-â'-shÿn, *s.* subversion, demolition [pernicious  
 Ruinous, rû'-ÿn-ús, *a.* falling to ruin,  
 Rule, rû'le, *s.* government, sway, regularity—*v.* to govern, to manage, to settle [lasses  
 Rum, rûm', *s.* spirit distilled from mo-  
 Rumble, rûm'b'l, *v.* *a.* to make a hoarse low continued noise  
 Rumbling, rûm'-bling, *s.* hoarse low continued noise [cud  
 Ruminant, rû-mÿ-nént, *a.* chewing the  
 Ruminant, rû-mÿ-nâte, *v.* to chew the cud, to muse  
 Rumination, rû-mÿ-nâ'-shÿn, *s.* a chewing the cud, meditation  
 Rummage, rûm'-médzh, *v.* to search places, to plunder—*s.* active search for things

Rummer, rûm'-mér, *s.* a large glass, a drinking cup  
 Rumour, rû'-mûr, *s.* flying report—*v.* *a.* to report abroad [the buttock  
 Rump, rûmp', *s.* end of the backbone,  
 Rumble, rûmp'l, *v.* *a.* to crush into puckers or creases—*s.* a pucker, a rough plait  
 Run, rûn', *v.* *a.* to move swiftly, to flee, to flow, to melt, to have a course in any direction—*v.* *a.* to melt, to incur, to venture, to smuggle—*s.* act of running, course, flow, continued success  
 Runagate, rûn'-â-gâte, *s.* a fugitive, a coward  
 Runaway, rûn'-â-wâ, *s.* one who flies from danger, a fugitive [a round  
 Rundle, rûn'd'l, *s.* the step of a ladder,  
 Rundlet, rûn'-lèt, *s.* a small barrel  
 Rung, rûng', *pret.* and *part.* of Ring  
 Runnel, rûn'-nél, *s.* a rivulet, a small brook [shooting sprig  
 Runner, rûn'-né, *s.* one that runs, a  
 Runnet, rûn'-nèt, *s.* liquor to coagulate milk [wound  
 Running, rûn'-ning, *s.* discharge of a  
 Runnion, rûn'-yón, *s.* a paltry, scurvy wretch [in the growth  
 Runt, rûnt', *s.* a dwarf animal stunted  
 Rupee, rû-pé', *s.* an eastern coin worth 2s. 3d. [of continuity  
 Rupture, rûp'-shÿn, *s.* breach, solution  
 Rupture, rûp'-tûre, *s.* act of breaking, breach of peace, burstiness of the gut [country  
 Rural, rû'-râl, *a.* belonging to the  
 Rush, rûsh', *v.* *n.* to enter or move with violence—*s.* a plant, a worthless thing [biscuit  
 Rusk, rûsk', *a.* kind of hard bread or  
 Russet, rûs'-sèt, *a.* reddish, coarse, rustic [of apple  
 Russetting, rûs'-èt-ÿng, *s.* a rough kind  
 Rust, rûst, *s.* red incrustation of iron, &c.  
 Rustic, rûs'-tÿk, *s.* a clown, a country person—*a.* rural, rude, untaught  
 Rusticate, rûs'-tÿ-kâ'te, *v.* to reside in or banish into the country  
 Rustication, rûs-tÿ-kâ'-shÿn, *s.* state of dwelling in the country  
 Rusticity, rûs-tÿs-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* simplicity, rural appearance  
 Rustic, rûs'-tÿk, *a.* rural, rough, rude, not elegant, honest and simple—*s.* a clown, an inhabitant of the country



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chîn, chîne, fiēld, shîrt.—

Rustle, rŭs'l, *v. n.* to make a long continued rattling noise

Rusty, rŭs'tŷ, *a.* covered with rust, impaired by inactivity

Rut, rŭt', *s.* the copulation of deer, the track of a cart wheel

Ruth, rŭth, *s.* pity, mercy, tenderness, misery of others

Ruthful, rŭth-fŭl, *a.* woeful

Ruttish, rŭt'-ish, *a.* wanton, lecherous

Rye, rŷ', *s.* a coarse kind of bread corn

Ryegrass, rŷ-gră's, *s.* a kind of strong grass

## S

**SABAOTII**, să-bă-ōth, *s.* hosts or armies

Sabatarian, săt-ă-tăr-yăn, *s.* an observer of the Jewish sabbath

Sabbath, săt-băth, *s.* seventh day set apart from works, time of rest

Sabbatical, săt-băt'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* belonging to or resembling the sabbath

Bable, săt'b'l, *s.* a dark fur—*a.* black

Sabre, săt-bér, *s.* a cimeter, a short sword [sandiness]

Sabulosity, săt-b-ŭ-lŏs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* grittiness,

Sabulous, săt-b-ŭ-lŭs, *a.* gritty, sandy

Saccharine, săt-kă-rĭne, *a.* having the taste, &c. of sugar

Sacerdotal, săt-sér-dŏ-tăl, *a.* belonging to the priesthood

Sack, sătsh-él, *s.* a small sack or bag

Sack, săt', *s.* a bag, a measure of three bushels, a woman's loose robe, storm of a town, Canary wine—*v. a.* to put in bags, to take by storm and pillage

Sackbut, săt'-bŭt, *s.* a kind of pipe

Sackcloth, săt'-klŏth, *s.* a cloth for sacks or mourning

Sackposset, săt'-pŏs'-et, *s.* a posset made of milk and sack [Lord's Supper]

Sacrament, săt-ră-mĕnt, *s.* an oath, the

Sacramental, săt-ră-mĕnt-ăl, *a.* pertaining to or constituting a sacrament

Sacred, săt-crĕd, *a.* holy, consecrated, inviolable [be offered in sacrifice]

Sacrificable, săt-krĭf'-ŷk-éb'l, *a.* that may be sacrificed, săt-rŷ-fize, *v.* to offer to Heaven, to destroy, to devote with loss

—*s.* an offering made to Heaven, any thing destroyed or finally given up

Sacrificial, săt-rŷ-fĭsh'-ăl, *a.* pertaining to sacrifice

Sacrilege, săt-rŷ-lĕdzh, *s.* the robbery of the church

Sacrilegious, săt-rŷ-lĕ-dzhŭs, *a.* violating things sacred

Sacrist, săt-krĭst, or Sacristan, săt-rŷ-tăn, *s.* he that has the care of the church or its utensils

Sacristy, săt-rŷ-tŷ, *s.* the vestry-room of a church

Sad, săt', *a.* sorrowful, dull, dejected, calamitous, bad, dark coloured

Sadden, săt'd'n, *v. a.* to make sad or gloomy

Saddle, săt'd'l, *s.* a seat for the back of a horse—*v. a.* to cover with a saddle, to load [dealer in saddles]

Saddler, săt'd-lér, *s.* a maker of or

Sadness, săt'-nĕs, *s.* dejection of mind, sorrowfulness

Safe, sătfe, *a.* free from danger—*s.* a cool cupboard, a buttery

Safeconduct, sătfe-kŏn'-dŭkt, *s.* a convey, a guard, warrant to pass

Safeguard, sătfe-gărd, *s.* defence, convey, warrant to pass [custody]

Safety, sătfe-tŷ, *s.* freedom from danger,

Saffron, săt'-rŏn, *s.* a plant—*a.* yellow

Sag, săt', *v. n.* to hang heavy

Sagacious, săt-gă-shŭs, *a.* quick of scent or thought, acute in making discoveries [scent, acuteness, keenness]

Sagacity, săt-găs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* quickness of

Sage, săt'dzh, *s.* a plant, a man of wisdom—*a.* wise, grave, prudent

Sagittary, sătzh'-ŷt-ăr-ŷ, *s.* a centaur, a constellation [able grain]

Sago, săt-gŏ, *s.* a kind of nourishing eat-

Saick, săt'-ŷk, *s.* a Turkish vessel for carriage of merchandize

Said, sĕd', *pret. and part. of Say*; aforesaid, declared

Sail, săt'e, *s.* a canvass sheet for vessels, a ship—*v. n.* to be moved by sails, to pass smoothly along

Sailor, săt-lŏr, *s.* a seaman

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Sailyard, sâ'le-yârd, *s.* the pole on which the sail is extended [foil]

Sainfoin, sên'-fôin, *s.* a kind of herb, tre-

Saint, sânt, *s.* a person eminent for piety and virtue—*v. a.* to number among saints, to canonize—*v. n.* to act with a show of piety [ized]

Sainted, sânt'-ed, *a.* holy, pious, canon-Sake, sâ'ke, *s.* final cause, purpose, account [ordnance]

Saker, sâ'-kêr, *s.* a hawk, a species of Sal, sâl', *s.* salt [ous, wanton]

Salacious, sâ-lâ-shús, *a.* lustful, lecher-Salacity, sâl'-ás'-ýt-ý, *s.* lust, lechery

Salad, sâl'-äd, *s.* food composed of raw herbs

Salamander, sâl'-ä-män-dér, *s.* an animal supposed to live in the fire

Salary, sâl'-är-ý, *s.* annual or periodical payment

Sale, sâ'le, *s.* act of selling, vent, market

Saleable, sâ'le-éb'l, *a.* vendible, fit for sale [clothes ready made]

Salesman, sâl'z-mán, *s.* one who sells

Salient, sâl'-yént, *a.* leaping, panting, springing

Saline, sâ-lí'ne, or Salinous, sâ-lí'-nús, *a.* consisting of or constituting salt

Saliva, sâ'-li-vâ, *s.* spittle separated by the glands [a. relating to spittle]

Salival, sâ-lí'-vâl, or Salivary, sâl'-ýv'-är-ý,

Salivate, sâl'-ýv-âte, *v. a.* to purge by the salival glands

Salivation, sâl ýv-ä'-shün, *s.* a purging by spitting [yellow]

Sallow, sâl'-lô, *s.* a willow—*a.* sickly,

Sally, sâl'-lý, *s.* an issue from a place, excursion, flight, sprightly exertion—*v. n.* to issue out [sallies from]

Sallyport, sâl' lý-pôrt, *s.* a post to make

Salmagundi, sâl-mă-gün'-dý, *s.* a mixture of chopped meat and pickle her-rings, oil, onions, &c. [fish]

Salmon, sâ'm'-môn, *s.* a fine fresh-water

Saloon, sâ-lô'ne, *s.* a large lofty hall

Salt, sâ'lt, *s.* a well-known ingredient to season with—*a.* of the taste of salt, abounding with salt—*v. a.* to season with salt [ing, a palpitation]

Saltation, sâl-tâ'-shün, *s.* leaping, a land-Saltcellar, sâl't-sél-lâr, *s.* a cup or vessel to hold salt at table [is made]

Saltern, sâl't-érn, *s.* a place where salt

Saltish, sâl't-ysh, *a.* somewhat salt

Saltpan, sâl't-pân, *s.* a pit where salt is made

Saltpetre, sâl't-pê'-tér, *s.* nitre

Salvability, sâl vâ-býl'-ý-ty, *s.* possibility of being received to everlasting life

Salvable, sâl'-véb'l, *a.* possible to be saved

Salvage, sâl'-vêdz, *s.* reward for saving goods wrecked

Salvation, sâl vâ'-shün, *s.* preservation from eternal death, reception to the happiness of Heaven

Salvatory, sâl'-vâ-tôr-ý, *s.* a place where any thing is preserved

Salubrious, sâl lû'-brý-ús, *a.* wholesome, promoting health [healthfulness]

Salubrity, sâl-lû'-brý-ty, *s.* wholesomeness,

Salve, sâ'v, *s.* an emplaster, a remedy—*v. a.* to cure with medicaments ap-plied, to remedy [a foot]

Salver, sâl'-vér, *s.* a piece of plate with

Salvo, sâl'-vô, *s.* an exception, reservation, excuse

Salutary, sâl'-û-târ-ý, *a.* wholesome, contributing to health or safety

Salutation, sâl-û-tâ'-shün, *s.* act of saluting, greeting

Salute, sâl-lû'te, *v. a.* to greet, to hail, to kiss—*s.* salutation, greeting, a kiss

Salutiferous, sâl-û-tíf'-ér-ús, *a.* healthy, bringing health [&c.]

Same, sâ'me, *a.* identical, of like kind,

Samlet, sâ'm'-lêt, *s.* a small species of salmon [in pickle]

Samphire, sâ'm'-fir, *s.* a plant preserved

Sample, sâmp'l, *s.* a specimen

Sampler, sâ'm'-plér, *s.* a piece worked by young girls for improvement

Sanable, sâ'n'-éb'l, *a.* curable, susceptible of remedy [healing]

Sanative, sâ'n'-ä-tív, *a.* powerful to cure,

Sanctification, sângk'-tíf í-kâ'-shün, *s.* the act of making holy

Sanctify, sângk'-tíf-ý, *v. a.* to make holy or free from guilt

Sanctimonious, sângk'-tí-mô'nyús, *a.* having the appearance of sanctity, saintly [devoutness]

Sanctimony, sângk'-tí-môn-ý, *s.* holiness,

Sanction, sângk'-shün, *s.* confirmation, ratification

Sanctitude, sângk'-tí-tûde, or Sanctity, sângk'-tí-ty, *s.* holiness, goodness

Sanctuary, sângk'-tû-är-ý, *s.* a holy place, a sacred asylum

Sand, sând', *s.* gravelly earth, a barren country covered with sands—*v. a.* to cover with sand [loose shoe]

Sandal, sâ'n'-dâl, *s.* a sort of slipper or

Sanders, sâ'n'-dérz, *s.* a precious kind of Indian wood

*Sounds*.—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chine, fiêl d, shîrt—

*Sandy*, sând'ŷ, *a.* full of or consisting of sand, gritty, unsolid

*Sane*, sâne, *a.* sound in mind, healthy

*Sang*, sâng, *pret. of Sing*

*Sanguiferous*, sâng-gwÿf'-ér-ús, *a.* conveying blood

*Sanguification*, sâng'-gwÿf'ík-â'-shÿn, *s.* production of blood, conversion of the chyle into blood [blood

*Sanguify*, sâng'-gwÿf-ÿ, *v. n.* to produce

*Sanguinary*, sâng'-gwÿn'-âr-ŷ, *a.* cruel, bloody, murderous

*Sanguine*, sâng-gwÿn, *a.* red, abounding with blood, ardent, confident

*Sanguinity*, sâng-gwÿn'-ÿt-ŷ, *s.* ardour, heat, confidence

*Sanhedrim*, sán'-hê-drÿm, *s.* the chief council among the Jews, consisting of seventy elders

*Sanicle*, sán'-ÿk'l, *s.* a plant [cretion

*Sanies*, sâ'-nyêz, *s.* a watery serous ex-

*Sanious*, sâ'-nyús, *a.* running with thin serous matter [or body

*Sanity*, sán'-ÿt-ŷ, *s.* soundness of mind

*Sark*, sâ'ngk', *pret. of Sink*

*Sans*, sâ'nz, *prep.* without, destitute of

*Sap*, sâp', *s.* the vital juice of plants—

*v. a.* to undermine, to subvert—*v. n.* to proceed invisibly

*Sapid*, sâp'-ÿd, *a.* tasteful, palatable

*Sapient*, sâ'-pyênt, *a.* wise, sage

*Sapless*, sâp'-lêz, *a.* void of sap, dry, husky

*Sapling*, sâp'-lÿng, *s.* a young tree

*Saponacious*, sâ-pô-nâ'-shÿs, or *Sap-*

*nary*, sâp'-ô-nâr-ŷ, *a.* soapy, like soap

*Saporific*, sâ-pô-rÿf'ík, *a.* producing taste [of a blue colour

*Sapphire*, sâf'-fir, *s.* a precious stone

*Sapphirine*, sâf'-fir-ine, *a.* made of or resembling sapphire [juicy, young

*Sappy*, sâp'-pÿ, *a.* abounding in sap,

*Saraband*, sâr'-â-bând, *s.* a Spanish dance

*Sarcasm*, sâr'kâzm, *s.* a keen reproach, taunt

*Sarcastic*, sâr-kâs'-ÿk, *a.* keen, taunting

*Sarcenet*, sârs-nêt, *s.* fine thin woven silk

*Sarcophagus*, sâr-kôf'-â-gús, *s.* a tomb

*Sarcotic*, sâr-kôt'-ÿk, *s.* medicines producing new flesh

*Sardine*, sâr'-dine, or *Sardonyks*, sâr'-dô-nÿks, *s.* a precious stone

*Sarsaparilla*, sâr-sâ-pâ-rÿl'-lâ, *s.* a tree and plant

*Sash*, sâsh', *s.* a silk belt, a window that lets up and down by pullies

*Sassafras*, sâs'-â-frâs, *s.* a tree, the wood of which is medicinal

*Sat*, sât', *pret. of Sit* [devil

*Satan*, sâ-tân, *s.* the prince of hell, the

*Satanic*, sâ-tân'-ÿk, *a.* devilish, infernal

*Satchel*, sâtsh'-él, *s.* a schoolboy's little bag

*Sate*, sâ'te, *v. a.* to satiate, to glut

*Satellite*, sât'-él-lÿt, *s.* a small planet revolving round a larger, as the moon round the earth [ing of satellites

*Satellitious*, sât'-él-lÿsh'-ús, *a.* consist-

*Satiate*, sâ'-shÿât, *v. a.* to satisfy, to glut, to gratify desire

*Satiety*, sâ'-shÿê-tÿ, *s.* fullness, state of being palled [soft silk

*Satin*, sât'-ÿn, *s.* a close and shining

*Satinet*, sât'-ÿ-nêt', *s.* a kind of slight

satin [edness and folly, &c.

*Satire*, sâ'-tÿr, *s.* a poem censuring wick-

*Satiric*, sâ-tÿr'-ÿk, *a.* belonging to satire, severe in language

*Satirist*, sât'-ÿr-ÿst, *s.* a writer of satire

*Satirize*, sât'-ÿr-ÿze, *v. a.* to censure as in a satire

*Satisfaction*, sât'-ÿs-fâk'-shÿn, *s.* the state of being pleased to the full, content

gratification, atonement, amends

*Satisfactive*, sât'-ÿs-fâk'-ÿv, *a.* giving sat-

isfaction [satisfaction, atoning

*Satisfactory*, sât'-ÿs-fâk'-tôr-ŷ, *a.* giving

*Satisfy*, sât'-ÿs-fÿ, *v.* to please, to feed

to the full, to pay in full, to convince

*Saturant*, sât'-û-rênt, *a.* impregnating to the fill [nate to the fill

*Saturate*, sât'-û-râte, *v. a.* to impreg-

*Saturday*, sât'-ûr-dâ, *s.* the last day of the week

*Saturity*, sât'-tû'-ÿt-ŷ, *s.* fulness, repletion

*Saturn*, sât'-ûrn, *s.* a planet; in chymis-

try, lead

*Saturnian*, sât-tûr'-nyân, *a.* happy, golden

*Saturnine*, sât'-ûr-nÿne, *a.* melancholy,

gloomy, severe of temper [man

*Satyr*, sâ'-tÿr, *s.* a sylvan god, a lustful

*Savage*, sâv'-êdzh, *a.* wild, not cultivat-

ed, barbarous—*s.* barbarian, a man

uncivilized [without wood

*Savannah*, sâ-vân'-nâ, *s.* an open meadow

*Sauce*, sâ's, *s.* something to improve the

relish of food [fellow

*Saucebox*, sâ's-bôks, *s.* an impertinent

*Saucepan*, sâ's-pân, *s.* a small skillet

with a handle to boil sauce, &c.

*Saucer*, sâ'-sér, *s.* a small piece or plat-

ter of china to set a tea cup in

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Saucy, sâ'sý, *a.* pert, petulant, insolent  
Save, sâ've, *v. a.* to preserve from danger or ruin, to rescue, to lay by—*v. n.* to be cheap—*ad.* except

Saveall, sâ've-âl, *s.* a pan to save the ends of candles on

Saving, sâ'-vîng, *a.* frugal, parsimonious—*ad.* excepting [who saves

Saviour, sâ'-vyór, *s.* the Redeemer, he

Saunter, sâ'n-tér, *v. n.* to wander about idly, to loiter

Savour, sâ'-vór, *s.* a scent, odour, taste—*v. n.* to have any particular smell or taste, to betoken

Savoury, sâ'-vór-ý, *a.* pleasing to the smell or taste, relishing

Savoy, sâ'-vöý, *s.* a sort of colewort

Sausage, sâ'-sédzh, *s.* a composition of minced meat and spice

Saw, sâ', *pret. of* See—*s.* a dentated instrument for cutting boards or timber, a saying—*v. a.* to cut with a saw

Sawyer, sâ'-yér, *s.* one who saws timber

Saxifrage, sâk'-sý-frädzh, *s.* a plant good against the stone

Saxifragous, sâk'-sif'-râ-gús, *a.* dissolvent of the stone

Say, sâ', *v.* to speak, to tell, to utter

Saying, sâ'-ýng, *s.* an expression, an opinion delivered

Scab, skâ'b', *s.* an incrustation over a sore, the itch or mange [sword

Scabbard, skâ'b'-bârd, *s.* the sheath of a

Scabby, skâ'b'-bý, *a.* diseased with scabs

Scaffold, skâf'-ôld, *s.* a stage raised either for shows or spectators, a gallery for execution of great malefactors, frames of timber erected on the side of a building [for workmen

Scaffolding, skâf'-ôl-dýng, *s.* a support

Scalade, skâ-lâ'de, or Scalado, skâ-lâ'-dô, *s.* storming a place by raising ladders against the walls

Scald, skâ'ld, *v. a.* to burn with hot liquor—*s.* a burn made with hot liquor

Scale, skâ'le, *s.* a balance, the sign Libra in the zodiac, a small shell or crust covering fishes, lamina, a ladder, the act of storming by ladders, regular gradation, line of distances, series of harmonic or musical proportions—*v. a.* to climb as by ladders, to scrape off scales

Scaled, skâ'ld, *a.* having scales like a fish, squamous

Scaling, skâ'l-ýng, *prep.* storming a place by ladders, &c.

Scall, skâ'l, *s.* leprosy, morbid baldness

Scallion, skâl'-yón, *s.* a kind of onion

Scallop, skâl'-óp, *s.* a sort of shell-fish—*v. a.* to indent the edge, to broil oysters

Scalp, skâlp', *s.* the scull, the integuments of the head—*v. a.* to deprive the scull of its integuments

Scaly, skâ'le-ý, *a.* covered with scales

Scamble, skâm'b'l, *v. n.* to scramble, to shift awkwardly [resinous drug

Scammony, skâm'-mō-ný, *s.* a plant, a

Scamper, skâm'-pér, *v. n.* to flee with fear and speed

Scan, skân', *v. a.* to examine a verse by counting the feet, to examine nicely

Scandal, skân'-dâl, *s.* a reproachful aspersión, infamy

Scandalize, skân'-dâ-lize, *v. a.* to offend by some action supposed criminal, to reproach, to disgrace

Scandalous, skân'-dâ-lús, *a.* giving public offence, opprobrious, vile

Scandent, skân'-dënt, *a.* climbing as a vine by help of tendrils

Scanning, skân'-níng, *s.* examination of verses by counting the feet

Scansion, skân'-shün, *s.* the act or practice of scanning a verse

Scant, skânt', *v. a.* to limit, to straiten *a.* parsimonious, hardly enough, little [or piece

Scantlet, skânt'-lét, *s.* a small quantity

Scantling, skânt'-lýng, *s.* timber cut into small size [ing

Scanty, skân'-tý, *a.* narrow, small, sparse

Scape, skâ'pe, *v.* to escape, to shun—*s.* escape, evasion

Scapula, skâp'-û-lâ, *s.* the shoulder-blade

Scapular, skâp'-û-lâr, *a.* relating to the shoulders

Scar, skâr, *s.* the mark of a cut or burn

Scaramouch, skâr'-â-möütsh, *s.* a buffoon in motley dress

Scarce, skâ'rs, *a.* rare, uncommon—*ad.* hardly, scantily [plenty

Scarcity, skâ'rs-ýt-ý, *s.* the contrary of

Scarce, skâ're, *v. a.* to frighten, to terrify

Scarecrow, skâ're-krō, *s.* an image or clapper, to fright birds [shoulders

Scarf, skâ'rf, *s.* a loose covering for the

Scarfskin, skâ'rf-skün, *s.* the cuticle or outer skin of the body

Scarification, skâr'-ý-fýk-â-shün, *s.* an incision with a lancet



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chŭn, chine, fiêd, shîrt—

*Scarify*, skăr'-y-fŷ, *v. a.* to lance or cut the skin

*Scaring*, skăr'-ŷng, *prep.* terrifying, suddenly alarming with fear

*Scarlet*, skăr'-lêt, *s.* a beautiful bright red colour—*a.* of the colour of scarlet

*Scarp*, skăr'p, *s.* the slope on that side of a ditch next to a fortified place

*Scate*, skă'te, *s.* an iron to slide with, a fish—*v. n.* to slide on scates

*Scatter*, skăt'-tér, *v.* to throw loosely about, to disperse

*Scavenger*, skăv'-ên-dzhér, *s.* a person who cleans the streets

*Scene*, sé'ne, *s.* appearance, part of a play, a hanging of the theatre adapted to the play [sentation]

*Scenery*, sé'ne-ér-ŷ, *s.* imagery, representation

*Scenic*, sên'-ŷk, *a.* dramatic, theatrical

*Sceneography*, sê-nô-grăf'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* drawn in perspective [perspective]

*Scenography*, sê-nôg'-ră-fŷ, *s.* the art of

*Scent*, sênt', *s.* smell, odour, chace by smell—*v. a.* to smell, to perfume

*Sceptic*, sêp'-tŷk, *s.* one who doubts of all things

*Sceptre*, sêp'-tér, *s.* ensigns of royalty borne in the hand

*Sceptred*, sêp'-têrd, *a.* bearing a sceptre

*Schedule*, shêd'-ûle, *s.* a small scroll or inventory

*Schematist*, skê'-mă-tîst, *s.* a projector

*Scheme*, skê'me, *s.* a plan, a design, a project, a contrivance—*v. a.* to plan, to project, to contrive

*Schism*, sŷz'm, *s.* a division in the church

*Schismatic*, sŷz'-mă-tŷk, *s.* one who separates from the church

*Schismatical*, sŷz'-mă-tŷ-kăl, *a.* implying schism, divided [guilty of schism]

*Schismatize*, sŷz'-mă-tîze, *v. n.* to be

*Scholar*, skôl'-ăr, *s.* a disciple, a man of learning

*Scholastic*, skô-lăs'-tŷk, *a.* pertaining to or practised in schools, pedantic

*Scholiast*, skô'-lŷăst, *s.* a commentator, a writer of explanatory notes

*Scholium*, skô'-lŷŭm, *s.* an explanatory observation

*School*, skô'le, *s.* a place for education

*Schoolfellow*, skô'le-fêl-lô, *s.* one instructed at the same school

*Schoolman*, skô'le-măn, *s.* one versed in academical disputation or in the divinity of the school

*Schoolmaster*, skô'le-măs-tér, *s.* one who teaches or presides in a school

*Schooner*, skô'-nér, *s.* a vessel with two masts and a boom-sail to each

*Sciatica*, si-ăt'-ŷk-ă, *s.* the hip-gout

*Sciatical*, si-ăt'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* troubled with the hip-gout

*Science*, si-éns, *s.* knowledge, certainty grounded on demonstration, art attained by precepts [to science]

*Sciential*, si-ên'-shăl, *a.* of or pertaining

*Scientific*, si-ên-tŷf'-ŷk, *a.* producing certainty or demonstrative knowledge

*Scimitar*, sŷm'-ăt-ăr, *s.* a sword with a convex edge [to cut it sparks]

*Scintillate*, sŷn'-tŷl-lâte, *v. n.* to sparkle,

*Scintillation*, sŷn-tŷl-lă-shŭn, *s.* the act of sparkling [knowledge]

*Sciolist*, si'-ô-lŷst, *s.* one of superficial

*Sciolous*, si'-ô-lús, *a.* superficially knowing [grafted]

*Scion*, si'-ôn, *s.* a small twig to be en-

*Scirrhosity*, skŷr'-ôs-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* an induration of the glands [rated gland]

*Scirrhus*, skŷr'-ús, *a.* having an indurated gland

*Scirrhus*, skŷr'-ús, *s.* an indurated gland

*Scissible*, sŷs'-sŷb'l, or *Scissile*, sŷs'-sŷl, *a.* that may be divided

*Scission*, sŷzh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of cutting

*Scissors*, sŷz'-zôrz, *s.* a small pair of shears [fissure]

*Scissure*, sŷsh'-úr, *s.* a crack, a rent, a

*Sclerotic*, sklê-rôt'-ŷk, *a.* hard, rough

*Scoff*, skôf', *v. n.* to ridicule, to laugh with scorn—*s.* an expression of scorn

*Scoffer*, skôf'-ér, *s.* one who scoffs

*Scold*, skôld, *v. n.* to quarrel clamorously—*s.* a rude foul-mouthed woman

*Scollop*, skôl'-ôp, *s.* a scallop

*Sconce*, skôns', *s.* a bulwark, a head, a hanging branched candlestick—*v. a.* to mulct, to fine

*Scoop*, skô'pe, *s.* a large ladle, a sweep—*v. a.* to lade out, to cut hollow or deep [aimed at, space]

*Scope*, skô'pe, *s.* intention, drift, a thing

*Scopulous*, skôp'-û-lús, *a.* full of rocks

*Scorbutic*, skôr-bû'-tŷk, *a.* diseased with the scurvy [up]

*Scortch*, skôrtsh, *v.* to burn, to be dried

*Score*, skô're, *s.* a notch or mark, a line drawn, an account, motive, twenty

*Scoria*, skô'-ryă, *s.* dross

*Scorify*, skô-rŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to reduce to scoria

*Scorious*, skô'-ryús, *a.* drossy, foul

*Scorn*, skô'rn, *v.* to despise, to scoff—*s.* contempt

*Scorner*, skô'rn-ér, *s.* one who scorns

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Scornful, skôr'n-fûl, *a.* contemptuous, insolent [the signs of the zodiac]  
 Scorpion, skôr-pyón, *s.* a reptile, one of Scot. skôt', *s.* shot, payment, a Scotchman  
 Scotch, skôtsh', *v. a.* to cut slightly—*s.* a light cut—*a.* of or 'belonging to Scotland [ing his scot  
 Scottfree, skôt-fré', *a.* excused from pay-  
 Scotticism, skôt-tý-sýzm, *s.* a Scottish idiom  
 Scottish, skôt'-ýsh, *a.* Scotch  
 Scoundrel, skôû'n-drél, *s.* a mean rascal, a petty villain  
 Scour, skôûr, *v. a.* to clean by rubbing hard, to purge, to pass swiftly over—*v. n.* to clean, to scamper  
 Scourge, skúrdzh', *s.* a whip, a lash, punishment—*v. a.* to lash, to whip, to chastise  
 Scout, skôû't, *s.* one sent to observe the motion of an enemy—*v. n.* to go out as a scout  
 Scow, skôw', *v. n.* to frown, to look angry—*s.* a look of discontent, gloom  
 Scrag, skrág', *s.* any thing thin or lean, the neck  
 Scraggy, skrág'-ý, *a.* lean, rough, rugged  
 Scramble, skrá'm'b'l, *v. n.* to catch eagerly, to climb—*s.* an eager contest for any thing [the teeth  
 Scranch, skrá'nsh', *v. a.* to grind between  
 Scannel, skrán'-él, *a.* vile, worthless, grating  
 Scrap, skráp', *s.* a small particle, a fragment, a bit  
 Scrape, skrá'pe, *v. a.* to pare lightly, to erase, to gather by penurious diligence—*v. n.* to make a harsh noise—*s.* difficulty, perplexity, distress  
 Scratch, skrátsh', *v. a.* to mark with slight incisions, to tear or rub with the nails, to write or draw badly—*s.* a slight wound with the nails  
 Scratches, skrátsh'-éz, *s.* a disease in horses  
 Scrawl, skrá'l, *v.* to draw or write inelegantly—*s.* inelegant writing  
 Scream, skré'm'e, *v. n.* to cry out shrilly as in terror, &c.—*s.* a shrill loud cry  
 Screech, skré'tshe, *v. n.* to cry as a night owl, to shriek—*s.* a cry of horror and anguish  
 Screen, skré'ne, *s.* a sieve, what shelters or conceals—*v. a.* to shelter, to conceal, to sift

Screw, skrú', *s.* one of the mechanical powers—*v. a.* to turn or fasten with a screw  
 Scribble, skrî'b'l, *v.* to write without care or elegance.—*s.* worthless bad writing [tary  
 Scribe, skrî'be, *s.* a writer, a public notary  
 Scrine, skrî'ne, *s.* a repository for writings [ing  
 Scrip, skrîp', *s.* a small bag, small writing  
 Scriptorium, skrîp'-tôr-ý, *a.* written  
 Scriptural, skrîp'-tû-rál, *a.* contained in the bible [ings, the bible  
 Scripture, skrîp'-tûre, *s.* the sacred writings  
 Scrivener, skrîv'-né'r, *s.* one who draws contracts for money  
 Scrofula, skrôf'-û-lá, *s.* the king's evil  
 Scrofulous, skrôf'-û-lús, *a.* diseased with the scrofula  
 Scroll, skrô'le, *s.* a writing wrapped up  
 Scrub, skrûb, *v. a.* to rub hard—*s.* a mean fellow  
 Scrubbed, skrûb'-éd, or Scrubby, skrûb'-ý, *a.* mean, vile, sorry  
 Scruple, skrûp'l, *s.* doubt, perplexity, a weight of twenty grains—*v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate  
 Scrupulosity, skrû-pû-lôs'-ýt-ý, *s.* doubt, fear of acting [ful, cautious  
 Scrupulous, skrû-pû-lús, *a.* nicely doubtful  
 Scrutable, skrû'-téb'l, *a.* that may be searched [mination, enquiry  
 Scrutation, skrû-tá-shûn, *s.* search, examination  
 Scrutineer, skrû-tî-né're, *s.* an enquirer, an examiner [thoroughly  
 Scrutinize, skrû-tîn-ize, *v. a.* to examine  
 Scrutinous, skrû-tîn-ús, *a.* captious, full of inquiries  
 Scrutiny, skrû-tîn-ý, *s.* an inquiry, a strict examination [for writings  
 Scutoire, scrû-tô're, *s.* a case or drawers  
 Scud, skûd, *v. n.* to sail before a hard gale, &c.  
 Scuffle, skûf'l, *s.* a confused quarrel  
 Skulk, skûlk', *v. n.* to lurk in hiding places, to lie close  
 Scull, skûl', *s.* the arched bone of the head, a small oar [rows a cockboat  
 Sculler, skûl'-ér, *s.* a cockboat, one that  
 Scullery, skûl'-ér-ý, *s.* a place where kettles and dishes are cleaned and kept  
 Scullion, skûl'-yón, *s.* a kitchen drudge  
 Sculp, skûlp', *v. a.* to carve, to engrave  
 Sculptile, skûlp'-tîl, *a.* made by carving  
 Sculptor, skûlp'-tôr, *s.* a carver in wood or stone

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, fīeld, shrit—

- Sculpture*, skŭlp'-tŭre, *s.* the art of carving, carved work
- Scum*, skŭm', *s.* what rises to the top of any liquor, dross—*v. a.* to clear off the scum
- Scupper*, skŭp'-ér, *s.* a channel or hole to carry water from a ship's deck
- Scurf*, skŭrf', *s.* a dry scab, a stain adherent, a scale [with scurf]
- Scurfy*, skŭrf'-ŷ, *a.* full or abounding
- Scurrility*, skŭr-ril'-it-ŷ, *s.* grossness of reproach, low abuse
- Scurrilous*, skŭr'-ril'-ús, *a.* grossly opprobrious, mean, abusive
- Scurvy*, skŭr'-vŷ, *s.* a sort of distemper—*a.* scabbed, vile
- Scut*, skŭt', *s.* the tail of a hare, &c.
- Scutage*, skŭt'-édzh, *s.* shield, money, tax for support of crusades
- Scutcheon*, skŭtsh'-ón, *s.* the field or ground on which a coat of arms is painted, pieces of brass placed over locks
- Scuttle*, skŭt'l, *s.* a wide shallow basket for coals, a small grate, a quick pace
- Scythe*, sŷthe, *s.* instrument for mowing
- Sea*, sé, *s.* the ocean, a large lake
- Seabeat*, sé'-bête, *a.* dashed by the waves of the sea [shipboard]
- Seaboy*, sé'-bŷ', *s.* a boy employed on
- Seabreeze*, sé'-brêze, *s.* a wind from the sea
- Seacalf*, sé'-kăf, *s.* the seal
- Seacoal*, sé'-kôle, *s.* coal brought by sea
- Seacompass*, sé'-kóm'-pás, *s.* the mariner's compass [sea]
- Seafaring*, sé'-făr-ŷng, *a.* travelling by
- Seahog*, sé'-hŏg, *s.* the porpus
- Seal*, sêle, *s.* the seacalf, a stamp, act of confirmation—*v. a.* to fasten with a seal, to confirm, to ratify
- Sealing-wax*, sêl'-ŷng-wăks, *s.* wax used to seal letters
- Seam*, séme, *s.* the suture where the two edges are sewed together, a scar, hog's lard—*v. a.* to join together, to scar
- Seamaid*, sé'-măde, *s.* the mermaid
- Seaman*, sé'-mán, *s.* a sailor, a mariner, the male of the mermaid [at sea]
- Seamark*, sé'-mărk, *s.* direction to ships
- Seamstress*, sêms'-três, *s.* a woman whose trade is to sew
- Seapiece*, sé'-pise, *s.* a picture representing any thing at sea
- Sear*, sé're, *a.* dry, not longer green—*v. a.* to burn
- Searse*, sé'rse, *v. a.* to sift finely—*s.* a fine sieve
- Search*, sértsh', *v.* to examine, to explore, to inquire, to probe—*s.* inquiry, quest, pursuit [ening plaster]
- Searchcloth*, sé're-klŏth, *s.* a large strength-
- Searisque*, sé'-rŷsk', *s.* hazard at sea
- Searoom*, sé'-rŏme, *s.* the open sea, far from the shore [sea]
- Seashore*, sé'-shŏ're, *s.* the coast of the
- Seasick*, sé'-sik, *a.* sick at sea
- Seaside*, sé'-sŷde, *s.* the edge of the sea
- Season*, séz'n, *s.* one of the four parts of the year, a fit time, a relish—*v. a.* to give a relish to [suited to time]
- Seasonable*, sézn-éb'l, *a.* opportune,
- Seasoning*, sézn-ŷng, *s.* what gives a relish
- Seat*, sé'te, *s.* a chair, a bench a mansion, a situation—*v. a.* to place on a seat, to cause to sit down, to fix in a place or situation [seamen]
- Seaterm*, sé'-térn', *s.* a word used by the
- Seaward*, sé'-wărd, *ad.* towards the sea
- Secant*, sé'-ként, *s.* a right line cutting and meeting with another line
- Secede*, sé-séde, *v. n.* to withdraw from fellowship [ceding]
- Secession*, sé-sesh'-ŷn, *s.* the act of se-
- Seclude*, sé-klŭde, *v. a.* to shut up apart, to exclude
- Seclusion*, sé-klŭ-zhŷn, *s.* a secluding or being excluded
- Second*, sék'-ônd, *a.* the next to the first, inferior—*s.* one who accompanies another in a duel, the sixtieth part of a minute—*v. a.* to support, to follow
- Secondary*, sék'-ôn-dăr-ŷ, *a.* not primary—*s.* a delegate, a deputy
- Secondhand*, sék'-ônd-hănd, *a.* not new not original
- Secrecy*, sé-kré-sŷ, *s.* privacy, retirement, close silence
- Secret*, sé-krêt, *a.* not revealed, private, faithful to a secret entrusted—*s.* a thing studiously hidden or not yet discovered, privacy
- Secretary*, sék'-rê-tăr-ŷ, *s.* one who writes for another [ceal, to screen]
- Secrete*, sé-krête, *v. a.* to hide, to con-
- Secretion*, sé-krê-shŷn, *s.* a separating of animal fluids, fluids secreted
- Secretitious*, sék'-rê-tŷsh'-ŷs, *a.* parted by animal secretion
- Secretory*, sék'-rê-tór-ŷ, *a.* performing the office of secretion

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trul'ý, r'ýe —thus, thick.

Sect, s'ekt, *s.* a certain body of men united in tenets [a sect  
Sectarian, s'ek-tă-ryán, *a.* pertaining to  
Sectary, s'ek-tă-ry, *s.* a follower of a particular sect  
Section, s'ek-shûn, *s.* the act of cutting, a part divided from the rest, a distinct part of a writing or book  
Sector, s'ek-tór, *s.* an instrument for laying down or measuring angles  
Secular, s'ek-û-lăr, *a.* worldly, not bound by vows  
Secularize, s'ek-û-lăr-ize, *v. a.* to convert to common use [birth  
Secundine, s'ek-ûn-dîne, *s.* the after-  
Secure, s'ek-kû're, *a.* free from fear or danger, safe—*v. a.* to make certain or safe, to insure  
Security, s'ek-kû'r-ýt-ý, *s.* confidence, protection, pladge  
Sedan, s'edăn', *s.* a kind of portable chair  
Sedate, s'edă'te, *a.* calm, serene  
Sedative, s'ed-ă-tív, *a.* composing, relieving [inactive  
Sedentary, s'ed-ên-tăr-ý, *a.* sitting much  
Sedge, s'edzh', *s.* the growth of narrow flags [row flags  
Sedgy, s'edzh'-ý, *a.* overgrown with narrow  
Sediment, s'ed'-ý-měnt, *s.* what settles at bottom [surrection  
Sedition, s'ed-ýsh'-ûn, *s.* a tumult, an insurrection  
Seditious, s'ed-ýsh'-ûs, *a.* factious, turbulent, tumultuous  
Seduce, s'ed-û'se, *v. a.* to corrupt, to deprave, to mislead, to tempt  
Seducible, s'ed-û-sýb'l, *a.* that may be seduced [ducing  
Seduction, s'ed-ûk'-shûn, *s.* the act of seducing  
Seductive, s'ed-ûk'-tív, *a.* apt to seduce  
Sedulity, s'ed-û-ýt-ý, *s.* assiduity, industry, application [dustrious  
Sedulous, s'ed-û-lûs, *a.* assiduous, industrious  
See, s'é, *s.* the diocese of a bishop—*v. a.* to perceive by the eye, to observe, to converse with—*v. n.* to have the power of sight  
Seed, s'ede, *s.* what produces plants and animals, original, offspring, race—*v. n.* to bring forth seed  
Seedling, s'ede-ýng, *s.* a plant just risen from seed [pearl  
Seedpearl, s'ede-pér'l, *s.* small grains of  
Seedsman, s'edz-mán, *s.* one that sows or sells seeds [sowing  
Seedtime, s'ede-time, *s.* the season of  
Seedy, s'ed-ý, *a.* abounding with seed  
Seeing, s'é-ýng, *s.* sight, vision

Seek, s'é'ke, *v.* to look for, to search, to solicit  
Seem, s'é'ne, *v. n.* to appear  
Seeming, s'é'me-ýng, *s.* appearance, show, opinion—*a.* appearing, plausible  
Seemly, s'é'me-ly, *a.* decent, becoming, fit [versed  
Seen, s'é'ne, *part. of See*—*a.* skilled,  
Seer, s'é're, *s.* one who foresees events, a prophet  
Seesaw, s'é-să, *s.* a reciprocating motion—*v. n.* to move up and down  
Seeth, s'é'the, *v.* to decoct in hot liquor, to be hot  
Segment, s'eg-měnt, *s.* a figure between a chord and an arch of the circle, a piece cut off [to separate  
Segregate, s'eg-ré-gă'te, *v. a.* to set apart  
Segregation, s'eg-ré-gă-shûn, *s.* a separation from others [large powers  
Seigneurial, s'ên-û-ryăl, *a.* invested with  
Seignior, s'é-nyór, *s.* an Italian title for lord [jurisdiction  
Seigniory, s'é-nyór-ý, *s.* a lordship, a  
Seine, s'é'ne, *s.* a large net for fishing  
Seiner, s'é'ne-ér, *s.* one who fishes with a seine  
Seisin, s'é'z-ýn, *s.* possession  
Seize, s'é'ze, *v.* to take possession of, to fasten on  
Seizing, s'é'z-ýng, *s.* the act of taking possession  
Seizure, s'é-zhúr, *s.* the act of seizing, the thing seized  
Seldom, s'el'-dóm, *ad.* rarely, not often  
Select, s'el'ekt', *v. a.* to choose in preference—*a.* nicely chosen, culled out  
Selection, s'el'ek'-shûn, *s.* the act of choosing  
Selector, s'el'ek'-tór, *s.* he who selects  
Selenographic, s'el-ē-nō-grăf'-ýk, *a.* belonging to selenography  
Selenography, s'el-lē-nōg-ră-fý, *s.* a description of the moon  
Self, s'elf', *s.* person, identity  
Selfish, s'elf'-ýsh, *a.* void of regard for others  
Sell, s'el', *v. a.* to part with for a price  
*v. n.* to have commerce or traffic  
Selvage, s'el'-vėdzh, *s.* the edge of cloth, &c.  
Selves, s'elv'z, *s. plural of Self*  
Semblant, s'ém-blěnt, *a.* like, resembling  
Semble, s'ém'b'l, *v. n.* to represent, to make a likeness



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hêr—chŭn, chŭne, field, shŭrt.—

Semi, sêm'-y, *s.* a word which, used in composition, signifies *half*, and sometimes *imperfect* or *imperfectly*  
Semiannular, sêm'-yăn'-û-lăr, *a.* half round

Semibrief, sêm'-y-brêf, *s.* a note in music

Semicircle, sêm'-y-sŭrk'-l, *s.* a half circle

Semicircular, sêm'-y-sŭr'-kŭ-lăr, *a.* half round

Semicolon, sêm'-y-kô-lôn, *s.* half a colon, a point made thus ;

Semidiameter, sêm'-y-dŭi âm'-ê-tê, *s.* half a diameter [fluid

Semifluid, sêm'-y-flŭ'-yđ, *a.* imperfectly

Semilunar, sêm'-y-lŭ'-năr, *a.* resembling in form a half moon

Seminal, sêm'-y-n-ăl, *a.* belonging to or contained in seed

Seminality, sêm'-y-n-ăl'-yđ-y, *s.* the nature of seed, the power of being produced

Seminary, sêm'-y-n-ăr'-y, *s.* a seed-plot, a breeding place, an original place

Emination, sêm'-y-n-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of sowing [clear

Semipellucid, sêm'-y-pêl-lŭ'-sŭđ, *a.* half

Semiperspicuous, sêm'-y-pêr-spŭk'-û-ús, *a.* not quite plain

Semiquaver, sêm'-y-kwă-vêr, *s.* in music, a note containing half the quantity of a quaver

Semisextile, sêm'-y-sêks'-tŭl, *a.* twelfth part of the heavens or thirty degrees

Semitone, sêm'-y-tôn, *s.* half a tone

Semivowel, sêm'-y-vôw-êl, *s.* a consonant which has an imperfect sound of its own [lasting

Sempiternal, sêm-pŭ-têr'-năl, *a.* ever-

Sempiternity, sêm-pŭ-têr'-nŭt'-y, *s.* a duration without end

Sempstress, sêms'-strêś, *s.* woman employed in sewing

Senary, sên'-ăr'-y, *a.* belonging to the number six, containing six

Senate, sên'-êt, *s.* an assembly of counsellors, a parliament [senate

Senator, sên'-êt-ôr, *s.* a member of the Send, sênd', *v. a.* to dispatch, to commission

Seneschal, sên'-ê-shăl, *s.* a steward, a high bailiff [other

Senior, sé'-nyôr, *s.* one older than another

Seniority, sê-nyôr'-yđ-y, *s.* priority of birth or service

Senna, sên'-ă, *s.* a physical purge

Sennight, sên'-yđ, *s.* seven nights and days, a week [the senses

Sensation, sên-să'-shŭn, *s.* perception by

Sense, sêns', *s.* the faculty of perceiving, perception, meaning

Sensibility, sên-sŭ-bŭl'-it'-y, *s.* quickness of sensation

Sensible, sên'-sŭb'-l, *a.* perceptible by the senses or mind, having sense or moral perception, being easily affected, convinced, judicious —

Sensitive, sên'-sŭ-tŭv, *a.* having sense without reason

Sensorium, sên-sô'-ryŭn, or Sensory, sên'-sô-ry, *s.* the seat of sense, the organ of sensation

Sensual, sên-shŭ'-ăl, *a.* depending on or affecting sense, carnal, luxurious

Sensualist, sên-shŭ'-ăl-ŭst, *s.* one given to sensuality

Sensuality, sên-shŭ'-ăl'-yđ-y, *s.* addiction to carnal pleasures

Sensualize, sên-shŭ'-ăl-lize, *v. a.* to sink into sensual pleasures

Sent, sênt', *pret* and *part. of* Send

Sentence, sên'-têns, *s.* a determination or decision, a period in writing—*v. a.* to pass judgment on, to condemn

Sententious, sên-tên'-shŭś, *a.* abounding with sentences, short and energetic

Sentient, sên'-shênt, *a.* perceiving, that has perception [tion, opinion

Sentiment, sên'-tŭ-mênt, *s.* thought, notion

Sentimental, sên-tŭ-mên'-tăl, *a.* reflecting, sensible

Sentinel, sên'-tŭ-nêl, or Sentry, sên'-trŭy, *s.* a soldier on guard

Separate, sêp'-ăr-âte, *v.* to divide to part, to disjoin [united

Separate, sêp'-ăr-êt, *a.* divided or dis-

Separation, sêp'-ăr-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of separating, a disjunction, a divorce

Sept, sêpt', *s.* a clan, race, generation

Septangular, sêp-tăng'-û-lăr, *a.* having seven corners or sides

September, sêp-têm'-bêr, *s.* the seventh month from March, or ninth month of the year [seven

Septenary, sêp-tên'-ăr'-y, *a.* consisting of

Septennial, sêp-tên'-nyăl, *a.* lasting seven years

Septentrion, sêp-tên'-trŭy-ôn, *s.* the north

Septentrional, sêp-tên'-trŭy-ôn-ăl, *a.* relating to the north, towards the north

Septentrionate, sêp-tên'-trŭy-ôn-âte, *v. n.* to tend northerly

Septic, sêp'-tŭk, *a.* having power to produce putrefaction

Septilateral, sêp-tŭ-lăt'-êr-ăl, *a.* having seven sides

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trul'ý, r'ýe —thus, thick.

Septuagenary, sêp-tû-âdzh'-ên-âr-ý, or  
Septuagesimal, sêp-tû-â-dzhês'-ým-âl,  
a. consisting of seventy  
Septuagint, sêp-tû-â-dzhÿnt, s. the old  
Greek version of the Old Testament  
Septuple, sêp'-tûp'l, a. seven times as  
much [burial, &c.  
Sepulchral, sê-pûl'-krâl, a. relating to  
Sepulchre, sêp'-ûl'-kér, s. a grave, a tomb  
Sepulchre, sê-pûl'-kér, v. a. to bury, to  
entomb [burial  
Sepulture, sêp'-ûl'-tûre, s. interment  
Sequacious, sê-kwâ'-shús, a. following,  
ductil, pliant [consequence  
Sequel, sê-kwél, s. the succeeding part,  
Sequence, sê-kwéns, s. order of succes-  
sion [quential  
Sequent, sê-kwént, a. following, conse-  
Sequester, sê-kwês'-tér, or Sequesterate,  
sê-kwês'-trâte, v. a. to separate, to  
put or set aside, to deprive of pos-  
session  
Sequestration, sêk-wês-trâ-shûn, s. se-  
paration, deprivation of profits  
Sequestrator, sêk'-wês-trâ-tór, s. one  
who takes from the man the profit of  
his possessions  
Seraglio, sê-râl'-yô, s. the house where  
the eastern concubines, &c. are kept  
Seraph, sér'-âf, s. one of the orders of  
angels  
Seraphic, sê-râf'-ík, a. angelic  
Seraphim, sér'-â-fým, s. plur. of Seraph  
Serenade, sér'-ên-â-de, s. music by lovers  
in the night—v. a. to entertain with  
nocturnal music  
Serene, sê-rê-ne, a. calm, placid, quiet  
Serenitude, sê-rên'-ý-tûde, s. calmness,  
coolness of mind  
Serenity, sê-rên'-ý-tý, s. calmness, peace  
Serge, sér-dzh', s. a kind of thin woollen  
cloth  
Sergeant, sâr-dzhênt, s. a petty officer  
in the army, a lawyer of the highest  
rank under a judge  
Series, sê-ryês, s. sequence, order, course  
Serious, sê-ryús, a. grave, solemn, im-  
portant [of instruction  
Sermon, sér'-môn, s. a solemn discourse  
Sermonize, sér'-môn-ize, v. n. to make  
or preach a sermon  
Serosity, sê-rôs'-ýt-ý, s. the thin or wa-  
tery part of the blood [to serum  
Serous, sê-rús, a. thin, watery, adapted  
Serpent, sér-pênt, s. a snake  
Serpentine, ser-pên-tine, a. winding  
like a serpent

Serrate, sér'-râte, or Serrated, sér'-râ-têd  
a. jagged like a saw [other  
Servant, sér'-vânt, s. one who serves an-  
Serve, sérv', v. a. to attend at com-  
mand, to assist, to promote, to wor-  
ship the Supreme Being  
Service, sér'-vís, s. a menial office, fa-  
vour, the course or order of dishes  
Serviceable, sér'-vís-éb'l, a. active, dili-  
gent, beneficial [ing  
Servile, sér'-vyl, a. slavish, mean, cring-  
Servility, sér'-vyl'-ýt-ý, s. slavishness,  
meanness  
Servitor, sér'-vý-tór, s. one of the lowest  
order in the university  
Servitude, sér'-vý-tûde, s. slavery, ap-  
prenticeship, dependance  
Serum, sér'-rûm, s. the watery part of  
the blood  
Sesquialteral, sês-kwý'-âl'-tér-âl, a. con-  
taining once and a half as much more  
Sess, sês', s. a rate, a tax  
Session, sêsh'-ûn, s. the act of or space  
for sitting, an assembly of magis-  
trates or senators  
Set, sêt', v. a. to place, to fix, to regu-  
late, to plant, to bring to a fine edge  
—v. n. to fall below the horizon. to  
fit music to words—*a.* regular, in a  
formal manner—*s.* a number of things  
or persons suited to each other  
Setaceous, sê-tâ'-shús, a. bristly, set  
with strong hairs  
Seton, sêt'n, s. an issue or rowel  
Settee, sêt-té', s. a large long seat with  
a back  
Settle, sêt'l, s. a seat, a bench—*v. a.* to  
fix in any place or way of life, to  
establish, to determine—*v. n.* to sub-  
side, to fix one's self in a residence  
Settlement, sêt'l mêt, s. state or act  
of being settled, a jointure to a wife,  
dregs  
Seven, sêv'n, a. four and three  
Sevenfold, sêv'n-fold, a. and *ad.* re-  
peated seven times  
Sevennight, sêv'n-ýt, s. se'nnight  
Sevenscore, sêv'n-skôre, a. twenty-seven  
times repeated  
Seventeen, sêv'n-têne, a. seven and ten  
Seventh, sêv'nth, a. after the sixth  
Seventy, sêv'n-tý, a. seven times ten  
Sever, sêv'-ér, v. to force asunder, to  
divide, to make a separation  
Several, sêv'-ér-âl, a. distinct, divers,  
many  
Z 3

*Sounds*.—hăt, hate, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēd, shīrt—

*Severally*, sĕv'-ēr-ăl-lŷ, *s.* state of separation [a partition]

*Severance*, sĕv'-ēr-ēns, *s.* a separation,

*Severe*, sĕ-vĕ're, *a.* sharp, austere, cruel, afflictive

*Severity*, sĕ-vĕr'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* cruel treatment, rigid accuracy, austerity

*Sew*, sô', *v.* to join any thing with a needle and thread [run through]

*Sewer*, sŭ'-ēr, *s.* a passage for water to

*Sex*, sĕks', *s.* the distinction of male and female [sixty years]

*Sexagenary*, sĕks-ădzh ēn-ăr-ŷ, *a.* aged

*Sexagesima*, sĕks-ă-dzhĕs'-ŷ-mă, *s.* the second Sunday before Lent

*Sexagesimal*, sĕks ă-dzhĕs'-ŷ-măl, *a.* numbered by sixties [six angles]

*Sexangular*, sĕks-ăng'-ŭ-lăr, *a.* having

*Sexennial*, sĕks'-ĕn'-nyăl, *a.* lasting six years [a circle]

*Sextant*, sĕks'-tĕnt, *s.* the sixth part of

*Sextile*, sĕks'-tĭl, *a.* the distance of sixty degrees [a church]

*Sexton*, sĕks'-tôn, *s.* an under officer in

*Sextuple*, sĕks'-tŭp'l, *a.* six times told

*Sexual*, sĕk'-sŭ-ăl, *a.* belonging to the distinction of sexes

*Shabby*, shăb'-bŷ, *a.* mean, paltry

*Shackle*, shăk'l, *v. a.* to fetter, to bind, to entangle [difficulties]

*Shackles*, shăk'lz, *s. pl.* fetters, chains,

*Shade*, shă'de, *s.* an obscure or cool place, screen, shelter—*v. a.* to make obscure or cool, to shelter, to protect, to screen

*Shadow*, shăd'-ô, *s.* a shade, a faint representation—*v. a.* to shade, to mark with gradations of colour or light, to represent [gloomy]

*Shadowy*, shăd'-ô-ŷ, *a.* full of shade,

*Shady*, shă'-dŷ, *a.* full of shade, secure from light or heat, cool

*Shaft*, shăft, *s.* an arrow, a deep pit, a spire

*Shag*, shăg', *s.* rough woolly hair, a kind of cloth

*Shagged*, shăg'-gĕd, or *Shaggy*, shăg'-gŷ, *a.* ruggedly hairy, rough

*Shagreen*, shă'-grĕne, *s.* a skin of a kind of fish or skin made rough in imitation of it

*Shake*, shă'ke, *v. a.* to agitate, make to totter or tremble—*v. n.* to be agitated, to totter, to tremble, to be afraid—*s.* concussion, vibratory motion

*Shaken*, shă'k'n, *part. of* Shake

*Shall*, shăl', *v.* ought, must

*Shalloon*, shăl-l'ône, *s.* a slight woollen stuff [boat with two masts]

*Shallop*, shăl'-ôp, *s.* a small vessel or

*Shallow*, shăl'-lô, *a.* not deep, silly, empty—*s.* a sand, a flat, a shoal

*Shallowbrained*, shăl'-lô-brând, *a.* foolish, trifling

*Shalot*, shă-lôt, *s.* a small onion

*Shalt*, shălt', second person of *shall* after *thou*

*Sham*, shă'm, *v. n.* to cheat, to counterfeit—*s.* false pretence, imposture—*a.* counterfeit, pretended

*Shambles*, shă'm'b'lz, *s.* a place to sell meat, a butchery

*Shambling*, shă'm-blĭng, *a.* moving awkwardly

*Shame*, shă'me, *s.* disgrace, ignominy, reproach—*v.* to make or be ashamed

*Shamefaced*, shă'me-făst, *a.* modest, bashful, sheepish

*Shammy*, shă'm-ŷ, *s.* a kind of leather—*a.* made of shammy

*Shamois*, shă'm-mŷ, *s.* a wild goat

*Shamrock*, shă'm-rôk, *s.* an Irish name for three-leaved grass

*Shank*, shăngk', *s.* the middle joint or bone of the leg, the handle

*Shape*, shă'pe, *v. a.* to form, to mould, to conceive—*s.* form, external appearance [formed]

*Shapely*, shă'pe-lŷ, *a.* symmetrical, well

*Shard*, shărd, *s.* a fragment of earthen ware, a plant, a fish

*Share*, shă're, *v. a.* to divide—*v. n.* to have a part or dividend—*s.* a part, a dividend, a plow-blade

*Shark*, shă'rk, *s.* a voracious sea-fish, a greedy artful fellow [quick, sour]

*Sharp*, shă'rp, *a.* piercing, shrill, acute,

*Sharpen*, shă'rp'n, *v. a.* to make keen, to make quick [a cheat]

*Sharper*, shă'rp-ēr, *s.* a tricking fellow,

*Sharpset*, shă'rp-sĕt', *a.* eager, vehemently desirous [to dissipate]

*Shatter*, shăt'-tér, *v.* to break into pieces,

*Shatterbrained*, shăt'-tér-brând, *a.* inattentive, giddy [razor or scythe]

*Shave*, shă've, *v. a.* to pare off with a

*Shaving*, shă've'ng, *s.* a thin slice pared off any thing

*Shawl*, shăl, *s.* a large loose neckerchief

*She*, shĕ, *pron.* the female before mentioned—*a.* female

*Sheaf*, shĕ'fe, *s.* a bundle of new-cut corn bound together [with shears]

*Shear*, shĕ're, *v. a.* to clip or cut off

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Shears, shérz, *s.* an instrument to cut  
 Sheath, shéth, *s.* a case or scabbard—  
*v. a.* to put into or fit with a sheath  
 Sheathy, shéth-y, *a.* forming a sheath  
 Shed, shéd', *v. a.* to pour out, to spill—  
*s.* a slight temporary covering  
 Sheen, shéne, *s.* brightness, splendour  
*a.* bright, glittering  
 Sheep, shépe, *s.* a well known animal  
 Sheepish, shépe-ysh, *a.* bashful, timorously and meanly diffident  
 Sheep's eye, shéps-í, *s.* a loving sly look [sheep  
 Sheepwalk, shépe-wâlk, *s.* a pasture for  
 Sheer, shére, *a.* pure, clear, unmingled  
 Sheet, shéte, *s.* linen for a bed, a sail, paper, &c.  
 Sheet-anchor, shéte-äng'-kór, *s.* the largest anchor  
 Shékkel, shék'l, *s.* a Jewish coin value two shillings and sixpence  
 Shelf, shélf', *s.* a board to lay things on, a sand bank, a rock under shallow water  
 Shell, shél', *s.* the hard covering or superficial part of any thing—*v. a.* to take out of the shell—*v. n.* to cast the shell  
 Shelly, shél'-ly, *a.* abounding with shells  
 Shelter, shél'-tér, *s.* a cover from injury, refuge—*v.* to afford shelter, to betake to cover, to take shelter  
 Shelving, shélv'-yng, *a.* sloping, slanting  
 Shelly, shélv'-y, *a.* shallow, full of banks, rocky  
 Shepherd, shép'-érd, *s.* one who tends sheep  
 Sherbet, shér-bét', *s.* the juice of lemons or oranges mixed with water and sugar  
 Sheriff, shér'-rif, *s.* a county officer entrusted with the execution of the laws  
 Sheriffalty, shér'-yf-äl-tý, *s.* the office or jurisdiction of a sheriff  
 Sherry, shér'-ry, *s.* a kind of sweet Spanish white wine  
 Shew, shô', *s.* appearance, a public sight  
 Shield, shýld, *s.* a buckler, a defence, a protection—*v. a.* to cover with a shield, to defend, to secure  
 Shift, shýft', *v.* to change, to alter, to practise indirect methods—*s.* an evasion, a woman's under linen garment  
 Shilling, shýl'-ling, *s.* a silver coin value twelve pence  
 Shin, shýn', *s.* the forepart of the leg

Shine, shíne, *v. n.* to glitter, to be conspicuous or propitious, to enlighten—*s.* fair weather, brightness, lustre  
 Shingles, shýng'l'z, *s.* a kind of fetter that spreads itself round the loins  
 Shiny, shíne-y, *a.* bright, luminous, splendid  
 Ship, shíp', *s.* a large vessel to sail on the sea—*v. a.* to put into or transport in a ship [ship  
 Shipboard, shíp'-bôrd, *ad.* on board a  
 Shipman, shíp'-mán, *s.* a sailor  
 Shipping, shíp'-pyng, *s.* vessels of navigation  
 Shipwreck, shíp'-rêk, *s.* destruction of ships by rocks or shelves, destruction, miscarriage [ships  
 Shipwright, shýp'-rite, *s.* a builder of  
 Shire, shíre, *s.* the division of a kingdom, a county [of a man  
 Shirt, shírt', *s.* the under linen garment  
 Shive, shíve, *s.* a slice of bread, a thick splinter  
 Shiver, shýv'-ér, *v. n.* to quake, to shudder—*v. a.* to break into many parts, to shatter—*s.* a fragment  
 Shoal, shô'le, *s.* a crowd, a sand bank  
 Shoaly, shô'le-y, *a.* full of shoals or shallows  
 Shock, shôk', *s.* a conflict, a concussion, an offence—*v. a.* to shake by violence, to offend, to disgust—*v. n.* to be offensive  
 Shod, shôd', *pret. and part. of* Shoe  
 Shoe, shô', *s.* the outer cover for the foot—*v. a.* to fit with a shoe, to cover at the bottom [shoes  
 Shoeboy, shô'-böý, *s.* a boy that cleans  
 Shoeing-horn, shô-ýng-hôrn, *s.* a horn to draw shoes on [suddenly  
 Shog, shôg', *v. a.* to shake, to agitate  
 Shone, shôn', *pret. of* Shine  
 Shook, shúk', *pret. of* Shake  
 Shoot, shôte, *v. a.* to discharge or let off a gun, &c. to pass through with swiftness—*v. n.* to perform the act of shooting, to germinate, to jet out, to pass as an arrow, to feel a quick pain  
 Shop, shôp', *s.* a place for sale or for work [table to work on  
 Shopboard, shôp'-bôrd, *s.* a bench or  
 Shopkeeper, shôp'-kêp'-ér, *s.* one who keeps a shop [goods in a shop  
 Shoplifter, shôp'-lyft'-ér, *s.* one who steals  
 Shore, shôre, *s.* the coast of the sea, a drain, a buttress—*v. a.* to support, to prop, to set on shore



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hằl, liár—mết, dēsist, mê, hér—chĩn, chĩne, field, shĩrt.—

- Short, shŏrt, *a.* not long, scanty, brittle [to cut off, to lop]
- Shorten, shŏrt'n, *v. a.* to make short
- Shorthand, shŏrt-hănd, *s.* a short method of writing
- Shot, shŏt', *pret. and part. of Shoot*—*s.* balls for guns, &c. a reckoning
- Shotfree, shŏt'-frê', *a.* clear of the reckoning
- Shove, shŏv', *v.* to push forcibly, to drive forward—*s.* the act of shoving, a push
- Shovel, shŏv'l, *s.* an instrument with raised edges and a long handle—*v. a.* to throw or heap with a shovel
- Shovelboard, shŏv'l-bŏrd, *s.* a long board for sliding metal pieces at a mark
- Should, shŭd', *pret. of Shall*
- Shoulder, shŏl'-dér, *s.* the joint which connects the arm to the body, the upper joint of the fore-leg of a beast, a prominence—*v. a.* to jostle, to put upon the shoulder
- Shouldershotten, shŏl'-dér-shŏt'n, *a.* strained in the shoulder
- Shoulderslip, shŏl'-dér-slĩp, *s.* a dislocation of the shoulder
- Shout, shŏût', *v. n.* to cry in triumph, &c.—*s.* a loud cry of triumph, &c.
- Show, shŏ', *v. a.* to exhibit to view, to prove, to explain—*s.* an exhibition, pomp, semblance, speciousness
- Showbred, shŏ'-brêd, *s.* loaves set on the golden table in the sanctum before the Lord
- Shower, shŏw'-ér, *s.* rain, a storm of any thing falling thick—*v. a.* to wet, to distribute with great liberality—*v. n.* to be rainy
- Showery, shŏw'-ér-ŷ, *a.* rainy
- Shown, shŏ'ne, *part. of Show*, exhibited
- Showy, shŏ'-ŷ, *a.* splendid, gaudy, ostentatious
- Shrank, shrăngk, *pret. of Shrink*
- Shred, shrêd', *v. a.* to cut into small pieces—*s.* a small piece, a fragment
- Shrew, shrŭ', *s.* a peevish turbulent woman [chievous]
- Shrewd, shrŭ'dé, *a.* smart, cunning, mischievous
- Shriek, shrĩ'ke, *s.* an inarticulate cry of anguish or horror—*v. n.* to scream
- Shrift, shrĩft', *s.* confession made to a priest [ing and tumultuous sound]
- Shrill, shrĩl', *a.* sounding with a piercing
- Shrimp, shrĩmp', *s.* a small sea fish, a dwarf [&c. are repositated]
- Shrine, shrĩne, *s.* a case in which relics,
- Shrink, shrĩngk', *v. n.* to contradict itself, to shrivel, to fall back as from danger [sion]
- Shrive, shrĩve, *v. a.* to hear at confession
- Shrivel, shrĩv'l, *v.* to contract into wrinkles
- Shroud, shrŏŭ'd, *s.* a shelter, a corner, burial clothes, the rope that supports the mast—*v.* to shelter, to cover, to dress for the grave
- Shrove-tide, shrŏ've-tĩde, or Shrove-Tuesday, shrŏ've-tŭ'z-dă, *s.* the Tuesday before Lent [of trees]
- Shrowd, shrŏŭ'd, *v. a.* to lop branches
- Shrub, shrŭb', *s.* a bush, a spirit with acid and sugar mixed [of shrubs]
- Shrubby, shrŭb'-bŷ, *a.* like a shrub, full
- Shrug, shrŭg', *v.* to express horror or dissatisfaction by the motion of the shoulders, to contract or draw up—*s.* a motion of the shoulders from dislike or aversion [Shrink]
- Shrunk, shrŭnk', *pret. and part. of Shrunken*, shrŭngk'n, *part. of Shrink*
- Shudder, shŭd'-dér, *v. a.* to quake with fear, &c.
- Shuffle, shŭfl', *v. a.* to remove with artifice or fraud, to mix cards—*v. n.* to throw the cards into a new order, to play mean tricks, to evade fair questions, to shift, to move with an irregular gait—*s.* the act of disordering things, an artifice [money in a hat]
- Shufflecap, shŭf'l-kăp, *s.* a shaking of
- Shun, shŭn', *v. a.* to avoid, to endeavour to escape [clude, to close itself]
- Shut, shŭt', *v.* to close, to bar, to exclude
- Shutter, shŭt'-tér, *s.* a cover for a window, &c.
- Shuttle, shŭt'l, *s.* a weaver's instrument
- Shuttlecock, shŭt'l-kŏk, or Shittlecock, shŭt'l-kŏk, *s.* a cork struck with feathers and beaten backward and forward [cautious]
- Shy, shŷ', *a.* reserved, not familiar
- Sibilant, sĩb'-ŷ-lênt, *a.* hissing
- Sibilation, sĩb'-ŷ-lă-shŭn, *s.* a hissing sound [a spirit of prophecy]
- Sibyl, sĩb'-ŷl, *s.* a woman endowed with sibylline
- Sibylline, sĩb'-ŷl-lĩn, *a.* belonging to the sibyls
- Sicamore, sĩk'-ă-mŏre, *s.* a tree
- Siccate, sĩk'-ăte, *v. a.* to dry
- Siccation, sĩk'-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of drying
- Siccidity, sĩk'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* dryness, want of moisture

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe —thus, thick.

Sice, sîze, *s.* the number six at dice  
 Sick, sîk', *a.* not healthy, disgusted  
 Sicken, sîk'n, *v. a.* to make sick—*v. n.*  
     to grow sick, to be disgusted, to decay  
 Sickle, sîk'l, *s.* a reaping hook  
 Sickness, sîk'-nës, *s.* state of being sick  
 Side, sîde, *s.* the rib part of animals, the  
     edge, party—*a.* oblique—*v. n.* to join  
     with a party  
 Sideboard, sîde-bôrd, *s.* a side table on  
     which conveniences are placed  
 Sidebox, sîde-bôks, *s.* a seat on the side  
     of the theatre  
 Sideral, sîd'-ér-âl, *a.* starry, astral  
 Siderated, sîd'-ér-â-tëd, *a.* blasted, plan-  
     et-struck  
 Sideration, sîd-er-â-shûn, *s.* a sudden  
     mortification, a blast  
 Sidesaddle, —sîde-săd'l, *s.* a woman's  
     seat on horseback  
 Sidesman, sîdz-mán, *s.* an assistant to  
     the church-warden  
 Sidle, sîd'l, *v. n.* to go with the body,  
     the narrowest way [place  
 Siege, sîdzh, *s.* the besieging a fortified  
 Sieve, sîv', *s.* hair or lawn strained on  
     a hoop  
 Sift, sîft', *v. a.* to separate by a sieve,  
     to examine  
 Sigh, sî', *s.* a mournful emission of  
     breath, a sob—*v. n.* to utter a sigh  
 Sight, sîte, *s.* the sense of seeing, an  
     open view, a show  
 Slightly, sîte-lý, *a.* pleasing to the eye,  
     striking to the view  
 Sigil, sîdzh'-yl, *s.* a seal, a kind of charm  
 Sign, sîne, *s.* a token, a picture hung  
     for notice, a constellation in the zo-  
     diac, a symbol—*v. a.* to ratify by  
     writing  
 Signal, sîg'-năl, *s.* a sign that gives no-  
     tice—*a.* eminent, remarkable  
 Signalize, sîg'-nă-lize, *v. a.* to make emi-  
     nent or remarkable  
 Signature, sîg'-nă-tûre, *s.* a sign or mark,  
     a signing, among printers a letter to  
     distinguish sheets  
 Signet, sîg-nët, *s.* a seal commonly used  
     for a king's seal manual  
 Significant, sîg-nýf'-y-kënt, *a.* expres-  
     sive, important  
 Signification, sîg-nýf-y-kă-shûn, *s.* a  
     meaning expressed by a sign or word  
 Significative, sîg-nýf'-y-kă-týv, *a.* strongly  
     expressive  
 Signify, sîg'-ný-fý, *v. a.* to declare or  
     make known, to mean, to import

Signmanual, sîne-măn'-û-âl, *s.* a king's  
     signature, a name written with a per-  
     son's own hand [sign hangs  
 Signpost, sîne-pôst, *s.* that on which a  
 Silence, sî-léns, *s.* taciturnity, secrecy,  
     stillness—*interj.* hush—*v. a.* to still  
 Silent, sî-lént, *a.* mute, still, not speak-  
     ing [flinty  
 Silicious, sî-lýsh'-ús, *a.* made of hair,  
 Siliquous, sîl'-ý-kwús, *a.* having a pod  
     or capsule  
 Silk, sîk', *s.* the thread of worms, stuff  
     made of the worm's thread  
 Silken, sîlk'n, or Silky, sîlk'-ý, *a.* made  
     of silk, soft, pliant [foot of a door  
 Sil, sîl', *s.* the timber or stone at the  
 Sillabub, sîl'-lă-bûb, *s.* a mixture of milk  
     warm from the cow with wine and  
     brandy and sugar and nutmeg  
 Silly, sîl'-lý, *a.* harmless, foolish, simple  
 Silvan, sîl'-văn, *a.* woody, full of woods  
 Silver, sîl'-vér, *s.* a white hard metal,  
     money made of silver—*a.* made of or  
     like silver—*v. a.* to cover superfi-  
     cially with silver  
 Silvery, sîl'-vér-ý, *a.* besprinkled with  
     or shining like silver  
 Similar, sîm'-ýl-ăr, *a.* of a like form or  
     quality, resembling  
 Similarity, sîm'-ýl-ăr'-ýt-ý, *s.* likeness  
 Simile, sîm'-ýl-ē, *s.* a comparison  
 Similitude, sîm'-ýl'-ý tûde, *s.* resemblance,  
     simile  
 Simmer, sîm'-mér, *v. n.* to boil gently  
 Simnel, sîm'-nél, *s.* a kind of sweet cake  
 Simoniac, sî-mō'-nyăk, *s.* one who buys  
     or sells church preferments  
 Simony, sîm'-ón-ý, *s.* the crime of buy-  
     ing or selling church preferment  
 Simper, sîmp'-ér, *v. n.* to smile like a  
     fool—*s.* a foolish smile  
 Simple, sîmpl', *a.* plain, harmless, silly  
     —*s.* a simple ingredient, an herb—  
     *v. n.* to gather simples  
 Simpleton, sîmpl'-tôn, *s.* a silly mortal  
 Simplicity, sîm-plýs'-ýt-ý, *s.* plainness,  
     the state of being uncompounded,  
     silliness [a single head or point  
 Simplify, sîm'-plý-fý *v. a.* to reduce to  
 Similar, sîm'-û-lăr, *s.* one that coun-  
     terfeits [counterfeit  
 Simulate, sîm'-û-lâte, *v. n.* to feign, to  
 Simulation, sîm'-û-lă-shûn, *s.* hypocrisy,  
     a dissembling [at the same time  
 Simultaneous, sî-mûl-tă-nyús, *a.* acting  
 Sin, sîn', *s.* a violation of the laws of  
     God—*v. a.* to violate God's laws

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chĭne, field, shĭrt—

Since, sĭn's, *ad.* because that, before this, ago [*corrupt*

Sincere, sĭn-sĕ're, *a.* pure, honest, un-Sincere: y, sĭn sĕr'ĭt-y, *s.* honesty of intention, purity of mind

Sindon sĭn-dŏn, *s.* a fold, a wrapper

Sine, sĭ'ue, *s.* a kind of geometrical line

Sinecure, sĭ'ue-kŭ're, *s.* an office which has revenue without employment

Sinew, sĭn'ŭ, *s.* a tendon, a muscle or nerve [*gorous*

Sinewy, sĭn'ŭ-y, *a.* strong, nervous, vi-

Sing, sĭng', *v.* to articulate musically, to utter sweet sounds, to tell in poetry, to celebrate [*slightly*

Singe, sĭndzh', *v. a.* to scorch, to burn

Single, sĭng'l, *a.* one, alone, unmarried. not compounded—*v. a.* to choose out from among others

Singular, sĭng'ŭ-lăr, *a.* single, only one, particular [*arity, a curiosity*

Singularity, sĭng'ŭ-lăr'ĭt-y, *s.* peculi-

Sinister, sĭn'ĭs-tĕr, *a.* bad, inauspicious, unfair

Sink, sĭngk', *v. n.* to fall gradually, to settle, to decline—*v. a.* to depress, to make to fall—*s.* drain, jakes, a place of filth [*who has offended*

Sinner, sĭn'ĕr, *s.* a wicked person, one

Sin offering, sĭn'ŏf-rĭng, *s.* an expiation for sin [*earth*

Sinoper, sĭn'ŭ-pĕr, *s.* a kind of red

Sinuous, sĭn'ŭ-ŭs, *a.* bending in and out

Sinus, sĭ'nŭs, *s.* a bay of the sea, an opening of the land

Sip, sĭp', *v.* to drink by small draughts —*s.* a small draught

Siphon, sĭ-fŏn, *s.* a pipe to convey liquors through, &c.

Sippet, sĭp'ĕt, *s.* a small sop

Sir, sĭr, *s.* a word of respect to men, a title of a knight or baronet

Sire, sĭ're, *s.* a father, a male

Siren, sĭ-rĕn, *s.* a cruel sea goddess famed for singing

Sirius, sĭr'yŭs, *s.* the dog-star

Sirloin, sĭr'lŏin, *s.* a loin of beef

Sirname, sĭr'năme, *s.* name of a family

Sirocco, sĭ-rŏk'-kŏ, *s.* the south-east wind

Sirrah, sĭr'ră, *s.* a name of reproach and insult [*boiled with sugar*

Sirup, sĭr'ŭp, *s.* the juice of vegetables

Sister, sĭs'tĕr, *s.* a woman born of the same parents [*the same order*

Sisterhood, sĭs'tĕr-hŭd, *s.* women of

Sisterinlaw, sĭs'tĕr-ĭn-lă, *s.* a husband's or wife's sister

Sit, sĭt', *v. a.* to rest upon the buttocks, to incubate

Site, sĭtĕ, *s.* situation, local position

Sith, sĭth', *ad.* since, seeing that

Sitient, sĭsh'yĕnt, *a.* thirsting

Sitting, sĭt'ĭng, *s.* the act or posture of sitting, incubation

Situate, sĭt'ŭ-ăte, *a.* placed, lying

Situation, sĭt'ŭ-ă-shŭn, *s.* local state, position, condition

Six, sĭks', *s.* one more than five

Sixteen, sĭks'tĕne, *s.* six and ten

Sixth, sĭksth', *a.* first after the fifth

Sixthly, sĭksth'ly, *ad.* in the sixth place

Sixtieth, sĭks'tĭth, *a.* the tenth six times repeated

Sixty, sĭks'tĭ, *a.* six times ten

Size, sĭze, *s.* bulk, a glutinous substance —*v. a.* to smear with size

Sizeable, sĭze-ĕb'l, *a.* reasonably bulky

Sizer, sĭze-ĕr, *s.* the lowest rank of students in the universities

Sizy, sĭ-zĭ, *a.* viscous, glutinous

Skain, skă'ne, *s.* a knot of threads wound and doubled

Skean, skĕ'ne, *s.* a short sword, a knife

Skeleton, skĕl'ĕtŏn, *s.* the bones of the body preserved together

Sketch, skĕtsh', *s.* an outline, a rough draught—*v. n.* to draw roughly, to plan

Skewer, skŭ're, *s.* a sort of pin to truss meat—*v. a.* to fasten with skewers

Skiff, skĭf', *s.* a small light boat

Skill, skĭl', *s.* knowledge, dexterity, abilities [*with*

Skilled, skĭld', *a.* knowing, acquainted

Skillet, skĭl'ĕt, *s.* a small kettle or boiler

Skim, skĭm', *v. a.* to take off the scum—*v. n.* to pass lightly, to glide along

Skimmer, skĭm'ĕr, *s.* a ladle to take off the scum

Skimmilk, skĭm'mĭlk, *s.* the milk from which the cream has been taken

Skĭn, skĭn', *s.* the natural covering of the flesh, the hide—*v. a.* to flay, to uncover, to heal [*son*

Skinflint, skĭn'flĭnt, *s.* a niggardly person

Skink, skĭngk', *s.* drink, pottage—*v. n.* to serve to drink

Skinner, skĭn'nĕr, *s.* a dealer in skins

Skinny, skĭn'y, *a.* wanting flesh, thin, lean

Skip, skĭp', *v. n.* to leap quickly, to pass without notice—*v. a.* to miss, to pass—*s.* a light leap or bound

Skipjack, skĭp-dzhăk, *s.* an upstart

Skipper, skĭp'ĕr, *s.* a shipmaster or ship-boy

shöt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe —thus, thick.

Skirmish, skír'-mîsh, *s.* a slight fight, a contest—*v. n.* to fight loosely or in parties

Skirt, skírt', *s.* the edge, the border, the extreme part—*v. a.* to border, to run along the edge

Skit, skít', *s.* a whim, a kind of jest

Skittish, skít'-îsh, *a.* easily frightened, shy, wanton

Skue, skû', *a.* oblique, sidelong

Skulk, skûlk', *v. n.* to lurk in fear or malice [the head

Skull, skûl', *s.* the bone that encloses

Sky, ský', *s.* the heavens, the firmament

Skylark, ský'-lârk, *s.* a lark that mounts and sings [roof

Skylight, ský'-lîte, *s.* a window in the

Skyrocket, ský'-rôk-ët, *s.* a kind of rising

firework

Slab, slâb', *s.* a puddle, a plane of stone

Slabber, slâb'-ér, *v. n.* to drivel, to shed

*v. a.* to smear with spittle, to spill

Slabby, slâb'-ý, *a.* thick, viscous, wet

Slack, slâk', *a.* loose, remiss, relaxed,

weak—*v. n.* to be slack—*v. a.* to

make slack—*s.* coal broken into small

parts

Slacken, slâk'n, *v. n.* and *a.* to slack

Slade, slâ'de, *s.* a long flat piece of

ground lying low and wet

Slag, slâg', *s.* the dross of metal

Slain, slâ'ne, *part. of* Slay [guish

Slake, slâ'ke, *v. a.* to quench, to extin-

Slam, slâm', *v. a.* to slaughter, to crush,

to win all the tricks at whist—*s.* a

winning of all the tricks at whist

Slander, slân-dér, *v. a.* to censure

falsely—to belie—*s.* false invective,

reproach [sive, calumnious

Slandorous, slân-dér-ús, *a.* falsely abu-

Slant, slânt, or Slanting, slânt'-îng, *a.*

oblique, sloping [direction

Slantwise, slânt'-wîze, *ad.* in a sloping

Slap, slâp', *s.* a smart blow—*ad.* with a

sudden violent blow—*v. a.* to strike

with the open hand

Slapdash, slâp-dâ'sh, *ad.* at once, sud-

denly

Slash, slâsh', *v. a.* to cut with long cuts

—*v. n.* to strike at random—*s.* a

wound, a cut in cloth

Slate, slâ'te, *s.* a gray fossile stone—

*v. a.* to cover the roof with slates

Slatern, slât'-érn, *s.* a nasty woman

negligent in dress

Slave, slâ've, *s.* one deprived of freedom

*v. n.* to drudge, to toil

Slaver, slâv'-ér, *s.* spittle, drivel—*v. a.* to emit or smear with spittle

Slavery, slâ've-ér-ý, *s.* the condition or offices of a slave

Slaughter, slâ'-ter, *s.* destruction by the sword—*v. a.* to slay, to kill with the sword [for killing beasts

Slaughterhouse, slâ'-tér-hôûs, *s.* a place

Slaughterman, slâ'-tér-mán, *s.* one em-

ployed in killing [dependant

Slavish, slâ've-îsh, *a.* servile, mean, base

Slay, slâ', *v. a.* to kill, to butcher

Sleazy, slé'-zy, *a.* thin, weak, wanting substance

Sled, sléd', *s.* a carriage without wheels

Sledge, slédzh', *s.* a smith's large hammer

Sleek, slé'ke, *a.* smooth, glossy,—*v. a.*

to comb smooth and even, to render

smooth and glossy

Sleep, slé'pe, *v. n.* to repose, to rest, to

slumber—*s.* repose, rest, slumber

Sleepy, slé'pe-ý, *a.* drowsy, causing

sleep, lazy

Sleet, slé'te, *s.* a kind of small hail or

snow—*v. n.* to snow in small particles

Sleety, slé'te-ý, *a.* bringing sleet

Sleeve, slé've, *s.* the dress covering the

arm

Sleeveless, slé've-lës, *a.* wanting sleeves

Sleight, slî'te, *s.* artifice, trick, dex-

terous practice [waist, sparing

Slender, slén'-dér, *a.* thin, small in the

Slept, slépt', *pret. and part. of* Sleep

Slew, slû', *pret. of* Slay

Slice, slî'se, *v. n.* to cut into thin pieces,

to divide—*s.* a broad flat piece cut off

Slide, slî'de, *v.* to pass smoothly or im-

perceptibly, to glide on ice—*s.* a fro-

zen place to slide on

Slight, slî'te, *a.* small, thin, weak—*s.*

neglect, contempt, artifice—*v. a.* to

neglect, to disregard

Slim, slîm', *a.* slender, thin of shape

Slime, slî'me, *s.* mire, any glutinous

substance

Slimy, slî'me-ý, *a.* viscous, glutinous

Sling, slîng', *s.* a missive weapon for

stones, a throw, a hanging bandage

—*v. a.* to throw by a sling, to cast,

to hang by a string [of the way

Slink, slîngk', *v. n.* to sneak, steal out

Slip, slîp', *v. n.* to slide, to make a false

step or mistake, to escape—*v. a.* to

convey or leave sily, to lose by neg-

ligence, to let loose—*s.* a false step,

a mistake, an escape, a twig, a long

narrow piece



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chîn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt—

Slipboard, slîp'-bôrd, *s.* a board sliding in grooves [tied]

Slipknot, slîp'-nôt, *s.* a knot easily un-

Slipper, slîp'-ér, *s.* a shoe without leather behind

Slippery, slîp'-ér-ÿ, or Slippy, slîp'-ÿ, *a.* glib, hard to hold, uncertain

Slipshod, slîp'-shôd, *a.* not having the shoes pulled up at the heels

Slipslop, slîp'-slôp, *s.* bad or insipid liquor

Slit, slît', *v. a.* to cut longwise—*s.* a long cut, a narrow opening

Sliver, slî'-vér, *v. a.* to split, to divide or tear longwise—*s.* a branch torn off

Sloats, slô'ts, *s.* the under pieces which keep the bottom of a cart together

Slobber, slôb'-bér, *s.* slaver—*v. a.* and *n.* to slaver, to wet with spittle

Sloe, slô', *s.* the fruit of the blackthorn

Sloop, slô'pe, *s.* a small ship

Slop slôp', *v. a.* to drink grossly and greedily

Slope, slô'pe, *a.* oblique, slanting—*s.* oblique direction, declivity—*v. a.* to form to obliquity, to direct obliquely *v. n.* to take an oblique direction

Slopeswise, slô'pe-wîze, *ad.* slantwise

Sloppy, slôp'-ÿ, *a.* miry and wet

Sloth, slô'th, *s.* laziness, sluggishness, an animal of very slow motion

Slouch, slôût'sh, *s.* a downcast look, one who looks heavy and clownish

Sloven, slôv'n, *s.* a person indecently negligent of cleanliness, or dirtily dressed

Slough, slôû', *s.* a deep miry place

Slough, slûf', *s.* the skin which a serpent casts off

Sloughy, slôû'-ÿ, *a.* miry, boggy, muddy

Slow, slô', *a.* not swift, tardy, dull

Slowworm, slô'-wôrm', *s.* a blind worm, a small viper [lazily, to daub]

Slubber, slûb'-ér, *v. a.* to do any thing

Sludge, slûdzh', *s.* mire, muddy water

Slug, slûg', *s.* an idler, a drone, a kind of slow snail [wretch]

Sluggard, slûg'-ârd, *s.* an idle lazy

Sluggish, slûg'-ish, *a.* dull, drowsy, lazy, idle

Sluice, slû'se, *s.* floodgate, a vent for water—*v. a.* to emit by floodgates

Slumber, slûm'-bér, *v. n.* to sleep lightly, to doze—*s.* light sleep, repose

Slumberous, slûm'-bér-ûs, *a.* causing sleep, sleepy

Slung, slûng', *pret. and part. of Sling*

Slunk, slûngk', *pret. and part. of Slink*  
Slur, slûr', *v. a.* to sully, to pass lightly—*s.* a slight disgrace

Slut, slût', *s.* a dirty woman

Sluttish, slût'-ish, *s.* nasty, dirty

Sly, slÿ', *a.* meanly artful, secretly insidious [but cunning fellow]

Slyboots, slÿ'-bôts, *s.* a seemingly silly

Smack, smäk', *s.* flavour, taste, a quick smart noise, a loud kiss, a small ship

Small, smâl', *a.* little, slender, weak

Smallcoal, smâl'-kôle, *s.* small wood coals [than a ship]

Smallcraft, smâl'-kräft, *s.* a vessel less

Smallpox, smâl'-pöks, *s.* an eruptive malignant distemper [stance]

Smalt, smâ't, *s.* a beautiful blue sub-

Smaragdine, smä-räg'-dÿn, *a.* made of or like emerald

Smart, smärt, *s.* a quick pungent pain

—*v. n.* to feel quick lively pain—*a.* pungent, quick, witty, brisk [bird]

Smatch, smâtsh', *s.* a taste, a twang, a

Smatter, smât'-ér, *v. n.* to have a superficial knowledge—*s.* a superficial knowledge

Smattering, smât'-ér-ÿng, *s.* a slight knowledge

Smear, smê're, *v. a.* to daub, to soil, to defile

Smeary, smê'r-ÿ, *a.* dauby, adhesive

Smeeth, smê'th, *v. a.* to smoke, to blacken with smoke

Smell, smél', *v. a.* to perceive by the nose—*s.* the power of smelling, scent

Smelt, smêlt', *pret. and part. of Smell*

—*s.* a small sea fish—*v. a.* to melt ore

Smerk, smérk', *v. a.* to smile wantonly

Smicket, smÿk'-ê't, *s.* the body linen of a woman

Smile, smî'le, *s.* a look of pleasure or kindness or slight contempt—*v. n.* to be propitious

Smite, smî'te, *v.* to strike, to kill, to blast

Smith, smÿth', *s.* one who works in metals

Smithery, smÿth'-ér-ÿ, *s.* a smith's shop

Smitten, smÿt'n, or Smit, smÿt', *part. of Smite*

Smock, smôk', *s.* a shift

Smockfaced, smôk'-fâst, *a.* beardless, palefaced, maidenly

Smoke, smô'ke, *s.* a sooty exhalation—

*v. n.* to emit smoke, to smell or hunt out, to use tobacco in a pipe—*v. a.* to

scent by or dry in smoke, to smoke a pipe, to find out

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Smoky, smô'ke-ŷ, *a.* emitting or like smoke, fumed

Smooth, smô'the, *a.* even on the surface, mild, calm—*v. a.* to make smooth

Smote, smô'te, *pret. of* Smite

Smother, smôth'-ér, *v. a.* to suffocate, to suppress—*v. n.* to smoke without vent—*s.* a state of suppression, smoke, thick dust

Smug, smûg', *a.* nice, spruce

Smuggle, smûg'l, *v. a.* to import or export goods without payment of the customs

Smut, smût', *s.* a spot made with soot or coal, obscenity—*v.* to make or become smutty [smoke]

Smutch, smûtsh', *v. a.* to blacken with Smutty, smût'-ŷ, *a.* black with smoke, tainted with mildew, obscene

Snack, snâk', *s.* a share, a part taken by compact [the nose]

Snaffle, snâf'l, *s.* a bridle which crosses Snag, snâg', *s.* a jag, a sharp protuberance, a tooth standing out

Snagged, snâg'-ed, or Snaggy, snâg'-ŷ, *a.* full of snags, shooting into sharp points [a drone]

Snail, snâ'le, *s.* a slimy creeping animal, Snake, snâ'ke, *s.* a kind of harmless serpent [serpents]

Snaky, snâ'ke-ŷ, *a.* serpentine, having Snap, snâp', *v.* to break at once, to bite or endeavour to bite, to treat with sharp language—*s.* a quick bite, a catch [kind of play]

Snapdragon, snâp' drâg-ôn, *s.* a plant, a Snappish, snâp'-ish, *a.* eager to bite, peevish, tart [v. a. to entangle]

Snare, snâ're, *s.* a gin, a net, a trap—Snarl, snâ'rl, *v. n.* to growl as a cur, to speak roughly [a hasty catch]

Snatch, snâtsh', *v.* to seize hastily—*s.* Sneak, snê'ke, *v. n.* to creep slyly, to crouch [covetous]

Sneaking, snê'ke-îng, *a.* servile, mean, Sneakup, snê'ke-ûp, *s.* a cowardly creeping scoundrel [check, to nip]

Sneap, snê'pe, *v. a.* to reprimand, to Sneer, snê're, *v. n.* to show contempt—*s.* a look of contemptuous ridicule

Sneeze, snê'ze, *v. n.* to emit wind audibly by the nose—*s.* the act of sneezing Snib, snîb', *v. a.* to check, to chide

Snick-and-snee, snîk'-ând-snê', *s.* a combat with knives

Sniff, snîf', *v. n.* to draw breath audibly by the nose

Sniggle, snîg'l, *v. n.* to fish for eels with a bait

Snip, snîp', *v. a.* to cut at once with scissors, &c.—*s.* a single cut with scissors, a small shred

Snipe, snî'pe, *s.* a fen fowl with a long bill, a blockhead

Snippet, snîp'-ët, *s.* a small part, a share

Snipsnap, snîp'-snâp, *s.* a tart dialogue

Snivel, snîv'l, *s.* snout, a running at the nose—*v. a.* to run at the nose, to cry as a child

Snore, snô're, *v. n.* to breathe hard in sleep—*s.* the respiration of sleepers through the nose

Snort, snôrt', *v. n.* to blow through the nose as a high mettled horse

Snot, snôt', *s.* the mucus of the nose

Snotty, snôt'-ŷ, *a.* full of snot

Snout, snôût', *s.* the nose of a beast, the nose in contempt, the end of a hollow pipe

Snow, snô', *s.* water frozen in flakes, a small ship—*v.* to fall in congealed flakes [snow]

Snowball, snô'-bâll, *s.* a round lump of Snowdrop, snô'-drôp, *s.* a small white spring flower [ing with snow]

Snowy, snô'-ŷ, *a.* white like or abundant

Snub, snûb', *v. a.* to check, to nip

Snuff, snûf', *s.* the burnt wick of a candle, a candle almost burnt out, powdered tobacco—*v. a.* to draw in with the breath, to scent, to crop the candle—*v. n.* to sniff [candles]

Snuffers, snûf'-fêrz, *s.* an utensil to crop Snuffle, snûf'l, *v. n.* to speak or breathe through the nose [sly]

Snug, snûg', *a.* close, hidden, private, Snuggle, snûg'l, *v. n.* to lie close or warm [fore, provided that]

So, sô', *ad.* in like manner, thus, there-Soak, sô'ke, *v. n.* to lie steeped in moisture, to enter by degrees into pores—*v. a.* to drench, to drain [ing]

Soap, sô'pe, *s.* a substance used in wash-Soapboiler, sô'pe-bôîl'-ér, *s.* a maker of soap

Soar, sô're, *v. n.* to fly aloft, to tower, to rise high—*s.* a towering flight

Sob, sôb', *s.* a convulsive sigh or cry—*v. n.* to utter sobs

Sober, sô-bér, *a.* temperate, sound in mind, serious—*v. a.* to make sober

Sobriety, sô-bî'-ê-tŷ, *s.* temperance in drink, calmness

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chine, fĭeld, shirt—

Soc, sŏk', *s.* service due from a tenant to a lord, privilege [of lands]

Socage, sŏk'-ēdzh, *s.* an ancient tenure

Sociable, sŏ-shēb'l, *a.* familiar, inclined to company, conversable

Social, sŏ-shāl, *a.* fit for society, familiar, friendly [pany, partnership]

Society, sŏ-sĭ-ē-ty, *s.* community, com-

Socinian, sŏ sĭn'-yăn, *s.* a follower of Socinus, one who denies the pre-existence and divinity of Christ

Sock, sŏk', *s.* a theatrical shoe, a false stocking [something inserted]

Socket, sŏk'-ēt, *s.* any hollow to receive

Sod, sŏd', *s.* a turf, a clod [ternity]

Sodality, sŏ-dāl'-yt-y, *s.* fellowship, fra-

Sodden, sŏd'n, *pret. of* Seeth

Soder, sŏd'-ēr, *v. a.* to cement with metallic matter—*s.* a metallic cement

Sofa, sŏ-f'ā, *s.* a splendid covered seat

Soft, sŏft, *a.* not hard or rough, tender, gentle, placid, simple—*interj.* hold, stop, not so fast [soft]

Soften, sŏft'n, *a.* to make soft, to grow

Soho, sŏ-hŏ', *interj.* a form of calling to one far off

Soil, sŏil, *v. a.* to foul, to stain, to sully, to dung—*s.* dirt, dung, compost, earth

Sominess, sŏil'-y-nēs, *s.* stain, foulness

Sojourn, sŏ-dzhŏrn, *v. n.* to dwell for a time or as not at home—*s.* a temporary residence

Solace, sŏl'-ēs, *v. a.* to comfort, to cheer, to amuse—*s.* comfort, pleasure, alleviation [pertaining to the sun]

Solar, sŏ-lār, or Solary, sŏ-lār-y, *a.*

Sold, sŏld, *pret. and part. of* Sell

Soldan, sŏl-dăn, *s.* a Mahometan prince or sultan [warrior]

Soldier, sŏl-dzhēr, *s.* a fighting man, a

Soldierlike, sŏl-dzhēr-like, *a.* military, becoming a soldier

Soldiery, sŏl-dzhēr-y, *s.* soldiers collectively, soldiiership

Sole, sŏ'le, *s.* the bottom of the foot or shoe, a kind of sea fish—*v. a.* to furnish soles—*a.* single, only

Solecism, sŏl'-ē-sĭzm, *s.* an impropriety of speech [awful, serious]

Solemn, sŏl'-ēm, *a.* religiously grave,

Solemnity, sŏ-lēm'-nĭt-y, *s.* religious ceremony, gravity

Solemnization, sŏl'-ēm-nĭ-zā'-shŭn, *s.* the act of celebration

Solemnize, sŏl'-ēm-nĭze, *v. a.* to celebrate

Solicit, sŏ-lĭs'-yt, *v. a.* to intreat, to try to obtain, to excite

Solicitation, sŏ-lĭs-y-tā'-shŭn, *s.* importunity, excitement [another]

Solicitor, sŏ-lĭs'-yt-ŏr, *s.* one who acts for

Solicitous, sŏ-lĭs'-yt ūs, *a.* anxious, careful

Solicitude, sŏ-lĭs'-i-tŭde, *s.* anxiety, carefulness

Solid, sol'-ĭd, *a.* compact, dense, firm, sound, true, grave, profound

Solidity, sŏ-lĭd'-yt-y, *s.* fulness of matter, firmness, hardness, compactness, truth

Solidifidian, sŏ-lĭ-fĭd'-yăn, *s.* one who supposes faith alone necessary to justification [to one's self]

Soliloquy, sŏ-lĭl'-ŏ kwŷ, *s.* discourse, &c.

Solitaire, sŏl'-i-tā're, *s.* a hermit, an ornament for the neck [single]

Solitary, sŏl'-y-tār-y, *a.* retired, dismal,

Solitude, sŏl'-y-tŭde, *s.* a lonely life or place, a desert [one]

Solo, sŏ-lŏ, *s.* a tune played or sung by

Solstice, sŏl'-stĭs, *s.* the tropical point of the sun [the solstice]

Solstitial, sŏl'-stĭsh-āl, *a.* belonging to

Solvable, sŏlv'-ēb'l, *a.* capable of being solved or paid

Soluble, sŏl'-ūb'l, *a.* capable of dissolution [ness of separation]

Solubility, sŏl-ū-bĭl'-yt-y, *s.* susceptibility

Solve, sŏlv' *v. a.* to clear, to explain

Solvent, sŏl'-vēnt, *a.* dissolving, able to pay debts [explanation]

Solution, sŏ-lŭ'-shŭn, *s.* a separation, an

Solutive, sŏl'-ū-tĭv, *a.* laxative

Somatology, sŏ-mā-tŏl'-ŏ-dzhŷ, *s.* the doctrine of bodies

Some, sŏm', *a.* more or less, certain persons, one or other

Somebody, sŏm'-bŏd-y, *s.* an indiscriminate person [other]

Somehow, sŏm'-hŏw, *ad.* one way or

Somerset, sŏm'-ēr-sēt, *s.* a kind of leap

Something, sŏm'-thĭng, *s.* more or less, one thing or other

Sometime, sŏm'-time, *ad.* once, formerly

Sometimes, sŏm'-timz, *ad.* now and then

Somewhat, sŏm'-hwăt, *s.* something

Somewhere, sŏm' hwäre, *ad.* in one place or other

Somniferous, sŏm-nĭf'-ēr-ŭs, or Somnific, sŏm-nĭf'-ĭk, *a.* causing sleep

Somnolancy, sŏm' nŏl'-lēn-sŷ, *s.* inclination to sleep, drowsiness

Son, sŏn, *s.* a male child, a descendant, a native

shòt, nòte, lôse, actór—hùt, pùsh, mûte, fúr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Son-in-law, sôn'-yn-là, *s.* one married to one's daughter [ments only]

Sonata, sô-nà-tà, *s.* a tune for instrument  
Song, sòng, *s.* a ballad, a strain, notes of birds

Songster, sòng'-stér, *s.* a singer of songs

Sonnet, sôn'-ét, *s.* a small poem of fourteen lines only [pretty poet]

Sonnetteer, sô-ét-tère, *s.* a small or soniferous, sô nif'-ér-ús, *a.* giving or bringing sound [sound]

Sonorific, sôn-ô-rif'-yk, *a.* producing

Sonorous, sô nô'-rús, *a.* giving a loud or shrill sound [readily]

Soon, sône, *ad.* before long, early,

Soot, sût', *s.* condensed smoke

Soo e kin, sū'-ter-kín, *s.* a kind of false birth fabled to be produced by Dutch women from sitting over their stoves

Sooth, sôthe, *s.* truth, reality—*a.* pleasing—*v.* *a.* to flutter, to calm, to pacify

Soothsay, sôthe-sà, *v. n.* to predict

Soothsayer, sôthe-sà-ér, *s.* a foreteller of events [black, dusky]

Sooty, sūt'-ý, *a.* smeared with soot,

Sop, sôp', *s.* any thing steeped to be eaten a thing to pacify—*v. a.* to steep in liquor [years at the university]

Soph, sôf', *s.* one who has been two

Sophi, sô'-fý, *s.* the emperor of Persia

Sophism, sôf'-izm, *s.* fallacious argument

Sophist, sôf'-íst, *s.* a subtle, cavilling disputer [ous logician]

Sophister, sôf'-ís-tér, *s.* an artful insidi-

Sophistical, sô-f'ís'-tík-ál, *a.* fallaciously subtle [adulterate]

Sophisticate, sô-f'ís'-tík-âte, *v. a.* to

Sophistry, sôf'-ís-trý, *s.* fallacious reasoning

Soporiferous, sô-pô-rif'-ér-ús, or Soporific, sô-pô-rif'-ík, *a.* causing sleep

Sorcerer, sôr-sér-ér, *s.* a conjurer, a magician [ment]

Sorcery, sôr-sér-ý, *s.* magic, enchant-

Sord, sôrd, *s.* turf, grassy ground

Sordes, sôr-déz, *s.* foulness, dregs

Sordid, sôr-did, *a.* foul, filthy, base, covetous

Sore, sôre, *s.* a place painful and tender, an ulcer—*a.* tender to the touch, violent with pain

Sorel, sô-rél, *s.* a huck in the third year

Sorrel, sôr'-él, *s.* an acid plant—*a.* reddish

Sorrow, sôr-rô, *s.* grief, sadness, inourning—*v. n.* to grieve, to be sad or dejected

Sorry, sôr'-ý, *a.* grieved, vile, worthless

Sort, sôrt, *s.* a kind, a species, a rank—*v. a.* to separate, to cull, to select—*v. n.* to suit [ing, a parcel sorted]

Sortment, sôrt-mént, *s.* the act of sort-

Soss, sôs', *v. n.* to sit lazily, to fall plump into

Sot, sôt', *s.* a blockhead, a drunkard—*v. a.* to stupify—*v. n.* to tippleso as to stupify [dull, stupid]

Sottish, sôt'-ysh, *a.* addicted to liquor,

Souchong, sô-shóng', *s.* a finer kind of Bohea tea [power]

Sovereign, sôv'-ér-én, *a.* supreme in

Sovereignty, sôv'-ér-én-tý, *s.* supremacy, the highest place

Sought, sàt, *pret. and part. of Seek*

Soul, sôle, *s.* the immortal part of man, the vital principle, spirit, essence

Sound, sôund, *a.* healthy, right, stout, lusty, hearty—*ad.* soundly, heartily, completely fast—*s.* a shallow sea, any thing audible—*v.* to try depth with a plummet or line, to examine, to make a noise, to celebrate by sound

Sounding, sôund-ýng, *a.* sonorous

Soup, sôpe, *s.* a decoction of flesh for the table

Sour, sôur, *a.* acid, peevish, cross, afflictive—*v. a.* to make sour—*v. n.* to become sour [cause]

Source, sôrse, *s.* spring, head, original

Sourish, sôur'-ish, *a.* somewhat sour

Sous, sô', *s.* a French penny

Souse, sôus, *s.* a pickle made of salt and water—*v. n.* to fall as a bird on its prey—*v. a.* to strike with sudden violence, to steep in pickle, to throw into water—*ad.* with sudden violence

South, sôuth, *s.* the part where the sun is at noon, the southern regions—*a.* southern—*ad.* towards or from the south [the south]

Southerly, sùth'-ér-ly, *a.* from or toward

Southern, sùth-érn, *a.* belonging to or lying towards the south

Southernwood, sùth'-érn-wùd, *s.* a plant

Southward, sùth'-árd, *s.* regions towards the south [mass of lead]

Sow, sôw', *s.* a female pig, an oblong

Sow, sô', *v. n.* to scatter seed—*v. a.* to scatter in the ground, to stock with seed, to propagate, to sow

Sowings, sôw'-inz, *s.* flummery, oatmeal soured

Sown, sône, *part. of Sow*

A a 2



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 Sounds—hät, hâte, hâll, liär—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chÿn, chÿne, fÿeld, shÿrt—  
 ~~~~~

Space, spā'se, *s.* extension, quantity of time [roomy]

Spacious, spā-shús, *a.* wide, extensive

Spade, spā'de, *s.* an instrument for digging, a suit of cards

Spadille, spā-dÿl', *s.* the ace of spades at ombre and quadrille

Spagyric, spā-dzhÿr'-ÿk, *a.* chymical

Spake, spā'ke, *pret. of* Speak

Span, spān', *s.* nine inches, any short duration—*v. a.* to measure with the hand extended

Spangle, spāng'l, *s.* a small plate of shining metal, any thing sparkling and shining—*v. a.* to besprinkle with spangles [sneaking fellow]

Spaniel, spān'-yél, *s.* a dog for sport, a Spank, spānk', *v. a.* to strike with the open hand

Spanker, spāngk'-ér, *s.* a small coin

Spar, spār', *s.* a kind of stone, a small beam, a bar—*v. n.* to fight like cocks—*v. a.* to shut, to close the bar

Sparable, spār'-éb'l, *s.* a small nail for shoe-heels

Spare, spā're, *v. a.* to do without, to omit, to allow—*v. n.* to live frugally, to forbear, to forgive—*a.* scanty, superfluous, lean [little flesh]

Sparerib, spā're rÿb, *s.* ribs of pork with Spargefaction, spār-dzhè-fāk'-shÿn, *s.* act of sprinkling [nious]

Sparing, spā're-ÿng, *a.* scanty, parsimo-

Spark, spār'k, *s.* a small particle of fire or light, a showy gay fellow—*v. n.* to emit sparks

Sparkle, spār'k'l, *s.* a spark, a luminous particle—*v. n.* to emit sparks, to glitter

Sparrow, spār'-ō, *s.* a small kind of bird

Sparrowhawk, spār'-ō-hāk, *s.* a kind of small hawk

Sparry, spār'-ÿ, *a.* consisting of spar

Spasm, spāzm', *s.* a convulsion, an involuntary contraction

Spasmodic, spāz-mōd'-ÿk, *a.* convulsive

Spat, spāt', *pret. of* Spit—*s.* the spawn of shell fish [ramble at large]

Spatiate, spā-shyāte, *v. n.* to rove, to

Spatte, spāt' ér, *v. a.* to sprinkle with dirt, to defame—*v. n.* to spit, to sputter

Spatterdashes, spāt'-ér-dāsh-éz, *s.* coverings for the legs

Spatula, spāt'-û-lā, *s.* a slice for spreading plasters or stirring medicines

Spavin, spāv'-ÿn, *s.* a bony excrescence on the inside of the hough of horses

Spaw, spā', *s.* a place famous for mineral waters

Spawl, spā'l, *s.* spittle, saliva

Spawn, spā'n, *s.* the eggs of fish, an offspring—*v. n.* to shed spawn

Spay, spā', *v. a.* to castrate female animals

Speak, spé'ke, *v. n.* to utter articulate sounds, to harangue—*v. a.* to utter, to celebrate [a lance]

Spear, spé're, *s.* a long pointed weapon,

Spearmint, spé're-mÿnt, *s.* a plant

Special, spësh'-āl, *a.* particular, peculiar, chief

Species, spé'-shéz, *s.* a sort, a class of nature, circulating money (pronounced spé'-shē)

Specific, spé-sÿf'-ÿk, *s.* that which distinguishes one sort from another—*a.* appropriated to the cure of some distemper

Specification, spësh'-ÿf-ÿkā'-shÿn, *s.* particular mention, distinct notation

Specify, spësh'-ÿf-ÿ, *v. a.* to note by distinction, to express in particular

Specimen, spësh'-ÿ-mén, *s.* a sample

Specious, spé'-shús, *a.* showy, plausible

Speck, spék', *s.* a spot of dirt, &c.

Speckle, spék'l, *s.* a small speck or spot—*v. a.* to mark with small spots

Spectacle, spék'-tāk'l, *s.* show, a gazing-stock, a glass for the sight

Spectator, spék'-tā-tór, *s.* a looker-on, a beholder [ghost]

Spectre, spék'-tér, *s.* an apparition, a

Specular, spék'-û-lār, *a.* like a speculum, assisting sight [to contemplate]

Speculate, spék'-û-lāte, *v.* to meditate.

Speculation, spék'-û-lā-shÿn, *s.* a mental view or scheme, thoughts formed by meditation [tive, theoretical]

Speculative, spék'-û-lā-tÿv, *a.* contemplative

Speculator, spék'-û-lā-tór, *s.* one who forms theories [cising speculation]

Speculatory, spék'-û-lā-tór-ÿ, *a.* exercising speculation

Speculum, spék'-û-lum, *s.* a mirror, a looking-glass

Sped, spéd', *pret. and part. of* Speed

Speech, spétsh, *s.* articulate utterance, language, talk

Speed, spé'de, *v. n.* to make haste, to succeed—*v. a.* to dispatch in haste, to hasten—*s.* quickness, haste, success

Speedy, spé'd-ÿ, *a.* quick, nimble

Spell, spél', *s.* a charm, a turn at work—*v. a.* to charm—*v. n.* to form words of letters

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Spelling, spël'ŷng, *s.* manner of writing a word—*part.* writing with proper letters, reading unskillfully  
 Speller, spël'l'ér, *s.* a kind of semi-metal  
 Spend, spënd', *v. a.* to consume, to expend, to waste [a lavish  
 Spendthrift, spënd-thrîft, *s.* a prodigal  
 Spent, spên't', *pret. and part. of* Spend  
 Sperm, spér'm', *s.* the seed of animals  
 Spermaceti, spér-mă-sî't'ŷ, *s.* a fatty substance from a species of the whale  
 Spermatic, spér-măt'ŷk, *a.* seminal  
 Spermiologist, spér-môl-ô-dzhîst, *s.* one who gathers or treats of seeds  
 Spërse, spërs', *v. a.* to disperse, to scatter  
 Spew, spû', *v.* to vomit, to eject  
 Sphere, sfë're, *s.* a globe, an orb, a province  
 Spheric, sfër'ŷk, *a.* round, globular  
 Spheroid, sfë-rôide, *s.* an oblong body  
 Spheroidal, sfë-rôî-dîk'ăl, *a.* having the form of a spheroid [Egypt  
 Sphinx, sfîngks', *s.* a fabled monster of  
 Spicated, spî-kă't-êd, *a.* formed like an ear of corn  
 Spice, spî'se, *s.* an aromatic substance, as nutmegs, mace, pepper, &c.—*v. a.* to season with spice [spices  
 Spicery, spîse-ér'ŷ, *s.* a repository of  
 Spick and span new, spîk'ănd-spăn'nû, *a.* shining new from the warehouse  
 Spicose, spî-kô'se, *a.* full of ears like corn [matic  
 Spicy, spî'se-ŷ, *a.* producing spice, aromatic  
 Spider, spî-dér, *s.* a well known spinning insect [faucet  
 Spigot, spîg-ô't, *s.* a peg put into the  
 Spike, spî-ke, *s.* an ear of corn, a long nail—*v. a.* to fasten or set with spikes  
 Spikenard, spîk-nărd, *s.* name of a fragrant Indian plant  
 Spill, spîl', *s.* a shiver, a thin bar, a small quantity of money—*v. a.* to shed, to throw away—*v. n.* to waste  
 Spin, spîn', *v.* to draw out into threads, to protract, to exercise spinning, to move round as a spindle  
 Spinach, or Spinage, spîn'êdzh, *s.* a garden plant [backbone  
 Spinal, spî-ne-ăl, *a.* belonging to the  
 Spindle, spîn'd'l, *s.* a pin to form thread, any long slender thing  
 Spine, spî'ne, *s.* the backbone  
 Spinnet, spîn-ê't', *s.* a small harpsichord  
 Spiniferous, spî-nîf'ér-ús, *a.* bearing thorns [plexity, crabbedness  
 Spinosity, spî-nôs'ŷt-ŷ, *s.* thorny per-

Spinous, spî-nús, *a.* thorny  
 Spinster, spîns'tér, *s.* a woman that spins, a maiden woman  
 Spiny, spî'ne-ŷ, *a.* thorny, perplexed  
 Spiracle, spî-răk'l, *s.* a breathing hole, vent [wards  
 Spiral, spî-răl, *a.* curved, winding up  
 Spire, spî're, *s.* a curve line, a wreath, a steeple—*v. n.* to shoot up pyramidically  
 Spirit, spîr'ŷt, *s.* the soul, a ghost, vigour, courage, genius, distilled liquor—*v. a.* to animate, to encourage  
 Spiritually, spîr'ŷt-ăl-lŷ, *ad.* by means of the breath  
 Spirited, spîr'ŷt-êd, *a.* lively, full of fire  
 Spiritual, spîr'ŷt-û-ăl, *a.* incorporeal, mental, not temporal  
 Spirituality, spîr'ŷt-û-ăl-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* immateriality, intellectual nature, pure act of the soul  
 Spiritualization, spîr'ŷt-û-ăl-ŷ-ză-shûn, *s.* the act of spiritualizing  
 Spiritualize, spîr'ŷt-û-ăl-lîze, *v. a.* to refine the intellect, to apply to a religious sense [tical body  
 Spirituality, spîr'ŷt-û-ăl-tŷ, *s.* ecclesiastic  
 Spirituous, spîr'ŷt-û-ús, *a.* having the quality of spirit, gay, vivid  
 Spirt, spîrt, *v.* to throw or stream out in a jet—*s.* a sudden ejection or effort  
 Spiry, spî're-ŷ, *a.* pyramidal, wreathed, curled [thickness  
 Spissitude, spîs'sî-tû'de, *s.* grossness  
 Spit, spî't', *s.* an iron prong for roasting—*v. a.* to put upon a spit, to thrust through, to eject from the mouth—*v. n.* to throw out spittle  
 Spitcock, spî'tsh-kôk, *v. a.* to cut an eel in pieces and roast him  
 Spite, spî'te, *s.* malice, rancour, defiance—*v. a.* to thwart malignantly, to offend [mouth  
 Spittle, spî't'l, *s.* the moisture of the  
 Splash, splăsh', *v. a.* to daub with dirty water [water  
 Splashy, splăsh'-ŷ, *a.* wet, full of dirty  
 Splayfoot, splă-fû't, *a.* having the foot turned inward  
 Spleen, splé'ne, *s.* the milt, anger, ill-humour, melancholy  
 Spleeny, splé'ne-ŷ, *a.* angry, peevish  
 Splendent, splên'dênt, *a.* bright, glossy  
 Splendid, splên'dîd, *a.* showy, magnificent, sumptuous [ficence, pomp  
 Splendour, splên'dôr, *s.* lustre, magni-

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hălł, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Splenetic, splĕn'-ĕ tĭk, *a.* troubled with the spleen, peevish, fretful. [ate

Splenitive, splĕn'-ĭt-ĭv, *a.* fiery, passion-

Splice, splĭse, *v. a.* to join the two ends of a rope without a knot—*s.* the junction of two ends of a rope without a knot [bone newly set

Splint, splĭnt', *s.* a thin wood to hold a

Splinter, splĭnt'-ĕr, *v. a.* to secure by splints, to break in fragments—*v. n.* to be shivered—*s.* a thin piece of wood, bone, &c.

Split, splĭt', *v. a.* to cleave, to part—*v. n.* to crack, to be broken against rocks

Splutter, splĭt'-ĕr, *s.* bustle, tumult

Spoil, spŏĭl, *v.* to rob, to corrupt, to make or grow useless—*s.* pillage, plunder, booty [pret. of Speak

Spoke, spŏ'ke, *s.* the bar of a wheel—

Spoken, spŏ'k'n, *part. of* Speak

Spokesman, spŏ'-ks-mán, *s.* one who speaks for another [der

Spoliate, spŏ-lyâte, *v. a.* to rob, to plunder  
Spoliation, spŏ-lyá'-shŭn, *s.* act of robbery, privation [syllables

Spondee, spŏn'-dê, *s.* a foot of two long

Sponge, spŏndzh' or Spunge, spŭndzh', *s.* a soft porous substance—*v. a.* to wipe out

Spongy, or Spungy, spŏndzh'-y, *a.* soft and full of small interstitial holes

Sponger, spŭndzh'-ĕr, *s.* a hanger on for a maintenance

Spunk, spŏngk', *s.* touchwood

Sponsal, spŏn'-sál, *a.* relating to marriage

Sponsion, spŏn'-shŭn, *s.* a becoming surety for another [father

Sponsor, spŏn'-sŏr, *s.* a surety, a god-

Spontaneous, spŏn-tá'-nyús, *a.* voluntary, acting without compulsion

Spool, spŏ'le, *s.* a weaver's quill

Spoon, spŏ'me, *v. n.* to pass swiftly

Spoon, spŏ'ne, *s.* vessel with a handle for eating liquids

Spoonmeat, spŏ'ne-mête, *s.* liquid food

Sport, spŏ'rt, *s.* diversion, merriment, mock fowling, hunting, fishing—*v.* to make merry, to frolic, to trifle [ful

Sportive, spŏ'r-tĭv, *a.* gay, merry, play-

Sportsman, spŏ'r-ts-mán, *s.* one who pursues the recreations of the field

Spot, spŏ', *s.* a blot, a taint, a particular place—*v. a.* to stain, to disgrace, to corrupt, to taint

Spotty, spŏ't-tŷ, *a.* full of spots

Spousal, spŏú'-zál, *a.* nuptial, bridal, conjugal

Spouse, spŏú'-z, *s.* a husband or wife

Spout, spŏú't, *s.* the mouth of a pipe or vessel, a waterfall—*v.* to pour or issue out with force

Sprain, sprá'e, *v. a.* to stretch the ligaments of a joint—*s.* an extension of the ligaments

Sprang, spräng', *pret. of* Spring

Sprat, sprát', *s.* a small sea fish

Sprawl, sprá'l, *v. n.* to struggle, to tumble or creep [foam of the sea

Spray, sprá', *s.* the extremity of a branch,

Spread, spréd', *v.* to extend, to cover over, to propagate—*s.* extent, expansion

Sprent, sprĕnt', *a.* sprinkled

Sprig, sprĭg, *s.* a small branch or spray

Spright, or Sprite, sprĭte, *s.* a spirit, a ghost, an apparition [gorous

Sprightful, sprĭte-fŭl, *a.* brisk, gay, vi-

Sprightly, sprĭte-lŷ, *a.* gay, brisk, vigorous

Spring, sprĭng', *v. n.* to begin to grow, to issue forth, to arise, to leap, to fly with elastic power—*v. a.* to rouse, to discharge a mine—*s.* the season in which plants spring and vegetate elastic body or force, a leap, a fountain, original

Springhalt, sprĭng'-hált, *s.* a lameness by which a horse twitches up his legs

Springtide, sprĭng'-tide, *s.* tide at the new and full moon [springs

Springy, sprĭng'-y, *a.* elastic, full of

Sprinkle, sprĭngk'l, *v.* to scatter in drops, to wet or dust by sprinkling

Sprit, sprĭt', *v.* to shoot, to sprout—*s.* a shoot, a sprout

Spritsail, sprĭt'-sále, *s.* the sail which belongs to the boltsprit

Sprout, sprŏút', *v. n.* to shoot by vegetation—*s.* a shoot of a vegetable

Spruce, sprú'se, *a.* trim, neat—*s.* a species of fir

Sprucebeer, sprú'se-bĕ're, *s.* beer tinted with branches of fir

Sprung, sprŭng', *pret. and part. of* Spring

Spry, sprĭy', *s.* the foam of the sea

Spud, spŭd', *s.* a short knife [foam

Spume, spŭ'me, *s.* foam, froth—*v. n.* to

Spuniferous, spŭ-nĭf'-ĕr-ŭs, *a.* producing froth

Spumous, spŭ'm-ús, or Spumy, spŭ'm-y, *a.* frothy, foamy

Spun, spŭn, *pret. and part. of* Spin

Spunginghouse, spŭngdzh'-ĭng-hŏús, *s.* a bailiff's house

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—lût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Spur, spûr', *s.* a sharp point fixed in the heel, instigation, stimulous—*v. a.* to prick or drive with a spur, to urge forward [legitimate  
Spurious, spû-ryûs, *a.* counterfeit, not  
Spurling, spûr'-lîng, *s.* a small sea fish  
Spurn, spûrn', *v. a.* to kick, to treat with contempt—*s.* a kick, insolent treatment [spurs  
Spurrier, spûr'-ryér, *s.* one who makes  
Sputation, spû-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of spitting  
Sputter, spût'-tér, *v. n.* to emit moisture in small flying drops, to speak hastily—*v. a.* to throw out with noise  
Spy, spÿ', *s.* one who watches another's conduct or motions—*v. a.* to see at a distance—*v. n.* to try to discover  
Spyboat, spÿ'-bôte, *s.* a boat sent out for intelligence  
Spyglass, spÿ'-glâs, *s.* a short telescope  
Squab, skwâb', *a.* new hatched, awkwardly bulky—*s.* a kind of sofa or couch  
Squabbish, skwâb'-ÿsh, *a.* heavy, fleshy  
Squabble, skwâb'l, *v. n.* to quarrel, to wrangle—*s.* a low brawl, a petty quarrel [or fleet  
Squadron, skwâ'-drôn, *s.* part of an army  
Squalid, skwâl'-id, *a.* foul, nasty, filthy  
Squall, skwâl', *v. n.* to scream out—*s.* a loud scream, a sudden gust of wind  
Squally, skwâl'-ÿ, *a.* windy, gusty  
Squander, skwân'-dér, *v. a.* to spend profusely, to dissipate  
Square, skwâ're, *a.* having right angles, cornered, strong, exact—*s.* a figure with right angles and equal sides, a rule or instrument to measure or form angles with—*v. a.* to form with right angles, to adjust—*v. n.* to suit with  
Squash, skwâsh', *s.* any thing soft, a sudden fall—*v. a.* to crush into pulp  
Squat', skwât', *v. n.* to sit close to the ground—*a.* cowering down, short and thick  
Squeak, skwê'ke, *v. n.* to cry with a shrill tone, to betray a secret—*s.* a shrill quick cry [voice  
Squeal, skwê'le, *v. n.* to cry with a shrill  
Squeamish, skwê'me'-ÿsh, *a.* nice, fastidious, delicate [crush, to oppress  
Squeeze, skwê'ze, *v. a.* to press, to squelch, skwêlsh', *s.* a heavy fall  
Squib, skwîb', *s.* a small pipe of paper filled with wild fire [insect  
Squill, skwîl', *s.* a sea onion, a fish, an

Squint, skwînt', *a.* looking obliquely—*v. n.* to look obliquely or awry  
Squire, skwî're, *s.* a gentleman next in rank to a knight—*v. a.* to wait on  
Squirrel, skwîr'-él, *s.* a small active animal  
Squirt, skwîrt', *v. a.* to throw out in a quick stream—*s.* a pipe to eject liquor  
Stab, stâb', *v.* to wound mortally or mischievously—*s.* a wound with a sharp weapon, sly mischief [ness  
Stability, stâ-bîl'-it-ÿ, *s.* steadiness, fixed  
Stable, stâ'b'l, *a.* fixed, steady, strong—*s.* house for horses, &c.—*v. a.* to put into a stable  
Stablish, stâb'-lîsh, *v. a.* to settle, to fix  
Stack, stâk', *s.* a large pile or rick, number of chimneys or funnels—*v. a.* to pile up in ricks  
Stadle, stâd'l, *s.* any thing which serves for support for another, a young tree  
Stadtholder, stât'-höl-dér, *s.* a chief magistrate [fice  
Staff, stâf', *s.* a stick, prop, ensign of office  
Stag, stâg', *s.* the male of the hind  
Stage, stâdzh, *s.* a floor raised for exhibiting a show or for public transactions, a place in which rest is taken on a journey, single step of gradual process [stag  
Staggard, stâg'-ârd, *s.* a four years old  
Stagger, stâg'-ér, *v. n.* to reel, to begin to give way, to hesitate—*v. a.* to alarm [madness  
Staggers, stâg'-érz, *s.* vertigo in horses, Stagnant, stâg'-nént, *a.* still, not flowing  
Stagnate, stâg'-nâte, *v. n.* to have no course or stream [course or motion  
Stagnation, stâg-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a stop of  
Staid, stâ'de, *a.* sober, grave, regular  
Stain, stâ'ne, *v. a.* to blot, to spot, to disgrace—*s.* a blot, a taint of guilt, shame  
Stair, stâ're, *s.* a step to ascend by  
Staircase, stâ're-kâse, *s.* part that contains the stairs  
Stake, stâ'ke, *s.* a post, a pledge, a wager, hazard—*v. a.* to defend with stakes, to wager, to hazard  
Stalactical, stâ-lâk'-tîk-âl, *a.* resembling an icicle [shape of icicles  
Stalactites, stâl-âk-tî-têz, *s.* spar in the Stale, stâl'e, *a.* old, long kept, corrupt—*v. n.* to make water  
Stalk, stâk', *v. n.* to walk stately—*s.* a proud step, a stem  
Stall, stâl', *s.* crib for a horse or an ox, a booth—*v. a.* to keep in a stall or stable



*Sounds.*—hät, hâte, häll, liär—mët, dësist, inê, hér—chÿn, chïne, fïeld, shîrt—

Stallion, stäl'-yón, *s.* a horse kept for mares

Stamina, stám'-ÿn-á', *s.* first principles of any thing, solids of the body, threads of plants [of threads

Stamineous, stä-mÿn' yús, *a.* consisting  
Stammer, stám'-ér, *v. n.* to falter in speaking

Stamp, stámp', *v. a.* to strike with the foot, to impress with a mark—*s.* an instrument to make an impression, a mark set on any thing, thing stamped, character of reputation

Stanch, stänsh, *v.* to stop, to hinder from running—*a.* sound, firm, determined, trusty [ort

Stanchion, stän-shón, *s.* a prop, a support  
Stand, stánd', *v. n.* to be upon the feet, to remain or become erect, to offer as a candidate to be without motion, to persist, to abide—*v. a.* to endure—*s.* a station, post, stop, perplexity, a frame on which vessels are placed

Standard, stän'-dárd, *s.* an ensign in war, undoubted authority, test, settled rate

Standing, stánd' ÿng, *a.* settled, lasting, stagnant not transitory—*s.* continuance, station, rank [and ink

Standish, stán'-dish, *s.* a case for pen  
Stang, stäng', *s.* a measure of five and a half yards, a perch

Stank, stängk', *s. pret. of* Stink

Stannary, stän'-ár-ÿ, *a.* relating to the tin works—*s.* a tin mine

Stanza, stán'-zá, *s.* a set of verses

Staple, stäp'i, *s.* a settled mart, a loop of iron—*a.* established in commerce

Star, stä'r, *s.* one of the luminous bodies in the heavens, mark of reference

Starboard, stä'r-börd, *s.* the right side of the ship, &c.

Starch, stärtsh, *s.* a kind of viscous matter to stiffen linen—*v. a.* to stiffen with starch

Starched, stärtsh, *a.* stiffened with starch, stiff, formal

Stare, stä're, *v. n.* to look with wonder or impudence—*s.* a fixed look

Stargazer, stä'r-gäze-ér, *s.* an astronomer or astrologer

Stark, stä'rk, *a.* stiff, strong, full, plain

Starling, stä'r-líng, *s.* a bird, a defence to the piers of bridges in a river

Starred, stä'rd, *a.* decorated with stars

Starry, stä'r-ÿ, *a.* consisting of or resembling stars

Start, stärt, *v. n.* to rise or move suddenly, to wince, to propose—*v. a.* to alarm, to bring i. to motion—*s.* a motion of terror, a quick spring or motion

Startingpost, stärt-íng-pōst, *s.* the barrier from which the race begins

Startle, stärt', *v. n.* to shrink, to be affrighted—*v. a.* to frighten, to shock

Starve, stä'rv, *v. n.* to kill with hunger or cold [animal

Starvling, stä'rv-líng, *s.* a thin and weak  
Statory, stä-tär-y, *a.* fixed settled

State, stä't, *s.* a condition, community, rank, grandeur—*v. a.* to settle, to represent

Stately, stä'te-lÿ, *a.* pompous, august, grand, lofty—*ad.* in a stately manner

Stateroom, stä'te-rōm, *s.* a magnificent room in a palace, the captain's bed-chamber in a ship

Statesman, stä'ts-mán, *s.* a politician, one employed in public affairs

Static, stät'-ÿ, *a.* relating to weighing

Statics, stät'-ÿks, *s.* the science of weighing bodies

Station, stä'-shün, *s.* act of standing, post assigned, employment, rank—*v. a.* to place in or order into a certain post or place [progressive

Stationary, stä'-shün-ár-ÿ, *a.* fixed, not stationer, stä'-shün-ér, *s.* a dealer in paper, &c.

Statistical, stä'tis'-tí-kál, *a.* relating to the internal state of a nation or district [images

Statuary, stät'-û-ár-ÿ, *s.* a carver of  
Statue, stät'-û, *s.* an image of metal, stone, &c. [animal

Statuere stät'-ûre, *s.* the height of any  
Statutable, stät'-û-téb'l, *a.* acting according to statute [law, edict

Statute, stät'-ûte, *s.* an act of parliament,  
Stave, stä've, *v. a.* to break in pieces, to push off

Staves, stävz, *s. plural of* Staff

Stay, stä', *v. n.* to continue in a place, to stop, to rest confidently—*v. a.* to stop, to repress, to prop—*s.* continuance in place, stop, prop

Stayed, stä'de, *a.* fixed, settled, composed, serious

Stays, stä'ze, *s. pl.* boddice for women, ropes in a ship to keep the mast from falling, support

Stead, stéd, *s.* room, place, use, frame  
*v. a.* to help, to support, to assist

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Steadiness, stēd'ŷ-nēs, *s.* firmness, unchangeableness [vering

Steady, stēd'ŷ, *a.* firm, fixed, not waver  
Steak, stē'k, *s.* a slice of flesh broiled or fried

Steal, stē'le, *v.* to take clandestinely, to withdraw privily, to practise theft

Stealth, stēlth', *s.* the act of stealing, secret act [of hot liquor

Steam, stē'm, *s.* the smoke or vapour  
Stedfast, stēd'fāst, *a.* fixed, firm, constant

Steed, stē'de, *s.* a horse

Steele, stē'le, *s.* iron refined and hardened by fire, a weapon—*v. a.* to edge with steel, to make hard

Steely, stē'le-ŷ, *a.* made of steel, hard  
Steelyard, stē'le-yārd, *s.* a kind of balance for weighing

Steep, stē'pe, *a.* rising or descending with great inclination—*s.* precipice—*v. a.* to soak in liquor

Steeple, stē'p'l, *s.* a turret of a church  
Steepy, stē'pe-ŷ, *a.* steep, precipitously declivous [guide a ship

Steer, stē're, *s.* a young bullock—*v.* to  
Steerage, stē're-ēdz, *s.* the act or practice or place of steering, the hinder part of the ship [a ship

Steersman, stē'rzmān, *s.* he who steers  
Stegnotic, stēg nōt'ŷk, *a.* rendered costume, binding

Stellar, stēl'ār, *a.* relating to the stars  
Stellate, stēl'āte, *a.* pointed as a star

Stelliferous, stēl'ŷf-ēr-ūs, *a.* having stars  
Stem, stēm, *s.* a stalk, a family, a race, prowl—*v. a.* to oppose a current, to stop

Stench, stēnsh', *s.* a stink  
Stenographic, stēn-ō-gŷf'ŷk, *a.* relating to or done in shorthand

Stenography, stē nōg'-rāfŷ, *s.* shorthand writing

Stentorian, stēn-tō' ryān, *a.* very loud  
Stentorophonic, stēn-tō-rō-fōn'ŷk, *a.* loudly sounding

Step, stēp', *v. n.* to move with the feet, to take a short walk—*s.* round of a ladder, footstep, action

Stepmother, stēp-mūth-ēr, *s.* a mother-in-law [longing to dung

Stercoraceous, stēr-kō-rā'shyūs, *a.* be-  
Stercoration, stēr-kō-rā'shūn, *s.* the act of dunging [of describing solid bodies

Stereography, stē-rŷ-ōg'-rā-fŷ, *s.* the art  
Stereometry, stē-rŷ-ōm'ē-trŷ, *s.* the act of measuring solid bodies

Sterile, stēr'ŷl, *a.* barren, not productive

Sterility, stēr'ŷl-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* barrenness, unfruitfulness

Sterling, stēr'ŷng, *a.* genuine, having past the test—*s.* English coin, standard rate

Stern, stēr'n', *s.* severe of look or manner, harsh—*s.* the hindermost part of the ship

Sternon stēr-nōn, *s.* the breastbone

Sternutation stēr-nū-tā'shūn, *s.* the act of sneezing [cause sneezing

Sternutative, stēr-nū-tā-tŷv, *a.* apt to

Stew, stū', *v. a.* to seeth slowly—*s.* a hot-house, brothel [the affairs of another

Steward, stū'ārd, *s.* one who manages

Stibial, stŷb'ŷāl, *a.* antimonial

Stick, stŷk', *s.* a small piece of wood, a staff—*v. a.* to fasten on, to stab—*v. n.* to adhere, to scruple

Stickle, stŷk'l, *v. n.* to contend with obstinacy, &c. [tinous

Sticky, stŷk-ŷ, *a.* viscous, adhesive, glutinous

Stiff, stŷf', *a.* rigid, stubborn, harsh, formal [stiff

Stiffen, stŷf'n, *v.* to make stiff, to grow

Stifle, stŷf'l, *v. a.* to suffocate, to extinguish, to suppress [tumacious

Stiffnecked, stŷf-nēkt, *a.* stubborn, contumacious

Stigma, stŷg'-mā, *s.* a brand, a mark of infamy [with infamy

Stigmatize, stŷg'-mā-tŷze, *v. a.* to mark

Stile, stŷle, *s.* steps in a field, pin of a sun dial

Stiletto, stŷl-ēt-ō, *s.* a small dagger

Still, stŷl', *v. a.* to silence, to appease, to distil—*a.* silent, calm, motionless—*s.* silence, a vessel for distillation

Stillatitious, stŷl-lā-tŷsh'ūs, *a.* falling in drops [laboratory

Stillatory, stŷl' ā-tōr-ŷ, *s.* an alembic, a

Stillhorn, stŷl-bōrn, *a.* dead in the birth

Stilling, stŷl'ng, *s.* act of stilling, a stand for casks

Stilts, stŷlts', *s.* supports on which boys raise themselves and walk

Stimulate, stŷm'-ū-lāte, *v. a.* to excite, to spur on [citement, pungency

Stimulation, stŷm-ū-lā'shūn, *s.* an exciting

Sting, stŷng', *v. a.* to pierce or wound with a sting—*s.* a sharp point with which some animals are armed, any thing which gives pain, the point in the last verse of an epigram

Stingo, stŷn'-gō, *s.* old beer

Stingy, stŷndzh'ŷ, *a.* covetous

Stink, stŷngk', *s.* an offensive smell—*v. n.* to emit an offensive smell

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mē. hēr—chŷn, chīne. fīeld shīrt—

Stinkard, stŷngk'árd, *s.* a mean paltry fellow

Stint stŷnt', *v. a.* to bound, to limit, to restrain—*s.* limit, proportion

Stipend, stŷp'end, *s.* wages, settled pay

Stipendiary, stŷp'end-yár-y, *a.* receiving a stipend [to settle terms

Stipulate, stŷp'ŭ-lâte, *v. n.* to contract, Stipulation, stŷp'ŭ-lâ-shŷn, *s.* a bargain, a contract

Stir, stŷr', *v. a.* to move, to agitate, to incite—*v. n.* to move one's self, to rise—*s.* bustle, commotion, agitation

Stirrup, stŷr'ŷp, *s.* an iron hoop for a horseman's foot

Stitch, stŷtsh', *v. a.* to sew, to join—*v. n.* to practice needle work—*s.* a sharp pain in the side, &c.

Stive, stŷ've', *v. a.* to stuff up close

Stoccado, stŷk-ă-dŷ, *s.* a thrust with a rapier

Stock, stŷk', *s.* a trunk, a log, linen for the neck, lineage, fund of money, quantity—*v. a.* to store

Stockdove, stŷk'-dŷv, *s.* a pigeon in its wild state

Stockfish, stŷk'-fŷsh, *s.* a dried cod

Stocking, stŷk'ŷng, *s.* a covering of the leg [buys and sells in the funds

Stockjobber, stŷk'-dzhŷb-ér, *s.* one who

Stocklock, stŷk'-lŷk, *s.* a lock fixed in wood

Stocks, stŷks', *s.* a prison for the legs

Stockstill, stŷk'-stŷl, *a.* motionless

Stoical, stŷŷk-ăl, *a.* in the manner of the Stoics, void of passions

Stoicism, stŷŷ-sŷzm, *s.* doctrine of the Stoics, a being superior to the passions

Stoic, stŷŷk, *s.* a philosopher of the sect of Zeno

Stole, stŷ'le, *s.* a long vest—*pret. of Steal*

Stolen, stŷ'l'n, *part. of Steal*

Stomach, stŷm'ăk, *s.* the ventricle in which food is digested, appetite, inclination, anger, pride—*v.* to resent, to be angry [for the breast

Stomacher, stŷm'ătsh-ér, *s.* an ornament

Stomachic, stŷ măk'ŷk, *a.* relating to the stomach—*s.* a medicine for the stomach

Stone, stŷ'ne, *s.* a hard substance of the earth and in fruit, a gem, a calculous concretion in the kidneys or bladder, weight of 8lb. or 14lb. &c.—*a.* made of stone—*ad. in composit.* quite—*v. a.* to pelt or kill with stones

Stonefruit, stŷ'ne-frŷt, *s.* fruit of which the seed is covered with a hard shell

Stonepit, stŷ'ne-pŷt, *s.* a quarry

Sonepitch, stŷ'ne pŷtsh, *s.* hard insipidated pitch

Stony, stŷn-ŷ, *a.* full of stones, hard

Stood, stŷd', *pret. and part. of Stand*

Stool, stŷ'le, *s.* a seat without a back, an evacuation

Stoolball, stŷ'le-băl, *s.* a kind of play

Stoop, stŷ'pe, *v. n.* to bend down, to yield, to submit—*s.* act of stooping, descent from dignity, a vessel of liquor

Stop, stŷp', *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct, to close up—*v. n.* to cease to go forward—*v.* cessation of motion, obstruction, prohibition, regulation in music, point in writing

Stopcock, stŷ'p'kŷ, *s.* a pipe stopped by a turning cock [hinderance

Stoppage, stŷ'p'edzh, *s.* an obstruction,

Stopple, stŷ'pl, *s.* what stops the hole of a vessel

Storage, stŷ're-ədzh, *s.* place for stores

Storax, stŷ' răks, *s.* an odoriferous resin

Store, stŷ're, *s.* plenty, abundance, a magazine—*v. a.* to furnish, to lay up, to hoard [the charge of stores

Storekeeper, stŷ're-kêp-er, *s.* one who has

Stork, stŷ'rk, *s.* a bird of passage

Storm, stŷ'rm, *s.* a tempest, assault, tumult, violence—*v.* to attack by open force, to rage [lent

Stormy, stŷ'rmŷ, *a.* tempestuous, violent

Story, stŷ'ry, *s.* a narrative, a short tale, a floor.—*v. a.* to relate

Stove, stŷ've, *s.* a hot-house, a place to make fire in—*v. a.* to keep warm by artificial heat [be stupified

Stound, stŷ'und, *v. n.* to be in pain, to

Stout, stŷût', *a.* strong, brave, obstinate, firm—*s.* strong beer

Stow, stŷ', *v. a.* to lay in order and close

Stowage, stŷ'ədzh, *s.* a place for stowing or laying up goods in, a being laid up [wide

Straddle, străd'l, *v. n.* to stand or walk

Straggle, străg'l, *v. n.* to rove, to ramble

Straight, stră'te, *a.* not crooked, right—*ad.* directly

Straighten stră't'n, *v. a.* to make straight

Strain, stră'ne, *v. a.* to squeeze, to purify by filtration, to sprain, to put to its utmost strength, to push beyond the proper extent—*v. n.* to make violent efforts—*s.* injury by too much

violence, race, style of speaking, song, rank, character

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fur—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

**Strait**, strâ'te, *a.* narrow, close, difficult  
—*a.* a narrow pass, difficulty tight  
**Straiten**, strâ't'n, *v. a.* to make narrow or  
**Strake**, strâ'ke, *s.* a plate of iron for  
binding a wheel, breadth of a ship's  
side plank  
**Strand**, strand', *s.* verge of the sea or of  
any water—*v. a.* to drive or force on  
the shallows  
**Strange**, strâ'ndzh, *a.* foreign, wonder-  
ful, odd—*interj.* an expression of  
wonder [unacquainted  
**Stranger**, strâ'ndzh-ér, *s.* a foreigner, one  
**Strangle**, strâ'ng'l, *v. a.* to choke, to suf-  
focate, to suppress  
**Strangles**, strâ'ng'lz, *s.* swellings in a  
horse's throat [urine with pain  
**Strangury**, strâ'ng-ù-ÿ, *s.* difficulty of  
**Strap**, strâp', *s.* a long slip of leather  
**Strappado**, strâp-â-dô, *s.* chastisement  
with a strap [grown, bulky  
**Strapping**, strâp'-ÿng, *a.* large, well-  
**Strata**, strâ'tâ, *s.* beds or layers  
**Strata-em**, strâ't-â-dzhém, *s.* an artifice  
in war, a trick  
**Stratification**, strât-fî-fî kâ'-shûn, *s.* ar-  
rangement in beds or layers  
**Stratum**, strâ'-tûm, *s.* a bed or layer of  
earth, &c.  
**Straw**, strâ', *s.* the stalk of corn  
**Strawberry**, strâ'-bêr-rÿ, *s.* a fine sum-  
mer fruit  
**Stray**, strâ', *v. n.* to wander, to err—*s.*  
any animal, &c. lost by wandering  
**Streak**, strê'ke, *s.* a line of colour,  
stripe—*v. a.* to stripe, to dapple  
**Streak**, strê'ke-ÿ, *a.* striped, variegated  
**Stream**, strê'm, *s.* a running water, a  
current—*v. n.* to flow, to issue forth  
with continuance—*v. a.* to streak  
**Streamer**, strê'm-ér, *s.* an ensign, a flag  
**Streamlet**, strê'm-lét, *s.* a small stream  
of water [houses  
**Street**, strê'te, *s.* a paved way between  
**Streetwalker**, strê'te-wâk-er, *s.* a prosti-  
tute [lity, power  
**Strength**, strênght', *s.* vigour, durabi-  
**Strengthen**, strênght'n, *v. a.* to make  
strong, to confirm—*v. n.* to grow  
strong [active, zealous  
**Strenuous**, strên'ù ús, *a.* bold, brave,  
**Streperous**, strêp'-ér-ús, *a.* loud, noisy,  
jarring [force  
**Stress**, strê's', *s.* importance, violence,  
**Stretch**, strê'tsh', *v.* to extend, to ex-  
pand—*s.* extension, effort, reach  
**Strew**, strô', *v. a.* to spread by scattering

**Striæ**, strî-ê, *s.* channels in the shells of  
cuckles, scollops, &c.  
**Striate**, strî-â'te, *or* Striated, strî-â-têd,  
*a.* formed in striæ [channels  
**Striated**, strî-â't-êd, *part.* formed in  
**Striatore**, strî-â-tûre, *s.* disposition of  
striæ  
**Strick'n**, strîk'n, *part. of* Strike  
**Strickle**, strîk'l, *s.* a thing to strike corn  
level [confined  
**Strict**, strîkt', *a.* exact, accurate, severe,  
**Stricture**, strîk'-tûre, *s.* a contraction, a  
slight touch upon a subject  
**Stride**, strî'de, *s.* a long step—*v.* to pass  
or walk by strides [noise  
**Strident**, strîd'-ént, *part.* making a small  
**Strife**, strî'fe, *s.* contention, contest, dis-  
cord  
**Strike**, strî'ke, *v. a.* to hit with a blow,  
to stamp, to lower, to make a bar-  
gain, to affect suddenly—*v. n.* to  
make a blow, to be stranded, to lower  
the sail or flag [prising  
**Striking**, strî'ke-ÿng, *a.* affecting, sur-  
**String**, strîng', *s.* a slender rope, a cord,  
a series or set of things—*v. a.* to fur-  
nish with strings, to file on a string  
**Stringent**, strîng'-dzhênt, *a.* binding,  
contracting  
**Stringhalt**, strîng'-hâlt, *s.* a sudden  
twitching and snatching up of the  
hinder leg in horses [of threads  
**Stringy**, strîng'-ÿ, *a.* fibrous, consisting  
**Strip**, strîp', *v. a.* to make naked, to  
divest, to rob—*s.* a narrow shred, a  
slip  
**Stripe**, strî'pe, *s.* a streak in silk, cloth,  
&c. a weal, a lash—*v. a.* to ornament  
with stripes [fully grown  
**Stripling**, strîp'-ÿng, *s.* a youth, one not  
**Strive**, strî've, *v. n.* to struggle, to en-  
deavour, to contest, to vie  
**Stroke**, strô'ke, *pret. for* Struck—*s.* a  
blow, a sudden disease or affliction,  
sound of the clock—*v. a.* to rub gen-  
tly or tenderly  
**Strokings**, strô'ke-ÿngs, *s.* milk last drawn  
**Stroll**, strô'le, *v. n.* to wander, to ram-  
ble, to rove [potent, cogent, firm  
**Strong**, strông', *a.* vigorous, fortified,  
**Strop**, strôp', *s.* leather on a narrow  
board for setting a razor or pen-knife  
**Strophe**, strô'-fê, *s.* the first stanza of a  
Strove, strô've, *pret. of* Strive [poem  
**Struck**, strûk', *pret. of* Strike  
**Structure**, strûk'-tûre, *s.* practice or man-  
ner of building, edifice, form.



*Sounds.*—hät, hâte, häll, liär—mët, dësist, mē, hér—chŭn, chŭne, fŭeld, shŭrt—

- Struggle, strŭg'l, *v. a.* to labour, to strive—*s.* labour, effort, contention, agony
- Strumous, strŭ-mŭs, *a.* having swelling in the glans, relating to the king's evil
- Strumpet, strŭm'-pët, *s.* a prostitute
- Strung, strŭng', *pret.* and *part. of* String
- Strut, s'rŭt', *v. n.* to walk affectedly, to swell—*s.* a proud affected walk
- Stub, stŭb', *s.* a log, a block—*v. a.* to extirpate
- Stubbed, stŭb'-ëd, *a.* short and thick
- Stubble, stŭb'l, *s.* storks of corn left by the reaper [flexible, rough]
- Stubborn, stŭb'-örn, *a.* obstinate, in-
- Stubby, stŭb'-y, *a.* short and thick
- Stubnail, stŭb'-näle, *s.* a nail broken off
- Stucco, stŭk'-ō, *s.* a fine plaster for walls
- Stuck, stŭk', *pret.* and *part. of* Stick
- Stud, stŭd', *s.* a button with a large head, a breed of horses [scholar]
- Student, stŭ-dënt, *s.* a bookish man, a
- Studied, stŭd'-yd, *a.* learned, acquired by study [contemplative]
- Studious, stŭ-dyŭs, *a.* bookish, diligent,
- Study, stŭd'-y, *s.* application to books, meditation, an apartment for books
- v. n.* to muse, to endeavour diligently
- v. a.* to apply the mind to, to consider attentively
- Stuff, stŭf', *s.* materials, furniture, medicine, cloth—*v. a.* to fill very full—*v. n.* to feed gluttonously
- Stuffing, stŭf'-ŭng, *s.* that by which any thing is filled, relishing ingredients
- Stumble, stŭm'b'l, *v. n.* to trip in walking, to err, to slip—*s.* a trip in walking
- Stumbling-block, stŭm'-blŭng-blök, *s.* cause of stumbling or offence
- Stump, stŭmp', *s.* part left of a solid body [hard]
- Stumpy, stŭmp'-y, *a.* full of stumps, stiff,
- Stun, stŭn', *v. a.* to render stupid by a blow or noise
- Stung, stŭng', *pret.* and *part. of* Sting
- Stunk, stŭngk', *pret.* and *part. of* Stink
- Stunt, stŭnt', *v. a.* to hinder from growth
- Stupe, stŭpe, *s.* warm mendicaments for a sore, &c.—*v. a.* to foment or dress with stupes [sibility, stupidity]
- Stupefaction, stŭ-pë-fäk'-shŭn, *s.* insen-
- Stupefactive, stŭ-pë-fäk'-tiv, *a.* causing insensibility [amazing, astonishing]
- Stupendous, stŭ-pën'-dŭs, *a.* wonderful,
- Stupid, stŭ-pyd, *a.* dull, wanting sense, heavy, sluggish [wanting of mind]
- Stupidity, stŭ-pyd'-yt-y, *s.* dullness, heavi-
- Stupify, stŭ-pŭf-y, *v. a.* to make stupid
- Stupor, stŭ-pör, *s.* a suspension or diminution of sense [violate]
- Stuprate, stŭ-präte, *v. a.* to ravish, to
- Sturdy, stŭr'-dy, *a.* hardy, stout, obstinate [sea fish]
- Surgeon, stŭr'-dzhön, *s.* the name of a
- Sturk', stŭrk', *s.* a young ox or heifer
- Stutter, stŭt'-ër, *v. n.* to stammer
- Sty, stŭy', *s.* a place for hogs
- Stygian, stŭp'-zhyän, *a.* hellish, infernal
- Style, stŭyle, *s.* manner of writing or speaking, &c. title—*v. a.* to term, to name [stop blood]
- Stypic, stŭd'-tŭk, *a.* astringent, able to
- Styplicity, stŭp-tŭs'-yt-y, *s.* power of stanching blood
- Styx, stŭx', *s.* a river of hell [suaded]
- Suasable, swä-swäb'l, *a.* easy to be per-
- Suasive, swä-siv, *a.* having power to persuade [suade]
- Suasory, swä-sör-y, *a.* tending to per-
- Suavity, swäv'-yt-y, *s.* sweetness to the senses or mind [degree]
- Subacid, süb äs'-yd, *a.* acid in a small
- Subacid, süb-äk'-ryd, *a.* pungent in a small degree [ducing to any state]
- Subaction, süb äk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of re-
- Subaltern, süb-äl-tern, *a.* and *s.* an inferior officer or judge [ing by turns]
- Subalternate, süb-äl tér-nët, *a.* succeed-
- Subdean, süb-dëne, *s.* a substitute of a dean
- Subdelegate, süb-dël'-ë-gäte, *s.* one appointed to act under another
- Subdiversify, süb-dŭ-vër'-sŭf-y, *v. a.* to diversify over again [again]
- Subdivide, süb-dŭ-vi'de, *v. a.* to divide
- Subdivision, süb-dŭ-vizh'-ŭn, *s.* act of subdividing
- Subduce, süb-dŭse, or Subduct, süb-dŭkt', *v. a.* to take away, to subtract
- Subduction, süb-dŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of taking away
- Subdue, süb-dŭ', *v. a.* to crush, to conquer, to tame
- Subduple, süb-dŭp'l, or Subduplicate, süb-dŭ-plŭ-kët, *a.* containing one part of two
- Subjacent, süb dzhä'-sënt, *a.* lying under
- Subject, süb-dzhëkt', *v. a.* to put under, to reduce to submission, to enslave, to expose
- Subject, süb-dzhëkt, *a.* placed under, exposed, liable—*s.* one who is under the dominion of another, the matter treated of

shöt, nôte, lôse, actör—hüt, pûsh, inûte, fûr,—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

Subjection, sŭb-dzhĕk'-shŭn, *s.* act of subduing, a being under government  
 Subjective, sŭb-dzhĕk'-tĭv, *a.* relating to the subject [end, or after  
 Subjoin, sŭb-dzhŏyn, *v. a.* to add at the  
 Subitaneous, sŭb-ĭ-tĕ'-nyŭs, *a.* sudden, hasty [quer, to subdue  
 Subjugate, sŭb'-dzhŭ-gĕte, *v. a.* to conquer  
 Subjunction, sŭb-dzhŭngk'-shŭn, *s.* a being subjoined, a subjoining  
 Subjunctive, sŭb-dzhŭngk'-tĭv, *a.* subjoining to something else  
 Sublapsarian, sŭb-lĕp sĕ'-ryĕn, or Sublapsary, sŭb-lĕp-sĕr'-ÿ, *a.* holding that Adam was free to sin or not before the fall  
 Sublimate, sŭb'-lĭ-mĕt, *a.* raised by chymical fire—*s.* quicksilver or any thing chymically raised [chymical fire  
 Sublimate, sŭb'-lĭ-mĕte, *v. a.* to raise by  
 Sublimation, sŭb-lĭ-mĕ'-shŭn, *s.* a raising by chymical fire  
 Sublime, sŭb-lĭ-me, *a.* high in place or excellence, lofty—*s.* the grand or lofty style  
 Sublimity, sŭb-lĭm'-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* excellence, loftiness of style or sentiment  
 Sublingual, sŭb-lĭng-gwĕl, *a.* placed under the tongue  
 Sublunar, sŭb-lŭ'-nār, or Sublunary, sŭb-lŭ'-nār-ÿ, *a.* beneath the moon, terrestrial [the sea  
 Submarine, sŭb'-mĕ-rĭn, *a.* lying under  
 Submerge, sŭb-mĕrdzhĭ, *v. a.* to drown, to put under water [drowning  
 Submersion, sŭb-mĕrsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of  
 Submiss, sŭb-mĭs', *a.* submissive, humble  
 Submission, sŭb-mĭsh'-ŭn, *s.* acknowledgment of inferiority or dependence, obedience  
 Submissive, sŭb-mĭs'-sĭv, *a.* humble  
 Submit, sŭb-mĭt', *v. a.* to let down, to refer to judgment—*v. n.* to be subjected to yield  
 Suboctave, sŭb-ŏk'-tĕve, or Suboctuple, sŭb-ŏk'-tŭp'l, *a.* containing one part of eight [ing subordinate  
 Subordinacy, sŭb-ŏr-dĭ-nĕ-sÿ, *s.* a being  
 Subordinate, sŭb-ŏr-dĭ-nĕt, *a.* inferior in order, subject  
 Subordination, sŭb-ŏr-dĭ-nĕ'-shŭn, *s.* a state of being inferior  
 Suborn, sŭb-ŏrn, *v. a.* to procure by secret collusion, to seduce  
 Subornation, sŭb-ŏr-nĕ'-shŭn, *s.* a seducing to a bad action

Subpœna, sŭ-pĕ'-nĕ, *s.* a writ commanding attendance—*v. a.* to serve with a subpœna [duly obtained  
 Subreptitious, sŭb-rĕp-tĭsh'-ŭs, *a.* fraudulent  
 Subscribe, sŭb-skrĭ'-be, *v.* to sign, to attest, to limit, to contribute to an undertaking  
 Subscription, sŭb-skrĭp'-shŭn, *s.* an underwriting, consent or attestation, a contributing to an undertaking, submission [ing in train  
 Subsecutive, sŭb'-sĕk'-ŭ-tĭv, *a.* following  
 Subsequent, sŭb-sĕ-kwĕnt, *a.* following  
 Subserve, sŭb-sĕrv', *v. a.* to promote, to help forward [mentally useful  
 Subserving, sŭb-sĕr'-vyĕnt, *a.* instructive  
 Subside, sŭb-sĭ'-de, *v. n.* to sink or tend downwards [brought in aid  
 Subsidiary, sŭb-sĭd'-yār-ÿ, *a.* assistant  
 Subsidy, sŭb-sĭ-dÿ, *s.* an aid in money  
 Subsign, sŭb-sĭn'-e, *v. a.* to sign under  
 Subsist, sŭb-sĭst', *v. n.* to continue, to have means of living, to have existence  
 Subsistence, sŭb-sĭst'-ĕns, *s.* competence, means of supporting life, allowance to live upon [being  
 Subsistent, sŭb-sĭs-tĕnt, *a.* having real  
 Substance, sŭb'-stĕns, *s.* being, essential part, something real or solid, body, wealth [corporeal, strong  
 Substantial, sŭb-stĕn'-shĕl, *a.* real, solid  
 Substantiality, sŭb-stĕn'-shĕl-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* real existence, materiality  
 Substantialize, sŭb-stĕn'-shĕl-ĭze, *v. a.* to reduce to reality [make to exist  
 Substantiate, sŭb-stĕn'-shĕte, *v. a.* to substantiate, sŭb-stĕn'-tĭv, *s.* a noun—a betokening existence  
 Substitute, sŭb'-stĭtŭ-te, *v. a.* to put in place of another—*s.* one acting for another  
 Substitution, sŭb-stĭtŭ'-shŭn, *s.* a placing of any person or thing in the room of another  
 Substratum, sŭb-strĕ'-tŭm, *s.* what lies under something else  
 Substruction, sŭb-strŭk'-shŭn, *s.* an under building  
 Subsultive, sŭb-sŭl'-tĭv, or Subsultory, sŭb-sŭl'-tŏr-ÿ, *a.* moving by starts  
 Subtend, sŭb-tĕnd', *v. a.* to be extended under [arch  
 Subtense, sŭb-tĕns', *s.* the chord of an  
 Subterfluent, sŭb-tĕr-flŭ-ĕnt, *a.* running under  
 B b

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, háll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, field, shírt.—

Subterfuge sŭb-tér-fűdzh, *s.* an evasion, a trick

Subterranean, sŭb-tér-rā'nyán, or Subterraneous, sŭb-tér-rā'nyus, *a.* lying under the earth [under ground]

Subterranity, sŭb-tér-rán'ýt-ý, *s.* a place

Subtile, sŭb'-tíl, *a.* thin, nice, piercing, cunning

Subtilization, sŭb-tíl i-zā'-shŭn, *s.* superfluous acuteness, a refinement

Subtilize, sŭb'-tíl ize, *v.* to make thin, to refine [ment, cunning, slyness]

Subtilty, sŭb'-tíl-tý, *s.* thinness, refine-

Subtle, sŭt'l, *a.* sly, artful, cunning

Subtlety, sŭt'l-ty, *s.* cunning [part]

Subtract, sŭb-trákt', *v. a.* to take away

Subtraction, sŭb-trák'-shŭn, *s.* act of taking away

Subtrahend, sŭb-trá-hě'n'd, *s.* less number to be taken from a greater

Subverse, sŭb-věrs', *v. a.* to subvert

Subversion, sŭb-vér'-shŭn, *s.* overthrow, ruin [overturn]

Subversive, sŭb-vér'-sív, *a.* tending to

Subvert, sŭb-vért', *v. a.* to overthrow, to destroy

Suburb, sŭh'-úr'b, *s.* the out-part of a city [room of another]

Succedaneous, sŭk sē-dā'-nyus, *a.* in the

Succedaneum, sŭk-sē dā'-nyŭm, *s.* what is put to serve for something else

Succeed, sŭk sē'de, *v.* to follow in order, to prosper

Succentor, sŭk-sě'n-tór, *s.* one who sings an under part, or the bass

Success, sŭk-sēs, *s.* happy termination of an affair, good luck

Succession, sŭk-sěsh'-ŭn, *s.* a series, lineage, rightful inheritance

Successive, sŭk-sēs'-siv, *a.* following in order [ceeds to another]

Successor, sŭk'-sēs-sór, *s.* one who succeeds

Succinct, sŭk-síngkt', *a.* girded up, concise, brief

Succory, sŭk'-ór-ý, *s.* a plant

Succour, sŭk'-ór, *v. a.* to assist in distress, to relieve—*s.* assistance, relief, help

Succous, sŭk'-ús, *a.* full of juice

Succulent, sŭk'-ŭ lěnt, *a.* juicy, moist

Succumb, sŭb-kŭmb', *v. a.* to yield, to sink under any difficulty [shaking]

Succussion, sŭk-kŭ'-h'-ŭn, *s.* the act of

Such, sŭtsh', *a.* of that or the like kind

Suck, sŭk', *v. a.* to draw in with the mouth—*v. n.* to draw the breast to imbibe

Sucker, sŭk'-ér, *s.* any thing that draws, part of a pump, a young shoot

Sucket, sŭk'-ět, *s.* a sweetmeat

Suckle, sŭk'l, *v. a.* to nurse at the breast

Suckling, sŭk'-lŷng, *s.* one fed by the pap

Suction, sŭk'-shŭn, *s.* act of sucking up

Sudation, sŭ dā'-shŭn, *s.* sweating

Sudatory, sŭ'-dā-tór-ý, *a.* promoting sweat [violent]

Sudden, sŭd'-dén, *a.* unexpected, hasty,

Sudorific, sŭ dō-ríf'-ýk, *a.* provoking or causing sweat

Suds, sŭdz', *s.* a lixivium of soap and water [to entreat]

Sue, sŭ', *v.* to prosecute by law, to beg,

Suet, sŭ'ět, *s.* hard fat [suet]

Suety, sŭ'-ět-ý, *a.* consisting of or like

Suffer, sŭf'-fēr, *v.* to bear, to permit, to undergo pain or inconvenience

Sufferance, sŭf'-fēr éns, *s.* pain, patience, permission [ficient]

Suffice, sŭf fí'ze, *v.* to be enough or suf-

Sufficient, sŭf físh'ěnt, *a.* enough, competent, qualified for [to stifle]

Suffocate, sŭf'-fō-káte, *v. a.* to choke,

Suffocation, sŭf fō-ká'-shŭn, *s.* a choking or being choked

Suffragan, sŭf'-frá-gán, *s.* a bishop under his metropolitan [tion]

Suffrage, sŭf'-frědzh, *s.* a vote, approba-

Suffumigation, sŭf fŭ-mí-gá'-shŭn, *s.* fume raised by fire

Suffuse, sŭf fŭ'ze, *v. a.* to spread over with a tincture [over, a dimness]

Suffusion, sŭf fŭ'-zhŭn, *s.* a spreading

Sugar, shŭg'-ár, *s.* the salt of the sugarcane, any thing sweet—*v. a.* to sweeten with sugar

Sugarcandy, shŭ-gár-kán'-dý, *s.* crystallized sugar [sugar]

Sugary, shŭg'-ár-ý, *a.* sweet, tasting of

Suggest, sŭd-dzhěst', *v. a.* to hint, to inform secretly

Suggestion, sŭd-dzhěsh'-tŭn, *s.* a hint, intimation [black and blue]

Sugilate, sŭdzh'-ý-láte, *v. a.* to beat

Suicide, sŭ'-ý-sí'de, *s.* self-murder, a self-murderer

Suit, sŭ'te, *s.* a set, clothes made one part to answer another, petition,

courtship, series, retinue—*v.* to fit, to agree, to accord [to]

Suitable, sŭt'-éb'l, *a.* fitting, agreeable

Suitor, sŭ'-tór, *s.* one that sues, a wooer

Sulcated, sŭl'-kát-ěd, *a.* furrowed

Sulky, sŭl'-ký, *a.* sullen [note]

Sullen, sŭl'-lén, *a.* gloomy, angry, obsti-

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Sully, sùl'-lý, *s.* soil, tarnish, spot—*v. a.* to soil, to spot

Sulphur, sùl' fûr, *s.* brimstone

Sulphureous, sùl fû-ryús, *a.* containing or like sulphur [*phur*

Sulphury, sùl' fû-rý, *a.* partaking of sul-

Sultan, sùl'-tân, *s.* the Turkish emperor

Sultana, sùl'-tá-ná, *s.* the Turkish empress

Sultry, sùl'-trý, *a.* hot and close

Sum, sùm', *s.* a certain quantity of money, the whole of any thing, abridgment, completion—*v. a.* to compute, to comprise

Sumless, sùm'-lës, *a.* not to be computed

Summary, sùm'-már-ý, *a.* brief, concise

Summer, sùm'-mér, *s.* the second season [*most height*

Summit, sùm'-ýt, *s.* the top, the ut-

Summon, sùm' ón, *v. a.* to cite, to call with authority [*rity, citation*

Summons, sùm' ónz, *s.* a call of autho-

Sumpter, sùmp'-tér, *s.* a horse of state, a packhorse

Sumption, sùmp'-shùn, *s.* act of taking

Sumptuary, sùmp'-tû-ár-ý, *a.* relating to expence [*siveness*

Sumptuousity, sùmp'-tû-ôs'-ýt-ý, *s.* expen-

Sumptuous, sùmp'-tû-ús, *a.* expensive, splendid

Sun, sùn', *s.* the luminary of day

Sunburnt, sùn'-bûrnt, *a.* tanned by the sun [*ance*

Sunclad, sùn'-klád, *a.* clothed in radi-

Sunday, sùn'-dâ, *s.* the Christian sabbath

Sunder, sùn'-dér, *v. a.* to part asunder, to separate—*s.* two parts

Sundries, sùn'-drýz, *s.* several things

Sundry, sùn' drý, *a.* several

Sung, sùng', *pret. and part. of Sing*

Sunk, sùngk', *pret. and part. of Sink*

Sunny, sùn'-ý, *a.* bright, exposed to the sun [*morning*

Sunrise, sùn'-ríze, *s.* the beginning of the

Sunset, sùn'-sèt, *s.* the close of the day, evening [*of the sun*

Sunshine, sùn'-shine, *s.* the radiant light

Sunshiny, sùn'-shine-ý, *a.* bright with or like the sun

Sup, sùp', *s.* a small draught, a mouthful of liquor—*v.* to drink by sups, to eat the evening meal [*overcome*

Superable, sù-pér-éb'l, *a.* that may be

Superabound, sù'-pér-â-bôû'nd, *v. n.* to have more than enough

Superabundance, sù'-pér-â-bûn-dense, *s.* more than enough

Superabundant, sù-pér-â-bûn'-dënt, *a.* being more than enough

Superadd, sù pér-ád', *v. n.* to add over and above [*which is added*

Superaddition, sù pér-ád'-dîsh'-ûn, *s.* that

Superannuate, sù-pér-ân'-nù-âte, *v. a.* to

impair or disqualify by age, &c.

Superannuation, sù-pér-ân'-nù-â-shûn, *s.* a being disqualified by years

Superb, sù-pérb', *a.* grand, pompous

Supercargo, sù-pér-ká'-gô, *s.* a sea-officer to manage the trade

Supercelestial, sù-pér-sè-lës'-tyâ, *a.* placed above the firmament

Supercilious, sù-pér-sîl'-yús, *a.* haughty, arbitrary

Supereminence, sù-pér-ém'-ý-nëns, *s.* uncommon degree of eminence

Supereminent, sù-pér-ém'-ý-nënt, *a.* eminent in a high degree

Supererogate, sù-pér-ér-ô-gâte, *v. n.* to do beyond duty

Supererogation, sù-pér-ér-ô-gâ'-shûn, *s.* performance beyond duty

Supererogatory, sù-pér-ér-ô-gâ-tór-ý, *a.* performed beyond duty

Superexcellent, sù-pér-ék'-sèl-ënt, *a.* uncommonly excellent [*outside*

Superfice, sù'-pér-fýs, *s.* the surface, the

Superficial, sù-pér-fýsh'-ál, *a.* on the surface, shallow [*or surface*

Superficies, sù-pér-fýsh'-èz, *s.* the outside

Superfine, sù-pér-fîne, *a.* eminently fine [*enough*

Superfluity, sù-pér-flú'-ýt-ý, *s.* more than

Superfluous, sù pér-flú'-ús, *a.* exuberant, more than enough [*than is wanted*

Superflux, sù'-pér-flûks, *s.* what is more

Superincumbent, sù-pér-ýn-kûm'-bënt, *a.* lying or leaning on the top of something else

Superinduce, sù'-pér-ýn-dû'se, *v. a.* to bring in as an addition

Superintend, sù-pér-ýn-tënd', *v. a.* to oversee, to manage

Superintendent, sù-pér-ýn-tënd'-ënt, *s.* one who overlooks

Superior, sù-pé-ryór, *a.* higher, greater, preferable [*greater or higher, &c.*

Superiority, sù-pé-ryór'-ýt-ý, *s.* a being

Superlotion, sù-pér-lâ'-shûn, *s.* exaltation beyond truth, an exaggeration

Superlative, sù'-pér-lâ-tív, *a.* implying the highest degree

Superlunar, sù-pér-lû'-nár, *a.* placed above the moon



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chîn, chîne, field, shîrt.—

- Supernal, sũ-pér'-năl, *a.* coming from above, celestial
- Supernatant, sũ-pér-nă'-tënt, *a.* swimming above [nature, miraculous]
- Supernatural, sũ-pér-năt'-û-răl, *a.* above
- Supernumerary, sũ-pér-nũ-mér-ăr-ý, *a.* above a stated number
- Superscribe, sũ-pér-skrî'be, *v. a.* to write on the top or outside of a letter, deed, &c.
- Superscription, sũ-pér-skrî'p-shũn, *s.* a writing on the top or outside
- Supersede, sũ-pér-sê'de, *v. a.* to make void, or set aside [votion or religion]
- Superstition, sũ-pér-stîsh'-ũn, *s.* false de-
- Superstitious, sũ-pér-stîsh'-ús, *a.* addicted to superstition
- Superstruct, sũ-pér-strũkt', *v. a.* to build upon any thing
- Superstruction, sũ-pér-strũk'-shũn, *s.* edifice raised on any thing
- Superstructure, sũ-pér-strũk'-tũre, *s.* what is built upon something else
- Supervacaneous, sũ-pér-vă-kă-nyús, *a.* superfluous, unnecessary
- Supervene, sũ-pér-vê'ne, *v. n.* to come off unexpectedly [additional]
- Supervenient, sũ-pér-vê'-nyënt, *a.* added,
- Supervention, sũ-pér-vên'-shũn, *s. a.* coming on a sudden [to oversee]
- Supervise, sũ-pér-vî'ze, *v. a.* to overlook,
- Supervisor, sũ-pér-vî'ze-ór, *s.* an overseer, an inspector
- Supervive, sũ-pér-vî've, *v. n.* to outlive
- Supine, sũ-pî'ne, *a.* lying with the face upward, indolent—*s.* a verbal noun in grammar
- Supper, sũp'-pér, *s.* evening repast
- Supplant, sũp-plănt', *v. a.* to displace by craft [make or grow flexible]
- Supple, sũp'l, *a.* flexible, fawning—*v.* to
- Supplement, sũp-plê-mënt, *s.* an addition to supply defects
- Supplemental, sũp-plê-mënt'-ăl, or Supplementary, sũp'-plê-mënt'-ăr-ý, *a.* additional [seecing, submissive]
- Suppliant, sũp-plý-ënt, *a.* entreating, bes-
- Supplicant, sũp-plý-kënt, *s.* a submissive petitioner [to entreat]
- Supplicate, sũp-plý-kă'te, *v. n.* to implore,
- Supplication, sũp-plý-kă'-shũn, *s.* an humble petition
- Supply, sũp-plý, *v. a.* to relieve, to serve instead of—*s.* a relief of want, aid
- Support, sũp-põrt, *v. a.* to prop, to endure, to maintain—*s.* a prop, maintenance, supply
- Supporter, sũp-põrt'-ér, *s.* a defender, a comforter, what bears up any thing, a figure in armorial bearings
- Suppose, sũp-põ'ze, *v. a.* to lay down without proof, to imagine
- Supposition, sũp-põ-zîsh'-ũn, *s. a.* position laid down, an imagination yet unproved [terfeit]
- Supposititious, sũp-põz-ý-tîsh ús, *a.* coun-
- Suppositive, sũp-põz'-ý-tîv, *s.* what denotes a supposition [solid clyster]
- Suppository, sũp-põz'-ý-tór-ý, *s.* a kind of
- Suppress, sũp-prës', *v. a.* to crush, to subdue, to conceal [suppressing]
- Suppression, sũp-prêsh'-ũn, *s.* the act of
- Suppressor, sũp-prës'-ór, *s.* one that suppresses [pus or matter]
- Suppurate, sũp'-pũ-ră'te, *v.* to generate
- Suppuration, sũp'-pũ-ră'-shũn, *s.* ripeness of matter
- Suppurative, sũp'-pũ-ră-tîv, *a.* digestive, generating pus or matter [lation]
- Supputation, sũp'-pũ-tă'-shũn, *s.* a calcu-
- Suppute, sũp'-pũ'te, *v. a.* to reckon, to calculate
- Supralapsarian, sũ-pră-lăp-să-ryán, *s.* one who disregards the doctrine of the fall [above the world]
- Supramundane, sũ-pră-mũn'-dăne, *a.*
- Supremacy, sũ prēm'-ă-sý, *s.* the height of authority, &c. [excellent]
- Supreme, sũ-prême, *a.* highest, most
- Surcease, sũr-sê'se, *v.* to stop, to cease, to leave off
- Surcharge, sũr-tshărdzh, *s.* more than can be well borne—*v. a.* to overburthen, &c.
- Surcingle, sũr'-sîng'l, *s.* a girth for binding on a horse, a girdle of a cassock
- Surcle, sũrk'l, *s.* a twig, a sucker
- Surcoat, sũr'-kõ'te, *s.* a short coat worn uppermost [mensurable]
- Surd, sũrd', *a.* deaf, unheard, incom-
- Surdity, sũrd'-ýt-ý, *s.* deafness, dullness
- Sure, shũ're, *a.* certain, firm, safe—*ad.* certainly, without doubt [firmly]
- Surefooted, shũr-fũt'-êd, *a.* treading
- Surety, shũr'-tý, *s.* certainty, security against loss, hostage, bail
- Surface, sũr'-fýs, *s.* the superficies, the outside
- Surfeit, sũr'-fýt, *v.* to feed or be fed to satiety and sickness—*s.* sickness from over-fulness [to rise high]
- Surge, sũrdzh', *s.* a swelling sea—*v. n.*
- Surgeon, sũr'-dzhón, *s.* one who professes surgery

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe —thus, thick.

- Surgery**, sūr'-dzhér-ŷ, *s.* a curing by manual operation
- Surgical**, sūr'-dzhŷ-kāl, *a.* belonging to surgery [swelling]
- Surgy**, sūrdzh'-ŷ, *a.* rising in billows,
- Surly**, sūr'-lŷ, *a.* morose, rough, sour
- Surmise**, sūr-mī'ze, *v. a.* to suspect, to imagine—*s.* an imperfect notion, a suspicion
- Surmount**, sūr-mōū'nt, *v. a.* to rise above, to conquer, to surpass
- Surname**, sūr-nāme, *s.* a family name, appellation added to the original name [to go beyond]
- Surpass**, sūr-pā's, *v. a.* to excel, exceed,
- Surplice**, sūr-plŷs, *s.* a priest's white garment
- Surplus**, sūr-plŷs, *s.* overplus, remainder
- Surprise**, sūr-prī'ze, *v. a.* to take un-awares to confuse or perplex by something sudden—*s.* a sudden confusion or perplexity
- Surprising**, sūr-prī'ze-ŷng, *a.* raising sudden wonder, astonishing
- Surrender**, sūr-rēnd'ér, *v.* to yield, to deliver up—*s.* act of yielding
- Surreption**, sūr-rēp'-shŷn, *s.* a surprise, sudden invasion
- Surreptitious**, sūr-rēp' tŷsh'-ŷs, *a.* done by stealth or fraud
- Surrogate**, sūr-rō-gāte, *v. a.* to put in the place of another [legate]
- Surrogate**, sūr-rō-gēt, *s.* a deputy, a de-
- Surround**, sūr-rōūnd, *v. a.* to encom- pass, to enclose
- Sursolid**, ŷr-sōl'-ŷd, *s.* the fourth multi- plication of a number
- Surtout**, sūr-tō't, *s.* a large upper coat
- Survene**, sūr vēne, *v. a.* to come as an addition, to be added
- Survey**, sūr-vā', *v. a.* to overlook, to oversee, to view
- Survey**, sūr-vā, *v.* a view, a measure
- Surveyor**, sūr-vā-ōr, *s.* an overseer, a measurer of land [remain alive]
- Survive**, sūr-vīve, *v.* to live after, to
- Survivor**, sūr-vīv-ōr, *s.* the longest liver of two or many persons
- Susceptibility**, sŷs-sēp-tŷ bŷl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* ten- dency to admit [admitting]
- Susceptible**, sŷs-sēp'-tŷb'l, *a.* capable of
- Susception**, sŷs-sēp'-shŷn, *s.* act of tak- ing or admitting [mit]
- Susceptive**, sŷs sēp'-tŷv, *a.* capable to ad-
- Susceptient**, sŷs-sŷp'-ŷēnt, *a.* that admits or receives [excite]
- Suscitate**, sŷs-sŷ-lāte, *v. n.* to rouse, to
- Suspect**, sŷs-pēkt', *v.* to imagine guilty, to fear, to mistrust
- Suspend**, sŷs-pēnd', *v. a.* to hang, to put off, to delay, to deprive of office for a time [delay, stop]
- Suspense**, sŷs pēns', *s.* an uncertainty,
- Suspension**, sŷs-pēn'-shŷn, *s.* a suspend- ing or being suspended
- Suspicion**, sŷs-pŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* the act of suspecting [liable to suspicious]
- Suspicious**, sŷs-pŷsh'-ŷs, *a.* inclined or
- Suspuration**, sŷs-pŷ-rā-shŷn, *s.* a sigh, a breathing deep
- Suspire**, sŷs-pŷre, *v.* to sigh
- Sustain**, sŷs-tā'ne, *v. a.* to bear, to sup- port, to maintain, to help
- Sustenance**, sŷs-tē-nēns, *s.* maintenance, necessities of life
- Sutler**, sŷt'-lér, *s.* one that sells provi- sions, liquors, &c. [ing of wounds]
- Suture**, sŷt-tŷre, *s.* a sewing or stitch-
- Swab**, swāb', *s.* a mop to clean floors—*v. a.* to clean with a swab
- Swaddle**, swād'l, *v. a.* to swathe, to bind in clothes—*s.* clothes bound round the body [weight]
- Swag**, swāg', *v. n.* to sink down by its
- Swage**, swā'dzh, *v. a.* to ease, to miti- gate [turbulent and proud, to brag]
- Swagger**, swāg'-ér, *v. n.* to bully, to be
- Swain**, swā'ne, *s.* a young man, a pas- toral youth
- Swale**, swā'le, or Sweat, swē'le, *v. a.* to waste or blaze away, to melt
- Swallow**, swāl-lō, *s.* a small bird, the throat—*v. a.* to take down the throat
- Swam**, swām', *pret. of* Swim
- Swamp**, swāmp', *s.* a marsh, a bog, a fen
- Swampy**, swāmp'-pŷ, *a.* boggy, fenny, marshy
- Swan**, swān', *s.* a large water-fowl
- Swanskin**, swān'-skŷn, *s.* a kind of fine soft flannel [*v. a.* to exchange]
- Swap**, swāp', *ad.* with hasty violence—
- Sward**, swārd, *s.* the skin of bacon, a green turf
- Sware**, swā're, *pret. of* Swear
- Swarm**, swā'rin, *s.* a great number of bees, &c. a crowd—*v. n.* to rise as bees in a body, to breed multitudes
- Swarthy**, swā'r-thŷ, *a.* dark of com- plexion, tawney
- Swash**, swāsh', *s.* impulse of water flow- ing with violence—*v. n.* to make a great clatter
- Swath**, swāth', *s.* a line of grass cut down

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, field, shîrt—  
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Swathe, swă'the, *v. a.* to bind with rollers or bands

Sway, swă', *v.* to bias, to govern, to have weight—*s.* power, rule, influence [utter oaths

Swear, swă're, *v.* to declare on oath, to Sweat, swêt', *s.* perspiration, toil—*v.* to perspire, to toil [laborious

Sweaty, swêt'-y, *a.* moist with sweat, Sweep, swê'pe, *v.* to clean as with a besom, to carry with pomp, to carry off with violence—*s.* act of sweeping, the compass of a violent or continued motion [away

Sweepings, swê'p-ŷngz, *s.* what is swept.

Sweepstake, swê'p-stăke, *s.* what wins all

Sweet, swê'te, *a.* luscious to the taste, pleasing to any sense, mild, not stale

Sweetbread, swêt-brêd, *s.* the pancreas of a calf [sweet

Sweeten, swêt'n, *v.* to make or grow

Sweetheart, swêt'hărt, *s.* a lover or mistress [dearment

Sweeting, swêt'ŷng, *s.* a word of en-

Sweetish, swêt'ŷsh, *a.* somewhat sweet

Sweetmeat, swêt-mêt, *s.* fruit, &c. preserved with sugar [den flower

Sweetwilliam, swêt-wîl'-yă'm, *s.* a gar-

Sweetwillow, swêt-wîl'-lô, *s.* gale or Dutch myrtle

Swell, swêl', *v.* to make or grow bigger, to be proud or angry—*s.* extension of bulk [a protuberance

Swelling, swêl'-ŷng, *s.* a morbid tumour,

Swelter, swêl'-tér, *v.* to dry up or pain with heat [heat

Sweltry, swêl'-trŷ, *a.* suffocating with

Swept, swêpt', *part and pret. of* Sweep

Swerve, swériv', *v. n.* to wander, to deviate, to rove [Sweat

Swet, swêt', *irr. pret. and part. of*

Swift, swîft', *a.* quick, speedy, nimble

Swig, swîg', *v. n.* to drink by large draughts [to inebriate

Swill, swîl', *v. a.* to drink luxuriously,

Swim, swîm', *v.* to float on the water, to glide along, to be dizzy

Swimmingly, swîm'-ŷng-lŷ, *ad.* smoothly, without obstruction

Swine, swîne, *s.* a hog or sow

Swing, swîng', *v.* to wave loosely—*s.* a waving motion, unrestrained liberty

Swinge, swîndzh', *v. a.* to punish, to bastinate, to move as a lash

Swinging, swîn'-dzhîng, *a.* great, huge

Swingle, swîngl', *v. n.* to dangle, to

swing in pleasure

Swinish, swîne'-ŷsh, *a.* like swine, gross

Switch, swîtsh', *s.* a small flexible twig—*v. a.* to lash [a gun

Swivel, swîv'l, *s.* a thing to turn upon,

Swobber, swôb'-ér, *s.* one who swabs the ship's deck [Swell

Swollen, or Swoln, swô'ln, *part. of*

Swom, swôm', *for* Swam [ing fit

Swoon, swô'ne, *v. n.* to faint—*s.* a faint-

Swoop, swô'pe, *v.* to fall down hastily like a hawk on its prey, to catch up,

to prey upon—*s.* the fall of a bird upon his prey

Swop, swôp', *v. a.* to exchange

Sword, sôrd', *s.* a well-known weapon

Swore, swô're, *pret. of* Swear

Sworn, swôrn', *part. of* Swear

Swum, swûm', *pret. and part. of* Swim

Swung, swûng', *pret. and part. of*

Swing

Sycanore, sŷk'-ă-mô're, *s.* a tree

Sycophant, sŷk'-ô-fênt, *s.* a flatterer, a parasite [ing, parasitical

Sycophantic, sŷk'-ô-făn'-tîk, *a.* flatter-

Sycophantise, sŷk'-ô-făn'-tîze, *v. n.* to

play the sycophant

Syllabic, sŷl'-lăb-ŷk, *a.* relating to or consisting of syllables

Syllable, sŷl'-lêb'l, *s.* as much of a word as is uttered by one articulation

Syllabus, sŷl'-lă-bús, *s.* the heads of a discourse [of three propositions

Syllogism, sŷl'-lô-dzhîzm, *s.* an argument

Syllogistic, sŷl'-lô-dzhîs'-tîk, *a.* consisting of a syllogism [by syllogism

Syllogize, sŷl'-lô-dzhîze, *v. n.* to reason

Sylph, sŷlf', *s.* an ærial spirit

Sylvan, sŷl'-văn, *a.* woody, shady—*s.* a wood god or satyr

Symbol, sŷm'-bôl, *s.* an abstract, a type

Symbolical, sŷm'-bôl'-ŷ-kăl, *a.* typical, expressing by signs [to represent

Symbolize, sŷm'-bô-lîze, *v.* to resemble,

Symmetrical, sŷm-mêt'-rî-kăl, *a.* proportionate [harmony

Symmetry, sŷm'-ê-trŷ, *s.* proportion,

Sympathetic, sŷm-pă-thêt'-ŷk, *a.* having sympathy [mutually

Sympathize, sŷm'-pă-thîze, *v. n.* to feel

Sympathy, sŷm'-pă-thŷ, *s.* fellow-feeling, compassion [ous, musical

Symphonious, sŷm-fô'-nyús, *a.* harmoni-

Symphony, sŷm'-fô-nŷ, *s.* harmony of mingled sounds [an indication

Symptom, sŷmp'-tóm, *s.* a token, a sign,

Symptomatic, sŷmp-tô-măt'-ŷk, *a.* happening concurrently

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Synagogue, sýn'-ă-gôg, *s.* Jewish place of worship

Synalepha, sýn'-lê'-fă, *s.* a contraction of a syllable

Synchronism, sýn'-krô-nýzm, *s.* a concurrence of events

Synchronous, sýn'-krô-nús, *a.* happening at the same time

Syncope, sýn-kô'pē, *s.* a fainting fit, a contraction of part of a word

Syndic, sýn'-dýk, *s.* a deputy, a chief magistrate of a corporation

Syndicate, sýn'-dý-kâte, *v. n.* to judge, to pass sentence on

Synecdoche, sýn'-ek'-dô-kē, *s.* a figure in rhetoric by which part is taken for the whole or whole for part

Synod, sýn'-ód, *s.* an ecclesiastical assembly

Synodal, sýn'-ô-dăl, *a.* relating to or transacted in a synod

Synonymous, sýn'-ôn'-ý-mús, *a.* of the same meaning

Synonymy, sýn'-ôn'-ý-mý, *s.* the quality of expressing by different words the same thing

Synopsis, sýn'-ôp'-sýs, *s.* a short view or epitome, a general view

Syntax, sýn'-tăks, *s.* a system, that part of grammar which teaches the construction of words

Synthesis, sýn'-thē-sýs, *s.* the act of joining [compounding]

Synthetic, sýn-thēt'-ýk, *a.* conjoining,

Syphon, sý'-fôn, *s.* a tube, a pipe

Syringe, sýr'-ýndzh, *s.* a pipe to squirt with

Syrts, sýr'-týs, *s.* a quick sand a bog

Syrup, sýr'-úp, *s.* juice of fruit, &c. boiled with sugar

System, sýs'-tēm, *s.* a methodical scheme

Systematical, sýs-tē-măt'-ýk-ăl, *a.* methodical

Systole, sýs'-tô-lē, *s.* the contraction of the heart, the shortening of a long syllable [two heavenly bodies]

Syzygy, sýs'-ý-dzhý, *s.* conjunction of

## T

TABBY, tăb'-ý, *s.* a kind of waved silk—*a.* brinded

Tabefy, tăb'-ē-fý, *v. n.* to waste

Taberd, tăb'-ērđ, *s.* a herald's coat

Tabernacle, tăb'-ēr-năk'l, *s.* a temporary habitation, a place of worship

Tabid, tăb'-ýd, *a.* consumptive, wasted by disease [walls or ceilings]

Tablature, tăb'-lă-tûre, *s.* painting on

Table, tăb'l, *s.* any flat surface, an index —*v.* to board, to set down in a catalogue

Tablet, tăb'-lēt, *s.* a small level surface, a surface written on or painted

Tabour, tă'-búr, *s.* a small drum beaten with one stick

Tabourine, tăb'-ô-rýne, *s.* a small drum

Tabular, tăb'-û-lăr, *a.* formed in squares or plates

Tabulated, tăb'-û-lă-těd, *a.* having a flat surface

Tache, tătsh', *s.* a catch, a loop, a button

Tachygraphy, tă'-ký-gră-fý, *s.* the art of quick writing

Tacit, tăs'-ýt, *a.* silent, implied or meant though not expressed by words

Taciturnity, tăs-ý-túr-nýt-ý, *s.* habitual silence

Tack, tăk', *v.* to fasten, to join, to turn a ship—*s.* a small nail, the act of turning a ship

Tackle, tăk'l, *s.* an arrow, ropes of a ship

Tackling, tăk'-lýng, *s.* the furniture of ships, implements

Tactic, tăk'-týk, *a.* relating to tactics

Tactics, tăk'-týks, *s.* the art of ranging men, &c. in the field of battle

Tactile, tăk'-týl, *a.* susceptible of touch

Tadpole, tăd'-pôle, *s.* a young shapeless frog or toad

Taffeta, tăf'-fē-tý, *s.* a sort of thin silk

Tag, tăg', *s.* metal at the end of a lace, &c.—*v.* *a.* to fit with a tag

Tail, tăle, *s.* the end or hinder part

Tailor, tă'-lór, *s.* one who makes men's clothes

Taint, tănt, *v. a.* to sully, to infect, to corrupt—*s.* a tincture, an infection, a blemish

Tainture, tăn-tûre, *s.* tinge, taint

Take, tă'ke, *v.* to receive, to lay hold of, to catch, to seize, to swallow as a medicine

Taken, tăk'n, the *part. past.* of Take

Taking, tă'-kýng, *s.* seizure, distress



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

Talbot, tă-bót, *s.* a kind of spotted hound [number reckoned]  
 Tale, tăle, *s.* a story, a narrative, a  
 Talent, tăl'ênt, *s.* a certain weight of money, a faculty [racter  
 Talisman, tăl'yz-mán, *s.* a magical cha-  
 Talk, tăk, *v. n.* to speak, to prattle, to reason—*s.* conversation, rumour  
 Talkative, tăk-ă-tív, *a.* full of prate, loquacious  
 Tall, tăl, *a.* high in stature, lofty  
 Tallage, tăl'êdzh, *s.* a tax, an impost  
 Tallow, tăl-lô, *s.* the fat of beasts melted, suet—*v. a.* to smear with tallow  
 Tally, tăl-lý, *s.* a stick notched like another, what fits—*v. a.* to fit, to suit, to conform [on weekly credit  
 Tallyman, tăl-lý-mán, *s.* one who sells  
 Talmud, tăl-müd, *s.* a book of Jewish traditions  
 Talon, tăl'ôn, *s.* the claw of a bird of prey [or its fruit  
 Tamarind, tăm-ă-rînd, *s.* an Indian tree  
 Tamarine, tăm-bă-rîne, *s.* a small drum  
 Tambour, tăm-bôre, *s.* a drum, a kind of sieve or needlework—*v. a.* to ornament with a kind of needlework  
 Tame, tăme, *a.* not wild, subdued, depressed—*v. n.* to make tame, to subdue  
 Tammy, tăm'ý, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff  
 Tamper, tăm-pér, *v. a.* to be busy, to physic, to meddle, to practise with  
 Tampion, tăm-pyón, *s.* piece of wood for the mouth of a cannon  
 Tan, tăn, *s.* the bark of the oak, ooze with which tanners prepare their leather—*v. a.* to imbue with tan, to imbrown [ound  
 Tang, tăng', *s.* a strong taste left, relish,  
 Tangent, tăn'-dzhênt, *s.* a line perpendicular to a radius  
 Tangibility, tăn-dzhî býl'ýt-ý, *s.* a being perceived by the touch  
 Tangible, tăn'-dzhîb'l, *a.* perceptible by the touch  
 Tangle, tăng'l, *v.* to implicate, to ensnare, to be entangled  
 Tank, tăngk', *s.* a reservoir of water, a large cistern or bason  
 Tankard, tăng'-kêrd, *s.* a drinking vessel with a lid  
 Tansy, tăn-zý, *s.* a plant  
 Tantalize, tăn-tă-lize, *v. a.* to torment with false hopes [lent  
 Tantomount, tănt'ă mōunt, *a.* equiva  
 Tantivy, tăn-tív'ý, *ad.* with full speed

Tap, tăp', *v. a.* to touch lightly, to broach—*s.* a gentle blow, a small pipe for letting liquor out  
 Tape, tă'pe, *s.* a narrow fillet or band  
 Taper, tă-pér, *s.* a wax candle, a light—*a.* sloping regularly—*v.* to make or grow regularly smaller [gure  
 Tapestry, tăps'-trý, *s.* cloth woven in fit  
 Tapster, tăps'-tér, *s.* one who draws beer  
 Tar, tă'r, *s.* the juice of pines or firs, a sailor—*v. a.* to smear with tar, to tease [whose bite music cures  
 Tarantula, tă-răn'-tă-lă, *s.* an insect  
 Tardy, tăr-dý, *a.* slow, sluggish, dilatory  
 Tare, tă're, *s.* a weed, an allowance in weight [shield  
 Target, tăr-gét, *s.* a kind of buckler or  
 Tariff, tăr'ýf, *s.* a cartel of commerce  
 Tarnish, tăr nîsh, *v.* to sully, to lose brightness  
 Tarpauling, tăr-pál'ýng, *s.* canvass smeared with tar, a sailor  
 Tarry, tăr-rý, *v. n.* to stay, to delay, to wait for [small pie of fruit  
 Tart, tărt, *a.* sour, keen, severe—*s.* a Tartane, tăr-tăn, *s.* a small vessel with one mast  
 Tartar, tăr-tár, *s.* hell, a salt  
 Tartarean, tăr-tă-ryăn, *a.* hellish, infernal  
 Tartareous, tăr-tă-ryús, *a.* consisting of tartar, hellish  
 Tartarize, tăr-tár-ize, *v. a.* to impregnate with tartar  
 Task, tăsk', *s.* employment, business imposed—*v. a.* to impose something to be done [silk, &c.  
 Tassel, tăsl, *s.* an ornamental bunch of  
 Taste, tăste, *v.* to distinguish by the palate, to try by the mouth, to feel, to have a smack, to relish—*s.* the act or sense of tasting, savour, relish, intellectual discernment, trial  
 Tasted, tăste-êd, *a.* having a particular relish [s. a rag  
 Tatter, tăt'-ér, *v. a.* to tear, to rend—  
 Tatterdemalion, tăt-ér-dê-măl'-yón, *s.* a ragged fellow  
 Tattle, tăt'l, *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly—*s.* prate, tritling talk [ters  
 Tatto, tăt' tō, *s.* a drum beating to quar-  
 Tavern, tăv'-érn, *s.* a house where wine is sold  
 Taught, tăt', *pret. and part. of* Teach  
 Taunt, tănt, *v. a.* to reproach, to revile, to ridicule—*s.* insult, reproach  
 Tautological, tă-tō lōdzh'-k-ăl, *a.* repeating the same thing

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick

Tautology, tã-tōl'-ō-dzhý, *s.* a repetition of the same words

Taw, tã', *v. a.* to dress white leather—*s.* a marble

Tawdry, tã'-drý, *a.* meanly showy

Tawny, tã'-ny, *a.* yellow, like things tanned

Tax, tãks', *s.* an impost, tribute, censure—*v. a.* to lay a tax, to censure, to accuse [ing a tax

Taxation, tãks-ã'-shūn, *s.* the act of laying  
Tea, té', *s.* a Chinese shrub or its infusion

Teach, tē'tsh, *v.* to instruct, to inform

Teague, té'ge, *s.* a name of contempt for an Irishman

Teal, tē'le, *s.* a wild fowl

Team, tē'me, *s.* a farmer's waggon

Tear, tē're, *s.* water from the eye

Tear, tã're, *s.* rent, fissure—*v.* to rend in pieces, to rave, to fume

Teaze, tē'ze, *v. a.* to comb wool, to vex, to torment [cloth

Teasel, tē'z'l, *s.* a plant used in dressing

Teat, tē'te, *s.* the dug of an animal

Technical, tēk'-nik-ãl, *a.* belonging to arts and sciences

Techy, tētsh'-ý, *a.* peevish, captious

Ted, tēd', *v. a.* to turn or spread abroad new mown grass [the liturgy

Te deum, tē-dē-um, *s.* an hymn used in

Tedious, tē-dyús, *a.* wearisome, slow

Teem, té'me, *v.* to bring forth young, to be prolific, to pour

Teen, tē'ne, *s.* sorrow, grief

Teens, tē'nz, *s.* the years between twelve and twenty [or form teeth

Teeth, tē'th, *s. pl. of* Tooth—*v.* to breed

Tegument, tēg'-ū-mēnt, *s.* a cover, the outward part [of the pencil

Teint, tīnt' *s.* colour, shade, the touch

Telescope, tēl'-ēs-kōpe, *s.* a glass used for distant views [count

Tell, tēl', *v.* to utter, to inform, to

Temerarious, tēm-ér-ã-ryús, *a.* rash, careless [courage

Temerity, tē-mér-ýt-ý, *s.* rashness, rash

Temper, tēm'-pér, *v. a.* to mingle, to qualify, to make fit—*s.* due mixture, disposition or frame of mind

Temperament, tēm'-pér-ã-mēnt, *s.* constitution, a medium

Temperance, tēm'-pér-éns, *s.* moderation, patience, the opposite of gluttony and drunkenness

Temperate, tēm'-pér-ēt, *a.* moderate, cool, calm

Temperature, tēm'-pér-ã-tūre, *s.* a constitution of nature, moderation

Tempest, tēm'-pēst, *s.* a violent wind, a tumult [boisterous

Tempestuous, tēm'-pēst'-ū-ús, *a.* stormy,

Templar, tēm'-plár, *s.* a student in the law

Temple, tēm'p'l, *s.* a place of worship, the upper part of the sides of the head

Temporal, tēm'-pō-rál, *a.* measured by time, not eternal, secular, not spiritual [secular possessions

Temporality, tēm'-pō-rál-tý, *s.* the laity,

Temporary, tēm'-pō-rárý, *a.* lasting only for a limited time

Temporize, tēm' pō-rize, *v. n.* to delay, to comply with the times

Tempt, tē'mpt', *v. a.* to entice to ill, to provoke [tempting to ill

Temptation, tēmp-tã'-shūn, *s.* the act of

Ten, tēn', *a.* twice five

Tenable, tēn'-éb'l, *a.* what may be maintained or holden

Tenacious, tē-nã'-shyús, *a.* grasping hard, cohesive, obstinate

Tenacity, tē-nãs'-ýt-ý, *s.* adhesion, a stiffness in opinion

Tenancy, tēn'-ēn-sý, *s.* any temporary possession of what belongs to another [another

Tenant, tēn'-ēnt, *s.* one who rents of

Tench, tēnsh', *s.* a pond fish

Tend, tēnd', *v. a.* to watch, to accompany, to incline, to wait upon

Tendency, tēn'-dēn-sý, *s.* direction, a course to some result

Tender, tēn'-dér, *a.* soft, easily pained, delicate, kind, susceptible of soft passions—*v. a.* to offer, to regard—*s.* an offer, a proposal for acceptance

Tender-hearted, tēn'-dér-hãrt-ēd, *a.* compassionate [horns of a deer

Tenderling, tēn'-dér-lýng, *s.* the first

Tendinous, tēn'-dýn-ús, *a.* sinewy

Tendon, tēn'-dón, *s.* a sinew

Tendril, tēn'-drýl, *s.* the clasp of a plant

Tenebrious, tēn'-ē-brý-ús, *a.* dark, gloomy

Tenebrosity, tēn'-ē-brōs'-ýt-ý, *s.* gloom

Tenement, tēn'-ē-mēnt, *s.* any thing held by a tenant

Tenesmus, tēn'-ēz'-mús, *s.* continual need to go to stool

Tenet, tēn'-ēt, *s.* a position, a principle, an opinion

Tenfold, tēn'-fōld, *a.* ten times increased

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chÿne, fïeld, shÿrt.—

- Tennis, tén'-ÿs, *s.* a play with a ball and a racket
- Tenon, tén' ón, *s.* part of a timber to be fitted into another piece
- Tenour, tén'-ór, *s.* continuity of state, sense contained, a part in music
- Tense, tén's', *a.* stretched, stiff—*s.* a variation denoting time in verbs
- Tensible, tén-sÿb'l, or Tensile, tén'-sÿl, *a.* capable of extension [ing
- Tension, tén'-shÿn, *s.* the act of stretching
- Tensive, tén'-sÿv, *a.* giving a sensation of stiffness
- Tent, tén't', *s.* a moveable habitation, a roll of lint for a sore, a species of wine [tion
- Tentation, tén-tá'-shÿn, *s.* trial, temptation
- Tentative, tén'-tá-tÿv, *a.* experimental, trying [things on
- Tenter, tén'-tér, *s.* an iron hook to stretch
- Tenth, ténth, *a.* the first after the ninth —*s.* ecclesiastical tithes
- Tenuate, tén' ù-âte, *v. a.* to make thin
- Tenuity, tén-nù'-tÿ, *s.* thinness, slenderness, exility
- Tenuous, tén' ù-ús, *a.* thin, small
- Tenure, tén'-ùre, *s.* the manner or condition whereby tenements are holden
- Tepefaction, tép-ê-fák'-shÿn, *s.* act of warning a little
- Tepid, tép'-ÿd, *a.* lukewarm, warm in a small degree, not zealous {fold
- Tergeninous, ter-dzhém'-ÿn-ús, *a.* three-
- Tergiversation, tér dzhÿ-vér-sá'-shÿn, *s.* a subterfuge, a shift, a change
- Term, tén'm', *s.* a limit, a limited or set space of time, a word, condition—*v. a.* to name, call
- Termagant, tér-má-gént, *a.* scolding, quarrelsome—*s.* a scold
- Terminate, tén'mín-âte, *v.* to bound, to limit, to put an end to
- Termination, tér-mÿ-ná'-shÿn, *s.* limit, bound, end [mount
- Terrace, tér'-és, *s.* a raised walk, a grassy
- Terraqueous, tér-rá-kwÿ-ús, *a.* composed of land and water
- Terrene, tér-ré'ne, or Terreous, tén'-ryús, or Terrestrial, tén-rés'-trÿ-ús, *a.* earthy [tial, terreous
- Terrestrial, tén-rés'-trÿ-ál, *a.* not celestial
- Terrible, tén'-rÿb'l, *a.* dreadful, formidable, violent
- Terrier, tér'-yér, *s.* a dog that follows his game under ground [terror
- Terrific, tén-rÿf'-ÿk, *a.* dreadful, causing
- Terrify, tén-rÿ-fÿ, *v. a.* to fright }
- Terrigenous, tén-rÿdsh-ê-nús, *a.* born of the earth [to a territory
- Territorial, tén-rÿ-tó'-ryál, *a.* belonging
- Territory, tén-rÿ-tór-ÿ, *s.* land, dominion, district [fear
- Terror, tén'-ór, *s.* great fear, cause of
- Terse, tén's', *a.* smooth, neat
- Tertian, tén'-shán, *a.* returning every third day [by squares
- Tessellated, tés'-sél-lá-téd, *a.* variegated
- Test, tés't', *s.* a vessel to try metals, trial, means of trial [shells
- Testaceous, tés-tá'-shÿs, *a.* consisting of
- Testament, tés-tá-mént, *s.* a will, the holy scripture [lating to a will
- Testamentary, tés-tá-mén-tár-ÿ, *a.* relating to a will
- Testate, tés'tá'te, *a.* having made a will
- Testator, tés-tá-tór, *s.* one who leaves a will [leaves a will
- Testatrix, tés-tá-trÿks, *s.* a woman who
- Tester, tés'-tér, *s.* a sixpence, the cover of a bed
- Testicle, tés'-tÿk'l, *s.* a stone
- Testification, tés-tÿ-fÿ-ká'-shÿn, *s.* the act of witnessing [who witnesses
- Testificator, tés'-tÿ-fÿ-ká-tór, *s.* one
- Testify, tés-tÿ-fÿ, *v.* to witness, to certify, to prove
- Testimonial, tés-tÿ-mó'-nyál, *s.* a certificate or attestation
- Testimony, tés-tÿ-món-ÿ, *s.* evidence, proof, profession [be angry
- Testy, tés'-tÿ, *a.* fretful, peevish, apt to
- Tete-a-tete, tá't-á-té'té, *s.* face to face, a private conversation between two
- Tether, tét'h-ér, *v. a.* to tie up—*s.* a restraint for horses, &c. at pasture
- Tetrarch, tét-trá'rk, *s.* the governor of a tetrarchate [part of a province
- Tetrarchate, tét-trá'rk-áte, *s.* a fourth
- Tetrastic, tét-trás'-tÿk, *s.* an epigram or stanza of four verses
- Tetrical, tét-rÿ-kál, or Tetricious, tét-rÿ-kús, *a.* forward, perverse, sour
- Tetter, tét'-ér, *s.* a scab, a ringworm
- Text, tékst', *s.* original writing, a sentence of scripture [be woven
- Textile, ték's-tÿl, *a.* woven, that may
- Textrine, ték's-trÿn, *a.* relating to weaving
- Textuary, ték's-tù-ár-ÿ, *a.* contained in the text, serving as a text, ready in texts [of weaving
- Texture, ték's-tù're, *s.* a web, the manner
- Than, thán', *conj.* proportion or in proportion to
- Thane, thá'ne, *s.* a Saxon title of honour

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Thanks, thângks', *s.* acknowledgement paid for favour or kindness—*v. a.* to return thanks

That, thát', *a.* yon, not nearest but at a distance, precedently mentioned

Thatch, thátsh, *v. a.* to cover as with straw—*s.* straw laid as a cover

Thaw, thá', *v. n.* to dissolve or melt after congelation—*s.* the dissolution of a frost

The, thé', and thé', *art* or *a.* that, those  
Theatre, thé'-á-tér, *s.* a place for exhibitions, a playhouse

Theatric, thê á-t-rík, *a.* pertaining to or suiting a theatre [singular of Thou

Thee, thé', thy person, oblique case  
Theft, thêft', *s.* the act of stealing, the thing stolen

Their, thá're, *a.* of or belonging to them

Theirs, thá'rs, *s. a.* of or belonging to them

Theism, thê'-ýzm, *s.* deism

Them, thém', those persons or things, oblique of They

Theme, théme, *s.* a subject, a short dissertation, talk [persons

Themselves, thém-sélv'z, *s.* those very

Then, thén', *ad.* at that time, in that case [that reason

Thence, théns', *s.* from that place, for  
Theocracy, thê-ók-rá-sý, *s.* divine government [ing to theocracy

Theocratical, thê-ók-rát'ík ál, *a.* relating to theocracy

Theodolite, thê-ód'ólít, *s.* a mathematical instrument for taking heights and distances [tion of the gods

Theogony, thê-óg'óný, *s.* the generation of the gods

Theologian, thê-ó-ló-dzhyán, *s.* a professor of divinity

Theological, thê-ó-lódzh'ík-ál, *a.* relating to theology

Theologue, thê-ó-lóg, *s.* a divine

Theology, thê-ó-l'ódzhý, *s.* the science of divinity [by the Italians

Theorbo, thê-ór-bô, *s.* a large lute used

Theorem, thê-ó-rém, *s.* a position laid down as an acknowledged truth, a given principle

Theoretic, thê-ó-rét'ík, or Theoric, thê-ór'ík, *a.* speculative

Theory, thê-ó-rý, *s.* a speculation, a plan, a scheme

Therapeutic, thér-á-pú-tík, *a.* curative

Therapeutics, thér-á-pú-tíks, *s.* that part of physic which teaches the cure of diseases [time

There, thá're, *ad.* in that place, at that

Thereabout, thá'r á-bôût, *ad.* near that place

Thereby, tháre-bý', *ad.* by that

Therefore, thá'r-fôre, *ad.* for this reason

Therefrom, tháre-fróm', *ad.* from that

Therein, tháre-ýn', *ad.* in that, in this

Thereinto, tháre-ýn-tó, *ad.* into that

Thereof, tháre-óf', *ad.* on that

Thereon, tháre-ôn', *ad.* on that

Thereto, tháre-tó', or Thereunto, tháre-ýn-tô', *ad.* to that

Thereupon, tháre-ýp-ôn', *ad.* on that

'Theriaca', thê-rí-á-kál, *a.* medicinal

Thermal, thér-mál, *a.* of the nature of a hot bath

Thermometer, thér-móm'-ê-tér, *s.* an instrument for measuring heat

These, thêze, *plural* of This

Thesis, thê-sís, *s.* a position, a subject

They, thá', *pron.* those persons or things

Thick, thýk', *a.* dense, gross or coarse, muddy, close—*s.* the thickest part—*ad.* frequently, closely, deeply

Thicken, thýk'n, *v. a.* and *n.* to make or grow thick

Thicket, thýk'-ét, *s.* a close wood

Thickskulled, thýk'-skúl'd, *a.* dull, stupid

Thief, thýf, *s.* one who thieves, an excrescence in the snuff of a candle

Thieve, thýv, *v. n.* to steal, to practise theft [stealing, theft

Thievery, thýv-ér-ý, *s.* the practice of

Thievish, thýv'ýsh, *a.* given to stealing, secret, sly [tocks and the knee

Thigh, thý', *s.* the part between the but-

Thill, thýl', *s.* the shafts of a waggon or cart [tween the shafts

Thill-horse, thýl'-hórs, *s.* the horse be-

Thimble, thým-b'l, *s.* a cap for the needle finger

Thin, thýn', *a.* not thick, small, slim, slender—*v. a.* to make thin [thee

Thine, thýne, *s. a.* of or belonging to

Thing, thýng', *s.* whatever is not a person

Think, thýngk', *v.* to have ideas, to fancy, to muse

Third, thýrd', *a.* the first after the second—*s.* a third part

Thirst, thýrst', *s.* pain for want of drink, vehement desire—*v. n.* to be thirsty

Thirsty, thýrs'-tý, *a.* suffering want of drink

Thirteen, thýr-téne, *a.* ten and three

Thirteenth, thýr-ténth, *a.* the third after the tenth

Thirtieth, thýr-týth, *a.* tenth thrice told

Thirty, thýr-tý, *a.* thrice ten



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, field, shîrt—

This, thîs', *a.* that which is present  
 Thistle, thîs'l, *s.* a prickly weed  
 Thistly, thîs'-lŷ, *a.* overgrown with thistles [or point  
 Thither, thîth'-ér, *ad.* to that place, end,  
 Thong, thŏng', *s.* a strap of leather  
 Thoracic, thŏ-răk'-ŷk, *a.* belonging to the breast  
 Thorax, thŏ-ră'l, *a.* relating to the bed  
 Thorax, thŏ-răks, *s.* the inward part of the breast, the chest  
 Thorn, thŏrn, *s.* a prickly tree, any thing troublesome [ing  
 Thorny, thŏr-nŷ, *a.* prickly, perplex-  
 Thorough, thŏr'-ŏ, *a.* complete, passing through [through a place  
 Thoroughfare, thŏr'-ŏ-făre, *s.* a passage  
 Thoroughpaced, thŏr'-ŏ-păst, *a.* perfect, complete [in principles  
 Thoroughsped, thŏr'-ŏ-spêd, *a.* finished  
 Thoroughstitch, thŏr'-ŏ stîtsch, *ad.* completely, fully  
 Those, thŏze, *plural of* That  
 Thou, thŏu', *s.* thy person  
 Though, thŏ', *conj.* although, however  
 Thought, thăt, *pret. and part. of* Think—*s.* the act of thinking, idea, sentiment, reflection, solicitude, care  
 Thoughtful, thăt'-fŭl, *a.* contemplative, anxious [careless  
 Thoughtless, thăt'-lēs, *a.* gay, airy,  
 Thousand, thŏu'-zănd, *a.* ten hundred, many [dredth ten times told  
 Thousandth, thŏu'-zăndth, *a.* the hun-  
 Thralldom, thră'l-dŏm, *s.* slavery, servitude [to enslave  
 Thrall, thră'l, *s.* a slave, bondage—*v. a.*  
 Thrapple, thrăp'l, *s.* the windpipe of animals  
 Thrash, thrăsh', *v.* to beat corn, to drub  
 Thrasonical, thră'-sŏn'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* boastful, bragging  
 Thread, thrêd', *s.* a small twist of flax, silk, &c. uniform tenor or course—*v. a.* to pass through with a thread  
 Threadbare, thrêd'-băre, *a.* worn to the naked threads, trite  
 Threaden, thrêd'n, *a.* made of thread  
 Threat, thrêt', *s.* a menace, a denunciation of ill  
 Threaten, thrêt'n, *v.* to menace  
 Three, thrê', *a.* two and one  
 Threefold, thrê'-fold, *a.* thrice repeated, consisting of three [sixty  
 Threescore, thrê'-skŏre, *a.* thrice twenty,  
 Threshold, thrêsh'-ŏld, *s.* the ground or step under the door, the entrance

Threw, thrŭ', *pret. of* Throw  
 Thrice, thrîse, *ad.* three times, at three times [profit, a plant  
 Thrift, thrîft', *s.* parsimony, frugality,  
 Thrifty, thrîf'-tŷ, *a.* frugal, sparing  
 Thrill, thrîl', *v.* to pierce, to penetrate, to tingle [rich  
 Thrive, thrîve, *v. a.* to prosper, to grow  
 Thriven, thrîv'n, *part. of* Thrive  
 Throat, thrŏte, *s.* the fore part of the neck [tate—*s.* beat, palpitation  
 Throb, thrŏb', *v. n.* to heave, to palpitate  
 Throe, thrŏ', *s.* the pain of travail, extreme agony [or bishop  
 Throne, thrŏne, *s.* the seat of a king  
 Throng, thrŏng', *s. a* multitude, a crowd—*v.* to crowd  
 Throistle, thrŏs'l, *s.* the thrush  
 Throttle, thrŏtl, *s.* the wind-pipe—*v. a.* to choke, to suffocate  
 Throve, thrŏve, *pret. of* Thrive  
 Through, thrŏ', *prep.* from end to end  
 Throughout, thrŏ-ŏut, *ad.* quite through, in every part  
 Throw, thrŏ, *v.* to fling, cast, to toss, to spread in haste  
 Thrown, thrŏne, *part. of* Throw  
 Throwster, thrŏ-stér, *s.* one who twists or winds silk  
 Thrum, thrŭm', *s.* the ends of weavers' threads—*v. a.* to play coarsely  
 Thrush, thrŭsh', *s.* a small singing bird, ulcerations in the mouth  
 Thrust, thrŭst', *v.* to push, to stab, to urge, to intrude—*s.* a hostile attack, an assault  
 Thumb, thŭm', *s.* the first finger of the hand—*v. a.* to handle awkwardly  
 Thumb-screw, thŭm'-skrŭ', *s.* an instrument of torture [thumb  
 Thumbstall, thŭm'-stă'l, *s.* a case for the  
 Thump, thŭmp', *s.* a hard heavy dull blow with something blunt—*v.* to beat or fall with dull heavy blows  
 Thunder, thŭn'-dér, *s.* a loud rumbling noise in the clouds—*v.* to make a rumbling noise, &c. to emit with noise  
 Thunderstone, thŭn'-dér-stŏne, *s. a* stone said to be emitted by thunder  
 Thunderstrike, thŭn'-dér-strike, *v. a.* to blast or hurt with lightning, to amaze  
 Thuriferous, thŭ-rîf'-ér-ŭs, *a.* bearing frankincense  
 Thurification, thŭ-rîf'-ŷk-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of fuming with or burning incense

shôt, nôte, lôse, ἀκτόι —hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Thursday, thûrz'-dâ, *s.* the fifth day of the week [degree]

Thus, thûs, *ad.* in this manner, to this

Thwack, thwák', *v. a.* to strike, to thrash, to bang—*s.* a heavy hard blow

Thwart, thá't, *a.* transverse, perverse

—*v. a.* to cross, to oppose—*v. n.* to be opposite

Thy, thý', *a.* belonging to thee

Thyme, tíme, *s.* a fragrant plant

Thyself, thý-sél'f', *s.* thy very person

Tiar, tí-ár, or Tiara, tí-á-rá, *s.* a diadem, the mitre of the Pope

Tice, tíse, *v. a.* to draw, to allure

Tick, tîk', *s.* a dog-louse, a bed-case—*v. n.* to run on score, trust

Ticken, or Ticking, tîk'-în, *s.* a strong linen for bedding

Ticket, tîk'-ét, *s.* a token of right on the delivery of which admission is granted or a claim acknowledged, a voucher [tion]

Tickle, tîk'l, *v.* to cause or feel titilla-

Ticklish, tîk'-lîsh, *a.* easily tickled, uncertain, nice

Tid, tíd', *a.* tender, soft, nice

Tide, tíde, *s.* season, the ebb and flow on the sea, flood

Tidings, tí-dîngz, *s.* news, information

Tidy, tí-dý, *a.* neat, ready, spruce

Tie, tí', *v. a.* to bind, to fasten, to restrain—*s.* a knot, obligation

Tier, tír, *s.* a row or rank, a set

Tierce, tírs, *s.* a vessel holding one third of a pipe, a thrust

Tiff, tíf', *s.* liquor, drink, a pet—*v. n.* to be in a pet, to quarrel

Tiffany, tíf-án-ý, *s.* a very thin kind of silk

Tiger, tí-gér, *s.* a fierce beast of the feline kind [rags]

Tight, títe, *a.* close, free from fluttering

Tighten, tít'n, *v. a.* to straighten, to make close [tiger]

Tigress, tígrës, *s.* the female of the Tike, tíke, *s.* a species of dog

Tile, tíle, *s.* baked clay to cover houses with—*v. a.* to cover with tiles [tiles]

Tiling, tí-lîng, *s.* the roof covered with

Till, tíl, *s.* the money box of a shop—*conj.* to the time, to the degree that

—*v. a.* to cultivate, to plough

Tillage, tíl'-édzh, *s.* husbandry

Tilt, tílt', *s.* a covering over head, the cover of a boat, a military game—*v.* to cover, to turn or lift up, to fight, to fall on one side

Tilth, tílth, *s.* husbandry

Timber, tím'-bér, *s.* wood fit for building—*v. a.* to furnish with timber

Timbered, tím'-bérd, *a.* built formed, contrived [instrument]

Timbrel, tím'-brél, *s.* a kind of musical

Time, tíme, *s.* the measure of duration, season, age—*v. a.* to adapt to the time, to measure harmonically

Timid, tím'-íd, *a.* wanting courage, timorous [timorousness]

Timidity, tím-íd-ýt-ý, *s.* fearfulness,

Timorous, tím'-ór-ús, *a.* fearful, bashful, nice

Tin, tín', *s.* a sort of common white metal—*v. a.* to cover with tin

Tinct, tíngkt', *v. a.* to stain, to colour, to imbue with a taste—*s.* colour, stain, spot

Tincture, tíngk' tûre, *s.* a colour or taste superadded by something, an infusion—*v. a.* to imbue, to tinge, to colour [fire]

Tinder, tín'-dér, *s.* what easily catches

Tine, tíne, *s.* the tooth of a harrow, trouble—*v. a.* to kindle, to shut, to rage [a colour]

Tinge, tíndzh', *v. a.* to impregnate with

Tingle, tíngl', *v. n.* to feel a sharp pain, to tinkle [sound]

Tink, tíngk', *v. n.* to make a sharp

Tinker, tíngk'-ér, *s.* a mender of kettles or pans [quick noise]

Tinkle, tíngk'l, *v. n.* to make a sharp

Tinman, tín'-mán, *s.* a manufacturer of tin vessels, &c. [tin mines]

Tinner, tín'-ér, *s.* one who works in

Tinny, tín'-ý, *a.* abounding with tin

Tinsel, tín'-sél, *s.* any thing shining or showy and of little value

Tint, tínt', *s.* die, colour, stain, hue

Tiny, tí-ný, *a.* little, puny

Tip, típ', *s.* the top, the end, the point, the extremity—*v. a.* to top, to cover on the end [the neck]

Tippet, típ'-ét, *s.* something worn about

Tipple, típl', *v. a.* to drink in luxury or excess [of justice]

Tipstaff, típ'-stáf, *s.* an officer, his staff

Tipsy, típ'-sý, *a.* drunk, muddled

Tire, tíre, *s.* a rank, a row, head-dress, furniture—*v.* to make or be weary, to dress the head

Tiresome, tíre-sóm, *a.* wearisome, tedious

Tirewoman, tíre-wûm-án, *s.* a woman who makes head-dresses

C c

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liár—mêt, dēsist, mê, hér—chĭn, chĭne, field, shĭrt—

Tiringroom, tĭ-rĭng-rôme, *s.* a room for players to dress in [gold, &c.

Tissue, tĭsh'-û, *s.* cloth interwoven with

Tit, tĭt', *s.* a small horse, a woman, a bird

Titbi, tĭt'-bĭt, *s.* a nice bit

Tithe, tĭthe, *s.* the tenth part—*v.* to levy the tenth part, to pay tithe

Thing, tĭ-thĭng, *s.* a district, part of a parish [peace-officer

Tithingman, tĭ-thĭng-mán, *s.* a petty

Titillate, tĭt'-il-lá'te, *v. n.* to tickle

Titillation, tĭt'-il-lá-shŭn, *s.* the act of tickling, slight pleasure

Title, tĭt'l, *s.* the first page of a book, appellation, claim of right, name of honour—*v. a.* to entitle, to name

Titmouse, tĭt'-môûs, *s.* a small bird

Titter, tĭt'-ér, *v. n.* to laugh with restraint—*s.* a restrained laugh

Tittle, tĭt'l, *s.* a small particle, a dot

Tittletattle, tĭt'-tăt'l, *s.* idle talk—*v. a.* to prattle [stumbling

Titubation, tĭt'-û-bā-shŭn, *s.* the act of titubate, tĭt'-û-lár, *a.* having only the title [or relating to a title

Titulary, tĭt'-û-lár-ý, *a.* consisting in

To, tō', *prep.* noting motion towards, &c. [crawling

Toad, tō'de, *s.* an animal like a frog but

Toadstool, tō'de-stôle, *s.* a plant like a mushroom

Toast, tō'st, *v. a.* to dry or heat at the fire, to propose a health—*s.* bread toasted, a health drunk

Tobacco, tō-băk' ô, *s.* an American plant used for smoking, &c.

Tobacconist, tō-băk'-ô-nĭst, *s.* a preparer and vender of tobacco

Tod, tōd', *s.* a bush, a weight of twenty-eight pounds of wool [the feet

Toes, tō'z, *s.* the divided extremities of

Toft, tōft, *s.* a place where a message has stood [in concert

Together, tō-gĕth'-ér, *ad.* in company,

Toil, tō'ĭl, *v.* to labour, to weary—*s.* labour, fatigue, a net

Toilet, tō'ĭl-lĕt, *s.* a dressing-table

Toilsome, tō'ĭl-sóm, *a.* laborious, weary

Token, tō'k'n, *s.* a sign, a mark, memorial

Told, tōld, *pret. and part. of Tell*

Toleration, tōl-ér-ă-shŭn, *s.* permission, sufferance

Toll, tō'le, *s.* an excise of goods—*v.* to pay or take toll, to ring a bell, to annul

Tolbooth, tōl'-bôth, *s.* a prison

Tolsey, tōl'-zê, *s.* a kind of market, place where people meet to buy and sell [battleaxe

Tomahawk, tōm'-ă-hăk, *s.* an Indian

Tomb, tō'me, *s.* a sepulchre for the dead, a vault [wild girl

Tomboy, tōm'-bōy, *s.* a mean fellow, a

Tome, tō'me, *s.* a volume, a book

Tomtit, tōm-tĭt', *s.* a small bird

Ton, tón', *s.* a tun

Tone, tō'ne, *s.* note, sound, accent, whine, elasticity

Tong, tóng', *s.* the catch of a buckle

Tongs, tóng'z, *s.* an utensil to take hold of fire, &c. [speech, language

Tongue, tóng', *s.* the organ of speech,

Tonic, tōn'-ĭk, *a.* elastic, relating to tones—*s.* medicine which braces and strengthens [every ton

Tonnage, tón'-ĕdzh, *s.* an impost on

Tonsil, tón-sĭl, *s.* a round gland on either side of the basis of the tongue

Tonsor, tōn'-sór, *s.* a barber

Tonsure, tōn'-shŭr, *s.* the act of clipping the hair

Tontine, tōn-tĭ'n, *s.* a fund to be divided among the survivors

Too, tō', *ad.* over and above, likewise

Took, tōk', *pret. of Take*

Tool, tō'le, *s.* an instrument, a hireling

Tooth, tōth, *s.* a bone on the jaw, taste, prong [pleasing to the taste

Toothsome, tōth-sóm, *a.* palatable,

Top, tōp', *s.* the highest part, the utmost degree, the surface, a plaything for boys—*v.* to rise aloft, to predominate, to surpass, to crop

Topaz, tōp'ăz, *s.* a precious yellow gem

Tope, tō'pe, *v. n.* to drink hard

Topgallant, tōp-găl'-ănt, *s.* the highest mast and sail

Topheavy, tōp-hĕv'-ý, *a.* too weighty at top

Topic, tōp'-ĭk, *s.* a general head, something to which other things are referred [some place

Topical, tōp'-ĭk-ăl, *a.* local, confined to

Topographer, tō-pō-gră'-fēr, *s.* one who describes particular places

Topography, tō-pō-gră'-fý, *s.* description of particular places

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Topping, tŏp'-ŷng, *a.* fine, noble, gallant  
 Topple, tŏp'l, *v. n.* to fall forward, to  
 tumble down [bottom upwards  
 Topsyturvy, tŏp'-sÿ-túr-vÿ, *ad.* with the  
 Torch, tŏrtsh, *s.* a large wax light  
 Tore, tŏ're, *pret. of* Tear  
 Torment, tŏr-mĕnt', *v. a.* to put to  
 pain, to teaze, to vex—*s.* pain, an-  
 guish, torture  
 Tormentor, tŏr-mĕnt'-ŏr, *s.* one who  
 torments  
 Torn, tŏrn, *part of* Tear  
 Tornado, tŏr-nă-dŏ, *s.* a hurricane, a  
 whirlwind [benumbs  
 Torpedo, tŏr-pĕ-dŏ, *s.* a fish whose touch  
 Torpent, tŏrpĕnt, or Torpid, tŏr-pĭd, *a.*  
 motionless, not active, benumbed  
 Torpitude, tŏr-pĭ-tûde, *s.* the state of  
 being motionless  
 Torpor, tŏr-pŏr, *s.* dulness, inactivity  
 Torrefaction, tŏr-rĕ-făk'-shŭn, *s.* a dry-  
 ing by the fire [fire, to scorch  
 Torrefy, tŏr-rĕ-fÿ, *v. a.* to dry by the  
 Torrent, tŏr-ĕnt, *s.* a sudden or rapid  
 stream  
 Torrid, tŏr'id, *a.* violently hot, parched  
 Tortile, tŏr-tĭl, or Tortive, tŏr-tĭv, *a.*  
 wreathed, twisted [hard shell  
 Tortoise, tŏr-tĭs, *s.* an animal with a  
 Tortuosity, tŏr-tû-ŏs'-ÿt-ÿ, *s.* a wreath,  
 a flekure [chievous  
 Tortuous, tŏr-tû-ŭs, *a.* wreathed, mis-  
 Torture, tŏr-tûre, *s.* torments to extort  
 confession, pain, anguish—*v. a.* to  
 vex, to excruciate, to torment  
 Tory, tŏ-rÿ, *s.* one of a party opposed  
 to that of the Whigs  
 Toss, tŏs' *v. a.* to throw, to agitate, to  
 fling, to wince  
 Tossport, tŏs'-pŏt, *s.* a drunkard  
 Total, tŏ-tăl, *a.* whole, full, not divided  
 Totter, tŏt'-ĕr, *v. n.* to shake so as to  
 threaten a fall  
 Touch, tŭtsh', *v.* to come or be close to,  
 to try by the touchstone, to affect, to  
 delineate, to infect—*s.* the act of  
 touching, the sense of feeling, the  
 single act of a pencil, &c.  
 Touch-hole, tŭtsh'-hŏle, *s.* a small hole  
 in fire-arms  
 Touching, tŭtsh'-ŷng, *a.* moving, pathet-  
 ic, affecting—*p.* respecting, having  
 respect to some particular thing or  
 subject [metals, a test or criterion  
 Touchstone, tŭtsh'-stŏne, *s.* stone to try  
 Touchwood, tŭtsh'-wŭd, *s.* rotten wood  
 that easily catches fire

Touchy, tŭtsh'-ÿ, *a.* peevish, cross  
 Tough, tŭf', *a.* not brittle, stiff, ropy  
 Toughen, tŭf'n, *v.* to grow or make  
 tough [turn  
 Tour, tŏ're, *s.* a journey, a ramble, a  
 Tournament, tŏr-nă-mĕnt, *s.* a tilt, a  
 mock encounter  
 Touse, tŏŭ's, *v. a.* to pull, to drag, to  
 haul [to draw by a rope  
 Tow, tŏ, *s.* flax or hemp dressed—*v. a.*  
 Towage, tŏ-ĕdz, *s.* a towing, money  
 paid for towing  
 Toward, tŏ-ărd, or Towards, tŏ-ărdz,  
*prep.* in a direction to, regarding—  
*a.* docile, compliant [&c. on  
 Towel, tŏw'-ĕl, *s.* a cloth to dry hands,  
 Tower, tŏw'-ĕr, *s.* a high building, a  
 citadel—*v. a.* to soar, to fly or rise  
 high [ed with towers  
 Towy, tŏw'-ĕr-ÿ, *a.* adorned or guard-  
 Town, tŏw'n, *s.* a collection of houses  
 arger than a village [town  
 Township, tŏw'n-shĭp, *s.* corporation of a  
 Townsman, tŏw'nz-măn, *s.* an inhabit-  
 ant of a town, one of the same town  
 Toy, tŏÿ, *s.* a trifle, a plaything, fro-  
 lic—*v. n.* to trifle, to dally amorously  
 Toyish, tŏÿ'-sh, *a.* trifling, wanton  
 Toyman, tŏÿ'-măn, *s.* a seller of toys  
 Trace, tră'se, *s.* a mark left, harness—  
*v. a.* to follow by the footsteps, to  
 mark out [path  
 Track, trăk', *s.* a mark left, a beaten  
 Tract, trăkt', *s.* a region, course, treatise  
 Tractable, trăk-teb'l, *a.* manageable,  
 docile [treatise  
 Tractate, trăk'-tăte, *s.* a small book, a  
 Tractile, trăk'-tĭl, *a.* that may be drawn  
 out or extended  
 Trade, trăde, *s.* traffic, commerce, oc-  
 cupation, employment—*v. n.* to traf-  
 fic, to deal, to act for money  
 Tradesfolk, trădz-fŏk, *s.* people employ-  
 ed in trades [shopkeeper  
 Tradesman, trădz-măn, *s.* a dealer, a  
 Tradewind, trăde wind, *s.* a wind blow-  
 ing constantly one way  
 Tradition, tră-dĭsh' ŭn, *s.* oral account  
 from age to age  
 Traditional, tră-dĭsh'-ŏn-ăl, or Tradi-  
 tionary, tră-dĭsh' ŭn-ă-r-ă, *a.* delivered  
 by tradition, unwritten  
 Traduce, tră-dŭ'se, *v. a.* to censure, to  
 calumniate, to condemn  
 Traducement, tră-dŭ-sĕnt, *a.* censuring,  
 slandering



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mết, dēsist, mê, hér—chŭn, chīne, field, shirt—

- Traducible, trā-dŭ's-ŭb'l, *a.* that may be derived [trauition]
- Traduction, trā-dŭk'-shŭn, *s.* derivation
- Traffic, trāf'-ŭk, *s.* commerce, commodities merchandizing—*v. n.* to practise commerce
- Tragedian, trā-dzhē'-dyăn, *s.* writer of or actor of tragedy
- Tragedy, trādzh'-ē-dŭ, *s.* a serious drama, a dreadful event
- Tragic, trādzh'-ŭk, *a.* relating to tragedy, calamitous
- Tragicomedy, trādzh'-ŭk-ōm"-ē-dŭ, *s.* a merry and serious drama
- Tragicomical, trādzh'-ŭk-ōm"-ŭk-āl, *a.* relating to tragicomedy
- Traject, trā-dzhēkt', *v. a.* to cast through, to throw [darting through]
- Trajection, trā-dzhēk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of
- Trail, trā'le, *v.* to hunt by the track, to draw or be drawn along—*s.* track followed by the hunter, any thing drawn behind or along
- Train, trā'ne, *v. a.* to draw, to educate, to breed—*s.* an artifice, tail of a bird or of a long gown, a series, retinue, procession [militia]
- Trainbands, trā'ne-bāndz', *s.* a sort of
- Trainoil, trā'ne-ōil, *s.* oil of whales
- Trait, trā't, *s.* a stroke, a touch
- Traitor, trā't-ōr, *s.* one who betrays his trust [perfidious]
- Traitorous, trā't-ōr-ŭs, *a.* treacherous
- Trammel, trām'-ēl, *s.* any kind of net, shackles for a horse—*v. a.* to catch, to intercept [&c.]
- Trample, trāmp'l, *v.* to tread under foot
- Trance, or Transe, trā'ns, *s.* an ecstasy, a rapture
- Tranquil, trāng'-kwŭl, *a.* quiet, calm
- Franquillity, trāng'-kwŭl'-ŭt-ŭ, *s.* quiet, peace of mind [make tranquil]
- Franquillize, trāng'-kwŭl'-ize, *v. a.* to
- Transact, trāns-ăkt' *v. a.* to manage, to perform
- Transaction, trāns-ăk'-shŭn, *s.* negotiation, dealing between man and man, management
- Transcend, trān-sēnd', *v.* to surpass, to rise above [lent, surpassing]
- Transcendent, trān-sēn'-dēnt, *a.* excel-
- Transcribe, trān skri'be, *v. a.* to copy
- Transcript, trān-skript, *s.* a copy from an original
- Transcursion, trāns-kŭr-shŭn, *s.* a ramble [to convey, to remove]
- Transfer, trāns-fér', *v. a.* to make over,
- Transfer, trāns-fér', *s.* change of property [change of form]
- Transfiguration, trāns-fŭg-ŭ rā'-shŭn, *s.*
- Transfigure, trāns-fŭg'-ŭre, *v. a.* to transform [through]
- Transfix, trāns-fŭks', *v. a.* to pierce
- Transform, trāns-fōrm, *v.* to change with regard to external form, to metamorphose
- Transformation, trāns-fōr-mā'-shŭn, *s.* a change of shape, &c.
- Transfretation, trāns frē-tā'-shŭn, *s.* a passage over the sea
- Transfuse, trāns fŭ'ze, *v. a.* to pour out of one into another [fusing]
- Transfusion, trāns-fŭ'-shŭn, *s.* a trans-
- Transgress, trāns-grēs', *v.* to pass beyond, to violate, to offend
- Transgression, trāns-grēs'h'-ŭn, *s.* a violation, crime, fault
- Transgressive, trāns-grēs'-ŭv, *a.* faulty, apt to break laws
- Transgressor, trāns-grēs'-ōr, *s.* an offender, a law-breaker
- Transient, trān'-shēnt, *a.* soon past or passing, momentary
- Transilience, trāns-ŭl'-yēns, *s.* a leap from thing to thing [net, &c.]
- Transit, trān'-sŭt, *s.* the passing of a pla-
- Transition, trān-sŭshŭn, *s.* a passage, change [power of passing]
- Transitive, trāns'-ŭt-ŭv, *a.* having the
- Transitory, trān'-sŭ-tōr-ŭ, *a.* passing away speedily
- Translate, trān-slā'te, *v. n.* to remove, to transfer, to interpret
- Translation, trān-slā'-shŭn, *s.* a translating or being translated, version
- Translator, trān-sā'te-ōr, *s.* one that translates
- Translucent, trāns-lŭ'-sēnt, or Trans-lucid, trāns-lŭ'-sŭd, *a.* transparent, diaphanous [beyond sea]
- Transmarine, trāns'-mā-rŭn, *a.* lying
- Transmigrant, trāns'-mŭ-grēnt, *a.* passing into another country
- Transmigrate, trāns'-mŭ-grāte, *v. n.* to pass into another place, to travel
- Transmigration, trāns-mŭ-grā'-shŭn, *s.* passage from one state, place, or body, into another [mŭ-tŭng]
- Transmission, trāns-mŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* a trans-
- Transmissive, trāns-mŭs'-ŭv, *a.* derived from one to another
- Transmit, trāns-mŭt', *v. a.* to convey, to send from one person or place to another

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Transmittal, trãns-mít'-ál, *s.* the act of transmitting
- Transmutation, trãns-mû-tã'-shûn, *s.* the changing of metals, &c. into another nature or substance
- Transmute, trãns-mû'te, *v. n.* to change from one nature or substance to another [door or window
- Transom, trãn'-sóm, *s.* a beam over a
- Transparency, trãns-pãr'-én-sý, *s.* clearness, power of transmitting light
- Transparent, trãns-pã-rènt, *a.* pervious to the light, clear
- Transpicious, trãns-pík'-ù-ús, *a.* transparent, pervious to the sight
- Transpire, trãns pí're, *v.* to emit or be emitted in vapour, to become known
- Transplace, trãns-plã'se, *v. a.* to remove to another place
- Transplant, trãns-plã'nt, *v. a.* to plant in a new place
- Transport, trãns-pô'rt, *v. a.* to banish, to ravish with pleasure
- Transport, trãns'-pôrt, *s.* transportation, a ship to carry soldiers, a criminal banished, ecstasy
- Transportation, trãns-pôr-tã'-shûn, *s.* banishment for felony
- Transposal, trãns-pô'-zál, *s.* the act of transposing, a misplacing
- Transpose, trãns-pô'ze, *v. a.* to put in the place of another
- Transposition, trãns-pô-zísh'-ûn, *s.* the act of misplacing
- Transubstantiate, trãn-sûb-stãn'-shyãte, *v. a.* to change to another substance
- Transubstantiation, trãn-sûb-stãn-shyã'-shûn, *s.* change of substance
- Transude, trãn-sû'de, *v. n.* to pass through in vapour, &c.
- Transversal, trãns-vér'-sál, *a.* running crosswise
- Transverse, trãns-vér's, *a.* being in a cross direction
- Trap trãp', *s.* ambush, snare—*v. a.* to ensnare, to adorn
- Trappings, trãp'-ýngz, *s.* ornaments, dress, finery [dress
- Trash, trãsh', *s.* any worthless thing,
- Travail, trãv'-él, *v.* to labour, to be in labour, to harass—*s.* labour, fatigue, labour in childbirth
- Travel, trãv'-él, *v.* to make a journey, to pass, to labour—*s.* journey, labour, toil
- Traveller, trãv'-él-ér, *s.* one who goes a journey, a visitor of foreign countries
- Traverse, trãv'-érs, *a.* crosswise, athwart *v. a.* to cross, to thwart
- Travesty, trãv-ès-tý, *a.* dressed so as to be made ridiculous
- Tray, trã', *s.* a shallow wooden vessel to carry meat or fish in
- Treacherous, trètsh'-ér-ús, *a.* perfidious, false [breach of faith
- Treachery, trètsh'-ér-ý, *s.* perfidy, a
- Treacle, trék'l, *s.* a sort of medicine, molasses
- Tread, tréd, *v.* to set the foot to trample, to walk on, to cover—*s.* step with the foot, a track, a speck in an egg
- Treadle, tréd'l, *s.* part of an engine on which the feet act to put it in motion [or commonwealth, rebellion
- Treason, tréz'n, *s.* offence against king
- Treasonable, tréz'n éb'l, or Treasonous, tréz'n-ús, *a.* having the nature of treason
- Treasure, trèzh'-úr, *s.* wealth hoarded or laid up, riches—*v. a.* to hoard, to lay up [care of money
- Treasurer, trèzh'-úr-ér, *s.* one who has
- Treasuretrove, trèzh-úr-trô'v, *s.* money found and not owned
- Treasury, trèzh'-úr-ý, *s.* place for money
- Treat, tréte, *v.* to negotiate, to discourse on, to manage, to entertain—*s.* an entertainment given
- Treatise, tré-týs, *s.* a written discourse
- Treatment, trét mènt, *s.* usage, mode of conduct [tract of parties
- Treaty, tré-tý, *s.* a negotiation, con-
- Treble, tréb'l, *a.* threefold—*s.* a sharp sound—*v.* to multiply three, to become threefold [table
- Tree, tré, *s.* a large, tall, branchy vege-
- Trefoil, trã-fôyl, *s.* a three leaved grass, clover [tice
- Trellis, trél'-ýs, *s.* a structure like a lat-
- Tremble, trém'b'l, *v. n.* to shake, to quake, to shudder [terrible
- Tremendous, tré-mén'-dús, *a.* awful,
- Tremour, tré-mór, *s.* a quivering motion [trembling, quivering
- Tremulous, trém'-ù-lós, *a.* fearful,
- Trench, trèns'h', *s.* earth thrown up so as to leave a ditch on the side—*v.* to cut and make a trench [keen
- Trenchant, trèn'-shènt, *a.* sharp, cutting,
- Trencher, trèn'-shér, *s.* a wooden platter
- Trencherman, trèns'h'-ér-mãn, *s.* a man who eats much

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shīrt—

- Trend, trēnd', *v.* to tend, to lie in any particular direction [the dead]  
 Trentals, trēn-tălz, *s.* thirty masses for  
 Trepan, trē-păn', *s.* a surgeon's instrument, a snare—*v.* *a.* to cut with the trepan, to ensnare [of treinning]  
 Trepidation, trēp-y-dă-shŷn, *s.* the state  
 Trespass, trēs'-păs, *s.* a sin, offence, unlawful entry—*v.* to be guilty of a trespass [hair]  
 Tresses, trēs'-séz, *s. pl.* knots or curls of  
 Trestle, trēs'l, *s.* a frame to support any thing on [waste]  
 Tret, trēt', an allowance in weight for  
 Trevet, trēv'-ēt, *s.* an iron or any thing that stands on three legs  
 Trey, trā', *s.* the three at cards  
 Triable, tri'-éb'l, *a.* capable of trial  
 Triad, tri'-ăd, *s.* three united  
 Trial, tri'-ăl, *s.* a test, examination  
 Triangle, tri'-ăng'l, *s.* a figure of three angles [three angles]  
 Triangular, tri'-ăng'-ŭ-lar, *a.* having  
 Tribe, tri'bē, *s.* a distinct body of people  
 Tribulation, trib-ŭ-lă-shŷn, *s.* vexation, distress [a court of justice]  
 Tribunal, tri-bŭ-năl, *s.* a seat of a judge,  
 Tribune, trib'-ŭne, *s.* a Roman officer  
 Tributary, trib'-ŭ-tăr-y, *a.* paying tribute, subject unto  
 Tribute, trib'-ŭte, *s.* a payment in acknowledgement of subjection, tax  
 Trice, tri'se, *s.* a short time, instant  
 Trick, trĭk', *s.* a sly fraud, a cheat, number of cards laid regularly up—*v.* to cheat, to deceive, to adorn  
 Trickle, trĭk'l, *v. n.* to fall or run down in drops [dice]  
 Tricktrack, trĭk'-trăk, *s.* a game with  
 Trident, tri'-dēt, *a.* having three teeth—*s.* Neptune's sceptre [years]  
 Triennial, tri-én-yăl, *a.* lasting three  
 Trifle, trif'l, *v. a.* to act with levity, to play the fool—*s.* a thing of no moment or value  
 Trifling, trif'ling, *a.* worthless, mean  
 Triform, tri'-fŏrm, *a.* having a triple form or shape [gun]  
 Trigger, trig'-gēr, *s.* catch of a wheel or  
 Trigon, tri'-gŏn, *s.* a triangle  
 Trigonometrical, trig-ŏ-nŏ mēt'-rĭk-ăl, *a.* pertaining to trigonometry  
 Trigonometry, trig-ŏ-nŏm'-ē-trĭ, *s.* the art of measuring triangles [sides]  
 Trilateral, tri-lăt'-ér-ăl, *a.* having three  
 Trill, trĭl', *s.* quaver—*v.* to quaver, to trickle
- Trillion, trĭl'-yŏn, *s.* a million of millions of millions  
 Trim, trĭn', *a.* nice, neat—*v.* to dress, to shave, to make neat, to balance—*s.* dress, condition, ornaments  
 Trimmer, trĭm'-ēr, *s.* a turncoat, a piece of wood [clothes]  
 Trimming, trĭm'-yng, *s.* lace, &c. on  
 Trinal, tri'-năl, *a.* threefold  
 Trine, tri'ne, *s.* an aspect of two planets distant 120 degrees  
 Trinitarian, trĭn-y-tă' ryăn, *s.* one who holds the doctrine of the trinity  
 Trinity, trĭn'-y-t-y, *s.* three persons in one God [great value]  
 Trinket, trĭng'-kēt, *s.* a toy a thing of no  
 Trio, tri' ŏ, *s.* musical piece of three parts  
 Trip', tri'ŏ, *v.* to supplant, to detect, to fall, to err, to stumble, to take a short voyage  
 Tripartite, tri'-păr-tĭte, *a.* having three parts, done in three parts [mal]  
 Tripe, tri'pe, *s.* the intestines of an animal  
 Triphthong, trĭf'-thŏng, *s.* a coalition of three vowels  
 Triple, trĭp'l, *a.* treble—*v. a.* to treble  
 Tripler, trĭp'-lēt, *s.* three of a kind  
 Triplicate, trĭp'-lyk-ēt, *a.* made thrice as much [state]  
 Triplicity, tri-plĭs'-y-t-v, *s.* a threefold  
 Tripod, tri-pŏd, *s.* a seat with three feet  
 Tripoly, trĭp'-ŏ-l-y, *s.* sharp cutting sand  
 Tripping, trĭp'-yng, *a.* quick, nimble  
 Triptote, trĭp'-tŏte, *s.* a noun used but in three cases [three equal parts]  
 Trisection, tri-sĕk'-shŷn, *s.* division into  
 Trisyllable, trĭs'-yl-léb'l, *s.* a word consisting of three syllables  
 Trite, tri'te, *a.* worn out, stale, common  
 Tritheism, tri'-thĭzm, *s.* doctrine of three distinct Gods  
 Triturate, trĭt'-ŭ-răte, *v. a.* to reduce to powder [ing to powder]  
 Trituration, trĭt'-ŭ-ră-shŷn, *s.* a reduction  
 Trivial, trĭv'-yăl, *a.* worthless, trifling, light  
 Triumph, tri'-ŭmf, *s.* pomp or joy for a victory or success—*v. n.* to rejoice for victory, to obtain victory, to insult upon advantage gained  
 Triumphal, tri-ŭmf'-ăl, *a.* used in celebrating victory [victory]  
 Triumphant, tri-ŭmf'-ĕnt, *a.* celebrating  
 Triumvir, tri-ŭm'-vĭr, *s.* one of three in equal authority  
 Triumvirate, tri-ŭm'-vĭr-ēt, *s.* a government by three men

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe —thus, thick.

Triune, tri'-ûne, *a.* at once, three and one [of trochees]

Trochaical, trô kâ'-yk-âl, *a.* consisting Trochee, trô'-kê, *s.* a foot in Latin poetry, consisting of a long and short syllable [Tread]

Trod, trôd', or Trodden, trôd'n, *part. of* Trolî, trô'le, *v.* to move circularly, to fish for a pike

Trollop, trôl'-ôp, *s.* a slattern

Troop, trô'pe, *s.* a company, a body of soldiers—*v. n.* to march in a body or in haste [only on horseback]

Trooper, trô'p ér, *s.* a soldier who fights

Troops, trô'ps, *s.* horse or foot soldiers Trope, trô'pe, *s.* a figure in speech, a change of a word from its original signification [phies]

Trophied, trô'-fid, *a.* adorned with tro-

Trophy, trô'fy, *s.* something taken in battle [sun turns back]

Tropic, trôp'ík, *s.* the line at which the

Tropical, trôp'ík-âl, *a.* figurative, near the tropics

Trot, trôt', *s.* jolting high pace of a horse, an old woman—*v. n.* to ride in a trot, to walk fast

Troth, trô'th, *s.* truth, faith [espoused

Trothplight, trô'th-plite, *a.* betrothed,

Trouble, trüb'l, *v. a.* to afflict, to molest, to perplex—*s.* perplexity, affliction, molestation [tiresome]

Troublesome, trüb'l-sóm, *a.* vexatious, Trover, trô'vér, *s.* an action for goods found and not delivered on demand

Trough, trôw', *s.* a long hollow thing

Troul, trô'le, *v. n.* to move or utter quickly [beat, to sue]

Trounce, trôû'ns, *v. a.* to punish, to

Trousers, trôû'z érs, *s.* breeches, hose

Trout, trôû't, *s.* a delicate spotted fish, an honest silly fellow

Trow, trô', *v. n.* to think, to imagine

Trowel, trôw'-el, *s.* a tool to take up mortar with

Troy, trô'y, *s.* 12 ounces to the pound

Truant, trû'-ënt, *s.* an idler, an absentee from school—*a.* idle, lazy—*v. n.* to idle, to loiter [hostilities]

Truce, trû'se, *a.* temporary cessation of

Trucidation, trû-si-dâ shûn, *s.* the act of killing [exchange—*s.* exchange]

Truck, trûk', *v.* to traffic by exchange, to

Truckle, trûk'l, *v. n.* to be in subjection

Trucklebed, trûk'l-bêd, *s.* a bed that runs under another [ble of aspect]

Truculent, trû'-kû-lënt, *a.* savage, terri-

Trudge, trüdzh', *v. n.* to travel laboriously, to jog on

True, trû', *a.* exact, genuine, steady

Truebred, trû'-brêd, *a.* of a right breed

Truepenny, trû'-pên-ný, *s.* a worthy honest fellow [mushroom]

Truffle, trûf'l, *s.* a kind of subterranean

Truism, trû'-yzm, *s.* a truth

Trull, trûl', *s.* a vagrant strumpet

Truly, trû' lý, *ad* really, exactly, indeed

Trump, trûmp', *s.* a strumpet, a privileged card—*v. a.* to win with a trump, to devise [trifies]

Trumpery, trûmp'-ér-y, *s.* empty talk,

Trumpet, trûm' pêt, *s.* a kind of musical instrument—*v. a.* to publish by sound of trumpet, to proclaim

Trumpeter, trûm'-pît-ér, *s.* one who sounds a trumpet or proclaims any thing [cut short]

Truncate, trûng'-kâte, *v. a.* to maim, to

Truncheon, trûnsh'-ôn, *s.* a short staff—*v. a.* to beat with a truncheon

Trundle, trûn'd'l, *v. n.* to roll, to bowl along—*s.* a round rolling thing

Trunk, trûngk', *s.* the body of any thing, chest, proboscis of an elephant, &c.

Trunnions, trûn'-yóns, *s.* knobs on guns

Truss, trús', *s.* a bandage for ruptures, a bundle—*v. a.* to pack close together

Trust, trúst', *s.* confidence, charge, credit—*v.* to confide in, to believe, to credit [any thing]

Trustee, trús-tê', *s.* one intrusted with

Trusty, trúst' y, *a.* honest, true, fit to be trusted, stout

Truth, trûth, *s.* fact, fidelity, reality

Try, trý', *v.* to examine, to assay, to attempt

Tub, túb', *s.* a wooden vessel

Tube, tû'be, *s.* a pipe, a syphon

Tubercle, tû'-bérk'l, *s.* a small swelling, a pimple [rose]

Tuberose, tû'b-rôze, *s.* a sweet-smelling

Tuberous, tû'b-ér-ús, *a.* full of knobs or swellings [like a pipe]

Tubular, tû'-bû-lár, *a.* long and hollow

Tubulated, tû'bû-lâ-têd, or Tubulous, tû'bû-lús, *a.* fistular

Tuck, tûk', *s.* a long narrow sword, a net, a fold—*v. a.* to hinder from spreading [for the breast]

Tucker, tûk'-ér, *s.* a small piece of linen

Tuesday, tû'z-dâ, *s.* the third day of the week

Tuft, túft', *s.* a cluster, a clump

Tufty, túf'-ty, *a.* adorned with tufts



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hâll, liăr—mêt, desist, mê, hér—chîn, chîne, field, shîrt.—

- Tug, tŭg', *v.* to pull, to draw, to contend—*s.* a forcible pull [instruction  
Tuition, tû-îsh'-ûn, *s.* superintendence,  
Tulip, tû-lîp, *s.* a flower  
Tumble, tŭm'b'l, *v.* to fall, to roll about, to play tricks by various librations of the body, to throw down—*s.* a fall  
Tumbler, tŭm'-blér, *s.* one who plays tricks by various librations of the body  
Tumbrel, tŭm'-brél, *s.* a dung-cart  
Tumefaction, tû-mê-făk'-shŭn, *s.* a swelling  
Tumefy, tû-mê-fŷ, *v. a.* to swell  
Tumid, tû-mîd, *a.* swelled, pompous  
Tumour, tû-mór, *s.* a morbid swelling, affected pomp [entomb  
Tumulate, tû-mû-lâte, *v.* to swell, to  
Tumulose, tû-mû-lô'se, *a.* full of swelling hills [motion  
Tumult, tû-mŭlt, *s.* riot, stir, wild corn  
Tumultuous, tû-mŭl'-tû ús, *s.* turbulent, full of tumult  
Tun, tŭn', *s.* a cask of four hogsheads  
Tunable, tû'n-éb'l, *a.* harmonious, musical  
Tune, tŭ'ne, *s.* diversity of notes put together, harmony, fit temper—*v.* to put into a musical state [ment  
Tunic, tû'n-ŷk, *s.* a child's upper garment  
Tunicle, tû-nŭk'l, *s.* a cover, integument  
Tunnage, tŭn'-édzh, *s.* contents of a vessel measured by the tun, the tax on a tun  
Tunnel, tŭn'-él, *s.* the shaft of a chimney, a funnel, a net—*v. a.* to form like a tunnel, to catch in a net  
Tunny, tŭn'-ŷ, *s.* a sea-fish  
Tup, tŭp', *s.* a ram—*v. a.* to butt like a ram [of the Turks  
Turban, tŭr-bán, *s.* a head covering  
Turbary, tŭr-bár-ŷ, *s.* a right of digging turf  
Turbid, tŭr'-bîd, *a.* thick, muddy  
Turbinated, tŭr'-bî-nâ-téd, *a.* twisted, spiral [an herb  
Turbith, tŭr'-bîth, *s.* yellow precipitate  
Turbot, tŭr'-bót, *s.* a sea fish  
Turbulent, tŭr'-bû-lént, *a.* tumultuous, violent  
Turf, tŭrf', *s.* a clod covered with grass  
Turfy, tŭrf'-ŷ, *a.* full of turfs  
Turgent, tŭr'-dzhënt, *a.* swelling, protuberant  
Turgid, tŭr'-dzhîd, *a.* swelling, tumid  
Turkey, tŭr'-kŷ, *s.* a large well-known domestic fowl [cious stone  
Turkoi, tŭr-kâ'ze, *s.* a kind of blue pre-
- Turneric, tŭr'-mér-ŷk, *s.* an Indian root which makes a yellow die  
Turmoil, tŭr'-môil, *s.* trouble, disturbance—*v. a.* to harass, to toil, to weary  
Turn, tŭrn', *v.* to change, to shape, to transform, to put upside down—*s.* act of turning, winding, walk to and fro, change, shape  
Turncoat, tŭrn'-kôte, *s.* an apostate  
Turner, tŭr'n-ér, *s.* one who turns wood, &c. in a lathe [ing  
Turning, tŭrn'-ŷng, *s.* a winding, bend-  
Turnip, tŭrn'-ŷp, *s.* an esculent root  
Turnpike, tŭrn'-pike, *s.* a toll gate on a road  
Turnstile, tŭr'n-stîle, *s.* cross bar on a pin to admit foot passengers and prevent horses [the pine, &c.  
Turpentine, tŭr'-pén-tîne, *s.* a gum from  
Turpitude, tŭr'-pŷ-tûde, *s.* inherent villainess, badness [nence  
Turret, tŭr-rèt, *s.* a small tower of emission  
Turtle, tŭrt'l, *s.* a species of pigeon, a sea tortoise [pression of contempt  
Tush, tŭsh, or Tut, tŭt', *interj.* an ex-  
Tusk, tŭsk', *s.* a fang, a very large tooth  
Tusky, tŭsk'-ŷ, *a.* furnished with tusks  
Tutanag, tû-tă-năg, *s.* a mixed metal  
Tutelage, tŭ tŭl-édzh, *s.* guardianship, protection  
Tutelar, tŭ-tŭl-ăr, or Tutelary, tŭ-tŭl-ăr-ŷ, *a.* protecting, guarding  
Tutor, tŭ-tór, *s.* one who instructs—*v. a.* to instruct [tutor, education  
Tutorage, tŭ-tór-édzh, *s.* the office of a  
Tutty, tŭt'-ŷ, *s.* argillaceous ore of zinc  
Tuz, tŭz', *s.* a lock or tuft of hair  
Twain, twă'ne, *a.* two, both  
Twang, twăng, *v.* to sound sharply—*s.* a sharp quick sound, an accent  
Twattle, twăt'l, *v. n.* to prate, to gabble  
Tweak, twê'ke, *v. a.* to pinch, to squeeze  
Tweedle, twé'd'l, *v. a.* to handle lightly  
Tweezers, twé-zér's, *s.* nippers, small pincers [tenth  
Twelfth, twêlfth, *a.* the second after the  
Twelfth tide, twêlfth'-tide, *s.* the twelfth day after Christmas  
Twelve, twêlv', *a.* two and ten  
Twelvemonth, twêl'-mónth, *s.* a year  
Twelvepenny, twêl'-pén-ŷ, *a.* sold for a shilling  
Twenty, twén'-tŷ, *a.* twice ten  
Twice, twî'se, *ad.* two times, doubly  
Twiddle, twîd'l, *v. a.* to touch lightly

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Twig, twýg', *s.* a small shoot or branch  
Twilight, twí-lite, *s.* the faint light before sunrise and after sunset—*a.* obscure, deeply shaded, seen by twilight

Twin, twín', *s.* one of two or more children produced at a birth

Twine, twíne, *v.* to twist, to wrap about, to wind—*s.* a twisted thread, a twist, an embrace

Twinge, twíndzh', *v. a.* to torment with sudden pain, to pinch—*s.* sharp sudden pain, a pinch

Twinkle, twínk'l, *v. n.* to sparkle, to open and shut the eye—*s.* sparkling intermitting light, motion of the eye, short space [brought at a birth]

Twinling, twín'-lîng, *s.* a lamb of two

Twirl, twírl', *v. a.* to turn round quick—*s.* quick circular motion, twist

Twist, twíst', *v.* to form by complication, to writhe—*s.* any thing made by winding together, a string, a writhe

Twit, twít', *v. a.* to sneer, to flout

Twich, twítsh', *v. a.* to pluck forcibly, to snatch—*s.* a quick pull, a twinge

Twitter, twít'-ér, *v. n.* to make a noise like swallows—*s.* motion or disorder of passion

Two, tò', *a.* one and one

Twoedged, tò'-édzh'd, *a.* having an edge on either side [twice]

Twofold, tò'-fôld, *a.* double—*ad.* doubly,

Twohanded, tò'-hand'-éd, *a.* big, bulky

Twopence, tòp'-éns, *s.* a penny twice told, a small coin [drum]

Tymbal, tým'-bál, *s.* a kind of kettle

Tympanum, tým'-pá-nóm, *s.* a drum, part of the ear [dropsy]

Tympany, tým'-pá-ný, *s.* a dry windy

Type, tý'pe, *a.* an emblem, a stamp, printing letter—*v. a.* to prefigure

Typic, týp'-ík, *a.* emblematic

Typify, týp'-i-fý, *v. a.* to figure, to show in emblem

Typographer, tý-pô-grá'-fér, *s.* a printer

Typographical, tý-pô-gráf'-ík-ál, *a.* figurative, belonging to printing

Typography, tý-pô-gráf'-ý, *s.* figurative representation, the art of printing

Tyrannic, tý-rán'-ník, *a.* like a tyrant, cruel, despotic [of killing a tyrant]

Tyrannicide, tý-rán'-ný side, *s.* the act

Tyrannise, tír'-án-ize, *v. n.* to play the tyrant, to act with rigour

Tyrannous, tír'-án-ús, *a.* tyrannic, cruel

Tyranny, tír'-án-ý, *s.* cruel government, severity [or master]

Tyrant, tý'-rënt, *s.* a cruel despotic ruler

Tyro, tý'rô, *s.* a beginner, novice, student

## V

VACANT, vá'-ként, *a.* empty, free, disengaged [vacant]

Vacate, vá'-kâte, *v. a.* to annul, to make

Vacation, vá'-ká'-shûn, *s.* intermission, recess, leisure [tying]

Vacuation, vák'-û á'-shûn, *s.* act of emp-

Vacuity, vá-kû'-ýt-ý, *s.* empty space, in-

anity [by matter]

Vacuum, vák'-û-úm, *s.* a space unoccupied

Vade mecum, vá'-dê-mê'-kúm, *s.* a book in constant use [wanting a home]

Vagabond, vág'-à-bônd, *a.* wandering,

Vagary, vá-gá'-rý, *s.* a wild sudden fro-

lic, a freak [dering,

Vagrant, vá'-grênt, *a.* vagabond, wan-

Vague, vá'ge, *a.* vagabond, unsettled

Vail, vá'le, *s.* a veil, a perquisite—*v.* to

veil, to let fall, to yield [proud]

Vain, vá'ne, *a.* fruitless, empty, meanly

Vainglorious, vá'ne-glô'-ryús, *a.* proud without merit

Vainglory, vá'ne-glô'-rý, *s.* empty pride, vanity

Valance, vál'-êns, *s.* drapery hanging round the tester and head of a bed

Vale, vá'le, *s.* a valley, a perquisite

Valediction, vál'-ê-dík'-shûn, *s.* a farewell

Valentine, vál'-ên-tine, *s.* a choice or

Valentine's day

Valerian, vá'-lê-ryán, *s.* a plant

Valet, vál'-ét, *s.* a waiting servant, a

footman [a weak, sickly person]

Valetudinarian, vál'-ê-tú-dín-á-ryán, *s.*

Valiant, vál'-yént, *a.* stout, brave

Valid, vál'-ýd, *a.* weighty, conclusive

Validity, vál'-ýd'-ýt-ý, *s.* force to con-

vince, value [hills]

Valley, vál'-ý, *s.* a low ground between

Valorous, vál'-ór-ús, *a.* brave, stout, heroic [prowess]

Valour, vál'-ór, *s.* personal bravery,

Valuable, vál'-û-éb'l, *a.* of value, worthy

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

- Valuation, văl-û-ă-shŷn, *s.* an estimate of the value of a thing, appraisement  
 Value, văl-û, *s.* a price, worth, high rate  
 —*v. a.* to appraise, to rate highly  
 Valve, văl'v, *s.* a folding door, any thing that opens over the mouth of a tube, &c.  
 Vamp, vămp', *s.* the upper leather of a shoe—*v. a.* to mend old things  
 Van, văn', *s.* first line or front of an army, a fan, a wing [with the wing]  
 Vane, vâne, *s.* plate on a pin to turn  
 Vanguard, văn-gărd, *s.* front line of an army  
 Vanilla, vă-nŷl'-ă, *s.* a plant or its fruit  
 Vanish, văn'-ish, *v. n.* to disappear, to pass away [ostentation]  
 Vanity, văn'-yt ŷ, *s.* falsehood, emptiness  
 Vanquish, văng'-k wŷsh, *v. a.* to conquer, to confute [convenience]  
 Vantage, văn-tădzh, *s.* gain, superiority  
 Vapid, văp'-id, *a.* dead, flat, spiritless  
 Vaporation, văp-ô-ră-shŷn, *s.* act of passing in vapour [flatulent]  
 Vaporous, vă-pôr-ús, *a.* full of vapours  
 Vapour, vă-pôr, *s.* fume, steam, wind, spleen—*v.* to fly off or scatter in evaporation, to bully, to brag  
 Vapulation, văp-û-lă-shŷn, *s.* act of beating, state of being beaten [able]  
 Variable, vă-ryéb'l, *a.* inconstant, mutavariance, vă-ryéns, *s.* disagreement, discord [ference, deviation]  
 Variation, vă-ryă-shŷn, *s.* a change, difference  
 Variegated, vă-ryé-găte, *v. a.* to diversify, with colours [sity of colours]  
 Variegation, vă-ryé-gă-shŷn, *s.* a diversity  
 Variety, vă-rŷ-ē-tŷ, *s.* change, an intermixture, difference [the small pox]  
 Variolous, vă-rŷ-ô-lús, *a.* belonging to  
 Various, vă-ryús, *a.* different, changeable, uncertain  
 Varlet, vă-r-lăt, *s.* a scoundrel  
 Varnish, vă-r-nŷsh, *s.* a shining liquid substance—*v. a.* to set a gloss, to palliate  
 Vary, vă-rŷ, *v.* to change, to diversify, to deviate—*s.* a change, alteration  
 Vascular, văs'kû-lăr, *a.* consisting of or full of vessels  
 Vase, văs', *s.* a vessel with a foot  
 Vassal, văs'-ăl, *s.* a subject or dependent  
 Vassalage, văs'-ăl-ădzh, *s.* state of a vassal, tenure at will  
 Vast, văst, *a.* very great, enormous—*s.* an empty waste  
 Vat, văt', *s.* a brewer's working tub  
 Vaticide, văt'-ŷ-side, *s.* a murderer of poets [phesy, to foetel]  
 Vaticinate, vă-tŷs'-ŷn-ăte, *v. n.* to prophesy  
 Vavasour, vă-vă-sôr, *s.* one who holding of a superior lord has others holding under him  
 Vault, vălt, *s.* an arch, a cellar, cave, a grave, a jump—*v.* to arch, to tumble  
 Vaultage, vălt-tădzh, *s.* an arched cellar  
 Vaunt, vănt, *v.* to boast, to brag—*s.* a brag, a boat [every where]  
 Ubiquitary, ŷ-bŷk'-wŷ-tăr-ŷ, *a.* existing  
 Ubiquity, ŷ-bŷk'-wŷt-ŷ, *s.* omnipresence, being in all places  
 Udder, ŷd'-dér, *s.* the dugs of a cow  
 Veal, vêle, *s.* the flesh of a calf  
 Vecture, vėk'-tŷre, *s.* carriage, removal  
 Veer, vėre, *v.* to turn about, to let out, to change  
 Vegetable, vėdzh'-ē-téb'l, *s.* a plant—*a.* belonging to or of the nature of plants  
 Vegetate, vėdzh'-ē-tăte, *v. n.* to grow as plants [ing like plants]  
 Vegetation, vėdzh'-ē-tă-shŷn, *s.* a growth  
 Vegetative, vėdzh'-ē-tă-tŷv, *a.* growing without action [cible, eager]  
 Vehement, vė'-hē-měnt, *a.* violent, for  
 Vehicle, vė'-hŷk'l, *s.* a carriage, a conveyance  
 Veil, vêle, *s.* a cover to conceal, a disguise—*v.* to cover, to conceal  
 Vein, vâne, *s.* a tube in the flesh, course of metal in mines, turn of mind, current  
 Veiny, vă'nŷ, *a.* full of veins, streaked  
 Vellicate, vėl'-ŷ-kăte, *v. a.* to twitch, to stimulate [ing or stimulating]  
 Vellication, vėl'-ŷ-kă-shŷn, *s.* a twitch  
 Vellum, vėl'-úm, *s.* a fine parchment  
 Velocity, vėl-lôs'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* speed, swiftness of motion  
 Velvet, vėl'-văt, *s.* a silk with a pile on it —*a.* made of velvet, soft [veins]  
 Venal, vė-năl, *a.* mercenary, base, in the  
 Venality, vė-năl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* a being venal  
 Venatic, vė-năt'-ŷk, *a.* used in hunting  
 Vend, vėnd', *v. a.* to sell, to offer to sale  
 Vendee, vėn-dė', *s.* one to whom any thing is sold [may be sold]  
 Vendible, vėnd'-ŷb'l, *a.* saleable, that  
 Vendition, vėn dŷsh'-ŷn, *s.* the sale, the act of selling [thing]  
 Vendor, vėn dŷr', *s.* one who sells any  
 Venere, vė-nėre, *v. a.* to cover with thin wood, &c. [betwitching]  
 Veneficial, vėn-ē-fŷsh'-ăl, *a.* poisonous,

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Venerable, vên'-ér-éb'l, *a.* worthy of regard with awe  
 Venerate, vên'-ér-âte, *v. a.* to treat with veneration, to regard with awe  
 Veneration, vên'-ér-â-shûn, *s.* a reverend regard, awful respect [ &c.  
 Venereal, vên'-ê-ryál, *a.* relating to love,  
 Venery, vên'-ér-ý, *s.* sport of hunting, pleasures, debauchery  
 Venesection, vên'-ê-sêk'-shûn, *s.* act of opening a vein  
 Venge, vëndzh', *v. a.* to avenge  
 Vengeance, vëndzh'-êns, *s.* punishment, revenge [spiteful  
 Vengeful, vëndzh'-fûl, *a.* vindictive,  
 Veniable, vê'-nyéb'l, or Venial, vê'-nyál, *a.* allowed, that may be pardoned  
 Venison, vên'-ýs'n, *s.* beast of chase, flesh of deer  
 Venom, vên'-óm, *s.* poison [malignant  
 Venomous, vên'-óm-ús, *a.* poisonous,  
 Vent, vënt', *s.* a hole, passage, discharge, sale—*v. a.* to let out, to open, to publish, to sell [the wind  
 Ventiduct, vên'-tî-dûkt, *s.* a passage for Ventilate, vên'-tî-lâte, *v. a.* to fan, to discuss [fanning or cooling, vent  
 Ventilation, vên'-tî-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act of Ventilator, vên'-tî-lâ-tór, *s.* an instrument to supply air  
 Ventose, vên'-tôze, *a.* windy, flatulent  
 Ventricle, vên'-trík'l, *s.* the stomach, any small cavity in the body  
 Ventriloquy, vên'-trîl'-ô-kwý, *s.* a speaking from the belly  
 Venture, vên'-tûre, *s.* hazard, hap, chance—*v.* to dare, to put or send on a venture  
 Venturous, vên'-túr-ús, *a.* daring, bold  
 Venue, vê-nû', *s.* place of trial of a litigated matter [copper  
 Venus, vê'-nús, *s.* one of the planets,  
 Veracity, vê-râs'-ýt-ý, *s.* truth, honesty of report  
 Verb, vërb', *s.* one of the parts of speech, which signifies doing, suffering, or being  
 Verbal, vërb'-ál, *a.* oral, consisting in mere words, literal, derived from a verb  
 Verbatim, vër-bâ'-tîm, *ad.* word for word  
 Verberate, vër'-bér-âte, *v. a.* to beat, to strike [beating  
 Verberation, vër'-bér-â-shûn, *s.* blows,  
 Verbose, vër'-bô'se, *a.* exuberant in words, tedious  
 Verdant, vër'-dênt, *a.* green, flourishing
- Verderer, vër'-dér-ér, *s.* an officer in the forest [a jury, &c.  
 Verdict, vër'-dîkt, *s.* a determination by  
 Verdigrise, vër'-dî-grîs, *s.* the green rust of brass [green pigment  
 Verditer, vër'-dî-tér, *s.* a sort of blue or  
 Verdure, vër'-dûre, *s.* a kind of pale green colour [ed with green  
 Verdurous, vër'-dûr-ús, *a.* green, cover-  
 Verge, vërdzh', *s.* a rod, a mace, a limit—*v. a.* to tend, to bend downward  
 Verger, vërdzh'-ér, *s.* a mace-bearer in cathedrals, &c. [prove true  
 Verify, vër'-ý-fý, *v. n.* to confirm, to  
 Verily, vër'-ý-ly, *ad.* in truth, certainly  
 Verisimilar, vër'-ý-sîm'-ý-lâr, *a.* probable  
 Veritable, vër'-ý-téb'l, *a.* agreeable to fact, true [tion  
 Verity, vër'-ýt-ý, *s.* truth, a true asser-  
 Verjuice, vër'-dzhus, *s.* the acid liquor of crab apples, grapes, &c.  
 Vermicelli, ver-mî-sêl'-ý, *s.* a paste rolled in the form of worms  
 Vermicular, vër-mýk'-û-lâr, *a.* acting like a worm [lay wood, &c.  
 Vermiculate, vër-mýk'-û-lâte, *v. a.* to in-  
 Vermicule, vër-mý-kûle, *s.* a little grub or worm [worms or grubs  
 Vermiculous, vër-mýk'-û-lús, *a.* full of  
 Vermiform, vër-mý-fôrm, *a.* having the shape of a worm [fine red colour  
 Vermilion, vër-mýl-yón, *s.* cochineal, a  
 Vermin, vër'-mýn, *s.* any noxious animal  
 Verminate, vër'-mýn-âte, *v. n.* to breed vermin [ration of vermin  
 Vermination, vër-mýn-â-shûn, *s.* a gene-  
 Vernacular, vër-nâk'-û-lâr, *a.* native  
 Vernal, vër'-nâl, *a.* belonging to the spring [turned round, variable  
 Versatile, vër'-sâ-tîl, *a.* that may be  
 Versatility, vër-sâ-tîl'-ýt-ý, *s.* the quality of being versatile [poetry  
 Verse, vërs', *s.* a poetical line, paragraph,  
 Versed, vërst' *a.* skilled in, acquainted with [art of making verses  
 Versification, vër-sî-fý-kâ-shûn, *s.* the  
 Versificator, vër'-sî-fý-kâ-tór, *s.* a maker of verses [in verse  
 Versify, vër'-sî-fý, *v.* to make or relate  
 Version, vër'-shûn, *s.* change, translation [dry  
 Vert, vërt', *s.* green, a colour in herald-  
 Vertebral, vër'-tê-brâl, *a.* relating to the back-bone [back-bone  
 Vertebre, vër'-tê-bér, *s.* a joint of the  
 Vertex, tér-têks, *s.* the zenith, the point over head, the top of any thing



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mět, dēsist, mē, hér—chŭn, chīne, field, shĭrt—

Vertical, vér'-tŭ-kăl, *a.* in the zenith, perpendicular [ing, rotation

Verticity, vér-tŭs'ŭt-ŷ, *s.* power of turn-

Vertiginous, vér-tŭdzh'-ŭn-ús, *a.* turning round, giddy

Vertigo, vér'-tŭ-gō, *s.* a giddiness, a whirling motion in the head

Vervain, vér-vă'ne, *s.* a plant

Very, vér'-ŷ, *a.* true, real—*ad.* in a great degree

Vesulent, vės'-kŭ-lěnt, *a.* eatable

Vesicate, vės'-ŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to blister, to swell [medicine

Vesicatory, vės-sŭk'-ă-tór-ŷ, *s.* a blistering

Vesicle, vės'-ŷk'l, *s.* a small inflated cuticle

Vesicular, vės-sŭk'-ŭ-lăr, *a.* hollow

Vesper, vės'-pér, *s.* the evening star, the evening [prayers

Vespers, vės'-pérz, *s.* evening service or

Vessel, vės'-él, *s.* any thing to hold liquids, a pipe for the blood or humours of an animal body, a boat or ship

Vest, věst', *s.* an outer garment—*v. a.* to dress, to invent, to place in possession [noting pure virginity

Vestal, vės'-tăl, *s.* a pure virgin—*a.* de-

Vestibule, vės'-tŭ-bŭle, *s.* the entrance of a house

Vestige, vės'-tŭdzh, *s.* a footstep, a trace

Vestment, věst'-měnt, *s.* a garment

Vestry, vės'-trŷ, *s.* a room appendant to a church, parochial assembly

Vesture, vės'-tŭre, *s.* a garment, dress

Vetch, vėtsŭ', *s.* a plant, a kind of pea

Veteran, věst'-ér-ăn, *a.* long practised in war, long experienced

Veterinarian, věst'-ér-ŭn-ă-ryăn, *s.* one skilled in the diseases of cattle

Vex, vėks', *v.* to tease, to torment, to disquiet

Vexation, vėk-să'-shŭn, *s.* the act of vexing or being vexed, what vexes

Vexatious, vėk-să'-shŭs, *a.* afflictive, troublesome [the sight

Ugly, ŭg'-lŷ, *a.* deformed, offensive to Vial, vŭ'-ăl, *s.* a small bottle

Viand, vŭ'-ănd, *s.* food, meat dressed

Viaticum, vŭ'-ăt'-ŭ-kŭm, *s.* provision for a journey [move to and fro

Vibrate, vŭ-brâte, *v.* to brandish, to

Vibration, vŭ-bră'-shŭn, *s.* a vibrating or being vibrated [fice, a substitute

Vicar, vŭk'-ăr, *s.* incumbent of a bene-

Vicarage, vŭk'-ăr-ědzh, *s.* the benefice of a vicar

Vicarial, vŭ-kă'-ryăl, *a.* belonging to a vicar

Vice, vŭse, *s.* wickedness, the course of action contrary to virtue, a kind of small iron press used by workmen in metals

Vice-admiral, vŭse-ăd'-mŭ-răl, *s.* the second commander of a fleet

Viceagent, vŭse-ă-dzhěnt, *s.* one who acts for another

Vicechancellor, vŭse-tshăn'-sěl-ór, *s.* the second magistrate of the universities

Vicegerency, vŭse-dzhě-rěn-sŷ, *s.* the office of a vicegerent

Vicegerent, vŭse-dzhě-rěnt, *s.* a lieutenant, one who is intrusted with the power of the superior

Viceroy, vŭs'-rŭŷ, *s.* he who governs in place of the king with regal authority

Viscinage, vŭs'-ŭ nědzh, *s.* neighbourhood [near, neighbouring

Vicinal, vŭs'-ŭ-năl, or Vicine, vŭs'-ŭ-ne, *a.*

Vicinity, vŭs'-ŭn'-ŭt-ŷ, *s.* neighbourhood, nearness [wicked

Vicious, vŭsh'-ús, *a.* addicted to vice, Vicissitude, vŭ-sŭs'-ŭ-tŭde, *s.* change, revolution [destroyed

Victim, vŭk'-tŭm, *s.* a sacrifice, something

Victor, vŭk'-tór, *s.* a conqueror, a vanquisher [triumphant

Victorious, vŭk-tŭ'-ryús, *a.* conquering,

Victory, vŭk'-tór-ŷ, *a.* conquest, success, triumph

Victual, vŭt'l, *v. a.* to provide with food

Victualler, vŭt'l'-ér, *s.* one who provides victuals, or keeps an ale-house

Victuals, vŭt'lz, *s. pl.* provision of food, meat

Videlicet, vŭ-děl'-ŭ-sět, *ad* to wit, that is

Vie, vŷ, *v.* to contest, to contend

View, vŭ', *v. a.* to survey, to see, to examine—*s.* a prospect, sight, survey, design [day

Vigil, vŭdzh'-ŭl, *s.* watch, eve of a holy-

Vigilant, vŭdzh'-ŭl-ěnt, *a.* forbearing to sleep, circumspect, diligent

Vignette, vŭn-ět'. *s.* a picture or flourish of leaves and flowers [and life

Vigorous, vŭg'-ór-ús, *a.* full of strength

Vigour, vŭg'-ór, *s.* force, strength, energy

Vile, vŭle, *a.* mean, sordid, wicked

Vilify, vŭl'-ŭ-fŷ, *v. a.* to debase, to defame [seat, a village

Vill, vŭl', or Villa, vŭl'-ă, *s.* a country

Village, vŭl'-ědzh, *s.* a small collection of houses [wretch

Villain, vŭl'-én, *s.* a servant, a wicked

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hut, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Villanize, vîl'-én-ize, *v. a.* to debase, to degade wicked, sorry  
 Villanous, vîl'-én-ús, *a.* base, vile  
 Villany, vîl'-én-ý, *s.* baseness, depravity, a wicked action  
 Villous, vîl' us, *a.* shaggy, rough, hairy  
 Vimineous, vî mýn' yús, *a.* made of twigs  
 Vincible, vîn'-sýb'l, *a.* that may be overcome, tameable [to clear, to revenge  
 Vindicate, vîn-dî-kâte, *v. a.* to justify  
 Vindication, vîn dî-kâ-shûn, *s.* a defence, a justification  
 Vindicative, vîn dî-k'â tîv, *a.* given to revenge, malicious [vindicates  
 Vindicator, vîn dî-k'â-tór, *s.* one who vindictive, vîn dî-k'-tîv, *a.* given to revenge  
 Vine, vîne, *s.* a plant bearing grapes  
 Vinegar, vîn'-ê-gâr, *s.* any thing really or metaphorically sour [with vines  
 Vineyard, vîn'-yêrd, *s.* a ground planted  
 Vinous, vî-nús, *s.* having the quality of wine  
 Vintage, vîn'-têdzh, *s.* produce of the vine for the year, time for gathering grapes [thers the vintage  
 Vintager, vîn'-têdzh-ér, *s.* he who gathers  
 Vintner, vînt' nér, *s.* one who sells wine, &c. [is sold  
 Vintry, vîn' trý, *s.* a place where wine  
 Viol, vî-ól, *s.* a stringed musical instrument [fringe, to ravish  
 Violate, vî-ô-lâte, *v. a.* to hurt, to injure  
 Violation, vî ô-lâ-shûn, *s.* act of violating, a deflowering  
 Viola or, vî-ô-lâ-tór, *s.* one who violates  
 Violent, vî-ô-lênt, *a.* forcible, murderous outrageous  
 Violet, vî-ô-lêt, *s.* a flower  
 Violin, vî ô-lîn, *s.* a fiddle  
 Violist, vî-ô-lîst, *s.* a player on the viol  
 Violoncello, vî ô-lôn-sêl' ô, *s.* a stringed instrument of music  
 Viper, vî-pér, *s.* a sort of serpent, a mischievous person [ties of a viper  
 Viperous, vî-pér-us, *a.* having the quality of  
 Virago, vî-râ-gô, *s.* a bold resolute woman  
 Virent, vî-rênt, *a.* green, unfaded  
 Virge, vîrdzh', *s.* a dean's mace  
 Virgin, vîr-dzhîn, *s.* a woman not acquainted with man, a sign of the zodiac—a maiden, pure  
 Virginal, vîr' dzhîn-â, *a.* maiden, pure —*s.* a stringed musical instrument  
 Virginity, vîr dzhîn'-tý, *s.* maidenhood, purity [ly, bold  
 Virile, vîr'-île, *a.* belonging to man, man-

Virility, vîr'-îl'-ýt-ý, *s.* manhood, power of procreation [ful, prevalent  
 Virtual, vîr'-tû-ál, *a.* effectual, powerful  
 Virtuality, vîr-tû-ál'-ýt-ý, *s.* efficacy  
 Virtue, vîr'-tû, *s.* moral goodness, efficacy, valour [music, painting, &c.  
 Virtuoso, vîr-tû-ô'sô, *s.* one skilled in  
 Virtuous, vîr'-tû-ús, *a.* morally good, chaste, efficacious, of eminent properties [ter. malignant  
 Virulent, vîr'-û-lênt, *a.* venomous, biting  
 Virus, vî-rús, *s.* malignant, stinking, discharge of ulcers [tenance  
 Visage, vîz' êdzh, *s.* the face, look, countenance  
 Viscerate, vîs'-ê-râte, *v. a.* to embowel  
 Viscid, vîs'ýd, *a.* glutinous, tenacious  
 Viscidity, vîs-ýd'-ýt-ý, *s.* tenacity, glutinous substance [in degree to an earl  
 Viscount, vî-kûnt, *s.* a nobleman next  
 Viscous, vîs'-kús, *a.* clammy, glutinous  
 Visibility, vîz-ý'-býl'-ýt-ý, *s.* a being perceptible by the eye  
 Visible, vîz'-ýb'l, *a.* perceptible by the eye, conspicuous, open  
 Vision, vîzh'-ón, *s.* sight, a dream  
 Visionary, vîzh'-ón-âr-ý, *a.* imaginary, seen in a dream  
 Visit, vîz'-ýt, *v.* to go to see, to punish —*s.* act of going to see another  
 Visitant, vîz'-ý tênt, *s.* one who visits another [from Heaven, a visiting  
 Visitation, vîz-ý-tâ-shûn, *s.* a judgment  
 Visor, vîz'-ór, *s.* a mark to disfigure and disguise [through an avenue  
 Vista, vîs'-tâ, *s.* a view, a prospect  
 Visual, vîz-ù-ál, *a.* used in or exercising sight [tial  
 Vital, vî-tál, *a.* necessary to life, essential  
 Vitality, vî tál'-ýt-ý, *s.* the power of subsisting in life [life  
 Vitals, vî-tálz, *s. pl.* parts essential  
 Vitiate, vîsh'-yâte, *v. a.* to deprave, to spoil [corruption  
 Vitiation, vîsh-yâ-shûn, *s.* depravation  
 Vitious, vîsh'-ús, *a.* corrupt, wicked, depraved  
 Vitreous, vît'-ryús, *a.* glassy, like glass  
 Vitrify, vît'-rí-fý, *v.* to change into or become glass [salt  
 Vitriol, vît'-ryól, *s.* a kind of mineral  
 Vitriolate, vît'-ryô-lêt, *a.* impregnated with vitriol [containing vitriol  
 Vitriolic, vît-ryôl'-ýk, *a.* resembling or  
 Vituperate, vî-tû-pér-âte, *v. a.* to blame, to censure [active  
 Vivacious, vî-vâ-shús, *a.* sprightly, gay,  
 D d

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—ch'yn, chīne, f'ield, sh'irt—

- Vivacity, vi-văs'-yt-ŷ, *s.* sprightliness, liveliness [porting life]  
 Vivency, vi-vën-sŷ, *s.* manner of sup-  
 Vivid, vŷv'-ŷd, *a.* quick, active, lively  
 Vivific, vi-vŷf'-ŷk, *a.* giving life, making alive [animate]  
 Vivify, vŷv'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to make alive, to  
 Viviparous, vi-vŷp'-ă-rúz, *a.* bringing the young alive  
 Vixen, vŷks'n, *s.* a scolding woman  
 Vizard, vŷz'-ărd, *s.* a visor [Turkey  
 Vizier, vŷz'-yér, *s.* the prime minister in  
 Ulcer, ŷl-sér, *s.* a dangerous running sore [ulcer]  
 Ulcerate, ŷl-sér-ăte, *v.* to turn to an  
 Ulceration, ŷl-sér-ă-shŷn, *s.* a breaking into ulcers [sores]  
 Ulcerous, ŷl-sér-ús, *a.* afflicted with  
 Uliginous, ŷ-lŷdzh'-ŷn-ús, *a.* slimy, muddy  
 Ullage, ŷl-ēdzh, *s.* the quantity which a cask wants of being full [side]  
 Ulterior, ŷl-tē-ryór, *a.* on the further  
 Ultimate, ŷl-tŷ-mět, *a.* the very last, final [resolution]  
 Ultimatum, ŷl-tŷ-mă-túm, *s.* the final  
 Ultramarine, ŷl-tră-mă-rŷne, *s.* a very fine blue—*a.* beyond the sea  
 Ultroneous, ŷl-trō-nyús, *a.* spontaneous, voluntary  
 Umbelliferous, ŷm-běl'ŷf'-ér-ús, *a.* bearing many flowers upon many foot-stalks [fish]  
 Umber, ŷm'-bér, *s.* a yellow colour, a  
 Umbered, ŷm'-bérđ, *a.* shaded, clouded  
 Umbilical, ŷm-bŷl'-ŷk-ăl, *a.* belonging to the navel  
 Umbles, ŷm'b'lz, *s.* a deer's entrails  
 Umbrage, ŷm'-brédzh, *s.* shadow, offence  
 Umbrageous, ŷm-brē'-dzhús, *a.* shady  
 Umbrella, ŷm-brél'-ă, *s.* a cover from the sun or rain [light]  
 Umbrosity, ŷm-brös'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* exclusion of  
 Umpire, ŷm'-pŷr, *s.* an arbitrator, one who decides disputes  
 Unabashed, ŷn-ă-băsh't, *a.* not ashamed  
 Unable, ŷn-ă'b'l, *a.* not able  
 Unabolished, ŷn-ă-böl'-ŷsh't, *a.* not repealed, remaining in force [greeable]  
 Unacceptable, ŷn-ăk'-sēp-téb'l, *a.* dis-  
 Unaccompanied, ŷn-ăk-kŷm'-pă-nŷd, *a.* not attended [unfinished]  
 Unaccomplished, ŷn-ăk-kŷm'-plŷsh't, *a.*  
 Unaccountable, ŷn-ăk-kŷn'-téb'l, *a.* not to be solved by reason  
 Unaccurate, ŷn-ăk'-ŷ-rēt, *a.* not exact  
 Unaccustomed, ŷn-ăk-kŷs'-tŷmđ, *a.* new  
 Unacquainted, ŷn-ăk-kwăn'-tēđ, *a.* not known, unusual [ed with honour]  
 Unadmired, ŷn-ăd-mŷrd, *a.* not regard-  
 Unadored, ŷn-ă-dŷrd, *a.* not wor-  
 shipped [indiscreet]  
 Unadvised, ŷn-ăd-vŷzd, *a.* imprudent,  
 Unadulterated, ŷn-ă-dŷl'-tér-ă-tēđ, *a.* genuine [candid, sincere]  
 Unaffected, ŷn-ăf-fēk'-tŷđ, *a.* real, open,  
 Unaided, ŷn-ă-dēđ, *a.* not assisted  
 Unalienable, ŷn-ăl'-yēn-ēb'l, *a.* that cannot be alienated or transferred  
 Unallied, ŷn-ăl-lŷđ, *a.* having no power-  
 ful relation  
 Unalterable, ŷn-ăl'-tér-ēb'l, *a.* that cannot or may not be altered  
 Unanimity, ŷ-nă-nŷm'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* agreement in mind [one mind]  
 Unanimous, ŷ-năn'-ŷ-mús, *a.* being of  
 Unanswerable, ŷn-ăn'-sér-ēb'l, *a.* not to be refuted  
 Unappalled, ŷn-ăp-pă'ld, *a.* not daunted  
 Unappeasable, ŷn-ăp-pēz-ēb'l, *a.* not to be pacified  
 Unapt, ŷn-ăpt, *a.* dull, unfit  
 Unargued, ŷn-ă-r'-gŷde, *a.* not disputed  
 Unarmed, ŷn-ărm'd, *a.* having no armour [or cunning]  
 Unartful, ŷn-ărt'-fŷl, *a.* wanting skill  
 Unasked, ŷn-ăskt, *a.* not asked  
 Unaspiring, ŷn-ăs-pŷ-ŷng, *a.* not ambitious  
 Unassisted, ŷn-ăs-sŷst'-ēđ, *a.* not helped  
 Unattainable, ŷn-ăt-tă'ne-ēb'l, *a.* not to be gained or obtained [tried]  
 Unattempted, ŷn-ăt-tēmt'-ēđ, *a.* un-  
 attended, ŷn-ăt-tēnd'-ēđ, *a.* alone  
 Unavailable, ŷn-ă-văl'-ēb'l, or Unavail-  
 ing, ŷn-ă-văl'-ŷng, *a.* useless, vain  
 Unavoidable, ŷn-ă-vŷđ'-ēb'l, *a.* inevit-  
 ab'l [ported by authority]  
 Unauthorised, ŷn-ă-thŷr-ŷzd, *a.* not sup-  
 Unaware, ŷn-ă-wă're, or Unawares, ŷn-ă-wărz, *ad.* suddenly  
 Unawed, ŷn-ăđ, *ad.* having no fear or dread  
 Unbar, ŷn-băr' *v. a.* to unbol.  
 Unbarbed, ŷn-bărb'd, *a.* unshaven  
 Unbeaten, ŷn-bēt'n, *a.* not trodden  
 Unbecoming, ŷn-bē-kŷm'-ŷng, *a.* indecent  
 Unbefitting, ŷn-bē-fŷt'-ŷng, *a.* unsuitable  
 Unbegotten, ŷn-bē-gŷt'n, *a.* not generated, not born  
 Unbelief, ŷn-bē-lŷf', *s.* infidelity  
 Unteliever, ŷn-bē-lŷv-ér, *s.* an infidel  
 Unbend, ŷn-bēnd', *v. a.* to relax, to re-  
 mit, to ease

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, nûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

|                                                                                 |                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unbeneficed, ün-bhén'-ê-fýst, <i>a.</i> not preferred to a benefice             | Uncharitable, ün-tshär'-í-téb'l, <i>a.</i> having no mercy              |
| Unbenevolent, ün-bē-něv'-ô-lěnt, <i>a.</i> not kind                             | Uncharitableness, ün-tshär'-ý-téb'l-něs, <i>s.</i> want of charity      |
| Unbenign, ün-bē-nine, <i>a.</i> malevolent                                      | Unchaste, ün-tshá'ste, <i>a.</i> lewd                                   |
| Unbent, ün-bent, <i>a.</i> unsubdued                                            | Unchastity, ün-tshás'-tý-tý, <i>s.</i> lewdness                         |
| Unbeseeming, ün-bē-sēm'-yng, <i>a.</i> unfit                                    | Unchewed, ün-tshū'de, <i>a.</i> not masticated                          |
| Unbewailed, ün-bē-wā'ld, <i>a.</i> not lamented                                 | Unchristian, ün-krys'-tyán, <i>a.</i> destitute of Christianity [a Jew] |
| Unbidden, ün-býd'n, <i>a.</i> uninvited                                         | Uncircumcised, ün-sír-küm-sízd, <i>a.</i> not                           |
| Unbigoted, ün-bíg'-ót-ěd, <i>a.</i> free from bigotry                           | Uncircumcision, ün-sír-küm-sýzh'-ün, <i>s.</i> omission of circumcision |
| Unbind, ün-bí'nd, <i>v. a.</i> to loose [ble]                                   | Uncircumscribed, ün-sír-küm-skríbd, <i>a.</i> not limited [cautious]    |
| Unblameable, ün-blám-éb'l, <i>a.</i> not culpable                               | Uncircumspect, ün-sír-küm-spěkt, <i>a.</i> not                          |
| Unblemished, ün-blém'-ísht, <i>a.</i> free from reproach                        | Uncircumstantial, ün-sír-küm-stán'-shál, <i>a.</i> unimportant          |
| Unblest, ün-blěst', <i>a.</i> wretched                                          | Uncivil, ün-sív'-íl, <i>a.</i> unpolite                                 |
| Unbloody, ün-blú'd ý, <i>a.</i> not cruel, not stained with blood               | Uncivilized, ün-sív'-íl ízd, <i>a.</i> barbarous                        |
| Unblown, ün-blō'ne, <i>a.</i> unopened                                          | Unclassic, ün-klás'-ýk, <i>a.</i> not classical                         |
| Unbodied, ün-bōd'-íd, <i>a.</i> incorporeal                                     | Uncle, üngk'l, <i>s.</i> the father or mother's brother                 |
| Unbolt, ün-bō'lt, <i>v. a.</i> to unbar                                         | Unclean, ün-klé'ne, <i>a.</i> not clean                                 |
| Unbolted, ün-bōlt'-ěd, <i>a.</i> unbarred                                       | Uncleanliness, ün-klěn'-lý-něs, <i>a.</i> want of cleanliness           |
| Unborn, ün-bōrn', <i>a.</i> not yet born into life                              | Uncleanly, ün-klěn'-lý, <i>a.</i> filthy                                |
| Unborrowed, ün-bōr'-ród, <i>a.</i> genuine                                      | Uncleansed, ün-klěn'-z-ěd, <i>a.</i> not cleansed                       |
| Unbosom, ün-bōz'-òm, <i>v. a.</i> to reveal in confidence, to open [money]      | Unclench, ün-klěn'-sh, <i>v. a.</i> to open the closed hand             |
| Unbought, ün-bát', <i>a.</i> obtained without                                   | Unclog, ün-klōg', <i>v. a.</i> to disencumber                           |
| Unbound, ün-bōú'nd, <i>a.</i> loose                                             | Unclosed, ün-klō'ze, <i>v. a.</i> to open                               |
| Unbounded, ün-bōú'nd-ěd, <i>a.</i> unlimited                                    | Unclothe, ün-klōthe, <i>v. a.</i> to strip                              |
| Unbrace, ün-brá'se, <i>v. a.</i> to loose                                       | Unclouded, ün-klōú'-děd, <i>a.</i> free from clouds                     |
| Unbred, ün-brěd', <i>a.</i> not taught                                          | Unclutch, ün-klütsh', <i>v. a.</i> to open                              |
| Unbridled, ün-bríd'ld, <i>a.</i> licentious                                     | Uncoil, ün-kōíl', <i>v. a.</i> to unfold                                |
| Unbroke, ün-brō'ke, <i>a.</i> not tamed                                         | Uncollected, ün-kōl'-lěkt'-ěd, <i>a.</i> not collected [with a comb]    |
| Unbrotherly, ün-brōth'-ér-ly, <i>a.</i> not like a brother [buckles]            | Uncombed, ün-kō'm'd, <i>a.</i> not parted                               |
| Unbuckle, ün-búk'l, <i>v. a.</i> to loose from                                  | Uncomely, ün-kóm'-ly, <i>a.</i> not comely                              |
| Unbuild, ün-býld', <i>v. a.</i> to raze                                         | Uncomfortable, ün-kóm'-fór-téb'l, <i>a.</i> dismal, gloomy, miserable   |
| Unbuilt, ün-býlt', <i>a.</i> not yet erected                                    | Uncommon, ün-kóm'-ón, <i>a.</i> not frequent                            |
| Unburden, ün-búr'd'n, <i>v. a.</i> to rid of a load                             | Uncompact, ün-kóm'-pákt', <i>a.</i> not compact [a. not communicated]   |
| Unburied, ün-bér'-ýd, <i>a.</i> not interred                                    | Uncommunicated, ün-kóm'-ú'-ní-ká-těd,                                   |
| Unburnt, ün-búrnt', <i>a.</i> not consumed by fire [tons]                       | Uncompelled, ün-kóm'-pěld', <i>a.</i> free from compulsion [simple]     |
| Unbutton, ün-bút'n, <i>v. a.</i> to loose but-                                  | Uncompounded, ün-kóm'-pōú'nd'-ěd, <i>a.</i>                             |
| Uncancelled, ün-kán'-sěld, <i>part.</i> not cancelled [agreeable to the canons] | Uncompressed, ün-kóm'-prěst', <i>a.</i> free from compression [gined]   |
| Uncanonical, ün-ká-nōn'-ý-kál, <i>a.</i> not                                    | Unconceived, ün-kōn-sě'vd, <i>a.</i> not ima-                           |
| Uncover, ün-ká'se, <i>v. a.</i> to uncover                                      | Unconcern, ün-kōn-sérn, <i>s.</i> negligence                            |
| Uncaught, ün-kát', <i>a.</i> not yet caught                                     | Unconcerned, ün-kōn-sérn'd, <i>a.</i> careless                          |
| Uncertain, ün-sér'-tén, <i>a.</i> doubtful                                      |                                                                         |
| Uncertainty, ün-sér'-tén-tý, <i>s.</i> dubiousness [chains]                     |                                                                         |
| Unchain, ün-tshā'ne, <i>v. a.</i> to free from                                  |                                                                         |
| Unchangeable, ün-tshāndzh'-éb'l, <i>a.</i> immutable                            |                                                                         |



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hằl, liar—măt, dəsist, mê, hêr—chín, chîne, fiêd, shirt.—

Unconditional, ün-kôn-dish'-ün-ăl, *a.* without stipulation [out connection]  
 Unconnected, ün-kôn-nêk't-êd, *p.* wi h-  
 Unconquerable, ün-kông-kwer-êb'l, *a.* invincible, not to be subdued  
 Unconscionable, ün-kôn shün'-êb'l, *a.* unreasonable, beyond the bounds of right  
 Uncontroverted, ün-kôn-trô-vért'-êd, *a.* not disputed or gainsaid  
 Uncover, ün-kôv'-êr, *v. a.* to divest of covering, to unroof  
 Uncouple, ün-küp'l, *v. a.* to separate  
 Uncourteous, ün-kôr'tyús, *a.* uncivil  
 Uncourtlly, ün-kôrt' lÿ, *a.* unpolished  
 Uncouth, ün-kô'th, *s.* strange  
 Uncreated, ün-krê-ă'têd, *a.* not yet created  
 Uncropped, ün-krôpt', *a.* not cropped  
 Uncrowded, ün-krôwd'-êd, *a.* not crowded [a crown  
 Uncrown, ün-krôwn', *v. a.* to deprive of  
 Uncction, üng'-shün, *s.* an ointment  
 Unctuous, üngk'-tû-us, *a.* fat, oily  
 Unculled, ün-küld', *a.* not gathered  
 Unculpable, ün-kül'-pêb'l, *a.* not blameable [cultivated  
 Uncultivated, ün-kül'-tÿ-vă-têd, *a.* not  
 Uncurbed, ün-küb'd, *a.* licentious  
 Uncurl, ün-kürl', *v. a.* to loose from ringlets  
 Uncut, ün-küt', *a.* not cut  
 Undaunted, ün-dân'-têd, *a.* unsubdued by fear  
 Undazzled, ün-dăz'ld, *a.* not dimmed  
 Undebauched, ün-dê-băt'sht, *a.* pure  
 Undecagon, ün-dêk'-ă-gôn, *s.* a figure of eleven angles or sides  
 Undecayed, ün-dê'-kă'dê, *a.* not decayed  
 Undeceivable, ün-dê-sê'-vêb'l, *a.* not liable to deceit [justly  
 Undeceive, ün-dê-sê've, *v.* to inform  
 Undeceived, ün-dê-sê'vd, *a.* not cheated  
 Undecided, ün-dê-sî'-dêd, *a.* not determined  
 Underck, ün-dêk', *v. a.* to strip  
 Undefeasible, ün-dê-fê'-zÿb'l, *a.* not defensible, true  
 Undefiled, ün-dê-fîld, *n.* not polluted  
 Undefined, ün-dê-fînd, *a.* not defined  
 Undefinable, ün-dê-fin-êb'l, *a.* not to be marked out  
 Undeliberated, ün-dê-lÿb'-êr-ă'têd, *a.* not carefully considered  
 Undelighted, ün-dê-lî'-têd, *a.* not pleased  
 Undeniable, ün-dê-nî'-êb'l, *a.* such as cannot be gainsaid

Undeplored, ün-dê-plôrd, *a.* not lamented  
 Undepraved, ün-dê-prê'vd, *a.* innocent  
 Under, ün'-der, *ad.* and *prep.* beneath, below [less than the worth  
 Underbid, ün-dêr-bîd', *v. a.* to offer  
 Underdo, ün-dêr-dô', *v. n.* to do less than is requisite  
 Undergo, ün-dêr-gô', *v. a.* to suffer  
 Underground, ün-dêr-grôund, *s.* subterraneous space [ung  
 Underhand, ün-dêr-hănd, *ad.* sly, cunning  
 Underived, ün-dê-rî'vd, *a.* not borrowed  
 Underlay, ün-dêr-lă', *v. a.* to lay under  
 Underline, ün-dêr-lîne, *v. a.* to draw a line under [agent  
 Underling, ün-dêr-lÿng, *s.* an inferior  
 Undermine, ün-dêr-mîne, *v. a.* to sap  
 Undermost, ün-dêr-môst, *a.* lowest  
 Underneath, ün-dêr-nêth, *a.* below  
 Underogatory, ün-dê-rôg'-ă-tôr-y, *a.* not derogatory  
 Underpart, ün-dêr-părt, *s.* subordinate  
 Underplot, ün-dêr-pîôt, *s.* a series of events proceeding co-laterally with the main story of a play and subservient to it; a clandestine scheme  
 Underrate, ün-dêr-ră'te, *v. a.* to rate too low [then is usual  
 Underrate, ün'-der-ră'te, *s.* a price less  
 Undersell, ün-dêr-sêl', *v. a.* to sell cheaper than another  
 Undersong, ün-dêr-sông, *s.* chorus  
 Understand, ün-dêr-stănd, *v. a.* to comprehend fully  
 Undersanding, ün-dêr-stănd'-ÿng, *s.* intellectual powers, skill—a knowing, skillful [to Unders and  
 Understood, ün-dêr-stûd, *part* from  
 Understrapper, ün'-der-străp-er, *s.* an inferior agent [in  
 Undertake, ün-dêr-tă'ke, *v. a.* to engage  
 Undertaker, ün'-dêr-tă-kêr, *s.* one who undertakes, a manager, one who manages funerals [terprize  
 Undertaking, ün-dêr-tă'kÿng, *s.* an undertaking  
 Undertenant, ün-dêr-tên'-ên, *s.* a secondary tenant [Underake  
 Undertook, ün-dêr-tôk, *part. pass. of*  
 Undervalue, ün-dêr-vă'l'ü, *v. a.* to rate too low [dergo  
 Underwent, ün-dêr-wên', *pret. of* Under  
 Underwood, ün'-der-wüd, *s.* bushes under timber trees [airs  
 Underwork, ün-dêr-wôrk, *s.* petty affair  
 Underwrite, ün-dêr-rî'te, *v. a.* to write under another

shòt, nòte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, nûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Underwriter, ün-dér-rí'-tér, *s.* an insurer  
 Undescribed, ün-dē-skrib'd, *a.* not described  
 Undescried, ün-dē-skride, *a.* unseen  
 Undeserved, ün-dē-zér'-v-éd, *a.* not merited [having merit]  
 Undeserving, ün-dē-zér'-v-íng, *a.* not  
 Undesigned, ün-dē-zín'd, *a.* not intended  
 Undesigning, ün-dē-zín'-íng, *a.* sincere  
 Undestroyed, ün-dē-ströy'd, *a.* not destroyed [not settled]  
 Underminate, ün-dē-tér'-mýn-ét, *a.*  
 Undetermined, ün-dē-tér'-mýnd, *a.* unsettled  
 Undevoted, ün-dē-vó'-téd, *a.* not devoted  
 Undigested, ün-dý-dzhést'-éd, *a.* not concocted [impaired]  
 Undiminished, ün-dý-mýn'-ýsht, *a.* not  
 Undirected, ün-dí-rék'-téd, *a.* not directed  
 Undiscerned, ün-dýs-érn'd, *a.* unseen  
 Undiscernible, ün-dýs-érn'-ýb'l, *a.* invisible  
 Undiscerning, ün-dýs-érn'-íng, *a.* silly  
 Undisciplined, ün-dís'-ýp-lýnd, *a.* instructed [not to be found out]  
 Undiscoverable, ün-dýs-köv'-ér-éb'l, *a.*  
 Undiscovered, ün-dýs-köv'-érd, *a.* not found out  
 Undisguised, ün-dýs-gýzd, *a.* open  
 Undisturbed, ün-dýs-túr'b-éd, *p.* not molested [loosen, to ruin]  
 Undo, ün-dó', *v. a.* to take to pieces, to  
 Undone, ün-dón, *a.* not yet begun, destroyed, ruined  
 Undress, ün' drēs, *s.* a negligent dress  
 —*v. a.* to strip off the clothes  
 Undulate, ün-dû-lâte, *v. a.* to roll as a wave [motion]  
 Undulation, ün-dû-lâ'-shûn, *s.* waving  
 Undutiful, ün-dû'-tý-fül, *a.* disobedient, irreverent  
 Uneasiness, ün-é'-zý-nēs, *s.* trouble  
 Uneasy, ün-é'-zý, *a.* painful, not at ease  
 Uneaten, ün-ét'n, *a.* not devoured  
 Unedifying, ün-éd'-ý-fý-íng, *a.* not improving in good life  
 Unelected, ün-ē-lèk'-téd, *a.* not chosen  
 Uneligible, ün-él'-ý-dzhýb'l, *a.* not worthy to be chosen  
 Unemployed, ün-ém-plöy'd, *a.* idle  
 Unendowed, ün-én-döwd', *a.* not invested [tained, not enjoyed]  
 Unenjoyed, ün-én-dzhöy'd, *a.* not ob-  
 Unentertaining, ün-én-tér-tân'-íng, *a.* giving no entertainment [envy]  
 Unenvied, ün-én'-výd, *a.* exempt from

Unequal, ün-ē-kwál, *a.* not even  
 Unequitable, ün-ék'-wý-téb'l, *a.* not just  
 Unequivocal, ün-ē-kwýv'-ō-kál, *a.* plain  
 Unerring, ün-ér-ríng, *a.* certain  
 Unessential, ün-és-sén'-shál, *a.* not essential [established]  
 Unestablished, ün-és-táb'-ýsht, *a.* not  
 Uneven, ün é'v'n, *a.* not level  
 Unevenness, ün-é'v n-nēs, *s.* face not level, inequality  
 Unexacted, ün-eks'ák'-téd, *a.* not forced  
 Unexamined, ün-eks-ám'-ýnd, *a.* not tried [out example]  
 Unexampled, ün-eks-ám'-p'ld, *a.* with-  
 Unexceptionable, ün-ék-sép'-shûn-éb'l, *a.* not liable to objection [formed]  
 Unexecuted, ün-ék-sé'-kû-téd, *a.* not per-  
 Unexercised, ün-ék'-sér-sízd, *a.* not practised [peculiar privilege]  
 Unexempt, ün-eks-émpt', *a.* not free by  
 Unexhausted, ün-eks-hás'-téd, *a.* not spent [spread out]  
 Unexpanded, ün-eks-pán'-déd, *a.* not  
 Unexpected, ün-ék-spék'-téd, *a.* sudden  
 Unexpedient, ün-eks-pé'-dyént, *a.* not fit [acquainted by practice]  
 Unexperienced, ün-eks-pé'-ryéñst, *a.* not  
 Unexpert, ün-eks-pért', *a.* awkward  
 Unexplored, ün-eks-plórd, *a.* not tried  
 Unexpressible, ün-eks-prés'-ýb'l, *a.* ineffable [no dimensions]  
 Unextended, ün-eks-tén'-déd, *a.* having  
 Unextinguishable, ün-ék-stýng'-gwýsh-éb'l, *a.* not to be put out  
 Unextinguished, ün-ék-stýng'-gwýsht, *a.* not put out  
 Unfaded, ün-fā-déd, *a.* not withered  
 Unfading, ün-fā'-díng, *a.* not liable to wither  
 Unfair, ün-fā're, *a.* disingenuous  
 Unfaithful, ün-fáth'-fúl, *a.* perfidious  
 Unfollowed, ün-fál'-lōde, *a.* not followed [modish]  
 Unfashionable, ün-fásh'-ün-éb'l, *a.* not  
 Unfasten, ün-fás'n, *v. a.* to loose  
 Unfathomable, ün-fáth'-óm-éb'l, *a.* not to be sounded by a line  
 Unfathomed, ün-fáth'-ómd, *a.* not sounded [unpropitious]  
 Unfavourable, ün-fā'-vór-éb'l, *a.* unkind,  
 Unfeared, ün-férd, *a.* not to be feared  
 Unfeasible, ün-fé'-zýb'l, *a.* impracticable  
 Unfeathered, ün-féth'-érd, *a.* naked of feathers [food]  
 Unfed, ün-féd', *a.* not supplied with  
 Unfeeling, ün-fél'-íng, *a.* insensible

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hêr—chîn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt.—

Unfeigned, ün-fă'u'd, *a.* sincere  
 Unfelt, ün-fêlt', *a.* not felt  
 Unfertile, ün-fêr'-tîl, *a.* not fruitful  
 Unfetter, ün-fêt'-êr, *v. a.* to unchain  
 Unfilled, ün-fîl'd, *a.* not filled  
 Unfilial, ün-fîl'-yâl, *a.* disobedient  
 Unfinished, ün-fîu' tsht, *a.* incomplete  
 Unfit, ün-fî't, *a.* improper  
 Unfix, ün-fîks', *v. a.* to loosen  
 Unfixed, ün-fîk'st, *a.* wandering  
 Unfledged, ün-fîedzh'd, *a.* that has not yet the full furniture of feathers  
 Unfoiled, ün-fôil'd, *a.* unsubdued  
 Unfold, ün-fôld, *v. a.* to expand  
 Unforbidden, ün-fôr-bîd'n, *a.* not prohibited  
 Unforced, ün-fôr'st, *a.* not compelled  
 Unforeboding, ün-fô're bô-dîng, *a.* giving no omens [before it happened]  
 Unforeseen, ün-fô're-sên', *a.* not known  
 Unforfeited, ün-fô'-rî't-êd, *a.* not forfeited [cable]  
 Unforgiving, ün-fôr-gîv'-îng, *a.* implacable  
 Unformed, ün-fôr'm'd, *a.* not modified  
 Unforsaken, ün-fôr-să'k'n, *a.* not deserted [tified]  
 Unfortified, ün-fôr'-tîfide, *a.* not fortified  
 Unfortunate, ün-fôr-tû-nê't, *a.* unlucky  
 Unfought, ün-fât', *a.* not fought  
 Unfound, ün-fôund', *a.* not found  
 Unframed, ün-frâm'd, *a.* not formed  
 Unfrequent, ün-frê-kwênt, *a.* uncommon [ly visited]  
 Unfrequented, ün-frê-kwênt'-êd, *a.* rare  
 Unfriended, ün-frênd'-êd, *a.* wanting friends  
 Unfriendly, ün-frênd-lî, *a.* not kind  
 Unfrozen, ün-frôz'n, *a.* not frozen  
 Unfrugal, ün-frû'-gâl, *a.* not careful  
 Unfruitful, ün-frût' fûl, *a.* not fertile  
 Unfurl, ün-fûrl', *v. a.* to expand  
 Unfurnish, ün-fûr'-nîsh, *v. a.* to strip  
 Unfurnished, ün-fûr'-nîsht, *a.* without furniture  
 Ungain, ün-gă'ne, or Ungainly, ün-gă'ne-lî, *a.* awkwardly  
 Ungartered, ün-găr'-têrd, *a.* without garters  
 Ungathered, ün-găth'-êrd, *a.* not picked  
 Ungenerous, ün-dzhên'-êr-ús, *a.* mean  
 Ungenial, ün-dzhê'-nyâl, *a.* not favourable to nature  
 Ungentle, ün-dzhên't'l, *a.* harsh, rude  
 Ungentleness, ün-dzhên't'l-nês, *s.* harshness, rudeness, incivility  
 Ungilded, ün-gîl'-dêd, *a.* not overlaid with gold

Ungird, ün-gîrd', *v. a.* to loose a girdle or girth  
 Ungirt, ün-gîrt', *a.* loosely dressed  
 Unglorified, ün-glô'-rî-fide, *a.* not honoured  
 Ungodliness, ün-gôd'-lî-nês, *s.* impiety  
 Ungodly, ün-gôd'-lî, *a.* wicked  
 Ungorged, ün-gôrdzh'd, *a.* not filled  
 Ungovernable, ün-gôv'-êrn-êb'l, *a.* not to be ruled [licentious]  
 Ungoverned, ün-gôv'-êrnd, *a.* unbridled  
 Ungraceful, ün-grăse-fûl, *a.* wanting elegance  
 Ungracious, ün-gră'-shûs, *a.* offensive  
 Ungrammatical, ün-grăm-măt-îk-âl, *a.* not according to grammar rules  
 Ungrateful, ün-gră't'-fûl, *a.* unthankful  
 Ungrounded, ün-grôun'-dêd, *a.* having no foundation  
 Unguarded, ün-găr'-dêd, *a.* careless  
 Unguent, ün'-gwênt, *s.* ointment  
 Unhandsome, ün-hăn'-sôm, *a.* ungraceful, illiberal  
 Unhandy, ün-hănd'-î, *a.* awkward  
 Unhappy, ün-hăp'-î, *a.* miserable  
 Unharmful, ün-hărm'd, *a.* unhurt  
 Unharmonious, ün-hăr-mô'-nyûs, *a.* unmusical, harsh  
 Unharness, ün-hăr'-nês, *v. a.* to untrace  
 Unhatched, ün-hăt'sht, *a.* not brought to light  
 Unhealthful, ün-hêlth-fûl, or Unhealthy, ün-hêlth'-î, *a.* sickly  
 Unheard, ün-hêrd', *a.* not heard  
 Unheeded, ün-hêd'-êd, *a.* disregarded  
 Unhewn, ün-hû'ne, *part. a.* not hewn  
 Unhinge, ün-hîndzh, *v. a.* to throw from the hinges, to confuse  
 Unholiness, ün-hô'-lî-nês, *s.* impiety  
 Unholy, ün-hô'-lî, *a.* profane  
 Unhonoured, ün-ôn'-ôrd, *a.* not treated with respect  
 Unhoop, ün-hôp', *v. a.* to divest of hoops  
 Unhopeful, ün-hô'pe-fûl, *a.* having no room to hope  
 Unhorse, ün-hôr'se, *v. a.* to throw from the saddle  
 Unhospitable, ün-hôs'-pî-têb'l, *a.* not kind to strangers  
 Unhouse, ün-hôûz'e, *v. a.* to drive out of the habitation  
 Unhoused, ün-hôûz'd, *a.* homeless  
 Unhumbled, ün-hûm'b'ld, *a.* haughty  
 Unhurt, ün-hûrt', *a.* not hurt  
 Unicorn, ün-nî-kôrn, *s.* a beast that has only one horn, a bird  
 Uniform, ün-nî-fôrm, *a.* similar to itself

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Uniformity, ū-nŷ-ōr'-mŷ-tŷ, *s.* conformity, resemblance of one to another
- Unimitable, ūn-ŷm'-ŷt-ēb'l, *a.* not to be imitated [ble to be impaired]
- Unimpairable, ūn-ŷm-pā'r-ēb'l, *a.* not liable
- Unimportant, ūn-ŷm-pōr'-tēnt, *a.* assuming no airs of dignity, of no importance [solicited]
- Unimportuned, ūn-ŷm-pōr-tū'nd, *a.* not importuned
- Unimproved, ūn-ŷm-prō'vd, *a.* not taught
- Uninflamed, ūn-ŷn-flā'md, *a.* not set on fire
- Uninformed, ūn-ŷn-fōrm'd, *a.* ignorant
- Uningenuous, ūn-ŷn-dzhēn'-ū-ūs, *a.* illiberal [fit to be inhabited]
- Uninhabitable, ūn-ŷn-hā'b'-ŷt-ēb'l, *a.* uninhabited
- Uninhabited, ūn-ŷn-hā'b'-ŷt-ēd, *a.* empty
- Uninjured, ūn-ŷn-dzhūrd, *a.* unhurt
- Uninspired, ūn-ŷn-spī'rd, *a.* not canonical [taught]
- Uninstructed, ūn-ŷn-strūkt'-ēd, *a.* not instructed
- Unintelligent, ūn-ŷn-tēl'-lŷ dzhēnt, *a.* not skilful [to be understood]
- Unintelligible, ūn-ŷn-tēl'-lŷ dzhŷb'l, *a.* not intelligible
- Unintentional, ūn-ŷn-tēn'-shūn-āl, *a.* not designed [having interest]
- Uninterested, ūn-ŷn-tēr-ēst-ēd, *a.* not interested
- Uninterrnitted, ūn-ŷn-tēr-mŷt'-ēd, *a.* continued [mingled]
- Unintermixed, ūn-ŷn-tēr-mŷk'st, *a.* not intermixed
- Uninterrupted, ūn-ŷn-tēr-rūp'-tēd, *a.* not broken
- Untrenched, ūn-ŷn-trēn'sht, *a.* not intrenched
- Uninvited, ūn-ŷn-vī-tēd, *a.* not asked
- Unjointed, ūn-dzhōŷn'-tēd, *a.* disjointed
- Union, ū'-nyōn, *s.* the act of joining
- Unison, ū'-nŷ-sōn, *a.* sounding alike—*s.* a string of the same sound
- Unit, ū'-nŷt, *s.* first, or one
- Unite, ū-nŷte, *v. a.* to join, to agree
- Unity, ū'-nŷt-ŷ, *s.* concord
- Unjudged, ūn-dzhūdzhd'd, *a.* not judicially determined
- Universal, ū-nŷ-vēr'-sāl, *a.* general
- Universality, ū-nŷ-vēr-sāl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* not particularity
- Universe, ū-nŷ-vērse, *s.* the general system of things
- University, ū-nŷ-vēr'-sŷ-tŷ, *s.* a general school for the liberal arts
- Univocal, ū-nŷ-vō-kāl, *a.* having one meaning, certain, regular, pursuing always one tenor
- Unjust, ūn-dzhūst, *a.* iniquitous
- Unjustifiable, ūn-dzhūst'-tŷ-fi-ēb'l, *a.* not to be justified
- Unkennel, ūn-kēn'-ŷl, *v. a.* to drive from a kennel
- Unkept, ūn-kēpt', *a.* not kept
- Unkind, ūn-kī'nd, *a.* not favourable
- Unknit, ūn-knŷt', *v. a.* to unweave
- Unknowing, ūn-knō'-ŷng, *a.* ignorant
- Unknown, ūn-knō'ne, *a.* not known
- Unlaboured, ūn-lā'-bōrd, *a.* voluntary
- Unlace, ūn-lā'se, *v. a.* to loose a thing laced up
- Unlade, ūn-lā'de, *v. a.* to unload
- Unlamented, ūn-lā-mēnt'-ēd, *a.* not deplored
- Unlatch, ūn-lātsht', *v. a.* to open a latch
- Unlawful, ūn-lā'-fūl, *a.* unjust
- Unlearned, ūn-lēr'-nēd, *a.* ignorant
- Unleavened, ūn-lēv'n'd, *a.* not fermented
- Unless, ūn lēs', *conj.* except
- Unlettered, ūn lēt'-ērd, *a.* unlearned
- Unlevelled, ūn-lēv'-ēld, *a.* not cut even
- Unlicenced, ūn-lī'sēnst, *a.* having no regular permission
- Unlicked, ūn-līkt', *a.* shapeless
- Unlike, ūn-like, *a.* dissimilar
- Unlikelihood, ūn-lī'ke-lŷ-hūd, *s.* improbability
- Unlikely, ūn-lī'ke-lŷ, *a.* improbable
- Unlimited, ūn-lŷm'-ŷt-ēd, *a.* having no bounds
- Unlink, ūn-lŷnk', *v. a.* to untwist
- Unload, ūn-lō'de, *v. a.* to disburden
- Unlock, ūn-lōk', *v. a.* to open what is shut with a lock, to solve [ed]
- Unlooked-for, ūn-lōkt'-fōr, *a.* unexpected
- Unloose, ūn-lō'se, *v. a.* to loose
- Unlovely, ūn-lūv'-lŷ, *a.* that cannot excite love
- Unlucky, ūn-lūk'ŷ, *a.* unfortunate
- Unmade, ūn-mā'de, *a.* not created
- Unmaimed, ūn-mā'md, *a.* complete
- Unmake, ūn-mā'ke, *v. a.* to deprive of qualities
- Unman, ūn-mān', *v. a.* to deject
- Unmanageable, ūn-mān'-ŷ-dzhēb'l, *a.* not manageable [a man]
- Unmanly, ūn-mān'-lŷ, *a.* unbecoming
- Unmannered, ūn-mān'-ērd, *a.* rude
- Unmannerly, ūn-mān'-ēr-lŷ, *a.* ill-bred
- Unmanured, ūn-mā-nū'rd, *a.* not cultivated
- Unmarked, ūn-mār'kt, *a.* not regarded
- Unmarried, ūn-mār'-ŷd, *a.* single
- Unmask, ūn-māsk', *v. a.* to strip off any disguise
- Unmasked, ūn-māsk't, *a.* naked
- Unmastered, ūn-mās'-tērd, *a.* not subdued



*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, fīeld, shīrt—

Unmatched, ūn-mătsh't, *a.* matchless  
 Unmeaning, ūn-roên'ŷng, *a.* expressing no meaning [bounded  
 Unmeasurable, ūn-mězh'ŷr-éb'l, *a.* un-  
 Unmeasured, ūn-mězh'ŷrd, *a.* immense  
 Unmeet, ūn-mêt', *a.* not proper  
 Unmelted, ūn-mělt'éd, *a.* not melted  
 Unmerciful, ūn-mér'sī-fŷl, *a.* cruel  
 Unmerited, ūn-mér'ŷt-éd, *a.* not de-  
 served [no merit  
 Unmeritable, ūn-mér'ŷt-éb'l, *a.* having  
 Unminded, ūn-mī'nd-éd, *a.* not heeded  
 Unmindful, ūn-mī'nd-fŷl, *a.* negligent  
 Unmingled, ūn-mŷng'ld, *a.* pure  
 Unmixed, ūn-mŷk'st, *a.* pure, entire  
 Unmoaned, ūn-mō'nd, *a.* not lamented  
 Unmolested, ūn-mō-lěst'éd, *a.* free from  
 disturbance [anchor  
 Unmoor, ūn-mōr', *v. a.* to heave up an  
 Unmortgaged, ūn-mōr'-gědzhd, *a.* not  
 mortgaged  
 Unmoveable, ūn-mōv'-éb'l, *a.* fixed  
 Unmoved, ūn-mō'vd, *a.* not affected  
 Unmourned, ūn-mō'rnd, *a.* not la-  
 mented [covering from the face  
 Unmuffle, ūn-mŷf'l, *v. a.* to put off a  
 Unmusical, ūn-mŷ-zī-kāl, *a.* harsh, not  
 harmonious, not pleasing by sound  
 Unmuzzle, ūn-mŷz'l, *v. a.* to loose from  
 a muzzle  
 Unnamed, ūn-nā'md, *a.* not mentioned  
 Unnatural, ūn-năt' ū-rāl, *a.* forced  
 Unnavigable, ūn-năv'-ŷ-géb'l, *a.* not to  
 be navigated [less  
 Unnecessary, ūn-něs'ēs-să-rŷ, *a.* need-  
 Uneighbourly, ūn-nă-bór-lŷ, *a.* not kind  
 Unnervate, ūn-něr'-văt, *a.* weak  
 Unnerve, ūn-něrv', *v. a.* to weaken  
 Unnumbered, ūn-nŷm'-bėrd, *a.* innu-  
 merable  
 Unobeyed, ūn-ō bă'de, *a.* not obeyed  
 Unobservable, ūn-ōb zěr'-vėb'l, *a.* not  
 to be observed [tentive  
 Unobservant, ūn-ōb-zěr'-vėnt, *a.* inat-  
 Unobserved, ūn-ōb-zěr'vd, *a.* not re-  
 garded, not attended to  
 Unobserving, ūn-ōb-zěr'v'ŷng, *a.* inat-  
 tentive, not heedful [hindered  
 Unobstructed, ūn-ōb-strŷk'-tėd, *a.* not  
 Unobtained, ūn-ōb-tă'nd, *a.* not gained  
 Unoccupied, ūn-ōk'-kă-pī'de, *a.* unpos-  
 sessed  
 Unoffending, ūn-ōf-fėnd'ŷng, *a.* harm-  
 less  
 Unoperative, ūn-ōp'-ér-ă-tŷv, *a.* produc-  
 ing no effects  
 Unopposed, ūn-ōp-pō'zd, *a.* not opposed

Unorganized, ūn-ōr'-găn-izd, *a.* having  
 no part, instrumental to the nourish-  
 ment of the rest  
 Unorthodox, ūn-ōr'-thō dōks, *a.* not  
 holding pure doctrine  
 Unpack, ūn-păk', *v. a.* to disburden  
 Unpacked, ūn-păkt, *a.* not packed  
 Unpaid, ūn-pă'de, *a.* not discharged  
 Unpainful, ūn-pă'ne-fŷl, *a.* giving no  
 pain  
 Unpalatable, ūn-păl'-ă-tėb'l, *a.* nauseous  
 Unparagoned, ūn-păr'-ă-gōnd, *a.* un-  
 equalled [no equal  
 Unparalleled, ūn-păr'-ăl-lėld, *a.* having  
 Unpardonable, ūn-păr'd'n-ėb'l, *a.* i re-  
 missible [given, not discharged  
 Unpardoned, ūn-păr'd'nd, *a.* not for-  
 Unparliamentary, ūn-păr-lŷ-mėnt'-ă-rŷ,  
*a.* contrary to the rules of parliament  
 Unpassable, ūn-păs'-ėb'l, *a.* admitting no  
 passage [some  
 Unpeaceable, ūn-pė-sėb'l, *a.* quarrel-  
 Unpeg, ūn-pėg', *v. a.* to pull or let out  
 a peg [a pension  
 Unpensioned, ūn-pėn'-shŷnd, *a.* without  
 Unpeople, ūn-pėp'l, *v. a.* to depopulate  
 Unperceived, ūn-pėr-sėv'd, *a.* not ob-  
 served [perjury  
 Unperjured, ūn-pėr'-dzhd, *a.* free from  
 Unperplexed, ūn-pėr-plėkst', *a.* easy  
 Unpetrified, ūn-pėt'-rī-fide, *a.* not turn-  
 ed to stone  
 Unphilosophical, ūn-fŷl-ō sŷf'-ŷ-kāl, *a.*  
 unsuitable to the rules of philosophy  
 or right reason  
 Unpierced, ūn-pėrst, *a.* not pierced  
 Unpillowed, ūn-pŷl-lōde, *a.* wanting a  
 pillow [pinned  
 Unpin, ūn-pŷn', *v. a.* to open what is  
 Unpinked, ūn-pŷnk't, *a.* not pinked  
 Unpitied, ūn-pŷt'ŷd, *a.* not pitied  
 Unpitying, ūn-pŷt'-ŷŷng, *a.* having no  
 compassion  
 Unpleasant, ūn-plėz'-ėnt, *a.* uneasy  
 Unpleased, ūn-plėzd, *a.* not pleased  
 Unpleasing, ūn-plėz'ŷng, *a.* offensive  
 Unpliant, ūn-plŷ-ėnt, *a.* not easily bent  
 Unpoetical, ūn-pō-ėt'-ŷ-kāl, *a.* not such  
 as becomes a poet  
 Unpolished, ūn-pŷl'-ŷst, *a.* uncivilized  
 Unpolite, ūn-pŷlŷte, *a.* not civil  
 Unpolluted, ūn-pŷl-lŷ-tėd, *a.* not cor-  
 rupted, not defiled  
 Unpopular, ūn-pŷp'-ŷ-lăr, *a.* not fitted  
 to please the people  
 Unpractised, ūn-prăk'-tŷst, *a.* not skilful  
 by use

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Unpraised, ūn-prā'z'd, *a.* not praised  
 Unprecedented, ūn-prēs'-ē dēn-tēd, *a.*  
 not justifiable by any example  
 Unprejudiced, ūn-prēdzh' ū-dŷt, *a.* free  
 from prejudice  
 Unprelatical, ūn-prē-lāt'-ŷ-kāl, *a.* un-  
 suitable to a prelate  
 Unpremeditated, ūn-prē-mēd'-ŷ-tā-tēd, *a.*  
 not studied beforehand  
 Unprepared, ūn-prē-pār'd, *a.* not fitted  
 by previous measures [a prince  
 Unprincipely, ūn-prŷn's-ŷ, *a.* unsuitable to  
 Unprincipled, ūn-prŷn'-sŷpl'd, *a.* not in-  
 structed, having no principle  
 Unprinted, ūn-print'-ēd, *a.* not printed  
 Unprofaned, ūn-prō-fān'd, *a.* not vio-  
 lated  
 Unprofitable, ūn-prōf'-ŷ-tēb'l, *a.* useless  
 Unrolific, ūn-prō-lŷf'-ŷk, *a.* barren  
 Unpromising, ūn-prōm'-ŷz-ŷng, *a.* giving  
 no promise of excellence or success  
 Unpromitious, ūn-prō-pŷsh'-ūs, *a.* not fa-  
 vourable  
 Unproportioned, ūn-prō-pōr'-shūnd, *a.*  
 not suited to something else  
 Unproped, ūn-prōpt', *a.* not supported  
 Unpropitious, ūn-prōs' pēr-ūs, *a.* unfor-  
 tunate [protected  
 Unprotected, ūn-prō-tēk'-tēd, *a.* not  
 Unprovided, ūn-prō-vī-dēd, *a.* not se-  
 cured [voked  
 Unprovoked, ūn-prō-vō'kt, *a.* not pro-  
 Unpublished, ūn-pūb'-lŷst, *a.* secret  
 Unpunished, ūn-pūn'-ŷst, *a.* not pun-  
 ished [ed from sin  
 Unpurified, ūn-pū-rŷfide, *a.* not cleans-  
 Unpursued, ūn-pūr-sūde, *a.* not pur-  
 sued  
 Unqualified, ūn-kwāl'-ŷfide, *a.* not fit  
 Unqualify, ūn-kwāl'-ŷfŷ, *v. a.* to divest  
 of qualification [extinguishable  
 Unquenchable, ūn-kwēnsh'-ēb'l, *a.* un-  
 Unquenched, ūn-kwēn'sht, *a.* not extin-  
 guished [not to be doubted  
 Unquestionable, ūn-kwēsh'-tūn-ēb'l, *a.*  
 Unquestioned, ūn-kwēsh'-tūnd, *a.* not  
 doubted  
 Unquiet, ūn-kwī'-ēt, *a.* undisturbed  
 Unracked, ūn-rākt', *a.* not poured from  
 the lees [together  
 Unraked, ūn-rākt, *a.* not thrown to-  
 Unransacked, ūn-rān'-sākt, *a.* not pil-  
 laged  
 Unravel, ūn-rāv'l, *v. a.* to clear  
 Unrazored, ūn-rā-zōr'd, *a.* unshaven  
 Unreached, ūn-rētsht, *a.* not attained  
 Unread, ūn-rēd', *a.* not read, untaught

Unready, ūn-rēd'-ŷ, *a.* awkward  
 Unreal, ūn-rē'l, *a.* unsubstantial [tant  
 Unreasonable, ūn-rēz'n-ēb'l, *a.* exorbi-  
 Unrebated, ūn-rē-bā'-tēd, *a.* not blunted  
 Unrebukeable, ūn-rē-bū'-kēb'l, *a.* ob-  
 noxious to no censure  
 Unreceived, ūn-rē-sē'vd, *a.* not received  
 Unreclaimed, ūn-rē-klā'md, *a.* not re-  
 formed [conciled  
 Unreconciled, ūn-rēk'-ōn-sild, *a.* not re-  
 Unrecorded, ūn-rē-kōr'-dēd, *a.* not re-  
 corded or registered [told  
 Unrecounted, ūn-rē-kōunt'ēd, *a.* not  
 Unrecruitable, ūn-rē-krūt'-ēb'l, *a.* not  
 to be recruited  
 Unreduced, ūn-rē-dū'st, *a.* not reduced  
 Unrefracted, ūn-rē-frāk'-tēd, *a.* not re-  
 fracted  
 Unrefreshed, ūn-rē-frēsh't, *a.* not cheered  
 Unregarded, ūn-rē-gār'-dēd, *a.* not  
 heeded [regenerate, wicked  
 Unregenerate, ūn-rē-dzhēn' ēr-āte, *a.* not  
 Unreined, ūn-rā'nd, *a.* not restrained  
 by the bridle  
 Unrelenting, ūn-rē-lēnt'-ŷng, *a.* hard,  
 cruel, feeling no pity [coured  
 Unrelieved, ūn-rē-lēv'd, *a.* not suc-  
 Unremediable, ūn-rē-mē-dyēb'l, *a.* ad-  
 mitting no remedy [pented of  
 Unrepented, ūn-rē-pēnt'-ēd, *a.* not re-  
 Unrepenting, ūn-rē-pēnt'-ŷng, *a.* not pe-  
 nitent [filled  
 Unreplenished, ūn-rē-plēn'-ŷst, *a.* not  
 Unreproached, ūn-rē-prō'tsht, *a.* not  
 censured [sured  
 Unreproved, ūn-rē-prō'vd, *a.* not cen-  
 Unrequested, ūn-rē-kwēst'-ēd, *a.* not  
 asked [he retaliated  
 Unrequitable, ūn-rē-kwī'-tēb'l, *a.* not to  
 Unresented, ūn-rē-zēnt'-ēd, *a.* not re-  
 garded with anger  
 Unreserved, ūn-rē-zēr'vd, *a.* open  
 Unresisted, ūn-rē-zŷs'-tēd, *a.* resistless,  
 not opposed [posing  
 Unresisting, ūn-rē-zŷs'-tŷng, *a.* not op-  
 Unresolved, ūn-rē-zōlv'd, *a.* not solved,  
 not determined [tentive  
 Unrespective, ūn-rē-spēk'-tŷv, *a.* inat-  
 Unrestored, ūn-rē-stō'rd, *a.* not restored  
 Unrestrained, ūn-rē-strā'nd, *a.* not con-  
 fined, loose  
 Unrevealed, ūn-rē-vē'l'd, *a.* not told  
 Unrevenged, ūn-rē-vēndzh'd, *a.* not re-  
 venged  
 Unreverend, ūn-rēv-ēr-ēnd, *a.* irrever-  
 ent  
 Unreversed, ūn-rē-vēr'st', *a.* not revoke:

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chine, ffield, shirt—

Unrevoked, ūn rē-vōk't, *a.* not recalled  
 Unrewarded, ūn-rē-wārd'ēd, *a.* unpaid  
 Unriddle, ūn-rīd'l, *v. a.* to solve an  
 enigma [tackle  
 Unrig, ūn-rīg', *v. a.* to strip off the  
 Unrighteous, ūn-rī't-yās, *a.* unjust  
 Unrightful, ūn rī'te-fūl, *a.* not just  
 Unrip, ūn rīp', *v. a.* to cut open  
 Unripe, ūn-rī'pe, *a.* too early  
 Unrivalled, ūn-rī-vāl'd, *a.* having no  
 rival or equal [from a river  
 Unrivet, ūn-rīv'ēt, *v. a.* to disengage  
 Unrol, ūn-rō'le, *v. a.* to open what is  
 rolled or convolved  
 Unroof, ūn-rōf', *v. a.* to uncover a house  
 Unroot, ūn-rōt', *v. a.* to tear from the  
 roots  
 Unrounded, ūn-rōūnd'ēd, *a.* uneven  
 Unruffle, ūn-rūf'l, *v. a.* to cease from  
 commotion  
 Unruly, ūn-rū'ly, *a.* turbulent  
 Unsaddle, ūn-sād'l, *v. a.* to free from the  
 saddle  
 Unsafe, ūn-sā'fe, *a.* not secure  
 Unsaid, ūn-sēd', *a.* not uttered  
 Unsaleable, ūn-sāl'ēb'l, *a.* not fit for sale  
 Unsalted, ūn sāl't'ēd, *a.* not pickled  
 Unsanctified, ūn-sānk'fī-fīde, *a.* unholy  
 Unsatiabale, ūn-sā-shēb'l, *a.* not to be  
 satisfied [giving satisfaction  
 Unsatisfactory, ūn-sāt'is-fāk'tōr-y, *a.* not  
 Unsatisfied, ūn-sāt'is-fīde, *a.* not con-  
 tented, not filled  
 Unsavoury, ūn-sā'vōr-y, *a.* tasteless  
 Unsay, ūn-sā', *v. a.* to retract  
 Unscholastic, ūn-skō-lās'tīk, *a.* not bred  
 to literature  
 Unschooled, ūn-skō'ld, *a.* uneducated  
 Unscientific, ūn-sī-ēn'tīf'īk, *a.* not ac-  
 cording to rules of science [by fire  
 Unscorched, ūn-skōrtsht, *a.* not touched  
 Unscreened, ūn-skrē'nd, *a.* not pro-  
 tected  
 Unscrew, ūn-skī'ū, *v. a.* to loosen what  
 was fastened by a screw  
 Unscriptural, ūn skrip'-tūr-āl, *a.* not  
 agreeable to scripture [sealed  
 Unseal, ūn sē'le, *v. a.* to open any thing  
 Unsealed, ūn-sē'ld, *a.* wanting a seal  
 Unseam, ūn-sē'me, *v. a.* to rip  
 Unsearchable, ūn-sēr'tsh ēb'l, *a.* what  
 cannot be found out  
 Unseasonable, ūn-sē'z'n-ēb'l, *a.* unfit, un-  
 timely, ill-timed  
 Unseasoned, ūn-sē'zn'd, *a.* ill-timed  
 Unseconded, ūn-sēk'ōnd-ēd, *a.* not sup-  
 ported

Unsecure, ūn-se-kū're, *a.* not safe  
 Unseemly, ūn-ēm'ly, *a.* indecent  
 Unseen, ūn sēn' *a.* not seen, invisible  
 Unserviceable, ūn-sēr'vīs-ēb'l, *a.* of no  
 advantage [gain  
 Unsettle, ūn-sēr'l, *v. a.* to make uncer-  
 Unsettled, ūn-sēr'ld, *a.* not steady  
 Unsevered, ūn-sēv'ērd, *a.* not parted  
 Unsew, ūn-sōw, *v. a.* to undo what has  
 been sewed [bonds  
 Unshackle, ūn shāk'l, *v. a.* to loose from  
 Unshaken, ūn-shāk'n, *a.* not moved  
 Unshapen, ūn-shā'p'n, *a.* deformed  
 Unsheath, ūn-shē'th, *v. a.* to draw from  
 the scabbard [protection  
 Unsheltered, ūn-shēl'tēr'd, *a.* wanting  
 Unship, ūn-shīp', *v. a.* to take out of a  
 ship  
 Unshocked, ūn-shōkt', *a.* not disgusted  
 Unshod, ūn-shōd', *a.* having no shoes  
 Unshorn, ūn shōrn, *a.* not clipped  
 Unshowered, ūn-shōw'erd, *a.* not wa-  
 tered by showers  
 Unsifted, ūn sīf't'ēd, *a.* not tried  
 Unsigniliness, ūn-sīte-lī-nēs, *s.* deform-  
 ity, disagreeableness to the eye  
 Unsignightly, ūn-sīte-ly, *a.* disagreeable  
 to the sight [strength  
 Unsinew, ūn-sīn'ū, *v. a.* to deprive of  
 Unsinning, ūn-sīn'īng, *a.* impeccable  
 Unskillful, ūn-skīl'-fūl, *a.* wanting art  
 Unskilled, ūn skīl'd, *a.* wanting skill  
 Unskillfulness, ūn-skīl' fūl-nēs, *s.* want  
 of art  
 Unslacked, ūn-slāk't, *a.* not quenched  
 Unsociable, ūn-sō'shēb'l, *a.* not kind  
 Unsoiled, ūn-ōī'ld, *a.* not polluted  
 Unsold, ūn-sōld, *a.* not sold  
 Unsoldierlike, ūn-sōl'-dzhēr-like, *a.* un-  
 becoming a soldier  
 Unsophisticated, ūn-sō-fīs'tī-kā-ēd, *a.*  
 not adulterated  
 Unsorted, ūn-sōrt'ēd, *a.* not disturbed  
 by proper separation  
 Unought, ūn.sāt, *a.* not searched  
 Unsound, ūn-sōū'nd, *a.* not sound  
 Unsoured, ūn-sōūr'd, *a.* not made sour  
 Unown, ūn-sō'ne, *a.* not sown  
 Unspeakeable, ūn spēk'ēb'l, *a.* not to be  
 expressed  
 Unsped, ūn-sēd', *a.* not dispatched  
 Unspent, ūn-spēnt', *a.* not wasted  
 Unspilt, ūn-spīlt', *a.* not shed  
 Unspoiled, ūn-spōī'd, *a.* not plundered  
 Unspotted, ūn-spōt'ēd, *a.* not marked  
 with any stain, immaculate  
 Unstable, ūn-stāb'l, *a.* not fixed





*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shīrt—

Unweary, ūn-wē-rŷ, *v. a.* to refresh after weariness [by the balance

Unweighed, ūn-wēy'de, *a.* not examined

Unwelcome, ūn-wēl'-kóm, *a.* not pleasing

Unwept, ūn-wēpt', *a.* not lamented

Unwhipt, ūn hwīpt', *a.* not punished

Unwholesome, ūn-hō'le-sóm, *a.* not salubrious

Unweildy, ūn-wīl'-dŷ, *a.* bulky

Unwilling, ūn-wīl'-ŷng, *a.* loath

Unwind, ūn wīnd, *v. a.* to untwist

Unwise, ūn-wīze, *a.* weak, defective in wisdom [derstanding

Unwit, ūn-wīt', *v. a.* to deprive of un-

Unwittingly, ūn-wīt'-ŷng-lŷ, *ad.* without knowledge

Unwonted, ūn-wónt'-ēd, *a.* rare

Unworthy, ūn-wór'-thŷ, *a.* not deserving, mean, vile

Unwreath, ūn-ré'the, *v. a.* to untwine

Unwritten, ūn-rīt'n, *a.* not written

Unwrought, ūn rá't, *a.* not laboured, not manufactured

Unwrung, ūn-rűng', *a.* not pinched

Unyielded, ūn-yēld'-ēd, *a.* not given up

Unyoke, ūn-yō'ke, *v. a.* to loose from the yoke

Vocabulary, vō-kăb'-ŭ-lăr-ŷ, *s.* a dictionary, a lexicon, a word book [voice

Vocal, vō'-kăl, *a.* of or belonging to the

Vocality, vō-kăl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* power of utterance [employment

Vocation, vō-kă'-shűn, *s.* a summons,

Vocative, vōk'-ă-tīv, *s.* a grammatical case used in calling or speaking to

Vociferation, vō-síf-ér-ă-shűn, *s.* clamour, outcry [noisy

Vociferous, vō-síf-ér-ús, *a.* clamorous,

Vogue, vō'ge, *s.* fashion, mode

Voice, vō's, *s.* sound from the mouth, a vote, opinion

Void, vō'd, *a.* empty, vain, null, unoccupied—*s.* empty space—*v.* to evacuate, to emit, to annul [tive

Volant, vō-lěnt, *a.* flying, nimble, ac-

Volatile, vōl'-ă-tīl, *a.* flying, evaporating, lively, fickle

Volatility, vōl'-ă-tīl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* a flying off by evaporation, mutability of mind

Volcano, vōl-kă'-nō, *s.* a burning mountain

Vole, vō'le, *s.* a deal of cards that draws all the tricks to one party

Volitation, vōl'-ŷ-tă'-shűn, *s.* the act or power of flying

Volition, vō-līsh'-ón, *s.* the act of willing, power of choice exerted

Volley, vōl'-lŷ, *s.* a flight of shot, burst—*v. n.* to throw out

Volubility, vōl'-ŭ bŷl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* fluency of speech, mutability [words

Volubic, vōl'-ŭb'l, *a.* active, fluent

Volume, vōl'-ŭm, *s.* a book, any compact matter

Voluminous, vō-lŭ mŷn-ús, *a.* consisting of many volumes, copious

Voluntary, vōl'-ŭn tár-ŷ, *a.* acting by choice, willing

Vounteer, vōl'-ŭn té're, *s.* a soldier from his own accord—*v. n.* to go for a soldier [to pleasure and luxury

Voluptuary, vō-lŭp'-tŭ ár-ŷ, *s.* one given

Voluptuous, vō-lŭp'-tŭ-ús, *a.* given to pleasure, luxurious extravagant

Vomit, vōm'-ŷt, *v.* to throw up from the stomach—*s.* an emetic medicine

Voracious, vō rá'-shŭs, *a.* greedy to eat, ravenous [or ravenous

Voracity, vō-ră's'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* a being greedy

Vortex, vō'r-těks, *s.* any thing whirled round [ing motion

Vortical, vō'r-tĭk-ăl, *a.* having a whirl-

Votaress, vō-tăr-ēs, *s.* a female devoted to any worship or state

Votary, vō'-tăr-ŷ, *s.* one devoted to any service or worship, or state of life

Vote, vō'te, *s.* suffrage—*v. a.* to choose or give by vote [vowed

Votive, vō'-tīv, *a.* giving or done by vote,

Vouch, vōŭ'tsh, *v.* to attest, to bear witness—*s.* a warrant, attestation

Vouchsafe, vōŭtsh-să'fe, *v. a.* to condescend, to grant

Vow, vōw', *s.* a solemn and religious promise—*v.* to consecrate, to make a vow [uttered by itself

Vowel, vōw'-ēl, *s.* a letter which can be

Voyage, vōŷ'-ēdz, *s.* travel by sea—*v.* to travel by sea, to pass over

Up, ūp', *ad.* aloft, out of bed, above—*prep.* from a lower to a higher part

Upbraid, ūp-bră'd, *v. n.* to chide

Upheld, ūp-hēld', *part.* maintained

Uphill, ūp-hīl, *a.* difficult

Uphold, ūp-hōld, *v. a.* to support

Upholder, ūp-hōld'-ér, *s.* a supporter, an undertaker

Upholsterer, ūp hō'ls-tér-ér, *s.* one who furnishes houses

Upland, ūp-lănd, *s.* higher ground

Uplay, ūp-lă', *v. a.* to hoard

Uplift, ūp-lĭft', *v. a.* to raise aloft

Upmost, ūp'-mōst, *v.* highest, topmost

Upon, ūp-ŭn', *prep.* not under

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, nûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Upper, úp-pér, *a.* superior in place  
Uppermost, úp-pér-most, *a.* highest in place

Upraise, úp-râ'ze, *v. a.* to exalt

Upright, úp-rî'te, *a.* straight up

Uprise, úp-rî'ze, *v. a.* to rise from a seat

Uproar, úp-rô're, *s.* tumult, bustle

Upshot, úp-shôt, *s.* conclusion, end

Upstart, úp-stârt, *s.* one suddenly raised to wealth, power, &c.

Upward, úp-wârd, *a.* directed higher

Urbanity, úr-bân'-ýt-ý, *s.* civility, politeness, elegance

Urchin, úr'-tshîn, *s.* a hedge-hog, a child

Urethra, ú-ré'-thrá, *s.* a passage of the urine from the bladder [to press

Urge, úrdzh', *v. a.* to incite, to provoke,

Urgent, úr'-dzhënt, *a.* pressing, earnest, importunate [for inspection

Urinal, ú'-rîn-ál, *s.* a bottle to keep urine

Urinary, ú'-rîn-ár-ý, *a.* relating to the urine

Urine, ú'-rîn, *s.* animal water

Urn, úrn', *s.* a vessel used for the ashes of the dead [of urine

Uroscopy, ú-rôs'-kô pý, *s.* an inspection

Us, ús', *oblique case of We*

Usage, ú'-zédzh, *s.* treatment, custom, practice [ney

Usance, ú'-sěns, *s.* use, interest of money

Use, ú'se, *s.* advantage, habit, custom—*v.* to enjoy, to treat, to practise, to behave, to be accustomed

Usher, úsh'-ér, *s.* one who introduces strangers, an under teacher—*v. a.* to introduce, to bring in

Usquebaugh, ús-kwē-bâ', *s.* a sort of compounded spirit [burned

Ustion, úsh'-tûn, *s.* a burning or being

Usual, ú-zhû-ál, *a.* common, frequent, customary [greedy of profit

Usurious, ú-zû-ryús, *a.* given to usury,

Usurp, ú-sûrp', *v. a.* to seize or possess without right

Usurpation, ú-sûr-pâ'-shûn, *s.* forcible and unjust possession

Usury, ú'-zhúr'-ý, *s.* money paid for the use of money [tool

Utensil, ú-těn-síl, *s.* an instrument, a

Uterine, ú'-tér-ine, *a.* belonging to the womb

Uterus, ú' tér-ús, *s.* the womb

Utility, ú-tíl'-ýt-ý, *s.* advantage, profit, convenience [highest degree

Utmost, út'-māst, *a.* extreme, in the

Utopian, ú-tô'-pyān, *a.* chimerical, imaginary

Utter, út'-tér, *a.* remote from the centre, extreme, complete—*v. a.* to speak, to pronounce, to publish, to sell

Vulgar, vül'-gár, *a.* common, mean, low, ordinary—*s.* the common people

Vulgarism, vül'-gá-rýzm, or Vulgarly, vül'-gár'-ýt-ý, *s.* state of the lowest people, meanness, instance of meanness

Vulgate, vül'-gět, *s.* a Latin version of the Old and New Testament authorised by the church of Rome

Vuinerary, vül'-nér-ár-ý, *a.* useful in curing wounds

Vulpine, vül'-pine, *a.* belonging to a fox, crafty

Vulture, vül'-tûre, *s.* a bird of prey

Uxorious, úks-ô-ryús, *a.* submissively fond of a wife, infected with concubial dotage

## W

WABBLE, wábl, *v. n.* to shake, to move from side to side

Wad, wád', *s.* paper or tow to stop a gun charge, a bundle, black lead

Wadding, wád'-íng, *s.* a coarse woollen stuff, what is rammed into a gun

Waddle, wád'l, *v. n.* to walk like a duck

Wade, wá'de, *v. n.* to walk through water, &c.

Wafer, wá'-fér, *s.* thin dried paste to close letters, &c.

Waft, wá'ft, *v.* to carry through the air or on the water, to beckon, to float

Waftage, wá'f-tédzh, *s.* carriage by water or air [floating

Wafture, wá'f-tûre, *s.* act of waving or

Wag, wăg', *v.* to move or shake lightly—*s.* a merry droll fellow

Wage, wă'dzh, *v. a.* to engage in

Wager, wă'-dzhér, *v.* bet, pledge upon chance—*v. a.* to lay, to pledge as a bet

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dësist, mê, hér—chîn, chîne, field, shîrt—

Wages, wă'-dzhêz, *s.* pay given for service [wantonness]

Waggery, wăg' gér-ý, *s.* merry pranks, Waggish, wăg'-ish, *a.* merrily mischievous, frolicsome

Waggle, wăg'l, *v. n.* to waddle, to move from side to side [burdens]

Waggon, wăg'-ôn, *s.* a heavy carriage for Waggoner, wăg'-gón-ér, *s.* one who drives a waggon

Wagtail, wăg'-tăle, *s.* a small bird

Waif, wă'te, *s.* goods found and not claimed [moan]

Wail, wă'le, *v.* to lament, to grieve, to Wailing, wăle-îng, *s.* lamentation, audible sorrow

Wain, wă'ne, *s.* a sort of cart or waggon

Wainscot, wăn'-skôt, *s.* a wooden covering of a wall, oak

Waist, wă'ste, *s.* part of the body below the ribs, middle of the upper deck of a ship [to attend]

Wait, wă'te, *v.* to expect, to stay for,

Waiter, wă-tér, *s.* an attendant, a salver

Waites, wă'ts, *s.* nightly music, musicians who play about the streets by night

Wake wă'ke, *v.* to watch, to be roused from sleep, to stir up—*s.* watch, nightly merriment

Waken, wă'k'n, *v.* to wake

Wale, wă'le, *s.* a rising part in cloth, thick planks that surround the sides of a ship

Walk, wă'k, *v.* to go on foot, to move by leisure steps, to appear as a spectre—*s.* act of walking, path to walk in, gait

Wall, wă'l, *s.* side of a building—*v. a.* to enclose with or defend by walls

Wallet, wă'l-ê't, *s.* a traveller's bag

Walleyed, wă'l-îde, *a.* having white eyes Wallflower, wă'l-flôw-ér, *s.* a species of stock gillyflower

Wallfruit, wă'l-frût, *s.* fruit ripened against a wall

Wallop, wă'l-óp, *v. n.* to boil

Wallow, wă'l-lô, *v. n.* to roll in mire or live in filth

Walnut, wă'l-nût, *s.* a tree or its fruit

Wamble, wămb'l, *v. n.* to roll with sickness

Wan, wăn', *a.* languid of look

Wand, wă'nd, *s.* a small stick or staff

Wander, wăn'-dér, *v.* to rove, to go astray

Wandering, wăn'-dér-îng, *s.* uncertain peregrination, mistaken way

Wane, wă'ne, *v. n.* to diminish, to decrease—*s.* decrease of the moon

Want, wănt', *v. a.* to be without not to contain, to fail—*s.* need, deficiency, poverty

Wanton, wăn'-tôn, *a.* licentious, sportive, loose—*s.* a lascivious person, a strumpet—*v. n.* to play lasciviously, to revel

Wapentake, wăp'-ên-tăke, *s.* a division of a county

War, wă'r, *s.* state of hostility, profession of arms, forces—*v. n.* to make war [to sing]

Warble, wă'rb'l, *v.* to quaver a sound,

Ward, wă'rd, *v. n.* to keep guard, to act on the defensive—*v. a.* to protect, to watch, to guard—*s.* watch, guard, strong hold, custody, one under a guardian, guardianship, &c.

Warden, wă'rd'n, *s.* a guardian, a head officer

Wardmote, wă'rd-môte, *s.* a court held in each ward [clothes are kept]

Wardrobe, wă'rd-rôbe, *s.* a room where

Ware, wă're, *s.* goods, merchandize

Warfare, wă'rfăre, *s.* military service

Warlike, wă'r-like, *a.* fit for war, martial

Warm, wă'rm, *a.* a little hot, zealous, furious—*v.* to heat gently, to grow less cold [for warming a bed]

Warmingpan, wă'r-mîng pân, *s.* a pan

Warmth, wă'rmth, *s.* gentle heat, zeal, enthusiasm

Warn, wă'rn, *v. a.* to caution, to give previous notice, to admonish

Warning, wă'r-nîng, *s.* caution, previous notice

Warp, wă'rp, *s.* the thread that crosses the woof—*v.* to contract, to turn, to shrivel

Warrant, wă'r-rănt, *v. n.* to attest, to authorise, to justify—*s.* a writ conferring right or authority

Warranty, wă'r-rênt-ý, *s.* a justificatory mandate, security [rabbits]

Warren, wă'r-ên, *s.* a kind of park for

Warrior, wă'r-yór, *s.* a soldier, a military man

Wart, wă'rt, *s.* a corneous excrescence

Warty, wă'r-tý, *a.* grown over with warts

Wary, wă'ry, *a.* cautious, scrupulous, nice

Was, wă'z, *pret. of* to be

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

Wash, wăsh', *v.* to cleanse with water—  
—*s.* any thing to wash with, linen  
washed at once, feed of hogs, a bog  
Washball, wăsh'-băl, *s.* a ball made of  
soap, &c.  
Washy, wăsh'-ÿ, *a.* watery, damp, weak  
Wasp, wăsp, *s.* a brisk stinging insect  
like a bee  
Waspish, wă's pîsh, *a.* peevish, cross  
Wassail, wă's sâl, *s.* a sort of liquor, a  
drunken bout  
Wassailer, wă's-êl-êr, *s.* a drunkard  
Wast, wăst', *second person sing. of*  
*Was, after thou*  
Waste, wăste, *v.* to diminish, to de-  
stroy, to dwindle—*a.* ruined, deso-  
late, uncultivated—*s.* wanton de-  
struction, ground desolate or not oc-  
cupied  
Watch, wătsh', *s.* night guard, a pocket  
clock—*v.* not to sleep, to be vigilant  
or attentive, to guard, to observe  
Watchet, wătsh'-êt, *a.* pale blue  
Water, wă'tér, *s.* one of the four ele-  
ments, sea, urine, lustre of a diamond  
—*v.* to give water, to take in water,  
to diversify with water  
Waterfal, wă'tér-fâl, *s.* a cascade  
Waterman, wă'tér-mán, *s.* a ferryman,  
a boatman  
Watermark, wă'tér-mărk, *s.* the limit  
of the flood, semitransparent mark in  
paper [lic performance  
Waterwork, wă'tér-wôrk, *s.* an hydrau-  
Water, wă'tér-ÿ, *a.* like water, insipid,  
thin  
Wattle, wăt'l, *s.* a cock's gill, a hurdle  
—*v. a.* to bind with twigs  
Wave, wă've, *s.* a billow, an inequality  
—*v.* to play loosely, to waft, to  
beckon, to put off [be unsettled  
Waver, wă'vêr, *v. n.* to move loosely, to  
Wavy, wă'-vÿ, *v.* rising in waves, undu-  
lating  
Wax, wăks', *s.* tenacious matter from  
the bees, substance from the ear,  
composition to seal with, &c.—*v.* to  
smear with wax, to grow  
Waxen, wăks'n, *part. of Wax—**a.* made  
of wax [means, method  
Way, wă', *s.* a road, a track, a passage,  
Wayfarer, wă'-făre-êr, *s.* a passenger, a  
traveller [journeying  
Wayfaring, wă' făre-ÿng, *a.* travelling,  
Waylay, wă'-lă, *v. a.* to beset by ambush  
Wayward, wă'-wărd, *a.* froward, unruly,  
peevish

Wayzgoose, or Waygoose, wă'-gôs, *s. a*  
stubble goose, entertainment to jour-  
neymen at the beginning of winter  
We, wê', *pro. plural of I*  
Weak, wê'ke, *a.* feeble, infirm, not strong  
Weaken, wê'k'n, *v. a.* to make weak, to  
enfeeble  
Weakside, wê'ke-side, *s.* foible, infirmity  
Weal, wê'le, *s.* property, state, public  
interest, mark of a stripe  
Weal h, wêlth', *s.* riches, money  
Wealthy, wêlth'-ÿ, *a.* rich, opulent,  
abundant [breast, &c.  
Wean, wê'ne, *v. a.* to deprive of the  
Weapon, wêp'n, *s.* an instrument of of-  
fence  
Wear, wă're, *v.* to waste with use or  
time, to have on, to exhibit in appear-  
ance—*s.* act of wearing  
Wear, wê're, *s.* a dam of water  
Wearing, wă're-ing, *s.* clothes  
Wearisome, wă-rî sôm, *a.* troublesome,  
tedious, tiresome  
Weary, wă'rÿ, *v. a.* to tire, to harass,  
to make impatient—*a.* subdued by  
fatigue, tired  
Weasand, wê'z'n, *s.* the windpipe  
Weasel, wê'z'l, *s.* a small animal  
Weather, wêth'-êr, *s.* state of the air, a  
tempest—*v. a.* to expose to the air,  
to pass with difficulty  
Weatherbeaten, wêth'-êr-bê't'n, *a.* sea-  
soned by hard weather  
Weathercock, wêth'-êr-kök, *s.* a vane, a  
fickle person  
Weathergage, wêth'-êr-gădzh, *s.* part  
from which the wind blows [meter  
Weatherglass, wêth'-êr-glă's, *s.* a baro-  
Weave, wê've, *v.* to form by texture, to  
work with a loom [on the sight  
Web, wêb', *s.* any thing woven, a film  
Webfooted, wêb'-fût-êd, *a.* films between  
the toes [for life  
Wed, wêd', *v.* to marry, to unite or take  
Wedding, wêd'-ÿng, *s.* the marriage cere-  
mony, nuptials  
Wedge, wêdzh', *s.* body used to cleave  
timber, a mass of metal—*v. a.* to  
fasten with wedges [matrimony  
Wedlock, wêd'-lök, *s.* the married state,  
Wednesday, wêd'n'z-dă, *s.* the fourth  
day of the week  
Wee, wê', *a.* little, small  
Weed, wê'dê, *s.* an herb noxious or use-  
less, a mourning garment—*v. a.* to  
rid of weeds, to root out vice



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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shirt—  
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Weedy, wē'd-ŷ, *a.* full of weeds

Week, wē'ke, *s.* the space of seven days

Weekday, wē'ke-dā, *s.* any day except Sunday

Ween, wē'ne, *v. a.* to imagine, to fancy

Weep, wē'pe, *v.* to shed tears, to lament, to bewail

Weeper, wē'p-ēr, *s.* one who sheds tears, a white border on the sleeve of a mourning coat

Weeping, wē'pe-ŷng, *s.* lamentation, act of shedding tears—*p.* bemoaning

Weet, wē'te, *v. n.* to know

Weevil, wē'v'l, *s.* a grub

West, wēt', *old pret. and part. of* Weave—*s.* woof of cloth, waif

Westage, wēt'-ēdzh, *s.* a texture

Weigh, wē'ŷ, *v.* to try the weight of, to balance, to examine nicely, to heave up

Weight, wē'ŷt, *s.* quantity measured by the balance, mass to weigh with, heaviness, pressure, importance [gorous

Weightly, wē'ŷ-tŷ, *a.* heavy, important, ri-

Weird, wē'rd, *s.* a witch

Welcome, wē'l-kôm, *a.* received with gladness—*s.* kind reception—*v. a.* to receive with kindness

Weld, wēld', *s.* a dyer's weed for yellow—*v. a.* to beat one mass of metal into another [prosperity

Welfare, wē'l-fāre, *s.* happiness, success,

Welkin, wē'l-kĭn, *s.* the visible regions of the air

Well, wēl', *s.* a spring, a source, a cavity—*v. n.* to spring—*a.* not sick, conveniently, happy—*ad.* not ill, rightly, properly

Welladay, wē'l-ā-dā, *interj.* alas!

Wellbeing, wē'l-bē-ŷng, *s.* prosperity, happiness [scended

Welborn, wē'l-börn, *a.* not meanly de-Wellbred, wē'l-brēd', *a.* elegant of manners, polite [pleasing to the eye

Wellfavoured, wē'l-fā-vórd, *a.* beautiful,

Wellnigh, wē'l-nĭ, *ad.* almost [well

Wellwiller, wē'l-wĭl-ēr, *s.* one who means

Wellwish, wē'l-wĭsh', *s.* wish of happiness, &c. [to sew with a border

Welt, wēlt', *s.* a border, an edging—*v. a.*

Welter, wēlt'-ēr, *v. n.* to roll or wallow in blood, mire, &c. [scence

Wen, wēn', *s.* a fleshy or callous excres-

Wench, wēnsh', *s.* a young woman, a strumpet

Wend, wēnd', *v. n.* to go, to turn round

Wenny, wēn'-ŷ, *a.* having the nature of a wen

Went, wēnt', *pret. of* to Wend or Go

Wept, wēpt', *pret. and part. of* Weep

Were, wār, *plural of* Was, or for should be [after thou

Wert, wért', *2d. person sing. of* Were

West, wēst', *s.* region where the sun sets—*a.* and *ad.* towards or from the west

Westering, wēst'-ēr-ŷng, *a.* tending toward the west [west

Westerly, wēst'-ēr-lŷ, *a.* towards the

Western, wēst'-érn, *a.* in or toward the west [west

Westward, wēst'-wárd, *ad.* toward the

Wet, wēt', *a.* moist, rainy—*s.* water, moisture—*v. a.* to moisten, to drench with drink

Wether, wēth'-ér, *s.* a castrated ram

Wetshod, wēt'-shód, *a.* having the feet wet from bad shoes

Wettish, wētt'-ish, *a.* somewhat wet

Wex, wēks', *v. a.* to grow, to increase

Wey, wāŷ, *s.* half a last, or five quarters

Whale, hwā'le, *s.* the largest of all fish

Whaly, hwā'-ly, *a.* marked in streaks

Wharf, hwā'rf, *s.* a place to land goods at [ing at a wharf

Wharfage, hwā'rf-ēdzh, *s.* dues for land-

Wharfinger, hwā'rf ĩn-dzhér, *s.* one who attends a wharf [part or thing

What, hwāt', *pron.* that which, which

Wheal, hwē'le, *s.* a pustule

Wheat, hwē'te, *s.* grain of which bread is chiefly made

Wheaten, hwē't.n, *a.* made of wheat

Wheatear, hwē't-ēr, *s.* a delicate small bird [words, to flatter

Wheedle, hwē'd'l, *v. a.* to entice by soft

Wheel, hwē'le, *s.* a circular body that turns round upon an axis, revolution

—*v.* to move on wheels, to revolve, to whirl round

Wheelbarrow, hwē'l-bār-rō, *s.* a small carriage with one wheel driven forward by hand [wheel carriages

Wheelright, hwē'l-rĭte, *s.* a maker of

Wheeze, hwē'ze, *v. n.* to breathe with noise

Welk, hwēlk', *s.* a protuberance, a pustule

Whelm, hwēlm', *v. n.* to cover, to bury

Whelp, hwēlp', *s.* a puppy, the young of any beast of prey—*v. n.* to bring young

When, hwēn', *ad.* at the time that, &c.

Whence, hwēn's, *ad.* from what place, &c.

Whencesoever, hwēns-sō-ēv'-ér, *ad.* from what place soever

Whenever, hwēn'-ēv'-ér, *ad.* at whatsoever time [what place

Where, hwā're, *ad.* at or in which or

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Whereabout, hwā're-ā-bōût, *ad.* near what place

Whereas, hwā're-ās', *ad.* when on the contrary, at which place

Whereat, hwā're-āt', *ad.* at which

Whereby, hwā're-bŷ', *ad.* by which

Wherever, hwā're-ēv'-er, *ad.* at wherever place [reason, for what reason

Wherefore, hwā're-fōre, *ad.* for which

Wherein, hwā're-īn', *ad.* in which

Whereinto, hwā're-īn-tō', *ad.* into which

Whereof, hwā're-ōf', *ad.* of which

Wheresoever, hwā're-sō-ēv'-er, *ad.* in what place soever

Whereunto, hwā're-ūn-tō', *ad.* to which

Whereupon, hwā're-ūp-ōn', *ad.* upon which [which

Wherewithal, hwā're-wīth-āl, *ad.* with

Wherret, hwēr'-ēt, *v. a.* to hurry, to teaze

Wherry, hwēr'-ŷ, *s.* a light river boat

Whet, hwēt', *v. a.* to sharpen, to edge —*s.* the act of sharpening [two

Whether, hwēth'-ēr, *pron.* which of the

Whetstone, hwēt'-stone, *s.* a stone to sharpen with

Whey, hwā', *s.* the serous part of milk

Wheyey, hwā'-ŷ, or Wheyish, hwā'-ish, *a.* like whey

Which, hwītsh', *pron.* and *a.* that, what

Whiff, hwīf', *s.* a puff of wind

Whiffle, hwīf'l, *v. n.* to move as by a whiff, to shuffle

Whig, hwīg', *s.* a party man, not a Tory

Whiggish, hwīg'-ŷsh, *a.* inclined to the principles of the Whigs

While, hwī'le, *s.* time, a space of time

Whilom, hwī'-lōm, *ad.* formerly, once, of old [caprice

Whim, hwīm', *s.* a freak, an odd fancy

Whimper, hwīm'-pér, *v. n.* to cry without a loud noise [crying

Whimpled, hwīm'-p'ld, *a.* distorted with

Whimsey, hwīm'-zŷ, *s.* a whim

Whimsical, hwīm'-zík-āl, *a.* capricious, freakish

Whin, hwīn', *s.* a prickly bush, a furze

Whine, hwīne, *v. n.* to moan meanly—*s.* mean affected complaint

Whinny, hwīn'-ŷ, *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse

Whinyard, hwīn'-yārd, *s.* a large crooked sword in contempt

Whip, hwīp', *v.* to drive or correct with lashes—*s.* an instrument of correction [which whip-lashes are made

Whipcord, hwīp'-kōrd, *s.* a cord of

Whi hand, hwīp'-hānd, *s.* an advantage over another [end of a whip

Whiplash, hwīp'-lāsh, *s.* the lash or small

Whippingpost, hwīp'-īng-post, *s.* a pillar for lashing criminals to

Whipster, hwīp'-stēr, *s.* a nimble fellow

Whipt, hwīp't, *for* Whipped

Whirl, hwīrl', *v.* to turn or run round rapidly—*s.* rapid circumvolution

Whirligig, hwīrl'-ī-gīg, *s.* a top which children spin round

Whirlpool, hwīrl'-pōl, *s.* a water moving circularly, a vortex

Whirlwind, hwīrl'-wīnd, *s.* a stormy wind moving circularly

Whirring, hwīrl'-īng, *s.* the noise of the pheasant's wings

Whisk, hwīsk', *s.* a small besom or brush —*v. a.* to sweep with whisks, to move nimbly

Whisker, hwīs'-kér, *s.* hair on the lips

Whisper, hwīs'-pér, *v.* to speak with a low voice—*s.* a low soft voice

Whist, hwīst', *v. n.* to be silent—*s.* a game at cards

Whistle, hwīs'l, *s.* sound made by the modulation of the breath in the mouth, a small wind instrument—*v.* to form that sound called whistle, to call by or blow a whistle

Whit, hwīt', *s.* a point, a jot

White, hwīte, *a.* of a snowy colour, pale, pure—*s.* white colour

Whitelead, hwīte-lēd', *s.* ceruse

Whitelivered, hwīte-līv-ērd, *a.* envious, malicious [white

Whiten, hwīt'n, *v.* to make or grow

Whiteness, hwīt-te-nēs, *s.* quality of being white, paleness, purity

Whitewash, hwīte-wāsh, *s.* a wash to make the skin fair or to whiten walls —*v. a.* to make white by a wash on the surface, to clear [or degree

Whither, hwīth'-ēr, *ad.* to what place

Whiting, hwī-te-īng, *s.* a small sea-fish, soft chalk

Whitish, hwīte-ŷsh, *a.* somewhat white

Whit leather, hwīt-lēth-ēr, *s.* a leather dressed with alum

Whitow, hwīt'-lō, *s.* a sort of swelling at the finger ends

Whitster, hwīts-tēr, *s.* one that whitens

Whitsuntide, hwīt-sūn-tide, *s.* the feast of Pentecost

Whittle, hwīt'l, *s.* a white dress for a woman, a knife

E e 3

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 Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shĭrt—  
 ~~~~~

Whiz, hwĭz', *v. a.* to make a loud humming noise

Who, hō', *pron.* that, which person

Whole, hō'le, *a.* all, not impaired, not divided—*s.* totality

Wholesale, hō'le-sā'le, *s.* sale in the gross

Wholesome, hō'le-sóm, *a.* sound, salubrious [parts, perfectly]

Wholly, hō'le-lŷ, *ad.* compleatly, in all

Whom, hō'me, *accusative or oblique case of Who* [bird]

Whoop, hō'pe, *s.* a shout of pursuit, a

Whore, hō're, *s.* a harlot, a prostitute

Whoredom, hō're-dóm, *s.* playing the whore, fornication

Whoremaster, hō're-mās-tér, or Whoremonger, hō're-móng-ér, *s.* one who keeps whores

Whoreson, hō're-són, *s.* a bastard

Whorish, hō're-ŷsh, *a.* unchaste, incontinent

Whortleberry, hót'l-bēr-rŷ, *s.* a bilberry

Whose, hō'ze, *pron. poss. case of Who or Which* [*pr.* any one, any person]

Whoso, hō'sō, or Whosoever, hō-sō-ěv'-ér,

Whurr, hwúr', *v. n.* to make a noise as the wings of a bird in rising

Why, hwŷ, *ad.* for what reason or cause

Wick, wĭk', *s.* the cotton of a candle or lamp [rally bad, cursed]

Wicked, wĭk'-ěd, *a.* given to vice, mo-

Wickedness, wĭk'-ěd-nēs, *s.* state of being wicked [lows or sticks]

Wicker, wĭk'-ěr, *a.* made of small wil-

Wicket, wĭk'-ět, *s.* a small gate

Wide, wĭde, *a.* broad, remote—*ad.* at a distance, with great extent

Widen, wĭd'n, *v.* to make or grow wide

Widgeon, wĭdzh'-ón, *s.* a water-fowl

Widow, wĭd-ō, *s.* a woman whose husband is dead [lost his wife]

Widower, wĭd'-ō-ér, *s.* a man who has

Widowhood, wĭd'-ō-hūd, *s.* the state of a widow

Width, wĭd'th, *s.* breadth or wideness

Wield, wĭld, *v. a.* to use with full power

Wieldy, wĭl'-dŷ, *a.* that may be managed

Wiery, wĭ-rŷ, *a.* made or drawn into wire

Wife, wĭfe, *s.* a married woman

Wig, wĭg', *s.* false hair worn on the head, a sort of light cake

Wight, wĭte, *s.* a person, a being

Wild, wĭld, *a.* not tame, not cultivated, desert, savage, turbulent, strange—*s.* a desert, an uncultivated tract

Wilder, wĭl'-dér, *v. a.* to lose or puzzle in an unknown track

Wilderness, wĭl'-dér-nēs, *s.* a wild uninhabited tract of country, a desert

Wildfire, wĭld-fire, *s.* a composition of inflammable materials

Wildgoosechace, wĭld-gōse-tshā'se, *s.* a foolish pursuit

Wilding, wĭl'-dŷng, *s.* a wild sour apple

Wile, wĭle, *s.* a deceit, fraud, trick, stratagem [design]

Wilful, wĭl'-fŷl, *a.* stubborn, done by

Williness, wĭl'-lŷ-nēs, *s.* cunning, subtilty, fraud

Will, wĭl', *s.* a choice, inclination, desire, a testament—*v. a.* to desire, to be inclined [ignis fatuus]

Will-with-a-wisp, wĭl'-wĭth-ā-wĭsp, *s.* an

Willing, wĭl'-lŷng, *a.* inclined to, any thing, desirous

Willow, wĭl'-lō, *s.* a tree

Willworship, wĭl'-wór-shŷp, *s.* voluntary worship, what is not commanded

Wily, wĭ-lŷ, *a.* cunning, sly

Wimble, wĭm'b'l, *s.* a tool for boring

Wimple, wĭm'p'l, *s.* a hood, a veil

Win, wĭn', *v.* to gain by conquest or play

Wince, wĭns', or Winch, wĭnsh', *s.* a windlass—*v. n.* to shrink from pain

Wind, wĭnd', or wĭnd, *s.* a flowing wave of air, breath, flatulence

Wind, wĭnd, *v.* to blow, to turn round to follow by scent

Windbound, wĭnd'-bōūnd, *a.* confined by contrary winds [pregnated]

Windegg, wĭnd'-эг, *s.* an egg not im-

Windfall, wĭnd'-fāl, *s.* fruit blown down by the wind, an advantage coming unexpectedly [mone]

Windflower, wĭnd' flōw-ér, *s.* the ane-

Windgall, wĭnd'-gāl, *s.* a distemper incident to horses

Windgun, wĭnd'-gŷn, *s.* a gun which discharges by compressed air

Winding, wĭnd'-lŷng, *s.* a turning about, a following [to wrap the dead in]

Windingsheet, wĭnd'-lŷng-shete, *s.* a sheet

Windlass, wĭnd-lās, *s.* a machine to raise large weights

Windmill, wĭn'd-mŷl, *s.* mill for grinding corn, &c. turned by wind

Window, wĭn-dō, *s.* an aperture for air and light, the frame that covers the aperture [the breath]

Windpipe, wĭnd'-pipe, *s.* the passage of

Windward, wĭnd'-wárd, *ad.* towards the wind [tempestuous, flatulent]

Windy, wĭn'-dŷ, *a.* breeding wind,

shōt, nōte, lôse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Wine, wī'ne, *s.* the fermented juice of grapes
- Wing, wŷng', *s.* that part of a bird by which it flies, a fan to winnow, a side—*v.* to furnish with wings, to fly
- Winged, wŷng'd, *a.* furnished with wings, swift, hurt in the wing
- Wink, wŷngk', *v. n.* to shut the eyes, to connive—*s.* act of closing the eye, hint by motion of the eye
- Winning, wŷn'-ing, *a.* attractive, charming—*s.* the sum won
- Winnow, wŷn'-ō, *v.* to part from chaff, to fan, to sift
- Winter, wŷn'-tēr, *s.* the cold season of the year—*v.* to pass the winter, to feed in the winter
- Wintry, wŷn'-trŷ, *a.* belonging to winter
- Winy, wī'ne-ŷ, *a.* having the taste or qualities of wine
- Wipe, wīpe, *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing, to clear away—*s.* a blow, a sarcasm, a rub, a bird
- Wire, wīre, *s.* metal drawn into threads
- Wiredraw, wīre-drā, *v. a.* to spin into wire, to draw by art
- Wisdom, wŷz'-dóm, *s.* sapience, power of judging rightly
- Wise, wīze, *a.* judicious, having practical knowledge, skilled, grave—*s.* manner, way of being or acting
- Wiseacre, wīze-āk'r, *s.* a dunce, a simpleton
- Wish, wŷsh', *v.* to desire, to long—*s.* a longing desire, a thing desired
- Wisp, wŷsp', *s.* a small bundle of hay or straw
- Wistful, wŷst'-fŷl, *a.* attentive [nestly
- Wistly, wŷst'-lŷ, *ad.* attentively, ear-
- Wit, wŷt', *s.* imagination, quickness of fancy, a man of genius, judgment, sound mind [gic arts
- Witch, wŷtsh', *s.* a woman given to magic
- Witchcraft, wŷtsh'-krāft, *s.* the practice of witches [vention
- Witcraft, wŷt'-krāft, *s.* contrivance, invention
- With, wŷth, *pr.* by, for, on the side of, in company, amongst
- Withal, wŷth-āl, *ad.* along with the rest, besides [back, to return
- Withdraw, wŷth-drā', *v.* to draw or take
- Withdrawingroom, wŷth-drā'-ing-rōme, *s.* a room for retirement [of twigs
- With, wŷth', *s.* a willow twig, a band
- Wither, wŷth'-ēr, *v.* to fade or shrink
- Withers, wŷth'-ēr, *s.* the joining of the shoulder-bones of a horse
- Withhold, wŷth'-hōld, *v. a.* to keep back, to refuse [part, inwardly
- Within, wŷth-in', *prep.* in the inner
- Without, wŷth-ōūt, *prep.* not within compass of [pose, to resist
- Withstand, wŷth-stānd', *v. a.* to oppose
- Withy, wŷth'-ŷ, *s.* a willow
- Witless, wŷt'-lēs, *a.* void of wit or understanding [to wit
- Witling, wŷt'-lŷng, *s.* a petty pretender
- Witness, wŷt'-nēs, *s.* testimony, an evidence—*v.* to attest, to bear testimony
- Witticism, wŷt'-tŷ-sŷzŷn, *s.* a mean attempt at wit [by design
- Wittingly, wŷt'-tŷng-lŷ, *ad.* knowingly
- Wittol, wŷt'-tōl, *s.* a contented cuckold
- Wittolly, wŷt'-tōl-ŷ, *a.* having the qualities of a contented cuckold
- Witty, wŷt'-tŷ, *a.* ingenious, sarcastic, smart [a wife
- Wive, wīve, *v.* to marry, to take for
- Wives, wŷvz, *s.* plural of Wife
- Wizard, wŷz'-ārd, *s.* a conjurer, a cunning man [blue
- Woad, wō'de, *s.* a plant used in dying
- Woe, wō', *s.* grief, sorrow, misery
- Woebegone, wō'-bē-gōn, *a.* lost in woe
- Woful, wō'-fŷl, *a.* sorrowful, calamitous, wretched
- Wold, wōld, *s.* a plain open country
- Wolf, wōlf', *s.* a wild beast, an eating ulcer [guard sheep
- Wolfdog, wōlf'-dōg, *s.* a large dog to
- Wolfish, wōlf'-ŷsh, *a.* like a wolf
- Wolfsbane, wōlfs'-bāne, *s.* a poisonous plant [human race
- Woman, wŷm'-ān, *s.* the female of the
- Womanhater, wŷm'-ān-hā-tēr, *s.* one that hates women
- Womanhood, wŷm'-ān-hŷd, *s.* the qualities of a woman [a woman
- Womanish, wŷm'-ān-ŷsh, *a.* suitable to
- Womankind, wŷm-ān-kŷnd, *s.* female sex, race of woman
- Womb, wō'me, *s.* place of the fœtus in the mother—*v. a.* to enclose, to breed in secret
- Women, wŷm'-ēn, *plural of Woman*
- Won, wón', *pret. and part. of Win*
- Wonder, wón'-dér, *s.* admiration, amazement—*v.* to be struck with wonder
- Wondrous, wón'-drŷs, *a.* marvellous, strange, surprising
- Wont, wōnt, *a.* accustomed—*v. n.* to be accustomed
- Wonted, wón'-tēd, *a.* accustomed, usual
- Woo, wō', *v.* to court, to make love



Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dēsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chīne, fiēld, shīrt—

Wood. wūd', *s.* a large and thick plantation of trees, timber [suckle]  
 Woodbine, wūd'-bīne, *s.* the honeysuckle  
 Woodcock, wūk'-kōk, *s.* a bird of passage  
 Wooded, wūd'-ēd, *a.* supplied or thick with wood [clumsy]  
 Wooden, wūd'n, *a.* made of wood  
 Woodland, wūd'-lānd, *s.* land covered with wood in the fence rows, &c.  
 Woodlouse, wūd'-lōus, *s.* the millepede  
 Woodman, wūd'-mān, *s.* a sportsman, a seller of wood  
 Woodnote, wūd'-nōte, *s.* wild music  
 Woodoffering, wūd'-ōf-fēr-īng, *s.* wood burnt on an altar  
 Woodpecker, wūd'-pēk-ēr, *s.* a bird  
 Woodpigeon, wūd'-pīdzh-ōn, *s.* a wild pigeon [woods, ligneous]  
 Woody, wūd'-y, *a.* abounding with wood  
 Wool, wō'fe, *s.* the set of threads crossing the warp, texture [thick hair]  
 Wool, wūl', *s.* the fleece of sheep, short  
 Woolfel, wūl'-fel, *s.* a skin not stripped of the wool [cloth made of wool]  
 Woollen, wūl'-ēn, *a.* made of wool  
 Woolly, wūl'-y, *a.* consisting of or clothed with wool, like wool  
 Woolpack, wūl'-pāk, or Woolsack, wūl'-sāk, *s.* a bag or pack of wool, seat of the judges in the house of lords  
 Woolstapler, wūl'-stāp-lér, *s.* one who deals in wool  
 Word, wórd', *s.* a single part of speech, a promise—*v. a.* to express in words  
 Wore, wōre, *pret. of Wear*  
 Work, wórk, *v.* to labour, to ferment, to embroider—*s.* labour, toil, deed, structure, fabric  
 Workhouse, wórk'-hōūs, *s.* a receptacle for parish poor  
 Workman, wórk'-mān, *s.* an artificer, a skilled person  
 Workmanship, wórk'-mān-shīp, *s.* skill of a workman, work done with skill  
 World, wórl'd', *s.* all bodies whatever, system of beings, the earth, mankind, manners of men [upon profit]  
 Worldling, wórl'd'-līng, *s.* a person set upon the world  
 Worldly wórl'd' lī, *a.* human, bent upon this world  
 Worm, wórm', *s.* an insect without legs, a grub, any thing spiral [worms]  
 Wormeaten, wórm'-ēt'n, *a.* gnawed by worms  
 Wormwood, wórm'-wūd, *s.* a bitter herb  
 Wormy, wórm-y, *a.* full of worms  
 Worn, wór'n, *part of Wear*  
 Worry, wór'-y, *v. a.* to tear, to harass

Worse, wórs', *a.* and *ad.* less good, less well  
 Worship, wór'-shīp, *s.* dignity, a term of honour, adoration—*v.* to adore, to revere, to perform acts of adoration  
 Worst, wórst', *a.* most bad, most ill—*s.* most calamitous or wicked state—*v. a.* to defeat, to overthrow  
 Worsted, wūs'-tēd, *s.* woollen yarn, wool spun [beer]  
 Wort, wórt', *s.* an herb or plant, new  
 Worth, wórh', *s.* price, value, importance—*a.* equal in value to, deserving of [or excellence]  
 Worthless, wór'th-lēs, *a.* having no value  
 Worthy, wór'-thŷ, *a.* deserving, valuable, noble, suitable to any thing good or bad—*s.* a man deserving praise or honour  
 Wot, wót', *v. n.* to know, to be aware of  
 Wove, wō've, *pret. of Weave*  
 Would, wūd', *pret. of Will*  
 Wound, wōūnd, *s.* a hurt—*v. a.* to hurt by violence—*pret. and part. of Wind*  
 Wrack, rāk', *s.* ruin, destruction—*v. a.* to destroy, to wreck, to torture  
 Wrangle, rāng'g'l, *v. n.* to dispute or quarrel in a peevish manner—*s.* a quarrel, a perverse dispute  
 Wrap, rāp', *v. a.* to roll together, to comprise  
 Wrath, rāth', *s.* extreme anger, rage  
 Wreak, rē'ke, *v. a.* to revenge, to execute—*s.* revenge, passion, fury  
 Wreath, rē'the, any thing curled or twisted, a garland—*v.* to curl, to twist  
 Wreathy, rē'th-ŷ, *a.* spiral, curled, twisted [tion, ruin]  
 Wreck, rēk', *s.* a shipwreck, destruction  
 Wren, rēn', *s.* a small bird  
 Wrench, rēnsh', *v. a.* to pull by violence, to force, to sprain—*s.* a violent pull or twist, a sprain  
 Wrest, rēst', *v. a.* to twist or extort by violence, to writhe—*s.* a distortion, a violence  
 Wrestle, rēs'l, *v. n.* to struggle for a fall  
 Wretch, rētsh', *s.* a miserable mortal, a sorry creature [temptible]  
 Wretched, rētsh'-ēd, *a.* miserable, condemned  
 Wriggle, rīg'l, *v.* to move with short motions to and fro  
 Wright, rī'te, *s.* a workman, an artificer in wood  
 Wring, rīng', *v.* to twist, to squeeze, to press, to writhe, to extort, to torture, to distort

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Wrinkle, rîngk'l, *s.* a crease in cloth, &c.—*v. a.* to cause creases or wrinkles [the arm]  
Wrist, rýst', *s.* the joint of the hand to  
Wristband, rîs'-bánd, *s.* the fastening of the shirt at the hand  
Writ, rît', *s.* scripture, a judicial process, a legal instrument—*pret. of* Write  
Write, rîte, *v.* to express in writing, to  
Writhe, rîthe, *v.* to distort, to twist, to wrest  
Writing, rî-ting, *s.* the art or act of writing, a written paper of any kind

Written, rýt'n, *part. of* Write  
Wrong, rông', *s.* injury, detriment, error—*a.* not right, not 't not true—*ad.* amiss—*v. a.* to injure  
Wronghead, rông'-hêd, *s.* one of wrong notions, perverseness of judging  
Wrote, rô'te, *pret. of* Write  
Wroth, rô'th, *a.* angry, enraged  
Wrought, râ't, *part.* performed, manufactured  
Wrung, rûng', *pret. and part. of* Wring  
Wry, rý', *a.* crooked, distorted, wrested  
Wyche, or Wich, wî'tsh, *s.* a salt spring

## X

XANGTI, zǎng-tê, *s.* name of God among the Chinese  
Xanthippe, zǎn'-thîp, *s.* wife of Socrates  
Xebec, sê-bêk', *s.* a small three masted vessel  
Xenophon, zên'-ô-fôn, *s.* a man's name

Xerxes, zérks êz, *s.* a Persian king  
Xesta, zês'-tǎ, *s.* a liquid measure of 20 ounces  
Xestes, zês'-têz, *s.* a measure above a pint [festival  
Xynœcia, zý-nê'-shyǎ, *s.* an Athenian

## Y

YACHT, yǎt', *s.* a small ship with one deck for passengers  
Yam, yǎm', *s.* an esculent American root  
Yap, yǎp', *s.* a little dog  
Yard, yǎrd, *s.* ground enclosed adjoining to a house, a measure of three feet, support of the sails  
Yardarm, yǎrd ǎrm, *s.* half the yard on either side of a mast  
Yardland, yǎrd-lǎnd, *s.* quantity of land from 15 to 40 acres [thread  
Yarn, yǎrn, *s.* spun wool, woollen  
Yarnhose, yǎrn-hôze, *s.* hose made of yarn [tion  
Yaw, yǎ, *s.* a zig-zag in a ship's motion  
Yawl, yǎl', *s.* a ship's boat  
Yawn, yǎn, *v. n.* to gape, to open wide  
Yawning, yǎ-níng, *a.* sleepy, slumbering  
Yclad, y-klád', *a.* clad, clothed  
Ycleped, y-klépt', *a.* called, named  
Ye, yé', *pron.* your persons in the nominative  
Yea, yǎ, *ad.* yes, surely [sheep  
Yean, yén, *v. n.* to bring young, as  
Yeaning, yên-íng, *part.* from Yean

Yeanling, yé'nc-líng, *s.* the young of sheep  
Year, yé're, *s.* twelve months  
Yearling, yér-líng, *a.* being a year old  
Yearn, yérn', *v.* to feel great uneasiness, to grieve [in fermentation  
Yeast, yést', *s.* spume or flower of beer  
Yeasty, yés'-tý, *a.* spummy, frothy  
Yelk, yèlk, or Yolk, yô'ke, *s.* the yellow part of an egg  
Yell, yèl', *v. n.* to make a howling noise —*s.* a cry of horror [agony  
Yelling, yèl'-íng, *a.* crying out with  
Yellow, yèl'-ô, *a.* of a gold colour  
Yellowhammer, yèl'-ô-hǎm-ér, *s.* a bird  
Yellowish, yèl'-ô-ísh, *a.* approaching to yellow  
Yellows, yèl'-ôze, *s.* a disease in horses  
Yelp, yèlp', *v. n.* to bark as a hound, &c.  
Yeoman, yô'-mán, *s.* a freeholder, a gentleman farmer  
Yeomanry, yô'-mán-rý, *s.* a collective body of yeomen  
Yerk, yérk', *v. a.* to throw out or move with a spring

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hằl, liár—mết, dēsist, mề, hér—chỳn, chĩne, ffield, shĩrt—

**Yes, yés',** *ad.* term of affirmation  
**Yester, yés'-tér,** *a.* next before the present day or night  
**Yesterday, yés'-tér-dā,** *s.* the day before the present [side, still]  
**Yet, yét',** *conj.* nevertheless—*ad.* be-  
**Yew, yú',** *s.* a sort of tree  
**Yield, yǐld, v.** to produce, to afford, to allow, to submit, to comply  
**Yoke, yō'ke,** *s.* a bandage on the neck of beasts, a mark of servitude, a chain, a pair—*v. a.* to couple together, to enslave  
**Yokefellow, yō'ke-fél-lō,** *s.* companion, a mate  
**Yolk, yō'lk,** *s.* see Yelk  
**Yon, yǒn',** *a.* that within view  
**Yonder, yǒn'-dér,** *a.* yon  
**Yonker, yón'-kér,** *s.* a young person

**Yore, yō're,** *ad.* of old time, long ago  
**You, yō',** *pron. oblique case of Ye*  
**Young, yǔng',** *a.* not old, tender—*s.* the offspring of any creature  
**Younger, yǔng'-ér,** *a.* young in a greater degree [greatest degree]  
**Youngest, yǔng'-ěst,** *a.* young in the  
**Youngster, yǔng'-stér,** or **Younker, yǔng'-kér,** *s.* a young person  
**Your, yō'r,** *a.* of or belonging to you  
**Yourself, yōr-sělf',** *s.* your very person  
**Youth, yō'th,** *s.* tender age, a young man, young men [frolicsome]  
**Youthful, yō'th-fúl,** *a.* young, vigorous  
**Yule, yō'le,** *s.* the Christmas time  
**Yuleblock, yō'le-blōk,** *s.* a log of wood placed behind the fire at Christmas  
**Yulegame, yō'le-gāme,** *s.* a gambol at Christmas

## Z

**ZANY, zā-nǚ,** *s.* a silly fellow, merry Andrew, buffoon  
**Zeal, zé'le,** *s.* passionate ardour, warmth  
**Zealot, zél'-ót,** *s.* one passionately ardent in any cause  
**Zealous, zél'-ús,** *a.* ardently passionate in a cause [mal]  
**Zebra, zé'-bră,** *s.* a beautiful wild ani-  
**Zechin, tshě-ké'ne,** *s.* a Venetian gold coin worth about nine shillings  
**Zenith, zé'-nǐth,** *s.* that point in the heavens directly over head  
**Zephyr, zěf'-ír,** or **Zephyrus, zěf'-ír-ús,** *s.* the west wind, a calm soft wind  
**Zest, zést',** *s.* an orange peel cut thin, a relish—*v. a.* to heighten by additional relish [quĩry]  
**Zetetic, zē-tět'-ík,** *a.* proceeding by in-  
**Zeugma, zú'g-mă,** *s.* a figure in gram-  
 mar, whereby a verb or an adjective agreeing with divers nouns is referred to one expressly and to the other by supplement, as lust overcame shame, boldness fear, and madness reason  
**Zigzag, zǐg'-săg,** *a.* having many short turns, turning this way and that

**Zinc, zǐngk',** *s.* a semimetal  
**Zodiac, zō'-dyăk,** *s.* the track of the sun through the twelve signs, a great circle of the sphere containing the twelve signs [earth]  
**Zone, zō'ne,** *s.* a girdle, a division of the  
**Zoographer, zō-ōg'-ră-fér,** *s.* one who describes the nature, properties, and forms of animals  
**Zoography, zō-ōg'-ră-fǐ,** *s.* a description of animals  
**Zoology, zō-ōl'-ō-dzhǐ,** *s.* a treatise on animals  
**Zoophoric, zō-ō-fōr'-ík,** *a.* a column bearing or supporting the figure of an animal  
**Zoophorous, zō-ōf'-ō-rús,** *s.* a part with figures of animals between the archi-  
 trave and the cornice  
**Zoophyte, zō-ō-fýte,** *s.* a substance partaking of the nature both of vegeta-  
 bles and animals  
**Zootomist, zō-ōt'-ō-mǐst,** *s.* one who dis-  
 sects animals  
**Zootomy, zō-ōt'-ō-mǐ,** *s.* a dissection of the bodies of beasts

## ON THE

## CONSTITUTION OF THE BRITISH ISLES.

## ENGLAND

IS that part of Great Britain, which is contiguous to the southern and eastern ocean. If we include Wales, which lies on the west side of the island, it is nearly of a triangular form, with some irregularities, between the 50th and 55th degrees of north latitude, and between the 2d degree of east and the 6th degree of west longitude; and is about 400 miles in length from north to south, and in some parts towards the south about 350 in breadth, but in the north part, where it first joins to Scotland, is scarcely 80 miles, and even that is gradually contracted almost to an angular point at Berwick upon Tweed. The German ocean bounds it on the east, the English channel on the south, and the Irish sea or St. George's channel on the west. On the north-west Solway frith, which falls into the Irish sea below Carlisle, separates it from Scotland; and the course of the rivers Liddel and Tweed in a north-east direction to Berwick, is the boundary of the two kingdoms now united under the name of Great Britain.

Of its ancient inhabitants our accounts are very imperfect, before the arrival of *Julius Cæsar*; but the southern parts were then full of people, and, from the names of the different tribes, it seems highly probable, that they had emigrated from various parts of Gaul, and that each colony, as it settled into some connected form of government, preserved the memory of their origin by this measure. Comparing the description of Gaul by Cæsar, with the names of these colonies, we can have little doubt in concluding, that the ancient Britons came from Gaul.

The climate of England is more variable than almost any other on the face of the globe of equal extent. Surrounded almost by the ocean, clouds are continually forming in the vicinity from exhalations of vapours; and no place being distant from the sea more than 130 miles, the greatest uncertainty of weather naturally follows. The sea coasts, from fogs and damps, are subject to agues and putrid fevers; whilst the inland parts, which are more elevated, especially the mountainous districts, are not only more fully exposed to the extremes of heat and cold, but to sudden and heavy rains, which produce, rheumatisms, &c. The natural attraction of those elevated parts causes the clouds to acquire a motion that way: and when, from their agitated state, though by this time more strongly condensed, the enveloped properties are disturbed by interruption from the mountains, the rains descend with more or less violence as the agitation has been excited, or as the quantity of moist particles collected in those clouds. And as the soil of these districts is usually of a lighter texture, more liable to be dried up, and in itself less fertile, this natural disadvantage is in a great degree compensated by the more frequent returns of these genial showers than in the level plains where they have less need of them, from the possession of a deeper soil. Hence, probably, no country in the world, of equal extent, produces so much essential sustenance for man and beast; and that we have justly to boast of continual verdure.

The extent of England has been estimated at about 50,270 square miles, and 32,172,800 statute acres; and the population of England alone has been lately



estimated at 8,331,424, less than four acres to each individual; and of these the city of London and county of Middlesex are more than one tenth part. As a manufacturing country also, the produce is beyond all calculation.

England is divided into 40 counties or shires; and, since the Norman conquest, for the distribution of justice, into six circuits, to each of which two judges are appointed twice a year, except in the northern circuit; the four northern counties are only visited in the summer. Local districts also, having peculiar jurisdiction by grant or charter from the crown, have power of administering justice in various cases. The religion of the kingdom is episcopal; and the established church is governed by two archbishops and twenty bishops in England, and four in Wales, besides the bishop of Sodor and Man; but the last does not sit in the house of peers. About sixty archdeacons also are appointed to certain districts, to aid the bishops in the government of the church; and in some dioceses rural deans continue to be appointed annually, to superintend and report the state of the ecclesiastical fabrics, &c. within their respective deaneries.

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## WALES

IS situate on the western side of England, on the Irish sea, being separated from England by irregular county boundaries, nearly from north to south from near Chester to Cardiff on the Bristol channel, having part of Cheshire, Shropshire, Herefordshire, and Monmouthshire contiguous on the east. On that side, which is longest, it may be about 130 miles; and in breadth, from east to west, from 40 to 100 miles. The inhabitants anciently were the remains of those Britons who escaped the destruction of the Roman invaders, and, from their mountainous situation, long held an independent possession. In climate, it is nearly similar to the mountainous parts of England, of which it has a proportionably greater quantity, and consequently is less productive in the necessary sustenance of its people. Its extent has been estimated at about 8,125 square miles; and its statute acres at 5,200,000. Its recent population was 541,546, nearly ten acres to each individual. It is divided into North and South Wales, each having six counties; and, for administration of justice, including Cheshire, is divided into four Grand Sessions, to which some of the leading counsel of England are appointed, and preside as judges twice a year. In ecclesiastical concerns, it is the same as England, and has four bishops.

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## SCOTLAND

IS situate, as we have stated, to the north of England, and is on all sides washed by the sea, except from Carlisle to Berwick, where it is separated by two rivers, for about 70 miles, or very little more. Generally estimating, it is about 280 miles from north to south, independent of the Orkney islands to the northward, but is scarcely 200 in breadth any where, without including the large islands west of it, and in many places not 100. It is usually divided into the northern and southern inhabitants, of which the river Tay is the limit, making the former part much the largest. The northern part has only thirteen counties, and larger; the other twenty-one counties, which are smaller. It is also often divided into Highlands and Lowlands; the latter of which affect the English language and habit, but the former, being more rude and barbarous, though gradually conforming to English manners, still retain much of the Irish.—Their parliament is now incorporated with the British; but they still retain their Courts of Session and Justiciary, and other establishments for administration of justice, according to their former laws.—We meet with but few continental

names, as emigrating colonies, before the time of the Romans. The Picts inhabited the northern part of the island of Britain, consisting of two nations principally; but, after the Scots obtained possession, it was divided into seven parts.

The air is more temperate, even in Scotland, than in similar latitudes on the continent. The sea breezes contribute highly to this; and the constant winds prevent stagnation, so that epidemic diseases are seldom known, and vegetation is more luxuriant than might have been expected. Yet it is mountainous, as it recedes from the ocean; and the produce of cattle is more attended to than that of tillage, for which the soil is less genial than in England. Yet a spirit of improvement has more recently been diffused among the inhabitants; which is abundantly manifest on the richer soils contiguous to the friths.

From the extreme irregularity of this part of Britain, it may be difficult to ascertain its extent; but, including its numerous islands on its north and west, it may be taken at 30,000 square miles, and 19 200,000 statute acres. The population was estimated recently at 1,052,370; but perhaps it may be nearer 1,700,000.

Though the episcopal religion long flourished here, their established kirk is now presbyterian.

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## IRELAND

Is a detached island, separated from the south-west parts of Scotland, England and Wales, by the Irish sea, and projects farther west into the Atlantic ocean than any other part of Europe. From the north-east to the south west, which is the longest direction, it exceeds 300 miles; and from east to west the breadth is generally 180 miles, and in some places less. As an island it partakes so much of the genial nature of England, that it needs only common industry to render it extremely productive in all the comforts of life; and, having fewer mountains, and possessing a rich soil, where industry and science are certain of reward. We may estimate its extent therefore at about 40,000 square miles, and 26,280,000 statute acres. The population has been estimated at 4,000,000, being nearly 6 acres and 3 quarters to each individual. Hence, by cultivation, Ireland, as having fewer barren tracks than the other British possessions, is capable of affording abundant supplies to England.—It is divided into four provinces, each of which contains several counties. The established religion is that of the church of England; and it is governed by 4 archbishops and 18 bishops. The parliament is now incorporated with the British; but they retain all their law courts, and other establishments for the distribution of justice.

The government of all these united kingdoms is a mixture of monarchy, aristocracy, and democracy. Though the executive power is vested solely in the king, who appoints the great officers of state, and many inferior magistrates in the kingdom; the legislative power resides jointly in the king, the lords, and commons, assembled in parliament.

# A CORRECT LIST

OF

## CITIES, BOROUGHs, AND MARKET TOWNS,

IN

### *England and Wales,*

With the Days on which their Markets are held, and their Distance from London in measured miles.

*N. B. The figure before a town denotes the number of Members it sends to Parliament.*

|                                     |     |                                        |     |
|-------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-----|
| Aberconway, Carn. F. . . . .        | 236 | 1 Banbury, Oxf. Th. . . . .            | 73  |
| Aberford, Yorksh. W. . . . .        | 186 | Bangor, Caernar. W. . . . .            | 251 |
| Abergavenny, Monm. T. . . . .       | 145 | Barking, Essex, S. . . . .             | 7   |
| Aberistwith, Card. M. . . . .       | 210 | Barnardcastle, Durh. W. . . . .        | 247 |
| 1 Abingdon, Berks. M. F. . . . .    | 56  | Barnet, Herts. M. . . . .              | 11  |
| 2 St. Albans, Hertf. W. S. . . . .  | 21  | Barnesley, Yorksh. S. . . . .          | 177 |
| 2 Aldborough, Yorksh. . . . .       | 208 | 2 Barnstaple, Devonsh. F. . . . .      | 195 |
| 2 Aldborough, Suff. W. S. . . . .   | 94  | Barton, Linc. M. . . . .               | 164 |
| Alford, Linc. T. . . . .            | 137 | Basingstoke, Hants. W. . . . .         | 45  |
| Alfreton, Derbysh. M. . . . .       | 142 | Battle, Sussex, Th. . . . .            | 56  |
| Alnwick, Northumb. S. . . . .       | 311 | 2 Bath, Somers. W. S. . . . .          | 108 |
| Alresford, Hants. Th. . . . .       | 57  | Bawtry, Yorksh. S. . . . .             | 149 |
| Alston Moor, Cumb. S. . . . .       | 305 | Beaconsfield, Bucks. Th. . . . .       | 23  |
| Alton, Hants. S. . . . .            | 47  | 1 Beaumaris, Angles. W. . . . .        | 249 |
| Altringham, Ches. T. . . . .        | 180 | Beccles, Suffolk, S. . . . .           | 109 |
| Ambresbury, Wiltsh. F. . . . .      | 78  | Bedal, Yorksh. T. . . . .              | 223 |
| Ambleside, Westmorel. W. . . . .    | 275 | 2 Bedford, Bedf. T. S. . . . .         | 48  |
| 2 Amersham, Bucks. T. . . . .       | 26  | 2 Bedwin, Wilts. . . . .               | 70  |
| Amphill, Bedf. Th. . . . .          | 45  | Belford, Northumb. Th. . . . .         | 235 |
| 2 Andover, Hants. S. . . . .        | 64  | Bere Regis, Dorsetsh. W. . . . .       | 111 |
| 2 Appleby, Westmorel. S. . . . .    | 270 | 2 Bere Alston, Devonsh. . . . .        | 211 |
| 2 Arundel, Sussex, W. S. . . . .    | 57  | Berkhamstead, Herts. S. . . . .        | 26  |
| St. Asaph, Flintsh. S. . . . .      | 218 | Berkeley, Glouc. W. . . . .            | 113 |
| Ashbourn, Derbysh. S. . . . .       | 140 | 2 Berwick, Northumb. S. . . . .        | 340 |
| 2 Ashburton, Devonsh. T. . . . .    | 191 | Betley, Staff. T. . . . .              | 157 |
| Ashby-de la-Zouch, Leic. S. . . . . | 115 | 2 Beverley, Yorksh. W. S. . . . .      | 120 |
| Ashford, Kent, T. . . . .           | 55  | 1 Bewdley, Worc. S. . . . .            | 129 |
| Askrig, Yorksh. Th. . . . .         | 247 | Bicester, Oxf. F. . . . .              | 55  |
| Atherstone, Warw. T. . . . .        | 109 | Biddeford, Dev. T. . . . .             | 204 |
| Attleborough, Nori. Th. . . . .     | 94  | Biggleswade, Bedf. T. . . . .          | 45  |
| Auckland Bish. Durh. Th. . . . .    | 257 | Bildeston, Suffolk, W. . . . .         | 67  |
| St. Austie, Corn. S. . . . .        | 254 | Billericay, Essex, T. . . . .          | 23  |
| Axbridge, Somers. Th. . . . .       | 130 | Billingham, Northumb. T. S. . . . .    | 298 |
| Axminster, Devonsh. S. . . . .      | 147 | Bingham, Nottingham, Th. . . . .       | 124 |
| 2 Aylesbury, Bucks. S. . . . .      | 41  | Bingley, Yorksh. T. . . . .            | 207 |
| Aylsham, Norf. S. . . . .           | 121 | Birmingham, Warw. Th. . . . .          | 116 |
| Bakewell, Derbysh. M. . . . .       | 152 | 2 Bishop's Castle, Salop. F. . . . .   | 160 |
| Bala, Merion. S. . . . .            | 202 | Bishop's Stortford, Essex, Th. . . . . | 30  |
| Baldock, Herts. Th. . . . .         | 37  | Blackburn, Lanc. M. . . . .            | 210 |
| Bampton, Oxf. W. . . . .            | 70  | Blandford, Dorsetsh. S. . . . .        | 103 |
| Bampton, Devonsh. S. . . . .        | 164 | 2 Bletchingly, Surry . . . . .         | 29  |

|   |                                                            |     |   |                                       |     |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---|---------------------------------------|-----|
| 2 | Bodmin, Cornw. S. . . . .                                  | 234 | 2 | Cambridge, Camb. T. S. . . . .        | 51  |
|   | Bolingbroke, Linc. T. . . . .                              | 129 | 2 | Camelford, Cornw. F. . . . .          | 228 |
|   | Bolsover, Derbysh. F. . . . .                              | 146 | 2 | Canterbury, Kent, W. S. . . . .       | 55  |
|   | Bolton, Lanc. M. . . . .                                   | 197 | 1 | Cardiff, Glam. W. S. . . . .          | 160 |
|   | Bourn, Linc. S. . . . .                                    | 94  | 1 | Cardigan, Card. T. S. . . . .         | 233 |
| 2 | Boroughbridge, Yorksh. S. . . . .                          | 206 | 2 | Carlisle, Cumb. S. . . . .            | 302 |
| 2 | Bossiney, Cornw. Th. . . . .                               | 222 |   | Cartmel, Lanc. M. . . . .             | 253 |
| 2 | Boston, Linc. W. S. . . . .                                | 113 |   | Castle Carey, Som. T. . . . .         | 115 |
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N. B. These distances are reckoned from the Surry side of London Bridge, or of Westminster Bridge, from Hyde Park Corner, from Tyburn Turnpike, from Holborn Bars and St. Giles's Pound, from Hicks's Hall, from Shoreditch Church, and from Whitechapel Church, on the respective roads.



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